Last month has only magnified these problems. President Trump initially claimed that no one was hurt after Iran retaliated against forces on January 8. Now the Pentagon says over 100 military personnel suffered a traumatic brain injury. Why has it taken so long for us to learn that American troops were hurt in the attack? Who ordered the withholding of that information? Was it President Trump? It sure wouldn't be surprising. And who in the military—the military, which is a bulwark, one of the few, particularly when General Mattis was the Secretary—who in the military let that happen? Just as importantly, what is the President's strategy for keeping our troops safe in the coming weeks?

The administration has deliberately refused to be transparent with Congress about the aftermath of the Iranian strike. I fear that by keeping Congress in the dark, President Trump is, once again, hoping to short-circuit our checks and balances and escape scrutiny. That is why Senator KAINE'S War Powers Resolution is a matter of urgent necessity. I commend Senator KAINE on the job he has done and urge my colleagues of both parties to vote in favor of this resolution.

I yield the floor.

turn.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Alaska is recognized.

Mr. SULLIVAN. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that the confirmation vote on the Kindred nomination begin following my remarks.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection?

Without objection, it is so ordered.

NOMINATION OF JOSHUA M. KINDRED

Mr. SULLIVAN. Madam President, I rise today in support of the vote that the Senate is going to take on here in a few minutes on Joshua Kindred to be Alaska's next Federal district court judge, and I commend this body, particularly Leader McConnell, for prioritizing putting good, solid, young Federal judges in seats in districts and circuit courts all across the country—188 so far since the Trump administration took office, and now it is Alaska's

That Federal judge seat that we are looking at filling here in a couple of minutes has been empty for almost 4 years, and in our State, in the great State of Alaska, we don't have too many opportunities for Federal judges. For example, Alaska only has 1 active judge on the entire Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals out of 29 active judges. So this is an important vote, certainly, for my State.

I want to talk a little bit about Josh Kindred. I have known Josh since he was a young assistant district attorney for the State of Alaska when I was attorney general. We talked about how we were going to work together to make Alaska's judicial process more efficient and more effective for Alaskans during his confirmation process. I certainly was impressed then, but I was impressed when I first met Josh many

years ago and continue to be impressed with his fierce commitment to upholding the law, the concept of equal access to justice for all, and his keen awareness of Alaska's unique legal landscape.

Josh was unanimously rated as "qualified" by the ABA and is a lifelong Alaskan with a broad and impressive legal background.

As I mentioned, after clerking on the Oregon Supreme Court, he came back home to Alaska and was promoted to violent crimes supervisor after a number of years working in the Anchorage District Attorney's Office, where he worked to punish perpetrators of crimes and with victims of some of the heinous crimes, unfortunately, that we have in too high numbers in Alaska. particularly as it relates to sexual assault and domestic violence. In his career, he has been committed not only to prosecuting those kinds of crimes but to doing pro bono work to stem this very significant crisis that my State has with these heinous crimes of sexual abuse.

Rounding out his legal experience, Josh served as the environmental counsel for the Alaska Oil and Gas Association and, most recently, as the regional solicitor for Alaska for the U.S. Department of the Interior. Now, when the Federal Government controls over 60 percent of the lands in Alaska, the solicitor for the U.S. Department of the Interior position in Alaska is actually a really important one and is incredibly important in terms of qualifications for a Federal judge.

This wide-ranging experience will be incredibly valuable as a district court judge in Alaska because he is familiar-very familiar-with the numerous Alaska-specific laws that this body passes year after year, decade after decade: the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act, and the Trans-Alaska Pipeline Act. This is an important point because very few States have such large, complex Federal laws that are focused solely on their State, and Federal courts often misinterpret these laws and don't understand these laws, to the detriment of the people I represent.

Let me just give you a recent example. There was a Federal case under the law I mentioned recently, ANILCA, as we call it in Alaska. It involved a moose hunter named John Sturgeon who had a hovercraft and wanted to go moose hunting, and overbearing Federal Government agents told him he couldn't use his hovercraft in certain areas considered Federal waters. John Sturgeon knew better. He challenged the Federal Government. There were 12 years of litigation, twice up to the U.S. Supreme Court, and Federal judges at the district and certainly the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals level getting this case wrong every single time. Finally, last year, in a unanimous 9-to-0 opinion, Justice Elena Kagan summed it up very succinctly when she ruled

against all of these Federal judges in the Ninth Circuit and for Mr. Sturgeon. She said: "If Sturgeon lived in any other State, his suit would not have a prayer of success."

She went on: "Except that Sturgeon lives in Alaska. And as we have said before, 'Alaska is often the exception, not the rule,'" under Federal law.

So the Supreme Court gets it, and Josh Kindred will get it. He understands Alaska's unique legal jurisprudence. He is committed to honoring the commitments this body has made to Alaska's first peoples and others in my great State, and he is committed to justice.

I believe he will serve with honor and integrity on the Federal court, and I urge my colleagues to vote for his confirmation.

I yield the floor.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the question is, Will the Senate advise and consent to the Kindred nomination?

Mr. SULLIVAN. I ask for the yeas and navs.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there a sufficient second?

There appears to be a sufficient sec-

The clerk will call the roll.

The senior assistant legislative clerk called the roll.

Mr. THUNE. The following Senator is necessarily absent: the Senator from Wisconsin (Mr. JOHNSON).

Further, if present and voting, the Senator from Wisconsin (Mr. JOHNSON) would have voted "yea."

Mr. DURBIN. I announce that the Senator from Colorado (Mr. Bennet), the Senator from Minnesota (Ms. Klobuchar), the Senator from Vermont (Mr. Sanders), and the Senator from Massachusetts (Ms. Warren) are necessarily absent.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. SASSE). Are there any other Senators in the Chamber desiring to vote?

The result was announced—yeas 54, nays 41, as follows:

[Rollcall Vote No. 41 Ex.]

YEAS-54

	11110 01	
Alexander	Fischer	Perdue
Barrasso	Gardner	Portman
Blackburn	Graham	Risch
Blunt	Grassley	Roberts
Boozman	Hawley	Romney
Braun	Hoeven	Rounds
Burr	Hyde-Smith	Rubio
Capito	Inhofe	Sasse
Cassidy	Kennedy	Scott (FL)
Collins	Lankford	Scott (SC)
Cornyn	Lee	Shelby
Cotton	Loeffler	Sinema
Cramer	Manchin	Sullivan
Crapo	McConnell	Thune
Cruz	McSally	Tillis
Daines	Moran	Toomey
Enzi	Murkowski	Wicker
Ernst	Paul	Young

NAYS-41

	111110 11	
Baldwin	Coons	Heinrich
Blumenthal	Cortez Masto	Hirono
Booker	Duckworth	Jones
Brown	Durbin	Kaine
Cantwell	Feinstein	King
Cardin	Gillibrand	Leahy
Carper	Harris	Markey
Casey	Hassan	Menendez

Merkley Murphy Murray	Schatz Schumer Shaheen	Udall Van Hollen Warner	Rosen Rounds Rubio	Shaheen Shelby Sinema	Tillis Toomey Warner	Paul Perdue Peters	Rounds Sasse Schatz	Sullivan Tester Thune
Peters Reed	Smith Stabenow	Whitehouse	Sasse Scott (FL)	Sullivan Tester	Whitehouse Wicker	Portman Reed	Scott (FL) Scott (SC)	Tillis Toomey
Rosen	Tester	Wyden	Scott (SC)	Thune	Young	Risch	Shaheen	Warner
	NOT VOTING	 —5		NAYS—23		Roberts Romney	Shelby Sinema	Whitehouse Wicker
Bennet	Klobuchar	Warren	Baldwin	Gillibrand	Schatz	Rosen	Smith	Young
Johnson	Sanders		Blumenthal Booker	Harris Heinrich	Schumer		NAYS—12	
The PRE ator from	Oklahoma.	onfirmed. ICER. The Sen- President. I ask	Brown Cantwell Cardin Casey	Hirono Markey Menendez Merkley	Smith Stabenow Udall Van Hollen Wyden	Booker Brown Cantwell Gillibrand	Harris Markey Murray Schumer	Stabenow Udall Van Hollen Wyden
		t the votes fol-	Coons	Murray			NOT VOTING	 7
lowing the	e first vote be	e 10 minutes in		NOT VOTING	 5	Bennet	Klobuchar	Warren
length.			Bennet	Klobuchar	Warren	Heinrich	Rubio	

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there any objection?

Without objection, it is so ordered. The votes will be 10 minutes.

EXECUTIVE CALENDAR

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the next nomination.

The senior assistant legislative clerk read the nomination of Matthew Thomas Schelp, of Missouri, to be United States District Judge for the Eastern District of Missouri.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is, Will the Senate advise and consent to the Schlep nomination?

Mr. CRUZ. I ask for the yeas and navs.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there a sufficient second?

There appears to be a sufficient second.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will call the roll.

The senior assistant legislative clerk called the roll.

Mr. THUNE. The following Senator is necessarily absent: the Senator from Wisconsin (Mr. JOHNSON).

Further, if present and voting, the Senator from Wisconsin (Mr. JOHNSON) would have voted "yea."

Mr. DURBIN. I announce that the Senator from Colorado (Mr. Bennet), the Senator from Minnesota (Ms. Klobuchar), the Senator from Vermont (Mr. Sanders), and the Senator from Massachusetts (Ms. Warren) are necessarily absent.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Are there any other Senators in the Chamber desiring to vote?

The result was announced—yeas 72, nays 23, as follows:

[Rollcall Vote No. 42 Ex.]

YEAS—72

Alexander	Duckworth	Lankford
Barrasso	Durbin	Leahy
Blackburn	Enzi	Lee
Blunt	Ernst	Loeffler
Boozman	Feinstein	Manchin
Braun	Fischer	McConnell
Burr	Gardner	McSally
Capito	Graham	Moran
Carper	Grassley	Murkowski
Cassidy	Hassan	Murphy
Collins	Hawley	Paul
Cornyn	Hoeven	Perdue
Cortez Masto	Hyde-Smith	Peters
Cotton	Inhofe	Portman
Cramer	Jones	Reed
Crapo	Kaine	Risch
Cruz	Kennedy	Roberts
Daines	King	Romney

EXECUTIVE CALENDAR

Sanders

The nomination was confirmed.

Johnson

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the next nomination.

The legislative clerk read the nomination of John Fitzgerald Kness, of Illinois, to be United States District Judge for the Northern District of Illinois.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is, Will the Senate advise and consent to the Kness nomination?

Mr. WICKER. Mr. President, I ask for the yeas and nays.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there a sufficient second?

There appears to be a sufficient second

The clerk will call the roll.

The legislative clerk called the roll.

Mr. THUNE. The following Senators are necessarily absent: the Senator from Wisconsin (Mr. Johnson) and the Senator from Florida (Mr. RUBIO).

Further, if present and voting, the Senator from Wisconsin (Mr. JOHNSON) would have voted "yea" and the Senator from Florida (Mr. RUBIO) would have voted "yea."

Mr. DURBIN. I announce that the Senator from Colorado (Mr. BENNET), the Senator from New Mexico (Mr. HEINRICH), the Senator from Minnesota (Ms. KLOBUCHAR), the Senator from Vermont (Mr. SANDERS), and the Senator from Massachusetts (Ms. WARREN) are necessarily absent.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Are there any other Senators in the Chamber desiring to vote?

The result was announced—yeas 81, nays 12, as follows:

[Rollcall Vote No. 43 Ex.]

YEAS-81

	1 EAS-01	
Alexander	Cotton	Hyde-Smith
Baldwin	Cramer	Inhofe
Barrasso	Crapo	Jones
Blackburn	Cruz	Kaine
Blumenthal	Daines	Kennedy
Blunt	Duckworth	King
Boozman	Durbin	Lankford
Braun	Enzi	Leahy
Burr	Ernst	Lee
Capito	Feinstein	Loeffler
Cardin	Fischer	Manchin
Carper	Gardner	McConnell
Casey	Graham	McSally
Cassidy	Grassley	Menendez
Collins	Hassan	Merkley
Coons	Hawley	Moran
Cornyn	Hirono	Murkowski
Cortez Masto	Hoeven	Murphy

EXECUTIVE CALENDAR

Sanders

The nomination was confirmed.

Johnson

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the next nomination. The bill clerk read the nomination of Philip M. Halpern, of New York, to be United States District Judge for the Southern District of New York.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is, Will the Senate advise and consent to the Halpern nomination?

Mr. COTTON. Mr. President, I ask for the yeas and nays.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there a sufficient second?

There appears to be a sufficient second.

The clerk will call the roll.

The bill clerk called the roll.

Mr. DURBIN. I announce that the Senator from Colorado (Mr. Bennet), the Senator from Minnesota (Ms. Klobuchar), the Senator from Vermont (Mr. Sanders), and the Senator from Massachusetts (Ms. Warren) are necessarily absent.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Ms. ERNST). Are there any other Senators in the Chamber desiring to vote?

The result was announced—yeas 77, nays 19, as follows:

[Rollcall Vote No. 44 Ex.]

YEAS—77

Alexander	Graham	Portman
Barrasso	Grassley	Reed
Blackburn	Hassan	Risch
Blunt	Hawley	Roberts
Boozman	Hoeven	Romney
Braun	Hyde-Smith	Rounds
Brown	Inhofe	Rubio
Burr	Johnson	Sasse
Capito	Jones	Schumer
Cardin	Kaine	Scott (FL)
Carper	Kennedy	Scott (SC)
Cassidy	King	Shaheen
Collins	Lankford	Shelby
Coons	Leahy	Sinema.
Cornyn	Lee	Stabenow
Cotton	Loeffler	
Cramer	Manchin	Sullivan
Crapo	McConnell	Tester
Cruz	McSally	Thune
Daines	Menendez	Tillis
Durbin	Moran	Toomey
Enzi	Murkowski	Van Hollen
Ernst	Murphy	Warner
Feinstein	Paul	Whitehouse
Fischer	Perdue	Wicker
Gardner	Peters	Young
	37.4770 40	

NAYS-19

Baldwin	Casey	Harris
Blumenthal	Cortez Masto	Heinrich
Booker	Duckworth	Hirono
Cantwell	Gillibrand	Markey