

let alone a Congressman. But Rose's spirit, determination, and boldness were an inspiration to me. She was passionate and compassionate, and always had a word of encouragement for me. I was lucky to have her as my constituent and I was lucky to have known her. I ask my colleagues to join me in commemorating the life of an extraordinary woman and a trailblazing public servant.

HONORING THE LIFE OF EVELYN
FERNANDEZ

HON. DEBBIE WASSERMAN SCHULTZ

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, January 12, 2021

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Madam Speaker, it is with a heavy heart that I rise to honor the life of Mrs. Evelyn Fernandez.

Mrs. Evelyn Fernandez was born on February 14, 1932, in Jamaica and migrated to the United States in the late 1970s and became a resident of Brooklyn, New York. She was a retired schoolteacher and passionate about education.

Mrs. Fernandez was a sincere woman who loved God and her church and was faithful in her service to The Faith Center Ministries. She was a woman of great faith who cared deeply for her fellow congregants and worked tirelessly to better the lives of all those in her community.

Mrs. Fernandez was the devoted mother of three sons and three daughters, among them Bishop Henry Fernandez, spiritual leader of The Faith Center Ministries in Sunrise, Florida. I join Bishop Fernandez and his family as they mourn the loss of this kind and compassionate soul.

In the days, weeks and months ahead, we will celebrate her life and honor her legacy. While this loss will be felt deeply by everyone, we are forever privileged to have shared this time with her on Earth. May her memory be a blessing.

CELEBRATING THE LIFE OF JOYCE
ELLIS

HON. GUY RESCHENTHALER

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, January 12, 2021

Mr. RESCHENTHALER. Madam Speaker, I rise to celebrate the life of Joyce Ellis, who passed away on December 16, 2020, at the age of 62. Ms. Ellis was a remarkable woman with a steadfast commitment to serving her community, and her leadership and advocacy for our region's youth will be greatly missed.

At the age of 17, Ms. Ellis opened her first dance studio, eventually expanding her operation to include four studios throughout southwestern Pennsylvania. Ms. Ellis' students performed across the Commonwealth, from community parades to Steelers and Pirates games. They were also nationally recognized at the Cherry Blossom Festival in our nation's capital.

While Ms. Ellis was an accomplished dancer and choreographer, she was also deeply dedicated to mentorship. Students and parents remember her commitment to ensuring dancers

of all skill levels were set up for future success. After receiving an Observer-Reporter Person of the Year award, Ms. Ellis best summed up her approach, "I really feel I was put on this planet to help people become better, and upon doing so, I become better."

At the height of her career, Ms. Ellis felt a calling from God to leave her studios and reopen the LeMoyné Community Center in Washington, Pennsylvania, becoming Executive Director in 2007. Under her leadership, the once dilapidated building became a place filled with hope and promise.

Ms. Ellis fiercely believed the LeMoyné Community Center should be a source of stability and comfort for local children. She established a food program to provide meals for youths across Washington County and started Homework and More, a program hosting after-school activities and tutoring. When school was not in session, the center held summer camp and Coco's Christmas, which sourced clothing, gifts, and meals for families in need.

Madam Speaker, it is with profound sadness that I recognize the loss of Joyce Ellis. Ms. Ellis indelibly advanced and improved her community through the LeMoyné Community Center, and her service will leave a lasting legacy for children and families in our region.

HONORING BENJAMIN CRUMP,
AMERICAN CIVIL RIGHTS ATTORNEY
AND MEMBER OF THE 5000
ROLE MODELS OF EXCELLENCE
PROJECT

HON. FREDERICA S. WILSON

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, January 12, 2021

Ms. WILSON of Florida. Madam Speaker, I rise to congratulate Benjamin Crump, a nationally recognized civil rights attorney who seeks justice for families who've lost a loved one to police and racially charged violence, and a member of the 5000 Role Models of Excellence Project.

In 2012, Mr. Crump represented the family of my constituent, Trayvon Martin, 17, who was killed by neighborhood watch vigilante George Zimmerman. He also has represented the families of 12-year-old Tamir Rice, who was killed by a Cleveland Police officer while holding a toy gun; and Michael Brown, 18, who was shot dead by a police officer in Ferguson, Missouri. He is currently representing the family of George Floyd, who was killed by a police officer in Minneapolis, and Jacob Blake, who was left paralyzed after being shot by a police officer in Kenosha, Wisconsin. Mr. Crump has collected millions of dollars for more than 200 victims and their families and his advocacy has significantly raised awareness of the racial inequities embedded in our nation's judicial system.

Mr. Crump, who has been described as "the hardest working attorney in the country," earned his bachelor's and law degrees from Florida State University. His grandmother, who helped raise him, once said, "When you get a chance to speak truth to power, you do it." He remembers those words everyday no matter where he is and uses them as a guide.

I have the utmost confidence that Mr. Crump will continue to serve underserved communities. He has exemplified his selfless-

ness by dedicating a large part of his practice to pro bono cases, leaving low-income clients without debt. Because he is such an inspirational role model, Mr. Crump will be inducted into the 5000 Role Models of Excellence Project at its 28th Annual Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Scholarship Breakfast on Monday, January 18, 2021.

THE PRESIDENT IS MENTALLY
UNFIT

HON. JOHN B. LARSON

OF CONNECTICUT

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, January 12, 2021

Mr. LARSON of Connecticut. Madam Speaker, we recently witnessed an unprecedented attack on the Capitol as a joint session of Congress convened to count and certify the Electoral College votes. This was an attack on not only the hallowed halls of the Capitol, but on the very heart and soul of our democracy: it was an attack on the peaceful transition of power.

There can be no doubt who instigated the insurrectionists and incited them to domestic terrorism. The President of the United States called on his supporters to march on the Capitol. He told them: "We're probably not going to be cheering so much for some of them because you'll never take back our country with weakness. You have to show strength, and you have to be strong."

In 2017, Dr. Harold Schwartz wrote this op-ed, published in the Hartford Courant. In it, he describes several mental disorders that may be applicable to the President. It has proven to be remarkably prescient and foreshadowed the events of January 6, 2021. I include it in the RECORD here so that Members and the public may draw their own conclusions about the President's fitness to serve out the remainder of his term. I, for one, believe that the President is a malignant narcissist lacking the capacity to discharge the duties of his office and call on the Vice President to invoke the 25th Amendment.

I'M NOT DIAGNOSING TRUMP: JUST SAYING . . .

(By Harold I. Schwartz)

Psychiatrists are prohibited by the so-called Goldwater Rule from diagnosing public figures they have not personally assessed. This prohibition followed the 1964 election, when Barry Goldwater was the Republican candidate for president and felt by many to have extreme views. He was castigated in a survey of American psychiatrists and unfairly labeled with virtually every diagnosis in the book.

Fearful of the implications of diagnosing from afar, the American Psychiatric Association prohibited this activity to protect the credibility of American psychiatry and the privacy, dignity and confidentiality of public figures. On the one hand, the prohibition makes sense. On the other, it's a gag rule preventing psychiatrists from contributing to the conversation.

It may not be necessary, however, for a psychiatrist to offer a diagnosis to join the discussion of just what is (or is not) wrong with Donald Trump. Mere information may suffice. In this spirit I bring you, straight from the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fifth Edition (the DSM-V, psychiatry's diagnostic bible), the descriptions of several mental disorders. Far be it

from me to say they apply to Mr. Trump. You may decide.

Let's start in the Personality Disorders section. There are many disorders within this category and their features often mix and match. Here are the characteristics, right out of the DSM-V of someone with Narcissistic Personality Disorder (You only need five to qualify):

1. Has a grandiose sense of self-importance (e.g., exaggerates achievements and talents, expects to be recognized as superior without commensurate achievements)

2. Is preoccupied with fantasies of unlimited success, power, brilliance, beauty or ideal love.

3. Believes that he or she is "special" and unique and can only be understood by, or should associate with, other special or high-status people (or institutions).

4. Requires excessive admiration

5. Has a sense of entitlement (i.e., unreasonable expectations of especially favorable treatment or automatic compliance with his or her expectations)

6. Is interpersonally exploitative

7. Lacks empathy: is unwilling to recognize or identify with the feelings and needs of others.

8. Is often envious of others or believes that others are envious of him or her.

9. Shows arrogant, haughty behaviors or attitudes.

Another interesting personality diagnosis is Antisocial Personality Disorder, the technical term for the more commonly used psychopathy. I have selected criteria that you may find most salient (you only need three to qualify):

Deceitfulness, as indicated by repeated lying, use of aliases, or conning others for personal profit or pleasure.

Impulsivity or failure to plan ahead.

Irritability and aggressiveness, as indicated by repeated physical fights or assaults.

Consistent irresponsibility, as indicated by repeated failure to sustain consistent work behavior or honor financial obligations.

Lack of remorse, as indicated by being indifferent to or rationalizing having hurt, mistreated or stolen from another

While it's not a formal diagnosis, people who combine very severe narcissism with severe psychopathy are said to have Malignant Narcissism syndrome—it is the very worst forms of narcissism and psychopathy combined. You really don't want to have a malignant narcissist in your life.

And because I've already suggested that elements of the various personality disorders often combine, here are a few of the features of Paranoid Personality Disorder that may be of interest: suspicion that others are harming or deceiving him or her, reading hidden demeaning or threatening meanings into benign remarks or events, persistently bearing grudges (unforgiving of perceived injuries), quick to counterattack to perceived attacks on his or her character. To qualify for any of the personality disorder diagnoses, the individual must either be distressed by these characteristics or, in some way, dysfunctional. Very successful people can be dysfunctional in many aspects of their lives.

Still another diagnosis is Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder. Just a few of the criteria for this include: the failure to give close attention to details, difficulty sustaining attention to tasks, an avoidance of tasks that require sustained mental effort and easy distractibility.

The definition of delusional thinking might be of interest. Delusions are defined as fixed false beliefs. But a fixed belief is not a delusion, as odd as that may seem to many, if it is accepted and shared by the social cultural group the believer finds himself in. In a severe personality disorder it may be dif-

ficult to distinguish a fantastical wish from a delusion. But we are splitting definitional hairs here.

I must reiterate, lest I find myself at odds with my professional organization: I have never interviewed Donald Trump and I am not diagnosing him. I am merely directing your attention to information that anyone can find in the diagnostic manual. It would be improper of me, as a psychiatrist, to do more. On the other hand, you don't need a psychiatrist . . . er, a weatherman, to know which way the wind blows.

HONORING HARKER HEIGHTS, TX
COUNCILMAN JOHN REIDER

HON. JOHN R. CARTER

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, January 12, 2021

Mr. CARTER of Texas. Madam Speaker, I'm honored to celebrate and recognize the extraordinary work of Harker Heights, TX Councilman John Reider. His eighteen years of dedication to his beloved city are the reflection of a true and devoted public servant.

With his "can-do" spirit and high-minded vision, John is a trusted community leader. He brought his tremendous work ethic and commitment to excellence to every challenge he encountered. It's public servants like him that make Harker Heights the welcoming, successful city that it is.

While John isn't tired of the privilege of public service, he knows that everything has its season and the time has come to allow the next generation of leaders to take the stage. Stepping away from his office won't give him much idle time as he remains a vital part of the Central Texas community, operating a successful property management company with his beloved family.

Retirement is meant to be celebrated and enjoyed. It is not the end of a career, but the beginning of a new adventure. It is my honor to recognize the selfless service of John Reider as he starts this new chapter of his life. On behalf of Central Texas, I thank him for his superb work and wish him the very best.

HONORING EDWARD CARTWRIGHT
MOORE

HON. ELEANOR HOLMES NORTON

OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, January 12, 2021

Ms. NORTON. Madam Speaker, I rise today to recognize a treasured member of my staff, Edward Cartwright Moore, on the occasion of his retirement on January 15, 2021, after over 30 years in my office. Cartwright, my longest-serving staff member, has been a dedicated public servant for nearly his entire career. I have been honored to know him since the first day he stepped into my congressional campaign office in 1990, when I had just been elected and before I had any staff. Cartwright got to work before day one of my first term in the House, and he has been unstoppable since.

Cartwright, born in Ann Arbor, Michigan to Margaret and Edward Moore in 1954, has over the years become a go-to staffer for gen-

eral casework and for his expertise on immigration and LGBTQIA issues.

Recently, for example, Cartwright was integral in assisting a District of Columbia family stranded in India during a trip to renew their H1-B Visas. While a shoutout in a Washington Post article stated "Del. Eleanor Holmes Norton (D-D.C.) made some noise to bring her constituents back," it was Cartwright's work behind the scenes, spending hours working to ensure the family returned home to D.C. safely, that deserved the credit. Cartwright is meticulous, caring and humble. He also keeps other staffers on their toes with his witty, unexpected replies to everyday questions like, "How are you?"

Cartwright graduated from Hiram College, where he studied history, in 1979. He then attended law school at Case Western University, where he studied labor law. He passed the bar in both Ohio and North Carolina, and worked on various political campaigns, picking up a range of expertise along the way.

Madam Speaker, I ask the House of Representatives to join me in honoring Edward Cartwright Moore on his 30 years of outstanding work on behalf of D.C. residents and our country.

HONORING LONNIE G. BUNCH III,
SECRETARY OF THE SMITHSONIAN
INSTITUTION AND A MEM-
BER OF THE 5000 ROLE MODELS
OF EXCELLENCE PROJECT

HON. FREDERICA S. WILSON

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, January 12, 2021

Ms. WILSON of Florida. Madam Speaker, I rise today to honor Lonnie G. Bunch III, secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, where he oversees 19 museums, 21 libraries, the National Zoo, numerous research centers, and several education units and centers. He is the first-ever African American to serve in this role.

Mr. Bunch, who grew up in Belleville, New Jersey, discovered early on his passion for the study of history and was greatly influenced by his grandfather. He regularly cites a conversation with him as a pivotal moment that shaped his career trajectory. While surveying a photograph labeled Unidentified Children, Bunch's grandfather mused to young Lonnie, "Isn't it a shame [for them] to live their lives, die, just to be listed as anonymous?" Consequently, he challenges himself to "make visible the invisible" and "give voice to the anonymous."

From 1983 to 1989, Bunch served as the curator of history and program manager for the California African American Museum in Los Angeles, where he organized award-winning exhibitions highlighting black Olympians and African Americans in Los Angeles. Between 1989 and 2000, he held several positions at the Smithsonian, including associate director for curatorial affairs at the National Museum of American History, during which he oversaw the development of a major permanent exhibition on the American presidency.

As president of the Chicago Historical Society from 2001 to 2005, Bunch developed an acclaimed exhibition on teenage life titled Teen Chicago and launched an outreach initiative to increase museum attendance by diverse communities.