

were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1448 AIR FORCE nominations (55) beginning WESLEY M. ABADIE, and ending SCOTT A. ZAKALUZY, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1449 AIR FORCE nominations (52) beginning LIOR ALJADEFF, and ending HYUN J. YOON, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1450 AIR FORCE nominations (294) beginning JASON K. ADAMS, and ending DANIELLE N. ZIEHL, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1451 AIR FORCE nomination (52) beginning VICTORIA M. AGLEWILSON, and ending DEBORAH L. WILLIS, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1452 AIR FORCE nominations (2) beginning JUNELENE M. BUNGAY, and ending ALEXANDRA L. MCCRARY-DENNIS, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1453 AIR FORCE nomination of Christopher J. Nastal, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1454 AIR FORCE nomination of Alexander Khutoryan, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1455 AIR FORCE nomination of Daniel S. Kim, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1456 AIR FORCE nomination of Marilyn L. Smith, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

IN THE ARMY

PN1457 ARMY nomination of Zachary J. Conly, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1458 ARMY nomination of Audrey J. Dean, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1459 ARMY nomination of Michael W. Brancamp, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1460 ARMY nomination of Tracy J. Brown which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1461 ARMY nomination of Kenneth A. Wieder, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1462 ARMY nomination of Chong K. Yi, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1467 ARMY nominations (11) beginning JOHN C. BENSON, and ending SEAN M. VIEIRA, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1468 ARMY nomination of Ross C. Puffer, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1469 ARMY nomination of Amanda G. Luschinski, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1470 ARMY nomination of June E. Osavio, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1471 ARMY nominations (2) beginning YASMIN J. ALTER, and ending DEBBY L. POLOZECK, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1472 ARMY nominations (3) beginning OTHA J. HOLMES, and ending JONATHAN W. MURPHY, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1473 ARMY nomination of Shaun P. Miller, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1475 ARMY nomination of Krista H. Clarke, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1476 ARMY nomination of Peter K. Marlin, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1477 ARMY nomination of Angela I. Iyanobor, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1478 ARMY nomination of John J. Landers, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1479 ARMY nomination of David P. Frommer, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

IN THE MARINE CORPS

PN1378 MARINE CORPS nomination of Mario A. Ortega, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of January 6, 2020.

PN1474 MARINE CORPS nomination of Keith A. Stevenson, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1489 MARINE CORPS nominations (3) beginning JOSEPH P. BALL, and ending RAMON F. VASQUEZ, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1490 MARINE CORPS nominations (5) beginning DONALD K. BROWN, and ending KEITH R. WILKINSON, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1491 MARINE CORPS nominations (4) beginning CHRISTINA L. HUDSON, and ending BRENT J. PATTERSON, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1492 MARINE CORPS nominations (2) beginning JAMES M. SHIPMAN, and ending PHILIP S. SPENCER, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1493 MARINE CORPS nomination of Christopher L. Kaiser, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1494 MARINE CORPS nominations (3) beginning PETER T. GRAHAM, and ending TRAVIS W. STORIE, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1495 MARINE CORPS nominations (3) beginning DANIEL E. FUSON, and ending JESUS T. RODRIGUEZ, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

IN THE NAVY

PN1224 NAVY nomination of Colin R. Young, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of October 15, 2019.

PN1480 NAVY nomination of Catherine M. Dickinson, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1481 NAVY nomination of Donald A. Sinitiere, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1483 NAVY nominations (61) beginning STEPHEN W. ALDRIDGE, and ending GREGORY C. WILLIAMS, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1484 NAVY nomination of Paul J. Kaylor, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

PN1485 NAVY nomination of Andrew S. Jackson, which was received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of February 4, 2020.

LEGISLATIVE SESSION

MORNING BUSINESS

Mr. McCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate be in a period of morning business, with Senators permitted to speak therein for up to 10 minutes each.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

(At the request of Mr. SCHUMER, the following statement was ordered to be printed in the RECORD.)

VOTE EXPLANATION

● Mr. DURBIN. Mr. President, I was necessarily absent for roll call vote No. 62, confirmation of the nomination of Travis Greaves to be a judge for the U.S. Tax Court. As I did on cloture, had I been present for the vote, I would have voted yea.●

(At the request of Mr. SCHUMER, the following statement was ordered to be printed in the RECORD.)

WOMEN'S HEALTHCARE

● Ms. KLOBUCHAR. Mr. President, I rise today in opposition to the two bills that the Senate considered this week that would severely restrict women's access to reproductive healthcare. I have always believed that a woman's most personal and difficult medical decisions should be made with her doctor and her family and free from political interference.

These bills would prevent doctors from providing a full range of reproductive healthcare that meets the needs of their patients. These bills put women's health at risk, which is why they are opposed by groups that represent healthcare professionals, including the American Public Health Association. They would also disproportionately impact women of color, LGBTQ people, those facing intimate partner violence, and those living in rural areas.

All Americans deserve access to affordable, high-quality healthcare, including the full range of reproductive healthcare. It is for these reasons that I oppose the motions to invoke cloture on these bills.●

BUDGET SCOREKEEPING REPORT

Mr. ENZI. Mr. President, I rise to submit to the Senate the budget scorekeeping report for February 2020. This is my fourth scorekeeping report since I filed the deemed budget resolution for fiscal year 2020 on September 9, 2019, as required by the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2019, BBA19. The report compares current-law levels of spending and revenues with the amounts agreed to in BBA19. In the Senate, this information is used to determine whether budgetary points of order lie against pending legislation. The Republican staff of the Budget Committee and the Congressional Budget Office, CBO, prepared this report pursuant to section 308(b) of the Congressional Budget Act, CBA. The information included in this report is current through February 21, 2020.

Since I filed the last scorekeeping report on January 15, 2020, only one measure was enacted with significant budgetary effects. On January 29, 2020, the President signed H.R. 5430, the United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement—USMCA—Implementation Act, into law. The measure implemented the USMCA and affected both revenue and spending. According to CBO, the USMCA Implementation Act will decrease direct spending outlays by \$74 million over 10 years and increase revenues by nearly \$3 billion over the same period. Direct spending effects are largely attributable to the act's provisions related to the dairy industry, while revenues are expected to increase due to higher receipts from tariffs on motor vehicles and parts. The USMCA Implementation Act also included \$843 million in discretionary appropriations, designated as emergency spending, for Federal agencies to execute the agreement.

Budget Committee Republican staff prepared tables A–D.

Table A gives the amount by which each Senate authorizing committee exceeds or falls below its allocations for budget authority and outlays under the fiscal year 2020 deemed budget resolution. This information is used for enforcing committee allocations pursuant to section 302 of the CBA. Legislation enacted since the enactment of BBA19 has resulted in six authorizing committees being in breach of their allocations. The direct spending effects of the USMCA Implementation Act were credited to the Finance Committee, which continues to violate its allocation over all enforceable periods. In total, authorizing committees have breached outlay limitations by more than \$29 billion over the 2020 through 2029 period.

Table B provides the amount by which the Senate Committee on Appropriations is below or exceeds the statutory spending limits. This information is used to determine points of order related to the spending caps found in sections 312 and 314 of the CBA. The table shows that the Appropriations Committee is compliant with spending lim-

its for current the fiscal year. Those limits for regular discretionary spending are \$666.5 billion for accounts in the defense category and \$621.5 billion for accounts in the nondefense category of spending.

The 2018 budget resolution contained points of order limiting the use of changes in mandatory programs, CHIMPs, in appropriations bills. Table C, which tracks the CHIMP limit of \$15 billion for 2020, shows the Appropriations Committee has complied with the CHIMP limit for this fiscal year.

Table D provides the amount of budget authority enacted for 2020 that has been designated as either for an emergency or for overseas contingency operations, OCO, pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended. Funding that receives either of these designations results in cap adjustments to enforceable discretionary spending limits. There is no limit on either emergency or overseas contingency operations spending; however, any Senator may challenge the designation with a point of order to strike the designation on the floor. The addition of \$843 million in emergency-designated funds from P.L. 116–113 brings total emergency and OCO spending to \$88.9 billion for the 2020 appropriations cycle.

In addition to the tables provided by Budget Committee Republican staff, I am submitting CBO tables, which I will use to enforce budget totals approved by Congress.

CBO provided a spending and revenue report for 2020, Table 1, which helps enforce aggregate spending levels in budget resolutions under CBA section 311. The current level is now in excess of allowable levels by \$15.4 billion for budget authority and \$1.7 billion for outlays in 2020. Details on 2020 levels can be found in CBO's second table.

Current-law revenues are currently below enforceable levels for all enforcement periods. Revenues are currently \$34.4 billion, \$150 billion, and \$383.2 billion lower than assumed in the deemed budget resolution for 2020, 2020 through 2024, and 2020 through 2029, respectively.

Social Security spending levels are consistent with the budget resolution's figures for 2020; however, Social Security revenue levels are \$15 million below assumed levels. CBO's report also provides information needed to enforce the Senate pay-as-you-go, PAYGO, rule, Table 3. This rule is enforced under section 4106 of the 2018 budget resolution. The Senate PAYGO scorecard currently shows an enacted deficit decrease of \$984 million in 2020, but enacted deficit increases of \$361 million and \$2.2 billion over the 2019–2024 and 2019–2029 periods, respectively. The deficit effects of the USMCA Implementation Act do not include the amounts designated as supplemental appropriations because those amounts are recorded as discretionary spending, which is not recorded on the Senate's PAYGO scorecard.

This submission also includes a table tracking the Senate's budget enforcement activity on the floor since the enforcement filing on September 9, 2019. Since my last filing, one point of order was raised. On January 16, 2020, Senator TOOMEY raised a point of order against the emergency designations in the supplemental appropriations title of the USMCA Implementation Act. That point of order was waived by a vote of 78–21.

All years in the accompanying tables are fiscal years.

I ask unanimous consent that the accompanying tables be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the material was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

TABLE A.—SENATE AUTHORIZING COMMITTEES—ENACTED DIRECT SPENDING ABOVE (+) OR BELOW (–) BUDGET RESOLUTIONS

[In millions of dollars]			
	2020	2020–2024	2020–2029
Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry			
Budget Authority	0	0	0
Outlays	0	0	0
Armed Services			
Budget Authority	32	1,972	5,637
Outlays	35	1,972	5,637
Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs			
Budget Authority	169	2,260	5,402
Outlays	169	2,246	5,402
Commerce, Science, and Transportation			
Budget Authority	7	7	7
Outlays	7	7	7
Energy and Natural Resources			
Budget Authority	0	0	0
Outlays	0	0	0
Environment and Public Works			
Budget Authority	8,058	38,589	77,069
Outlays	415	683	1,130
Finance			
Budget Authority	8,161	14,280	17,226
Outlays	6,496	13,968	17,266
Foreign Relations			
Budget Authority	2	2	2
Outlays	37	37	37
Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs			
Budget Authority	0	0	0
Outlays	0	0	0
Judiciary			
Budget Authority	0	0	0
Outlays	0	0	0
Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions			
Budget Authority	–720	–400	0
Outlays	–997	–835	–435
Rules and Administration			
Budget Authority	0	0	0
Outlays	0	0	0
Intelligence			
Budget Authority	0	0	0
Outlays	0	0	0
Veterans' Affairs			
Budget Authority	0	0	0
Outlays	0	0	0
Indian Affairs			
Budget Authority	0	0	0
Outlays	0	0	0
Small Business			
Budget Authority	0	0	0
Outlays	0	0	0
Total			
Budget Authority	15,709	56,710	105,343
Outlays	6,162	18,078	29,044

This table is current through February 21, 2020. This table tracks the spending effects of legislation enacted compared to allowable levels. Each authorizing committee's initial allocation can be found in the Senate Budget Committee Chairman's Congressional Record filing on September 9, 2019.

TABLE B.—SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE—ENACTED REGULAR DISCRETIONARY APPROPRIATIONS¹

[Budget authority, in millions of dollars]		
	2020	
	Security ²	Nonsecurity ²
Statutory Discretionary Limits	666,500	621,500
Amount Provided by Senate Appropriations Subcommittee		
Agriculture, Rural Development, and Related Agencies	0	23,493