The senior assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

CLOTURE MOTION

We, the undersigned Senators, in accordance with the provisions of rule XXII of the Standing Rules of the Senate, do hereby move to bring to a close debate on the nomination of Dana T. Wade, of the District of Columbia, to be an Assistant Secretary of Housing and Urban Development.

Mitch McConnell, Thom Tillis, Cindy Hyde-Smith, Pat Roberts, Roy Blunt, John Thune, Cory Gardner, Deb Fischer, Shelley Moore Capito, David Perdue, Mike Crapo, Marco Rubio, Lindsey Graham, John Cornyn, Roger F. Wicker, Michael B. Enzi, Marsha Blackburn.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. By unanimous consent, the mandatory quorum call has been waived.

The question is, Is it the sense of the Senate that debate on the nomination of Dana T. Wade, of the District of Columbia, to be an Assistant Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, shall be brought to a close?

The yeas and nays are mandatory under the rule.

The clerk will call the roll.

The senior assistant legislative clerk called the roll.

Mr. DURBIN. I announce that the Senator from Vermont (Mr. LEAHY), the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. MARKEY), and the Senator from Vermont (Mr. SANDERS) are necessarily absent.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Are there any other Senators in the Chamber desiring to vote?

The yeas and nays resulted—yeas 57, nays 40, as follows:

[Rollcall Vote No. 144 Ex.]

YEAS-57

Alexander	Gardner	Paul
Barrasso	Graham	Perdue
Blackburn	Grassley	Portman
Blunt	Hawley	Risch
Boozman	Hoeven	Roberts
Braun	Hyde-Smith	Romney
Burr	Inhofe	Rounds
Capito	Johnson	Rubio
Cassidy	Jones	Sasse
Collins	Kennedy	Scott (FL)
Cornyn	Lankford	Scott (SC)
Cotton	Lee	Shelby
Cramer	Loeffler	Sinema
Crapo	Manchin	Sullivan
Cruz	McConnell	Thune
Daines	McSally	Tillis
Enzi	Moran	Toomey
Ernst	Murkowski	Wicker
Fischer	Murphy	Young

NAYS—40

Baldwin	Gillibrand	Schatz
Bennet	Harris	Schumer
Blumenthal	Hassan	Shaheen
Booker	Heinrich	Smith
Brown	Hirono	Stabenow Tester Udall Van Hollen Warner Warren Whitehouse Wyden
Cantwell	Kaine	
Cardin	King	
Carper	Klobuchar	
Casey	Menendez	
Coons	Merkley	
Cortez Masto	Murray	
Duckworth	Peters	
Durbin	Reed	wyden
Feinstein	Rosen	

NOT VOTING-3

Leahy Markey Sanders

The PRESIDING OFFICER. On this vote, the yeas are 57, the nays are 40.

The motion is agreed to.

RECESS

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the Senate stands in recess until 2:15 p.m.

Thereupon, the Senate, at 12:51 p.m., recessed until 2:15 p.m. and reassembled when called to order by the Presiding Officer (Mrs. CAPITO).

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Georgia.

HONORING AND COMMEMORATING THE LIFE AND LEGACY OF REPRESENATTIVE JOHN LEWIS

Mr. PERDUE. Madam President, throughout all of human history, in every generation, there are a handful of people who rise to the level of greatness. Despite adversity, danger, and sometimes impossible odds, these great men and women fight for what is right and push our society forward and make America better for the next generation. That has been true for the last 230 years.

Representative John Lewis in our generation, who just passed away last week, was certainly the embodiment of this type of greatness. John was a titan in the struggle for civil rights and the equality of all races. Because of him, more Americans can enjoy their Godgiven rights to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness.

John's lifelong fight against injustice began at a very young age, as we now know. When his local library banned African Americans from checking out books, a teenaged John Lewis wrote a petition requesting and demanding equal access.

From that point forward, John Lewis never backed down from the fight for what is right. He always remained peaceful, despite receiving physical violence and going to jail for his protests.

His commitment to nonviolence served as a guiding force in John's life. He founded the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee to fight for nonviolent resistance across America.

In 1961, he participated in the Freedom Rides to protest segregation in public transportation.

John's determination for equal rights only grew stronger and more effective over time. At age 23, he was one of the "Big Six" leaders of the March on Washington where Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., shared his dream for a better future for everyone.

Later, John bravely marched across the Edmund Pettus Bridge in Selma, AL, where he was beaten in what was called Bloody Sunday.

The efforts of John Lewis and others finally paid off with the passage of the Voting Rights Act of 1965. That bill gave African Americans the right to fully participate in our democratic Republic. It pushed our country forward.

That incredible victory may seem like the end of John's struggle for equal rights. In reality, it was just the beginning. For the rest of his life, John Lewis never lost sight of what the real fight involved.

During his time in the Atlanta City Council and later in Congress, he never gave up the fight for justice.

Today, our country is mourning a hero, a truly great American, and a great Georgian.

As we continue to say our good-byes, we should also take this time to reflect on John Lewis's life and what he stood for. We should take this as a call to action to continue the effort to which he dedicated his life.

The stain of injustice still marks our country. Just this year, there have been horrible tragedies that have shaken all of us to our core. Though John Lewis is no longer with us, we can still carry on his legacy.

As if in legislative session, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration of S. Res. 660, submitted earlier today, and that the text be read in full.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection?

Without objection, it is so ordered.

The clerk will read the resolution.

The senior assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

S. RES. 660

Whereas the Senate mourns the loss of John Lewis, a titan in the struggle for civil rights and equality for all races, and commemorates his life and accomplishments;

Whereas John Lewis was born during the era of Jim Crow in a segregated community in which racism and discrimination ran rampant;

Whereas John Lewis's moral clarity and unwavering commitment to nonviolence made his first passions preaching and ministry.

Whereas John Lewis fought his first battle against segregation when he was just a teenager, authoring a petition for equal access to his local public library, where African Americans had paid for the construction of the facilities but were banned from checking out books:

Whereas, before his 21st birthday, John Lewis established his commitment to "good trouble" by organizing sit-ins at segregated restaurants and theaters;

Whereas John Lewis helped found the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee, which advocated for civil disobedience and nonviolent resistance against segregation across the United States, bringing him to the forefront of the struggle of the United States for civil rights:

Whereas John Lewis participated in the 1961 Freedom Rides, which were a series of trips that tested a new desegregation order of interstate transportation facilities and resulted in multiple beatings and the firebombing of the bus that John Lewis was supposed to be riding;

Whereas, at 23 years of age, John Lewis served as the youngest member of the "Big Six", which planned the 1963 March on Washington, and worked alongside Martin Luther King, Jr., James Farmer, A. Philip Randolph, Roy Wilkins, and Whitney Young to advocate for racial equality and justice for all;

Whereas John Lewis courageously led protestors across the Edmund Pettus Bridge in Selma, Alabama, bravely bearing violence from the police to embody the struggle of the United States to live up to its founding ideals of equal justice under the law;

Whereas the bravery of John Lewis during "Bloody Sunday" led Congress to pass, and President Lyndon B. Johnson to sign into law, the Voting Rights Act of 1965 (52 U.S.C. 10301 et seq.), ensuring that African Americans have the right to fully participate in the democratic process in the United States;

Whereas John Lewis faithfully served the city of Atlanta between 1977 and 1981, embodying his election night promise to "bring a sense of ethics and moral courage" to the Atlanta City Council;

Whereas John Lewis faithfully served the 5th congressional district of Georgia in the House of Representatives between 1987 and 2020, serving as the "conscience of the Congress" by continuing his pursuit of justice and truth in the capital of the United States;

Whereas the Senate commends John Lewis for his life and for embodying the spirit of love and dignity through his unceasing advocacy for reconciliation, justice, and the equality of all mankind: Now, therefore, be

Resolved, That-

- (1) the Senate—
- (A) has heard with profound sorrow and deep regret the announcement of the death of the Honorable John Lewis, a late Member of the House of Representatives; and
- (B) respectfully requests that the Secretary of the Senate-
- (i) communicate this resolution to the House of Representatives; and
- (ii) transmit an enrolled copy of this resolution to the family of John Lewis; and
- (2) when the Senate adjourns today, it stand adjourned as a further mark of respect to the memory of the Honorable John Lewis.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. I ask unanimous consent that the resolution be agreed to, the preamble be agreed to, and that the motions to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table with no intervening action or de-

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection?

Without objection, it is so ordered.

The resolution (S. Res. 660) was agreed to.

The preamble was agreed to.

(The resolution, with its preamble, is printed in today's RECORD under "Submitted Resolutions.")

EXECUTIVE CALENDAR—Continued

ORDER OF PROCEDURE

Mr. PERDUE. Madam President, I further ask unanimous consent that notwithstanding the provisions of rule XXII. the Senate vote on the motion to invoke cloture on the Kan nomination at 11:30 a.m. tomorrow; further, that if cloture is invoked on the Kan nomination, the postcloture time expire at 2:45 p.m. tomorrow; further, that the cloture motion with respect to the Kaplan nomination ripen following disposition of the Kan nomination and, if cloture is invoked on the Kaplan nomination, the postcloture time expire at 4:45 p.m. tomorrow. I further ask that if either of the nominations are confirmed, the motions to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table and the President be immediately notified of the Senate's action. Finally, I ask unanimous consent that the cloture motion with respect to the McFerran

nomination ripen at 11:30 a.m., Thursday, July 30; and that if cloture is invoked on the McFerran nomination, the postcloture time expire at 1:30 p.m. Thursday; and that if confirmed, the motion to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table and the President be immediately notified of the Senate's action.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection?

Without objection, it is so ordered.

VOTE ON JOSEPH NOMINATION

Mr. PERDUE. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that the rollcall votes scheduled for 2:30 p.m. today begin now.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The question is, Will the Senate advise and consent to the Joseph nomination.

Mr. PERDUE. I ask for the yeas and navs.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there a sufficient second?

There appears to be a sufficient sec-

The clerk will call the roll.

The senior assistant legislative clerk called the roll.

Mr. DURBIN. I announce that the Senator from Vermont (Mr. LEAHY), the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. MARKEY), and the Senator from Vermont (Mr. Sanders) are necessarily

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mrs. BLACKBURN). Are there any other Senators in the Chamber desiring to vote or change their vote?

The result was announced—yeas 55, nays 42, as follows:

[Rollcall Vote No. 145 Ex.]

YEAS-55

Alexander	Gardner	Perdue
Barrasso	Graham	Portman
Blackburn	Grassley	Risch
Blunt	Hawley	Roberts
Boozman	Hoeven	Romney
Braun	Hyde-Smith	Rounds
Burr	Inhofe	Rubio
Capito	Johnson	Sasse
Cassidy	Jones	Scott (FL)
Collins	Kennedy	Scott (FL)
Cornyn	Lankford	Shelby
Cotton	Lee	
Cramer	Loeffler	Sullivan
Crapo	Manchin	Thune
Cruz	McConnell	Tillis
Daines	McSally	Toomey
Enzi	Moran	Wicker
Ernst	Murkowski	Young
Fischer	Paul	
	NAYS-42	

	NAYS—42	
Baldwin	Gillibrand	Rosen
Bennet	Harris	Schatz
Blumenthal	Hassan	Schumer
Booker	Heinrich	Shaheen
Brown	Hirono	Sinema
Cantwell	Kaine	Smith
Cardin	King	Stabenow
Carper	Klobuchar	Tester
Casey	Menendez	Udall
Coons	Merkley	Van Hollen
Cortez Masto	Murphy	Warner
Duckworth	Murray	Warren
Durbin	Peters	Whitehouse
Feinstein	Reed	Wyden

NOT VOTING-3

Leahy Markey Sanders

The nomination was confirmed.

EXECUTIVE CALENDAR

PRESIDING OFFICER. The The clerk will report the next nomination.

The legislative clerk read the nomination of Dana T. Wade, of the District of Columbia, to be an Assistant Secretary of Housing and Urban Development.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is, Will the Senate advise and consent to the Wade nomination?

Mr. BARRASSO. I ask for the yeas and navs.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there a sufficient second?

There appears to be a sufficient sec-

The clerk will call the roll.

The legislative clerk called the roll.

Mr. DURBIN. I announce that the Senator from Vermont (Mr. LEAHY), the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. MARKEY), and the Senator from Vermont (Mr. Sanders) are necessarily

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Are there any other Senators in the Chamber desiring to vote?

The result was announced—veas 57. nays 40, as follows:

[Rollcall Vote No. 146 Ex.]

YEAS-57

Alexander	Gardner	Paul
Barrasso	Graham	Perdue
Blackburn	Grassley	Portman
Blunt	Hawley	Risch
Boozman	Hoeven	Roberts
Braun	Hyde-Smith	Romney
Burr	Inhofe	Rounds
Capito	Johnson	Rubio
Cassidy	Jones	Sasse
Collins	Kennedy	Scott (FL)
Cornyn	Lankford	Scott (SC)
Cotton	Lee	Shelby
Cramer	Loeffler	Sinema
Crapo	Manchin	Sullivan
Cruz	McConnell	Thune
Daines	McSally	Tillis
Enzi	Moran	Toomey
Ernst	Murkowski	Wicker
Fischer	Murphy	Young

NAYS-40

Baldwin	Gillibrand	Schatz
Bennet	Harris	Schumer
Blumenthal	Hassan	Shaheen
Booker	Heinrich	Smith
Brown	Hirono	Stabenow
Cantwell	Kaine	Tester
Cardin	King	Udall
Carper	Klobuchar	Van Hollen
Casey	Menendez	Warner
Coons	Merkley	Warner
Cortez Masto	Murray	
Duckworth	Peters	Whitehouse
Durbin	Reed	Wyden
Feinstein	Rosen	

NOT VOTING-3

Leahv Markey Sanders

The nomination was confirmed.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the motions to reconsider are considered made and laid upon the table, and the President will be immediately notified of the Senate's

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Wyoming.