

EC-4604. A communication from the Management and Program Analyst, Federal Aviation Administration, Department of Transportation, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Airworthiness Directives; The Boeing Company Airplanes; Amendment 39-22028" ((RIN2120-AA64) (Docket No. FAA-2022-0844)) received during adjournment of the Senate in the Office of the President of the Senate on July 7, 2022; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

EC-4605. A communication from the Management and Program Analyst, Federal Aviation Administration, Department of Transportation, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Airworthiness Directives; CFM International, S.A. Turbofan Engines; Amendment 39-22052" ((RIN2120-AA64) (Docket No. FAA-2022-0094)) received during adjournment of the Senate in the Office of the President of the Senate on July 7, 2022; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

EC-4606. A communication from the Management and Program Analyst, Federal Aviation Administration, Department of Transportation, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Airworthiness Directives; Airbus Helicopters Deutschland GmbH (AHD) Helicopters; Amendment 39-22049" ((RIN2120-AA64) (Docket No. FAA-2022-0294)) received during adjournment of the Senate in the Office of the President of the Senate on July 7, 2022; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

EC-4607. A communication from the Management and Program Analyst, Federal Aviation Administration, Department of Transportation, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Airworthiness Directives; De Havilland Aircraft of Canada Limited (Type Certificate Previously Held by Bombardier, Inc.) Airplanes; Amendment 39-22064" ((RIN2120-AA64) (Docket No. FAA-2022-0593)) received during adjournment of the Senate in the Office of the President of the Senate on July 7, 2022; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

EC-4608. A communication from the Management and Program Analyst, Federal Aviation Administration, Department of Transportation, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Airworthiness Directives; ATR Boeing Company Airplanes; Amendment 39-22049" ((RIN2120-AA64) (Docket No. FAA-2022-0877)) received during adjournment of the Senate in the Office of the President of the Senate on July 7, 2022; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

EC-4609. A communication from the Management and Program Analyst, Federal Aviation Administration, Department of Transportation, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Airworthiness Directives; Bombardier, Inc., Airplanes; Amendment 39-22073" ((RIN2120-AA64) (Docket No. FAA-2022-0596)) received during adjournment of the Senate in the Office of the President of the Senate on July 7, 2022; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

EC-4610. A communication from the Management and Program Analyst, Federal Aviation Administration, Department of Transportation, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Airworthiness Directives; Airbus SAS Airplanes; Amendment 39-22105" ((RIN2120-AA64) (Docket No. FAA-2022-0800)) received during adjournment of the Senate in the Office of the President of the Senate on July 7, 2022; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

EC-4611. A communication from the Management and Program Analyst, Federal

Aviation Administration, Department of Transportation, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Airworthiness Directives; GE Aviation Czech s.r.o. (Type Certificate Previously Held by WALTER Engines a.s., Walter a.s., and MOTORLET a.s.) Turboprop Engines; Amendment 39-22102" ((RIN2120-AA64) (Docket No. FAA-2022-0459)) received during adjournment of the Senate in the Office of the President of the Senate on July 7, 2022; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

PETITIONS AND MEMORIALS

The following petitions and memorials were laid before the Senate and were referred or ordered to lie on the table as indicated:

POM-158. A resolution adopted by the House of Representatives of the State of Ohio urging the United States Commission on International Religious Freedom to take whatever action is necessary to address and rectify the situation described in this resolution, and consider adding Canada to the Special Watch List of countries where the government engages in violations of religious freedom; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 194

Whereas, The citizens of Ohio are citizens of the United States, which by its nature is a country of religious freedom free of government interference; and

Whereas, Civilized societies normative structures show churches to have jurisdictions separate from civil authorities, with the civil authorities having no authority in church governance, courts, preaching, or sacraments; and

Whereas, The first line of the First Amendment of the Bill of Rights states that "Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof," thus upholding freedom of religion as one of our most sacred of Rights; and

Whereas, The founders themselves elaborated upon and celebrated religious freedom in their writings; and

Whereas, Thomas Jefferson in his letter to the Danbury Baptist Convention, said "Believing with you that religion is a matter which lies solely between Man & his God, that he owes account to none other for his faith or his worship, that the legitimate powers of government reach actions only, & not opinions, I contemplate with sovereign reverence that act of the whole American people which declared that their legislature should 'make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof,' thus building a wall of separation between Church & State. Adhering to this expression of the supreme will of the nation in behalf of the rights of conscience, I shall see with sincere satisfaction the progress of those sentiments which tend to restore to man all his natural rights, convinced he has no natural right in opposition to his social duties"; and

Whereas, Roger Williams, founder of Rhode Island, believed that any government involvement in the church would corrupt the church and coined the term "separation of church and state" to keep the church safe from government interference; and

Whereas, The State of Ohio itself was founded upon similar premises from its inception as a part of the Northwest Territory; and

Whereas, The Northwest Ordinance stated in its first article, "No person, demeaning himself in a peaceable and orderly manner,

shall ever be molested on account of his mode of worship or religious sentiments in the said territory"; and

Whereas, The Northwest Ordinance stated in its third article, "Religion, morality and knowledge, being necessary to good government and the happiness of mankind, schools and the means of education shall forever be encouraged"; and

Whereas, The Ohio Constitution's Bill of Rights states in Article I Section 7, "All men have a natural and indefeasible right to worship Almighty God according to the dictates of their own conscience. No person shall be compelled to attend, erect, or support any place of worship, or maintain any form of worship, against his consent; and no preference shall be given, by law, to any religious society; nor shall any interference with the rights of conscience be permitted. No religious test shall be required, as a qualification for office, nor shall any person be incompetent to be a witness on account of his religious belief; but nothing herein shall be construed to dispense with oaths and affirmations. Religion, morality, and knowledge, however, being essential to good government, it shall be the duty of the general assembly to pass suitable laws to protect every religious denomination in the peaceable enjoyment of its own mode of public worship, and to encourage schools and the means of instruction"; and

Whereas, The citizens of Ohio have a robust system of local religious charity systems; and

Whereas, The citizens of Ohio have stood against injustices throughout our history; and

Whereas, During the American Civil War, to help rid the nation of the injustice of slavery, the State of Ohio provided the United States government with more than two hundred sixty regiments, upwards of three hundred thousand men, including the prominent Generals McDowell, Buell, Sheridan, McClellan, Sherman, and future President Ulysses S. Grant; and

Whereas, Ohio abolitionists played a prominent role in the Underground Railroad, helping thousands escape the bondage of slavery to find freedom, such as our involvement in the abolition of slavery in the North; and

Whereas, We, the members of the House of Representatives of the 134th General Assembly of the State of Ohio, are the State representative body of such a freedom-loving people; and

Whereas, During the COVID-19 emergency, the government of Ohio stood up for religious liberty and exempted religious services from COVID-19 restrictions; and

Whereas, The State of Ohio has a vested interest in the affairs of Canada, being our neighbor to the North and Ohio's number one trading partner in the world in both imports and exports; and

Whereas, Ohio's exports to Canada benefit many segments of the economy, and thousands of individual companies, on both sides of the border; and

Whereas, Indeed Ohio is not alone in valuing freedom. The Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms states that "Everyone has the following fundamental freedoms," which include the "freedom of conscience and religion." The arrests and actions described below, taken to enforce overly burdensome and unjustified orders, however, do not seem to live up to this praiseworthy statement; and

Whereas, We, the members of the House of Representatives of the 134th General Assembly of the State of Ohio, have taken note of the abuses of religious liberty that have gone on throughout the Provinces of Canada during the COVID-19 pandemic; and

Whereas, Pastor James Coates of Edmonton, Alberta was jailed for thirty-five days and in solitary confinement for seven days straight for holding religious services at a capacity not in keeping with the Public Health Act; and

Whereas, Brothers Artur and David Pawlowski, pastors from Alberta, Canada were arrested and spent three days in jail for organizing a church service that ignored COVID-19 social distancing rules and mask mandates; and

Whereas, Pastor Coates, and perhaps other Canadian pastors, have held services in undisclosed locations, essentially going underground, in order to avoid persecution by government authorities, and to allay congregant's fears; and

Whereas, Pastor Tobias Tissen of Steinbach, Manitoba, was arrested for holding an outdoor service that violated a health order that prohibited gatherings of more than five people; and

Whereas, Under Province of Alberta health orders, in-person faith group meetings, and other religious gatherings, have been prohibited in private homes while the emergency is in effect, thus intruding into the most sacred liberties of its citizens, those of religious freedom and privacy; and

Whereas, All of the Canadian provinces have at times prohibited religious gatherings outright, or have limited the size of religious gatherings, and many provinces still have severe size limitations on religious gatherings either held indoors or outdoors, punishable by harassment, fines, and jail time of faith leaders, thus limiting the parishioners' or members' ability to attend the assembly of their choice, and generally limiting religious liberty; and

Whereas, On December 8, 2021, Canada's Senate Bill C-4 received royal assent and became law. This act is overly broad in scope and has potential negative implications for religious liberties and expression, including a prison sentence of up to five years for merely expressing a biblical view of marriage, thus restricting the ability of religious leaders from expressing sincerely held religious beliefs on marriage and sexuality; and

Whereas, In 1998, the Congress of the United States established the United States Commission on International Religious Freedom; and

Whereas, The Commission includes members appointed by the President of the United States, by the President Pro Tempore of the United States Senate, and by the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives; and

Whereas, The purpose of the Commission, as enumerated in federal law, in part, is to consider and recommend options for policies of the United States government with respect to each foreign country the government of which has engaged in or tolerated violations of religious freedom; and

Whereas, The Commission maintains a Special Watch List of countries where the government engages in or tolerates "severe" violations of religious freedom; Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That we, the members of the House of Representatives of the 134th General Assembly of the State of Ohio, urge the United States Commission on International Religious Freedom to take whatever action is necessary to address and rectify the situation, described in this resolution, and consider adding Canada to the Special Watch List; and be it further

Resolved, That the Clerk of the House of Representatives transmit duly authenticated copies of this resolution to each commissioner of the United States Commission on International Religious Freedom, the President of the United States, the President Pro

Tempore of the United States Senate, the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, each member of the Ohio Congressional delegation, the Prime Minister of Canada, the Speaker of the House of Commons of Canada, the Speaker of the Senate of Canada, and the news media of Ohio.

POM-159. A concurrent resolution adopted by the Legislature of the State of Hawaii affirming Hawaii's ongoing commitment to the goals of the Paris Climate Agreement, the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, and endorsement of the Fossil Fuel Non-Proliferation Treaty; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 108

Whereas, the scientific consensus is clear that human activities are primarily responsible for accelerating global climate change, and that the climate crisis now represents one of the preeminent threats to global civilization; and

Whereas, the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) reported in 2018 that we must achieve net zero in greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions by the middle of this century in order to have a reasonable chance of limiting global warming to 1.5 degrees Celsius; and

Whereas, the IPCC released its Sixth Assessment Report from Working Group II, which was approved by one hundred ninety-five member states, in February 2022, and the summary for policy makers notes that there is high confidence that "the rise in weather and climate extremes has led to some irreversible impacts as natural and human systems are pushed beyond their ability to adapt"; and

Whereas, the United Nations Secretary-General Antonio Guterres responded, "The IPCC is an atlas of human suffering . . . according to current commitment, global emissions are set to increase almost 14 percent. . . . It will destroy any chance of keeping 1.5 alive . . . coal and other fossil fuels are choking humanity"; and

Whereas, the United Nations Human Rights Council in 2021 adopted landmark legislation, Resolution 48/13, recognizing that a clean, healthy and sustainable environment is a human right; and

Whereas, changes in Hawaii's climate are already being felt, as evidenced by rising sea levels, coastal inundation, ocean warming as well as coral bleaching, heightened risk of wild fires, and increasing severe storms; and

Whereas, the entire community is impacted by the health and safety risks of fossil fuel expansion, particularly those who also face socioeconomic and health inequities, including low-income families, those experiencing homelessness, people of color and indigenous peoples, youth, seniors, those experiencing mental and physical disabilities, and people with health conditions; and

Whereas, youth and future generations have the most to lose from a lack of immediate action to stop fossil fuel expansion as they face major and lifelong health, ecological, social, and economic impacts from prolonged and cumulative effects of climate change, including food and water shortages, infectious diseases, and natural disasters; and

Whereas, the Paris Climate Agreement is silent on coal, oil, and gas, an omission with respect to the supply and production of fossil fuels (the largest source of GHG) that needs to be collectively addressed by other means; and

Whereas, the Glasgow Climate Pact provided for incremental improvements, only calling for a phase down, not a phase out, of coal; and

Whereas, global governments and the fossil fuel industry are currently planning to

produce about one hundred twenty percent more emissions by 2030 than what is needed to limit warming to 1.5 degrees Celsius and avert catastrophic climate disruption, and such plans risk undoing the work of the State to reduce GHG emissions; and

Whereas, the fossil fuel industry is currently claiming over fifty percent of coronavirus disease 2019 pandemic recovery funding from senior levels of government in the Group of Twenty, thereby siphoning away recovery funding badly needed by cities and other industries; and

Whereas, the construction of new fossil fuel infrastructure and expanded reliance on fossil fuels expose communities to untenable risks to public health and safety at the local and global levels; and

Whereas, the economic opportunities presented by a clean energy transition far outweigh the opportunities presented by an economy supported by expanding fossil fuel use and extraction; and

Whereas, the community is committed, as part of the climate emergency response, to a just energy transition and to ambitious investments in the green infrastructure and industries that will create jobs and rapidly decarbonize the economy; and

Whereas, Hawaii recognizes that it is the urgent responsibility and moral obligation of wealthy fossil fuel producers to lead efforts to end fossil fuel development and to manage the decline of existing production; and

Whereas, a new global initiative is underway calling for a Fossil Fuel Non-Proliferation Treaty that would end new fossil fuel exploration and expansion, phase out existing production in line with the global commitment to limit warming to 1.5 degrees Celsius, and accelerate equitable transition plans; now, therefore,

Be it *Resolved* by the Senate of the Thirty-first Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2022, the House of Representatives concurring, that this body affirms the State's ongoing commitment to the goals of the Paris Climate Agreement, the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals, and greenhouse gas reduction targets as called for by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change and pledges to meet its proportionate greenhouse gas reductions under the Paris Climate Agreement; and

Be it further *Resolved* that the State and each county are requested to formally endorse the call for a Fossil Fuel NonProliferation Treaty; and

Be it further *Resolved* that the United States government is urged to support the initiative for a Fossil Fuel NonProliferation Treaty; and

Be it further *Resolved* that certified copies of this Concurrent Resolution be transmitted to the United Nations Secretary General and High Commissioner for Human Rights, President and Vice President of the United States, President Pro Tempore of the United States Senate, Majority and Minority Leaders of the United States Senate, Speaker and Minority Leader of the United States House of Representatives, members of the Hawaii congressional delegation, Governor, and Mayor of each county.

POM-160. A resolution adopted by the House of Representatives of the State of New Hampshire condemning the Communist Party of China and the People's Republic of China; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 15

Whereas, the communist party of China has ruled over the People's Republic of China with an iron fist for 73 years since its founding in 1949; and

Whereas, the People's Republic of China has illegally occupied Tibet since 1951; and

Whereas, the People's Republic of China has illegally occupied Xinjiang since 1949; and

Whereas, the communist party of China and the People's Republic of China are committing genocide against Uyghurs and other ethnic and religious groups; and

Whereas, the communist party of China and the People's Republic of China have harvested organs of falun gong practitioners and political prisoners; and

Whereas, the communist party of China and the People's Republic of China have violated the "one country, two systems" policy which gave Hong Kong special autonomy; and

Whereas, the communist party of China and the People's Republic of China have violently and undemocratically clamped down on dissent in Hong Kong; and

Whereas, the People's Republic of China has illegally constructed artificial islands in the South China Sea and have laid claim to other countries' sovereign territorial waters; and

Whereas, the People's Republic of China is increasingly becoming a threat to global democracy; and

Whereas, the communist party of China and the People's Republic of China have made it their goal to destabilize America and its allies; and

Whereas, the Republic of China (Taiwan) is one of the world's strongest democracies; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives:

That the New Hampshire house of representatives stands with the people of Hong Kong and commends the Republic of China (Taiwan) for its strong democratic system; and

That the New Hampshire house of representatives condemns the communist party of the People's Republic of China in the strongest possible terms and calls on the federal government to do more to curb the communist party of China's global influence, impose more sanctions on the communist party of China, and to either eliminate the "one China" policy or to recognize the Republic of China (Taiwan) as the official China; and

That the house clerk forward copies of this resolution to the President of the United States, the President of the United States Senate, the Speaker and Clerk of the United States House of Representatives, the New Hampshire congressional delegation, the Ambassador of the People's Republic of China to the United States, and the Taipei Economic and Cultural Representative.

POM-161. A resolution adopted by the House of Representatives of the State of New Hampshire calling for the federal government to construct a nuclear waste repository to permanently store our nation's nuclear waste; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

HOUSE RESOLUTION No. 16

Whereas, the United States has no permanent nuclear waste storage facility; and

Whereas, spent nuclear fuel and other radioactive byproducts of nuclear power generation have nowhere to go and must remain on the sites of nuclear power facilities; and

Whereas, keeping nuclear waste on-site of nuclear power facilities potentially increases the risk to safety; and

Whereas, the state of New Hampshire has such a facility in Seabrook which stores nuclear waste on-site; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives:

That the New Hampshire house of representatives requests the federal government construct a nuclear waste repository to permanently store our nation's nuclear waste; and

That copies of this resolution, signed by the speaker of the house of representatives be forwarded by him to the President of the United States, the President of the United States Senate, the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, and to each member of the New Hampshire congressional delegation.

POM-162. A resolution adopted by the House of Representatives of the State of New Hampshire supporting the principles of federalism; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

HOUSE RESOLUTION No. 9

Whereas, our nation was organized by the Constitution with a clear division of civil authority between the federal government and the individual states; and

Whereas, the Constitution contains several provisions intended to establish and preserve that proper balance of civil authority between the federal government and the individual states; and

Whereas, those provisions in the original Constitution include, in Article I, a Senate with equal suffrage for all states, equal suffrage for the House of Representatives when selecting a President, and a specific limitation of federal authority with the enumerated powers of Congress. In Article III there is a specific list of original jurisdictional authorities for the Supreme Court and Congressional control of appellate jurisdictional authority for the Supreme Court. In Article V equal suffrage is required for all states when proposing and ratifying constitutional amendments; and

Whereas, in the Bill of Rights certain rights of the people are enumerated in the first 8 amendments and the Ninth Amendment reserves all unenumerated rights for the people; and

Whereas, the Tenth Amendment clearly states: "The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people;" and

Whereas, James Madison said in Federalist #45 "The powers delegated [that is, enumerated] by the proposed Constitution to the federal government are few and defined. Those which are to remain in the state governments are numerous and indefinite. The former [federal powers] will be exercised principally on external objects, as war, peace, negotiation, and foreign commerce; with which last the power of taxation will, for the most part, be connected. The powers reserved to the several states will extend to all the objects which in the ordinary course of affairs concern the lives, liberties, and properties of the people, and the internal order, improvement, and prosperity of the state;" and

Whereas, James Madison warned in 1792: "If Congress can apply money indefinitely to the 'general welfare,' and are the sole and supreme judges of the 'general welfare,' they may take the care of religion into their own hands; they may establish teachers in every state, county, and parish, and pay them out of the public treasury; they may take into their own hands, the education of children, establishing in like manner schools throughout the Union; they may undertake the regulation of all roads other than post roads. In short, everything, from the highest object of state legislation down to the most minute object of police would be thrown under the power of Congress . . ."; and

Whereas, in 1791 Thomas Jefferson wrote: "I consider the foundation of the Constitution as laid on this ground that 'all powers not delegated to the United States, by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the states, are reserved to the states or to the

people.' To take a single step beyond the boundaries thus specially drawn around the powers of Congress is to take possession of a boundless field of power, no longer susceptible of any definition;" and

Whereas, in 1800 Thomas Jefferson wrote: "What an augmentation [growth] of the field for jobbing, speculating, plundering, office-building, and office-hunting would be produced by an assumption of all the state powers into the hands of the [federal] government. The true theory of our Constitution is surely the wisest and best: that the States are independent as to everything within themselves, and united as to everything respecting foreign nations;" and

Whereas, Richard Henry Lee, in 1788 wrote: "In forming a federal constitution, which ex vi termini, supposes state governments existing, and which is only to manage a few great national concerns, we often find it easier to enumerate particularly the powers to be delegated to the federal head than to enumerate particularly the individual rights to be reserved;" and

Whereas, Supreme Court Justice Joseph Story wrote in 1833: "Let us never forget that our constitutions of government are solemn instruments, addressed to the common sense of the people and designed to fix and perpetuate their rights and their liberties. They are not to be frittered away to please the demagogues of the day. They are not to be violated to gratify the ambition of political leaders. They are to speak in the same voice now and forever. They are of no man's private interpretation. They are ordained by the will of the people and can be changed only by the sovereign command of the people"; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives:

That the state of New Hampshire, on behalf of all the citizens of this individual state, renews its commitment to all of the unalienable rights of its citizens and all of the constitutional civil authority reserved for the individual state of New Hampshire; and

That the clerk of the New Hampshire house of representatives transmit a copy of this resolution to the President of the United States, the President of the United States Senate, and the Speaker and the Clerk of the United States House of Representatives.

POM-163. A resolution adopted by the House of Representatives of the State of New Hampshire requesting an investigation on whether opioids, benzodiazepines, and exposure to chemical agents contribute to suicides by veterans; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

HOUSE RESOLUTION No.8

Whereas, in fiscal 2012, the Veterans Administration issued benzodiazepines to 28 percent of the 640,000 veterans seen for post traumatic stress disorder (PTSD), and the amount of prescriptions at the Veterans Administration for these drugs amounted to 2.4 million in fiscal 2014; and

Whereas, 27 percent of veterans who received opioid analgesics from 2004-2009 also received benzodiazepines; and

Whereas, benzodiazepines can be addictive and can possibly enhance fear following trauma and suicidal thoughts, they also have some valid uses, such as stopping panic attacks from escalating, easing sleep disorders, and helping agitated patients at high risk of harm to themselves or others; and

Whereas, the 2015 suicide rate for female veterans receiving care through the Veterans Health Administration was 17.8 per 100,000, compared to 45.6 male veterans under care; and

Whereas, the Department of Veterans Affairs now reports that the New Hampshire

veterans suicide rate of 33 per year was, “significantly higher than the national suicide rate;” and

Whereas, 20.6 armed service veterans are taking their own lives each day, substantially higher than the national average, with the suicide rate for veterans aged 18–34 increased substantially to 45 deaths per 100,000; and

Whereas, while the Veterans Administration’s clinical practice guidelines recommend against their use in patients with PTSD due to “lack of efficacy data and growing evidence for the potential risk of harm,” physicians often prescribe them to patients who come to them already taking those medications because abruptly stopping them can incur serious risks; and

Whereas, the suicide rate among veterans ages 18 to 27 receiving care at VA medical facilities is 79 per 100,000, and suicide rates among armed service veterans receiving care has been substantially higher than among those not under care; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives: That the New Hampshire house of representatives respectfully urges the Congress of the United States, the Department of Defense, and the Department of Veteran Affairs to continue to investigate whether opioids, benzodiazepines, exposure to agent orange, insecticides, pyridostigmine bromide, and nerve agents including, but not limited to, sarin and cyclosarin, as well as vaccines administered to military personnel such as Mefloquine, and constant, long term stress from service in the theater of operations are contributing to the high number of suicides by veteran members of the armed forces and whether veteran members of the armed forces who seek treatment for conditions that cause pain should receive alternative treatments such as chiropractic, physical therapy, occupational therapy, acupuncture, massage therapy, and/or osteopathic manipulation before receiving prescriptions for opioids; and

That the house clerk forward official copies of this resolution to the President of the United States, the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, the President of the United States Senate, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, and to all the members of the New Hampshire congressional delegation with the request that this resolution be officially entered in the Congressional Record as a high priority for the Congress of the United States of America.

POM-164. A resolution adopted by the Council of the County of Maui, affirming the county of Maui’s ongoing commitment to the goals of the Paris Climate Agreement and endorsement of the Fossil Fuel Non-Proliferation Treaty; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

EXECUTIVE REPORTS OF COMMITTEE

The following executive reports of nominations were submitted:

By Mr. MENENDEZ for the Committee on Foreign Relations.

Robert A. Wood, of New York, to be Alternate Representative of the United States of America for Special Political Affairs in the United Nations, with the rank of Ambassador.

Robert A. Wood, of New York, to be an Alternate Representative of the United States of America to the Sessions of the General Assembly of the United Nations, during his tenure of service as Alternate Representative of the United States of America for Special Political Affairs in the United Nations.

Nominee: Robert Anthony Wood.
Post: Alternate Representative of the United States of America for Special Political

Affairs in the United Nations, with the rank of Ambassador and an Alternate Representative of the United States of America to the Sessions of the General Assembly of the United Nations during tenure of service as an Alternate Representative of the United States of America for Special Political Affairs in the United Nations, Department of State.

Nominated: January 7, 2022 and March 8, 2022.

(The following is a list of members of my immediate family. I have asked each of these persons to inform me of the pertinent contributions made by them. To the best of my knowledge, the information contained in this report is complete and accurate.)

Contributions, donee, date, and amount:
Robert Anthony Wood, None, Gita Gouri-Wood, None.

Dean R. Thompson, of Maryland, a Career Member of the Senior Foreign Service, Class of Minister-Counselor, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to Nepal.

Nominee: Dean Richard Thompson.
Post: Kathmandu, Nepal.

(The following is a list of members of my immediate family. I have asked each of these persons to inform me of the pertinent contributions made by them. To the best of my knowledge, the information contained in this report is complete and accurate.)

Contributions, amount, date, and donee:
Dean Thompson: none.
Jane Thompson: none.

Richard Lee Buangan, of California, a Career Member of the Senior Foreign Service, Class of Minister-Counselor, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to Mongolia.

Nominee: Richard Lee Buangan.
Post: Mongolia.

The following is a list of members of my immediate family. I have asked each of these persons to inform me of the pertinent contributions made by them. To the best of my knowledge, the information contained in this report is complete and accurate.

Contributions, Amount, Date, and Donee:
None.

David Pressman, of New York, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to Hungary.
Nominee: David Pressman.
Post: Hungary.

(The following is a list of members of my immediate family. I have asked each of these persons to inform me of the pertinent contributions made by them. To the best of my knowledge, the information contained in this report is complete and accurate.)

Contributions, amount, date, and donee:
David Pressman, \$2800, July 28, 2020, Biden for President; \$1000, October 29, 2020, Tom Malinowski for Congress; \$250, October 4, 2018, Heidi [Heitkamp] for Senate.

Daniel Basila, \$25, October 8, 2018, ActBlue; \$50, October 8, 2018, ActBlue; \$50, October 8, 2018, ActBlue; \$100, October 8, 2018, ActBlue; \$100, October 10, 2018, ActBlue; \$100, April 10, 2019, ActBlue; \$100, June 30, 2019, ActBlue; \$100, June 30, 2019, ActBlue; \$5, January 17, 2020, ActBlue; \$50, January 17, 2020, ActBlue; \$50, February 16, 2020, ActBlue; \$5, February 16, 2020, ActBlue; \$10, July 18, 2020, ActBlue; \$100, July 23, 2020, ActBlue; \$100, September 22, 2020, ActBlue; \$100, September 22, 2020, ActBlue; \$100, September 22, 2020, ActBlue; \$100, September 22, 2020, ActBlue; \$100, September 22, 2020, ActBlue; \$500, September 22, 2020, Future Now Fund.

Marie C. Damour, of Virginia, a Career Member of the Senior Foreign Service, Class of Minister-Counselor, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to the Republic of Fiji, and to serve concurrently and without additional compensation as Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the

United States of America to the Republic of Kiribati, the Republic of Nauru, the Kingdom of Tonga, and Tuvalu.

Nominee: Marie Christine Damour.
Post: Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Republic of Fiji, Republic of Kiribati, Republic of Nauru, Kingdom of Tonga, and Tuvalu.

Nominated: May 26, 2022.
(The following is a list of members of my immediate family. I have asked each of these persons to inform me of the pertinent contributions made by them. To the best of my knowledge, the information contained in this report is complete and accurate.)

Contributions, donee, date, and amount:
Marie C. Damour, Spouse, N/A, None.

Elizabeth Shortino, of the District of Columbia, to be United States Executive Director of the International Monetary Fund for a term of two years.

Geoffrey R. Pyatt, of California, a Career Member of the Senior Foreign Service, Class of Career Minister, to be an Assistant Secretary of State (Energy Resources).

Mr. MENENDEZ. Mr. President, for the Committee on Foreign Relations I report favorably the following nomination list which was printed in the RECORD on the date indicated, and ask unanimous consent, to save the expense of reprinting on the Executive Calendar that this nomination lie at the Secretary’s desk for the information of Senators.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Foreign Service nomination of Sara C. Schuman.

(Nominations without an asterisk were reported with the recommendation that they be confirmed.)

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following bills and joint resolutions were introduced, read the first and second times by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

By Mr. CRUZ:
S. 4547. A bill to require a report on efforts by Venezuelan state actors and transnational criminal organizations to capture and detain United States citizens as hostages; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

By Ms. SINEMA (for herself and Mr. KELLY):

S. 4548. A bill to provide for the assumption of full ownership and control of the International Outfall Interceptor in Nogales, Arizona, by the International Boundary and Water Commission, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

By Mr. CORNYN (for himself, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. GRASSLEY, Mr. COONS, Mr. COTTON, Mr. OSSOFF, Mrs. BLACKBURN, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, and Mr. KENNEDY):

S. 4549. A bill to provide for a system for reviewing the case files of cold case murders at the instance of certain persons, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Ms. SMITH (for herself, Mrs. MURRAY, Ms. WARREN, Mr. VAN HOLLEN, Ms. CORTEZ MASTO, Mr. KING, Ms. STABENOW, Mr. LUJAN, Mr. BENNET, Mrs. SHAHEEN, Ms. HIRONO, Mr. PADILLA, Mr. SCHATZ, Ms. HASSAN, Mr. KAINE, Mr. MENENDEZ, Ms. ROSEN, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. WYDEN, Mr. SANDERS, Mr. MARKEY, Ms. BALDWIN, Mr. REED, Mr. MERKLEY, Ms. DUCKWORTH, Mr. MURPHY, Mr. KELLY, Ms. KLOBUCHAR, Mr.