NOT VOTING-17

Brown (MD) Budd Cartwright Cheney Doggett Gibbs Hollingsworth Lofgren Murphy (FL) Norcross Perry Quigley Rice (NY) Simpson Smith (NJ) Yarmuth Zeldin

□ 1932

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

$\begin{array}{c} {\tt MEMBERS} \ {\tt RECORDED} \ {\tt PURSUANT} \ {\tt TO} \ {\tt HOUSE} \\ {\tt RESOLUTION} \ {\tt 8, \ 117TH} \ {\tt CONGRESS} \end{array}$

Baird (Bucshon) Bass (Correa) Bilirakis (Fleischmann) Blumenauer (Bever) Boebert (Gaetz) Butterfield (Bever) Conway (Valadao) Crenshaw (Ellzev) DeFazio (Pallone) DesJarlais (Fleischmann) Duncan (Norman) Gallego (Correa) Gomez (Evans) Granger (Gonzales Tony (TX))

Jacobs (NY)
(Tenney)
Johnson (TX)
(Jeffries)
Jones (Beyer)
Khanna (Jeffries)
Kirkpatrick
(Pallone)
Lamh (Pallone)

Kirkpatrick (Pallone) LaMalfa (Ellzey) Lamb (Pallone) Lawrence (Pallone) McEachin (Beyer) Meeks (Jeffries) Meng (Kuster) Napolitano (Correa) Nehls (Babin) Newman (Beyer) Palazzo (Moore (UT))
Rogers (KY)
(Reschenthaler)
Rush (Bowman)
Ryan (OH)
(Correa)
Sánchez
(Pallone)
Scott, Austin
(Cammack)
Sewell (Cicilline)
Sires (Pallone)

Rodgers (WA)

(Pallone) Stewart (Owens) Thompson (PA) (Keller) Vargas (Correa) Waltz (Gimenez) Welch (Pallone)

Stansbury

CONTINUATION OF THE NATIONAL EMERGENCY WITH RESPECT TO PERSONS WHO COMMIT, THREATEN TO COMMIT, OR SUPPORT TERRORISM—MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES (H. DOC. NO. 117–145)

(Fleischmann)

Payne (Pallone)

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Ms. STRICKLAND) laid before the House the following message from the President of the United States; which was read and, together with the accompanying papers, referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs and ordered to be printed:

To the Congress of the United States:

Section 202(d) of the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1622(d)) provides for the automatic termination of a national emergency unless, within 90 days prior to the anniversary date of its declaration, the President publishes in the Federal Register and transmits to the Congress a notice stating that the emergency is to continue in effect beyond the anniversary date. In accordance with this provision, I have sent to the Federal Register for publication the enclosed notice stating that the national emergency with respect to persons who commit, threaten to commit, or support terrorism declared in Executive Order 13224 of September 23, 2001. as amended, is to continue in effect beyond September 23, 2022.

The crisis constituted by the grave acts of terrorism and threats of terrorism committed by foreign terrorists, including the terrorist attacks on September 11, 2001, in New York and

Pennsylvania and against the Pentagon, and the continuing and immediate threat of further attacks on United States nationals or the United States that led to the declaration of a national emergency on September 23, 2001, has not been resolved. This crisis continues to pose an unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security, foreign policy, and economy of the United States. Therefore, I have determined that it is necessary to continue the national emergency declared in Executive Order 13224, as amended, with respect to persons who commit, threaten to commit, or support terrorism.

JOSEPH R. BIDEN, Jr. THE WHITE HOUSE, September 19, 2022.

CELEBRATING THE INFLATION REDUCTION ACT

(Ms. GARCIA of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. GARCIA of Texas. Madam Speaker, I rise to celebrate the Inflation Reduction Act. This law not only makes a massive \$370 billion climate and energy investment nationwide, but it could generate up to 5 million new clean energy jobs across America.

Madam Speaker, Texas is number one in wind energy and number two in solar energy. Texas led all States in overall renewable energy production in the first quarter of 2022. There are nearly 240,000 Texas workers in the clean energy industry.

This number will soon increase because of the estimated \$66 billion investment in Texas' clean power industry between now and 2030. More Texas workers will be able to gain employment across the solar, wind, and other clean energy industries.

President Biden and House Democrats are not only fighting the climate crisis, but we are making sure workers can transition into good-paying clean energy jobs. We are putting people over politics, and it is about jobs, jobs, and more jobs.

RECOGNIZING THE THUNDERBOLT FIRE DEPARTMENT

(Mr. CARTER of Georgia asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. CARTER of Georgia. Madam Speaker, I rise today to recognize the heroism of the Thunderbolt Fire Department for its swift and effective response after Savannah Bananas pitcher Bill Lee collapsed while warming up.

Bill "Spaceman" Lee is a legendary pitcher, a Boston Red Sox Hall of Famer, and a notorious personality in Major League Baseball. He is beloved by his community. Teammates and colleagues use words like "infectious," "unique," and "living legend" to describe him

His commitment to the great American pastime is lifelong, having contin-

ued to pitch for 40 years after the end of his career in the major leagues.

While warming up for a Savannah Bananas game, Bill, unfortunately, suffered from a sudden cardiac episode that rendered him unconscious and unable to breathe. The Thunderbolt Fire Department reacted immediately, however, and Bill was quickly resuscitated and in a stable condition when he was transferred to a local hospital.

Bill is already well on his way to a full and speedy recovery and is today in great spirits, waiting for his next game.

We have the Thunderbolt Fire Department's timely intervention to thank for saving this baseball legend's life, and I take this opportunity to recognize them today.

REAUTHORIZING THE READ ACT

(Ms. LEE of California asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. LEE of California. Madam Speaker, I rise in strong support of H.R. 7240 to reauthorize the Reinforcing Education Accountability in Development Act, or the READ Act.

I thank my good friend, Chairwoman KAREN BASS, for leading this bipartisan legislation and Chairman MEEKS and the Speaker for moving it to the floor.

Our dear friend and a great leader, Chairwoman NITA LOWEY, who preceded me as chair of the Subcommittee on State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs, led the charge to pass the READ Act in 2017. I saw her over this weekend, and she was so excited that this bill was coming to the floor.

The READ Act coordinates and amplifies U.S. efforts to support basic education abroad. Over 58 million children still cannot go to school around the world, more than half are girls, and COVID-19 disrupted learning for hundreds of millions of kids, creating huge challenges for meeting the sustainable development goal of providing a quality education for all kids by 2030.

I was proud to include in the fiscal year 2023 House SFOPS appropriations bill \$985 million for international basic education, \$35 million above last year's enacted level and \$291.6 million above the President's budget request. The READ Act authorization will ensure that these resources will deliver the most value for kids around the world.

INCREASING ILLEGAL CROSSINGS AND DECREASING DEPORTATIONS

(Mr. GROTHMAN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. GROTHMAN. Madam Speaker, I bring attention to the American people of what should be the number one story in every newspaper in the country tomorrow, but we know they won't even cover it.

Today were released the encounters and releases at the southern border for August—just shy of 140,000 people. By

comparison, 2 years ago in August of the prior administration, it was 13,000. So, in 2 years, we have gone from 13,000 to 140.000.

That also means a corresponding increase in the amount of fentanyl crossing the border, and we all know that, right now, we have well over 100,000 illegal drug deaths in America, and of those 100,000, the vast majority contain fentanyl.

I also point out that, right now, the deportations are about one quarter per day as to what they were for people committing crimes 2 years ago.

I want the American people to wake up and demand something serious be done on the border, and I beg the press corps to talk about the new August numbers for people crossing here illegally.

\Box 1945

FISCAL YEAR 2023 COMMUNITY PROJECT FUNDING

(Mr. MRVAN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. MRVAN. Madam Speaker, I rise today to express my profound support for the work of the House Appropriations Committee and highlight the inclusion of the Fiscal Year 2023 Community Project Funding requests for Indiana's First Congressional District.

I am grateful for the ability to collaborate with local units of government, nonprofit organizations, and institutions of higher education to effectively advocate in a transparent fashion for their eligible projects.

Notably, the House-approved legislation includes funding for vital economic and transportation assets in Northwest Indiana, including the Gary/Chicago International Airport, the Burns Waterway Small Boat Harbor in Portage, and shoreline restoration efforts for Mount Baldy within the Indiana Dunes National Park.

I look forward to continuing to work with all my colleagues to complete our constitutional work to fund government and advance the needs of our districts.

IMMIGRATION HYPOCRISY

(Mr. MEUSER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. MEUSER. Madam Speaker, over the past 21 months under the Biden administration, border States and cities such as McAllen, Texas and Yuma, Arizona, have seen hundreds of thousands of illegal immigrants enter their cities under these reckless border policies.

I, along with 59 Republicans, introduced H.R. 6592, the Immigration Transparency and Notification Act, to provide for transparency of these secret immigration flights conducted by the Biden administration into my hometown and rural towns across America.

Thousands of illegals were flown into areas across the country with no notice or coordination, yet no one flinched; no mainstream media attention; no outrage from the White House.

Now that Chicago, D.C., and Martha's Vineyard have joined the party and been introduced to open border policy, somehow, now this is a national tragedy and unacceptable. This is hypocrisy at its highest.

CONGRESSIONAL BLACK CAUCUS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 4, 2021, the gentlewoman from Texas (Ms. Jackson Lee) is recognized for 60 minutes as the designee of the majority leader.

GENERAL LEAVE

Ms. JACKSON LEE. Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members have 5 legislative days to revise and extend their remarks and include any extraneous material on the subject of this Special Order.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from Texas?

There was no objection.

Ms. JACKSON LEE. Madam Speaker, I rise to begin the discussion that I think we will continue in days to come and even into the new year, and that is to discuss the Congressional Black Caucus' accomplishments in this Congress, the 117th.

By its very nature, the tenure and the breadth and depth of members of the Congressional Black Caucus, I believe that we can be talking for a very long time, and so this will probably be a continuum to tell the American people how we have been helping to ensure that they have a better quality of life.

I am very proud to join with the chairwoman of the Congressional Black Caucus, JOYCE BEATTY, who has led us, in the 117th Congress, to be instrumental in the lives of intergenerations, across generational lines, and to ensure that those who are at the beginning of life, and those in between raising their families, know that the Congressional Black Caucus is standing with them.

One particularly unique example of that is, of course, the HBCU conference that is going on this week, where HBCUs are coming from all over the country. And it is interesting to be able to associate, not only our colleague, ALMA ADAMS, as the chair of the HBCU Caucus, of which I am a member and many of our colleagues are members, including I see on the floor, Chairman Scott.

Under his leadership, the HBCUs have gotten more money—than I believe in the history of many of our tenure here in the United States Congress—working with President Biden. This is the leadership of the Congressional Black Caucus.

So let me quickly begin my comments, and I will look forward to yielding to my friends who are here, includ-

ing my colleague and friend from Louisiana, Mr. Troy Carter, Congressman Carter, who is the new vice chair of the Congressional Children's Caucus. And I know that we are looking forward to many days of action on behalf of the children of America and on behalf of children of color and African-American children.

Members of the Congressional Black Caucus strongly support the President's goal of passing legislation that will significantly reduce healthcare costs for all Americans.

The Inflation Reduction Act will significantly reduce, and has significantly reduced, prescription drug costs and expanded healthcare coverage for millions of Black Americans, relieving financial strains on individuals and families.

What I think is most important is the work that many of us on the Congressional Black Caucus did, including the work that I advocated with our whip, JIM CLYBURN, and Senator WARNOCK. We were on it for the \$35 cap on insulin, along with our colleagues. It was driven and inspired by members of the Congressional Black Caucus to ensure that insulin, which now is one of the driving forces of creating a better quality of life for our seniors—you can say that the Congressional Black Caucus was intimately involved in that.

We were intimately involved in ensuring that it has a fair response to climate change around the issue of bringing down the cost of energy for our families in America. And of course, that impacts Black families.

This new law will help bring down energy costs for millions of Black Americans, and it includes very strong protections and programs to promote environmental justice.

Of course, we worked extensively on the bipartisan infrastructure law. That was, of course, a very pivotal role for those of us in the Congressional Black Caucus. Black, Hispanic, Asian American, Pacific Islander, Native Americans, especially those who reside in urban communities, are more likely to be negatively impacted by pollution. Black people are almost three times more likely to die from asthma-related causes than their White counterparts.

And, of course, the Congressional Black Caucus led in negotiations to assure that this was a balanced bill.

In particular, my constituents have already seen the magnificent results of the once-in-a-generation piece of legislation. Houston METRO was granted a \$21 million grant to buy battery-powered electric buses, and it has helped it move to the next level, next generation of rapid transit, and plans to go to the airports, both Hobby and Bush Intercontinental, in my district, with bipartisan infrastructure dollars.

And as a hurricane-prone community, as many of the Gulf States are, from Louisiana to Texas and Mississippi, the bipartisan infrastructure bill will help us work on those flood-