(2) denounced the agents;

Whereas 4 Border Patrol agents were placed on administrative leave as a result of the politicization of the incident and the rush to judgment by Biden administration officials:

Whereas, despite the Department of Homeland Security Inspector General and the United States Attorney for the Western District of Texas declining to further pursue the matter, the Border Patrol has proposed disciplinary action against the 4 Border Patrol agents; and

Whereas the decision to discipline such Border Patrol agents appears to be politically motivated to provide cover for the rush to judgment and blatant mischaracterization by the Biden administration of the actions of the Border Patrol agents on September 19, 2021: Now, therefore be it

Resolved. That the Senate—

- (1) recognizes that there is an ongoing and growing crisis on the southern border of the United States:
- (2) commends the Border Patrol agents who were deployed to the southern border to respond to the Haitian migrant crisis in Del Rio, Texas, on September 19, 2021, for their use of restraint in response to the crisis, despite a lack of clear rules of engagement; and
- (3) concludes that the Department of Homeland Security should commend, rather than punish, the Border Patrol agents who answered the call of the United States to respond to such crisis.

SENATE RESOLUTION 733-DESIG-NATING SEPTEMBER 2022 AS "NATIONAL CHILD AWARENESS MONTH" TO PROMOTE AWARE-NESS OF CHARITIES THAT BEN-AND YOUTH-CHILDREN $_{
m TIT3}$ SERVING ORGANIZATIONS THROUGHOUT UNITED THE STATES AND RECOGNIZING THE EFFORTS MADE BYTHOSE CHARITIES AND ORGANIZATIONS ON BEHALF OF CHILDREN AND YOUTH AS CRITICAL CONTRIBU-TIONS TO THE FUTURE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mrs. FEINSTEIN (for herself, Mr. LANKFORD, Ms. HASSAN, Mr. GRASSLEY, Mr. Padilla, Mr. Braun, Mr. Luján, Mrs. Capito, and Mrs. Shaheen) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. Res. 733

Whereas millions of children and vouth in the United States represent the hopes and the future of the United States:

Whereas numerous individuals, charities benefitting children, and youth-serving organizations that work with children and youth collaborate to provide invaluable services to enrich and better the lives of children and youth throughout the United States;

Whereas raising awareness of and increasing support for organizations that provide access to health care, social services, education, the arts, sports, and other services will result in the development of character in, and the future success of, the children and youth of the United States;

Whereas the month of September, as the school year begins, is a time when parents, families, teachers, school administrators, and communities increase the focus on children and youth throughout the United States:

Whereas the month of September is a time for the people of the United States to highlight and be mindful of the needs of children and youth;

Whereas private corporations and businesses have joined with hundreds of national and local charitable organizations throughout the United States in support of a monthlong focus on children and youth; and

Whereas designating September 2022 as "National Child Awareness Month" would recognize that a long-term commitment to children and youth is in the public interest and will encourage widespread support for charities and organizations that seek to provide a better future for the children and youth of the United States: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate designates September 2022 as "National Child Awareness Month"-

- (1) to promote awareness of charities that benefit children and youth-serving organizations throughout the United States:
- (2) to recognize the efforts made by those charities and organizations on behalf of children and youth as critical contributions to the future of the United States: and
- (3) to recognize the importance of meeting the needs of at-risk children and youth, including children and youth who-
 - (A) have experienced homelessness:
 - (B) are in the foster care system;
- (C) have been victims, or are at risk of becoming victims, of child sex trafficking;
 - (D) have been impacted by violence;
- (E) have experienced trauma; and
- (F) have serious physical and mental health needs.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 5186. Mr. TOOMEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 3373, to improve the Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grant and the Children of Fallen Heroes Grant; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5187. Mr. SCHUMER (for Mr. PETERS) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 3905, to prevent organizational conflicts of interest in Federal acquisition, and for other pur-

SA 5188. Mr. SCHUMER (for Ms. CORTEZ MASTO) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 3860. to establish a grant program to provide assistance to local governments with fewer than 200 law enforcement officers, and for other purposes.

SA 5189. Mr. SCHUMER (for Mr. CORNYN) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 4003, to amend the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 to provide for training on alternatives to use of force, de-escalation, and mental and behavioral health and suicidal crises.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 5186. Mr. TOOMEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 3373, to improve the Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grant and the Children of Fallen Heroes Grant: which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Beginning on page 115, strike line 14 and all that follows through page 117, line 23, and insert the following:

- "(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.-(1) There is authorized to be appropriated to the Fund amounts specified in paragraph (2) for investments in-
- (A) the delivery of veterans' health care associated with exposure to environmental hazards in the active military, naval, air, or space service in programs administered by the Under Secretary for Health;

- "(B) any expenses incident to the delivery of veterans' health care and benefits associated with exposure to environmental hazards in the active military, naval, air, or space service, including administrative expenses, such as information technology and claims processing and appeals, and excluding leases as authorized or approved under section 8104 of this title; and
- "(C) medical and other research relating to exposure to environmental hazards.
- (2) The amounts specified in this paragraph are not more than the following:
 - "(A) \$1,400,000,000 for fiscal year 2023.
 - "(B) \$5,400,000,000 for fiscal year 2024.
 - "(C) \$7,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2025.
- "(D) \$11,300,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.
- "(E) \$13,100,000,000 for fiscal year 2027.
- "(F) \$15,900,000,000 for fiscal year 2028.
- "(G) \$17,900,000,000 for fiscal year 2029.
- "(H) \$21,200,000,000 for fiscal year 2030.
- "(I) \$23,400,000,000 for fiscal year 2031.
- "(J) For fiscal year 2032 and each fiscal year thereafter, an amount equal to the amount specified under this paragraph for the preceding fiscal year increased by the percentage (if any) by which-
- "(i) the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers: Medical Care (CPI-M), as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. for the fiscal year preceding the beginning of the fiscal year for which the increase is made, exceeds
- "(ii) the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers: Medical Care, as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year described in clause (i).
- "(d) BUDGET SCOREKEEPING.—(1) Immediately upon enactment of the Sergeant First Class Heath Robinson Honoring our Promise to Address Comprehensive Toxics Act of 2022, expenses authorized to be appropriated to the Fund in subsection (c) shall be estimated for fiscal year 2023 and each subsequent fiscal year and treated as budget authority that is considered to be direct spend-
- "(A) in the baseline for purposes of section 257 of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 907);
- "(B) by the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate and the Chair of the Committee on the Budget of the House of Representatives, as appropriate, for purposes of budget enforcement in the Senate and the House of Representatives:
- '(C) under the Congressional Budget Act of $1974\ (2\ U.S.C.\ 621\ et\ seq.),$ including in the reports required by section 308(b) of such Act (2 U.S.C. 639); and
- "(D) for purposes of the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010 (2 U.S.C. 931 et seq.).
- '(2)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), amounts appropriated to the Fund for fiscal year 2023 and subsequently, pursuant to subsection (c) shall be counted as direct spending under the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 621 et seq.) and any other Act.
- (B) Any amounts appropriated to the Fund for a fiscal year in excess of the amount specified under subsection (c)(2) for that fiscal year shall be scored as discretionary budget authority and outlays for any estimate of an appropriations Act.
- Notwithstanding the Scorekeeping Guidelines and the accompanying list of programs and accounts set forth in the joint explanatory statement of the committee of conference accompanying Conference Report 105-217, and for purposes of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 900 et seq.) and the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 621 et seq.), the Fund shall be treated, during the period beginning on the date of the enactment of the Sergeant First Class

Heath Robinson Honoring our Promise to Address Comprehensive Toxics Act of 2022 and ending on September 30, 2031, as if it were an account designated as 'Appropriated Entitlements and Mandatories for Fiscal Year 1997' in the joint explanatory statement of the committee of conference accompanying Conference Report 105–217.

SA 5187. Mr. SCHUMER (for Mr. Peters) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 3905, to prevent organizational conflicts of interest in Federal acquisition, and for other purposes; as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Preventing Organizational Conflicts of Interest in Federal Acquisition Act".

SEC. 2. PREVENTING ORGANIZATIONAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST IN FEDERAL ACQUISITION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Federal Acquisition Regulatory Council shall revise the Federal Acquisition Regulation—
 - (1) to provide and update—
- (A) definitions related to specific types of organizational conflicts of interest, including unequal access to information, impaired objectivity, and biased ground rules:
- (B) definitions, guidance, and illustrative examples related to relationships of contractors with public, private, domestic, and foreign entities that may cause contract support to be subject to potential organizational conflicts of interest, including undue influence: and
- (C) illustrative examples of situations related to the potential organizational conflicts of interest identified under this paragraph, including an example of the awarding by a Federal regulatory agency of a contract for consulting services to a contractor if employees of the contractor performing work under such contract are permitted by the contractor to simultaneously perform work under a contract for a private sector client under the regulatory purview of such agency;
- (2) to provide executive agencies with solicitation provisions and contract clauses to avoid or mitigate organizational conflicts of interest, for agency use as needed, that require contractors to disclose information relevant to potential organizational conflicts of interest and limit future contracting with respect to potential conflicts of interest with the work to be performed under awarded contracts;
- (3) to allow executive agencies to tailor such solicitation provisions and contract clauses as necessary to address risks associated with conflicts of interest and other considerations that may be unique to the executive agency;
 - (4) to require executive agencies—
- (A) to establish or update as needed agency conflict of interest procedures to implement the revisions to the Federal Acquisition Regulation made under this section; and
- (B) to periodically assess and update such procedures as needed to address agency-specific conflict of interest issues; and
- (5) to update the procedures set forth in section 9.506 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation to permit contracting officers to take into consideration professional standards and procedures to prevent organizational conflicts of interest to which an offeror or contractor is subject.
- (b) EXECUTIVE AGENCY DEFINED.—In this section, the term "executive agency" has the meaning given the term in section 133 of title 41, United States Code.

SA 5188. Mr. SCHUMER (for Ms. CORTEZ MASTO) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 3860, to establish a grant program to provide assistance to local governments with fewer than 200 law enforcement officers, and for other purposes: as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Invest to Protect Act of 2022".

SEC. 2. GRANT PROGRAM.

- (a) Definitions.—In this Act:
- (1) DE-ESCALATION TRAINING.—The term "de-escalation training" means training relating to taking action or communicating verbally or non-verbally during a potential force encounter in an attempt to stabilize the situation and reduce the immediacy of the threat so that more time, options, and resources can be called upon to resolve the situation without the use of force or with a reduction in the force necessary.
- (2) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means the Director of the Office.
- (3) ELIGIBLE LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—The term "eligible local government" means—
- (A) a county, municipality, town, township, village, parish, borough, or other unit of general government below the State level that employs fewer than 200 law enforcement officers; and
- (B) a Tribal government that employs fewer than 200 law enforcement officers.
- (4) LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER.—The term "law enforcement officer" has the meaning given the term "career law enforcement officer" in section 1709 of title I the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10389).
- (5) OFFICE.—The term "Office" means the Office of Community Oriented Policing Services of the Department of Justice.
- (b) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established within the Office a grant program to—
- (1) provide training and access to mental health resources to local law enforcement officers; and
- (2) improve the recruitment and retention of local law enforcement officers.
- (c) AUTHORITY.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director shall award grants to eligible local governments as a part of the grant program established under subsection (b).
 - (d) Applications.—
- (1) BARRIERS.—The Attorney General shall determine what barriers exist to establishing a streamlined application process for grants under this section.
 - (2) Report.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall submit to Congress a report that includes a plan to execute a streamlined application process for grants under this section under which an eligible local government seeking a grant under this section can reasonably complete the application in not more than 2 hours.
- (B) CONTENTS OF PLAN.—The plan required under subparagraph (A) may include a plan for—
- (i) proactively providing eligible local governments seeking a grant under this section with information on the data such eligible local governments will need to prepare before beginning the grant application; and
- (ii) ensuring technical assistance is available for eligible local governments seeking a grant under this section before and during the grant application process, including through dedicated liaisons within the Office.
- (3) APPLICATIONS.—In selecting eligible local governments to receive grants under

- this section, the Director shall use the streamlined application process described in paragraph (2)(A).
- (e) ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES.—An eligible local government that receives a grant under this section may use amounts from the grant only for—
- (1) de-escalation training for law enforcement officers:
- (2) victim-centered training for law enforcement officers in handling situations of domestic violence;
- (3) evidence-based law enforcement safety training, including training for—
- (A) active shooter situations:
- (B) the safe handling of illicit drugs and precursor chemicals;
 - (C) rescue situations:
 - (D) high speed or pursuit driving;
- (E) recognizing and countering ambush attacks;
- (F) contact with individuals with mental health needs;
- (G) contact with individuals with substance use disorders;
 - (H) contact with veterans;
- (I) contact with individuals with disabilities:
- (J) contact with vulnerable youth;
- (K) contact with individuals who are victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, or trafficking: or
- (L) contact with individuals experiencing homelessness or living in poverty;
- (4) the offsetting of overtime costs associated with scheduling issues relating to the participation of a law enforcement officer in the training described in paragraphs (1) through (3);
- (5) a signing bonus for a law enforcement officer in an amount determined by the eligible local government;
- (6) a retention bonus for a law enforcement officer—
- (A) in an amount determined by the eligible local government that does not exceed 20 percent of the salary of the law enforcement officer: and
 - (B) who-
- (i) has been employed at the law enforcement agency for not fewer than 5 years; and
- (ii) has not been found by an internal investigation to have engaged in serious misconduct:
- (7) a stipend for the graduate education of law enforcement officers in the area of mental health, public health, or social work, which shall not exceed the lesser of—
 - (A) \$10,000; or
- (B) the amount the law enforcement officer pays towards such graduate education; and
- (8) providing access to patient-centered behavioral health services for law enforcement officers, which may include resources for risk assessments, evidence-based, trauma-informed care to treat post-traumatic stress disorder or acute stress disorder, peer support and counselor services and family supports, and the promotion of improved access to high quality mental health care through telehealth.
- (f) DISCLOSURE OF OFFICER RECRUITMENT AND RETENTION BONUSES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date on which an eligible local government that receives a grant under this section awards a signing or retention bonus described in paragraph (5) or (6) of subsection (e), the eligible local government shall disclose to the Director and make publicly available on a website of the eligible local government the amount of such bonus.
- (2) REPORT.—The Attorney General shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees an annual report that includes each signing or retention bonus disclosed under paragraph (1) during the preceding

- (g) GRANT ACCOUNTABILITY.—All grants awarded by the Director under this section shall be subject to the following accountability provisions:
- (1) Audit requirement.-
- (A) DEFINITION.—In this paragraph, the term "unresolved audit finding" means a finding in the final audit report of the Inspector General of the Department of Justice that the audited grantee has used grant funds for an unauthorized expenditure or otherwise unallowable cost that is not closed or resolved within 12 months from the date when the final audit report is issued.
- (B) AUDITS.—Beginning in the first fiscal year beginning after the date of enactment of this subsection, and in each fiscal year thereafter, the Inspector General of the Department of Justice shall conduct audits of recipients of grants under this section to prevent waste, fraud, and abuse of funds by grantees. The Inspector General of the Department of Justice shall determine the appropriate number of grantees to be audited each year.
- (C) MANDATORY EXCLUSION.—A recipient of grant funds under this section that is found to have an unresolved audit finding shall not be eligible to receive grant funds under this section during the first 2 fiscal years beginning after the end of the 12-month period described in subparagraph (A).
- (D) PRIORITY.—In awarding grants under this section, the Director shall give priority to eligible local governments that did not have an unresolved audit finding during the 3 fiscal years before submitting an application for a grant under this section.
- (E) REIMBURSEMENT.—If an eligible local government is awarded grant funds under this section during the 2-fiscal-year period during which the eligible local government is barred from receiving grants under subparagraph (C), the Attorney General shall—
- (i) deposit an amount equal to the amount of the grant funds that were improperly awarded to the grantee into the General Fund of the Treasury; and
- (ii) seek to recoup the costs of the repayment to the fund from the grant recipient that was erroneously awarded grant funds.
- (2) ANNUAL CERTIFICATION.—Beginning in the fiscal year during which audits commence under paragraph (1)(B), the Attorney General shall submit to the Committee on the Judiciary and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on the Judiciary and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives an annual certification—
 - (A) indicating whether—
- (i) all audits issued by the Office of the Inspector General of the Department of Justice under paragraph (1) have been completed and reviewed by the appropriate Assistant Attorney General or Director;
- (ii) all mandatory exclusions required under paragraph (1)(C) have been issued; and
- (iii) all reimbursements required under paragraph (1)(E) have been made; and
- (B) that includes a list of any grant recipients excluded under paragraph (1) from the previous year.
- (h) PREVENTING DUPLICATIVE GRANTS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Before the Director awards a grant to an eligible local government under this section, the Attorney General shall compare potential grant awards with other grants awarded by the Attorney General to determine if grant awards are or have been awarded for a similar purpose.
- (2) REPORT.—If the Attorney General awards grants to the same applicant for a similar purpose, the Attorney General shall submit to the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives a report that includes—

- (A) a list of all such grants awarded, including the total dollar amount of any such grants awarded; and
- (B) the reason the Attorney General awarded multiple grants to the same applicant for a similar purpose.
- (i) Funding.—In carrying out this section, the Director—
- (1) shall use amounts otherwise made available to the Office; and
- (2) may use not more than \$50,000,000 of such amounts for each of fiscal years 2023 through 2027.

SA 5189. Mr. SCHUMER (for Mr. CORNYN) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 4003, to amend the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 to provide for training on alternatives to use of force, de-escalation, and mental and behavioral health and suicidal crises; as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Law Enforcement De-Escalation Training Act of 2022".

SEC. 2. TRAINING ON ALTERNATIVES TO USE OF FORCE, DE-ESCALATION, AND MEN-TAL AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH CRI-SES.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—Section 901(a) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10251(a)) is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (27), by striking "and" at the end:
- (2) in paragraph (28), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following: "(29) the term 'de-escalation' means taking action or communicating verbally or non-verbally during a potential force encounter in an attempt to stabilize the situation and reduce the immediacy of the threat so that more time, options, and resources can be called upon to resolve the situation without the use of force or with a reduction in the force necessary:
- "(30) the term 'mental or behavioral health or suicidal crisis'—
- "(A) means a situation in which the behavior of a person—
- "(i) puts the person at risk of hurting himself or herself or others; or
- "(ii) impairs or prevents the person from being able to care for himself or herself or
- function effectively in the community; and "(B) includes a situation in which a person—
- "(i) is under the influence of a drug or alcohol, is suicidal, or experiences symptoms of a mental illness: or
- "(ii) may exhibit symptoms, including emotional reactions (such as fear or anger), psychological impairments (such as inability to focus, confusion, or psychosis), and behavioral reactions (such as the trigger of a freeze, fight, or flight response);
- "(31) the term 'disability' has the meaning given that term in section 3 of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12102):
- "(32) the term 'crisis intervention team' means a collaborative, interdisciplinary team that brings together specially trained law enforcement officers, mental health providers, and other community stakeholders to respond to mental health-related calls, use appropriate de-escalation techniques, and assess if referral to services or transport for mental health evaluation is appropriate; and
- "(33) the term 'covered mental health professional' means a mental health professional working on a crisis intervention team—

- "(A) as an employee of a law enforcement agency; or
- "(B) under a legal agreement with a law enforcement agency.".
- (b) COPS PROGRAM.—Section 1701 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10381) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(n) Training in Alternatives to Use of Force, De-Escalation Techniques, and Mental and Behavioral Health Crises.—
 - "(1) TRAINING CURRICULA.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this subsection, the Attorney General shall develop training curricula or identify effective existing training curricula for law enforcement officers and for covered mental health professionals regarding—
- "(i) de-escalation tactics and alternatives to use of force;
- "(ii) safely responding to an individual experiencing a mental or behavioral health or suicidal crisis or an individual with a disability, including techniques and strategies that are designed to protect the safety of that individual, law enforcement officers, mental health professionals, and the public;
- "(iii) successfully participating on a crisis intervention team; and
- "(iv) making referrals to community-based mental and behavioral health services and support, housing assistance programs, public benefits programs, the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline, and other services.
- "(B) REQUIREMENTS.—The training curricula developed or identified under this paragraph shall include—
 - "(i) scenario-based exercises;
- "(ii) pre-training and post-training tests to assess relevant knowledge and skills covered in the training curricula; and
- "(iii) follow-up evaluative assessments to determine the degree to which participants in the training apply, in their jobs, the knowledge and skills gained in the training.
- "(C) Consultation.—The Attorney General shall develop and identify training curricula under this paragraph in consultation with relevant law enforcement agencies of States and units of local government, associations that represent individuals with mental or behavioral health diagnoses or individuals with disabilities, labor organizations, professional law enforcement organizations, local law enforcement labor and representative organizations, law enforcement trade associations, mental health and suicide prevention organizations, family advocacy organizations, and civil liberties groups.
 - "(2) CERTIFIED PROGRAMS AND COURSES.—
- "(A) In GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date on which training curricula are developed or identified under paragraph (1)(A), the Attorney General shall establish a process to—
- "(i) certify training programs and courses offered by public and private entities to law enforcement officers or covered mental health professionals using 1 or more of the training curricula developed or identified under paragraph (1), or equivalents to such training curricula, which may include certifying a training program or course that an entity began offering on or before the date on which the Attorney General establishes the process; and
- "(ii) terminate the certification of a training program or course if the program or course fails to continue to meet the standards under the training curricula developed or identified under paragraph (1).
- "(B) PARTNERSHIPS WITH MENTAL HEALTH ORGANIZATIONS AND EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.—Not later than 180 days after the date on which training curricula are developed or identified under paragraph (1)(A), the Attorney General shall develop criteria to ensure

that public and private entities that offer training programs or courses that are certified under subparagraph (A) collaborate with local mental health organizations to—

- "(i) enhance the training experience of law enforcement officers through consultation with and the participation of individuals with mental or behavioral health diagnoses or disabilities, particularly such individuals who have interacted with law enforcement officers; and
- "(ii) strengthen relationships between health care services and law enforcement agencies.
- "(3) Transitional regional training pro-GRAMS FOR STATE AND LOCAL AGENCY PER-SONNEL.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—During the period beginning on the date on which the Attorney General establishes the process required under paragraph (2)(A) and ending on the date that is 18 months after that date, the Attorney General shall, and thereafter the Attorney General may, provide, in collaboration with law enforcement training academies of States and units of local government as appropriate, regional training to equip personnel from law enforcement agencies of States and units of local government in a State to offer training programs or courses certified under paragraph (2)(A).
- "(B) CONTINUING EDUCATION.—The Attorney General shall develop and implement continuing education requirements for personnel from law enforcement agencies of States and units of local government who receive training to offer training programs or courses under subparagraph (A).
- "(4) LIST.—Not later than 1 year after the Attorney General completes the activities described in paragraphs (1) and (2), the Attorney General shall publish a list of law enforcement agencies of States and units of local government employing law enforcement officers or using covered mental health professionals who have successfully completed a course using 1 or more of the training curricula developed or identified under paragraph (1), or equivalents to such training curricula, which shall include—
- "(A) the total number of law enforcement officers that are employed by the agency;
- "(B) the number of such law enforcement officers who have completed such a course;
- "(C) whether personnel from the law enforcement agency have been trained to offer training programs or courses under paragraph (3);
- "(D) the total number of covered mental health professionals who work with the agency; and
- "(E) the number of such covered mental health professionals who have completed such a course.
- "(5) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subsection—
 - ((A) \$3,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
 - "(B) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2024;
 - "(C) \$10,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; and
 - "(D) \$1,000,000 for fiscal year 2026."
- (c) BYRNE JAG PROGRAM.—Subpart 1 of part E of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10151 et seq.) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating section 508 as section 509; and
- (2) by inserting after section 507 the following:

"SEC. 508. LAW ENFORCEMENT TRAINING PRO-GRAMS.

"(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term 'certified training program or course' means a program or course using 1 or more of the training curricula developed or identified under section 1701(n)(1), or equivalents to such training curricula—

- "(1) that is provided by the Attorney General under section 1701(n)(3); or
- "(2) that is-
- "(A) provided by a public or private entity, including the personnel of a law enforcement agency or law enforcement training academy of a State or unit of local government who have been trained to offer training programs or courses under section 1701(n)(3); and
- "(B) certified by the Attorney General under section 1701(n)(2).
 - "(b) Authority.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the Attorney General completes the activities required by paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 1701(n), the Attorney General shall, from amounts made available to fund training programs pursuant to subsection (h), make grants to States for use by the State or a unit of government located in the State to—
- "(A) pay for-
- "(i) costs associated with conducting a certified training program or course or, subject to paragraph (2), a certified training program or course that provides continuing education; and
- "(ii) attendance by law enforcement officers or covered mental health professionals at a certified training program or course, including a course provided by a law enforcement training academy of a State or unit of local government;
- "(B) procure a certified training program or course or, subject to paragraph (2), a certified training program or course that provides continuing education on 1 or more of the topics described in section 1701(n)(1)(A);
- "(C) in the case of a law enforcement agency of a unit of local government that employs fewer than 50 employees (determined on a full-time equivalent basis), pay for the costs of overtime accrued as a result of the attendance of a law enforcement officer or covered mental health professional at a certified training program or course for which the costs associated with conducting the certified training program or course are paid using amounts provided under this section;
- "(D) pay for the costs of developing mechanisms to comply with the reporting requirements established under subsection (d), in an amount not to exceed 5 percent of the total amount of the grant award; and
- "(E) pay for the costs associated with participation in the voluntary National Use-of-Force Data Collection of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, in an amount not to exceed 5 percent of the total amount of the grant award, if a law enforcement agency of the State or unit of local government is not already reporting to the National Use-of-Force Data Collection.
- "(2) REQUIREMENTS FOR USE FOR CONTINUING EDUCATION.—
- "(A) DEFINITION.—In this paragraph, the term 'covered topic' means a topic covered under the curricula developed or identified under clause (i), (ii), or (iv) of section 1701(n)(1)(A).
- "(B) REQUIREMENT TO PROVIDE INITIAL TRAINING.—A State or unit of local government shall ensure that all officers who have been employed with the State or unit of local government for at least 2 years have received training as part of a certified training program or course on all covered topics before the State or unit of local government uses amounts received under a grant under paragraph (1) for continuing education with respect to any covered topic.
- ``(C) Start date of availability of funding.—
- "(i) IN GENERAL.—Subject to clause (ii), a State or unit of local government may not use amounts received under a grant under paragraph (1) for continuing education with respect to a covered topic until the date that

- is 2 years after the date of enactment of the Law Enforcement De-Escalation Training Act of 2022.
- "(ii) EXCEPTION.—A State or unit of local government may use amounts received under a grant under paragraph (1) for continuing education with respect to a covered topic during the 2-year period beginning on the date of enactment of the Law Enforcement De-Escalation Training Act of 2022 if the State or unit of local government has complied with subparagraph (B) using amounts available to the State or unit of local government other than amounts received under a grant under paragraph (1).
- "(3) MAINTAINING RELATIONSHIPS WITH LOCAL MENTAL HEALTH ORGANIZATIONS.—A State or unit of local government that receives funds under this section shall establish and maintain relationships between law enforcement officers and local mental health organizations and health care services.
 - "(c) Allocation of Funds.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Of the total amount appropriated to carry out this section for a fiscal year, the Attorney General shall allocate funds to each State in proportion to the total number of law enforcement officers in the State that are employed by the State or a unit of local government within the State, as compared to the total number of law enforcement officers in the United States.
- "(2) RETENTION OF FUNDS FOR TRAINING FOR STATE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS PROPORTIONAL TO NUMBER OF STATE OFFICERS.—Each fiscal year, each State may retain, for use for the purposes described in this section, from the total amount of funds provided to the State under paragraph (1) an amount that is not more than the amount that bears the same ratio to such total amount as the ratio of—
- "(A) the total number of law enforcement officers employed by the State; to
- "(B) the total number of law enforcement officers in the State that are employed by the State or a unit of local government within the State.
- "(3) Provision of funds for training for local law enforcement officers.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—A State shall make available to units of local government in the State for the purposes described in this section the amounts remaining after a State retains funds under paragraph (2).
- "(B) ADDITIONAL USES.—A State may, with the approval of a unit of local government, use the funds allocated to the unit of local government under subparagraph (A)—
- "(i) to facilitate offering a certified training program or course or, subject to subsection (b)(2), a certified training program or course that provide continuing education in 1 or more of the topics described in section 1701(n)(1)(A) to law enforcement officers employed by the unit of local government: or
- "(ii) for the costs of training local law enforcement officers, including through law enforcement training academies of States and units of local government, to conduct a certified training program or course.
- "(C) CONSULTATION.—The Attorney General, in consultation with relevant law enforcement agencies of States and units of local government, associations that represent individuals with mental or behavioral health diagnoses or individuals with disabilities, labor organizations, professional law enforcement organizations, local law enforcement labor and representative organizations, law enforcement trade associations. mental health and suicide prevention organizations, family advocacy organizations, and civil rights and civil liberties groups, shall develop criteria governing the allocation of funds to units of local government under this paragraph, which shall ensure that the funds are distributed as widely as practicable in

terms of geographical location and to both large and small law enforcement agencies of units of local government.

"(D) ANNOUNCEMENT OF ALLOCATIONS.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which a State receives an award under paragraph (1), the State shall announce the allocations of funds to units of local government under subparagraph (A). A State shall submit to the Attorney General a report explaining any delays in the announcement of allocations under this subparagraph.

"(d) REPORTING.—

- "(1) UNITS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—Any unit of local government that receives funds from a State under subsection (c)(3) for a certified training program or course shall submit to the State or the Attorney General an annual report with respect to the first fiscal year during which the unit of local government receives such funds and each of the 2 fiscal years thereafter that—
- '(A) shall include the number of law enforcement officers employed by the unit of local government that have completed a certified training program or course, including a certified training program or course provided on or before the date on which the Attorney General begins certifying training programs and courses under section 1701(n)(2), the topics covered in those courses, and the number of officers who received training in each topic;
- "(B) may, at the election of the unit of local government, include the number of law enforcement officers employed by the unit of local government that have completed a certified training program or course using funds provided from a source other than the grants described under subsection (b), the topics covered in those courses, and the number of officers who received training in each topic;
- "(C) shall include the total number of law enforcement officers employed by the unit of local government;
- "(D) shall include a description of any barriers to providing training on the topics described in section 1701(n)(1)(A);
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} ``(E) & shall & include & information & gathered \\ through— \\ \end{tabular}$
- "(i) pre-training and post-training tests that assess relevant knowledge and skills covered in the training curricula, as specified in section 1701(n)(1); and
- "(ii) follow-up evaluative assessments to determine the degree to which participants in the training apply, in their jobs, the knowledge and skills gained in the training; and
- ``(F) shall include the amount of funds received by the unit of local government under subsection (c)(3) and a tentative plan for training all law enforcement officers employed by the unit of local government using available and anticipated funds.
- ''(2) STATES.—A State receiving funds under this section shall submit to the Attorney General—
- "(A) any report the State receives from a unit of local government under paragraph (1); and
- "(B) if the State retains funds under subsection (c)(2) for a fiscal year, a report by the State for that fiscal year, and each of the 2 fiscal years thereafter—
- "(i) indicating the number of law enforcement officers employed by the State that have completed a certified training program or course, including a certified training program or course provided on or before the date on which the Attorney General begins certifying training programs or courses under section 1701(n)(2), the topics covered in those courses, and the number of officers who received training in each topic, including, at the election of the State, a certified training program or course using funds pro-

vided from a source other than the grants described under subsection (b);

"(ii) indicating the total number of law enforcement officers employed by the State;

"(iii) providing information gathered

- "(I) pre-training and post-training tests that assess relevant knowledge and skills covered in the training curricula, as specified in section 1701(n)(1); and
- "(II) follow-up evaluative assessments to determine the degree to which participants in the training apply, in their jobs, the knowledge and skills gained in the training;
- "(iv) discussing any barriers to providing training on the topics described in section 1701(n)(1)(A); and
- "(v) indicating the amount of funding retained by the State under subsection (c)(2) and providing a tentative plan for training all law enforcement officers employed by the State using available and anticipated funds.
- "(3) REPORTING TOOLS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this section, the Attorney General shall develop a portal through which the data required under paragraphs (1) and (2) may be collected and submitted.
- "(4) REPORTS ON THE USE OF DE-ESCALATION TACTICS AND OTHER TECHNIQUES.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General, in consultation with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, relevant law enforcement agencies of States and units of local government, associations that represent individuals with mental or behavioral health diagnoses or individuals with disabilities, labor organizations, professional law enforcement organizations, local law enforcement labor and representative organizations, law enforcement trade associations, mental health and suicide prevention organizations, family advocacy organizations, and civil rights and civil liberties groups, shall establish—
- "(i) reporting requirements on interactions in which de-escalation tactics and other techniques in curricula developed or identified under section 1701(n)(1) are used by each law enforcement agency that receives funding under this section; and
- "(ii) mechanisms for each law enforcement agency to submit such reports to the Department of Justice.
- "(B) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—The requirements developed under subparagraph (A) shall—
- "(i) specify-
- "(I) the circumstances under which an interaction shall be reported, considering—
- "(aa) the cost of collecting and reporting the information; and
- "(bb) the value of that information for determining whether—
- "(AA) the objectives of the training have been met; and
- "(BB) the training reduced or eliminated the risk of serious physical injury to officers, subjects, and third parties; and
- "(II) the demographic and other relevant information about the officer and subjects involved in the interaction that shall be included in such a report; and
- "(ii) require such reporting be done in a manner that—
- "(I) is in compliance with all applicable Federal and State confidentiality laws; and
- "(II) does not disclose the identities of law enforcement officers, subjects, or third parties.
- "(C) REVIEW OF REPORTING REQUIRE-MENTS.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this section, and every 2 years thereafter, the Attorney General, in consultation with the entities specified under subparagraph (A), shall review and consider updates to the reporting requirements.

- "(5) Failure to report.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—An entity receiving funds under this section that fails to file a report as required under paragraph (1) or (2), as applicable and as determined by the Attorney General, shall not be eligible to receive funds under this section for a period of 2 fiscal years.
- "(B) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in subparagraph (A) shall be construed to prohibit a State that fails to file a report as required under paragraph (2), and is not eligible to receive funds under this section, from making funding available to a unit of local government of the State under subsection (c)(3), if the unit of local government has complied with the reporting requirements.
 - "(e) ATTORNEY GENERAL REPORTS.-
- "(1) IMPLEMENTATION REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this section, and each year thereafter in which grants are made under this section, the Attorney General shall submit a report to Congress on the implementation of activities carried out under this section.
- "(2) CONTENTS.—Each report under paragraph (1) shall include, at a minimum, information on—
- "(A) the number, amounts, and recipients of awards the Attorney General has made or intends to make using funds authorized under this section;
- "(B) the selection criteria the Attorney General has used or intends to use to select recipients of awards using funds authorized under this section:
- "(C) the number of law enforcement officers of a State or unit of local government who were not able to receive training on the topics described in section 1701(n)(1)(A) due to unavailability of funds and the amount of funds that would be required to complete the training; and
- "(D) the nature, frequency, and amount of information that the Attorney General has collected or intends to collect under subsection (d).
- "(3) PRIVACY PROTECTIONS.—A report under paragraph (1) shall not disclose the identities of individual law enforcement officers who received, or did not receive, training under a certified training program or course.
- ''(f) NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF JUSTICE STUDY.—
- "(1) STUDY AND REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the first grant award using funds authorized under this section, the National Institute of Justice shall conduct a study of the implementation of training under a certified training program or course in at least 6 jurisdictions representing an array of agency sizes and geographic locations, which shall include—
- "(A) a process evaluation of training implementation, which shall include an analysis of the share of officers who participated in the training, the degree to which the training was administered in accordance with the curriculum, and the fidelity with which the training was applied in the field; and
- "(B) an impact evaluation of the training, which shall include an analysis of the impact of the training on interactions between law enforcement officers and the public, any factors that prevent or preclude law enforcement officers from successfully de-escalating law enforcement interactions, and any recommendations on modifications to the training curricula and methods that could improve outcomes.
- "(2) NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF JUSTICE ACCESS TO PORTAL.—For the purposes of preparing the report under paragraph (1), the National Institute of Justice shall have direct access to the portal developed under subsection (d)(3).

- "(3) PRIVACY PROTECTIONS.—The study under paragraph (1) shall not disclose the identities of individual law enforcement officers who received, or did not receive, training under a certified training program or course.
- "(4) Funding.—Not more than 1 percent of the amount appropriated to carry out this section during any fiscal year shall be made available to conduct the study under paragraph (1).

"(g) GAO REPORT.—

- "(1) STUDY AND REPORT.—Not later than 3 years after the first grant award using funds authorized under this section, the Comptroller General of the United States shall review the grant program under this section and submit to Congress a report assessing the grant program, including—
- "(A) the process for developing and identifying curricula under section 1701(n)(1), including the effectiveness of the consultation by the Attorney General with the agencies, associations, and organizations identified under section 1701(n)(1)(C);
- "(B) the certification of training programs and courses under section 1701(n)(2), includ-

ing the development of the process for certification and its implementation;

- "(C) the training of law enforcement personnel under section 1701(n)(3), including the geographic distribution of the agencies that employ the personnel receiving the training and the sizes of those agencies;
- "(D) the allocation of funds under subsection (c), including the geographic distribution of the agencies that receive funds and the degree to which both large and small agencies receive funds; and
- "(E) the amount of funding distributed to agencies compared with the amount appropriated under this section, the amount spent for training, and whether plans have been put in place by the recipient agencies to use unspent available funds.
- "(2) GAO ACCESS TO PORTAL.—For the purposes of preparing the report under paragraph (1), the Comptroller General of the United States shall have direct access to the portal developed under subsection (d)(3).
- "(h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section—
 - ((1) \$40,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; and

"(2) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.".

AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

Mr. KAINE. Mr. President, I have one request for committees to meet during today's session of the Senate. They have the approval of the Majority and Minority Leaders.

Pursuant to rule XXVI, paragraph 5(a), of the Standing Rules of the Senate, the following committees are authorized to meet during today's session of the Senate:

COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS

The Committee on Foreign Relations is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Monday, August 1, 2022, at 6 p.m., to conduct a classified briefing.

FOREIGN TRAVEL FINANCIAL REPORTS

In accordance with the appropriate provisions of law, the secretary of the senate herewith submits the following reports for standing committees of the Senate, certain joint committees of the Congress, delegations and groups, and select and special committees of the Senate, relating to expenses incurred in the performance of authorized foreign travel:

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95–384—22 U.S.C. 1754(b), COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE. NUTRITION. AND FORESTRY FOR TRAVEL FROM APR. 1 TO JUNE 30, 2022

Name and country	Name of currency	Per diem	Transpor- tation	Miscella- neous	Total
		U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency
Senator Roger Marshall:					
Turkey	Lira	1,009.27			1,009.27
Jordan	Dinar	779.40			779.40
Israel	New Shekel	1,410.00			1,410.00
Egypt	Pound	686.00			686.00
Delegation Expenses: *					
Turkey	Lira			1.154.76	1.154.76
Jordan	Dinar			174.74	174.74
Israel	New Shekel			1.298.97	1.298.97
Egypt	Pound			397.45	397.45
Total		3,884.87		3,025.92	6,910.59

^{*}Delegation expenses include payments and reimbursements to the Department of State under authority of Sec. 502(b) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended by Section 22 of P.L. 95—384, and S. Res. 179 agreed to May 25, 1977.

SENATOR DEBBIE STABENOW, Chairman, Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry, July 20, 2022.

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95–384—22 U.S.C. 1754(b). COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS FOR TRAVEL FROM APR. 1 TO JUNE 30, 2022

Name and country	Name of currency	Per diem	Transpor- tation	Miscella- neous	Total
		U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency
Paul Grove:					
Israel	Shekel	550.00			550.00
Indonesia	Rupiah	954.53			954.53
Thailand	Baht	672.12			672.12
Cambodia	Riel	770.00	10 000 70		770.00
United States	Dollar		13,623.73		13,623.73
Denmark	Krone	152.00			152.00
Poland	Zloty	289.07			289.07
United States	Dollar		7,897.80		7,897.80
Daniel Burgess:			,		,
Denmark	Krone	152.00			152.00
Poland	Zloty	289.07			289.07
United States	Dollar		7,897.80		7,897.80
	Shilling	1,676.15			1.676.15
Tanzania	Rand	1.205.73			1,205.73
United States	Dollar		17.407.54		17,407.54
Time Rieser:			,		,
United States	Dollar		63.00		63.00
Adam Yezerski:					
Poland	Zloty	422.32			422.32
Ethiopia	Birr	783.29			783.29
Sudan	Pound	1,191.42	9,600.00		1,191.42
United States	DOIIAI		5,000.00		9,600.00