

Spartz (Banks)	Suozzi	Trahan (Trone)
Speier (Garcia)	(Perlmutter)	Van Drew
(TX)	Swalwell	(Fleischmann)
Stefanik (Keller)	(Correa)	Vargas (Correa)
Steube	Taylor	Veasey (Kelly
(Franklin, C.	(Armstrong)	(IL))
Scott)	Thompson (CA)	Walorski (Banks)
Stevens (Kuster)	(Correa)	Welch (Pallone)
Stewart (Moore	Tiffany	Wenstrup (Latta)
(UT)	(Fitzgerald)	Williams (GA)
Strickland	Tlaib (Dingell)	(Neguse)
(Neguse)	Torres (NY)	Wilson (SC)
	(Correa)	(Dunn)

ASSAULT WEAPONS BAN OF 2022

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to House Resolution 1302, I call up the bill (H.R. 1808) to regulate assault weapons, to ensure that the right to keep and bear arms is not unlimited, and for other purposes, and ask for its immediate consideration in the House.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. PERLMUTTER). Pursuant to House Resolution 1302, in lieu of the amendment in the nature of a substitute recommended by the Committee on the Judiciary printed in the bill, an amendment in the nature of a substitute consisting of the text of Rules Committee print 117-60, modified by the amendment printed in House Report 117-448, is adopted, and the bill, as amended, is considered read.

The text of the bill, as amended, is as follows:

H.R. 1808

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Assault Weapons Ban of 2022”.

SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 921(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(38) The term ‘semiautomatic pistol’ means any repeating pistol that—

“(A) utilizes a portion of the energy of a firing cartridge to extract the fired cartridge case and chamber the next round; and

“(B) requires a separate pull of the trigger to fire each cartridge.

“(39) The term ‘semiautomatic shotgun’ means any repeating shotgun that—

“(A) utilizes a portion of the energy of a firing shell to extract the fired shell casing and chamber the next round; and

“(B) requires a separate pull of the trigger to fire each shell.

“(40) The term ‘semiautomatic assault weapon’ means any of the following, regardless of country of manufacture or caliber of ammunition accepted:

“(A) A semiautomatic rifle that—

“(i) has the capacity to accept a detachable ammunition feeding device; and

“(ii) has any 1 of the following:

“(I) A pistol grip.

“(II) A forward grip.

“(III) A folding, telescoping, or detachable stock, or a stock that is otherwise foldable or adjustable in a manner that operates to reduce the length, size, or any other dimension, or otherwise enhances the concealability, of the weapon.

“(IV) A grenade launcher.

“(V) A barrel shroud.

“(VI) A threaded barrel.

“(B) A semiautomatic rifle that has a fixed ammunition feeding device with the capacity to accept more than 15 rounds, except for an at-

tached tubular device designed to accept, and capable of operating only with, .22 caliber rim-fire ammunition.

“(C) Any part, combination of parts, component, device, attachment, or accessory that is designed or functions to accelerate the rate of fire of a semiautomatic firearm but not convert the semiautomatic firearm into a machinegun.

“(D) A semiautomatic pistol that—

“(i) has an ammunition feeding device that is not a fixed ammunition feeding device; and

“(ii) has any 1 of the following:

“(I) A threaded barrel.

“(II) A second pistol grip.

“(III) A barrel shroud.

“(IV) The capacity to accept a detachable ammunition feeding device at some location outside of the pistol grip.

“(V) A semiautomatic version of an automatic firearm.

“(VI) A manufactured weight of 50 ounces or more when unloaded.

“(VII) A buffer tube, stabilizing brace or similar component that protrudes horizontally behind the pistol grip, and is designed or redesigned to allow or facilitate a firearm to be fired from the shoulder.

“(E) A semiautomatic pistol with a fixed ammunition feeding device that has the capacity to accept more than 15 rounds.

“(F) A semiautomatic shotgun that—

“(i) has the capacity to accept a detachable ammunition feeding device or a fixed ammunition feeding device that has the capacity to accept more than 5 rounds; and

“(ii) has any 1 of the following:

“(I) A folding, telescoping, or detachable stock.

“(II) A pistol grip or bird’s head grip.

“(III) A forward grip.

“(IV) A grenade launcher.

“(G) Any shotgun with a revolving cylinder.

“(H) All of the following rifles, copies, duplicates, variants, or altered facsimiles with the capability of any such weapon thereof:

“(i) All AK types, including the following:

“(I) AK, AK47, AK47S, AK-74, AKM, AKS, ARM, MAK90, M1SR, NHM90, NHM91, Rock River Arms LAR-47, SA85, SA93, Vector Arms AK-47, VEPR, WASR-10, and WUM.

“(II) IZHMASH Saiga AK.

“(III) MAADI AK47 and ARM.

“(IV) Norinco 56S, 56S2, 84S, and 86S.

“(V) Poly Technologies AK47 and AKS.

“(VI) SKS with a detachable ammunition feeding device.

“(ii) All AR types, including the following:

“(I) AR-10.

“(II) AR-15.

“(III) Alexander Arms Overmatch Plus 16.

“(IV) Armalite M15 22LR Carbine.

“(V) Armalite M15-T.

“(VI) Barrett REC7.

“(VII) Beretta AR-70.

“(VIII) Black Rain Ordnance Recon Scout.

“(IX) Bushmaster ACR.

“(X) Bushmaster Carbon 15.

“(XI) Bushmaster MOE series.

“(XII) Bushmaster XM15.

“(XIII) Chiappa Firearms MFour rifles.

“(XIV) Colt Match Target rifles.

“(XV) CORE Rifle Systems CORE15 rifles.

“(XVI) Daniel Defense M4A1 rifles.

“(XVII) Devil Dog Arms 15 Series rifles.

“(XVIII) Diamondback DB15 rifles.

“(XIX) DoubleStar AR rifles.

“(XX) DPMS Tactical rifles.

“(XXI) DSA Inc. ZM-4 Carbine.

“(XXII) Heckler & Koch MR556.

“(XXIII) High Standard HSA-15 rifles.

“(XXIV) Jesse James Nomad AR-15 rifle.

“(XXV) Knight’s Armament SR-15.

“(XXVI) Lancer L15 rifles.

“(XXVII) MGI Hydra Series rifles.

“(XXVIII) Mossberg MMR Tactical rifles.

“(XXIX) Noreen Firearms BN 36 rifle.

“(XXX) Olympic Arms.

“(XXXI) POF USA P415.

“(XXXII) Precision Firearms AR rifles.

“(XXXIII) Remington R-15 rifles.

“(XXXIV) Rhino Arms AR rifles.

“(XXXV) Rock River Arms LAR-15.

“(XXXVI) Sig Sauer SIG516 rifles and MCX rifles.

“(XXXVII) Smith & Wesson M&P15 rifles.

“(XXXVIII) Stag Arms AR rifles.

“(XXXIX) Sturm, Ruger & Co. SR556 and AR-556 rifles.

“(XL) Useton Arms Air-Lite M-4 rifles.

“(XLI) Windham Weaponry AR rifles.

“(XLII) WMD Guns Big Beast.

“(XLIII) Yankee Hill Machine Company, Inc. YHM-15 rifles.

“(iii) Barrett M107A1.

“(iv) Barrett M82A1.

“(v) Beretta CX4 Storm.

“(vi) Calico Liberty Series.

“(vii) CETME Sporter.

“(viii) Daewoo K-1, K-2, Max 1, Max 2, AR 100, and AR 110C.

“(ix) Fabrique Nationale/FN Herstal FAL, LAR, 22 FNC, 308 Match, LIA1 Sporter, PS90, SCAR, and FS2000.

“(x) Feather Industries AT-9.

“(xi) Galil Model AR and Model ARM.

“(xii) Hi-Point Carbine.

“(xiii) HK-91, HK-93, HK-94, HK-PSG-1, and HK USC.

“(xiv) IWI TAVOR, Galil ACE rifle.

“(xv) Kel-Tec Sub-2000, SU-16, and RFB.

“(xvi) SIG AMT, SIG PE-57, Sig Sauer SG 550, Sig Sauer SG 551, and SIG MCX.

“(xvii) Springfield Armory SAR-48.

“(xviii) Steyr AUG.

“(xix) Sturm, Ruger & Co. Mini-14 Tactical Rifle M-14/20CF.

“(xx) All Thompson rifles, including the following:

“(I) Thompson M1SB.

“(II) Thompson T1100D.

“(III) Thompson T150D.

“(IV) Thompson T1B.

“(V) Thompson T1B100D.

“(VI) Thompson T1B50D.

“(VII) Thompson T1BSB.

“(VIII) Thompson T1-C.

“(IX) Thompson T1D.

“(X) Thompson T1SB.

“(XI) Thompson T5.

“(XII) Thompson T5100D.

“(XIII) Thompson TMI.

“(XIV) Thompson TMIC.

“(xv) UMAREX UZI rifle.

“(xvii) UZI Mini Carbine, UZI Model A Carbine, and UZI Model B Carbine.

“(xviii) Valmet M62S, M71S, and M78.

“(xix) Vector Arms UZI Type.

“(xx) Weaver Arms Nighthawk.

“(xxvi) Wilkinson Arms Linda Carbine.

“(I) All of the following pistols, copies, duplicates, variants, or altered facsimiles with the capability of any such weapon thereof:

“(i) All AK types, including the following:

“(I) Centurion 39 AK pistol.

“(II) CZ Scorpion pistol.

“(III) Draco AK-47 pistol.

“(IV) HCR AK-47 pistol.

“(V) IO Inc. Hellpup AK-47 pistol.

“(VI) Krinkov pistol.

“(VII) Mini Draco AK-47 pistol.

“(VIII) PAP M92 pistol.

“(IX) Yugo Krebs Krink pistol.

“(ii) All AR types, including the following:

“(I) American Spirit AR-15 pistol.

“(II) Bushmaster Carbon 15 pistol.

“(III) Chiappa Firearms M4 Pistol GEN II.

“(IV) CORE Rifle Systems CORE15 Roscoe pistol.

“(V) Daniel Defense MK18 pistol.

“(VI) DoubleStar Corporation AR pistol.

“(VII) DPMS AR-15 pistol.

“(VIII) Jesse James Nomad AR-15 pistol.

“(IX) Olympic Arms AR-15 pistol.

“(X) Osprey Armament MK-18 pistol.

“(XI) POF USA AR pistols.

“(XII) Rock River Arms LAR 15 pistol.

“(XIII) Usetlon Arms Air-Lite M-4 pistol.
 “(iii) Calico pistols.
 “(iv) DSA SA58 PKP FAL pistol.
 “(v) Encom MP-9 and MP-45.
 “(vi) Heckler & Koch model SP-89 pistol.
 “(vii) Intratec AB-10, TEC-22 Scorpion, TEC-9, and TEC-DC9.
 “(viii) IWI Galil Ace pistol, UZI PRO pistol.
 “(ix) Kel-Tec PLR 16 pistol.
 “(x) All MAC types, including the following:
 “(I) MAC-10.
 “(II) MAC-11.
 “(III) Masterpiece Arms MPA A930 Mini Pistol, MPA460 Pistol, MPA Tactical Pistol, and MPA Mini Tactical Pistol.
 “(IV) Military Armament Corp. Ingram M-11.
 “(V) Velocity Arms VMAC.
 “(xi) Sig Sauer P556 pistol.
 “(xii) Sites Spectre.
 “(xiii) All Thompson types, including the following:
 “(I) Thompson TA510D.
 “(II) Thompson TA5.
 “(xiv) All UZI types, including Micro-UZI.
 “(J) All of the following shotguns, copies, duplicates, variants, or altered facsimiles with the capability of any such weapon thereof:
 “(i) DERYA Anakon MC-1980, Anakon SD12.
 “(ii) Doruk Lethal shotguns.
 “(iii) Franchi LAW-12 and SPAS 12.
 “(iv) All IZHMASH Saiga 12 types, including the following:
 “(I) IZHMASH Saiga 12.
 “(II) IZHMASH Saiga 12S.
 “(III) IZHMASH Saiga 12S EXP-01.
 “(IV) IZHMASH Saiga 12K.
 “(V) IZHMASH Saiga 12K-030.
 “(VI) IZHMASH Saiga 12K-040 Taktika.
 “(v) Streetsweeper.
 “(vi) Striker 12.
 “(K) All belt-fed semiautomatic firearms, including TNW M2HB and FN M2495.
 “(L) Any combination of parts from which a firearm described in subparagraphs (A) through (K) can be assembled.
 “(M) The frame or receiver of a rifle or shotgun described in subparagraph (G), (H), (J), or (K).
 “(41) The term ‘large capacity ammunition feeding device’—
 “(A) means a magazine, belt, drum, feed strip, or similar device, including any such device joined or coupled with another in any manner, that has an overall capacity of, or that can be readily restored, changed, or converted to accept, more than 15 rounds of ammunition; and
 “(B) does not include an attached tubular device designed to accept, and capable of operating only with, .22 caliber rimfire ammunition.”
 (b) RELATED DEFINITIONS.—Section 921(a) of title 18, United States Code, as amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following:
 “(42) The term ‘barrel shroud’—
 “(A) means a shroud that is attached to, or partially or completely encircles, the barrel of a firearm so that the shroud protects the user of the firearm from heat generated by the barrel; and
 “(B) does not include—
 “(i) a slide that partially or completely encloses the barrel; or
 “(ii) an extension of the stock along the bottom of the barrel which does not encircle or substantially encircle the barrel.
 “(43) The term ‘detachable ammunition feeding device’ means an ammunition feeding device that can be removed from a firearm without disassembly of the firearm action.
 “(44) The term ‘fixed ammunition feeding device’ means an ammunition feeding device that is contained in and not removable from or is permanently fixed to the firearm, but does not include an attached tubular device designed to accept, and capable of operating only with, .22 caliber rimfire ammunition.
 “(45) The term ‘folding, telescoping, or detachable stock’ means a stock that folds, tele-

scopes, detaches or otherwise operates to reduce the length, size, or any other dimension, or otherwise enhances the concealability, of a firearm.
 “(46) The term ‘forward grip’ means a grip located forward of the trigger that functions as a pistol grip.
 “(47) The term ‘grenade launcher’ means an attachment for use on a firearm that is designed to propel a grenade or other similar destructive device.
 “(48) The term ‘permanently inoperable’ means a firearm which is incapable of discharging a shot by means of an explosive and incapable of being readily restored to a firing condition.
 “(49) The term ‘pistol grip’ means a grip, a thumbhole stock or Thordsen-type grip or stock, or any other characteristic that can function as a grip.
 “(50) The term ‘threaded barrel’ means a feature or characteristic that is designed in such a manner to allow for the attachment of a device such as a firearm silencer or a flash suppressor.
 “(51) The term ‘qualified law enforcement officer’ has the meaning given the term in section 926B.
 “(52) The term ‘grandfathered semiautomatic assault weapon’ means any semiautomatic assault weapon the importation, possession, sale, or transfer of which would be unlawful under section 922(v) but for the exception under paragraph (2) of such section.
 “(53) The term ‘belt-fed semiautomatic firearm’ means any repeating firearm that—
 “(A) utilizes a portion of the energy of a firing cartridge to extract the fired cartridge case and chamber the next round;
 “(B) requires a separate pull of the trigger to fire each cartridge; and
 “(C) has the capacity to accept a belt ammunition feeding device.”
SEC. 3. RESTRICTIONS ON ASSAULT WEAPONS AND LARGE CAPACITY AMMUNITION FEEDING DEVICES.
 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 922 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
 (1) by inserting after subsection (u) the following:
 “(v)(1) It shall be unlawful for a person to import, sell, manufacture, transfer, or possess, in or affecting interstate or foreign commerce, a semiautomatic assault weapon.
 “(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to the possession, sale, or transfer of any semiautomatic assault weapon otherwise lawfully possessed under Federal law on the date of enactment of the Assault Weapons Ban of 2022.
 “(3) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to any firearm that—
 “(A) is manually operated by bolt, pump, lever, or slide action, except for a shotgun described in section 921(a)(40)(G);
 “(B) has been rendered permanently inoperable;
 “(C) is an antique firearm, as defined in section 921 of this title; or
 “(D) is only capable of firing rimfire ammunition.
 “(4) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to—
 “(A) the importation for, manufacture for, sale to, transfer to, or possession by—
 “(i) the United States, or a department or agency of the United States; or
 “(ii) a State, or a department, agency, or political subdivision of a State;
 “(B) the sale to, transfer to, or possession by a qualified law enforcement officer employed by—
 “(i) the United States, or a department or agency of the United States; or
 “(ii) a State, or a department, agency, or political subdivision of a State,
 for purposes of law enforcement (whether on or off duty);
 “(C) the sale to, transfer to, or possession by a campus law enforcement officer for purposes of law enforcement (whether on or off duty);
 “(D) the importation for, or sale or transfer to a licensee under title I of the Atomic Energy Act

of 1954 for purposes of establishing and maintaining an on-site physical protection system and security organization required by Federal law, or possession by an employee or contractor of such licensee on-site for such purposes or off-site for purposes of licensee-authorized training or transportation of nuclear materials;
 “(E) the possession, by an individual who is retired in good standing from service with a law enforcement agency and is not otherwise prohibited from receiving a firearm, of a semiautomatic assault weapon—
 “(i) sold or transferred to the individual by the agency upon such retirement; or
 “(ii) that the individual purchased, or otherwise obtained, for official use before such retirement;
 “(F) the importation, sale, manufacture, transfer, or possession of a semiautomatic assault weapon by a licensed manufacturer or licensed importer for the purposes of testing or experimentation authorized by the Attorney General; or
 “(G) the importation, sale, manufacture, transfer, or possession of a firearm specified in Appendix A to this section, as such firearm was manufactured on the date of introduction of the Assault Weapons Ban of 2022.
 “(5) For purposes of paragraph (4)(C), the term ‘campus law enforcement officer’ means an individual who is—
 “(A) employed by a private institution of higher education that is eligible for funding under title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1070 et seq.);
 “(B) responsible for the prevention or investigation of crime involving injury to persons or property, including apprehension or detention of persons for such crimes;
 “(C) authorized by Federal, State, or local law to carry a firearm, execute search warrants, and make arrests; and
 “(D) recognized, commissioned, or certified by a government entity as a law enforcement officer.
 “(6) The Attorney General shall establish and maintain, in a timely manner, a record of the make, model, and, if available, date of manufacture of any semiautomatic assault weapon which the Attorney General is made aware has been used in relation to a crime under Federal or State law, and the nature and circumstances of the crime involved, including the outcome of relevant criminal investigations and proceedings. The Attorney General shall annually submit a copy of the record established under this paragraph to the Congress and make the record available to the general public.
 “(w)(1) It shall be unlawful for a person to import, sell, manufacture, transfer, or possess, in or affecting interstate or foreign commerce, a large capacity ammunition feeding device.
 “(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to the possession of any large capacity ammunition feeding device otherwise lawfully possessed on or before the date of enactment of the Assault Weapons Ban of 2022.
 “(3) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to—
 “(A) the importation for, manufacture for, sale to, transfer to, or possession by—
 “(i) the United States, or a department or agency of the United States; or
 “(ii) a State, or a department, agency, or political subdivision of a State;
 “(B) the sale to, transfer to, or possession by a qualified law enforcement officer employed by—
 “(i) the United States, or a department or agency of the United States; or
 “(ii) a State, or a department, agency, or political subdivision of a State,
 for purposes of law enforcement (whether on or off duty);
 “(C) the sale to, transfer to, or possession by a campus law enforcement officer for purposes of law enforcement (whether on or off duty);
 “(D) the importation for, or sale or transfer to a licensee under title I of the Atomic Energy Act

of 1954 for purposes of establishing and maintaining an on-site physical protection system and security organization required by Federal law, or possession by an employee or contractor of such licensee on-site for such purposes or off-site for purposes of licensee-authorized training or transportation of nuclear materials;

“(E) the possession, by an individual who is retired in good standing from service with a law enforcement agency and is not otherwise prohibited from receiving ammunition, of a large capacity ammunition feeding device—

“(i) sold or transferred to the individual by the agency upon such retirement; or

“(ii) that the individual purchased, or otherwise obtained, for official use before such retirement; or

“(F) the importation, sale, manufacture, transfer, or possession of any large capacity ammunition feeding device by a licensed manufacturer or licensed importer for the purposes of testing or experimentation authorized by the Attorney General.

“(4) For purposes of paragraph (4)(C), the term ‘campus law enforcement officer’ means an individual who is—

“(A) employed by a private institution of higher education that is eligible for funding under title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1070 et seq.);

“(B) responsible for the prevention or investigation of crime involving injury to persons or property, including apprehension or detention of persons for such crimes;

“(C) authorized by Federal, State, or local law to carry a firearm, execute search warrants, and make arrests; and

“(D) recognized, commissioned, or certified by a government entity as a law enforcement officer.”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(aa) SECURE STORAGE OR SAFETY DEVICE REQUIREMENT FOR GRANDFATHERED SEMIAUTOMATIC ASSAULT WEAPONS.—It shall be unlawful for any person, other than a licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer, to store or keep under the dominion or control of that person any grandfathered semiautomatic assault weapon that the person knows, or has reasonable cause to believe, will be accessible to an individual prohibited from receiving or possessing a firearm under subsection (g), (n), or (x), or any provision of State law, unless the grandfathered semiautomatic assault weapon is—

“(1) carried on the person, or within such close proximity that the person can readily retrieve and use the grandfathered semiautomatic assault weapon as if the grandfathered semiautomatic assault weapon were carried on the person; or

“(2) locked by a secure gun storage or safety device that the prohibited individual has no ability to access.”.

(b) IDENTIFICATION MARKINGS FOR SEMIAUTOMATIC ASSAULT WEAPONS.—Section 923(i) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: “The serial number of any semiautomatic assault weapon manufactured after the date of enactment of the Assault Weapons Ban of 2022 shall clearly show the date on which the weapon was manufactured or made, legibly and conspicuously engraved or cast on the weapon, and such other identification as the Attorney General shall by regulations prescribe.”.

(c) IDENTIFICATION MARKINGS FOR LARGE CAPACITY AMMUNITION FEEDING DEVICES.—Section 923(i) of title 18, United States Code, as amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following: “A large capacity ammunition feeding device manufactured after the date of enactment of the Assault Weapons Ban of 2022 shall be identified by a serial number and the date on which the device was manufactured or made, legibly and conspicuously engraved or cast on the device, and such other identification as the Attorney General shall by regulations prescribe.”.

(d) SEIZURE AND FORFEITURE OF LARGE CAPACITY AMMUNITION FEEDING DEVICES.—Subsection (d) of section 924 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) by inserting “or large capacity ammunition feeding device” after “firearm or ammunition” each time it appears;

(B) by inserting “or large capacity ammunition feeding device” after “firearms or ammunition” each time it appears; and

(C) by striking “or (k)” and inserting “(k), (r), (v), or (w)”;

(2) in paragraph (2)(C), by inserting “or large capacity ammunition feeding devices” after “firearms or quantities of ammunition”; and

(3) in paragraph (3)(E), by inserting “922(r), 922(v), 922(w),” after “922(n).”.

(e) APPENDIX A.—Section 922 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“APPENDIX A—FIREARMS EXEMPTED BY THE ASSAULT WEAPONS BAN OF 2022

“CENTERFIRE RIFLES—AUTOLOADERS

“Benelli R1 Rifle

“Browning BAR Mark II Safari Magnum Rifle

“Browning BAR Mark II Safari Semi-Auto Rifle

“Browning BAR Stalker Rifles

“Browning High-Power Rifle

“Browning Longtrac Rifle

“Browning Shorttrac Rifle

“Heckler & Koch HK630

“Heckler & Koch HK770

“Heckler & Koch HK940

“Heckler & Koch Model 300 Rifle

“Heckler & Koch SL7 Rifle

“Iver Johnson 50th Anniversary M-1 Carbine (w/o folding stock)

“Iver Johnson M-1 Carbine (w/o folding stock)

“M-1 Carbines with standard fixed stock

“M-1 Garand with fixed 8 round capacity and standard stock

“Marlin Model 9 Camp Carbine

“Marlin Model 45 Carbine

“Remington Model 74

“Remington Model 81

“Remington Model 740

“Remington Model 742

“Remington Model 750 Synthetic

“Remington Model 750 Woodmaster

“Remington Model 7400 Rifle

“Remington Model 7400 Special Purpose Auto Rifle

“Remington Nylon 66 Auto-Loading Rifle

“Ruger Mini 30

“Ruger Mini-14 (w/o folding or telescoping stock or pistol grip)

“Ruger PC4

“Ruger PC9

“SKS type rifles with fixed 10 round magazine and standard fixed stock

“Winchester Model SXR

“CENTERFIRE RIFLES—LEVER & SLIDE

“Action Arms Timber Wolf Pump Action

“Beretta 1873 Renegade Lever Action

“Beretta Gold Rush Slide Action

“Big Horn Armory Model 89

“Browning BLR Model 181 Lever Action, All Models

“Browning BPR Pump Rifle

“Browning Model 53 Lever Action

“Browning Model 65 Grade 1 Lever Action Rifle

“Browning Model 71 Rifle and Carbine

“Browning Model 81 BLR

“Browning Model 81 BLR Lever-Action Rifle

“Browning Model 81 Long Action BLR

“Browning Model 1886 High Grade Carbine

“Browning Model 1886 Lever-Action Carbine

“Browning Model B-92 Carbine

“Charles Daly Model 1892 Lever Action, All Models

“Chiappa 1886 Lever Action Rifles

“Cimarron 1860 Henry Replica

“Cimarron 1866 Winchester Replicas

“Cimarron 1873 30” Express Rifle

“Cimarron 1873 Short Rifle

“Cimarron 1873 Sporting Rifle

“Cimarron 1873 Winchester Replicas

“Dixie Engraved 1873 Rifle

“Dixie Lightning Rifle and Carbines

“E.M.F. 1860 Henry Rifle

“E.M.F. 1866 Yellowboy Lever Actions

“E.M.F. Model 73 Lever-Action Rifle

“E.M.F. Model 1873 Lever Actions

“Henry .30/30 Lever Action Carbine

“Henry Big Boy .357 Magnum

“Henry Big Boy .44 Magnum

“Henry Big Boy .45 Colt

“Henry Big Boy Deluxe Engraved .44 Magnum

“Henry Big Boy Deluxe Engraved .45 Colt

“Marlin Model 30AS Lever-Action Carbine

“Marlin Model 62 Lever Action

“Marlin Model 93 Lever Action

“Marlin Model 308MX

“Marlin Model 308MXLR

“Marlin Model 336 Deluxe

“Marlin Model 336C

“Marlin Model 336CS Lever-Action Carbine

“Marlin Model 336DL Lever Action

“Marlin Model 336SS

“Marlin Model 336W

“Marlin Model 336XLR

“Marlin Model 338MX

“Marlin Model 338MXLR

“Marlin Model 444

“Marlin Model 444 Lever-Action

“Marlin Model 444XLR

“Marlin Model 1894 Marlin Model 1894 Cowboy

“Marlin Model 1894 Lever Action, All Models

“Marlin Model 1894C

“Marlin Model 1894CL Classic

“Marlin Model 1894CS Carbine

“Marlin Model 1894S Lever-Action Carbine

“Marlin Model 1894SS

“Marlin Model 1895

“Marlin Model 1895 Cowboy

“Marlin Model 1895 Lever Action, All Models

“Marlin Model 1895G

“Marlin Model 1895GS

“Marlin Model 1895M

“Marlin Model 1895MXLR

“Marlin Model 1895SBL

“Marlin Model 1895SS Lever-Action Rifle

“Marlin Model 1895XLR

“Marlin XLR Lever Action Rifles

“Mitchell 1858 Henry Replica

“Mitchell 1866 Winchester Replica

“Mitchell 1873 Winchester Replica

“Mossberg 464 Lever Action Rifle

“Mossberg Model 472 Lever Action

“Mossberg Model 479 Lever Action

“Navy Arms 1866 Yellowboy Rifle

“Navy Arms 1873 Sporting Rifle

“Navy Arms 1873 Winchester-Style Rifle

“Navy Arms 1892 Short Rifle

“Navy Arms Henry Carbine

“Navy Arms Henry Trapper

“Navy Arms Iron Frame Henry

“Navy Arms Military Henry Rifle

“Puma Bounty Hunter Rifle

“Puma Model 92 Rifles & Carbines

“Remington 7600 Slide Action

“Remington Model 6 Pump Action

“Remington Model 14, 14½ Pump Actions

“Remington Model 141 Pump Action

“Remington Model 760 Slide Actions

“Remington Model 7600 Special Purpose Slide Action

“Remington Model 7600 Synthetic

“Remington Model 7615 Camo Hunter

“Remington Model 7615 Ranch Carbine

“Remington Model 7615 SPS

“Rossi M92 SRC Saddle-Ring Carbine

“Rossi M92 SRS Short Carbine

“Rossi R92 Lever Action Carbines

“Ruger Model 96/44 Lever Action

“Savage 99C Lever-Action Rifle

“Savage Model 170 Pump Action

“Taurus Thunderbolt Pump Action

- “Taylor’s & CO., Inc. 1865 Spencer Carbine/Rifle
 “Taylor’s & CO., Inc. 1892 Carbine/Rifle
 “U.S. Fire Arms Standard Lightning Magazine Rifle
 “Uberti 1866 Sporting Rifle Uberti 1873 Sporting Rifle
 “Uberti 1876 Rifle
 “Uberti 1883 Burgess Lever Action Rifle/Carbine
 “Uberti Henry Rifle
 “Uberti Lightning Rifle/Carbine
 “Winchester Lever Actions, All Other Center Fire Models
 “Winchester Model 94 Big Bore Side Eject
 “Winchester Model 94 Ranger Side Eject Lever-Action Rifle
 “Winchester Model 94 Side Eject Lever-Action Rifle
 “Winchester Model 94 Trapper Side Eject
 “Winchester Model 94 Wrangler Side Eject
 “Winchester Model 1895 Safari Centennial
 “CENTERFIRE RIFLES—BOLT ACTION
 “Accurate Arms Raptor & Backpack Bolt Action Rifles
 “Alpine Bolt-Action Rifle
 “Anschutz 1700D Bavarian Bolt-Action Rifle
 “Anschutz 1700D Classic Rifles
 “Anschutz 1700D Custom Rifles
 “Anschutz 1733D Mannlicher Rifle
 “Arnold Arms African Safari & Alaskan Trophy Rifles
 “A-Square Caesar Bolt-Action Rifle
 “A-Square Genghis Khan Bolt Action Rifle
 “A-Square Hamilcar Bolt Action Rifle
 “A-Square Hannibal Bolt-Action Rifle
 “Auguste Francotte Bolt-Action Rifles
 “Bansners Ultimate Bolt Action Rifles
 “Beeman/HW 60J Bolt-Action Rifle
 “Benton & Brown Firearms, Inc. Model 93 Bolt Action Rifle
 “Blackheart International BBG Hunter Bolt Action
 “Blackheart International LLC BBG Light Sniper Bolt Action
 “Blaser R8 Professional
 “Blaser R84 Bolt-Action Rifle
 “Blaser R93 Bolt Action Rifle
 “BRNO 537 Sporter Bolt-Action Rifle
 “BRNO ZKB 527 Fox Bolt-Action Rifle
 “BRNO ZKK 600, 601, 602 Bolt-Action Rifles
 “Brown Precision Company Bolt Action Sporter
 “Browning A-Bolt Gold Medallion
 “Browning A-Bolt Left Hand
 “Browning A-Bolt Micro Medallion
 “Browning A-Bolt Rifle
 “Browning A-Bolt Short Action
 “Browning A-Bolt Stainless Stalker
 “Browning Euro-Bolt Rifle
 “Browning High-Power Bolt Action Rifle
 “Browning X-Bolt Bolt Action Rifle
 “Carbon One Bolt Action Rifle
 “Carl Gustaf 2000 Bolt-Action Rifle Century
 “Centurion 14 Sporter
 “Century Enfield Sporter #4
 “Century M70 Sporter
 “Century Mauser 98 Sporter
 “Century Swedish Sporter #38
 “Cheytac M-200
 “Cheytac M70 Sporter
 “Cooper Model 21 Bolt Action Rifle
 “Cooper Model 22 Bolt Action Rifle
 “Cooper Model 38 Centerfire Sporter
 “Cooper Model 56 Bolt Action Rifle
 “CZ 527 Bolt Action Rifles
 “CZ 550 Bolt Action Rifles
 “CZ 750 Sniper Rifle
 “Dakota 22 Sporter Bolt-Action Rifle
 “Dakota 76 Classic Bolt-Action Rifle
 “Dakota 76 Safari Bolt-Action Rifle
 “Dakota 76 Short Action Rifles
 “Dakota 97 Bolt Action Rifle
 “Dakota 416 Rigby African
 “Dakota Predator Rifle
 “DSA DS-MP1 Bolt Action Rifle
 “E.A.A./Sabatti Rover 870 Bolt-Action Rifle
 “EAA/Zastava M-93 Black Arrow Rifle
 “Ed Brown Hunting and Model 704 Bolt Action Rifles
 “Heym Bolt Action Rifles
 “Heym Magnum Express Series Rifle
 “Howa Bolt Action Rifles
 “Howa Lightning Bolt-Action Rifle
 “Howa Realtree Camo Rifle
 “H-S Precision Bolt Action Rifles
 “Interarms Mark X Bolt Action Rifles
 “Interarms Mark X Viscount Bolt-Action Rifle
 “Interarms Mark X Whitworth Bolt-Action Rifle
 “Interarms Mini-Mark X Rifle
 “Interarms Whitworth Express Rifle
 “Iver Johnson Model 5100A1 Long-Range Rifle
 “KDF K15 American Bolt-Action Rifle
 “Kenny Jarrett Bolt Action Rifle
 “Kimber Bolt Action Rifles
 “Krico Model 600 Bolt-Action Rifle
 “Krico Model 700 Bolt-Action Rifles
 “Magnum Research Mount Eagle Rifles
 “Marlin Model XL7
 “Marlin Model XL7C
 “Marlin Model XL7L
 “Marlin Model XL7W
 “Marlin Model XS7
 “Marlin Model XS7C
 “Marlin Model XS7Y
 “Marlin XL-7/XS7 Bolt Action Rifles
 “Mauser Model 66 Bolt-Action Rifle
 “Mauser Model 99 Bolt-Action Rifle
 “McMillan Classic Stainless Sporter
 “McMillan Signature Alaskan
 “McMillan Signature Classic Sporter
 “McMillan Signature Super Varminter
 “McMillan Signature Titanium Mountain Rifle
 “McMillan Talon Safari Rifle
 “McMillan Talon Sporter Rifle
 “Merkel KR1 Bolt Action Rifle
 “Midland 1500S Survivor Rifle
 “Mossberg Model 100 ATR (All-Terrain Rifle)
 “Navy Arms TU-33/40 Carbine
 “Nosler Model 48 Varmint Rifle
 “Parker Hale Bolt Action Rifles
 “Parker-Hale Model 81 Classic African Rifle
 “Parker-Hale Model 81 Classic Rifle
 “Parker-Hale Model 1000 Rifle
 “Parker-Hale Model 1100 Lightweight Rifle
 “Parker-Hale Model 1100M African Magnum
 “Parker-Hale Model 1200 Super Clip Rifle
 “Parker-Hale Model 1200 Super Rifle
 “Parker-Hale Model 1300C Scout Rifle
 “Parker-Hale Model 2100 Midland Rifle
 “Parker-Hale Model 2700 Lightweight Rifle
 “Parker-Hale Model 2800 Midland Rifle
 “Remington 700 ADL Bolt-Action Rifle
 “Remington 700 BDL Bolt-Action Rifle
 “Remington 700 BDL European Bolt-Action Rifle
 “Remington 700 BDL Left Hand
 “Remington 700 BDL SS Rifle
 “Remington 700 BDL Varmint Special
 “Remington 700 Camo Synthetic Rifle
 “Remington 700 Classic Rifle
 “Remington 700 Custom KS Mountain Rifle
 “Remington 700 Mountain Rifle
 “Remington 700 MTRSS Rifle
 “Remington 700 Safari
 “Remington 700 Stainless Synthetic Rifle
 “Remington 700 Varmint Synthetic Rifle
 “Remington Model 40-X Bolt Action Rifles
 “Remington Model 700 Alaskan Ti
 “Remington Model 700 Bolt Action Rifles
 “Remington Model 700 CDL
 “Remington Model 700 CDL ‘Boone and Crockett’
 “Remington Model 700 CDL Left-Hand
 “Remington Model 700 CDL SF Limited Edition
 “Remington Model 700 LSS
 “Remington Model 700 Mountain LSS
 “Remington Model 700 Sendero SF II
 “Remington Model 700 SPS
 “Remington Model 700 SPS Buckmasters Edition
 “Remington Model 700 SPS Buckmasters Edition ‘Young Bucks’ Youth
 “Remington Model 700 SPS Stainless
 “Remington Model 700 SPS Tactical Rifle
 “Remington Model 700 SPS Varmint
 “Remington Model 700 SPS Varmint (Left-Hand)
 “Remington Model 700 SPS Youth Synthetic Left-Hand
 “Remington Model 700 VL SS Thumbhole
 “Remington Model 700 VLS
 “Remington Model 700 VS SF II
 “Remington Model 700 VTR
 “Remington Model 700 XCR
 “Remington Model 700 XCR Camo
 “Remington Model 700 XCR Compact Tactical Rifle
 “Remington Model 700 XCR Left-Hand
 “Remington Model 700 XCR Tactical Long Range Rifle
 “Remington Model 715
 “Remington Model 770
 “Remington Model 770 Bolt Action Rifles
 “Remington Model 770 Stainless Camo
 “Remington Model 770 Youth
 “Remington Model 798
 “Remington Model 798 Safari
 “Remington Model 798 SPS
 “Remington Model 799
 “Remington Model Seven 25th Anniversary
 “Remington Model Seven Bolt Action Rifles
 “Remington Model Seven CDL
 “Remington Model Seven Custom KS
 “Remington Model Seven Custom MS Rifle
 “Remington Model Seven Predator
 “Remington Model Seven Youth Rifle
 “Ruger M77 Hawkeye African
 “Ruger M77 Hawkeye Alaskan
 “Ruger M77 Hawkeye All-Weather
 “Ruger M77 Hawkeye All-Weather Ultra Light
 “Ruger M77 Hawkeye Compact
 “Ruger M77 Hawkeye International
 “Ruger M77 Hawkeye Laminate Compact
 “Ruger M77 Hawkeye Laminate Left-Handed
 “Ruger M77 Hawkeye Predator
 “Ruger M77 Hawkeye Sporter
 “Ruger M77 Hawkeye Standard
 “Ruger M77 Hawkeye Standard Left-Handed
 “Ruger M77 Hawkeye Tactical
 “Ruger M77 Hawkeye Ultra Light
 “Ruger M77 Mark II All-Weather Stainless Rifle
 “Ruger M77 Mark II Express Rifle
 “Ruger M77 Mark II Magnum Rifle
 “Ruger M77 Mark II Rifle
 “Ruger M77 Mark II Target Rifle
 “Ruger M77 RSI International Carbine
 “Ruger M77
 “Ruger Compact Magnum
 “Ruger M77RL Ultra Light
 “Ruger M77VT Target Rifle
 “Ruger Model 77 Bolt Action Rifles
 “Sako Bolt Action Rifles
 “Sako Classic Bolt Action
 “Sako Deluxe Lightweight
 “Sako FiberClass Sporter
 “Sako Hunter Left-Hand Rifle
 “Sako Hunter LS Rifle Sako Hunter Rifle
 “Sako Mannlicher-Style Carbine
 “Sako Safari Grade Bolt Action
 “Sako Super Deluxe Sporter
 “Sako TRG-S Bolt-Action Rifle
 “Sako Varmint Heavy Barrel
 “Sauer 90 Bolt-Action Rifle
 “Savage 16/16 Rifles
 “Savage 110 Bolt Action Rifles
 “Savage 110CY Youth/Ladies Rifle
 “Savage 110F Bolt-Action Rifle
 “Savage 110FP Police Rifle
 “Savage 110FXP3 Bolt-Action Rifle
 “Savage 110G Bolt-Action Rifle
 “Savage 110GV Varmint Rifle
 “Savage 110GXP3 Bolt-Action Rifle
 “Savage 110WLE One of One Thousand Limited Edition Rifle
 “Savage 112 Bolt Action Rifles
 “Savage 112FV Varmint Rifle

- "Savage 116 Bolt Action Rifles
 "Savage 116FSS Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Savage Axis Series Bolt Action Rifles
 "Savage Model 10 Bolt Action Rifles
 "Savage Model 10GXP Package Guns
 "Savage Model 11/111 Series Bolt Action Rifles
 "Savage Model 12 Series Rifles
 "Savage Model 14/114 Rifles
 "Savage Model 25 Bolt Action Rifles
 "Savage Model 110GXP3 Package Guns
 "Savage Model 112BV Heavy Barrel Varmint Rifle
 "Savage Model 112FVS Varmint Rifle
 "Savage Model 116FSK Kodiak Rifle
 "Shilen Rifles Inc. DGA Bolt Action Rifles
 "Smith & Wesson i-Bolt Rifle
 "Steyr Scout Bolt Action Rifle
 "Steyr SSG 69 PII Bolt Action Rifle
 "Steyr SSG08 Bolt Action Rifle
 "Steyr-Mannlicher Luxus Model L, M, S
 "Steyr-Mannlicher Model M Professional Rifle
 "Steyr-Mannlicher Sporter Models SL, L, M, S, S/T
 "Thompson/Center ICON Bolt Action Rifles
 "Thompson/Center Icon Classic Long Action Rifle
 "Thompson/Center Icon Medium Action Rifle
 "Thompson/Center Icon Precision Hunter
 "Thompson/Center Icon Weather Shield Long Action Rifle
 "Thompson/Center Icon Weather Shield Medium Action Rifle
 "Thompson/Center Venture
 "Tikka Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Tikka Premium Grade Rifles
 "Tikka T3 Bolt Action Rifles
 "Tikka Varmint/Continental Rifle
 "Tikka Whitetail/Battue Rifle
 "Ultra Light Arms Model 20 Rifle
 "Ultra Light Arms Model 24
 "Ultra Light Arms Model 28, Model 40 Rifles
 "Voere Model 2155, 2150 Bolt-Action Rifles
 "Voere Model 2165 Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Voere VEC 91 Lightning Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Weatherby Classicmark No. 1 Rifle
 "Weatherby Lasermark V Rifle
 "Weatherby Mark V Crown Custom Rifles
 "Weatherby Mark V Deluxe Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Weatherby Mark V Rifles
 "Weatherby Mark V Safari Grade Custom Rifles
 "Weatherby Mark V Sporter Rifle
 "Weatherby Vanguard Bolt Action Rifles
 "Weatherby Vanguard Classic No. 1 Rifle
 "Weatherby Vanguard Classic Rifle
 "Weatherby Vanguard VGX Deluxe Rifle
 "Weatherby Vanguard Weatherguard Rifle
 "Weatherby Weatherguard Alaskan Rifle
 "Weatherby Weathermark Alaskan Rifle
 "Weatherby Weathermark Rifle
 "Weatherby Weathermark Rifles
 "Wichita Classic Rifle
 "Wichita Varmint Rifle
 "Winchester Model 70 Bolt Action Rifles
 "Winchester Model 70 Custom Sharpshooter
 "Winchester Model 70 Custom Sporting Sharpshooter Rifle
 "Winchester Model 70 DBM Rifle
 "Winchester Model 70 DBM-S Rifle
 "Winchester Model 70 Featherweight
 "Winchester Model 70 Featherweight Classic
 "Winchester Model 70 Featherweight WinTuff
 "Winchester Model 70 Lightweight Rifle
 "Winchester Model 70 SM Sporter
 "Winchester Model 70 Sporter
 "Winchester Model 70 Sporter WinTuff
 "Winchester Model 70 Stainless Rifle
 "Winchester Model 70 Super Express Magnum
 "Winchester Model 70 Super Grade
 "Winchester Model 70 Synthetic Heavy Varmint Rifle
 "Winchester Model 70 Varmint
 "Winchester Ranger Rifle
 "CENTERFIRE RIFLES—SINGLE SHOT
 "Armsport 1866 Sharps Rifle, Carbine
 "Ballard Arms Inc. 1875 #3 Gallery Single Shot Rifle
 "Ballard Arms Inc. 1875 #4 Perfection Rifle
 "Ballard Arms Inc. 1875 #7 Long Range Rifle
 "Ballard Arms Inc. 1875 #8 Union Hill rifle
 "Ballard Arms Inc. 1875 1½ Hunter Rifle
 "Ballard Arms Inc. 1885 High Wall Sporting Rifle
 "Ballard Arms Inc. 1885 Low Wall Single Shot
 "Brown Model 97D Single Shot Rifle
 "Brown Model One Single Shot Rifle
 "Browning Model 1885 Single Shot Rifle
 "C. Sharps Arms 1875 Target & Sporting Rifle
 "C. Sharps Arms Custom New Model 1877
 "C. Sharps Arms New Model 1885 High Wall Rifle
 "C. Sharps Arms 1874 Bridgeport Sporting Rifle
 "C. Sharps Arms 1875 Classic Sharps
 "C. Sharps Arms New Model 1874 Old Reliable
 "C. Sharps Arms New Model 1875 Rifle
 "C. Sharps Arms New Model 1875 Target & Long Range
 "Cabela's 1874 Sharps Sporting
 "Cimarron Billy Dixon 1874 Sharps
 "Cimarron Model 1885 High Wall
 "Cimarron Quigley Model 1874 Sharps
 "Cimarron Silhouette Model 1874 Sharps
 "Dakota Model 10 Single Shot Rifle
 "Dakota Single Shot Rifle
 "Desert Industries G-90 Single Shot Rifle
 "Dixie Gun Works 1873 Trapdoor Rifle/Carbine
 "Dixie Gun Works 1874 Sharps Rifles
 "Dixie Gun Works Remington Rolling Block Rifles
 "EMF Premier 1874 Sharps
 "Harrington & Richardson Buffalo Classic Rifle (CR-1871)
 "Harrington & Richardson CR 45-LC
 "Harrington & Richardson Handi-Mag Rifle
 "Harrington & Richardson Handi-Rifle
 "Harrington & Richardson Handi-Rifle Compact
 "Harrington & Richardson New England Hand-Rifle/Slug Gun Combos
 "Harrington & Richardson Stainless Handi-Rifle
 "Harrington & Richardson Stainless Ultra Hunter Thumbhole Stock
 "Harrington & Richardson Superlight Handi-Rifle Compact
 "Harrington & Richardson Survivor Rifle
 "Harrington & Richardson Synthetic Handi-Rifle
 "Harrington & Richardson Ultra Hunter Rifle
 "Harrington & Richardson Ultra Varmint Fluted
 "Harrington & Richardson Ultra Varmint Rifle
 "Harrington & Richardson Ultra Varmint Thumbhole Stock
 "Krieghoff Hubertus Single Shot
 "Meacham High Wall
 "Merkel K1 Lightweight Stalking Rifle
 "Merkel K2 Custom Stalking Rifle
 "Model 1885 High Wall Rifle
 "Navy Arms #2 Creedmoor Rifle
 "Navy Arms 1873 John Bodine Rolling Black Rifle
 "Navy Arms 1873 Springfield Cavalry Carbine
 "Navy Arms 1874 Sharps Rifles
 "Navy Arms 1874 1885 High Wall Rifles
 "Navy Arms Rolling Block Buffalo Rifle
 "Navy Arms Sharps "Quigley" Rifle
 "Navy Arms Sharps Cavalry Carbine
 "Navy Arms Sharps Plains Rifle
 "New England Firearms Handi-Rifle
 "New England Firearms Sportster/Versa Pack Rifle
 "New England Firearms Survivor Rifle
 "Red Willow Armory Ballard No. 1.5 Hunting Rifle
 "Red Willow Armory Ballard No. 4.5 Target Rifle
 "Red Willow Armory Ballard No. 5 Pacific
 "Red Willow Armory Ballard No. 8 Union Hill Rifle
 "Red Willow Armory Ballard Rifles
 "Remington Model Rolling Block Rifles
 "Remington Model SPR18 Blued
 "Remington Model SPR18 Nickel
 "Remington Model SPR18 Single Shot Rifle
 "Remington-Style Rolling Block Carbine
 "Rossi Match Pairs Rifles
 "Rossi Single Shot Rifles
 "Rossi Wizard
 "Ruger No. 1 RSI International
 "Ruger No. 1 Stainless Sporter
 "Ruger No. 1 Stainless Standard
 "Ruger No. 1A Light Sporter
 "Ruger No. 1B Single Shot
 "Ruger No. 1H Tropical Rifle
 "Ruger No. 1S Medium Sporter
 "Ruger No. 1V Special Varminter
 "Sharps 1874 Old Reliable
 "Shiloh 1875 Rifles
 "Shiloh Sharps 1874 Business Rifle
 "Shiloh Sharps 1874 Long Range Express
 "Shiloh Sharps 1874 Military Carbine
 "Shiloh Sharps 1874 Military Rifle
 "Shiloh Sharps 1874 Montana Roughrider
 "Shiloh Sharps Creedmoor Target
 "Thompson/Center Contender Carbine
 "Thompson/Center Contender Carbine Survival System
 "Thompson/Center Contender Carbine Youth Model
 "Thompson/Center Encore
 "Thompson/Center Stainless Contender Carbine
 "Thompson/Center TCR '87 Single Shot Rifle
 "Thompson/Encore Rifles
 "Traditions 1874 Sharps Deluxe Rifle
 "Traditions 1874 Sharps Standard Rifle
 "Traditions Rolling Block Sporting Rifle
 "Uberti (Stoeger Industries) Sharps Rifles
 "Uberti 1871 Rolling Block Rifle/Carbine
 "Uberti 1874 Sharps Sporting Rifle
 "Uberti 1885 High Wall Rifles
 "Uberti Rolling Block Baby Carbine
 "Uberti Springfield Trapdoor Carbine/Rifle
 "DRILLINGS, COMBINATION GUNS, DOUBLE RIFLES
 "A. Zoli Rifle-Shotgun O/U Combo
 "Auguste Francotte Boxlock Double Rifle
 "Auguste Francotte Sidelock Double Rifles
 "Baikal IZH-94 Express
 "Baikal MP94- (IZH-94) O/U
 "Beretta Express SSO O/U Double Rifles
 "Beretta Model 455 SxS Express Rifle
 "Chapuis RGEExpress Double Rifle
 "CZ 584 SOLO Combination Gun
 "CZ 589 Stopper O/U Gun
 "Dakota Double Rifle
 "Garbi Express Double Rifle
 "Harrington & Richardson Survivor
 "Harrington & Richardson Synthetic Handi-Rifle/Slug Gun Combo
 "Heym Model 55B O/U Double Rifle
 "Heym Model 55FW O/U Combo Gun
 "Heym Model 88b Side-by-Side Double Rifle
 "Hoenig Rotary Round Action Combination Rifle
 "Hoenig Rotary Round Action Double Rifle
 "Kodiak Mk. IV Double Rifle
 "Krieghoff Teck O/U Combination Gun
 "Krieghoff Trumpf Drilling
 "Krieghoff Drillings
 "Lebeau-Courally Express Rifle 5X5
 "Merkel Boxlock Double Rifles
 "Merkel Drillings
 "Merkel Model 160 Side-by-Side Double Rifles
 "Merkel Over/Under Combination Guns
 "Merkel Over/Under Double Rifles
 "Remington Model SPR94 .410/Rimfire
 "Remington Model SPR94 12 Gauge/Centerfire
 "Rizzini Express 90L Double Rifle
 "Savage 24F O/U Combination Gun
 "Savage 24F-12T Turkey Gun
 "Springfield Inc. M6 Scout Rifle/Shotgun
 "Tikka Model 412s Combination Gun
 "Tikka Model 412S Double Fire
 "RIMFIRE RIFLES—AUTOLOADERS
 "AMT Lightning 25/22 Rifle
 "AMT Lightning Small-Game Hunting Rifle II
 "AMT Magnum Hunter Auto Rifle

- "Anschutz 525 Deluxe Auto
 "Armscor Model 20P Auto Rifle
 "Browning Auto .22 Rifles
 "Browning Auto-22 Rifle
 "Browning Auto-22 Grade VI
 "Browning BAR .22 Auto Rifle
 "Browning SA-22 Semi-Auto 22 Rifle
 "Henry U.S. Survival .22
 "Henry U.S. Survival Rifle AR-7
 "Krico Model 260 Auto Rifle
 "Lakefield Arms Model 64B Auto Rifle
 "Marlin Model 60 Self Loading Rifles
 "Marlin Model 60C
 "Marlin Model 60SB
 "Marlin Model 60S-CF
 "Marlin Model 60SN
 "Marlin Model 60SS Self-Loading Rifle
 "Marlin Model 70 Auto-loading Rifles
 "Marlin Model 70 HC Auto
 "Marlin Model 70P Papoose
 "Marlin Model 70PSS
 "Marlin Model 795
 "Marlin Model 795SS
 "Marlin Model 922 Magnum Self-Loading Rifle
 "Marlin Model 9901 Self-Loading Rifle
 "Marlin Model 995 Self-Loading Rifle
 "Mossberg 702 Plinkster
 "Norinco Model 22 ATD Rifle
 "Remington 552BDL Speedmaster Rifle
 "Remington Model 522 Viper Autoloading Rifle
 "Remington Model 597 Blaze Camo
 "Remington Model 597 Pink Camo
 "Remington Model 597 Synthetic Scope Combo
 "Ruger 10/22 Autoloading Carbine (w/o folding stock)
 "Ruger 10/22 Compact
 "Ruger 10/22 Sporter
 "Ruger 10/22 Target
 "Survival Arms AR-7 Explorer Rifle
 "Texas Remington Revolving Carbine
 "Thompson/Center R-55 All-Weather
 "Thompson/Center R-55 Benchmark
 "Thompson/Center R-55 Classic
 "Thompson/Center R-55 Rifles
 "Thompson/Center R-55 Sporter
 "Voere Model 2115 Auto Rifle
 "RIMFIRE RIFLES—LEVER & SLIDE ACTION
 "Browning BL-22 Lever-Action Rifle
 "Henry .22 Lever Action Rifles, All Models
 "Henry Golden Boy .17 HMR
 "Henry Golden Boy .22
 "Henry Golden Boy .22 Magnum
 "Henry Golden Boy Deluxe
 "Henry Lever .22 Magnum
 "Henry Lever Action .22
 "Henry Lever Carbine .22
 "Henry Lever Octagon .22
 "Henry Lever Octagon .22 Magnum
 "Henry Lever Youth Model .22
 "Henry Pump Action Octagon .22
 "Henry Pump Action Octagon .22 Magnum
 "Henry Varmint Express .17 HMR
 "Marlin 39TDS Carbine
 "Marlin Model 39A Golden Lever Action Rifle
 "Marlin Model 39AS Golden Lever-Action Rifle
 "Mossberg Model 464 Rimfire Lever Action Rifle
 "Norinco EM-321 Pump Rifle
 "Remington 572BDL Fieldmaster Pump Rifle
 "Rossi Model 62 SA Pump Rifle
 "Rossi Model 62 SAC Carbine
 "Rossi Model G2 Gallery Rifle
 "Ruger Model 96 Lever-Action Rifle
 "Taurus Model 62-Pump
 "Taurus Model 72 Pump Rifle
 "Winchester Model 9422 Lever-Action Rifle
 "Winchester Model 9422 Magnum Lever-Action Rifle
 "RIMFIRE RIFLES—BOLT ACTIONS & SINGLE SHOTS
 "Anschutz 1416D/1516D Classic Rifles
 "Anschutz 1418D/1518D Mannlicher Rifles
 "Anschutz 1700 FWT Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Anschutz 1700D Bavarian Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Anschutz 1700D Classic Rifles
 "Anschutz 1700D Custom Rifles
 "Anschutz 1700D Graphite Custom Rifle
 "Anschutz 1702 D H B Classic
 "Anschutz 1713 Silhouette
 "Anschutz Achiever
 "Anschutz Achiever Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Anschutz All other Bolt Action Rimfire Models
 "Anschutz Kadett
 "Anschutz Model 1502 D Classic
 "Anschutz Model 1517 D Classic
 "Anschutz Model 1517 MPR Multi Purpose
 "Anschutz Model 1517 S-BR
 "Anschutz Model 1710 D KL
 "Anschutz Model 1717 Classic
 "Anschutz Model 1717 Silhouette Sporter
 "Anschutz Model G4 MPB
 "Anschutz Model Woodchucker
 "Armscor Model 14P Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Armscor Model 1500 Rifle
 "Beeman/HW 60-J-ST Bolt-Action Rifle
 "BRNO ZKM 452 Deluxe
 "BRNO ZKM-456 Lux Sporter
 "BRNO ZKM-452 Deluxe Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Browning A-Bolt 22 Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Browning A-Bolt Gold Medallion
 "Browning T-Bolt Rimfire Rifles
 "Cabanus Espronceda IV Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Cabanus Leyre Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Cabanus Master Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Cabanus Phaser Rifle
 "Chipmunk Single Shot Rifle
 "Cooper Arms Model 36S Sporter Rifle
 "Cooper Model 57-M Bolt Action Rifle
 "CZ 452 Bolt Action Rifles
 "Dakota 22 Sporter Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Davey Crickett Single Shot Rifle
 "Harrington & Richardson Sportster
 "Harrington & Richardson Sportster 17 Hornady Magnum Rimfire
 "Harrington & Richardson Sportster Compact
 "Henry 'Mini' Bolt Action Rifle
 "Henry Acu-Bolt .22
 "Henry Mini Bolt Youth .22
 "Kimber Bolt Action .22 Rifles
 "Krico Model 300 Bolt-Action Rifles
 "Lakefield Arms Mark I Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Lakefield Arms Mark II Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Magtech Model MT Bolt Action Rifle
 "Magtech Model MT-22C Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Marlin Model 15YN 'Little Buckaroo'
 "Marlin Model 25MN Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Marlin Model 25N Bolt-Action Repeater
 "Marlin Model 880 Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Marlin Model 881 Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Marlin Model 882 Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Marlin Model 883 Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Marlin Model 883SS Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Marlin Model 915 YN 'Little Buckaroo'
 "Marlin Model 915Y (Compact)
 "Marlin Model 915YS (Compact)
 "Marlin Model 917
 "Marlin Model 917S
 "Marlin Model 917V
 "Marlin Model 917VR
 "Marlin Model 917VS
 "Marlin Model 917VS-CF
 "Marlin Model 917VSF
 "Marlin Model 917VST
 "Marlin Model 917VT
 "Marlin Model 925
 "Marlin Model 925C
 "Marlin Model 925M
 "Marlin Model 925R
 "Marlin Model 925RM
 "Marlin Model 980S
 "Marlin Model 980S-CF
 "Marlin Model 981T
 "Marlin Model 982 Bolt Action Rifle
 "Marlin Model 982VS
 "Marlin Model 982VS-CF
 "Marlin Model 983
 "Marlin Model 983S
 "Marlin Model 983T
 "Marlin Model XT-17 Series Bolt Action Rifles
 "Marlin Model XT-22 Series Bolt Action Rifles
 "Mauser Model 107 Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Mauser Model 201 Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Meacham Low-Wall Rifle
 "Mossberg Model 801/802 Bolt Rifles
 "Mossberg Model 817 Varmint Bolt Action Rifle
 "Navy Arms TU-33/40 Carbine
 "Navy Arms TU-KKW Sniper Trainer
 "Navy Arms TU-KKW Training Rifle
 "New England Firearms Sportster Single Shot Rifles
 "Norinco JW-15 Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Norinco JW-27 Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Remington 40-XR Rimfire Custom Sporter
 "Remington 541-T
 "Remington 541-T HB Bolt-Action
 "Rifle Remington 581-S Sportsman Rifle
 "Remington Model Five
 "Remington Model Five Youth
 "Rossi Matched Pair Single Shot Rifle
 "Ruger 77/17
 "Ruger 77/22
 "Ruger 77/22 Rimfire Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Ruger K77/22 Varmint Rifle
 "Savage CUB T Mini Youth
 "Savage Mark I-G Bolt Action
 "Savage Mark II Bolt Action Rifles
 "Savage Model 30 G Stevens Favorite
 "Savage Model 93 Rifles
 "Thompson/Center Hotshot Youth Rifle
 "Ultra Light Arms Model 20 RF Bolt-Action Rifle
 "Winchester Model 52B Sporting Rifle
 "Winchester Wildcat Bolt Action Rifle 22
 "COMPETITION RIFLES—CENTERFIRE & RIMFIRE
 "Anschutz 1803D Intermediate Match
 "Anschutz 1808D RT Super Match 54 Target
 "Anschutz 1827B Biathlon Rifle
 "Anschutz 1827BT Fortner Biathlon Rifle
 "Anschutz 1903 Rifles
 "Anschutz 1903D Match Rifle
 "Anschutz 1907 Match Rifle
 "Anschutz 1910 Super Match II
 "Anschutz 1911 Match Rifle
 "Anschutz 1912 Rifles
 "Anschutz 1913 Super Match Rifle
 "Anschutz 54.18MS REP Deluxe Silhouette Rifle
 "Anschutz 54.18MS Silhouette Rifle
 "Anschutz 64 MP R Silhouette Rifle
 "Anschutz 64-MS Left Silhouette
 "Anschutz Super Match 54 Target Model 2007
 "Anschutz Super Match 54 Target Model 2013
 "Beeman/Feinwerkbau 2600 Target Rifle
 "Cooper Arms Model TRP-1 ISU Standard Rifle
 "E.A.A./HW 60 Target Rifle
 "E.A.A./HW 660 Match Rifle
 "E.A.A./Weihrauch HW 60 Target Rifle
 "Ed Brown Model 704, M40A2 Marine Sniper
 "Finnish Lion Standard Target Rifle
 "Krico Model 360 S2 Biathlon Rifle
 "Krico Model 360S Biathlon Rifle
 "Krico Model 400 Match Rifle
 "Krico Model 500 Kricotronic Match Rifle
 "Krico Model 600 Match Rifle
 "Krico Model 600 Sniper Rifle
 "Lakefield Arms Model 90B Target Rifle
 "Lakefield Arms Model 91T Target Rifle
 "Lakefield Arms Model 92S Silhouette Rifle
 "Marlin Model 2000 Target Rifle
 "Mauser Model 86-SR Specialty Rifle
 "McMillan 300 Phoenix Long Range Rifle
 "McMillan Long Range Rifle
 "McMillan M-86 Sniper Rifle
 "McMillan M-89 Sniper Rifle
 "McMillan National Match Rifle
 "Parker-Hale M-85 Sniper Rifle
 "Parker-Hale M-87 Target Rifle
 "Remington 40-X Bolt Action Rifles
 "Remington 40-XB Rangemaster Target Centerfire
 "Remington 40-XBBR KS
 "Remington 40-XC KS National Match Course Rifle
 "Remington 40-XR KS Rimfire Position Rifle
 "Sako TRG-21 Bolt-Action Rifle

- “Sako TRG–22 Bolt Action Rifle
 “Springfield Armory M–1 Garand
 “Steyr-Mannlicher SSG Rifles
 “Steyr-Mannlicher Match SPG–UIT Rifle
 “Steyr-Mannlicher SSG P–I Rifle
 “Steyr-Mannlicher SSG P–II Rifle
 “Steyr-Mannlicher SSG P–III Rifle
 “Steyr-Mannlicher SSG P–IV Rifle
 “Tanner 300 Meter Free Rifle
 “Tanner 50 Meter Free Rifle
 “Tanner Standard UIT Rifle
 “Time Precision 22RF Bench Rifle
 “Wichita Silhouette Rifle
 “SHOTGUNS—AUTOLOADERS
 “American Arms
 “American Arms/Franchi Black Magic 48/AL
 “Benelli Billionaire
 “Benelli Black Eagle Competition Auto Shotgun
 “Benelli Cordoba
 “Benelli Executive Series
 “Benelli Legacy Model
 “Benelli M1
 “Benelli M1 Defense
 “Benelli M1 Tactical
 “Benelli M1014 Limited Edition
 “Benelli M2
 “Benelli M2 Field Steady Grip
 “Benelli M2 Practical
 “Benelli M2 Tactical
 “Benelli M2 American Series
 “Benelli M3 Convertible
 “Benelli M4 Models Vinci Steady Grip
 “Benelli Montefeltro Super 90 20-Gauge Shotgun
 “Benelli Montefeltro Super 90 Shotgun
 “Benelli Raffaello Series Shotguns
 “Benelli Sport Model
 “Benelli Super 90 M1 Field Model
 “Benelli Super Black Eagle II Models
 “Benelli Super Black Eagle II Steady Grip
 “Benelli Super Black Eagle Models
 “Benelli Super Black Eagle Shotgun
 “Benelli Super Black Eagle Slug Gun
 “Benelli Super Vinci
 “Benelli Supersport
 “Benelli Two-Gun Sets
 “Benelli Ultralight
 “Benelli Vinci
 “Beretta 390 Field Auto Shotgun
 “Beretta 390 Super Trap, Super Skeet Shotguns
 “Beretta 390I Citizen
 “Beretta 390I Rifled Slug Gun
 “Beretta 390I Statesman
 “Beretta A–303 Auto Shotgun
 “Beretta A400 Series
 “Beretta AL–2 Models
 “Beretta AL–3 Deluxe Trap
 “Beretta AL390 Series
 “Beretta AL391 Teknys Gold
 “Beretta AL391 Teknys Gold Sporting
 “Beretta AL391 Teknys Gold Target
 “Beretta AL391 Urika 2 Camo AP
 “Beretta AL391 Urika 2 Camo Max-4
 “Beretta AL391 Urika 2 Classic
 “Beretta AL391 Urika 2 Gold
 “Beretta AL391 Urika 2 Gold Sporting
 “Beretta AL391 Urika 2 Parallel Target SL
 “Beretta AL391 Urika 2 Sporting
 “Beretta AL391 Urika 2 Synthetic
 “Beretta
 EHF60D322D2F2445DA08B96BA82AED9C500
 Pintail Series
 “Beretta Model 1200 Field
 “Beretta Model 1201F Auto Shotgun
 “Beretta Model 300
 “Beretta Model 301 Series
 “Beretta Model 302 Series
 “Beretta Model 60
 “Beretta Model 61
 “Beretta Model A304 Lark
 “Beretta Model AL391 Series
 “Beretta Model TX4 Storm
 “Beretta Silver Lark
 “Beretta UGB25 Xcel
 “Beretta Vittoria Auto Shotgun
 “Beretta Xtrema2
 “Breda Altair
 “Breda Altair Special
 “Breda Aries 2
 “Breda Astro
 “Breda Astrolux
 “Breda Echo
 “Breda Ernes Series
 “Breda Gold Series
 “Breda Grizzly
 “Breda Mira
 “Breda Standard Series
 “Breda Xanthos
 “Brolin BL–12
 “Brolin SAS–12
 “Browning A–500G Auto Shotgun
 “Browning A–500G Sporting Clays
 “Browning A–500R Auto Shotgun
 “Browning Auto-5 Light 12 and 20
 “Browning Auto-5 Magnum 12
 “Browning Auto-5 Magnum 20
 “Browning Auto-5 Stalker
 “Browning B2000 Series
 “Browning BSA 10 Auto Shotgun
 “Browning BSA 10 Stalker Auto Shotgun
 “Browning Gold Series
 “Browning Marus Series
 “Charles Daly Field Grade Series
 “Charles Daly Novamatic Series
 “Charles Daly Tactical
 “Churchill Regent
 “Churchill Standard Model
 “Churchill Turkey Automatic Shotgun
 “Churchill Windsor
 “Cosmi Automatic Shotgun
 “CZ 712
 “CZ 720
 “CZ 912
 “Escort Escort Series
 “European American Armory (EAA) Bundra Series
 “Fabarms Ellegi Series
 “Fabarms Lion Series
 “Fabarms Tactical
 “FNH USA Model SLP
 “Franchi 610VS
 “Franchi 612 Series
 “Franchi 620
 “Franchi 712
 “Franchi 720
 “Franchi 912
 “Franchi AL 48
 “Franchi AL 48 Series
 “Franchi Elite
 “Franchi I–12 Inertia Series
 “Franchi Prestige
 “H&K Model 512
 “H&R Manufance
 “H&R Model 403
 “Hi-Standard 10A
 “Hi-Standard 10B
 “Hi-Standard Semi Automatic Model
 “Hi-Standard Supermatic Series
 “Ithaca Mag-10
 “Ithaca Model 51 Series
 “LaSalle Semi-automatic
 “Ljutic Bi-matic Autoloader
 “Luger Ultra-light Model
 “Marlin SI 12 Series
 “Maverick Model 60 Auto Shotgun
 “Model AL–1
 “Mossberg 1000
 “Mossberg Model 600 Auto Shotgun
 “Mossberg Model 930 All-Purpose Field
 “Mossberg Model 930 Slugster
 “Mossberg Model 930 Turkey
 “Mossberg Model 930 Waterfowl
 “Mossberg Model 935 Magnum Combos
 “Mossberg Model 935 Magnum Flyway Series
 Waterfowl
 “Mossberg Model 935 Magnum Grand Slam Series Turkey
 “Mossberg Model 935 Magnum Turkey
 “Mossberg Model 935 Magnum Waterfowl
 “New England Firearms Excell Auto Combo
 “New England Firearms Excell Auto Synthetic
 “New England Firearms Excell Auto Turkey
 “New England Firearms Excell Auto Walnut
 “New England Firearms Excell Auto Waterfowl
 “Nighthawk Tactical Semi-auto
 “Ottomanguns Sultan Series
 “Remington 105Ti Series
 “Remington 1100 20-Gauge Deer Gun
 “Remington 1100 LT–20 Auto
 “Remington 1100 LT–20 Tournament Skeet
 “Remington 1100 Special Field
 “Remington 11–48 Series
 “Remington 11–96 Series
 “Remington Model 105 Cti
 “Remington Model 11 Series
 “Remington Model 1100 Classic Trap
 “Remington Model 1100 Competition
 “Remington Model 1100 G3
 “Remington Model 1100 G3
 “Remington Model 1100 Series
 “Remington Model 1100 Shotgun
 “Remington Model 1100 Sporting Series
 “Remington Model 11–87 Sportsman Camo
 “Remington Model 11–87 Sportsman Super Mag Synthetic
 “Remington Model 11–87 Sportsman Super Mag Waterfowl
 “Remington Model 11–87 Sportsman Synthetic
 “Remington Model 11–87 Sportsman Youth
 “Remington Model 11–87 Sportsman Youth Synthetic
 “Remington Model 48 Series
 “Remington Model 58 Series
 “Remington Model 870 Classic Trap
 “Remington Model 878A Automaster
 “Remington Model SP–10 Magnum Satin
 “Remington Model SP–10 Waterfowl
 “Remington Model SPR453
 “Remington Versa-Max Series
 “Savage Model 720
 “Savage Model 726
 “Savage Model 740C Skeet Gun
 “Savage Model 745
 “Savage Model 755 Series
 “Savage Model 775 Series
 “Scattergun Technologies K–9
 “Scattergun Technologies SWAT
 “Scattergun Technologies Urban Sniper Model
 “SKB 1300 Upland
 “SKB 1900
 “SKB 300 Series
 “SKB 900 Series
 “SKS 3000
 “Smith & Wesson Model 1000
 “Smith & Wesson Model 1012 Series
 “Spartan Gun Works SPR453
 “TOZ Model H–170
 “Tri-Star Diana Series
 “Tri-Star Phantom Series
 “Tri-Star Viper Series
 “Tula Arms Plant TOZ 87
 “Verona 401 Series
 “Verona 405 Series
 “Verona 406 Series
 “Verona SX801 Series
 “Weatherby Centurion Series
 “Weatherby Field Grade
 “Weatherby Model 82
 “Weatherby SA–08 Series
 “Weatherby SA–459 TR
 “Weatherby SAS Series
 “Winchester 1500
 “Winchester Model 50
 “Winchester Model 59
 “Winchester Super X1 Series
 “Winchester Super X2 Series
 “Winchester Super X3 Series
 “SHOTGUNS—SLIDE ACTIONS
 “ADCO Diamond Grade
 “ADCO Diamond Series Shotguns
 “ADCO Mariner Model
 “ADCO Sales Inc. Gold Elite Series
 “Armscor M–30 Series
 “Armscor M–5
 “Baikal IZH–81
 “Baikal MP133
 “Benelli Nova Series

- “Benelli Supernova Series
- “Beretta Ariete Standard
- “Beretta Gold Pigeon Pump
- “Beretta Model SL-12
- “Beretta Ruby Pigeon Pump
- “Beretta Silver Pigeon Pump
- “Brolin Field Series
- “Brolin Lawman Model
- “Brolin Slug Special
- “Brolin Slugmaster
- “Brolin Turkey Master
- “Browning BPS Game Gun Deer Special
- “Browning BPS Game Gun Turkey Special
- “Browning BPS Pigeon Grade Pump Shotgun
- “Browning BPS Pump Shotgun
- “Browning BPS Pump Shotgun (Ladies and Youth Model)
- “Browning BPS Series Pump Shotgun
- “Browning BPS Stalker Pump Shotgun
- “Browning Model 12 Limited Edition Series
- “Browning Model 42 Pump Shotgun
- “Century I12 Slide Action
- “Century Ultra 87 Slide Action
- “Charles Daly Field Hunter
- “Ducks Unlimited Dinner Guns
- “EAA Model PM2
- “Escort Field Series
- “Fort Worth Firearms GLL18
- “H&R Pardner Pump
- “Hi-Standard Flite-King Series
- “Hi-Standard Model 200
- “Interstate Arms Model 981
- “Interstate Arms Model 982T
- “Ithaca Deerslayer II Rifled Shotgun
- “Ithaca Model 87 Deerslayer Shotgun
- “Ithaca Model 87 Deluxe Pump Shotgun
- “Ithaca Model 87 Series Shotguns
- “Ithaca Model 87 Supreme Pump Shotgun
- “Ithaca Model 87 Turkey Gun
- “Magtech Model 586—VR Pump Shotgun
- “Maverick Models 88, 91 Pump Shotguns
- “Mossberg 200 Series Shotgun
- “Mossberg 3000 Pump shotgun
- “Mossberg 535 ATS Series Pump Shotguns
- “Mossberg Field Grade Model 835 Pump Shotgun
- “Mossberg Model 500 All Purpose Field
- “Mossberg Model 500 Bantam
- “Mossberg Model 500 Bantam Combo
- “Mossberg Model 500 Bantam Pump
- “Mossberg Model 500 Camo Pump
- “Mossberg Model 500 Combos
- “Mossberg Model 500 Flyway Series Waterfowl
- “Mossberg Model 500 Grand Slam Series Turkey
- “Mossberg Model 500 Muzzleloader
- “Mossberg Model 500 Muzzleloader Combo
- “Mossberg Model 500 Series Pump Shotguns
- “Mossberg Model 500 Slugster
- “Mossberg Model 500 Sporting Pump
- “Mossberg Model 500 Super Bantam All Purpose Field
- “Mossberg Model 500 Super Bantam Combo
- “Mossberg Model 500 Super Bantam Slug
- “Mossberg Model 500 Super Bantam Turkey
- “Mossberg Model 500 Trophy Slugster
- “Mossberg Model 500 Turkey
- “Mossberg Model 500 Waterfowl
- “Mossberg Model 505 Series Pump Shotguns
- “Mossberg Model 505 Youth All Purpose Field
- “Mossberg Model 535 ATS All Purpose Field
- “Mossberg Model 535 ATS Combos
- “Mossberg Model 535 ATS Slugster
- “Mossberg Model 535 ATS Turkey
- “Mossberg Model 535 ATS Waterfowl
- “Mossberg Model 835 Regal Ulti-Mag Pump
- “Mossberg Model 835 Series Pump Shotguns
- “Mossberg Model 835 Ulti-Mag
- “Mossberg Turkey Model 500 Pump
- “National Wild Turkey Federation (NWTf) Banquet/Guns of the Year
- “New England Firearms Pardner Pump Combo
- “New England Firearms Pardner Pump Field
- “New England Firearms Pardner Pump Slug Gun
- “New England Firearms Pardner Pump Synthetic
- “New England Firearms Pardner Pump Turkey Gun
- “New England Firearms Pardner Pump Walnut
- “New England Firearms Pardner Pump-Compact Field
- “New England Firearms Pardner Pump-Compact Synthetic
- “New England Firearms Pardner Pump-Compact Walnut
- “Norinco Model 98 Field Series
- “Norinco Model 983
- “Norinco Model 984
- “Norinco Model 985
- “Norinco Model 987
- “Orvis Grand Vazir Series
- “Quail Unlimited Limited Edition Pump Shotguns
- “Remington 870 Express
- “Remington 870 Express Rifle Sighted Deer Gun
- “Remington 870 Express Series Pump Shotguns
- “Remington 870 Express Turkey
- “Remington 870 High Grade Series
- “Remington 870 High Grades
- “Remington 870 Marine Magnum
- “Remington 870 Special Field
- “Remington 870 Special Purpose Deer Gun
- “Remington 870 Special Purpose Synthetic Camo
- “Remington 870 SPS Special Purpose Magnum
- “Remington 870 SPS—BG—Camo Deer/Turkey Shotgun
- “Remington 870 SPS—Deer Shotgun
- “Remington 870 SPS—T Camo Pump Shotgun
- “Remington 870 TC Trap
- “Remington 870 Wingmaster
- “Remington 870 Wingmaster Series
- “Remington 870 Wingmaster Small Gauges
- “Remington Model 11—87 XCS Super Magnum Waterfowl
- “Remington Model 870 Ducks Unlimited Series Dinner Pump Shotguns
- “Remington Model 870 Express
- “Remington Model 870 Express JR.
- “Remington Model 870 Express Shurshot Synthetic Cantilever
- “Remington Model 870 Express Super Magnum
- “Remington Model 870 Express Synthetic
- “Remington Model 870 Express Youth Gun
- “Remington Model 870 Express Youth Synthetic
- “Remington Model 870 SPS Shurshot Synthetic Cantilever
- “Remington Model 870 SPS Shurshot Synthetic Turkey
- “Remington Model 870 SPS Special Purpose Magnum Series Pump Shotguns
- “Remington Model 870 SPS Super Mag Max Gobbler
- “Remington Model 870 XCS Marine Magnum
- “Remington Model 870 XCS Super Magnum
- “Winchester 12 Commercial Riot Gun
- “Winchester 97 Commercial Riot Gun
- “Winchester Model 12 Pump Shotgun
- “Winchester Model 120 Ranger
- “Winchester Model 1200 Series Shotgun
- “Winchester Model 1300 Ranger Pump Gun
- “Winchester Model 1300 Ranger Pump Gun Combo & Deer Gun
- “Winchester Model 1300 Series Shotgun
- “Winchester Model 1300 Slug Hunter Deer Gun
- “Winchester Model 1300 Turkey Gun
- “Winchester Model 1300 Walnut Pump
- “Winchester Model 42 High Grade Shotgun
- “Winchester Speed Pump Defender
- “Winchester SXP Series Pump Shotgun
- “Zoli Pump Action Shotgun
- “American Arms Silver Skeet O/U
- “American Arms Silver Sporting O/U
- “American Arms Silver Trap O/U
- “American Arms WS/OU 12, TS/OU 12 Shotguns
- “American Arms WT/OU 10 Shotgun
- “American Arms/Franchi Sporting 2000 O/U
- “Armsport 2700 O/U Goose Gun
- “Armsport 2700 Series O/U
- “Armsport 2900 Tri-Barrel Shotgun
- “AYA Augusta
- “AYA Coral A
- “AYA Coral B
- “AYA Excelsior
- “AYA Model 37 Super
- “AYA Model 77
- “AYA Model 79 Series
- “Baby Bretton Over/Under Shotgun
- “Baikal IZH27
- “Baikal MP310
- “Baikal MP333
- “Baikal MP94
- “Beretta 90 DE LUXE
- “Beretta 682 Gold E Skeet
- “Beretta 682 Gold E Trap
- “Beretta 682 Gold E Trap Bottom Single
- “Beretta 682 Series
- “Beretta 682 Super Sporting O/U
- “Beretta 685 Series
- “Beretta 686 Series
- “Beretta 686 White Onyx
- “Beretta 686 White Onyx Sporting
- “Beretta 687 EELL Classic
- “Beretta 687 EELL Diamond Pigeon
- “Beretta 687 EELL Diamond Pigeon Sporting
- “Beretta 687 series
- “Beretta 687EL Sporting O/U
- “Beretta Alpha Series
- “Beretta America Standard
- “Beretta AS
- “Beretta ASE 90 Competition O/U Shotgun
- “Beretta ASE 90 Gold Skeet
- “Beretta ASE Gold
- “Beretta ASE Series
- “Beretta ASEL
- “Beretta BL Sereis
- “Beretta DT10 Series
- “Beretta DT10 Trident EELL
- “Beretta DT10 Trident L Sporting
- “Beretta DT10 Trident Skeet
- “Beretta DT10 Trident Sporting
- “Beretta DT10 Trident Trap Combo
- “Beretta Europa
- “Beretta Field Shotguns
- “Beretta Gamma Series
- “Beretta Giubileo
- “Beretta Grade Four
- “Beretta Grade One
- “Beretta Grade Three
- “Beretta Grade Two
- “Beretta Milano
- “Beretta Model 686 Ultralight O/U
- “Beretta Model SO5, SO6, SO9 Shotguns
- “Beretta Onyx Hunter Sport O/U Shotgun
- “Beretta Over/Under Field Shotguns
- “Beretta Royal Pigeon
- “Beretta S56 Series
- “Beretta S58 Series
- “Beretta Series 682 Competition Over/Unders
- “Beretta Silver Pigeon II
- “Beretta Silver Pigeon II Sporting
- “Beretta Silver Pigeon III
- “Beretta Silver Pigeon III Sporting
- “Beretta Silver Pigeon IV
- “Beretta Silver Pigeon S
- “Beretta Silver Pigeon V
- “Beretta Silver Snipe
- “Beretta Skeet Set
- “Beretta SO-1
- “Beretta SO-2
- “Beretta SO-3
- “Beretta SO-4
- “Beretta SO5
- “Beretta SO6 EELL
- “Beretta SO-10
- “Beretta SO10 EELL
- “Beretta Sporting Clay Shotguns
- “Beretta SV10 Perennia

- "Beretta Ultralight
- "Beretta Ultralight Deluxe
- "Bertuzzi Zeus
- "Bertuzzi Zeus Series
- "Beschi Boxlock Model
- "Big Bear Arms IJ-39
- "Big Bear Arms Sterling Series
- "Big Bear IJ-27
- "Blaser F3 Series
- "Bosis Challenger Titanium
- "Bosis Laura
- "Bosis Michaelangelo
- "Bosis Wild Series
- "Boss Custom Over/Under Shotguns
- "Boss Merlin
- "Boss Pendragon
- "Breda Pegaso Series
- "Breda Sirio Standard
- "Breda Vega Series
- "Bretton Baby Standard
- "Bretton Sprint Deluxe
- "BRNO 500/501
- "BRNO 502
- "BRNO 801 Series
- "BRNO 802 Series
- "BRNO BS-571
- "BRNO BS-572
- "BRNO ZH-300
- "BRNO ZH-301
- "BRNO ZH-302
- "BRNO ZH-303
- "Browning 325 Sporting Clays
- "Browning 625 Series
- "Browning 725 Series
- "Browning B-25 Series
- "Browning B-26 Series
- "Browning B-27 Series
- "Browning B-125 Custom Shop Series
- "Browning Citori 525 Series
- "Browning Citori GT1 Sporting Clays
- "Browning Citori Lightning Series
- "Browning Citori O/U Shotgun
- "Browning Citori O/U Skeet Models
- "Browning Citori O/U Trap Models
- "Browning Citori Plus Trap Combo
- "Browning Citori Plus Trap Gun
- "Browning Cynergy Series
- "Browning Diana Grade
- "Browning Lightning Sporting Clays
- "Browning Micro Citori Lightning
- "Browning Midas Grade
- "Browning Special Sporting Clays
- "Browning Sporter Model
- "Browning ST-100
- "Browning Superlight Citori Over/Under
- "Browning Superlight Citori Series
- "Browning Superlight Feather
- "Browning Superposed Pigeon Grade
- "Browning Superposed Standard
- "BSA Falcon
- "BSA O/U
- "BSA Silver Eagle
- "Cabela's Volo
- "Caprinus Sweden Model
- "Centurion Over/Under Shotgun
- "Century Arms Arthemis
- "Chapuis Over/Under Shotgun
- "Charles Daly Country Squire Model
- "Charles Daly Deluxe Model
- "Charles Daly Diamond Series
- "Charles Daly Empire Series
- "Charles Daly Field Grade O/U
- "Charles Daly Lux Over/Under
- "Charles Daly Maxi-Mag
- "Charles Daly Model 105
- "Charles Daly Model 106
- "Charles Daly Model 206
- "Charles Daly Over/Under Shotguns, Japanese Manufactured
- "Charles Daly Over/Under Shotguns, Prussian Manufactured
- "Charles Daly Presentation Model
- "Charles Daly Sporting Clays Model
- "Charles Daly Superior Model
- "Charles Daly UL
- "Churchill Imperial Model
- "Churchill Monarch
- "Churchill Premiere Model
- "Churchill Regent Trap and Skeet
- "Churchill Regent V
- "Churchill Sporting Clays
- "Churchill Windsor III
- "Churchill Windsor IV
- "Classic Doubles Model 101 Series
- "Cogswell & Harrison Woodward Type
- "Connecticut Shotgun Company A. Galazan Model
- "Connecticut Shotgun Company A-10 American
- "Connecticut Valley Classics Classic Field Waterfowler
- "Connecticut Valley Classics Classic Sporter O/U
- "Continental Arms Centaure Series
- "Cortona Over/Under Shotguns
- "CZ 581 Solo
- "CZ Canvasback 103D
- "CZ Limited Edition
- "CZ Mallard 104A
- "CZ Redhead Deluxe 103FE
- "CZ Sporting
- "CZ Super Scroll Limited Edition
- "CZ Upland Ultralight
- "CZ Wingshooter
- "Dakin Arms Model 170
- "Darne SB1
- "Darne SB2
- "Darne SB3
- "Depar ATAK
- "Dumoulin Superposed Express
- "Ducks Unlimited Dinner Guns/Guns of the Year, Over/Under Models
- "Dumoulin Boss Royal Superposed
- "E.A.A. Falcon
- "E.A.A. Scirocco Series
- "E.A.A./Sabatti Falcon-Mon Over/Under
- "E.A.A./Sabatti Sporting Clays Pro-Gold O/U
- "ERA Over/Under
- "Famars di Abbiatico & Salvinelli Aries
- "Famars di Abbiatico & Salvinelli Castrone
- "Famars di Abbiatico & Salvinelli Dove Gun
- "Famars di Abbiatico & Salvinelli Excaliber Series
- "Famars di Abbiatico & Salvinelli Jorema
- "Famars di Abbiatico & Salvinelli Leonardo
- "Famars di Abbiatico & Salvinelli Pegasus
- "Famars di Abbiatico & Salvinelli Posiden
- "Famars di Abbiatico & Salvinelli Quail Gun
- "Famars di Abbiatico & Salvinelli Royal
- "Famars di Abbiatico & Salvinelli Royale
- "Fausti Boutique Series
- "Fausti Caledon Series
- "Fausti Class Series
- "Ferlib Boss Model
- "Finnclassic 512 Series
- "Franchi 2004 Trap
- "Franchi 2005 Combination Trap
- "Franchi Alcione Series
- "Franchi Aristocrat Series
- "Franchi Black Majic
- "Franchi Falconet Series
- "Franchi Instict Series
- "Franchi Model 2003 Trap
- "Franchi Renaissance Series
- "Franchi Sporting 2000
- "Franchi Undergun Model 3000
- "Franchi Veloce Series
- "Galef Golden Snipe
- "Galef Silver Snipe
- "Golden Eagle Model 5000 Series
- "Griffon & Howe Black Ram
- "Griffon & Howe Broadway
- "Griffon & Howe Claremont
- "Griffon & Howe Madison
- "Griffon & Howe Silver Ram
- "Griffon & Howe Superbrite
- "Guerini Apex Series
- "Guerini Challenger Sporting
- "Guerini Ellipse Evo
- "Guerini Ellipse Evolution Sporting
- "Guerini Ellipse Limited
- "Guerini Essex Field
- "Guerini Flyaway
- "Guerini Forum Series
- "Guerini Magnus Series
- "Guerini Maxum Series
- "Guerini Summit Series
- "Guerini Tempio
- "Guerini Woodlander
- "H&R Harrich #1
- "H&R Model 1212
- "H&R Model 1212WF
- "H&R Pinnacle
- "Hatfields Hatfield Model 1 of 100
- "Heym Model 55 F
- "Heym Model 55 SS
- "Heym Model 200
- "Holland & Holland Royal Series
- "Holland & Holland Sporting Model
- "IGA 2000 Series
- "IGA Hunter Series
- "IGA Trap Series
- "IGA Turkey Series
- "IGA Waterfowl Series
- "K.F.C. E-2 Trap/Skeet
- "K.F.C. Field Gun
- "Kassnar Grade I O/U Shotgun
- "KDF Condor Khan Arthemis Field/Deluxe
- "Kimber Augusta Series
- "Kimber Marias Series
- "Krieghoff K-80 Four-Barrel Skeet Set
- "Krieghoff K-80 International Skeet
- "Krieghoff K-80 O/U Trap Shotgun
- "Krieghoff K-80 Skeet Shotgun
- "Krieghoff K-80 Sporting Clays O/U
- "Krieghoff K-80/RT Shotguns
- "Krieghoff Model 20 Sporting/Field
- "Krieghoff Model 32 Series
- "Lames Field Model
- "Lames Skeet Model
- "Lames Standard Model
- "Lames California Model
- "Laurona Model 67
- "Laurona Model 82 Series
- "Laurona Model 83 Series
- "Laurona Model 84 Series
- "Laurona Model 85 Series
- "Laurona Model 300 Series
- "Laurona Silhouette 300 Sporting Clays
- "Laurona Silhouette 300 Trap
- "Laurona Super Model Over/Unders
- "Lebeau Baron Series
- "Lebeau Boss Verres
- "Lebeau Boxlock with sideplates
- "Lebeau Sidelock
- "Lebeau Versailles
- "Lippard Custom Over/Under Shotguns
- "Ljutic LM-6 Deluxe O/U Shotgun
- "Longthorne Hesketh Game Gun
- "Longthorne Sporter
- "Marlin Model 90
- "Marocchi Avanza O/U Shotgun
- "Marocchi Conquista Over/Under Shotgun
- "Marocchi Conquista Series
- "Marocchi Model 100
- "Marocchi Model 99
- "Maverick HS-12 Tactical
- "Maverick Hunter Field Model
- "McMillan Over/Under Sidelock
- "Merkel 201 Series
- "Merkel 2016 Series
- "Merkel 2116 EL Sidelock
- "Merkel 303EL Luxus
- "Merkel Model 100
- "Merkel Model 101
- "Merkel Model 101E
- "Merkel Model 200E O/U Shotgun
- "Merkel Model 200E Skeet, Trap Over/Unders
- "Merkel Model 200SC Sporting Clays
- "Merkel Model 203E, 303E Over/Under Shotguns
- "Merkel Model 204E
- "Merkel Model 210
- "Merkel Model 301
- "Merkel Model 302
- "Merkel Model 304E
- "Merkel Model 310E
- "Merkel Model 400
- "Merkel Model 400E
- "Merkel Model 2000 Series
- "Mossberg Onyx Reserve Field
- "Mossberg Onyx Reserve Sporting
- "Mossberg Silver Reserve Field
- "Mossberg Silver Reserve Series

- “Mossberg Silver Reserve Sporting
 “Norinco Type HL12–203
 “Omega Standard Over/Under Model
 “Orvis Field
 “Orvis Knockabout
 “Orvis Premier Grade
 “Orvis SKB Green Mountain Uplander
 “Orvis Sporting Clays
 “Orvis Super Field
 “Orvis Uplander
 “Orvis Waterfowler
 “Pederson Model 1000 Series
 “Pederson Model 1500 Series
 “Perazzi Boxlock Action Hunting
 “Perazzi Competition Series
 “Perazzi Electrocibles
 “Perazzi Granditalia
 “Perazzi Mirage Special Four–Gauge Skeet
 “Perazzi Mirage Special Skeet Over/Under
 “Perazzi Mirage Special Sporting O/U
 “Perazzi MS80
 “Perazzi MT–6
 “Perazzi MX1/MX2
 “Perazzi MX3
 “Perazzi MX4
 “Perazzi MX5
 “Perazzi MX6
 “Perazzi MX7 Over/Under Shotguns
 “Perazzi MX8/20 Over/Under Shotgun
 “Perazzi MX8/MX8 Special Trap, Skeet
 “Perazzi MX9 Single Over/Under Shotguns
 “Perazzi MX10
 “Perazzi MX11
 “Perazzi MX12 Hunting Over/Under
 “Perazzi MX14
 “Perazzi MX16
 “Perazzi MX20 Hunting Over/Under
 “Perazzi MX28, MX410 Game O/U Shotguns
 “Perazzi MX2000
 “Perazzi MX2005
 “Perazzi MX2008
 “Perazzi Sidelock Action Hunting
 “Perazzi Sporting Classic O/U
 “Perugini Maestro Series
 “Perugini Michelangelo
 “Perugini Nova Boss
 “Pietro Zanoletti Model 2000 Field O/U
 “Piotti Boss Over/Under Shotgun
 “Pointer Italian Model
 “Pointer Turkish Model
 “Remington 396 Series
 “Remington 3200 Series
 “Remington Model 32 Series
 “Remington Model 300 Ideal
 “Remington Model 332 Series
 “Remington Model SPR310
 “Remington Model SPR310N
 “Remington Model SPR310S
 “Remington Peerless Over/Under Shotgun
 “Remington Premier Field
 “Remington Premier Ruffed Grouse
 “Remington Premier Series
 “Remington Premier STS Competition
 “Remington Premier Upland
 “Richland Arms Model 41
 “Richland Arms Model 747
 “Richland Arms Model 757
 “Richland Arms Model 787
 “Richland Arms Model 808
 “Richland Arms Model 810
 “Richland Arms Model 828
 “Rigby 401 Sidelock
 “Rota Model 650
 “Rota Model 72 Series
 “Royal American Model 100
 “Ruger Red Label O/U Shotgun
 “Ruger Sporting Clays O/U Shotgun
 “Ruger Woodside Shotgun
 “Rutten Model RM 100
 “Rutten Model RM285
 “S.I.A.C.E. Evolution
 “S.I.A.C.E. Model 66C
 “S.I.A.C.E.600T Lusso EL
 “San Marco 10–Ga. O/U Shotgun
 “San Marco 12–Ga. Wildflower Shotgun
 “San Marco Field Special O/U Shotgun
 “Sauer Model 66 Series
 “Savage Model 242
 “Savage Model 420/430
 “Sig Sauer Aurora Series
 “Sig Sauer SA–3
 “Sig Sauer SA–5
 “Silma Model 70 Series
 “SKB Model 85 Series
 “SKB Model 500 Series
 “SKB Model 505 Deluxe Over/Under Shotgun
 “SKB Model 505 Series
 “SKB Model 600 Series
 “SKB Model 605 Series
 “SKB Model 680 Series
 “SKB Model 685 Over/Under Shotgun
 “SKB Model 685 Series
 “SKB Model 700 Series
 “SKB Model 785 Series
 “SKB Model 800 Series
 “SKB Model 880 Series
 “SKB Model 885 Over/Under Trap, Skeet,
 Sporting Clays
 “SKB Model 885 Series
 “SKB Model 5600 Series
 “SKB Model 5700 Series
 “SKB Model 5800 Series
 “SKB Model GC–7 Series
 “Spartan SPR310/320
 “Stevens Model 240
 “Stevens Model 512
 “Stoeger/IGA Condor I O/U Shotgun
 “Stoeger/IGA ERA 2000 Over/Under Shotgun
 “Techni–Mec Model 610 Over/Under
 “Tikka Model 412S Field Grade Over/Under
 “Traditions 350 Series Traditions Classic Field
 Series
 “Traditions Classic Upland Series
 “Traditions Gold Wing Series
 “Traditions Real 16 Series
 “Tri Star Model 330 Series
 “Tri–Star Hunter EX
 “Tri–Star Model 300
 “Tri–Star Model 333 Series
 “Tri–Star Setter Model
 “Tri–Star Silver Series
 “Tri–Star Sporting Model
 “TULA 120
 “TULA 200
 “TULA TOZ34
 “Universal 7112
 “Universal 7312
 “Universal 7412
 “Universal 7712
 “Universal 7812
 “Universal 7912
 “Verona 501 Series
 “Verona 680 Series
 “Verona 702 Series
 “Verona LX692 Series
 “Verona LX980 Series
 “Weatherby Athena Grade IV O/U Shotguns
 “Weatherby Athena Grade V Classic Field O/
 U
 “Weatherby Athena Series
 “Weatherby Classic Field Models
 “Weatherby II, III Classic Field O/Us
 “Weatherby Orion II Classic Sporting Clays
 O/U
 “Weatherby Orion II series
 “Weatherby Orion II Sporting Clays O/U
 “Weatherby Orion III Series
 “Weatherby Orion O/U Shotguns
 “Winchester Model 91
 “Winchester Model 96
 “Winchester Model 99
 “Winchester Model 101 All Models and Grades
 “Winchester Model 1001 O/U Shotgun
 “Winchester Model 1001 Series
 “Winchester Model 1001 Sporting Clays O/U
 “Winchester Model G5500
 “Winchester Model G6500
 “Winchester Select Series
 “Zoli Condor
 “Zoli Deluxe Model
 “Zoli Dove
 “Zoli Field Special
 “Zoli Pigeon Model
 “Zoli Silver Snipe
 “Zoli Snipe
 “Zoli Special Model
 “Zoli Target Series
 “Zoli Texas
 “Zoli Z Series
 “Zoli Z–90 Series
 “Zoli Z–Sport Series
 “SHOTGUNS—SIDE BY SIDES
 “Armas Azor Sidelock Model
 “ADCO Sales Diamond Series Shotguns
 “American Arms Brittany Shotgun
 “American Arms Derby Side-by-Side
 “American Arms Gentry Double Shotgun
 “American Arms Grulla #2 Double Shotgun
 “American Arms TS/SS 10 Double Shotgun
 “American Arms TS/SS 12 Side-by-Side
 “American Arms WS/SS 10
 “Arizaga Model 31 Double Shotgun
 “Armes de Chasse Sidelock and Boxlock Shot-
 guns
 “Armsport 1050 Series Double Shotguns
 “Arrieta Sidelock Double Shotguns
 “Auguste Francotte Boxlock Shotgun
 “Auguste Francotte Sidelock Shotgun
 “AYA Boxlock Shotguns
 “AYA Sidelock Double Shotguns
 “Baikal IZH–43 Series Shotguns
 “Baikal MP210 Series Shotguns
 “Baikal MP213 Series Shotguns
 “Baikal MP220 Series Shotguns
 “Baker Gun Sidelock Models
 “Baltimore Arms Co. Style 1
 “Baltimore Arms Co. Style 2
 “Bayard Boxlock and Sidelock Model Shot-
 guns
 “Beretta 450 series Shotguns
 “Beretta 451 Series Shotguns
 “Beretta 452 Series Shotguns
 “Beretta 470 Series Shotguns
 “Beretta Custom Grade Shotguns
 “Beretta Francia Standard
 “Beretta Imperiale Montecarlo
 “Beretta Model 452 Sidelock Shotgun
 “Beretta Omega Standard
 “Beretta Side-by-Side Field Shotguns
 “Beretta Verona/Bergamo
 “Bertuzzi Ariete Hammer Gun
 “Bertuzzi Model Orione
 “Bertuzzi Venere Series Shotguns
 “Beschi Sidelock and Boxlock Models
 “Bill Hanus Birdgun Doubles
 “Bosis Country SxS
 “Bosis Hammer Gun
 “Bosis Queen Sidelock
 “Boss Robertson SxS
 “Boss SxS
 “Boswell Boxlock Model
 “Boswell Featherweight Monarch Grade
 “Boswell Merlin Sidelock
 “Boswell Sidelock Model
 “Breda Andromeda Special
 “BRNO ZP Series Shotguns
 “Brown SxS Shotgun
 “Browning B–SS
 “Browning B–SS Belgian/Japanese Prototype
 “Browning B–SS Sidelock
 “Browning B–SS Sporter
 “Bruchet Model A
 “Bruchet Model B
 “BSA Classic
 “BSA Royal
 “Cabela’s ATA Grade II Custom
 “Cabela’s Hemingway Model
 “Casartelli Sidelock Model
 “Century Coach SxS
 “Chapuis RGP Series Shotguns
 “Chapuis RP Series Shotguns
 “Chapuis Side-by-Side Shotgun
 “Chapuis UGP Round Design SxS
 “Charles Daly 1974 Wildlife Commemorative
 “Charles Daly Classic Coach Gun
 “Charles Daly Diamond SxS
 “Charles Daly Empire SxS
 “Charles Daly Model 306
 “Charles Daly Model 500
 “Charles Daly Model Dss Double
 “Charles Daly Superior SxS
 “Churchill Continental Series Shotguns
 “Churchill Crown Model

- "Churchill Field Model
 "Churchill Hercules Model
 "Churchill Imperial Model
 "Churchill Premiere Series Shotguns
 "Churchill Regal Model
 "Churchill Royal Model
 "Churchill Windsor Series Shotguns
 "Cimarron Coach Guns
 "Classic Doubles Model 201
 "Classic Clot 1878 Hammer Shotgun
 "Cogswell & Harrison Sidelock and Boxlock Shotguns
 "Colt 1883 Hammerless
 "Colt SxS Shotgun
 "Connecticut Shotgun Co. Model 21
 "Connecticut Shotgun Co. RBL Series
 "Continental Arms Centaure
 "Crescent SxS Model
 "Crucelegui Hermanos Model 150 Double
 "CZ Amarillo
 "CZ Bobwhite
 "CZ Competition
 "CZ Deluxe
 "CZ Durango
 "CZ Grouse
 "CZ Hammer Models
 "CZ Partridge
 "CZ Ringneck
 "CZ Ringneck Target
 "Dakin Model 100
 "Dakin Model 147
 "Dakin Model 160
 "Dakin Model 215
 "Dakota American Legend
 "Dakota Classic Grade
 "Dakota Classic Grade II
 "Dakota Classic Grade III
 "Dakota Premier Grade
 "Dan Arms Deluxe Field Model
 "Dan Arms Field Model
 "Darne Sliding Breech Series Shotguns
 "Davidson Arms Model 63B
 "Davidson Arms Model 69SL
 "Davidson Arms Model 73 Stagecoach
 "Dumoulin Continental Model
 "Dumoulin Etendard Model
 "Dumoulin Europa Model
 "Dumoulin Liege Model
 "E.A.A. SABA
 "E.A.A./Sabatti Saba-Mon Double Shotgun
 "E.M.F. Model 1878 SxS
 "E.M.F. Stagecoach SxS Model
 "ERA Quail SxS
 "ERA Riot SxS
 "ERA SxS
 "Famars Boxlock Models
 "Famars Castore
 "Famars Sidelock Models
 "Fausti Caledon
 "Fausti Class
 "Fausti Class Round Body
 "Fausti DEA Series Shotguns
 "Ferlib Mignon Hammer Model
 "Ferlib Model F VII Double Shotgun
 "FN Anson SxS Standard Grade
 "FN New Anson SxS Standard Grade
 "FN Sidelock Standard Grade
 "Fox Higher Grade Models (A–F)
 "Fox Sterlingworth Series
 "Franchi Airone
 "Franchi Astore Series
 "Franchi Destino
 "Franchi Highlander
 "Franchi Sidelock Double Barrel
 "Francotte Boxlock Shotgun
 "Francotte Jubilee Model
 "Francotte Sidelock Shotgun
 "Galef Silver Hawk SxS
 "Galef Zabala SxS
 "Garbi Model 100
 "Garbi Model 101 Side-by-Side
 "Garbi Model 103A, B Side-by-Side
 "Garbi Model 200 Side-by-Side
 "Gastinne Model 105
 "Gastinne Model 202
 "Gastinne Model 353
 "Gastinne Model 98
 "Gib 10 Gauge Magnum
 "Gil Alhambra
 "Gil Diamond
 "Gil Laga
 "Gil Olimpia
 "Greener Sidelock SxS Shotguns
 "Griffin & Howe Britte
 "Griffin & Howe Continental Sidelock
 "Griffin & Howe Round Body Game Gun
 "Griffin & Howe Traditional Game Gun
 "Grulla 217 Series
 "Grulla 219 Series
 "Grulla Consort
 "Grulla Model 209 Holland
 "Grulla Model 215
 "Grulla Model 216 Series
 "Grulla Number 1
 "Grulla Royal
 "Grulla Super MH
 "Grulla Supreme
 "Grulla Windsor
 "H&R Anson & Deeley SxS
 "H&R Model 404
 "H&R Small Bore SxS Hammer Gun
 "Hatfield Uplander Shotgun
 "Henry Atkin Boxlock Model
 "Henry Atkin Sidelock Model
 "Holland & Holland Cavalier Boxlock
 "Holland & Holland Dominion Game Gun
 "Holland & Holland Northwood Boxlock
 "Holland & Holland Round Action Sidelock
 "Holland & Holland Round Action Sidelock Paradox
 "Holland & Holland Royal Hammerless Ejector Sidelock
 "Holland & Holland Sidelock Shotguns
 "Holloway premier Sidelock SxS Model
 "Hopkins & Allen Boxlock and Sidelock Models
 "Huglu SxS Shotguns
 "Husqvarna SxS Shotguns
 "IGA Deluxe Model
 "IGA Turkey Series Model
 "Interstate Arms Model 99 Coach Gun
 "Ithaca Classic Doubles Series Shotguns
 "Ithaca Hammerless Series
 "Iver Johnson Hammerless Model Shotguns
 "Jeffery Boxlock Shotguns
 "Jeffery Sidelock Shotguns
 "K.B.I. Grade II SxS
 "Khan Coach Gun
 "Kimber Valier Series
 "Krieghoff Essencia Boxlock
 "Krieghoff Essencia Sidelock
 "Lanber Imperial Sidelock
 "Laurona Boxlock Models
 "Laurona Sidelock Models
 "Lefever Grade A Field Model
 "Lefever Grade A Skeet Model
 "Lefever New
 "Lefever Model
 "Lefever Nitro Special
 "Lefever Sideplate Models
 "Leforgeron Boxlock Ejector
 "Leforgeron Sidelock Ejector
 "Liberty Coach Gun Series
 "MacNaughton Sidelock Model
 "Malin Boxlock Model
 "Malin Sidelock Model
 "Masquelier Boxlock Model
 "Masquelier Sidelock Model
 "Medwell SxS Sidelock
 "Merkel Model 8, 47E Side-by-Side Shotguns
 "Merkel Model 47LSC Sporting Clays Double
 "Merkel Model 47S, 147S Side-by-Sides
 "Merkel Model 76E
 "Merkel Model 122E
 "Merkel Model 126E
 "Merkel Model 280 Series
 "Merkel Model 360 Series
 "Merkel Model 447SL
 "Merkel Model 1620 Series
 "Merkel Model 1622 Series
 "Mossberg Onyx Reserve Sporting
 "Mossberg Silver Reserve Field
 "Navy Arms Model 100
 "Navy Arms Model 150
 "Orvis Custom Uplander
 "Orvis Field Grade
 "Orvis Fine Grade
 "Orvis Rounded Action
 "Orvis Waterfowler
 "Parker Fluid Steel Barrel Models (All Grades)
 "Parker Reproductions Side-by-Side
 "Pederson Model 200
 "Pederson Model 2500
 "Perazzi DHO Models
 "Perugini Ausonia
 "Perugini Classic Model
 "Perugini Liberty
 "Perugini Regina Model
 "Perugini Romagna Gun
 "Piotti Hammer Gun
 "Piotti King Extra Side-by-Side
 "Piotti King No. 1 Side-by-Side Piotti Lunik Side-by-Side
 "Piotti Monaco Series
 "Piotti Monte Carlo
 "Piotti Piuma Side-by-Side
 "Piotti Westlake
 "Precision Sports Model 600 Series Doubles
 "Premier Italian made SxS Shotguns
 "Premier Spanish made SxS Shotguns
 "Purdy Best Quality Game Gun
 "Remington Model 1900 Hammerless
 "Remington Model SPR210
 "Remington Model SPR220
 "Remington Model SPR220 Cowboy
 "Remington Premier SxS
 "Richland Arms Co. Italian made SxS Models
 "Richland Arms Co. Spanish made SxS Models
 "Rigby Boxlock Shotgun
 "Rigby Hammer Shotgun
 "Rizzini Boxlock Side-by-Side
 "Rizzini Sidelock Side-by-Side
 "Rossi Overlund
 "Rossi Squire
 "Rota Model 105
 "Rota Model 106
 "Rota Model 411 Series
 "Royal American Model 600 Boxlock
 "Royal American Model 800 Sidelock
 "Ruger Gold Label
 "SAE Model 209E
 "SAE Model 210S
 "SAE Model 340X
 "Sarasqueta Mammerless Sidelock
 "Sarasqueta Model 3 Boxlock
 "Sauer Boxlock Model Shotguns
 "Sauer Sidelock Model Shotguns
 "Savage Fox Model FA-1
 "Savage Model 550
 "Scott Blenheim
 "Scott Bowood
 "Scott Chatsworth
 "Scott Kinmount
 "SIACE Italian made SxS Shotguns
 "SKB Model 100
 "SKB Model 150
 "SKB Model 200
 "SKB Model 280
 "SKB Model 300
 "SKB Model 385
 "SKB Model 400
 "SKB Model 480
 "SKB Model 485
 "Smith & Wesson Elite Gold Series Grade I
 "Smith & Wesson Elite Silver Grade I
 "Smith, L.C. Boxlock Hammerless Shotguns
 "Smith, L.C. Sidelock Hammerless Shotguns
 "Spartan SPR Series Shotguns
 "Stevens Model 311/315 Series
 "Stoeger/IGA Uplander Side-by-Side Shotgun
 "Taylor's SxS Model
 "Tri-Star Model 311
 "Tri-Star Model 411 Series
 "Ugartechea 10-Ga. Magnum Shotgun
 "Universal Double Wing SxS
 "Vouzelaud Model 315 Series
 "Walther Model WSF
 "Walther Model WSFD
 "Weatherby Atheana
 "Weatherby D'Italia Series
 "Weatherby Orion
 "Westley Richards Best Quality Sidelock

“Westley Richards Boxlock Shotguns
 “Westley Richards Connaught Model
 “Westley Richards Hand Detachable Lock Shot Model
 “William Douglas Boxlock
 “Winchester Model 21
 “Winchester Model 24
 “Zoli Alley Cleaner
 “Zoli Classic
 “Zoli Falcon II
 “Zoli Model Quail Special
 “Zoli Pheasant
 “Zoli Silver Hawk
 “Zoli Silver Snipe
 “SHOTGUNS—BOLT ACTIONS & SINGLE SHOTS
 “ADCC Diamond Folding Model
 “American Arms Single-Shot
 “ARMSCOR 301A
 “Armsport Single Barrel Shotgun
 “Baikal MP18
 “Beretta 471 EL Silver Hawk
 “Beretta 471 Silver Hawk
 “Beretta Beta Single Barrel
 “Beretta MKII Trap
 “Beretta Model 412
 “Beretta Model FS
 “Beretta TR-1
 “Beretta TR-1 Trap
 “Beretta Vandalia Special Trap
 “Browning BT-99 Competition Trap Special
 “Browning BT-99 Plus Micro
 “Browning BT-99 Plus Trap Gun
 “Browning Micro Recoilless Trap Shotgun
 “Browning Recoilless Trap Shotgun
 “Crescent Single Shot Models
 “CZ Cottontail
 “Desert Industries Big Twenty Shotgun
 “Fevever Long Range Field
 “Frigon FS-4
 “Frigon FT-1
 “Frigon FT-C
 “Gibbs Midland Stalker
 “Greener General Purpose GP MKI/MKII
 “H&R Survivor
 “H&R Tracker Slug Model
 “Harrington & Richardson N.W.T.F. Turkey Mag
 “Harrington & Richardson Pardner
 “Harrington & Richardson Pardner Compact
 “Harrington & Richardson Pardner Compact Turkey Gun
 “Harrington & Richardson Pardner Screw-In Choke
 “Harrington & Richardson Pardner Turkey Gun
 “Harrington & Richardson Pardner Turkey Gun Camo
 “Harrington & Richardson Pardner Waterfowl
 “Harrington & Richardson Tamer
 “Harrington & Richardson Tamer 20
 “Harrington & Richardson Topper Classic Youth Shotgun
 “Harrington & Richardson Topper Deluxe Classic
 “Harrington & Richardson Topper Deluxe Model 098
 “Harrington & Richardson Topper Junior
 “Harrington & Richardson Topper Model 098
 “Harrington & Richardson Topper Trap Gun
 “Harrington & Richardson Tracker II Slug Gun
 “Harrington & Richardson Ultra Slug Hunter
 “Harrington & Richardson Ultra Slug Hunter Compact
 “Harrington & Richardson Ultra Slug Hunter Deluxe
 “Harrington & Richardson Ultra Slug Hunter Thumbhole Stock
 “Harrington & Richardson Ultra-Lite Slug Hunter
 “Hi-Standard 514 Model
 “Holland & Holland Single Barrel Trap
 “IGA Reuna Model
 “IGA Single Barrel Classic
 “Ithaca Model 66
 “Ithaca Single Barrel Trap
 “Iver Johnson Champion Series
 “Iver Johnson Commemorative Series Single Shot Shotgun
 “Iver Johnson Excel
 “Krieghoff K-80 Single Barrel Trap Gun
 “Krieghoff KS-5 Special
 “Krieghoff KS-5 Trap Gun
 “Lefever Trap Gun
 “Ljutic LTX Super Deluxe Mono Gun
 “Ljutic Mono Gun Single Barrel
 “Ljutic Recoilless Space Gun Shotgun
 “Marlin Model 55 Goose Gun Bolt Action
 “Marlin Model 60 Single Shot
 “Marocchi Model 2000
 “Mossberg Models G-4, 70, 73, 73B
 “Mossberg Models 75 Series
 “Mossberg Models 80, 83, 83B, 83D
 “Mossberg 173 Series
 “Mossberg Model 183 Series
 “Mossberg Model 185 Series
 “Mossberg Model 190 Series
 “Mossberg Model 195 Series
 “Mossberg Model 385 Series
 “Mossberg Model 390 Series
 “Mossberg Model 395 Series
 “Mossberg Model 595 Series
 “Mossberg Model 695 Series
 “New England Firearms N.W.T.F. Shotgun
 “New England Firearms Standard Pardner
 “New England Firearms Survival Gun
 “New England Firearms Tracker Slug Gun
 “New England Firearms Turkey and Goose Gun
 “Parker Single Barrel Trap Models
 “Perazzi TMI Special Single Trap
 “Remington 90-T Super Single Shotgun
 “Remington Model No. 9
 “Remington Model 310 Skeet
 “Remington Model No. 3
 “Rossi Circuit Judge Lever Action Shotgun
 “Rossi Circuit Judge Shotgun
 “Ruger Single Barrel Trap
 “S.W.D. Terminator
 “Savage Kimel Kamper Single Shot
 “Savage Model 210F Slug Warrior
 “Savage Model 212 Slug Gun
 “Savage Model 220 Series
 “Savage Model 220 Slug Gun
 “SEITZ Single Barrel Trap
 “SKB Century II Trap
 “SKB Century Trap
 “SKB Model 505 Trap
 “SKB Model 605 Trap
 “Smith, L.C. Single Barrel Trap Models
 “Snake Charmer II Shotgun
 “Stoeger/IGA Reuna Single Barrel Shotgun
 “Tangfolio Model RSG-16
 “Tangfolio Blockcard Model
 “Tangfolio Model DSG
 “Tangfolio Model RSG-12 Series
 “Tangfolio Model RSG-20
 “Tangfolio RSG-Tactical
 “Taurus Circuit Judge Shotgun
 “Thompson/Center Encore Shotgun
 “Thompson/Center Pro Hunter Turkey Shotgun
 “Thompson/Center TCR '87 Hunter Shotgun
 “Universal Firearms Model 7212 Single Barrel Trap
 “Winchester Model 36 Single Shot
 “Winchester Model 37 Single Shot
 “Winchester Model 41 Bolt Action
 “Winchester Model 9410 Series
 “Zoli Apache Model
 “Zoli Diano Series
 “Zoli Loner Series”.

SEC. 4. PENALTIES.

Section 924(a)(1)(B) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking “or (q) of section 922” and inserting “(q), (r), (v), (w), or (aa) of section 922”.

SEC. 5. BACKGROUND CHECKS FOR TRANSFERS OF GRANDFATHERED SEMIAUTOMATIC ASSAULT WEAPONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 922 of title 18, United States Code, as amended by this Act, is amended—

(1) by repealing subsection (s);
 (2) by redesignating subsection (t) as subsection (s);
 (3) in subsection (s), as redesignated—
 (A) in paragraph (3)(C)(ii), by striking “(as defined in subsection (s)(8))”; and
 (B) by adding at the end the following:

“(7) In this subsection, the term ‘chief law enforcement officer’ means the chief of police, the sheriff, or an equivalent officer or the designee of any such individual.”; and

(4) by inserting after subsection (s), as redesignated, the following:

“(t)(1) Beginning on the date that is 90 days after the date of enactment of the Assault Weapons Ban of 2022, it shall be unlawful for any person who is not licensed under this chapter to transfer a grandfathered semiautomatic assault weapon to any other person who is not licensed under this chapter, unless a licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer has first taken custody of the grandfathered semiautomatic assault weapon for the purpose of complying with subsection (s). Upon taking custody of the grandfathered semiautomatic assault weapon, the licensee shall comply with all requirements of this chapter as if the licensee were transferring the grandfathered semiautomatic assault weapon from the licensee’s inventory to the unlicensed transferee.

“(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to a temporary transfer of possession for the purpose of participating in target shooting in a licensed target facility or established range if—

“(A) the grandfathered semiautomatic assault weapon is, at all times, kept within the premises of the target facility or range; and

“(B) the transferee is not known to be prohibited from possessing or receiving a grandfathered semiautomatic assault weapon.

“(3) For purposes of this subsection, the term ‘transfer’—

“(A) shall include a sale, gift, or loan; and

“(B) does not include temporary custody of the grandfathered semiautomatic assault weapon for purposes of examination or evaluation by a prospective transferee.

“(4)(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the Attorney General may implement this subsection with regulations.

“(B) Regulations promulgated under this paragraph—

“(i) shall include a provision setting a maximum fee that may be charged by licensees for services provided in accordance with paragraph (1); and

“(ii) shall not include any provision imposing recordkeeping requirements on any unlicensed transferor or requiring licensees to facilitate transfers in accordance with paragraph (1).”.

(b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

(1) SECTION 922.—Section 922(y)(2) of title 18, United States Code, is amended, in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking “, (g)(5)(B), and (s)(3)(B)(v)(II)” and inserting “and (g)(5)(B)”.

(2) SECTION 925A.—Section 925A of title 18, United States Code, is amended, in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “subsection (s) or (t) of section 922” and inserting “section 922(s)”.

(3) SECTION 925B.—Section 925B of title 18, United States Code, is amended, in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “section 922(t)” and inserting “section 922(s)”.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 6. USE OF BYRNE GRANTS FOR BUY-BACK PROGRAMS FOR SEMIAUTOMATIC ASSAULT WEAPONS AND LARGE CAPACITY AMMUNITION FEEDING DEVICES.

Section 501(a)(1) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10152(a)(1)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(J) Compensation for surrendered semiautomatic assault weapons and large capacity ammunition feeding devices, as those terms are defined in section 921 of title 18, United States Code, under buy-back programs for semiautomatic assault weapons and large capacity ammunition feeding devices.”.

SEC. 7. SEVERABILITY.

If any provision of this Act, an amendment made by this Act, or the application of such provision or amendment to any person or circumstance is held to be unconstitutional, the remainder of this Act, the amendments made by this Act, and the application of such provision or amendment to any person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The bill, as amended, shall be debatable for 1 hour equally divided and controlled by the chair and ranking minority member of the Committee on the Judiciary or their respective designees.

The gentleman from New York (Mr. NADLER) and the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. JORDAN) each will control 30 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from New York.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and insert extraneous material on H.R. 1808.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, today, we take another step to advance historic gun violence prevention legislation. H.R. 1808, the Assault Weapons Ban Act of 2022, restores and updates the prior assault weapons ban that kept weapons of war out of our communities for a decade before Republicans opposed its renewal.

As we have learned all too well in recent years, assault weapons, especially when combined with high-capacity magazines, are the weapon of choice for mass shootings. These military-style weapons are designed to kill the most people in the shortest amount of time. Quite simply, there is no place for them in our streets.

In 1994, we banned these killing machines, and countless lives were saved. But that ban was allowed to lapse 10 years later. Since then, we have seen the predictable results: Mass shootings have increased exponentially in our public spaces. Schools, movie theaters, supermarkets, houses of worship, parades, you name it, have all become vulnerable to attack.

Uvalde, Parkland, Tree of Life Synagogue. How many more mass shootings must we endure? When will we learn?

Well, I hope we are starting to learn today. I hope we are starting to learn today indeed.

The Assault Weapons Ban Act would prohibit the sale, manufacture, transfer, or possession of semiautomatic assault weapons and large-capacity ammunition feeding devices. At the same time, it grandfathers existing semi-

automatic assault weapons and contains numerous protections for law enforcement and responsible gun owners, including hunters, gun collectors, farmers, sports shooters, and those who use firearms for self-defense.

It is important to consider today's debate in the context of our other efforts to address the violence plaguing our communities.

Time and again, Democrats have advanced responsible gun safety legislation, only to face Republican opposition.

We have advanced legislation to conduct background checks for all gun sales, to close the Charleston loophole, to close the boyfriend loophole, and to keep guns away from those who are a danger to themselves or others.

We advanced my bill, the Protecting our Kids Act, and we sent the President the Bipartisan Safer Communities Act, which was signed into law and will save lives. These proposals were opposed by all but a few of our Republican colleagues.

Today, they have another chance to take the action needed to make our communities safer. Will they stand with us? Will they show that they have learned? Or will they stand with an industry that right now is promoting a weapon to civilians that is powerful enough to shoot through bulletproof vests?

Will our Republican colleagues choose to defend the weapons of choice for mass murderers and those who seek to target law enforcement? Or will they choose to defend Americans who simply want to go to school, to go shopping, to march in a parade, or to go to a movie theater without the fear of having a target on their back? It is an easy choice for me.

I thank Congressman CICILLINE for his leadership on this important legislation, I urge all of my colleagues to join me in supporting it, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, for years, the Democrats told us: We are not coming for your guns.

Oh, yes, they are.

Let's be clear. The Second Amendment is as clear as possible. That is their beef. The Second Amendment says: The right to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed. But they don't care.

In fact, the sponsor of this legislation said so in committee. He said: "Spare me the BS about constitutional rights." They don't care about that fundamental liberty law-abiding citizens in this country enjoy, and they are coming for your firearms.

Six weeks ago, it was the red flag law, where someone who doesn't like you can report you to law enforcement or to a judge. There is a hearing that you can't be at, your counsel can't be present, you haven't been charged with a crime, but they can take your firearm, they can take your property, they

can take away your Second Amendment liberties, and then you have to petition for a subsequent hearing to get that right back. And you have done nothing wrong and have not been charged with a crime.

Then House Democrats passed the unconstitutional legislation that said 18- to 20-year-olds can't purchase a firearm. They can fight for our country, but they can't purchase a firearm. And today they are coming for your guns, 24 million of them.

That is right, 24 million AR-style rifles are in the hands of law-abiding Americans today, as we speak, and those individuals will not be able to sell or transfer that property.

In the Heller case, the Supreme Court made clear that the Second Amendment protects firearms in common use at the time. During the markup, Representative BISHOP asked the chairman: "Is it the point of the bill to ban weapons that are in common use in the United States today?" And the chairman said: "The problem is that they are in common use."

So, yes, this is the goal. This is why it is unconstitutional. Couldn't be any clearer. Democrats don't care what the Constitution says.

Fortunately, courts are correctly applying the Constitution. Last week, a Federal District Court judge in Colorado, who was appointed by President Obama, issued a temporary restraining order against the Town of Superior, Colorado, to prevent it from implementing an assault weapon ban.

The judge wrote: Plaintiffs have stated that semiautomatic weapons, as well as magazines that hold more than 10 rounds, are commonly used by law-abiding citizens for lawful purposes and, therefore, cannot be banned.

And guess what this bill will do? It won't make communities safer. It won't make them safer at all. In fact, in the Heller case, the Supreme Court said: The Second Amendment protects firearms in common use at the time and also said "for lawful purposes like self-defense."

Three weeks ago, July 7, 2022, a Florida homeowner used his AR-style rifle when individuals forcibly entered his home. After the homeowner opened fire, the individuals immediately fled. When asked if the homeowner would face charges, the Escambia County Sheriff Chip Simmons said: Absolutely not. The homeowner is protecting himself. And in Florida, you can do that. You can protect yourself.

Democrats tried this ban before. It didn't work. It won't work now.

You know what it will do? It will make communities, I think, less safe. What will make communities safer, though, is if Democrats stop defunding the police, stop cashless bail, and start prosecuting criminals. They are taking away firearms used for self-defense by law-abiding Americans.

This bill is wrong. It will make communities, I think, less safe, and it is unconstitutional.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentlewoman from California (Ms. PELOSI), the distinguished Speaker of the House.

Ms. PELOSI. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding and for his great leadership.

Mr. Speaker, each year, more children die from gun violence than any other cause—cancer, auto accidents, or any other cause.

Our Nation has watched in unspeakable horror as assault weapons have been used in massacre after massacre in communities across the country.

Disturbingly, so many of these mass shootings have targeted our precious children in their schools, at the movies, at the malls, and throughout our communities.

That is why I rise today in strong support of reinstating the Assault Weapons Ban Act, a long overdue step to get deadly weapons off our streets.

□ 1600

Make no mistake, we know that an assault weapon ban can work because it has worked before. For 10 years—from 1994 to 2004—our families were protected by a strong assault weapons ban strongly championed in the Senate by then-Senator, now-President Joe Biden. CHUCK SCHUMER led the way over here; DIANNE FEINSTEIN in the Senate. I was a relatively new Member of Congress who was whipping for this legislation. It made us all very proud. More importantly, it saved many lives.

During that time, we witnessed gun crime with assault weapons drop by up to 40 percent. Let me repeat, gun violence with assault weapons reduced by 40 percent. Meanwhile, since the ban expired, the number of mass shooting deaths has grown by nearly 500 percent.

It is particularly sickening to now see these same deadly weapons—are you ready for this—being marketed to children. Here is an advertisement for a JR-15 designed to be a so-called “smaller, safer, lighter” version of the horrific AR-15, which has been used to murder so many of their playmates and friends. Look at this, these little skulls with ponytails on it.

The manufacturers stated that their “goal was to develop a shooting platform that was not only sized correctly . . . but also looks, feels, and operates just like mom and dad’s gun.” Mom and dad’s gun. They used that expression.

Indeed, gunmaker WEE1 Tactical launched the JR-15 and said: “we are so excited to start capturing the imagination of the next generation.”

Indeed, this callousness is disgusting. It is despicable, and it reminds us that the crisis of gun violence requires action.

To the families who are survivors and have suffered from gun violence, we have said over and over again, we will not stop until the job is done. We thank them for sharing their sorrow to

help prevent others from suffering in that way. They have turned their agony into action.

Now, whether we are saying we are going from Newtown to Uvalde and everything in between and since, there are so many deaths, so much sorrow, so much hope that we would get the job done. They are responsible for our bringing this legislation to the floor. Their outside mobilization, their advocacy with great intellectual integrity has made all the difference.

Today, House Democrats will vote to reinstate the assault weapons ban with strong protections for children and families. The bill prohibits the sale, manufacture, transfer, or possession of semiautomatic assault weapons, as well as high-capacity magazines. And contrary to what the gentleman on the other side of the aisle said, it requires safe storage for lawfully owned assault weapons already in our communities. It is not about taking guns away from people who should have them, it is about safe storage. Do you have a problem with that?

It strongly supports our law enforcement heroes who should not have to confront weapons designed for the battlefield instead in our communities.

To be clear, this is a very special day in the Congress of the United States that history will record as one designed to save lives.

For his passionate, persistent leadership on this legislation, let me salute Congressman DAVID CICILLINE, who has been fighting ferociously on this issue for years and years. To LUCY MCBATH, who has been, again, a member of the committee of jurisdiction, an intellectual resource, a strategic thinker, and an inspiration to all of us, who turned her personal grief into action and makes a difference, I thank her. I also thank Chairman JERRY NADLER, chair of the Judiciary Committee, for steering this legislation through the Judiciary Committee and to the floor. Also, I recognize, once again, President Joe Biden’s longtime leadership on this issue and the beautiful words he expressed about this when we were celebrating the bipartisan safety bill recently.

Mr. Speaker, all those who have had the privilege of serving in these hallowed Halls take a solemn oath to the American people. At the heart of our oath is our duty to protect and defend the Constitution, the American people.

With this legislation, we honor this foremost responsibility. When the House returns in August, we will bring to the floor a robust public safety package beyond this. Let me be clear: House Democrats are for people over politics and say to our friends in this body and down the hall and wherever they are: Your political survival is insignificant compared to the survival of children who are at the mercy of these guns.

We believe that every American deserves to live in a safe community where they and their families can

thrive. That is why Democrats are funding our police while making reforms for better law enforcement training and accountability as we give them the tools they need to prevent crime.

We are so proud of the work done by CBC chair JOYCE BEATTY working with Representatives JOSH GOTTHEIMER and ABIGAIL SPANBERGER to write historic legislation that prioritizes meeting the needs of our law enforcement officers while at the same time having accountability. That is historic. We haven’t done that before.

I am more confident than ever that we will pass a package rooted in two of the Democrats’ most cherished values: justice and safety.

I urge my colleagues to support the assault weapons ban, recognizing, again, that the survival of our children is more important than the political survival of any of us.

I urge a strong and, hopefully, bipartisan vote to put people over politics by reinstating the assault weapons ban.

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. HUDSON).

Mr. HUDSON. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in opposition to H.R. 1808, the Assault Weapons Ban of 2022.

Here they go again.

Once again, my colleagues across the aisle have rushed to exploit your fear and the pain of victims to rush out a gun control measure that will do nothing to save lives or address the root causes of violence.

I say, “exploit your fear,” and I point to the Speaker of the House just stood in this well with a poster that had a toy gun on it and wants you to feel scared about that. Well, I have a 6-year-old son, and he has toy guns. He knows about muzzle discipline. He knows you don’t put your finger on the trigger. He knows you don’t point it at people. I am able to teach my son gun safety and make him safer.

You don’t live through fear. This and other gun control measures like red flag laws, they make the other side feel better, but today’s bill will do nothing but disarm law-abiding citizens.

Congress has tried this before. In 1994, a 10-year assault weapons ban was first enacted. This ban did not stop violent crime or prevent heart-wrenching tragedies like Columbine. Yes, Columbine happened while we had an assault weapons ban.

In fact, after the ban ended, the Department of Justice issued a report that concluded: “Should it be renewed, the ban’s effects on gun violence are likely to be small at best and perhaps too small for reliable measurement. Assault weapons were rarely used in gun crimes even before the ban.” That is the Department of Justice.

The results are in, folks. A so-called assault weapons ban does not work. But what it does is it takes away your rights and it leaves you vulnerable.

The simple truth is criminals don’t follow the law. Think about this: If

criminals followed the law, we wouldn't have any crime. But when you criminalize guns, only criminals are going to have guns.

So I urge you to vote "no" on this legislation.

Mr. Speaker, law-abiding Americans are sick and tired of these political games that exploit the pain of victims of shootings but do not work and seriously threaten your rights and your safety.

So today, I urge my colleagues to oppose this unconstitutional ban and ineffective gun control measure.

Instead, I ask you again to please work with me to actually address the root causes of violence.

We can pass bills like my STOP II, Secure Every School and Protect our Nation's Children Act today, which would protect schools, improve mental health, and save lives.

We have solutions that work . . . without taking away your rights.

So I urge my colleagues to vote no.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 4 minutes to the gentleman from Rhode Island (Mr. CICILLINE), the sponsor of this bill and a member of the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. CICILLINE. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 1808, the Assault Weapons Ban, legislation that will help reduce the gun massacres being committed in our communities by weapons of war.

These military-style weapons were designed for the battlefield for maximum efficiency when a soldier is engaged in combat.

And the military features banned by this bill are added to make these guns more accurate, more controllable, more concealable, and more deadly, enabling killers to murder as many people as possible as quickly as possible.

These weapons have no place in our communities. They turn our streets, our schools, our grocery stores, our movie theaters, and hospitals into bloody battlefield scenes, and they kill our children, our friends, our neighbors, and the police officers trying to protect them.

In 2016 and 2017 alone, more than two dozen officers were slain in the line of duty by an assault weapon. One in five officers is killed in the line of duty by these weapons, which is why the Major City Police Chiefs Association endorses this legislation.

Yet for nearly 18 years, we failed to take action to stop them from flooding into our communities and being used time and time and time again in mass shootings.

It is unconscionable that anyone can walk into a store and legally purchase a weapon capable of inflicting the carnage we have seen in Highland Park, in Buffalo, in Uvalde, in Atlanta, in Sutherland Springs, in Las Vegas, in Orlando, in Parkland, and the list goes on and on.

Today, the House is finally taking a long overdue and necessary step to reinstitute a ban on these exceptionally dangerous weapons.

We didn't just come up with this proposal out of thin air and propose it, the

original assault weapons ban was in place from 1994 to 2004, and we have clear evidence that it was effective in reducing these killings.

Compared with the decade before its adoption, the 1994 assault weapons ban was associated with a 25 percent drop in gun massacres and a 40 percent drop in fatalities.

As soon as the ban expired, fatalities and shootings skyrocketed again.

When an assault weapon is used during a mass shooting, six times as many people are shot.

Today, I am imploring my colleagues to take action to get these weapons of war designed for maximum destruction of human life off our streets.

Let me be clear: I respect the Second Amendment, but it is not without limits. Imagine if we clung to the desire to protect our children and our communities as tightly as some of my colleagues cling to their rifles.

There are more guns than people in this country, more mass shootings than days in the year. This is a uniquely American problem.

This bill won't stop all gun violence, but it will effectively decrease it.

Because they were designed for military combat, these weapons don't just kill, they decimate. The shots fired can tear a softball-sized wound into a victim.

We know how we can reduce the suffering. Researchers estimate if we still had a Federal assault weapons ban, we would see a 70 percent decline in mass shooting deaths. Let that sink in. If the ban had remained in effect, 70 percent of the families torn apart by these massacres would still have their loved ones.

We can't bring back 70 percent of these victims to their families and friends, but we can work to prevent more carnage moving forward.

Let me end by saying this: In my faith tradition, we were taught that whoever destroys a soul it is considered as if they destroyed an entire world; and whoever saves a life, it is considered as if they saved an entire world.

Let's come together to save lives. Pass this bill.

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Florida (Mr. RUTHERFORD).

Mr. RUTHERFORD. Mr. Speaker, America doesn't have a gun violence problem, we have a human violence problem. But those across the aisle don't want to talk about that because then you have to talk about the culture of death that we have created in this country. Killing 63 million unborn children. Denying the sanctity of life. That is the conversation that they don't want to have.

Mr. Speaker, as a former police officer, I have encountered many dangerous people with guns, and we stopped them before they hurt themselves or others. We identified them. We identified the threats that they were making. Then we were able to intervene and stop those individuals before they became a shooter.

That is what we should be focused on in the wake of these recent tragedies. Give law enforcement the tools and resources to stop those who have shown a propensity to become violent. That is what we should be focusing on, not defunding the police, not demoralizing the police, not delegitimizing the police. We should be focused on assisting the police and identifying these individuals who want to commit crime.

□ 1615

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from California (Ms. LOFGREN), a distinguished member of the Committee on the Judiciary.

Ms. LOFGREN. Mr. Speaker, America doesn't have to be the only country where mass shootings occur, sometimes daily.

Sometimes I hear people say, "Well, it is a mental health problem." I will tell you what, people have mental health problems in countries all over the world, but only one country has mass shootings the way America does. We need to have an answer to this.

The killer that killed my constituents at the Gilroy Garlic Festival couldn't buy the assault weapon in California, so he just went over to Nevada and bought it there.

We need a national answer. We know it works. When the last ban expired, the number of mass shooting deaths increased by 483 percent.

Americans deserve to be safe and to be free, free of fear that when their kids go to school, they will be obliterated. We need to put the American people ahead of politics. We need to put American children ahead of politics. We need to vote "yes."

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Arizona (Mr. BIGGS).

Mr. BIGGS. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding.

Mr. Speaker, we do have a culture of human violence. Recently, a 16-year-old young man with three felony arrests in the past 4 months violently attacked and attempted to choke a New York subway police officer. He was released without bail. That is what is happening where you have the left in charge of criminal justice systems.

Why do I bring that up? Because that individual punched that police officer more than 20 times in his attempts to basically kill that officer. Personal weapons such as hands, fists, or feet accounted for 600 homicides in 2019, according to official reports. Mr. Speaker, 1,476 murders were committed with knives or cutting instruments, and 364 homicides were committed with rifles.

Do you see the distinction here? But what the Democrats are going for is they want to take away someone's constitutional right instead of enforcing the law for people who are criminally violent. They are going to release those people back into your streets.

The Supreme Court has held the Second Amendment protects arms in common use. But at markup, Chairman

NADLER admitted that the purpose of the bill is to ban firearms that are in common use. Think about that. That does violence to the Constitution. They simply want to ban guns, and this is just another step along that path.

At markup, it became very clear that Democrats don't even understand the guns that they are trying to ban, but they don't care because when they say they want to put politics above people, or that we shouldn't, what they really mean is they are going to.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the distinguished gentleman from Texas (Ms. JACKSON LEE), a member of the Committee on the Judiciary.

Ms. JACKSON LEE. Mr. Speaker, I think that we will spend most of our time here today where facts will be told and then rhetorical conversations will be told, as well.

Fact: The Constitution, in the Second Amendment, does not prohibit the ban on assault weapons.

Fact: H.R. 1808, led by Mr. CICILLINE, allows gun owners to hold their guns. This deals with the transfer of guns.

Fact: As we can see, the lives of our children are lost through carnage, bloodshed, and murder—fact—by the hands of an AR-15, an assault-style weapon.

Fact: Our fellow citizens are killed by an AR-15, -14, an assault-style weapon.

Fact: Mass carnage is not done by a knife, a BB gun. It is not done by throwing a water bomb or words. It is not done by taking a bus and running over citizens. It is done by assault-style weapons.

So, I rise today to support H.R. 1808 because I am tired of a fact of doing nothing.

Mayor Bowser has a right to complain about Governor Abbott generating individuals unfairly, unjustly, and wrongly to another jurisdiction. But the fact is that these weapons have killed.

So, without any concern, we are now offering facts. Anyone that suggests that we are taking guns from good gun owners, we are not.

Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to include in the RECORD three articles from The Washington Post, CBS News, and KXAN.

UVALDE PARENTS, HIGHLAND PARK SURVIVORS DEMAND ASSAULT WEAPONS BAN

(By Ellie Silverman)

Kimberly Rubio keeps trying to picture the classroom through her 10-year-old daughter Lexi's eyes, haunted by the different ways that May day could have ended.

What side of the room did Lexi run toward with her classmates, huddling and fearing for their lives? What if Rubio had taken her daughter home earlier after an award ceremony that day? What if the outside door locked properly? What if police had immediately engaged the suspected gunman?

But the one question that lawmakers should ask themselves every morning and night, she posed, was: "What if the gunman never had access to an assault weapon?"

"We are no longer asking for change," Rubio, 33, said to a cheering crowd of about

200 people at the U.S. Capitol on Wednesday. "We are demanding it."

Rubio was one of several people who spoke at a rally about the ways gun violence had irreparably harmed their lives and demanded a federal ban on assault weapons.

Those gathered wore bright orange shirts and included community members from Highland Park, Ill., where a gunman killed seven adults and injured dozens more during a Fourth of July parade, and parents of children who were among the 21 people killed in May at Robb Elementary School in Uvalde, Tex.

Rubio's daughter Alexandria Aniyah Rubio, known as Lexi, was one of the children killed.

Many openly grieved at the rally, crying during Rubio's remarks. A mother at the Highland Park parade recounted how she fled, holding her 1-year-old daughter in her arms as she was grazed by a bullet. Parents shared the terrifying questions they're hearing from their young children who survived shootings. And speaker after speaker demanded more sweeping federal action to curb the scourge of gun violence.

Last month, President Biden signed a bipartisan gun-control bill into law, the most significant of its kind in three decades. It expands criminal background checks for some gun buyers, bars a larger group of domestic-violence offenders from purchasing firearms, and funds programs that would allow authorities to seize guns from troubled individuals. However, gun control advocates, and Biden himself, have noted that the legislation does not include everything they hoped for.

During an event on the White House's South Lawn on Monday billed as "commemorating the historic achievement of the passage of the Bipartisan Safer Communities Act," the father of a 17-year-old boy killed in the 2018 massacre at a high school in Parkland, Fla., heckled the president, demanding more action to curb gun violence. Biden renewed calls for a federal ban on assault weapons and high-capacity ammunition magazines.

On Wednesday, mothers continued to step up to the lectern near the grassy area by 1st and C streets NE and speak about their children, friends and relatives who died of gun violence and the ways survivors grapple with anxiety attacks, fear and guilt. Democratic lawmakers from Illinois, including Sen. Tammy Duckworth; Rep. Brad Schneider, whose district includes Highland Park; and Rep. Jan Schakowsky, also spoke at the rally before the crowd marched toward the Capitol.

Nubia Hogan, 45, stood among the crowd and held a poster with a photo of her father, Eduardo Uvalde.

Uvalde was at the July Fourth parade with Hogan and their relatives when gunfire rained on the crowd. The parade was a family tradition and Uvalde's favorite holiday, she said.

Hogan said she thought about how when gunfire erupted from a nearby rooftop, she froze. Her son, Brian Hogan, 13, yelled to run and the family tried to flee. A bullet hit Brian in the arm and fragments hit Nubia Hogan's mother, too. Uvalde was also struck and was rushed to the hospital, where he died two days later.

"I get anxiety really bad. I get nightmares, waking up to hearing 'boom boom' like the shots," said Nubia Hogan, of Waukegan, Ill. "These types of guns should not be out there for civilians. These are for the military and for police."

She plans to continue with activism around this issue, joining the many other people who have channeled their grief into advocacy for change. Thousands of people

gathered earlier this summer on the National Mall to join the rally staged by March for Our Lives, the organization founded by student survivors of the mass shooting in Parkland, where a gunman killed 17 people.

Still, more than 115,000 students have been exposed to gun violence on K-12 campuses during regular hours since the Parkland massacre, according to a Washington Post database.

Brett Cross, 39, stood toward the back of the crowd and said he thought about his nephew, 10-year-old Uziyah Garcia, and how the "system" didn't protect his family and so many others. The day of the shooting in Uvalde, his wife raced over to the school where Cross said police pushed and blocked parents from entering the building to save their children.

In the first classroom the gunman entered, Cross said, was his nephew, "Uzi," the young boy who was fast, always racing people, and who aspired to make music, be a YouTuber and one day become a police officer to help people.

"Those same cops that he looked up to failed him and his classmates," Cross said.

His 10-year-old son and Uzi shared a room together but now, his son doesn't want to be in there. Cross bought a cot and placed it next to his bed, where the two hold hands before falling asleep.

"He said he wanted to go to school that day so that he could have done something," Cross said. "He wants to know why an 18-year-old kid can go buy these weapons, why it took his brother from him."

[From the CBS News, July 27, 2022]

GUNMAKERS MADE OVER \$1 BILLION IN ASSAULT WEAPON SALES IN THE PAST DECADE, CONGRESSIONAL REPORT FINDS

(By Clare Hymes)

An investigation by the House Oversight and Reform Committee found that manufacturers of the firearms used in some of the nation's deadliest mass shootings have made over \$1 billion in revenue from military-style assault-rifles in the past decade.

The committee said the industry reaped those profits in part through marketing and sales tactics aimed at enticing civilians into purchasing military-style weapons—especially targeting younger men with opportunities to purchase expensive firearms on credit, and by subtly referencing extremist groups, for instance invoking imagery identified with these groups. The findings were published ahead of an Oversight Committee hearing on Capitol Hill Wednesday on the marketing practices and the profits of the country's top five gun manufacturers.

Committee Chairwoman Carolyn Maloney said the companies market the weapons "to children, preying on young men's insecurities, and even appealing to violent white supremacists."

During the hearing, the committee heard from the CEOs of two of those manufacturers, Christopher Killoy, president and chief executive of Sturm, Ruger & Co. and Marty Daniel, CEO of Daniel Defense. A rifle used in the recent mass shooting at Robb Elementary School in Uvalde, Texas, that was used to kill 21 students and teachers was made by Daniel Defense.

Smith & Wesson, President and CEO, Mark P. Smith was invited to testify but ultimately did not appear at the hearing. The committee announced it will be subpoenaing the company for documents.

"A firearm, any firearm, can be used for good or for evil. The difference is in the intent of the individual possessing it, which we respectfully submit should be the focus of any investigation into the root causes of criminal violence involving firearms," Killoy

told the committee in his opening statement. “

The committee, which was led by the Democratic lawmakers, produced an investigation into Smith & Wesson, Bushmaster, Ruger, Daniel Defense and Sig Sauer that alleged that the manufacturers engaged in “disturbing sales tactics” that targeted young men as a means to “prove their manliness,” according to the report.

The committee also noted that despite the rise in gun violence and the pervasiveness of mass shootings, that rifle sales have continued to increase.

Smith & Wesson, the manufacturer of the firearms used at the massacres in Highland Park, Parkland, and San Bernardino, has made at least \$695 million in revenue from AR-1-style rifle sales alone in the past decade. Between 2019 and 2021, its revenues more than doubled from all long guns, from \$108 million to \$253 million.

Daniel Defense tripled its revenues of its AR-15-style rifles from \$40 million in 2019 to over \$120 million in 2021. Since 2012 Daniel Defense has made \$528 Million from AR-15 style rifles.

Ruger’s earnings followed a similar trend, tripling from \$39 million in 2019 to over \$103 million in 2021. Over the past decade its AR-15-style firearm revenue totaled \$514 million. Ruger’s weapons were used in the massacres at Sutherland Springs that left 25 dead, and Boulder, Colorado, resulting in the deaths of 10 people.

Sig Sauer refused to provide the committee with figures that would detail the revenues from AR-15 style rifles. Its firearms were used in the mass shootings at the Pulse Nightclub in Orlando, which killed 49 people, and at a Las Vegas music festival where 60 died.

Bushmaster only provided the committee with revenue figures for 2021, citing its recent acquisition by another company, and disclosed that it had earned \$2.9 million from the sales of AR-15-style rifles. Bushmaster firearms were used in the racially motivated shooting in Buffalo, New York that killed 10 people, and in the 2012 mass shooting at Sandy Hook Elementary school in Newtown, Connecticut, where 27 died.

Maloney, said the committee found the manufacturers had engaged in “dangerous marketing tactics” as part of their efforts to sell assault weapons.

“None of these companies take even basic steps to monitor the deaths and injuries caused by their products,” Maloney said. “That is beyond irresponsible.”

She asked the CEOs of Ruger and Daniel Defense whether they would accept responsibility for their companies’ roles in mass murders that took place in places like Sutherland Springs, Highland Park and Uvalde, and whether they would apologize to victims and their families.

“Chairwoman Maloney, these acts are committed by murderers. The murderers are responsible,” Daniel replied.

“Congresswoman, with all due respect, while I grieve like all Americans at these tragic incidents,” Killoy said. “To blame the firearm is [to blame] an inanimate object.”

Earlier this month, advocates from Everytown for Gun Safety filed a complaint with the Federal Trade Commission, asking it to investigate the marketing practices of Daniel Defense, alleging the manufacturer violates the law by “marketing assault weapons to the civilian market with violent and militaristic imagery” and “appealing particularly to the thrill-seeking and impulsive tendencies of susceptible teens and young men who are attracted to violence and military fantasies.”

The FTC declined to comment regarding investigation requests but told CBS News it

has not taken any legal action against gun manufacturers. CBS News has reviewed similar complaints against gun manufacturers brought to the FTC since 1996 but has not found any evidence that the agency has ever taken any action against the industry for its marketing practices.

Daniel Defense’s marketing has drawn particular scrutiny since the Uvalde shooting for targeting “at-risk young men.” Its Instagram account features photos of members of the military holding its weapons, as well as celebrities such as actor Josh Brolin in “Sicario 2” and Post Malone wielding its products. Promotional videos from the manufacturer also feature dramatizations of law enforcement and military drills using their weapons.

The committee’s report cites Palmetto State Armory’s “Big Igloo Aloha” AK-47-style assault rifle which is designed with a floral pattern, a reference to the Boogaloo movement, a violent far right, anti-government group which is often associated with wearing floral-print shirts. The committee found that Daniel Defense posted an Instagram photo in June 2021 of its M4A1 assault rifle that had been accessorized with a similar floral pattern.

The committee began investigating the manufacturers in May after the mass shootings in Uvalde and Buffalo.

None of the five manufacturers immediately responded to CBS News’ request for comment.

The House is scheduled to vote on Friday on the first assault weapons ban proposed since 1994.

‘I WILL NOT LET MY STUDENTS DIE IN VAIN’:
UVALDE TEACHER CALLS FOR ASSAULT
WEAPONS BAN IN HIS TOWN

(By Jala Washington)

UVALDE, TEXAS (Nexstar).—There’s now a petition to stop the sale of all assault rifles in Uvalde. Who is the one helping lead this effort? A teacher who watched his students be murdered and wounded himself.

Arnulfo Reyes, posted on his Facebook page on Wednesday saying: “I meant what I said and said what I meant. I will not let my students die in vain. Now Uvalde back me up. #uvaldeatrong.”

This comes just over two months after he lost his students in the May 24 Robb Elementary School shooting.

The petition is addressed to Randy Klein, the principal owner of the Oasis Outback. It’s a bar and grill that also sells “archery supplies including ammunition, targets, tree stands, fishing rods, reels, and tackle,” according to its website.

The Oasis is where the accused Uvalde gunman bought the rifle—within days of his 18th birthday—according to investigators.

The petition authors are a group called, “Uvalde Strong for Gun Safety.” They wrote:

Mr. Klein,

As you know, on May 24, 2022, a massacre occurred in our community at Robb Elementary School that resulted in the untimely and tragic death of nineteen children and two teachers. It was an assault rifle purchased at your place of business that was used in the shooting. This tragedy will undeniably negatively impact the community at large for generations to come. Therefore, we write to you today with great urgency.

Soon after the murders befell our town, we formed an organization called Uvalde Strong for Gun Safety. Many citizens from Uvalde and the surrounding areas are members of this group, as well as individuals from all over the country. We recognize that Oasis Outback has positively served the community in several ways and performs a vital

role in contributing to our municipality’s vibrancy. The members of this group feel strongly about our second amendment rights and support your establishment’s commitment to selling guns and ammunition. However, we come to you today with a request.

Out of RESPECT for and in support of those affected by this catastrophe, we strongly urge you to cease the sale of assault rifles and the ammunition paired with them. In addition, we ask that you discontinue the handling of gun transfers of this style of firearm from gun retail stores and manufacturers. Doing so will ensure that children across Uvalde County will never have to worry about a new purchase of this type of weapon. We hope you will comply with our request over the next thirty days.

Stand with us! Your support will help us heal as a community. We thank you for your time.

Sincerely,

UVALDE STRONG FOR GUN SAFETY.

Ms. JACKSON LEE. Mr. Speaker, I urge a “yes” vote for H.R. 1808. That is a fact.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of H.R. 1808, the “Assault Weapons Ban of 2022,” that would prohibit the sale, manufacture, transfer, or possession of semiautomatic assault weapons and large capacity ammunition feeding devices.

Whether we call them assault weapons or AR-15 style weapons, we all know that we are talking about civilian versions of firearms created for the military.

Day after day, mass shooting after mass shooting, we are confronted with the carnage that is inflicted on the human body when these weapons of war are used against elementary-aged children, teachers, parade-goers, high school students, worshippers, shoppers, and on and on.

In America, gun violence is the leading cause of death among children while mass shootings occur ever increasingly each year.

It is no secret that I am adamantly opposed to assault weapons and large capacity magazines—implements designed for war. Neither belong in our communities.

Since the time I first joined my colleagues in the House in 2003 to extend the Assault Weapons Ban of 1994, we have seen innumerable acts of violence and carnage perpetrated using assault weapons and large capacity magazines.

I have hugged far too many grieving spouses and friends, wiped away the tears of too many loved ones left behind to pick up the pieces, and offered condolences to countless communities across the country—including my own.

There is no debating that when paired together, large capacity magazines and assault weapons perform as they were designed—killing more people quickly and efficiently.

We all know that the parents in Uvalde were asked to provide DNA swabs to identify their murdered children because they were unrecognizable. I am tired of seeing parents bury their children—tired of promising that we in Congress will remove these military-style weapons from our communities—then, returning and doing nothing.

H.R. 1808 will help gradually reduce the number of assault weapons and large capacity magazines available—keeping them out of the hands of criminals—while reducing the number of lives lost to gun violence, and making us all safer, the bill still recognizes that many Americans already own assault weapons and

large capacity magazines and provides ways in which they can keep their firearms, transfer them following a background check.

The evidence is clear. Bans work. During the 1994 federal assault weapons ban was in effect, mass shooting fatalities were 70 percent less likely to occur. And, when the large capacity ammunition feeding device ban was in place, there were 77 percent fewer injuries from guns.

In the past decade, gun makers have flooded the market with assault weapons, making over \$1 billion in sales, but at a tragic cost to the rest of us.

From 2000 to 2004, the average number of people killed from active shooter incidents per year was 22. But from 2005 to 2021, the average number of people killed from active shooter incidents was 68.7.

We know the common denominator here—assault weapons and large capacity magazines—and H.R. 1808 is the solution. It is time to act.

H.R. 1808 is a necessary measure that will protect Americans and promote public safety. We should all be tired of bracing ourselves for the next attack on another unsuspecting gathering of Americans going about their daily lives or identifying the nearest exits as we sit and try to enjoy time with our loved ones or hearing children tell us about the active shooter drills they participate in at school or camp.

I thank Representative DAVID CICILLINE for his leadership on this important measure.

EXAMPLES OF MASS SHOOTINGS INVOLVING ASSAULT WEAPONS AND/OR LARGE CAPACITY MAGAZINES

Uvalde, Texas—AR-15-style weapon killed 19 children; 2 teachers

Buffalo, New York—AR-15-style rifle killed 10 shoppers

Boulder, Colorado—Ruger AR-556 semiautomatic killed 10 people including a police officer

Dayton, Ohio—AR-15-style weapon equipped with a 100-round ammunition magazine to kill nine people and injure over 25 others in less than 30 seconds at a local bar

El Paso, Texas—AK-47-style weapon killed 22 at a Walmart.

Gilroy, Calif.—AK-47-style weapon wounded 17 and killed three including a 13-year-old girl and 6-year-old

Thousand Oaks, Calif.—Glock 21 .45-caliber pistol and several high-capacity ammunition magazines killed 12.

Pittsburgh, Pa.—AR-15-style weapon killed 11 worshipers. The deadliest anti-Semitic attack committed against the Jewish community in America.

Parkland, Fla.—M&P15 AR-15 military style rifle; killed 17 students and educators.

Sutherland Springs, Texas—Ruger AR-556 Rifle; killed 26 churchgoers.

Las Vegas, Nev.—Shooter with more than 20 assault style weapons and 12 bump-fire stocks killed 58 people and wounded over 500 others.

Orlando, Fla.—Sig Sauer MCX assault rifle killed 49 and wounded 58. The deadliest incident of violence against LGBT people in our nation's history.

Newtown, Conn.—Bushmaster semiautomatic assault killed 26 people including 20 children.

Aurora, Colo.—Smith & Wesson M&P15 semiautomatic assault-style rifle with a 100-round ammunition drum and other firearms killed 12 people and injured 58.

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, here is the fact. This bill is unconstitutional. The Supreme Court made clear the Second Amendment protects firearms in common use. This bill has eight pages of weapons and firearms that it bans, including 24 million firearms that law-abiding American citizens possess today. That is the fact.

Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to my good friend from Texas (Mr. GOHMERT).

Mr. GOHMERT. Mr. Speaker, I thank my friend from Ohio for yielding.

Mr. Speaker, the previous assault weapons ban that was referenced by our Speaker, I just want to make sure our record is actually correct. The FBI that kept the data had to admit that, as sympathetic as they were to an assault weapons ban, actually, it doesn't appear to have really made any difference.

If we want to talk about crime since then, we can talk about the big cities that have come under the control of Democratic authority, who have pushed for things like no bond.

John Adams had it exactly right. This Constitution is intended for a moral and religious people. It is wholly inadequate for the governing of any other. So, we are either going to have to get rid of all of our constitutional rights—we can't even allow freedom of an assembly or speech, much less the Second Amendment, if we are not going to teach moral right and wrong.

What are we finding? We are finding in our schools, of course, that they are not teaching the Ten Commandments. Instead, they are teaching to envy. Look around, covet, see who has something more than you, and you should envy and covet.

Just keep in mind, under the big city laws now, if you get violent, we will give you no bond. We will let you right back out.

Do you want to know what would do more right now than banning AR-15s? It would be to ban Democrat thinking in the big cities that is allowing the crime rates to just explode.

We have always had guns in America. That is why there is an America. But we never had a time like this when we were teaching our children everything but the moral imperatives.

That is why this bill needs to go down, and we need to go after the causes of our violence.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the distinguished gentlewoman from Texas (Ms. GARCIA), a member of the Committee on the Judiciary.

Ms. GARCIA of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of reinstating the assault weapons ban.

This bill would put military-grade assault weapons out of circulation for civilians. For me, the choice between banning assault weapons and protecting young, innocent children is a no-brainer. I put children above guns.

It pains me deeply that the children in our communities live in fear of suddenly losing their lives or the lives of loved ones on a daily basis.

I am a gun owner myself, Mr. Speaker. I was raised on a farm in south Texas, and I know how to use a gun, especially for hunting. But assault weapons are not for hunting. They are used to kill people quickly, efficiently, and as fast as they can. That type of weapon is used solely for that, for killing people, and it has no place in our communities.

One child's life is worth more than all the assault weapons in the world.

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Virginia (Mr. CLINE).

Mr. CLINE. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding.

My fellow Americans, the Democrats are coming for your guns. This assault weapons ban is unconstitutional because it would ban firearms that are currently in common use, making the scope of the bill, a semiautomatic assault weapons ban, overly broad by capturing millions of sporting rifles, shotguns, and pistols that simply have certain accessories and cosmetic features. In fact, the bill focuses mostly on appearance, which would arbitrarily ban some firearm models while exempting others with the same functionality.

This bill would not reduce violent crime, as Democrats claim. Studies have shown that the effect of the last assault weapons ban in 1994 on violent crime was perhaps too small for a reliable measurement. Instead, what this bill and all other legislation from Democrats aimed at gun control would do is directly infringe on the rights of law-abiding Americans.

They are not going to stop here. There will always be a scary-looking gun that they think needs to be banned. There will always be another loophole that they have created out of thin air that they need to close with more bans.

Mr. Speaker, this document says "shall not be infringed." I urge a "no" vote.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the distinguished gentleman from Colorado (Mr. NEGUSE), a member of the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. NEGUSE. Mr. Speaker, I thank the chairman for his leadership.

Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 1808.

As the Chair, my fellow Coloradan, knows, just last year, we mourned the loss of 10 individuals who were shot, murdered, at a grocery store in Boulder, Colorado, in my district. Last week, we honored the 10-year anniversary of the Aurora, Colorado, movie theater shooting.

The people in our communities fear whether they are even safe to walk into their local grocery store and buy food for their families without the threat of gun violence.

Since the Federal assault weapons ban expired in 2004, the scourge of gun violence has only grown more pervasive across our country.

We have come together in the past to protect our communities. In 1994, lawmakers from both sides of the aisle

joined together to pass a similar piece of legislation to that that we are voting on today.

I humbly ask my colleagues that we do the same this evening. Let's pass this bill for our children and for safer communities.

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Texas (Mr. PFLUGER).

Mr. PFLUGER. Mr. Speaker, I thank the ranking member for yielding.

Mr. Speaker, today, I am voting against the erosion of constitutional rights of law-abiding Americans.

In the long history of mankind, freedom and liberty are not lost overnight. It comes by way of a slow and gradual burn.

We have seen an unprecedented assault on our First Amendment through the legacy media and social media giants censoring the thoughts and opinions of individuals of the right while propping up their favorite candidates and covering up stories that could be detrimental to their public personas.

Policies are then implemented that are antireligious freedom, anti-due process, anti-free assembly, and, today, anti-Second Amendment, the right to bear arms. These rights shall not be infringed.

Instead of making families and communities safer, this backward, gun-grabbing attempt does nothing to harden school security, address our mental health crisis, or reverse the depreciation of our morals and values.

No, it does nothing for that, but it tears at the fabric of our Constitution.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to protect the Constitution and vote "no."

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentlewoman from Pennsylvania (Ms. DEAN), a member of the Committee on the Judiciary.

Ms. DEAN. Mr. Speaker, I thank the chairman for yielding.

Mr. Speaker, I have four grandchildren. The youngest, Scottie, was born just last year, in 2021. In Scottie's world, guns kill more kids than cars do.

□ 1630

In Scottie's world there are 692 mass shootings every year, and when she goes off to school, Scottie will learn her active shooter drills as she learns to tie her shoes. We don't have to live like this if we all only had the courage to pass the assault weapons ban to regulate semiautomatic guns. Our gun violence crisis demands this and other solutions. This will save lives.

Experts reveal that the casualties of mass shootings would have dropped by 70 percent if the last assault weapons ban had stayed in place.

How will I explain to Scottie that the other side boasts of 24 million assault-style weapons in the hands of Americans and says not one word about the 24,000 people dead in just 7 months of this year from guns?

We must act. Join me. Have the courage to join me. Pass the assault weap-

ons ban for Scottie's future and for all of our children.

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Texas (Mr. ROY).

Mr. ROY. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman from Ohio for yielding.

Fact: This assault weapons ban bill is unconstitutional. Chairman NADLER even recognized, when he stated that "the problem is that these weapons are in common use." And in Heller, the Supreme Court ruled that the Bill of Rights clearly protects firearms in common use. This is an unconstitutional piece of legislation.

Fact: The assault weapons bill will ban weapons in common use, and my colleague will most assuredly target citizens to take their guns.

In the words of Democratic perpetual candidate Beto O'Rourke: Hell, yes, we are going to take your AR-15 and your AK-47.

That is the truth, and everyone knows it. Don't hide behind it. Everybody knows precisely what my colleagues on the other side of the aisle are doing.

Fact: Less than 2 percent of all prisoners had a firearm obtained from a retail source at the time they committed their crimes. Only 13 percent of the offenders in State prison populations obtained their firearms from retail stores. Criminals usually don't get their guns at gun stores through legal channels. That is a fact.

Another fact: Upwards of 80 percent crimes are committed by people with prior arrest records, often by people with prior convictions for violent crimes or prior weapons offenses, and almost none of our gun control proposals—and particularly this one—are targeting this group. That is the truth.

Those are the facts. The fact is, as Thomas Jefferson said: "The strongest reason for the people to retain the right to keep and bear arms is, as a last resort, to protect themselves against tyranny in government."

This is the precise kind of tyranny that my colleagues are exercising today, precisely when they are opening our borders up to lawless cartels and gangs, and precisely when they are defunding the police. Precisely when they are making our communities unsafe, they want to limit the ability of the American people to defend themselves and to exercise their Second Amendment rights to protect their families.

That is what is happening on the floor so my colleagues can appeal to their liberal White voters while they ignore the Black men and women and Brown men and women who are buying weapons to defend themselves in criminal hellholes in our country.

Mr. NADLER. Fact: Contrary to Mr. ROY, this bill takes away nobody's weapons because existing weapons are grandfathered in if he would only read the bill.

Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the distinguished gentlewoman from Texas

(Ms. ESCOBAR), who is a member of the Judiciary Committee.

Ms. ESCOBAR. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in strong support of the assault weapons ban which will save lives.

Mr. Speaker, El Paso is coming up on a terrible anniversary. On August 3, 2019, my district was the site of the deadliest targeted attack on Latinos in modern history. Three years later, my constituents are still recovering from their injuries.

Because Republicans have decided that unfettered access to assault weapons is worth the routine slaughter of Americans, the domestic terrorist who attacked my community was able to do so with a legally purchased assault weapon.

What was once an unthinkable tragedy—the mass carnage we saw in El Paso—is now commonplace across America. Americans are fed up, and so am I.

Republicans have done nothing meaningful and hide behind thoughts and prayers—a phrase so empty and devoid of action that Congress is routinely and deservedly mocked for it.

So, Mr. Speaker, today I am proud to act. I am proud to vote on the assault weapon ban for El Paso, for Uvalde, and for countless other communities, and I urge my colleagues to do the same.

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. BISHOP).

Mr. BISHOP of North Carolina. Mr. Speaker, today the Democrats give new meaning to the term progressive. This is the first time in American history, I believe, that a Chamber of the Congress will pass a bill openly defying the Supreme Court's explicit declaration of the constitutional rights of the American people.

It represents the farthest-ever reach of the Democrats' long-pursued massive resistance doctrine.

In markup I asked if any Democrat disputed that this bill bans guns and magazines in common use. Chairman NADLER candidly responded: "That's the point of the bill."

In other words, the essence of the bill is to stop commerce in weapons as alternately described by the Court in Heller in 2008 as those "typically possessed by law-abiding citizens for lawful purposes."

Heller explained the origins of the right to keep and bear arms in militia service. Ordinarily, when called for militia service, able-bodied men were expected to appear bearing arms supplied by themselves and of the kind in common use at the time.

The Supreme Court further explained we also recognize another important limitation on the right to keep and bear and carry arms. In Miller it said, as we have explained, that the sort of weapons protected were those "in common use at the time."

This was explained and recapitulated in Bruen just a month ago on June 23, and we see repeatedly that this is being

defied. In fact, 1 week after Bruen, the Supreme Court granted petitions for certiorari, vacated, and remanded one State ban on MSRs and a State ban on magazines in common use to be reconsidered.

This is in defiance of the Supreme Court.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, contrary to Mr. ROY, I include in the RECORD a report from Third Way titled “The Red State Murder Problem”.

[From Third Way, Mar. 15, 2022]

THE RED STATE MURDER PROBLEM

(By Kylie Murdock and Jim Kessler)

Every news outlet from FOX to CNN to The New York Times to local newspapers has a story with attention-grabbing headlines like “US cities hit all-time murder records.” Fox News and Republicans have jumped on this and framed it as a “Democrat” problem. They blame it on Democrat’s “soft-on-crime” approach and have even referred to a New York District Attorney’s approach as “hug-a-thug.” Many news stories outside of Fox have also purported that police reform is responsible for this rise in murder and have pointed to cities like New York and Los Angeles.

There is a measure of truth to these stories. The US saw an alarming 30% increase in murder in 2020. While 2021 data is not yet complete, murder was on the rise again this past year. Some “blue” cities, like Chicago, Baltimore, and Philadelphia, have seen real and persistent increases in homicides. These cities—along with others like Los Angeles, New York, and Minneapolis—are also in places with wall-to-wall media coverage and national media interest.

But there is a large piece of the homicide story that is missing and calls into question the veracity of the right-wing obsession over homicides in Democratic cities: murder rates are far higher in Trump-voting red states than Biden-voting blue states. And sometimes, murder rates are highest in cities with Republican mayors.

For example, Jacksonville, a city with a Republican mayor, had 128 more murders in 2020 than San Francisco, a city with a Democrat mayor, despite their comparable populations. In fact, the homicide rate in Speaker Nancy Pelosi’s San Francisco was half that of House Republican Leader Kevin McCarthy’s Bakersfield, a city with a Republican mayor that overwhelmingly voted for Trump. Yet there is barely a whisper, let alone an outcry, over the stunning levels of murders in these and other places.

We collected 2019 and 2020 murder data from all 50 states. (Comprehensive 2021 data is not yet available.) We pulled the data from yearly crime reports released by state governments, specifically the Departments of Justice and Safety. For states that didn’t issue state crime reports, we pulled data from reputable local news sources. To allow for comparison, we calculated the state’s per capita murder rate, the number of murders per 100,000 residents, and categorized states by their presidential vote in the 2020 election, resulting in an even 25–25 split.

We found that murder rates are, on average, 40% higher in the 25 states Donald Trump won in the last presidential election compared to those that voted for Joe Biden. In addition, murder rates in many of these red states dwarf those in blue states like New York, California, and Massachusetts. And finally, many of the states with the worst murder rates—like Mississippi, Kentucky, Alabama, South Carolina, and Arkansas—are ones that few would describe as urban. Only 2 of America’s top 100 cities in

population are located in these high murder rate states. And not a single one of the top 10 murder states registers in the top 15 for population density.

Whether one does or does not blame Republican leaders for high murder rates, it seems that Republican officeholders do a better job of blaming Democrats for lethal crime than actually reducing lethal crime.

If you’re tuned in to the media, you’d think murder is rocketing skyward in New York, California, Illinois. But those states don’t even crack the top ten.

In fact, the top per capita murder rate states in 2020 were mostly those far from massive urban centers and Democratic mayors and governors. Eight of the top ten worst murder rate states voted for Trump in 2020. None of those eight has supported a Democrat for president since 1996.

The chart below shows the top 10 murder rate states in 2020. Mississippi had the highest homicide rate at 20.50 murders per 100,000 residents, followed by Louisiana at 15.79, Kentucky at 14.32, Alabama at 14.2, and Missouri at 14. The national average was 6.5 per 100,000 residents, but the top five states had rates more than twice that high.

These red states are not generating “murder is out of control” national headlines. They seem to generate no headlines at all. The rest of the top ten were filled out by South Carolina, New Mexico, Georgia, Arkansas, and Tennessee—all states rarely talked about in breathless media reports about rampant crime in Democratic strongholds. Notably, New Mexico and Georgia were the only Biden-voting states in the top ten, and they ranked seventh and eighth, respectively.

Five of the largest Biden-voting states by population, and those often in the news when it comes to crime, had much lower murder rates. New York at 4.11 per 100,000 residents, California at 5.59, and New Jersey at 3.70 were each well below the national average. Pennsylvania (7.22) and Illinois (9.20) were higher than the national average. But Mississippi’s murder rate was nearly 400% higher than New York’s, more than 250% higher than California’s, and about 120% higher than Illinois’s. In fact, the five states with the highest murder rates, all Trump-voting states, had rates at least 240% higher than New York’s murder rate and at least 150% higher than California’s, the homes to some of the largest cities featured prominently in the “crime is out of control” narrative.

Beyond the top 10, we looked at the 2020 murder rates in the 25 states that voted for Donald Trump and compared it with the murder rates in the 25 states that voted for Joe Biden. The 8.20 murders per 100,000 residents rate in Trump states was 40% higher than the 5.78 murders per 100,000 residents in Biden states. These Biden-voting states include the “crime-is-out-of-control” cities of Los Angeles, New York City, Chicago, Detroit, Philadelphia, Portland, Baltimore, and Minneapolis, among other large cities.

Among the 50 states, murder rates were often well above the national average in many Republican-controlled states and cities. Jacksonville with 176 homicides and a murder rate (19.776) more than three times that of New York City (5.94) has a Republican mayor. Tulsa (19.64) and Oklahoma City (11.16) have Republican mayors in a Republican state and have murder rates that dwarf that of Los Angeles (6.74). Lexington’s Republican mayor saw record homicides in 2020 and 2021, with a murder rate (10.61) nearly twice that of New York City. Bakersfield (11.91) and Fresno (14.09) each have Republican mayors and murder rates far higher than either San Francisco or Los Angeles.

Of course, some cities controlled by Democrats have alarming murder rates, like Chi-

cago (28.49) and Houston (17.32). But we hear about these and other Democrat-run cities all the time. We aren’t getting the whole picture.

In 2020, murder rates increased nearly everywhere. But they increased more in Trump-voting states than Biden-voting states, albeit slightly. The average increase in murder rate across all Trump-voting states was 32.2% compared to 30.8% in Biden-voting states.

Three out of the five states with the highest murder rates in 2020—Mississippi, Missouri, and Alabama—didn’t have reliable 2019 data available, so they weren’t included in this analysis.

Three of the five states with the largest increase in murder rate were Trump-voting Wyoming at 91.7%, South Dakota at 69%, and Nebraska at 59.1%. These states are decidedly rural and do not conform to the chaos-in-the-city meme that has overtaken the crime debate. Biden-voting Wisconsin came in at the number three spot at 63.2% and Minnesota came in fifth at 58.1%. Out of the top ten states, six were Trump-voting states—with the additional three being Kentucky, West Virginia, and Kansas. The remaining states in the top ten were Delaware and Washington. Only one of the top ten states in murder rate increases, Delaware, was among the top twenty in population density.

Again, California, New York, and Illinois aren’t in the top ten. California’s murder rate increase was 31.1%, or about the national average. Both New York (45.8%) and Illinois (38.2%) were above the national average.

The current narrative around crime and murder is convenient and wrong. Whether you’re watching CNN or Fox News, or getting news online or from a traditional newspaper, you would think that the increase in murder is a phenomenon found mostly in liberal cities. Many have tried attributing this increase to Democratic policies, specifically police reform. Republican lawmakers and ad makers have contributed to this narrative through clever messaging and strategies.

But the data clearly paint a different story. The increase in murders is not a liberal cities problem but a national problem. Murder rates are actually higher in Republican, Trump-voting states that haven’t even flirted with ideas like defund the police. Eight of the ten most lawless, high-murder states are not only Trump-voting states, but GOP bastions for the last quarter of a century. A more accurate conclusion from the data is that Republicans do a far better job of blaming others for high murder rates than actually reducing high murder rates.

We sought 2019 and 2020 murder data from all 50 states. Our primary source was the annual crime reports released by state governments, more specifically from their Departments of Justice or Public Safety. We chose state data because we found it’s more comprehensive than FBI data which is often compiled later. For example, “the FBI estimated crime statistics for Mississippi are based on data received from 113 of 251 law enforcement agencies in the state that year.” 37 states had crime reports for the years 2019 and 2020: Alaska, Arkansas, Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Iowa, Idaho, Illinois, Kansas, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Maine, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, North Carolina, North Dakota, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, Nevada, New York, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Washington, Wisconsin, and Wyoming. For the remaining states we pulled data from published public sources: Alabama—US News, Georgia—US News, Hawaii—The Center Square, Indiana—Hartford City News

Times, Louisiana—US News, Maryland—Ocean City Today, Mississippi—US News, Missouri—US News, New Mexico—US News, Ohio—Axios, Oregon—KOIN, Vermont—WCAX, West Virginia—The Center Square. In seven states, the public sources only provided murder per capita rates, so using the rates and census population data, we estimated the number of murders in that state. Data and sources are attached above.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the distinguished gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ).

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong support of this assault weapons ban to reclaim our streets, churches, schools, and synagogues.

Assault weapons are killing machines and the weapon of choice for mass murderers. In my own county, in Parkland, a lone teenager slaughtered 17 people by himself all because he had an assault weapon. This deranged individual tragically, brutally killed and then overturned the lives of those families and forever changed our entire community.

But this is no isolated case. Similar mass murders haunt Las Vegas, El Paso, Buffalo, Uvalde, Orlando, Pittsburgh, and too many other communities for me to list here today.

No parent should fear seeing a child off to a mall, movie theater, or school knowing that a killer wielding a weapon designed to kill as many people as possible and as fast as possible may lie in wait for them.

We need a whole-of-government solution to this health epidemic, including enforced ammunition background checks.

Let's take these killing machines off our streets and end this fear that one person with one assault weapon in one moment can tragically tear countless lives apart.

Republicans take note: the Supreme Court clearly allows limitations on weapons in their decisions. Repeating a falsehood doesn't make it true.

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, I yield 2 minutes to the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. FITZGERALD).

Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker, I thank the ranking member for yielding.

There is a motion to recommit that I would like to offer. If we adopt the motion to recommit, we will instruct the House Committee on the Judiciary to consider the amendment to H.R. 1808 which excludes Active Duty and retired military from the ban on assault weapons.

I, therefore, ask unanimous consent to include the text of the amendment in the RECORD immediately prior to the vote on the motion to recommit.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Wisconsin?

There was no objection.

Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker, just imagine a 17-year-old makes a decision to enlist in the Army, the Marine Corps, or the Navy. And then that 17-

year-old goes through 8 weeks of basic combat training at one of the basic training centers in Fort Jackson or Fort Knox or Fort Benning. Then they are given a service weapon, an M16 typically, and then they are taught to assemble and disassemble that weapon down to the bolt.

They will go through training with a drill sergeant on a range and they are taught how to fire their service weapon in live-fire exercises. Then the 17-year-old will go on to AIT to be taught their specialty and continue to be on Active Duty or the Reserves or in the National Guard and then potentially deployed.

What this bill seeks to do is prevent this member of the military who comes home, either to the Reserve unit or National Guard unit or on Active Duty, from purchasing a rifle that they can use on their own.

My colleagues who support the bill are saying: We trusted you to join the service. We encouraged you to join the service. But then when it comes down to it, we really don't trust you to go out and purchase that weapon.

It makes no sense.

If the majority is going to snub every veteran in this country by saying: We don't trust you. Then how can the U.S. Government ask someone to enlist when they don't trust them to have the same responsibility with their own personal weapon?

Mr. Speaker, if we adopt the motion to recommit, we will instruct the Committee on the Judiciary to consider my amendment to H.R. 1808 to ensure that the Nation's Active Duty members and veterans will be trusted.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The time of the gentleman has expired.

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, I yield the gentleman from Wisconsin an additional 30 seconds.

Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker, it is so amazing to me that the majority rejected this in the Judiciary Committee. They talk a good game when it comes to veterans, but when it comes right down to it, they don't trust them.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the distinguished gentleman from Illinois (Mr. SCHNEIDER).

Mr. SCHNEIDER. Mr. Speaker, today I rise in emphatic support of H.R. 1808, the Assault Weapons Ban of 2022.

Over the past few weeks, survivors of the horrific shooting in Highland Park, Illinois, came to D.C. determined to make change. They teamed up with Uvalde, Parkland, and Newtown to demand an assault weapons ban to reduce the chance of other communities experiencing the trauma they all tragically bear.

Today, thanks in no small part to their efforts, the American people will get that recorded vote. The world is watching. No other nation experiences the grotesque number of murders from deranged individuals turning weapons of war on kids in school, families at prayer, and people watching a parade.

The vote we are taking today will show the families of those murdered

exactly who is on their side—who is protecting our children and putting people over politics, and, conversely, who is on the other side voting for their own power.

Mr. Speaker, I thank Speaker PELOSI and Congressman CICILLINE for working tirelessly to secure a timely vote, and I urge passage of this bill.

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. CLYDE).

Mr. CLYDE. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman from Ohio for yielding.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong opposition to H.R. 1808, which is just the latest gun-grabbing bill Democrats are dangerously ramming through in their unconstitutional crusade to disarm America.

The ink is barely dry on the anti-gun bill from last month, and here they are pushing another anti-gun bill that proclaims to make us safer but does the exact opposite. It puts citizens at greater risk by taking away the rights of the law-abiding.

This legislation takes aim at our Constitution by banning what the Democrats call assault weapons, which is a vague political term used as a catchphrase to make the public think we are banning guns that assault people. But the truth is that the bill would ban the most popular semiautomatic rifle in America, the AR-15 and what the industry calls a modern sporting rifle.

The Democrats have consistently called them weapons of war and are trying to ban them from being purchased by law-abiding citizens.

But whom does this bill exempt?

The Federal Government. Federal Government agencies like the Department of Health and Human Services, the Department of Education, the Department of Labor, the Department of Housing and Urban Development, and down the line.

So if they are weapons of war, as the Democrats call them, what do these departments need with weapons of war?

Is the Department of Education going to use them against the moms and dads who protest against woke local school board policies?

Is the Department of Housing and Urban Development going to use them against the occupants in their housing developments?

You cannot have it both ways. If it is a weapon of war, then ban these Federal agencies, too.

The truth is they are simply semiautomatic rifles the Democrats want to demonize so they can ban more guns and take more of our citizens' unalienable constitutional rights away.

Democrat ignorance and malice do not justify banning nearly 25 million firearms that Americans, including myself, proudly own and responsibly use.

□ 1645

Now I know the author of this legislation would prefer that I spare him

both the prefatory clause and the supremacy clause of the Second Amendment. But it is quite clear: “A well regulated Militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.”

Shall not be infringed, period, is the supremacy clause. And banning an entire class of firearms, the most popular firearm in common use today, is clearly infringement.

An armed America is a safe and free America. I urge all of my colleagues to stand firm in the fight to protect and preserve the Second Amendment by voting “no” on this unconstitutional and, therefore, illegal piece of legislation.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I include in the RECORD a letter of endorsement of the assault weapons ban from the Major Cities Chiefs Association, a professional organization of law enforcement executives representing the largest cities in the United States.

MAJOR CITIES CHIEFS ASSOCIATION,
July 20, 2022.

Hon. JERROLD NADLER,
Chairman, Committee on the Judiciary, House
of Representatives, Washington, DC.

Hon. JIM JORDAN,
Ranking Member, Committee on the Judiciary,
House of Representatives, Washington, DC.

DEAR CHAIRMAN NADLER AND RANKING MEMBER JORDAN: I write on behalf of the Major Cities Chiefs Association (MCCA), a professional organization of law enforcement executives representing the largest cities in the United States and Canada. Thank you for including H.R. 1808, the Assault Weapons Ban of 2022, in today’s markup. The MCCA was proud to endorse this legislation when it was introduced earlier this Congress.

The MCCA has long advocated for sensible firearms and gun safety policies. In 2018, the Association adopted a Firearms Violence Policy that consists of several common-sense reforms, including banning assault weapons and high-capacity magazines. Many law enforcement officials have closely studied assault weapons and firearms with high-capacity magazines and determined they have no reasonable sporting or hunting purpose.

Assault weapons and high-capacity magazines also represent a significant threat to law enforcement officers responding to violent crimes. For example, the suspect who murdered NYPD Officers Jason Rivera and Wilbert Mora in January 2022 used a firearm with a high-capacity magazine that allowed his gun to hold 40 additional rounds. Earlier this month, Detroit PD Officer Loren Michael Courts was killed by a suspect with an AK-47-style pistol that would have been banned under H.R. 1808.

The MCCA encourages all Members of the Committee to support the Assault Weapons Ban of 2022 and report it favorably during today’s markup.

Sincerely,

JERI WILLIAMS,
Chief, Phoenix Police Department,
President, Major Cities Chiefs Association.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I include in the RECORD a report from the Violence Policy Center entitled, “Target: Law Enforcement, Assault Weapons in the News.”

Section One

INTRODUCTION: BACKGROUND ON ASSAULT WEAPONS AND FEDERAL ATTEMPTS AT THEIR REGULATION

Assault weapons. Semiautomatic assault weapons are civilian versions of automatic military assault rifles like the AK-47 and the M-16. The civilian guns look the same as their military brethren because they are identical functionally, except for one feature: military assault rifles are machine guns. A machine gun fires continuously as long as its trigger is held back—until it runs out of ammunition. Civilian assault rifles, in contrast, are semi-automatic weapons. The trigger of a semiautomatic weapon must be pulled back separately for each round fired. Because federal law has banned the sale of new machine guns to civilians since 1986 and heavily regulates sales to civilians of older model machine guns, there is virtually no civilian market for military assault weapons. Nonetheless, civilian semiautomatic assault weapons have proven every bit as deadly as their military counterparts.

Regulation of assault weapons. The regulation of semiautomatic assault weapons has been a contentious subject for more than two decades.

In the 1980s foreign manufacturers (principally China) began dumping semiautomatic versions of the Soviet-designed AK-47 military assault rifle—a ubiquitous staple of the world-wide small arms trade—onto the U.S. civilian firearms market. Colt Industries, a domestic manufacturer, was also marketing the AR-15, a semiautomatic version of its M-16 machine gun, the standard U.S. military infantry rifle. The gun industry introduced these semiautomatic versions of military assault weapons in order to create and exploit new civilian markets. More particularly, the industry found in assault weapons a product to compensate for a slump in handgun sales. Importers and manufacturers rushed copycats and new models to market. By the end of the decade, a roster of semiautomatic assault weapons had become household words, boosted into daily language as much by their glamorization in entertainment media as by their deadly toll on America’s streets. These guns included, among others, assault pistols like the MAC-10, MAC-11, and TEC-9, the Ruger Mini-14 rifle, and several versions of the Israeli Military Industries UZI.

No comprehensive statistics were available about the misuse of the hundreds of thousands of assault weapons pouring onto the Nation’s streets. But by 1988 police departments and other law enforcement agencies were often on the receiving end of assault weapons firepower. Many of them demanded that the federal government take action to stringently control or ban semiautomatic assault weapons. In February 1988, for example, Prince George’s County (Maryland) Police Chief Michael J. Flaherty stated, “The real issue is the safety of our officers.” Holding up a TEC-9 assault pistol, he added, “It’s not used for hunting, and it’s not used for sporting events. In my opinion, they should not be sold in the United States.”

In 1989 the federal government took a modest regulatory step. At the urging of William J. Bennett, the director of the Office of National Drug Control Policy under President George H. W. Bush, the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF) barred the import of a handful of specific models, including AK-type and UZI assault rifles. The move was based on a federal statute that effectively limits the import of firearms to those that are “generally recognized as particularly suitable for or readily adaptable to sporting purposes.” This “sporting purposes” test does not apply to domestically manufac-

tured firearms, however. Law enforcement officials quickly complained that the putative ban did not reach many of the most dangerous weapons they faced, including semiautomatic assault pistols made in the United States (e.g., the MAC-10, MAC-11, and TEC-9, among others). Although the Bush Administration claimed to have been conducting a wide review with the goal of further regulation, strong opposition by the National Rifle Association (NRA) and the firearms industry squelched any further regulatory moves by the Administration. Within a year, Bennett announced himself opposed to any further regulation, declaring his opposition at a February 1990 Senate hearing, stating, “I don’t know a damn thing about guns!”

In 1994, President William J. Clinton signed the 1994 federal assault weapons “ban.” The law defined assault weapons in two different ways—by a list of specific firearm types, and by a generic description. Thus, the law specifically named 19 types of guns (e.g., “Norinco, Mitchell and Poly Technologies Avtomat Kalashnikovs”) as assault weapons covered by the putative “ban.” It also generally defined as assault weapons semiautomatic firearms that could accept a detachable magazine and had any two of a list of specified design characteristics (e.g., bayonet mount, folding stock). The 1994 law was deeply flawed. At the outset it exempted millions of semiautomatic assault weapons by “grandfathering” all such firearms legally owned as of the date of enactment. For these guns, it was as if the law had never been passed. They continued to be bought and sold, many at gun shows where no questions are asked of prospective buyers in nominally “private” sales. Moreover, some of the design characteristics by which new production or imports were to be defined as banned assault weapons were simply a laundry list of superficial cosmetic features that had nothing to do with the weapons’ most deadly functional features. The gun industry quickly and easily evaded the 1994 law by making slight, cosmetic changes to the supposedly banned firearms. Gun manufacturers and importers soon openly boasted of the ease with which they could circumvent the ban. By the time the 1994 law expired (sunset) in 2004, there were actually many more types and models of assault weapons legally on the civilian market than before the law was passed.

In April 1998 the Clinton Administration attempted to staunch the flow of cosmetically redesigned foreign assault weapons by strictly interpreting the “sporting purposes” test for imports. The action—taken independent of the 1994 law and intended to close the cosmetic redesign loophole for imports—was reported to have blocked 58 types of assault weapons, including in one swoop importation permits pending at the time for as many as 1.6 million guns. Since this administrative determination and action has never been rescinded, it should have survived the expiration of the broader 1994 assault weapons ban. However, there is substantial evidence—including extensive gun industry advertising—which compels the conclusion that the George W. Bush Administration either ignored or effectively gutted through administrative artifice the 1998 Clinton import controls. This evidence includes the following facts.

There are numerous companies that appear to be importing AK-47 and other assault weapons of the type clearly prohibited by the import ban. The Russian American Armory Company offers the Saiga rifle, an AK-47 variant that was one of the guns specifically excluded from import under the 1998 Clinton rule. The Fabrique Nationale Herstal PS90 assault rifle, a favorite of Mexican drug cartels, is manufactured in Belgium and imported by the company’s U.S. subsidiary, FN

USA, according to the company's catalogs and promotional materials.

There seems to have been a substantial increase in the past few years of assault weapons made primarily from imported parts that skirt the import ban by incorporating a small, minimum number of US-made parts into imported assault weapons (27 C.F.R. §478.39 prohibits the assembly of a semiautomatic rifle or any shotgun using more than 10 enumerated parts that are imported if the assembled firearm is prohibited from importation under 18 USC 925(d)(3)).

ATF has further weakened the prohibition on imported assault weapons by placing certain extremely problematic assault rifles on the "curios or relics" list. Inclusion on the "curios or relics" list makes a shotgun or rifle automatically eligible for importation (18 USC §925(e)(1)). The most problematic of these are certain SKS assault rifles manufactured in Yugoslavia and Albania. The SKS type assault rifle is the "rifle most commonly encountered by law enforcement" according to ATF and is frequently used to kill police officers. The Clinton Administration specifically banned SKSs from China and Russia from import through trade agreements because they are so frequently involved in crime.

There are examples of firearms being imported that seem to clearly fall outside of the "sporting purposes" test articulated in 925(d)(3). For example, J&G Sales advertises "Romanian AK Pistol[s]" along with Romanian and Hungarian AK-47 assault rifles.

For all practical purposes, it thus appears that the federal government has abandoned all attempts to regulate commerce in assault weapons into and within the United States. As a result, an unknown but certainly substantial number of foreign assault weapons poured into the United States during the Bush Administration and continue to under the Obama Administration. This is in addition to the enormous number of firearms exempted from, or manufactured in easy evasion of, the 1994 law. The only meaningful attempts at regulating this flood of killing machines exist at the state level. One outstanding example is California's assault weapons ban, which has been hammered into an effective ban after the now-predictable gun industry attempts to evade the intent of the original law. Even California's law, however, is undermined by the lack of a strong and effective federal ban, allowing for out-of-state assault weapons to be illegally trafficked into the state.

The current study. This study is a snapshot of the effect of America's laissez-faire policy toward assault weapons. Based on reports of assault weapons in the news over a two-year span, it makes clear that assault weapons are frequently used in crime and confiscated from criminals. Moreover, it demonstrates that the number of incidents in which law enforcement officers are reported to have been confronted with assault weapons rose dramatically in the two-year period monitored.

Section Two

SOURCES FOR THIS ANALYSIS

The dearth of data. Firearms enjoy the dubious distinction of being the only consumer product not subject to federal public health and safety regulation. Moreover, there is no national database tracking deaths and injuries from specific types and models of firearms. And only the most rudimentary, summary information is collected at any level about criminal use of firearms. As a result, public policy analysts, legislators, and public health and safety administrators must make do with crude data and anecdotal analysis. This is neither an accident nor a product of inattention. It is the deliberate result

of a coldly calculated long-term policy of strangling information about guns and their public health effects designed by the National Rifle Association and its major client, the gun industry, and implemented by an all-too-pliant Congress. The firearms industry and gun lobby know that if as much data were available to the public about death and injury resulting from firearms as is available about, for example tires, toys, or Tacoma pick-up trucks, the gun lobby would lose the public debate.

The Tiahrt Amendment. A blatant and crucial example of this iron curtain surrounding information about the carnage and criminality caused by firearms is a federal spending prohibition known as the "Tiahrt Amendment."

For the past six fiscal years (2004 through 2010), legislation making appropriations for ATF has contained language severely restricting release of information about guns traced to crime scenes contained in the agency's Firearms Tracing System database. This restriction has become known as the "Tiahrt Amendment," after its principal sponsor, Representative Todd Tiahrt of Kansas.

For many years, crime gun tracing data was publicly available under the provisions of the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA). It was an imperfect but extraordinarily useful surrogate for a badly needed, but non-existent, national firearms and public health database and tracking system. Crime gun tracing data was routinely used by city officials and law enforcement agencies to determine the sources of illegally trafficked firearms and to identify corrupt gun dealers and the types of guns most often traced to crime. The "Tiahrt Amendment" cut off even this basic data. It prohibits ATF from releasing any data contained in the database, except in a limited fashion to individual law enforcement agencies. There is also a prohibition on use of the data in civil litigation.

Proponents of the "Tiahrt" restrictions claim that the release of tracing data could interfere with ongoing law enforcement investigations. However, prior to implementation of the "Tiahrt Amendment" exemptions to the FOIA enabled ATF to withhold any information that could interfere with law enforcement investigations. The FOIA explicitly protects from disclosure any information that would interfere with enforcement or reveal confidential information. Moreover, ATF compilations of tracing data (e.g., top 10 crime guns) bore no conceivable relation to the compromise of any investigation. The "Tiahrt Amendment" simply represents an unwarranted and cynical restriction on public access to information, enacted in the interest of protecting the gun industry and acquiesced to by a Congress frightened by the NRA.

The "Tiahrt Amendment" also serves to hide the source of assault weapons used in crime—including those detailed in this study. For example, it is impossible to document the sources of the assault weapons used in California, where the sale of such weapons is banned, although experience suggests that these weapons are illegally trafficked from states with lax gun laws such as Nevada and Arizona.

Surrogate data sources. In the absence of a responsible national firearms information policy, researchers, public policy analysts, and policymakers have sought out information in various interstices of public life, such as public polling and media reports. While none claim that these surrogate sources of data are comprehensive or "scientific," they represent the best information available in the stark aridity of data about guns and their effect on public health and safety in the United States.

The current report. This report was developed in response to a number of stories in

the news media, as well as Violence Policy Center staff conversations with law enforcement personnel, from which it appeared that: (1) assault weapons continue to be the source of many deaths and injuries throughout the United States; and, (2) law enforcement agencies have become concerned enough about the frequency of their encounters with assault weapons that many are issuing assault rifles to their patrol units as a way of "evening up" the firepower. In short, as has so often been seen in the past three decades, the gun industry first increased the level of firepower available to criminals by marketing enhanced lethality, and then persuaded the law enforcement community that it needed to "arm up" in order to keep pace with the criminals.

The information described in the following pages is based on a compilation derived from multiple searches using a variety of terms ("assault weapons" and "assault rifles," for example) of reports published in U.S. news media and included in the commercial database Nexis between March 1, 2005 and February 28, 2007. Stories that recounted firearm-related events outside of those date ranges were discarded. For example, if a story within the date range reported an appellate decision or trial of a shooting that occurred prior to the date range, that story was eliminated.

No claim is made that the information compiled here is exhaustive, much less complete. It is a fair conclusion from common experience and examination of police records that many more crimes of violence occur than are reported in the news media on any given day. Recognizing this, the numbers cited in this study most likely represent the floor, not the ceiling, of assault weapon incidents, and are best suited to determining overall trends, not whole numbers or rankings. Inspection of the stories themselves indicates that in the vast preponderance of cases they are based on law enforcement reports. Accordingly, the use of terms such as assault weapon or assault rifle in these cases is usually derived from police descriptions.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the distinguished gentleman from New York (Mr. HIGGINS).

MR. HIGGINS of New York. Mr. Speaker, no technology advances more quickly in our society than the technology of killing. Every day, weapons of mass destruction are being made and manipulated to kill more people more quickly.

In Buffalo, New York, May 14, one shooter, a racist shooter, went into a supermarket on Jefferson Avenue and shot 13 people, killing 10 of them. The shooting started and was completed in 2 minutes and 3 seconds; one shooter.

I often heard it said that the best way to stop a bad guy with a gun is a good guy with a gun. There was a good guy with a gun in the store that day that was working security; a retired 30-year-veteran of the Buffalo Police Department. But he was helpless because he was outgunned by the bad guy with the gun who had an assault rifle.

I thank Mr. CICILLINE for his leadership on this issue, for his thoughtful approach to this, and I urge my colleagues to support this legislation.

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the distinguished gentleman from California (Ms. CHU).

Ms. CHU. Mr. Speaker, we are the only country in the world where mass shootings continually happen. They happen in schools, grocery stores, malls, hospitals, parades, you name it. In America, there has not been a single week in 2022 without a mass shooting.

Weapons of war, especially, have no place in our streets or schools or our grocery stores. They have no place in nail salons or churches or shopping malls.

About their horrific impact on children like this, a trauma surgeon said the tissue destruction is almost unimaginable. Bones are exploded. Soft tissue is absolutely destroyed. It is like a bomb went off.

But we in Congress can end this. We can end this uniquely American plague of mass death caused by gun violence. I support the assault weapons ban because we cannot wait to act until the next mass shooting. We must pass this bill today.

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, I continue to reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the distinguished gentleman from Texas (Mr. GREEN).

Mr. GREEN of Texas. And still I rise, Mr. Speaker. I rise to announce that I will vote for this legislation, and I will do so because I know that there are 19 babies who were murdered at Robb Elementary School in Texas who will never have the right to vote.

I rise to vote for it because there are two teachers who were murdered who will never have the opportunity to seek the future that was theirs.

I rise because we have a Governor in the State of Texas who could have saved all of those lives if he had but only, after the shooting at Walmart that took 23 lives, passed legislation such as what we are passing today.

I rise because I don't want the blood of the next person murdered with an AR-15-type weapon on my hands.

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, I continue to reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the distinguished gentleman from Nevada (Ms. TITUS).

Ms. TITUS. Mr. Speaker, I have heard a lot of talk today about the Constitution. Well, when the Founding Fathers wrote the Second Amendment these kind of weapons didn't even exist. They had muskets and flintlock pistols that could fire three or four shots in a minute, on a good day; and they weren't very accurate at all.

The Founding Fathers did not know or anticipate these weapons of mass destruction that shooters use to kill as many innocent people as brutally and quickly as possible; and that is exactly what they did in my district on October 1, 2017, when you had 60 people shot at a concert.

I urge my colleagues on the other side to have the courage to stand up to the NRA and support this legislation. It is common sense; it is necessary; and

it will prevent mass shootings and save lives.

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, I continue to reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the distinguished gentleman from Connecticut (Ms. DELAURO), the Chairman of the Appropriations Committee.

Ms. DELAURO. Mr. Speaker, 26 souls, including 20 babies massacred at Sandy Hook Elementary School.

Parkland, Buffalo, Uvalde; the common denominator, an AR-15-style assault weapon, the weapon of choice.

Eight of the 10 deadliest mass shootings involved an assault weapon. We cannot be numb to this needless violence. It is long past time for us to act.

In Connecticut, the tragedy at Sandy Hook changed our lives forever. These are unspeakable tragedies. They are avoidable tragedies; and they are happening in our schools, our grocery stores, our places of worship.

The legislation before us today will reduce the prevalence of assault weapons, ban the purchase of assault weapons, get them off of our streets, make our communities safer, protect our children, save their lives.

Is that not the noblest of goals, to save lives? We have the opportunity to do that in this body today. Enough is enough.

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, I yield 5 minutes to the gentleman from Kentucky (Mr. MASSIE), the chair of the Second Amendment Caucus.

Mr. MASSIE. Mr. Speaker, if facts are the ammunition of debate, I point out that the other side of the aisle entered this room unarmed.

There are so many mischaracterizations or misfires, if you will, about this bill and what this bill does that I don't know where to start.

But let me start here with the words of the author of this bill. He says it will ban weapons of war only suitable for soldiers in combat.

Is that what it does? Does it ban an M16? It doesn't ban an M16 or an M4. It bans the most commonly sold rifle in the United States today and for the last several years.

It doesn't ban weapons of war. It explicitly exempts the M1 Garand. General Patton said the M1 Garand is the finest implement of battle ever devised. Why is it exempted? It is a weapon of war.

It exempts the M1 Carbine. Look at the picture of the soldiers, the marines at Iwo Jima. What were they carrying? The M1 Carbine.

It exempts the quintessential Cold War weapon, the pride of the Chinese and the Communists, the SKS. It is exempted in this bill. These are literal weapons of war that are not in this bill.

Now, they will come back and ban those, but they don't want to ban them right now because they don't look scary enough. They have a wooden forestock and a wooden butt. They not

made of plastic. They don't look like the scary stuff on the news, so they have no interest in banning that.

Literally, actual weapons of war are not banned, but the most common firearm sold today is banned.

But let's take them at their word. Weapons of war. These are weapons of war. We have got to ban weapons of war.

Well, they exempt 80-some Federal agencies from the ban. Literally, every bureaucratic agency in the government can have a weapon of war under this bill; weapons of war as they call them.

So we offered an amendment in the committee. We couldn't conceive of why the Department of Education would need a weapon of war to complete their mission of educating our children; coming up with the curriculum.

We couldn't conceive of why the USDA would need weapons of war, so we offered an amendment to exempt the USDA and the Department of Education from being able to have these weapons of war; so-called weapons of war.

Every Democrat, even though they couldn't give us a good reason of why these agencies would need weapons of war, or with whom they planned to go to war—are they bringing them to the school board? Where are they going to bring these things?

Now, they couldn't give a good reason why these agencies would need weapons of war. But they all voted to allow these agencies to have weapons of war.

Now, the reason they did, we came to that conclusion is, they aren't weapons of war. It is the most common firearm sold in the United States today. These are not weapons of war.

There was one Democrat who did articulate a reason. He said, well, they are actually good for defense. You have might need them to defend the Department of Education. Well, that is what the Second Amendment is about.

It is not about making sure that the Department of Education—which, by the way, is unconstitutional—but it is not making sure that the Department of Education could have proper defense; it is for the people to have proper defense. So that is the first falsehood.

Now, here is another reason that gun owners should be concerned about this bill. Maybe you don't own one of these firearms, but if you own guns, you know about terminal ballistics. You know what are suitable calibers for hunting deer, for hunting coyotes.

We have heard it said here today, and in the committee, and they showed us a video, oh, the terminal ballistics of a .223 round are so dangerous that we need to ban these AR-15s because they shoot .223 rounds.

What they didn't show you was a video of a deer cartridge, like a .30-06, or a 7-millimeter, or a .308.

If you are banning—if the purpose of this legislation is to ban these firearms because they shoot a cartridge with

those terminal ballistics of a .223, then you plan, you absolutely plan to come after deer rifles because they have two and three times as much power; two and three times as much destructive and killing power as the firearm—as the cartridge used in the firearm that you seek to ban here today.

Another falsehood. This bill will save lives. Let me get to this. We heard it here today. I was waiting for it. It was mentioned a couple of times. Even the Speaker of the House mentioned it.

They have said that the 1994–2004 assault weapons ban—so-called assault weapons—reduced crime; that crime went down. Well, guess what? From 1995–2004, there were 2 million of these firearms imported or manufactured and sold.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The time of the gentleman has expired.

Mr. JORDAN. I yield an additional 30 seconds to the gentleman from Kentucky.

Mr. MASSIE. The number of these rifles doubled in the United States during your last assault weapons ban. If you think crime went down because of the last assault weapons ban, then you have got some explaining to do because the number of those rifles increased. Maybe, just maybe people became safer.

Mr. Speaker, I urge opposition to this bill.

□ 1700

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the distinguished gentleman from Virginia (Mr. CONNOLLY).

Mr. CONNOLLY. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding time.

We face two choices today in this body. One is to protect our children, to protect our houses of worship, to protect where we shop, to protect where we watch a movie from guns that exist for one purpose only—mass death inflicted efficiently.

Or we can listen to the other argument, which you have heard, in thrall to the gun manufacturers, to protect them at any cost, and you as a citizen are collateral damage at the altar of the gun manufacturers, and we will be bathed in blood forever.

It is time to act. It is time to end the madness and disentrail ourselves from automatic weapons that are mass killers.

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Maryland (Mr. HOYER), the distinguished majority leader of the House.

Mr. HOYER. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding time.

This is, of course, an emotional debate. Some have talked about fear, and they instill fear in the process. As Mr. NADLER has pointed out, no weapons are taken away.

A number of Members on the other side of the aisle have gotten up and said this is an unconstitutional bill. Yet, from 1994 to 2004, that bill was

tested in the courts. None of those courts found that unconstitutional.

In the Heller case, which has been quoted over and over again, a very simple statement was made by that super-liberal Antonin Scalia. He said, “Like most rights, the right secured by the Second Amendment is not unlimited.”

From Blackstone through the 19th century cases, commentators and courts routinely explained that the right was not a right to keep and carry any weapon whatsoever in any manner whatsoever for whatever purposes.

One indication of that, of course, is that we have a ban on machine guns in America. Now, one could answer, “Well, they are not in common use.” That is correct, because they are banned.

Mr. Speaker, 67 percent of Americans support an assault weapon ban. Fifty-three percent, over half, strongly support, and another 14 percent somewhat support, for a total of 67 percent. That is in a poll by Morning Consult on May 25, 2022.

There was another poll by Pew in September 2021 that said that 63 percent of Americans support it.

In both polls, over 60 percent of Americans, over two-thirds of Americans, think this action makes sense.

I am sure the Founders, as they were discussing the Second Amendment, debated whether we ought to have mass rapid-fire weapons covered by the Second Amendment.

They had no idea. Such weapons certainly didn't exist, and they acted within the framework of the times in which they lived.

Mr. Speaker, Congress must take action today to protect all Americans from dangerous and deadly assault weapons. If we do so, we will still be the country that has the most weapons per capita in the world, more weapons than people, which you would seem to think, therefore, we ought to be the least dangerous nation if the premise that the more people who are armed, the less crime we will have. That seems a little counterintuitive to me.

The weapons that we are talking about are able to kill large numbers rapidly, used to kill 6 adults and 20 children at Sandy Hook, used to kill 61 people in Las Vegas, used to kill 19 students and 2 teachers in Uvalde, Texas, just a few weeks ago. From Aurora to Orlando, San Bernardino, Buffalo, El Paso, and Highland Park, they have been mentioned today, and we ought to mention them on a regular basis to remind us.

We have watched assault weapons inflict mass destruction in our communities time and time again. Not only do these weapons claim the lives of innocent civilians, but they frequently kill members of law enforcement who have worked to keep their communities safe.

That is why law enforcement largely, not all of them, support this bill because they see that as one of the greatest dangers to their lives.

Indeed, one study by the Violence Policy Center found that nearly a quarter of all the police officers killed in the line of duty between 2016 and 2017 were killed by the same firearms that would be outlawed under this ban.

Of those police officers killed by assault weapons, almost a quarter of them were wearing body armor that was nevertheless penetrated by a bullet. These types of attacks and police killings are not inevitable.

We know there is a better way. We know that because these attacks became far less common when an overwhelmingly bipartisan coalition—this was not some Democratic bill. It was a bipartisan bill. I will speak more to that in just a second.

They came together in 1994 to pass a ban, including 46 House Republicans. That measure had support from law enforcement and from both Democratic and Republican Presidents, including Ronald Reagan.

After Republicans were in control of Congress, they allowed that ban to expire in 2004. Mass shootings tripled.

Today, I am pleased to bring Mr. CICILLINE's bill to the floor to reinstate—reinstate—a bill that has been taken to court already. This legislation would prohibit the possession, manufacture, sale, and transfer of semiautomatic assault weapons and high-capacity magazines. It does not take any of those away from any citizen.

To be clear, we are not undermining the Second Amendment. I am for a person having the right to have a weapon not only to hunt but in his home, in his business, to protect himself and his family, and, where authorized, to carry upon his person—where authorized.

This bill will not lead to confiscation of firearms, notwithstanding the fear that has been expressed, of weapons that were legally purchased before its enactment. However, it will set safety requirements.

Doesn't that make sense? We have safety requirements for our cars. Doesn't it make sense to have safety requirements for weapons that can kill?

Additionally, this legislation will provide funding for buyback programs for those who would prefer to be responsible neighbors and community members and relinquish their assault weapons voluntarily.

But, of course, our NRA friends have this slippery slope concept that anything we do, even banning cop killer bullets, goes too far because of the next step and the next step and the next step.

These commonsense reforms will save the lives of law enforcement officers and innocent Americans across the country. The Speaker said that we are going to bring additional community safety legislation to the floor to support our police because as much as the Republicans would like to say we Democrats are for defunding the police, it is absolutely incorrect and false, and they know it.

Why do they know it? Because we bring appropriation bills to this floor which fund the police, not only at the national level but at the State and local level as well, which gives lie to that assertion.

Are there some people who used that comment? Look in the mirror, folks. There are some people on your side of the aisle who say absurd things.

There are many people on both sides of the aisle who say, "Let's support and protect police." This is a way to do it. Today, we have an opportunity to put votes behind our words and show who is ready to do exactly that.

Now, I hope my Republican friends and Democratic friends and my fellow Americans will listen to the quote that I am about to give from a President that used to be revered on the Republican side of the aisle but is now not looked at as such a reverential figure.

Ronald Reagan said this: "Listen to the American public and to the law enforcement community and support a ban on the further manufacture of these weapons."

A moment of silence is not enough. I should have counted how many moments of silence we have had on this floor this year and lamented the loss of children and the elderly and everybody in between because of a weapon that is designed to kill a lot of people quickly.

No more moments of silence. Let's act. Vote "yes." Pass this bill.

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

We haven't said the Second Amendment was unlimited. We quoted the Second Amendment, the Second Amendment which the Supreme Court has said protects firearms in common use. Twenty-four million Americans have these weapons. That is most certainly common use.

The fact that the chair of the Judiciary Committee says, I don't care, we are going to do it even though we know it is unconstitutional, that is just wrong.

Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Texas (Mr. ARRINGTON), my friend.

Mr. ARRINGTON. Too often, Mr. Speaker, we skip over the fundamental principle and precept and driver of the Second Amendment, so let's reaffirm our faith here.

Our Founders were determined to fight against their own government for our freedom and independence. They stated unequivocally that when there was a train of abuses and usurpations, and the citizens were reduced to absolute despotism, it was our right and our duty to throw off that government.

We wouldn't have these United States, we wouldn't be here today, without this sacred Second Amendment. Every law-abiding citizen in America must be able to meet evil with equal or greater force, whether it is a violent criminal, a crazed killer, or a coercive government.

Mr. Speaker, we must reject this attempt to trample the Constitution, to

violate the spirit of what those Founders wrote into that sacred document, and disarm our citizens.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

The previous speaker on the Republican side said that citizens must be able to meet the government with equal arms. The United States Government has hydrogen bombs. Does he think that every citizen ought to have a hydrogen bomb?

Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the distinguished gentleman from Rhode Island (Mr. LANGEVIN).

□ 1715

Mr. LANGEVIN. Mr. Speaker, I know the damage that guns can cause firsthand. When I was 16, an accidental gunshot severed my spinal cord and left me paralyzed.

And yet, the damage caused by that gun pales in comparison to the destruction caused by assault weapons, whose sole purpose is to inflict maximum damage on their targets.

No one needs an assault weapon to go deer hunting.

No one needs an assault weapon to defend their home.

These weapons of war simply have no place on our streets.

After all, it is no coincidence that assault weapons were the firearm of choice for the killers in Uvalde, Buffalo, Pittsburgh, Parkland, Orlando, Sandy Hook, and the list goes on.

I ask my colleagues, does this body have the courage to stop the next massacre from taking place?

Or will we shirk from our responsibilities and our duty to act, content to simply offer thoughts and prayers while Americans, and even small children, are mowed down in our schools, grocery stores, and places of worship?

I know which side I am on. I hope my colleagues will join me.

I thank Congressman CICILLINE for his steadfast work on bringing this legislation to the floor.

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the distinguished gentleman from Illinois (Ms. SCHAKOWSKY).

Ms. SCHAKOWSKY. Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong support of the assault weapons ban.

I live very close to Highland Park, Illinois, and I have heard from literally hundreds of people and met with hundreds of people—students, teachers, parents, small businessowners, and, yes, even law enforcement officials—who demand that we pass an assault weapons ban.

Today's vote would not be possible without the fearless and tireless work of advocates and survivors. This day is for them. I think that there is no rational reason that we would allow these weapons of mass destruction that ravage our families, our communities, and even our way of life to be on the streets of our country.

Mr. Speaker, I urge a "yes" vote to ban assault weapons.

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the distinguished gentlewoman from Ohio (Ms. KAPTUR).

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Speaker, Americans want their freedom back, and I would say to my colleague from Ohio (Mr. JORDAN), your freedom stops where mine and that of my constituents begin.

Schools, shopping malls, grocery stores, and Independence Day parades shouldn't be scenes of mass carnage and bloodshed. Weapons of war have no place on the streets of America.

An experienced Ohio sheriff says it well: Assault weapons and large-capacity magazines should only be utilized by the military and law enforcement. A proposal to ban their use is common sense, supported by a majority of Americans. Until such time that Members of Congress start to care about the safety of children in our schools more than their next reelection, mass shootings will continue to occur, and innocent people will die.

One of the most experienced chiefs of police I represent says the following: The connection between guns and illicit drugs is 100 percent.

So let's take the two most important steps, remove large-capacity assault weapons from our streets and arrest the drug dealers who are creating death and destruction across our country.

Let's give freedom back to the American people.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair will remind Members to direct their remarks to the Chair.

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

I would just say, if the gentlewoman from Ohio wants to come to the Fourth District of Ohio and debate me on the Second Amendment, I would welcome her to come to my district anytime she wants to. She can stand here and lecture all she wants, but I would welcome her to come to my district. I would be happy to debate her.

My guess is the constituents I get the privilege of representing, most of them probably agree with me and agree with the United States Constitution.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the distinguished gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. COHEN), a member of the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. COHEN. Mr. Speaker, this has been an interesting debate.

The cumulative debate from the Republican side has been Members who have been wanting to show their intimate knowledge of weapons. It is almost a fetishism with weapons, something that only Freud would properly understand and be able to explain to the American people.

They have talked about hands being dangerous and knives being dangerous,

but hands and knives and other weapons that they discussed don't kill people in volume and number like AR-15s do.

The CIA did a study and said that even shots to extremities all made fatal impacts on people. The AR-15 is an outgrowth of a military weapon that was designed for military use. The AR-15 is a weapon that destroys people's bodies and kills them quickly. It should not be allowed in a civilized, safe society, particularly for children and for people in the general public.

Mr. Speaker, I urge passage of the bill.

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, how much time remains on each side?

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from New York has 2 minutes. The gentleman from Ohio has 45 seconds.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I am prepared to close, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself the balance of my time to close.

Mr. Speaker, red flag laws take all guns from some people. This bill makes illegal some guns for all people, and we know where they want to go. We know what they want to do. They want to take all guns from all people because they can't stand the Second Amendment. They hate the Second Amendment.

In fact, during the markup, the sponsor of the legislation said this: "Spare me the BS about constitutional rights."

Well, Republicans care about law-abiding citizens' constitutional liberties: Their First Amendment rights, their Second Amendment rights, their Fourth Amendment due process rights. All of those have been attacked by the Democrats over the last several months.

That is why we should vote "no" on this legislation and let law-abiding Americans have the respect for the Second Amendment they deserve.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. NADLER. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself the balance of my time to close.

Mr. Speaker, it is no surprise that assault weapons are the weapon of choice for mass shooters and those who target law enforcement. They are designed for ruthless efficiency, killing the most people in the shortest amount of time.

The gentleman from Ohio is right, I did say in the committee, "Spare us the BS." I meant the Republican BS about the Constitution, about the Second Amendment.

The Second Amendment is designed not to allow people to fight the government.

Do they want to take up arms against American troops? Is that what they say?

That is what they say. You saw what that did with the insurrection we had recently, and that was a mild case.

No, the Second Amendment is designed to allow for a well-regulated militia, which is to say in our day the National Guard.

The assault weapons ban would take the weapons of war off our streets and save countless lives, and that is why it is supported by all associations of police, the American Federation of Teachers, the American College of Physicians, the American Public Health Association, the National Alliance to End Sexual Violence, the National Organization of Black Law Enforcement Executives, the Major Cities Chiefs Association. They know what they are doing.

The assault weapons ban would take these weapons of war off our streets. It would prevent more of the Uvaldes, more of the Parklands, more of the Tree of Life synagogues.

Mr. Speaker, I urge all Members to support this important legislation, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. All time for debate has expired.

Pursuant to House Resolution 1302, the previous question is ordered on the bill, as amended.

The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT

Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker, I have a motion to recommit at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the motion to recommit.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. Fitzgerald of Wisconsin moves to recommit the bill H.R. 1808 to the Committee on the Judiciary.

The material previously referred to by Mr. FITZGERALD is as follows:

In subsection (v)(4) of section 922 of title 18, United States Code, as proposed to be inserted by section 3(a)(1) of the bill, (1) strike "or" at the end of subparagraph (D), strike the period at the end of subparagraph (E) and insert "; or", and add at the end the following:

"(F) the possession, by an individual who is a member of the Armed Forces on active duty or a veteran."

In subsection (t)(1) of section 922 of title 18, United States Code, as proposed to be inserted by 5(a)(4) of the bill, insert "(other than an individual who is a member of the Armed Forces on active duty or a veteran)" before "to transfer".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 2(b) of rule XIX, the previous question is ordered on the motion to recommit.

The question is on the motion to recommit.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the yeas appeared to have it.

Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 9 of Rule XX, the Chair will reduce to 5 minutes the minimum

time for any electronic vote on the question of passage.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 207, nays 220, not voting 3, as follows:

[Roll No. 409]

YEAS—207

Aderholt	Garcia (CA)	Miller (WV)
Allen	Gibbs	Miller-Meeks
Armstrong	Jimenez	Moolenaar
Arrington	Gohmert	Mooney
Babin	Gonzales, Tony	Moore (AL)
Bacon	Good (VA)	Moore (UT)
Baird	Gooden (TX)	Mullin
Balderson	Gosar	Murphy (NC)
Banks	Granger	Nehls
Barr	Graves (LA)	Newhouse
Bentz	Graves (MO)	Norman
Bergman	Green (TN)	Oberholte
Bice (OK)	Greene (GA)	Owens
Biggs	Griffith	Palazzo
Bilirakis	Grothman	Palmer
Bishop (NC)	Guest	Pence
Boebert	Guthrie	Perry
Bost	Harris	Pfluger
Brady	Harshbarger	Posey
Brooks	Hartzler	Reschenthaler
Buchanan	Hern	Rice (SC)
Buck	Herrell	Rodgers (WA)
Bucshon	Herrera Beutler	Rogers (AL)
Budd	Hice (GA)	Rogers (KY)
Burchett	Higgins (LA)	Rose
Burgess	Hill	Rosendale
Calvert	Hinson	Rouzer
Cammack	Hollingsworth	Roy
Carey	Hudson	Rutherford
Carl	Huizenga	Salazar
Carter (GA)	Issa	Scalise
Carter (TX)	Jackson	Schweikert
Cawthorn	Jacobs (NY)	Scott, Austin
Chabot	Johnson (LA)	Sessions
Cheney	Johnson (OH)	Simpson
Cline	Johnson (SD)	Smith (MO)
Cloud	Jordan	Smith (NE)
Clyde	Joyce (OH)	Smith (NJ)
Cole	Joyce (PA)	Smucker
Comer	Katko	Spart
Conway	Keller	Staubert
Crawford	Kelly (MS)	Steel
Crenshaw	Kelly (PA)	Stefanik
Curtis	Kim (CA)	Steil
Davidson	Kustoff	Steube
Davis, Rodney	LaHood	Stewart
DesJarlais	LaMalfa	Taylor
Diaz-Balart	Lamborn	Tenney
Donalds	Latta	Thompson (PA)
Duncan	LaTurner	Tiffany
Dunn	Lesko	Timmons
Ellzey	Letlow	Turner
Emmer	Long	Upton
Estes	Loudermilk	Valadao
Fallon	Lucas	Van Drew
Feenstra	Luetkemeyer	Van Duyne
Ferguson	Mace	Wagner
Fischbach	Malliotakis	Walberg
Fitzgerald	Mann	Walorski
Fitzpatrick	Massie	Waltz
Fleischmann	Mast	Weber (TX)
Flood	McCarthy	Webster (FL)
Flores	McCaul	Wenstrup
Foxx	McClain	Westerman
Franklin, C.	McClintock	Williams (TX)
Scott	McHenry	Wilson (SC)
Fulcher	McKinley	Wittman
Gaetz	Meijer	Womack
Gallagher	Meuser	
Garbarino	Miller (IL)	

NAYS—220

Adams	Boyle, Brendan	Cherfilus-
Aguilar	F.	McCormick
Allred	Brown (MD)	Chu
Amodei	Brown (OH)	Cicilline
Auchincloss	Brownley	Clark (MA)
Axne	Bush	Clarke (NY)
Barragan	Bustos	Cleaver
Bass	Butterfield	Clyburn
Beatty	Carbajal	Cohen
Bera	Cardenas	Connolly
Beyer	Carson	Cooper
Bishop (GA)	Carter (LA)	Correa
Blumenauer	Cartwright	Costa
Blunt Rochester	Case	Courtney
Bonamici	Casten	Craig
Bourdeaux	Castor (FL)	Crist
Bowman	Castro (TX)	Crow

Cuellar	Kuster	Raskin	DeSaulnier	Kirkpatrick	Rodgers (WA)	Espallat	Lieu	Ruiz
Davis (KS)	Lamb	Rice (NY)	(Perlmutter)	(Pallone)	(Moore (UT))	Evans	Lofgren	Ruppersberger
Davis, Danny K.	Langevin	Ross	DesJarlais	LaHood (Latta)	Ruppersberger	Fitzpatrick	Lowenthal	Rush
Dean	Larsen (WA)	Royal-Allard	(Fleischmann)	Lamborn	(Trone)	Fletcher	Luria	Ryan
DeFazio	Ruiz	Ruiz	Deutch	(Fleischmann)	Ryan (Kuster)	Foster	Lynch	Sánchez
DeGette	Lawrence	Ruppersberger	(Wasserman	Lawson (FL)	Scott, David	Frankel, Lois	Malinowski	Sarbanes
DeLauro	Lawson (FL)	Rush	Schultz)	(Wasserman	(Perlmutter)	Gallego	Maloney	Scanlon
DelBene	Lee (CA)	Ryan	Dingell (Kuster)	Schultz)	Sewell (Cicilline)	Garamendi	Carolyn B.	Schakowsky
Demings	Lee (NV)	Sánchez	Doggett	Leger Fernandez	Sires (Pallone)	Garcia (IL)	Maloney, Sean	Schiff
DeSaulnier	Leger Fernandez	Sarbanes	(Takano)	(Garcia (TX))	Smith (WA)	Garcia (TX)	Manning	Schneider
Deutch	Levin (CA)	Scanlon	Donalds	Letlow (Moore	(Wasserman	Gomez	Matsui	Schrier
Dingell	Levin (MI)	Schakowsky	(Timmons)	(UT))	Schultz)	Gottheimer	McBath	Scott (VA)
Doggett	Lieu	Schiff	Evans (Neguse)	Levin (MI)	Smucker (Kelly	Green, Al (TX)	McCollum	Scott, David
Doyle, Michael	Lofgren	Schneider	(Correa)	(Correa)	(PA))	Grijalva	McEachin	Sewell
F.	Lowenthal	Schrader	Frankel, Lois	Malliotakis	Spartz (Banks)	Harder (CA)	McGovern	Sherman
Escobar	Luria	Schrier	(Kuster)	(Armstrong)	Speier (Garcia	Hayes	McNerney	Sherrill
Eshoo	Lynch	Schrier	Gaetz (Cawthorn)	Maloney,	(TX))	Higgins (NY)	Meeks	Sires
Espallat	Malinowski	Scott (VA)	Garamendi	Carolyn B.	Stansbury	Himes	Meng	Slotkin
Evans	Maloney,	Scott, David	(Pallone)	Carlyn B.	(Wasserman	Horsford	mfume	Smith (WA)
Fletcher	Carolyn B.	Sewell	Garbarino	Schultz)	Steel (Kim (CA))	Houlahan	Moore (WI)	Soto
Foster	Maloney, Sean	Sherman	(Moore (UT))	McBath (Bishop	Stefanik (Keller)	Hoyer	Morelle	Spanberger
Frankel, Lois	Manning	Sherrill	Gibbs (Bucshon)	(GA))	Steube	Huffman	Moulton	Speier
Gallego	Matsui	Sires	Gimenez	McEachin	(Franklin, C.	Jackson Lee	Mrvan	Stansbury
Garamendi	McBath	Slotkin	(Salazar)	(Trone)	Scott)	Jacobs (CA)	Murphy (FL)	Stanton
Garcia (IL)	McCcollum	Smith (WA)	Gonzales, Tony	McHenry	Stevens (Kuster)	Jacobs (NY)	Nadler	Stevens
Garcia (TX)	McEachin	Soto	Good (Greene	(Bice (OK))	Stewart (Moore	Jayapal	Napolitano	Strickland
Golden	McGovern	Spanberger	(GA))	(Wagner)	(UT))	Jeffries	Neal	Swalwell
Gomez	McNerney	Speier	Gosar (Weber	McNerney	Strickland	Johnson (GA)	Neguse	Takano
Gonzalez,	Meeks	Stansbury	(TX))	(Pallone)	(Neguse)	Johnson (TX)	Newman	Thompson (CA)
Vicente	Meng	Stanton	Granger (Weber	(Mooney)	Suozi	Jones	Norcross	Thompson (MS)
Gottheimer	mfume	Stevens	(TX))	Miller-Meeks	(Perlmutter)	Kahele	O'Halleran	Titus
Green, Al (TX)	Moore (WI)	Strickland	Green (TN)	(Keller)	Swalwell	Kaptur	Ocasio-Cortez	Tlaib
Grijalva	Morelle	Suozi	(Fleischmann)	Moore (WI)	(Correa)	Keating	Omar	Tonko
Harder (CA)	Moulton	Swalwell	Guest	(Neguse)	Taylor	Kelly (IL)	Pallone	Torres (CA)
Hayes	Mrvan	Takano	(Fleischmann)	Moulton	(Armstrong)	Khanna	Panetta	Torres (NY)
Higgins (NY)	Murphy (FL)	Thompson (CA)	Guthrie (Wagner)	(Perlmutter)	Thompson (CA)	Kildee	Pappas	Trahan
Himes	Nadler	Thompson (MS)	Hartzler (Moore	Neal (Kildee)	(Correa)	Kilmer	Pascrell	Trone
Horsford	Napolitano	Titus	(UT))	Nehls (Weber	Tiffany	Kim (NJ)	Payne	Underwood
Houlahan	Neal	Tlaib	Herrera Beutler	(TX))	(Fitzgerald)	Kirkpatrick	Pelosi	Vargas
Hoyer	Neguse	Tonko	(Moore (UT))	Newman (Trone)	Tlaib (Ocasio-	Krishnamoorthi	Perlmutter	Veasey
Huffman	Newman	Torres (CA)	Jayapal	Omar (Takano)	Cortez	Kuster	Peters	Velázquez
Jackson Lee	Norcross	Torres (NY)	(Pallone)	Owens (Moore	Torres (NY)	Lamb	Phillips	Wasserman
Jacobs (CA)	O'Halleran	Trahan	Jeffries	(UT))	(Correa)	Langevin	Pingree	Schultz
Jayapal	Ocasio-Cortez	Trone	(Velázquez)	Palazzo	Trahan (Trone)	Larsen (WA)	Pocan	Waters
Jeffries	Omar	Underwood	Johnson (LA)	(Fleischmann)	Van Drew	Larson (CT)	Porter	Watson Coleman
Johnson (GA)	Pallone	Vargas	Panetta (Correa)	Panetta (Correa)	(Fleischmann)	Lawrence	Pressley	Welch
Johnson (TX)	Panetta	Veasey	(Graves (LA))	Payne (Pallone)	Vargas (Correa)	Lawson (FL)	Price (NC)	Wexton
Jones	Pappas	Velázquez	Johnson (SD)	Porter (Wexton)	Veasey (Kelly	Lee (CA)	Quigley	Wild
Kahele	Pascrell	Wasserman	(Fleischmann)	Pressley (Ocasio-	(IL))	Lee (NV)	Raskin	Williams (GA)
Kaptur	Payne	Schultz	Johnson (TX)	Cortez)	Walorski (Banks)	Leger Fernandez	Rice (NY)	Wilson (FL)
Keating	Perlmutter	Waters	(Pallone)	Reschenthaler	Waltz (Salazar)	Levin (CA)	Ross	Yarmuth
Kelly (IL)	Peters	Watson Coleman	Jones (Trone)	(Keller)	Welch (Pallone)	Levin (MI)	Roybal-Allard	
Khanna	Phillips	Welch	Joyce (PA)	Rice (NY)	Wenstrup (Latta)			
Kildee	Pingree	Wexton	(Keller)	(Wasserman	Williams (GA)			
Kilmer	Pocan	Wild	Kahele (Correa)	Schultz)	(Neguse)			
Kim (NJ)	Porter	Williams (GA)	Katko (Meijer)	Rice (SC)	Wilson (SC)			
Kind	Pressley	Wilson (FL)	Keating (Correa)	(Meijer)	(Dunn)			
Kirkpatrick	Price (NC)	Yarmuth						
Krishnamoorthi	Quigley							

NAYS—213

NOT VOTING—3

Gonzalez (OH)	Kinzinger	Zeldin
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□ 1808

Messrs. RUSH, TONKO, CORREA, VEASEY, Ms. BLUNT ROCHESTER, Mr. HIGGINS of New York, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Miss RICE of New York, Messrs. DEUTCH, CRIST, and Ms. BARRAGÁN changed their vote from “yea” to “nay.”

Messrs. LOUDERMILK, CALVERT, HARRIS, and ARRINGTON changed their vote from “nay” to “yea.”

So the motion to recommit was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Babin (Pfluger)	Boyle, Brendan	Conway (Moore
Barr (Wagner)	F. (Trone)	(UT))
Bass (Neguse)	Bush (Ocasio-	Craig (Kuster)
Blumenauer	Cortez)	Crawford
(Kuster)	Bustos (Kuster)	(Fleischmann)
Blunt Rochester	Cárdenas (Soto)	Crist
(Kelly (IL))	Carter (TX)	(Wasserman
Boebert	(Weber (TX))	Schultz)
(Cawthorn)	Casten (Neguse)	Cuellar (Correa)
Bourdeaux	Cherfilus-	Curtis (Moore
(Correa)	McCormick	(UT))
Bowman (Ocasio-	(Neguse)	DeGette
Cortez)	Comer (Keller)	(Perlmutter)

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. PERLMUTTER). The question is on the passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 217, nays 213, not voting 1, as follows:

[Roll No. 410]

YEAS—217

Adams	Bustos	Correa
Aguilar	Butterfield	Costa
Alfred	Carbajal	Courtney
Auchincloss	Cárdenas	Craig
Axne	Carson	Crist
Barragán	Carter (LA)	Crow
Bass	Cartwright	David (KS)
Beatty	Case	Davis, Danny K.
Bera	Casten	Dean
Beyer	Castor (FL)	DeFazio
Bishop (GA)	Castro (TX)	DeGette
Blumenauer	Cherfilus-	DeLauro
Blunt Rochester	McCormick	DelBene
Bonamici	Chu	Demings
Bourdeaux	Cicilline	DeSaulnier
Bowman	Clark (MA)	Deutch
Boyle, Brendan	Clarke (NY)	Dingell
F.	Cleaver	Doggett
Brown (MD)	Clyburn	Doyle, Michael
Brown (OH)	Cohen	F.
Brownley	Connolly	Escobar
Bush	Cooper	Eshoo

Aderholt	Curtis	Guthrie
Allen	Davidson	Harris
Amodei	Davis, Rodney	Harshbarger
Armstrong	DesJarlais	Hartzler
Arrington	Diaz-Balart	Hern
Babin	Donalds	Herrell
Bacon	Duncan	Herrera Beutler
Baird	Dunn	Hice (GA)
Balderson	Ellzey	Higgins (LA)
Banks	Emmer	Hill
Barr	Estes	Hinson
Bentz	Fallon	Hollingsworth
Bergman	Feenstra	Hudson
Bice (OK)	Ferguson	Huizenga
Biggs	Fischbach	Issa
Bilirakis	Fitzgerald	Jackson
Bishop (NC)	Fleischmann	Johnson (LA)
Boebert	Flood	Johnson (OH)
Bost	Flores	Johnson (SD)
Brady	Foxx	Jordan
Brooks	Franklin, C.	Joyce (OH)
Buchanan	Scott	Joyce (PA)
Buck	Fulcher	Katko
Bucshon	Gaetz	Keller
Budd	Gallagher	Kelly (MS)
Burchett	Garbarino	Kelly (PA)
Burgess	Garcia (CA)	Kim (CA)
Calvert	Gibbs	Kind
Cammack	Gimenez	Kinzinger
Carey	Gohmert	Kustoff
Carl	Golden	LaHood
Carter (GA)	Gonzales, Tony	LaMalfa
Carter (TX)	Gonzalez,	Lamborn
Cawthorn	Vicente	Latta
Chabot	Good (VA)	LaTurner
Cheney	Gooden (TX)	Lesko
Cline	Gosar	Letlow
Cloud	Granger	Long
Clyde	Graves (LA)	Loudermillk
Cole	Graves (MO)	Lucas
Comer	Green (TN)	Luetkemeyer
Conway	Greene (GA)	Mace
Crawford	Griffith	Malliotakis
Crenshaw	Grothman	Mann
Cuellar	Guest	Massie

Mast
McCarthy
McCaul
McClain
McClintock
McHenry
McKinley
Meijer
Meuser
Miller (IL)
Miller (WV)
Miller-Meeks
Moolenaar
Mooney
Moore (AL)
Moore (UT)
Mullin
Murphy (NC)
Nehls
Newhouse
Norman
Oberholte
Owens
Palazzo
Palmer
Pence
Perry

Pfluger
Posey
Reschenthaler
Rice (SC)
Rodgers (WA)
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Rose
Rosendale
Rouzer
Roy
Rutherford
Salazar
Scalise
Schrader
Schweikert
Scott, Austin
Sessions
Simpson
Smith (MO)
Smith (NE)
Smith (NJ)
Smucker
Spartz
Staubert
Steele
Stefanik

Steil
Steube
Stewart
Taylor
Tenney
Thompson (PA)
Tiffany
Timmons
Turner
Upton
Valadao
Van Drew
Van Duyn
Wagner
Walberg
Walorski
Waltz
Weber (TX)
Webster (FL)
Westrup
Westerman
Williams (TX)
Wilson (SC)
Wittman
Womack
Zeldin

NOT VOTING—1
Gonzalez (OH)

□ 1825

So the bill was passed.
The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.
A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

MEMBERS RECORDED PURSUANT TO HOUSE RESOLUTION 8, 117TH CONGRESS

Babin (Pfluger)
Barr (Wagner)
Bass (Neguse)
Blumenauer
Blunt Rochester
Boebert
Bourdeaux
Bowman
Boyle, Brendan F.
Bush
Bustos
Cárdenas (Soto)
Carter (TX)
Casten
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Comer
Conway
Craig
Crawford
Crist
Cuellar
Curtis
DeGette
DeSaulnier
DesJarlais
Deutch
Dingell
Doggett
Donalds
Evans
Frankel, Lois
Gaetz
Garamendi
Garcia (TX)

Garbarino
(Moore)
Gibbs
Gimenez
(Salazar)
Gonzales, Tony
(Bice)
Good
Gosar
Granger
Green
Guest
Guthrie
Hartzler
Herrera
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson
Johnson
Jones
Joyce
Kahale
Katko
Keating
Kinzinger
Kirkpatrick
Kirkpatrick
LaHood
Lamborn
Lawson
Letlow
Levin
Malliotakis
Maloney
Carolyn B.
(Wasserman
Schultz)
McBath
McEachin
McHenry
McNerney
Moulton
Neal
Nehls
Newman
Omar
Owens
Palazzo
Panetta
Payne
Porter
Pressley
Reschenthaler
Rice
Rice
Rice
Rodgers
Rogers
Rouzer
Ryan
Schakowsky
Schultz
Scott, David
Sewell
Sires
Smith
Smucker
Stefanik

Maloney,
Carolyn B.
(Wasserman
Schultz)
McBath
McEachin
(Trone)
McHenry
(Wagner)
McNerney
(Pallone)
Miller
(Mooney)
Miller-Meeks
(Keller)
Moore
(Neguse)
Moulton
(Perlmutter)
Neal
Nehls
Newman
Omar
Owens
Palazzo
(Fleischmann)
Panetta
Payne
Porter
Pressley
Reschenthaler
(Keller)
Rice
(Wasserman
Schultz)
Rice
(Meijer)
Rodgers
(Moore)
Rouzer
Ryan
Schakowsky
(Cicilline)
Scott, David
(Perlmutter)
Sewell
Sires
Smith
Smucker

Spartz
Speier
Stansbury
Stefanik
Steube
Stewart
Stevens
Strickland
Suzozi
(Perlmutter)
Swailwell
(Correa)
Taylor
(Armstrong)
Thompson
(Correa)
Tiffany
(Fitzgerald)
Tlaib
(Ocasio-Cortez)
Torres
(Correa)
Trahan
(Trone)

Van Drew
(Fleischmann)
Vargas
Veasey
(IL)
Walorski
Waltz
Welch
Wenstrup
Williams
(Neguse)
Wilson
(Dunn)

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 223, noes 203, not voting 10, as follows:

[Roll No. 411]
AYES—223

Adams
Aguilar
Auchincloss
Axne
Barragán
Bass
Beatty
Bera
Beyer
Bishop
Blumenauer
Blunt Rochester
Bonamici
Bourdeaux
Bowman
Boyle, Brendan F.
Brown
Brown
Brownley
Bush
Bustos
Butterfield
Carbajal
Cárdenas
Carson
Carter
Cartwright
Case
Casten
Castor
Castro
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Chu
Cicilline
Clark
Clarke
Cleaver
Clyburn
Cohen
Connolly
Cooper
Correa
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crist
Crow
Cuellar
Davids
Davis
Dean
DeFazio
DeGette
DeLauro
DelBene
Demings
DeSaulnier
Deutch
Dingell
Doggett
Doyle, Michael F.
Escobar
Eshoo
Espallat
Evans
Fitzpatrick
Fletcher
Foster
Frankel
Gallego
Garamendi
Garcia
Garcia

Golden
Gomez
Gonzalez,
Vicente
Gottheimer
Green, Al
Grijalva
Harder
Hayes
Higgins
Himes
Horsford
Houlahan
Hoyer
Huffman
Jackson Lee
Jacobs
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson
Johnson
Jones
Kahele
Kaptur
Keating
Kelly
Khanna
Kildee
Kilmer
Kim
Kind
Kirkpatrick
Krishnamoorthi
Kuster
Lamb
Langevin
Larsen
Larson
Lawrence
Lawson
Lee
Lee
Leger
Levin
Levin
Lieu
Lofgren
Lowenthal
Luria
Lynch
Malinowski
Maloney,
Carolyn B.
Maloney, Sean
Manning
Matsui
McBath
McCollum
McEachin
McGovern
McNerney
Meeks
Meng
Mfume
Moore
Morelle
Moulton
Mrvan
Murphy
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Neguse
Newman
Norcross
Norton
O'Halleran

Ocasio-Cortez
Omar
Pallone
Panetta
Pappas
Pascarell
Payne
Perlmutter
Peters
Phillips
Pingree
Plaskett
Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Price
Quigley
Raskin
Rice
Ross
Roybal-Allard
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Rush
Ryan
Sablan
San Nicolas
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Schrader
Schrier
Scott
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Sires
Slotkin
Smith
Soto
Spanberger
Speier
Stansbury
Stanton
Stevens
Strickland
Suzozi
Swailwell
Takano
Thompson
Thompson
Titus
Tlaib
Tonko
Torres
Torres
Trahan
Trone
Underwood
Vargas
Veasey
Velázquez
Wasserman
Schultz
Waters
Watson
Welch
Wexton
Wild
Williams
Yarmuth

CONTINENTAL DIVIDE TRAIL COMPLETION ACT

The SPEAKER. Pursuant to House Resolution 1254 and rule XVIII, the Chair declares the House in the Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill, H.R. 5118.

Will the gentleman from New York (Mr. HIGGINS) kindly take the chair.

□ 1830

IN THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Accordingly, the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill (H.R. 5118) to direct the Secretary of Agriculture to prioritize the completion of the Continental Divide National Scenic Trail, and for other purposes, with Mr. HIGGINS of New York (Acting Chair) in the chair.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.
The Acting CHAIR. When the Committee of the Whole rose earlier today, a request for a recorded vote on amendment No. 3 printed in part C of House Report 117-432 offered by the gentleman from New York (Ms. VELÁZQUEZ) had been postponed.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR
The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, proceedings will now resume on those amendments printed in part C of House Report 117-432 on which further proceedings were postponed, in the following order:
Amendment No. 2 by Ms. SCHRIER of Washington.
Amendment No. 3 by Ms. VELÁZQUEZ of New York.

The Chair will reduce to 5 minutes the minimum time for any electronic vote in this series.

AMENDMENT NO. 2 OFFERED BY MS. SCHRIER
The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the request for a recorded vote on amendment No. 2 printed in part C of House Report 117-432 by the gentleman from Washington (Ms. SCHRIER) on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.
The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE
The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been requested.
A recorded vote was ordered.
The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 5-minute vote.

Adams
Aguilar
Auchincloss
Axne
Barragán
Bass
Beatty
Bera
Beyer
Bishop
Blumenauer
Blunt Rochester
Bonamici
Bourdeaux
Bowman
Boyle, Brendan F.
Brown (MD)
Brown (OH)
Brownley
Bush
Bustos
Butterfield
Carbajal
Cárdenas
Carson
Carter (LA)
Cartwright
Case
Casten
Castor (FL)
Castro (TX)
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Chu
Cicilline
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleaver
Clyburn
Cohen
Connolly
Cooper
Correa
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crist
Crow
Cuellar
Davids (KS)
Davis, Danny K.
Dean
DeFazio
DeGette
DeLauro
DelBene
Demings
DeSaulnier
Deutch
Dingell
Doggett
Doyle, Michael F.
Escobar
Eshoo
Espallat
Evans
Fitzpatrick
Fletcher
Foster
Frankel, Lois
Gallego
Garamendi
Garcia (IL)
Garcia (TX)

Golden
Gomez
Gonzalez,
Vicente
Gottheimer
Green, Al (TX)
Grijalva
Harder (CA)
Hayes
Higgins (NY)
Himes
Horsford
Houlahan
Hoyer
Huffman
Jackson Lee
Jacobs (CA)
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)
Johnson (TX)
Jones
Kahele
Kaptur
Keating
Kelly (IL)
Khanna
Kildee
Kilmer
Kim (NJ)
Kind
Kirkpatrick
Krishnamoorthi
Kuster
Lamb
Langevin
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)
Lawrence
Lawson (FL)
Lee (CA)
Lee (NV)
Leger Fernandez
Levin (CA)
Levin (MI)
Lieu
Lofgren
Lowenthal
Luria
Lynch
Malinowski
Maloney,
Carolyn B.
Maloney, Sean
Manning
Matsui
McBath
McCollum
McEachin
McGovern
McNerney
Meeks
Meng
Mfume
Moore (WI)
Morelle
Moulton
Mrvan
Murphy (FL)
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Neguse
Newman
Norcross
Norton
O'Halleran

Ocasio-Cortez
Omar
Pallone
Panetta
Pappas
Pascarell
Payne
Perlmutter
Peters
Phillips
Pingree
Plaskett
Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Price (NC)
Quigley
Raskin
Rice (NY)
Ross
Roybal-Allard
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Rush
Ryan
Sablan
San Nicolas
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Schrader
Schrier
Scott (VA)
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Sires
Slotkin
Smith (WA)
Soto
Spanberger
Speier
Stansbury
Stanton
Stevens
Strickland
Suzozi
Swailwell
Takano
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Titus
Tlaib
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trahan
Trone
Underwood
Vargas
Veasey
Velázquez
Wasserman
Schultz
Waters
Watson Coleman
Welch
Wexton
Wild
Williams (GA)
Yarmuth

NOES—203