

law was in effect and the violation was not a matter resolved on the merits by the predecessor Select Committee.

APPENDIX A—OPEN AND CLOSED MEETINGS

Paragraphs 5(b) to (d) of Rule XXVI of the Standing Rules of the Senate reads as follows:

(b) Each meeting of a standing, select, or special committee of the Senate, or any subcommittee thereof, including meetings to conduct hearings, shall be open to the public, except that a meeting or series of meetings by a committee or a subcommittee thereof on the same subject for a period of no more than fourteen calendar days may be closed to the public on a motion made and seconded to go into closed session to discuss only whether the matters enumerated in classes (1) through (6) would require the meeting to be closed followed immediately by a record vote in open session by a majority of the members of the committee or subcommittee when it is determined that the matters to be discussed or the testimony to be taken at such meeting or meetings—

(1) will disclose matters necessary to be kept secret in the interests of national defense or the confidential conduct of the foreign relations of the United States;

(2) will relate solely to matters of committee staff personnel or internal staff management or procedure;

(3) will tend to charge an individual with crime or misconduct, to disgrace or injure the professional standing of an individual, or otherwise to expose an individual to public contempt or obloquy, or will represent a clearly unwarranted invasion of the privacy of an individual;

(4) will disclose the identity of any informer or law enforcement agent or will disclose any information relating to the inves-

tigation or prosecution of a criminal offense that is required to be kept secret in the interests of effective law enforcement;

(5) will disclose information relating to the trade secrets or financial or commercial information pertaining specifically to a given person if—

(A) an Act of Congress requires the information to be kept confidential by Government officers and employees; or

(B) the information has been obtained by the Government on a confidential basis, other than through an application by such person for a specific Government financial or other benefit, and is required to be kept secret in order to prevent undue injury to the competitive position of such person; or

(6) may divulge matters required to be kept confidential under other provisions of law or Government regulations.

(c) Whenever any hearing conducted by any such committee or subcommittee is open to the public, that hearing may be broadcast by radio or television, or both, under such rules as the committee or subcommittee may adopt.

(d) Whenever disorder arises during a committee meeting that is open to the public, or any demonstration of approval or disapproval is indulged in by any person in attendance at any such meeting, it shall be the duty of the Chair to enforce order on his own initiative and without any point of order being made by a Senator. When the Chair finds it necessary to maintain order, he shall have the power to clear the room, and the committee may act in closed session for so long as there is doubt of the assurance of order.

APPENDIX B—“SUPERVISORS” DEFINED

Paragraph 12 of Rule XXXVII of the Standing Rules of the Senate reads as follows:

For purposes of this rule—

(a) a Senator or the Vice President is the supervisor of his administrative, clerical, or other assistants;

(b) a Senator who is the chairman of a committee is the supervisor of the professional, clerical, or other assistants to the committee except that minority staff members shall be under the supervision of the ranking minority Senator on the committee;

(c) a Senator who is a chairman of a subcommittee which has its own staff and financial authorization is the supervisor of the professional, clerical, or other assistants to the subcommittee except that minority staff members shall be under the supervision of the ranking minority Senator on the subcommittee;

(d) the President pro tempore is the supervisor of the Secretary of the Senate, Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper, the Chaplain, the Legislative Counsel, and the employees of the Office of the Legislative Counsel;

(e) the Secretary of the Senate is the supervisor of the employees of his office;

(f) the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper is the supervisor of the employees of his office;

(g) the Majority and Minority Leaders and the Majority and Minority Whips are the supervisors of the research, clerical, and other assistants assigned to their respective offices;

(h) the Majority Leader is the supervisor of the Secretary for the Majority and the Secretary for the Majority is the supervisor of the employees of his office; and

(i) the Minority Leader is the supervisor of the Secretary for the Minority and the Secretary for the Minority is the supervisor of the employees of his office.

REVISIONS—RULES OF PROCEDURE SELECT COMMITTEE ON ETHICS

Table with 2 columns: Date revised and Amendment. Rows include dates from December 1989 to November 1999 with corresponding amendments to the Rules of Procedure.

CONFIRMATION OF MERRICK BRIAN GARLAND

Mr. PAUL. Mr. President, I voted against the nomination of Merrick Garland to be Attorney General because President Biden's campaign promises included permitting the Department of Justice to take unilateral and unconstitutional actions to infringe upon Second Amendment rights. Gun control advocacy groups applaud these promises and encourage even more executive actions to erode the right to keep and bear firearms. Absent an explicit promise from Judge Garland to respect the Second Amendment, my oath to defend the Constitution prevented me from voting to confirm him as Attorney General.

CONFIRMATION OF DEBRA ANNE HAALAND

Mr. VAN HOLLEN. Mr. President, we urgently need a qualified and effective leader ready to protect our natural resources, conserve public lands, and collaborate with our Tribal nations. President Biden's nominee to lead the Department of the Interior is just the person for the job, Congresswoman Debra Haaland. She will quickly restore confidence in the Department and reaffirm its mission to manage and conserve our public land and do its part to confront climate change.

Congresswoman Haaland would be the first Native American Cabinet Secretary, and she is no stranger to breaking barriers. Haaland was one of the first two Native women elected to Congress in 2018. Prior to her congressional

tenure, Haaland was the first Chairwoman elected to the Laguna Development Corporation Board of Directors and the first Native woman elected to lead a State party, as chairwoman of the New Mexico Democratic Party. She brought her progressive values of sustainability and environmental protection to each of her positions, and I believe she will do the same for the Department of the Interior.

During her tenure as vice chair of the House Committee on Natural Resources, Haaland led legislative efforts, like the ANTIQUITIES Act and the 30x30 Resolution, to protect and conserve our national monuments, public lands, and oceans. Additionally, the Congresswoman has prioritized environmental justice and Tribal inclusion throughout her career. She introduced

the Environmental Justice in Recreational Permitting Act to increase access to public lands for all communities and fight environmental injustice. Given the Department's history of failing to engage with indigenous communities while enacting harmful public lands policies, Haaland will bring a new era of equity and inclusion to the Department of the Interior.

Last Congress, I worked to enact the Chesapeake WILD Act, which authorizes up to \$15 million annually for a new grant program managed by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to do fish and wildlife habitat restoration in the Chesapeake Bay watershed. I look forward to working with Haaland to see that this program is fully funded and well implemented.

The Department of the Interior manages over 500 million acres of public land, and Haaland's record shows she is prepared to take on this role. For these reasons, I support Debra Haaland's nomination for Secretary of the Interior.

AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT OF 2021—BUDGETARY REVISIONS

Mr. SANDERS. Mr. President, section 3001 of S. Con. Res. 5, the fiscal year 2021 congressional budget resolution, allows the chairman of the Senate Budget Committee to revise the allocations, aggregates, and levels in the budget resolution for legislation considered under the resolution's reconciliation instructions.

I find that Senate Amendment No. 1378 fulfills the conditions found in section 3001 of S. Con. Res. 5. Accordingly, I am revising the allocations for the reconciled committees and other enforceable budgetary levels to account for the budgetary effects of the amendment.

I ask unanimous consent that the accompanying tables, which provide details about the adjustments, be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the material was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

REVISION TO ALLOCATION TO THE COMMITTEE ON FINANCE
[Pursuant to Section 302 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and Section 3001 of S. Con. Res. 5, The Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 2021]

| | [\$ in billions] | | |
|----------------------------|------------------|------------|------------|
| | 2021 | 2021–2025 | 2021–2030 |
| Current Allocation: | | | |
| Finance | | | |
| Budget Authority | 3,999.794 | 15,895.555 | 35,570.404 |
| Outlays | 3,917.581 | 15,824.663 | 35,477.120 |
| Adjustments: | | | |
| Budget Authority | – 6.335 | – 6.640 | – 6.640 |
| Outlays | – 6.335 | – 6.640 | – 6.640 |
| Revised Allocation: | | | |
| Budget Authority | 3,993.459 | 15,888.915 | 35,563.764 |
| Outlays | 3,911.246 | 15,818.023 | 35,470.480 |

BUDGET AGGREGATES—BUDGET AUTHORITY AND OUTLAYS
[Section 3001 of S. Con. Res. 5, The Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 2021]

| | [\$ in billions] | | |
|----------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| | 2021 | | |
| Current Aggregates: | | | |
| Spending: | | | |
| Budget Authority | 5,803.131 | | |
| Outlays | 5,882.835 | | |
| Adjustment: | | | |
| Budget Authority | – 6.335 | | |
| Outlays | – 6.335 | | |
| Revised Aggregates: | | | |
| Budget Authority | 5,796.796 | | |
| Outlays | 5,876.500 | | |

BUDGET AGGREGATES—REVENUES
[Pursuant to Section 311 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and Section 3001 of S. Con. Res. 5, the Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 2021]

| | [\$ in billions] | | |
|----------------------------|------------------|------------|------------|
| | 2021 | 2021–2025 | 2021–2030 |
| Current Aggregates: | | | |
| Revenue | 2,503.907 | 15,284.591 | 35,074.542 |
| Adjustment: | | | |
| Revenue | – 25.380 | 25.487 | 5.524 |
| Revised Aggregates: | | | |
| Revenue | 2,478.527 | 15,310.078 | 35,080.066 |

PAY-AS-YOU-GO SCORECARD FOR THE SENATE
[Pursuant to Section 4106 of H. Con. Res. 71, the Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 2018]

| | [\$ in billions] | | |
|------------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| | Balances | | |
| Starting Balance: | | | |
| Fiscal Year 2021 | 1,173.825 | | |
| Fiscal Years 2021–2025 | 1,890.373 | | |
| Fiscal Years 2021–2030 | 1,881.752 | | |
| Adjustments: | | | |
| Fiscal Year 2021 | 19.045 | | |
| Fiscal Years 2021–2025 | 18.847 | | |
| Fiscal Years 2021–2030 | – 12.164 | | |
| Revised Balance: | | | |
| Fiscal Year 2021 | 1,192.870 | | |
| Fiscal Years 2021–2025 | 1,909.220 | | |
| Fiscal Years 2021–2030 | 1,869.588 | | |

BUDGETARY REVISIONS

Mr. SANDERS. Mr. President, section 3001 of S. Con. Res. 5, the fiscal year 2021 congressional budget resolution, allows the chairman of the Senate Budget Committee to revise the allocations, aggregates, and levels in the budget resolution for legislation considered under the resolution's reconciliation instructions.

I find that H.R. 1319, the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, as passed by the Senate, meets the conditions found in section 3001 of S. Con. Res. 5. Accordingly, I am revising the allocations for the reconciled committees and other enforceable budgetary levels to account for the budgetary effects of the bill. This adjustment reflects the estimate of the bill provided by the Congressional Budget Office on March 10, 2021.

This adjustment supersedes the adjustments I previously made for the processing of S. Amdts. 891 and 1378 to H.R. 1319 on March 5, 2021.

I ask unanimous consent that the accompanying tables, which provide details about the adjustments, be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the material was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

BUDGET AGGREGATES—BUDGET AUTHORITY AND OUTLAYS
[Pursuant to Section 311 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and Section 3001 of S. Con. Res. 5, the Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 2021]

| | [\$ in billions] | | |
|----------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| | 2021 | | |
| Current Aggregates: | | | |
| Spending: | | | |
| Budget Authority | 5,868.572 | | |
| Outlays | 5,998.437 | | |
| Adjustment: | | | |
| Budget Authority | – 82.275 | | |
| Outlays | – 150.829 | | |
| Revised Aggregates: | | | |
| Budget Authority | 5,786.297 | | |
| Outlays | 5,847.608 | | |

Note: The adjustment for budget authority and outlays represents the difference between 2021 amounts assumed in the budget resolution for fiscal year 2021 and amounts included in H.R. 1319, as passed by the Senate.

[Pursuant to Section 311 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and Section 3001 of S. Con. Res. 5, the Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 2021]

| | 2021 | 2021–2025 | 2021–2030 |
|----------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| Current Aggregates: | | | |
| Revenue | 2,523.057 | 15,314.642 | 35,075.136 |
| Adjustment: | | | |
| Revenue | – 59.847 | – 87.702 | – 27.320 |
| Revised Aggregates: | | | |
| Revenue | 2,463.210 | 15,226.940 | 35,047.816 |

Note: The adjustment for revenues represents the difference between revenues assumed in the budget resolution for budget reconciliation and the revenue impact of H.R. 1319, as passed by the Senate. The total reduction in on-budget revenues resulting from H.R. 1319, as passed by the Senate, is \$75.517 billion in 2021, \$120.218 billion over five years, and \$59.912 billion over ten years.

REVISION TO ALLOCATION TO SENATE COMMITTEES
[Pursuant to Section 302 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and Section 3001 of S. Con. Res. 5, The Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 2021]

| | [\$ in billions] | | |
|--|------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2021 | 2021–2025 | 2021–2030 |
| Current Allocation: | | | |
| Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry: | | | |
| Budget Authority | 240.315 | 831.870 | 1,562.654 |
| Outlays | 202.027 | 733.208 | 1,388.412 |
| Adjustments: | | | |
| Budget Authority | 22.602 | 22.712 | 22.712 |
| Outlays | 18.823 | 22.548 | 22.712 |
| Revised Allocation: | | | |
| Budget Authority | 262.917 | 854.582 | 1,585.366 |