

IN THE ARMY

PN1560 ARMY nomination of Benjamin J. Powell, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 13, 2020.

PN1953 ARMY nomination of Alfredo Carinorivera, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of June 2, 2020.

PN2142 ARMY nomination of Alexander V. Harlamor, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of July 28, 2020.

PN2143 ARMY nomination of Keith A. McGee, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of July 28, 2020.

PN2144 ARMY nomination of LeRoy Carr, III, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of July 28, 2020.

PN2145 ARMY nomination of Cherryann M. Joseph, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of July 28, 2020.

PN2146 ARMY nomination of William H. Putnam, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of July 28, 2020.

PN2147 ARMY nomination of Dana M. Murphy, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of July 28, 2020.

IN THE COAST GUARD

*PN1900 COAST GUARD nomination of Peter H. Imbriale, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of May 11, 2020.

*PN2020 COAST GUARD nominations (2) beginning NICHOLAS C. CUSTER, and ending NICOLE L. BLANCHARD, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of June 17, 2020

EXECUTIVE CALENDAR

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the en bloc consideration of the following nominations: Executive Calendar Nos. 833 and 834.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The clerk will report the nominations en bloc.

The legislative clerk read the nominations of Hester Maria Peirce, of Ohio, to be a Member of the Securities and Exchange Commission for a term expiring June 5, 2025 (Reappointment); and Caroline A. Crenshaw, of the District of Columbia, to be a Member of the Securities and Exchange Commission for a term expiring June 5, 2024.

Thereupon, the Senate proceeded to consider the nominations en bloc.

Mr. McCONNELL. I ask unanimous consent that the Senate vote on the nominations en bloc with no intervening action or debate; that if confirmed, the motions to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table en bloc; that the President be immediately notified of the Senate's action.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The question is, Will the Senate advise and consent to the Peirce and Crenshaw nominations en bloc?

The nominations were confirmed en bloc.

EXECUTIVE CALENDAR

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent the Senate proceed to consideration of the following nomination: Executive Calendar No. 810.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The clerk will report the nomination.

The legislative clerk read the nomination of Christopher C. Miller, of Virginia, to be Director of the National Counterterrorism Center, Office of the Director of National Intelligence.

Thereupon, the Senate proceeded to consider the nomination.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate vote on the nomination with no intervening action or debate; that if confirmed, the motion to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table; that the President be immediately notified of the Senate's actions.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The question is, Will the Senate advise and consent to the Miller nomination?

The nomination was confirmed.

EXECUTIVE CALENDAR

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent the Senate proceed to the en bloc consideration of following nominations: Executive Calendar Nos. 549, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 802, 803, 804, 806, 807, and all nominations on the Secretary's Desk in the Foreign Service.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Thereupon, the Senate proceeded to consider the nominations en bloc.

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate vote on the nominations en bloc with no intervening action or debate; that if confirmed, the motions to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table en bloc, and that President be immediately notified of the Senate's action.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The question is, Will the Senate advise and consent to the nominations of Sung Y. Kim, of California, a Career Member of the Senior Foreign Service, Class of Career Minister, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to the Republic of Indonesia; Natalie E. Brown, of Nebraska, a Career Member of the Senior Foreign Service, Class of Counselor, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to the Republic of Uganda; Sandra E. Clark, of Maryland, a Career Member of the Senior Foreign Service, Class of Minister-Counselor, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to Burkina Faso; Joseph Manso, of New York, a Career Member

of the Senior Foreign Service, Class of Minister-Counselor, for the rank of Ambassador during his tenure of service as United States Representative to the Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons; Henry T. Wooster, of Virginia, a Career Member of the Senior Foreign Service, Class of Minister-Counselor, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan; Jason Myung-lk Chung, of Virginia, to be United States Director of the Asian Development Bank, with the rank of Ambassador; Richard M. Mills, Jr., of Texas, a Career Member of the Senior Foreign Service, Class of Minister-Counselor, to be the Deputy Representative of the United States of America to the United Nations, with the rank and status of Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary and the Deputy Representative of the United States of America in the Security Council of the United Nations; William Ellison Grayson, of California, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to the Republic of Estonia; William W. Popp, of Missouri, a Career Member of the Senior Foreign Service, Class of Minister-Counselor, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to the Republic of Guatemala; J. Steven Dowd, of Florida, to be United States Director of the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development; Ramsey Coats Day, of Virginia, to be an Assistant Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development; Richard M. Mills, Jr., of Texas, a Career Member of the Senior Foreign Service, Class of Minister-Counselor, to be Representative of the United States of America to the Sessions of the General Assembly of the United Nations, during his tenure of service as Deputy Representative of the United States of America to the United Nations; Jenny A. McGee, of Texas, to be an Assistant Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development; and the Nominations Placed on the Secretary's Desk in the Foreign Service: PN2067 FOREIGN SERVICE nominations, (101) beginning with Shefali Agrawal, and ending with Michael B. Schooling, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD of June 29, 2020; PN2068 FOREIGN SERVICE nominations (214) beginning with Anna Mae G. Akers, and ending with Ismat Mohammad G. Omar Yassin, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD of June 29, 2020; PN2069 FOREIGN SERVICE (43) nominations, beginning with Jonathan Paul Ackley, and ending with Amanda B. Whatley, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD of June 29, 2020; PN2070 FOREIGN SERVICE (11) nominations, beginning with Jeffrey Thomas Albanese,

and ending with Katherine Rose Woody, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD of June 29, 2020; PN2071 FOREIGN SERVICE nominations (5) beginning Erin Elizabeth McKee, and ending Dana Rogstad Mansuri, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD of June 29, 2020; PN2072 FOREIGN SERVICE nominations (27) beginning Lawrence J. Sacks, and ending Bruce F. McFarland, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD of June 29, 2020; and PN2073 FOREIGN SERVICE nominations (3) beginning Deanna Scott, and ending Christopher Walker, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD of June 29, 2020?

The nominations were confirmed en bloc.

LEGISLATIVE SESSION

MORNING BUSINESS

Mr. MCCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to legislative session for a period of morning business, with Senators permitted to speak therein for up to 10 minutes each.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

REMEMBERING THE REVEREND DR. C.T. VIVIAN

Mr. DURBIN. Mr. President, in his powerful eulogy for Congressman John Lewis, President Barack Obama described John Lewis as a man who “brought this country a little bit closer to our highest ideals.” President Obama went on to say, “And someday when we do finish that long journey towards freedom, when we do form a more perfect union—whether it’s years from now or decades or even if it takes another two centuries—John Lewis will be a founding father of that fuller, fairer, better America.” Such a beautiful and fitting epitaph.

Another founder of that “fuller, fairer, better America” was the Reverend Dr. C.T. Vivian. C.T. Vivian and John Lewis departed this life on the same day. The timing of their leaving is proof, perhaps, that Mark Twain was right when he said that history does not repeat itself, but sometimes it rhymes.

Who was C.T. Vivian? Martin Luther King called him “the greatest preacher ever to live.” The Reverend Gerald Durley, who met C.T. Vivian in 1960 when Durley was a member of the Nashville Student Movement and who delivered the eulogy at his home going, called Dr. Vivian “the most patient impatient man” he ever met. Patient with people but impatient with injustice.

C.T. Vivian was mentor to John Lewis, Diane Nash, and many other

brave young civil rights activists a half century ago. Before they sat at those segregated lunch counters or boarded those Freedom Rider buses, Dr. Vivian taught them about the tactics—and the transformative power—of nonviolent civil disobedience.

He was as a Baptist minister, an early civil rights organizer, and a member of Martin Luther King’s inner circle or advisers. As field general for Dr. King and his Southern Christian Leadership Conference, Dr. Vivian was the national director of some 85 local affiliate chapters of the SCLC from 1963 to 1966, directing protest activities and training in nonviolence, and coordinating voter registration and community development projects.

He led passive protests through angry mobs and was beaten viciously by segregationists, but he never once struck back. He received his first beating in 1961 on a Freedom Ride to Mississippi. In 1964, a white mob beat him with chains and nearly drowned him in the Atlantic Ocean in St. Augustine, FL.

In Selma, AL, in 1965, 2 weeks before Bloody Sunday, Dr. Vivian was trying to register Africa-American residents to vote when Sheriff Jim Clark punched him in the mouth so hard that the blow sent the minister reeling down the courthouse steps. Sheriff Clark then ordered deputies to arrest him for “criminal provocation.” Television coverage of Dr. Vivian being dragged away, blood streaming down his face, helped galvanize the voting rights movement.

C.T. Vivian was a hero to all Americans, but many in my State feel a special connection to him because of the formative years he spent among us. He was, like many great Illinoisans, an adopted son of the Land of Lincoln.

He was born Cordy Tindell Vivian in Boonville, Missouri, on July 30, 1924, the only child of Robert and Euzetta Tindell Vivian. His father left the family when he was a baby. His mother lost the family farm in the Depression and the family home in town to arson.

When C.T. was 6, he moved with this mother and maternal grandmother to Macomb, Illinois. The women chose Macomb because its public schools were integrated. They had great expectations for C.T. and they believed in the power of education. C.T. Vivian joined his first protest in Peoria, IL, in 1947, helping to desegregate a downtown cafeteria. In many parts of Illinois at the time, segregation of public facilities was not a law, but it was a custom rigidly enforced.

He first heard Dr. King speak in 1957, while studying for the ministry at the American Baptist College in Nashville. In 1959, he met the Reverend James Lawson, who was teaching nonviolent strategies to members of the Nashville Student Movement, including a young John Lewis.

After leaving the Southern Christian Leadership Conference in 1966, Dr. Vivian returned to Illinois—this time to

Chicago—to direct the Urban Training Center for Christian Missions, where he trained clergy, community leaders and others to organize. He worked to advance civil rights and educational and economic opportunities for African Americans, and to reduce the gang violence that ensnared to many young Black men.

He left Chicago in 1972 to become dean of the Shaw University Divinity School in Raleigh, NC. He moved to Atlanta later in the 1970s and founded the C.T. Vivian Leadership Institute, to continue to train the next generation of leaders in the principals and tactics of nonviolent change.

In 2013, Dr. Vivian received the Presidential Medal of Freedom—our Nation’s highest civilian honor, from President Barack Obama. It was a moving and historic moment and I was honored to be there.

He died on July 17, 2 weeks shy of his 96th birthday. He is buried in Atlanta next to his fellow foot soldier for justice, Dr. King.

In the last calendar year, we have lost Elijah Cummings, the Reverend Dr. Joseph Lowry, John Lewis and Dr. C.T. Vivian—all giants in the civil rights movement. This is the passing of a great generation, founders of the “fuller, fairer, better America,” as President Obama said. As we mourn their passing, let us also give thanks for their lives, and resolve to use the blueprints they left us to continue towards a more perfect union.

TRIBUTE TO DR. BABU PRASAD

Mr. DURBIN. Mr. President, in 1971, a young doctor named Babu Prasad boarded a plane in his native India, headed for America. He was 24 years old and 1 year out of medical school. His first stop was Canton, OH where he worked for a short while before moving to Chicago to complete a residency in anesthesiology at the University of Illinois-Chicago.

He spent the following decade practicing medicine in Alabama before returning to Illinois, this time to the Springfield area, where he spent the next 18 years practicing anesthesiology at HSHS St. John’s Hospital before retiring in 2004.

Two weeks ago, this doctor who arrived in America as a young man with no money announced that he was donating \$1 million to HSHS St. John’s to support a major expansion of the hospital’s neonatal intensive care unit. An article in The State Journal-Register, Springfield’s hometown newspaper, called Dr. Prasad’s gift his “love letter to the hospital and community.”

At a press conference announcing his donation, Dr. Prasad said simply: “I want to give back to a country that has given so much to my family and me.”

“Children are our future, so I wanted to direct by gift to the neonatal intensive care unit, to give the babies a healthy start in life,” said Dr. Prasad.