

3 divisions including Logistics Management (Fielding), Reciprocating and Tracked Systems. In 2010, he was named Deputy Director of Production where he served for 8 years before becoming selected to serve as the Director of Production. Building on this service, he was selected as Deputy to the Commander at Anniston Army Depot on September 29, 2019.

Mr. Carlisle is a native and resident of Lincoln, Alabama. Tommy has been married for 34 years to his wife, Susan. Together, they have 2 children as well as 2 grandchildren. Tommy is an avid University of Alabama fan who enjoys tailgating and traveling to games. Additionally, Tommy enjoys being on the river, riding his Harley and socializing with his friends.

Mr. Speaker, please join me in recognizing the retirement of Mr. Thomas Carlisle for his 37-year career at Anniston Army Depot.

KOREAN-AMERICAN PARTNERSHIP

HON. JOE WILSON

OF SOUTH CAROLINA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, July 18, 2023

Mr. WILSON of South Carolina. Mr. Speaker, July 27th marks the 70th Anniversary of the signing of the Korean Armistice Agreement, which formally ended the Korean War.

As Co-Chair of Congressional Caucus on Korea, I was grateful to have joined my colleagues in welcoming new Ambassador of the Republic of Korea to the United States, His Excellency Hyun-Dong Cho and the Korean National Assembly ruling party delegation to the U.S. Capitol for a breakfast recognizing veterans of the Korean War.

I valued the opportunity to have met with 6 members of the ruling People Power Party Leader, Assemblyman Gi-Hyeon Kim, members of the National Assembly Chul-Gyu Lee, Seok-Ki Kim, Sang-Bum Yoo, Min-Kuk Kang, and Chairman of the International Relations Committee of the People Power Party and former National Assemblyman Jae-Young Lee.

Visible proof of affection by Americans for the people of the Republic of Korea was the Joint Session of Congress speech by President Yoon Suk Yeol.

HONORING THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS AND LEGACY OF LANCE CORPORAL (RET.) JOHN E. DEVOLL, SR.

HON. PATRICK RYAN

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, July 18, 2023

Mr. RYAN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the memory of Lance Corporal (ret.) John E. DeVoll, Sr., of New Paltz, N.Y., a devoted partner; beloved father, grandfather, and uncle; proud U.S. Marine and Vietnam War Era veteran; and cherished friend, who passed away in Poughkeepsie, New York, on December 5, 2022.

John DeVoll was born on November 30, 1944, in Staten Island, N.Y., to the late John "Jack" and Agnes (Bennett) DeVoll. He worked in security for Iron Mountain. Previously he worked as a night manager at

Shoprite and manager at the International Pancake House, and worked with his parents in their family restaurants, Cherri's I and II, in High Falls, N.Y.

Lance Corporal DeVoll was a U.S. Marine who served his country with the 1st Battalion, 28th Marines, 5th Marine Division, 5th Marine Division (Fleet Marine Force) during the Vietnam War. For his service, he received awards including two Good Conduct Medals, the National Defense Service Medal, and the Rifle Sharpshooter Badge (M-14 Rifle). LCPL DeVoll was a selfless and faithful patriot.

He was preceded in death by his parents, sisters Margaret Brandom, Barbara Hasbrouck, and Jacqueline Santowski, former wife Dorothy DeVoll, longtime companion Katherine Wagner, and stepson Billy Jo.

He is survived by his children John Jr., Melissa Jennifer and her husband Rasheed Sr., and Michael; stepchildren Coleen and her husband Joseph Sr., and Kathy; grandchildren Anthony, Nicholas, Ava, Rasheed Jr., Ramya, Joe Jr., Damyn, Kaitlyn, Kaylona, Jerome, Christopher, Brittany Johnathan and Miranda. He will also be missed by many nieces and nephews.

Mr. Speaker, I ask my colleagues in the House of Representatives to join me in recognizing the accomplishments and legacy of Lance Corporal (ret.) John E. DeVoll. It is my privilege to rise in recognition of his service and to honor his memory.

NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

SPEECH OF

HON. SHEILA JACKSON LEE

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, July 12, 2023

The House in Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union had under consideration the bill (H.R. 2670) to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2024 for military activities of the Department of Defense and for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes:

Ms. JACKSON LEE. Mr. Chair, I rise today to speak on the rule for H.R. 2670, the National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA) for Fiscal Year 2024.

This is an important measure that for over 60 years, Republicans and Democrats have come together to support investments authorized in the NDAA that will help address the changing global landscape and prepare the country for future challenges and threats.

I along with my colleagues have offered a number of robust and thoughtful amendments in furtherance of a process that has generally been bipartisan work on behalf of America's national defense.

However, I am dismayed that this year, my Republican colleagues in the majority have refused meaningful consideration of the majority of amendments offered by my Democratic colleagues.

While I am grateful that one of my amendments was made in order, the Jackson Lee Amendment No. 1075 (No. 136 as reported in the Rule) and included in the En Bloc package No. 3, it is beyond disappointing and disgraceful that my additional 19 amendments were

not made in order—and particularly ones I have offered for many years and have been made in order.

With respect to my amendment that was made in order, I ask for a favorable vote on the En Bloc package No. 3 in support of the Jackson Lee Amendment No. 1075.

The Jackson Lee Amendment No. 1075 would require that a report be submitted within 220 days of the NDAA's passage detailing our national capacity to provide disaster survivors with short term housing.

In the aftermath of emergencies and national disasters, victims have much on their minds.

Homes, properties, businesses, and livelihoods may have been damaged in the disaster, and families, friends, and community members may be mentally and physically affected by the disaster, not to mention additional challenges as they seek to return to work and school.

As these communities begin to face the long process of recovery and rebuilding, short term housing is one of the first things disaster survivors need to get back on their feet.

Unfortunately, my constituents and I are no stranger to these kinds of disasters.

In 2017, Hurricane Harvey devastated the Houston area, affecting over 100,000 homes across the city. In the aftermath of the storm, finding temporary housing was one of the biggest challenges to recovery for many survivors.

Short-term housing was difficult to coordinate due to the sheer number of Houstonians affected.

As such, it is crucial that Congress have a strong understanding of our current capabilities and, specifically, our ability to provide these survivors with short term housing before disaster strikes.

If voted on favorably, this report will not only inform us of our current capacity to provide housing but will also better equip Congress to respond to disasters and support survivors in the future.

In addition to this amendment, I offered the below listed amendments.

Jackson Lee Amendment No. 1010 condemns the actions of Boko Haram and directs the Secretary of Defense to submit a report on efforts to combat Boko Haram.

Since 2009, Boko Haram has subjected women and girls to unbearable and severe forms of abuse, including sexual slavery, sexual violence, forced marriages, forced pregnancies, and forced conversions.

The United Nation's Human Rights Council report on violations and abuses committed by this despicable organization reveals the negative impact of such violent acts on the affected communities and individuals.

And this year, in March of 2023, Boko Haram displaced at least 3,000 people in fighting along Nigerian border towns and villages.

In April of this year, Boko Haram militants also destroyed hundreds of homes in Cameroon.

Despite regional coordination efforts by the African Union in creating Multinational Joint Task Force to fight Boko Haram, this violent organization continues to commit gross human rights abuses and serious violations of international humanitarian law, resulting in ongoing casualties and further destruction of property.

The Jackson Lee Amendment No. 1010 would have supported efforts by the African

Union and other international entities to effectively counter the atrocities of this organization.

The Jackson Lee Amendment No. 1084 directs the Secretary of Defense to submit to Congress a report on the actions taken to protect members of the Armed Forces of the United States from armed attacks conducted by militants and terrorists in pursuit of bounties and inducements by the agencies, organizations, or entities aligned with the Russian Federation.

In 2020, there were reports that Russia was placing bounties on American soldiers.

Although these reports have not been confirmed, we must be prepared to contend with such threats.

The lives of our Armed Forces should be valued and protected from our Nation's adversaries.

It is important that we use our resources to ensure the safety and well-being of America's service members, as their bravery and valor are vital for America's success. It is our duty to ensure that our troops can return to their families.

That is why I introduced an amendment to ensure that a report is made detailing the actions taken to protect Armed Forces members from armed attacks. Jackson Lee Amendment No. 1084 would have ensured that we take a stand against attacks on our military and continue to protect men and women serving this country.

The Jackson Lee Amendment No. 1099 requires the Secretary of Defense to report to Congress on the programs and procedures employed to ensure students studying abroad through Department of Defense National Security Education Programs are trained to recognize, resist, and report against recruitment efforts by agents of foreign governments.

Tens of thousands of American students study abroad each year, with hundreds of them going through the Department of Defense's National Security Education Programs.

This past year, the National Security Education Program enrolled 108 Boren fellows and 210 Boren scholars, in addition to those enrolled in the organization's seven other study abroad programs. Protecting these students in their time abroad is a priority; hence, the need for the Secretary of Defense to ensure students know how to detect foreign intelligence and recruitment efforts.

Generating awareness about risks that study abroad students could face overseas will safeguard America from being targeted by foreign governments. Security measures offered by my amendment, Jackson Lee Amendment No. 1099, would have continued to protect America's future by preventing foreign intelligence services from acquiring tools to inflict harm on America.

The Jackson Lee Amendment No. 1108 requires the Secretary of Defense to evaluate the threat to national security posed by domestic terrorist groups and organizations motivated by a belief system of white supremacy.

Since 2010, white supremacists have carried out at least 17 lethal attacks, resulting in no fewer than 77 deaths. White supremacist attacks account for more than half of all fatalities from domestic terrorism, per the FBI.

As such, the FBI has deemed that white supremacists "pose the primary threat" in domestic terrorism. FBI reports have identified these racially-motivated extremists as part of a

transnational movement facilitated by online networks.

Due to the FBI's assessment of a rising threat of domestic violence rooted in white supremacy, it is essential that Congress be thoroughly informed on this matter.

This amendment and the report it commissions will provide valuable information and an up-to-date, detailed evaluation of the potential domestic violence threat these groups pose moving forward.

In this way, Congress can better create meaningful policy solutions that enshrine national security and safety for all. The Jackson Lee Amendment No. 1108 offered an important proactive approach to combatting domestic terrorism.

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Short-term housing was difficult to coordinate due to the sheer number of Houstonians affected. As such, it is crucial that Congress have a strong understanding of our current capabilities and, specifically, our ability to provide these survivors with short term housing before disaster strikes.

If voted on favorably, this report will not only inform us of our current capacity to provide housing but will also better equip Congress to respond to disasters and support survivors in the future.

In addition to this amendment, I offered the below listed amendments.

The Jackson Lee Amendment No. 1401 requires an annual report on maternal mortality rates for military members and their dependents.

Women make up about 17 percent of the active military population. As such, their specific health needs are a critical piece of force readiness and the well-being of U.S. troops. In order to ensure military readiness, it's important that the full scope of women's health care needs are understood and provided for. The knowledge gained through this report will best equip the creation of meaningful policy and standards of care for women in the military.

Despite generally lower rates of maternal and infant mortality compared with the United States overall, per a 2019 report generated as a result of my request to do so in the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232), the continued monitoring and reporting on these rates is crucial and highly relevant—particularly in light of the heightened attacks on women's reproductive health and the recent Supreme Court's decision effectively overturning Roe v. Wade.

Maternal and infant health are important indicators of the overall health of a Nation. More than 40 percent of active-duty service women reported a pregnancy since joining the military and 16 percent reported a pregnancy within the prior year. Beyond those directly serving in our military, this report would also support the needs of the pregnant dependents of those in the military and ensure that they also receive the standard of care they deserve. The Jackson Lee Amendment No. 1401 would have ensured a proactive approach to enshrining maternal health, especially for our military families.

Jackson Lee Amendment No. 1403 authorizes a \$10 million increase in funding for increased collaboration with NIH to combat Triple Negative Breast Cancer.

Triple negative breast cancer is a specific strain of breast cancer for which no targeted