Wexton

Williams

Wittman

Womack

Woodall

Yarmuth

Wright

Yoho

Young

Zeldin

Wilson (FL)

Wilson (SC)

Wild

made cigars. The history of cigar tobacco farming in Pennsylvania dates to the 1700s, and today, farmers in the Commonwealth produce the coveted cigar leaf. Numerous premium cigar mail order companies are based in Pennsylvania, due to the state's favorable business climate. In fact, Pennsylvania is second in the nation in premium cigar industry jobs, and my district is home to small businesses who proudly serve their adult consumers.

The Commonwealth is also one of few states without an additional tax on premium cigars. When I was in the Pennsylvania State Senate, I fought against proposals to impose such a tax, which would have crippled small businesses and hurt consumers. If a price requirement like the one proposed in this bill were enacted, small businesses in my district and across Pennsylvania would be disproportionately impacted, as more products in their humidors would fall below \$12 than products in other states that are subject to higher taxes.

Madam Speaker, while I am grateful this bill acknowledges that premium cigars are marketed and enjoyed solely by adults, a \$12 price requirement will devastate Pennsylvania's cigar industry. As Congress and the Trump Administration continue to work to address important issues related to regulation of tobacco products, I urge removal of an arbitrary price point that picks winners and losers.

GOLD STAR MOTHERS FAMILIES MONUMENT EXTEN-NATIONAL SION ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 2819) to extend the authority for the establishment of a commemorative work in honor of Gold Star Families, and for other purposes, as amended, on which the yeas and nays were or-

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. NEGUSE) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, as amended.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—veas 407, navs 0. not voting 22, as follows:

[Roll No. 76] YEAS-407

Bilirakis Abraham Cárdenas Adams Bishop (NC) Carson (IN) Aderholt Bishop (UT) Carter (GA) Blumenauer Carter (TX) Aguilar Allen Blunt Rochester Cartwright Allred Bonamici Case Casten (IL) Amash Bost Boyle, Brendan Castor (FL) Amodei Armstrong Castro (TX) Brindisi Arrington Chabot Brooks (AL) Cheney Chu. Judy Babin Brooks (IN) Bacon Brown (MD) Cicilline Baird Brownley (CA) Cisneros Balderson Clark (MA) Buchanan Banks Buck Clarke (NY) Bucshon Clay Barr Cleaver Barragán Budd Bass Burchett Cline Beatty Burgess Cloud Cohen Bera Bustos Butterfield Bergman Cole Collins (GA) Calvert Beyer Biggs Carbajal Comer

Huffman Conaway Connolly Huizenga Hurd (TX) Cooper Jackson Lee Correa Javapal Costa Jeffries Johnson (GA) Courtney Cox (CA) Johnson (LA) Johnson (OH) Crawford Johnson (SD) Crenshaw Johnson (TX) Crist Jordan Joyce (OH) Crow Cunningham Joyce (PA) Curtis Kaptur Davids (KS) Katko Davidson (OH) Keating Davis (CA) Keller Davis, Danny K. Kelly (IL) Davis, Rodney Kelly (MS) Kelly (PA) Dean DeFazio Kennedy DeGette Khanna DeLauro Kildee DelBene Kilmer Kim Delgado Demings Kind DeSaulnier King (IA) DesJarlais King (NY) Deutch Kinzinger Diaz-Balart Krishnamoorthi Dingell Kuster (NH) Doggett Kustoff (TN) Doyle, Michael LaHood LaMalfa Duncan Lamb Lamborn Emmer Engel Langevin Escobar Larsen (WA) Eshoo Larson (CT) Espaillat Latta Estes Lawrence Lawson (FL) Evans Lee (CA) Ferguson Finkenauer Lee (NV) Fitzpatrick Lesko Fleischmann Levin (CA) Fletcher Levin (MI) Flores Lieu, Ted Fortenberry Lipinski Foster Loebsack Foxx (NC) Lofgren Lowenthal Frankel Lowey Fulcher Lucas Luetkemeyer Gaetz Gallagher Luján Gallego Luria Garamendi Lynch Malinowski García (IL) Maloney, Carolyn B Garcia (TX) Gianforte Gibbs Golden Mast Gomez Gonzalez (OH) Gonzalez (TX) Gooden Gosar Gottheimer Graves (GA) Graves (LA) Graves (MO) Green, Al (TX) Griffith Grothman Guest Guthrie Haaland Hagedorn Harder (CA) Harris

Maloney, Sean Marshall Matsui McAdams McBath McCarthy McCaul McClintock McCollum McEachin McGovern McHenry McKinlev McNerney Meadows Meeks Meng Meuser Miller Mitchell Moolenaar Mooney (WV) Moore Hern, Kevin Morelle Herrera Beutler Moulton Hice (GA) Mucarsel-Powell Higgins (LA) Murphy (FL) Higgins (NY) Murphy (NC) Nadler Napolitano Hollingsworth Neal Horn, Kendra S. Neguse Newhouse Norcross Norman Nunes

Hartzler

Hastings

Hill (AR)

Horsford

Houlahan

Hoyer

Hudson

Himes

Hayes

Heck

O'Halleran Ocasio-Cortez Olson Omar Palazzo Pallone Palmer Panetta Pappas Pascrell Pavne Pence Perlmutter Perry Peters Peterson Phillips Pingree Pocan Porter Posey Pressley Price (NC) Quigley Raskin Ratcliffe Reed Reschenthaler Rice (NY) Rice (SC) Richmond Riggleman Roby Rodgers (WA) Roe, David P. Rogers (AL) Rogers (KY) Rose (NY) Rose, John W. Rouda Rouzer Roy Roybal-Allard Ruiz Ruppersberger Rush Rutherford Ryan Sánchez Sarbanes Scalise Scanlon Schakowsky Schiff Schneider Schrader Schrier Schweikert Scott (VA) Scott, Austin Scott David Sensenbrenner Serrano Sewell (AL) Shalala Sherman Sherrill Shimkus Simpson Slotkin Smith (MO)

Smith (NE) Smith (NJ) Smith (WA) Smucker Soto Spanberger Spano Speier Stanton Stauber Stefanik Steil Steube Stevens Stewart Stivers Suozzi Swalwell (CA) Takano Taylor Thompson (CA) Thompson (MS) Thompson (PA) Thornberry Timmons Tipton Titus Tlaib

Wagner Torres (CA) Walberg Walden Torres Small (NM) Walker Trahan Walorski Trone Waltz Turner Wasserman Schultz Underwood Upton Waters Van Drew Watkins Watson Coleman Vargas Veasey Weber (TX) Vela. Welch Velázquez Wenstrup Visclosky Westerman

NOT VOTING-

Bishop (GA) Granger Marchant Green (TN) Brady Massie Byrne Grijalva Mullin Clyburn Holding Rooney (FL) Cuellar Kirkpatrick Dunn Lewis Webster (FL) Long Gabbard Loudermilk Gohmert

\square 1140

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The title of the bill was amended so as to read: "A bill to extend the authority for the establishment of a commemorative work in honor of Gold Star Mothers Families, and for other purposes."

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

REVERSING THE YOUTH TOBACCO EPIDEMIC ACT OF 2019

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 1(c) of rule XIX, further consideration of the bill (H.R. 2339) to amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act with respect to the sale and marketing of tobacco products, and for other purposes, will now resume.

The Clerk will report the title of the bill.

The Clerk read the title of the bill. MOTION TO RECOMMIT

WALDEN. Madam Speaker, I have a motion to recommit at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is the gentleman opposed to the bill?

Mr. WALDEN. In its present form, oh, yes, I am opposed.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the motion to recommit.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. Walden moves to recommit the bill H.R. 2339 to the Committee on Energy and Commerce with instructions to report the same back to the House forthwith with the following amendment:

At the end of the bill, insert the following new title:

TITLE VII—BORN-ALIVE ABORTION SURVIVORS PROTECTION

SEC. 701. BORN-ALIVE INFANTS PROTECTION.

(a) REQUIREMENTS PERTAINING TO BORN-ALIVE ABORTION SURVIVORS.—Chapter 74 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1531 the following:

"§ 1532. Requirements pertaining to bornalive abortion survivors

"(a) REQUIREMENTS FOR HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONERS.—In the case of an abortion

or attempted abortion that results in a child born alive (as defined in section 8 of title 1, United States Code (commonly known as the 'Born-Alive Infants Protection Act')):

- "(1) DEGREE OF CARE REQUIRED; IMMEDIATE ADMISSION TO A HOSPITAL.—Any health care practitioner present at the time the child is born alive shall—
- "(A) exercise the same degree of professional skill, care, and diligence to preserve the life and health of the child as a reasonably diligent and conscientious health care practitioner would render to any other child born alive at the same gestational age; and
- "(B) following the exercise of skill, care, and diligence required under subparagraph (A), ensure that the child born alive is immediately transported and admitted to a hospital.
- "(2) MANDATORY REPORTING OF VIOLATIONS.—A health care practitioner or any employee of a hospital, a physician's office, or an abortion clinic who has knowledge of a failure to comply with the requirements of paragraph (1) shall immediately report the failure to an appropriate State or Federal law enforcement agency, or to both.

"(b) Penalties.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Whoever violates subsection (a) shall be fined under this title or imprisoned for not more than 5 years, or both
- "(2) INTENTIONAL KILLING OF CHILD BORN ALIVE.—Whoever intentionally performs or attempts to perform an overt act that kills a child born alive described under subsection (a), shall be punished as under section 1111 of this title for intentionally killing or attempting to kill a human being.

"(c) BAR TO PROSECUTION.—The mother of a child born alive described under subsection (a) may not be prosecuted under this section, for conspiracy to violate this section, or for an offense under section 3 or 4 of this title based on such a violation.

"(d) CIVIL REMEDIES.—

- "(1) CIVIL ACTION BY A WOMAN ON WHOM AN ABORTION IS PERFORMED.—If a child is born alive and there is a violation of subsection (a), the woman upon whom the abortion was performed or attempted may, in a civil action against any person who committed the violation, obtain appropriate relief.
- "(2) APPROPRIATE RELIEF.—Appropriate relief in a civil action under this subsection includes—
- "(A) objectively verifiable money damage for all injuries, psychological and physical, occasioned by the violation of subsection (a);
- "(B) statutory damages equal to 3 times the cost of the abortion or attempted abortion; and
- "(C) punitive damages.
- "(3) ATTORNEY'S FEE FOR PLAINTIFF.—The court shall award a reasonable attorney's fee to a prevailing plaintiff in a civil action under this subsection.
- "(4) ATTORNEY'S FEE FOR DEFENDANT.—If a defendant in a civil action under this subsection prevails and the court finds that the plaintiff's suit was frivolous, the court shall award a reasonable attorney's fee in favor of the defendant against the plaintiff.

"(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section the following definitions apply:

- "(1) ABORTION.—The term 'abortion' means the use or prescription of any instrument, medicine, drug, or any other substance or device—
- "(A) to intentionally kill the unborn child of a woman known to be pregnant; or
- "(B) to intentionally terminate the pregnancy of a woman known to be pregnant, with an intention other than—
- "(i) after viability, to produce a live birth and preserve the life and health of the child born alive: or
 - "(ii) to remove a dead unborn child.

- "(2) ATTEMPT.—The term 'attempt', with respect to an abortion, means conduct that, under the circumstances as the actor believes them to be, constitutes a substantial step in a course of conduct planned to culminate in performing an abortion."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for chapter 74 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item pertaining to section 1531 the following:
- "1532. Requirements pertaining to born-alive abortion survivors.".
- (c) Chapter Heading Amendments.—
- (1) CHAPTER HEADING IN CHAPTER.—The chapter heading for chapter 74 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "Partial-Birth Abortions" and inserting "Abortions".
- (2) TABLE OF CHAPTERS FOR PART I.—The item relating to chapter 74 in the table of chapters at the beginning of part I of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "Partial-Birth Abortions" and inserting "Abortions".

Mr. WALDEN (during the reading). Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the Clerk dispense with the reading.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Oregon?

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Oregon is recognized for 5 minutes in support of his motion.

Mr. WALDEN. Madam Speaker, Congress has already passed and President Trump has already signed into law a ban on tobacco product sales, including vaping product sales to children under the age of 21. We did that. It is now law. Those are banned.

The Food and Drug Administration is aggressively going after companies that still try to target kids and has the authority to stop them—and will.

But we all care deeply about the health of our children. Taking care to protect the health and welfare of children is a common cause.

We know that the younger the child, the more vulnerable and defenseless they are, the more these children need our help. That is why we are offering a final amendment to the bill that literally would save the lives of the youngest children, the babies.

I would hope we could agree to end the ghastly practice of letting children die without medical help when they are born alive after an abortion. Providing, literally, lifesaving medical care to these babies is something on which we should all find common ground and support.

It is the right thing to do. It is the right thing to do for the children. These are not fetuses that are born. These are tiny little babies that are struggling to live.

Madam Speaker, I yield to the gentlewoman from Missouri (Mrs. WAGNER), author of the Born-Alive Abortion Survivors Protection Act, a mother and a grandmother herself, who always puts the lives of children first.

Mrs. WAGNER. Madam Speaker, I thank the gentleman for yielding.

Madam Speaker, I rise today in support of this motion to recommit to protect newborn babies who survive abortions.

Congress has an opportunity to ensure that no baby is denied lifesaving care simply because he or she is allegedly unwanted. We can and we must act.

But Democratic leadership has refused to put my lifesaving legislation, the Born-Alive Survivors Protection Act, on the floor 80 times this Congress. I am grateful that the U.S. Senate voted on the born-alive bill this week and the House must follow suit.

Our constituents must know where we stand. Over 70 percent of Americans who identify as Democrats support this legislation, but their Representatives ignore their voices.

We have learned from medical professionals, including former abortion providers, just how essential born-alive protections are. It breaks my heart to find that we must defend lifesaving care for newborn babies.

This is an incredibly urgent moment for our Nation, Madam Speaker. Over the course of the past year, radical legislators from New York to Illinois to Virginia have moved to strip protections for babies who survive abortions.

I am appalled and saddened that there are prominent American politicians who want to deny babies lifesaving medical care. Thankfully, a similar born-alive bill in Missouri recently advanced just last week, a sign there is broad support for this measure.

Denying lifesaving medical care to America's infants is a violation of our Constitution and an egregious offense against basic human dignity.

Supporting this motion to recommit—which, I will say, the National Right to Life, Susan B. Anthony List, March for Life, Family Research Council, and Concerned Women for America, all are key voting—is the simplest choice any Member of Congress can make.

Do you support babies receiving lifesaving care after they are born, or would you deny these innocent children that care and allow them to be discarded and left to die?

The tragedy of infanticide across our country requires serious and effective legal safeguards, and I thank those who fight on behalf of the most vulnerable who cannot protect themselves.

I implore my colleagues to support this motion to recommit and ensure that no baby is denied lifesaving care.

Mr. WALDEN. Madam Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. BASS. Madam Speaker, I rise in opposition to the motion to recommit.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentlewoman from California is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. BASS. Madam Speaker, I am here to rise in support of the Protecting American Lungs and Reversing the Youth Tobacco Epidemic Act and to speak in opposition to the motion to recommit.

Perry

Posey

Reed

Roby

Peterson

Ratcliffe

Rice (SC)

Riggleman

Reschenthaler

Rodgers (WA)

Roe, David P.

Rogers (AL)

Rogers (KY)

Rutherford

Rouzer

Scalise

Rov

Rose, John W.

I am concerned that some of my colleagues on the other side of the aisle are confused about what the discussion is about today, so I rise in opposition.

The real issue here is about a dying industry that is in need of a new market, a new generation of smokers, because the national movement that fought to protect the health of the public from the adverse consequences of tobacco has successfully reduced smoking and driven the industry overseas to sell its product.

In 1988, California was one of the first States that voted to raise taxes on cigarettes and dedicated some of the revenue to creating statewide antismoking programs and campaigns to help people break addiction to to-bacco.

Public health researchers correctly identified the correlation between the marketing practices of the industry, accessibility of product, and levels of addiction.

Some of you might remember Joe Camel, a cartoon character that made smoking look fun and innocent. Why would an industry whose product was only for adult use use a cartoon character to market its product? After lawsuits, the industry agreed to stop using cartoon imagery.

Before Joe Camel, depending on how old you are, you might remember candy cigarettes. When I was a child, I could buy candy in a package that looked like cigarettes with 20 pieces of candy shaped exactly like a cigarette that we pretended to puff.

California continued to raise taxes on tobacco and passed numerous ordinances to prohibit smoking. You can't smoke in government buildings. You can't smoke even directly outside of government buildings. You can't smoke in restaurants, in parks, or on the beach. You can't even smoke in bars.

Each time when taxes were raised or smoking was prohibited, the industry paid millions of dollars to frighten people. Businesses were going to close; businesses were going to leave California, and we would face a recession.

But what happened? People stopped smoking. Smoking rates in California declined by 55 percent. States and communities around the Nation joined the effort to protect the public's health by taxing cigarettes and reducing where people could smoke.

When smoking rates began to decline in specific populations—more affluent, more middle-class populations—the industry intensified marketing strategies and campaigns in low-income communities of color.

In the 1990s, I ran a community-based program that was funded by tax dollars from cigarette sales. We fought to remove billboards and other advertisements near schools and recreation centers because we understood the industry was losing customers and they needed new smokers. The industry offered to sponsor community events, supported community organizations,

even handed out free cigarettes, all in order to generate goodwill and to undermine the community organizing efforts aimed at reducing the negative health consequences.

Now, there is an entire generation that never experienced a smoking section on an airplane or in a restaurant or, for that matter, ever sat in a committee hearing while Members smoked. The very idea of this seems outrageous today, but like other examples of great change in society, the change in social norms regarding smoking took an organized movement. The legislation we are voting on today is in response to that movement's success.

The industry is greatly diminished and is in search of new markets. The industry is just working on getting a new generation prepared to be addicted to their product, and they found a path in modernistic e-cigarettes and tantalizing flavors like circus and twisted berry.

Young people are being led to believe that smoking e-cigarettes is a safer way to smoke, just like smokers in the 1980s were led to believe that smoking light cigarettes were safer—Marlboro Lights were safer than regular Marlboros.

After years of a decline in smoking, with heavy marketing the last 3 years, high school e-cigarette usage increased 135 percent, and 7 out of 10 youth e-cigarette smokers say they use them because "they come in flavors I like." In fact, e-cigarettes are available in thousands of different flavors.

Cigars are right behind e-cigarettes as the second most popular tobacco product among high school students.

E-cigarettes come in 250 different flavors, including banana smash, strawberry kiwi, and watermelon. There is just no reason that an industry that claims to be for adults would market flavors like bubble gum and cotton candy. The marketing of cigarette flavors is the 2020 version of candy cigarettes and Joe Camel. There is nothing new about this strategy. We cannot and should not be ignorant to history.

While Republicans might use this MTR, for some strange reason, to drive a wedge between our Caucus, we are trying to save lives by passing this bill. I ask my colleagues on both sides of the aisle to oppose this senseless motion to recommit.

Madam Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the previous question is ordered on the motion to recommit.

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to recommit.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the noes appeared to have it.

Mr. WALDEN. Madam Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XX, this 5-minute vote on the motion to recom-

mit will be followed by 5-minute votes on:

Passage of the bill, if ordered; and Agreeing to the Speaker's approval of the Journal, if ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 187, nays 220, not voting 22, as follows:

[Roll No. 77] YEAS—187

Abraham Graves (GA) Aderholt Graves (LA) Allen Graves (MO) Amash Griffith Amodei Grothman Armstrong Guest Arrington Guthrie Hagedorn Babin Bacon Harris Hartzler Baird Balderson Hern, Kevin Banks Herrera Beutler Hice (GA) Barr Bergman Higgins (LA) Riggs Hill (AR) Bilirakis Hollingsworth Bishop (NC) Hudson Bishop (UT) Huizenga Hurd (TX) Bost Brooks (AL) Johnson (LA) Brooks (IN) Johnson (OH) Buchanan Johnson (SD) Jordan Buck Joyce (OH) Bucshon Budd Joyce (PA) Burchett Katko Burgess Keller Kelly (MS) Calvert Carter (GA) Kelly (PA) Carter (TX) King (IA) King (NY) Cheney Kinzinger Kustoff (TN) Cline Cloud LaHood Cole La.Ma.lfa Collins (GA) Lamborn Comer Latta Conaway Lesko Lipinski Cook Crawford Lucas Crenshaw Luetkemever Marshall Curtis Davidson (OH) Mast Davis, Rodney McAdams McCarthy DesJarlais Diaz-Balart McCaul Duncan McClintock McHenry Emmer McKinlev Estes Ferguson Meadows Fitzpatrick Meuser Fleischmann Miller Mitchell Flores Fortenberry Moolenaar Foxx (NC) Mooney (WV) Murphy (NC) Fulcher Gallagher Norman Gianforte Nunes Gibbs Olson Gonzalez (OH) Palazzo Gooden Palmer

Schweikert Scott, Austin Sensenbrenner Shimkus Simpson Smith (MO) Smith (NE) Smith (NJ) Smucker Spano Stauber Stefanik Steil Steube Stewart Stivers Taylor Thompson (PA) Thornberry Timmons Tipton Turner Upton Van Drew Wagner Walberg Walden Walker Walorski Waltz Watkins Weber (TX) Wenstrup Westerman Williams Wilson (SC) Wittman Womack Woodall Wright. Yoho

NAYS-220

Adams Carson (IN) Aguilar Cartwright Allred Case Casten (IL) Axne Barragán Castor (FL) Bass Castro (TX) Beatty Chu, Judy Bera Cicilline Bever Cisneros Blumenauer Clark (MA) Blunt Rochester Clarke (NY) Bonamici Clav Boyle, Brendan Cleaver Cohen F. Brindisi Connolly Brown (MD) Cooper Brownley (CA) Correa Bustos Costa Butterfield Courtney Carbajal Cox (CA)

Craig

Cárdenas

Crist Crow Cunningham Davids (KS) Davis (CA) Davis, Danny K. Dean DeFazio DeGette DeLauro DelBene Delgado Demings DeSaulnier Deutch Dingell Doyle, Michael Engel

Escobar

Eshoo

Young

Zeldin

Payne

Pelosi

Peters

Harder (CA)

Hastings

Hayes

Heck

Himes

Hoyer

Jayapal

Jeffries.

Kaptur

Keating

Khanna

Kildee

Kilmer

Lofgren

Lowey

Luián

Lynch

Matsui

McBath

Meeks

Meng

Moore

Morelle

Nadler

Neguse

Omar

Pallone

Panetta

Pappas

Pascrell

Neal

Kim

Kind

Beatty

Bera

Beyer

Blumenauer

Brown (MD)

Buchanan

Bustos

Case

Carbajal

Cárdenas

Carson (IN)

Cartwright

Casten (IL)

Castor (FL)

Castro (TX)

Chu, Judy

Clark (MA)

Cicilline

Cisneros

Cleaver

Clav

Brownley (CA)

Bonamici

Blunt Rochester

Boyle, Brendan

February	28, 2020
Espaillat	Levin (MI)
Evans	Lieu, Ted
Finkenauer	Loebsack
Fletcher	Lofgren
Foster	Lowenthal
Frankel	Lowey
Fudge	Luján
Gallego	Luria
Garamendi	Lynch
García (IL)	Malinowski
Garcia (TX)	Maloney,
Golden	Carolyn B.
Gomez	Maloney, Sean
Gonzalez (TX)	Matsui
Gottheimer	McBath
Green, Al (TX)	McCollum
Haaland	McEachin
Harder (CA)	McGovern
Hastings	McNerney
Hayes	Meeks
Heck	Meng
Higgins (NY)	Moore
Himes	Morelle
Horn, Kendra S.	Moulton
Horsford	Mucarsel-Powe
Houlahan	Murphy (FL)
Hoyer	Nadler
Huffman	Napolitano
Jackson Lee	Neal
Jayapal	Neguse
Jeffries	Norcross
Johnson (GA)	O'Halleran
Johnson (TX)	Ocasio-Cortez
Kaptur	Omar
Keating	Pallone
Kelly (IL)	Panetta
Kennedy	Pappas
Khanna	Pascrell
Kildee	Payne
Kilmer	Perlmutter
Kim	Peters
Kind	Phillips
Kirkpatrick	Pingree
Krishnamoorthi	Pocan
Kuster (NH)	Porter
Lamb	Pressley
Langevin	Price (NC)
Larsen (WA)	Quigley
Larson (CT)	Raskin
Lawrence	Rice (NY)
Lawson (FL)	Richmond
Lac (CA)	Dogo (NV)

Lee (CA)

Lee (NV)

Levin (CA)

Ruiz Ruppersberger Rush Rvan Sánchez Sarbanes Scanlon Schakowsky Schiff Schneider Schrader Schrier Scott (VA) Scott, David Serrano Sewell (AL) Shalala Sherman Sherrill Slotkin Smith (WA) Soto Spanberger Speier Mucarsel-Powell Stanton Stevens Suozzi Takano Titus Tlaib

Swalwell (CA) Thompson (CA) Thompson (MS) Tonko Torres (CA) Torres Small (NM) Trahan Trone Underwood Vargas Veasey Vela Velázguez Visclosky Wasserman Schultz Waters Watson Coleman Welch Wexton Wild Wilson (FL) Yarmuth

Roybal-Allard NOT VOTING-22

Rose (NY)

Rouda.

Bishop (GA) Gohmert Marchant Brady Granger Massie Byrne Green (TN) Mullin Clyburn Grijalya Rooney (FL) Holding Cuellar Sires Doggett Lewis Webster (FL) Dunn Long

Loudermilk

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). There are 2 minutes remaining.

□ 1201

So the motion to recommit was reiected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. WALDEN. Madam Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 213, nays 195, not voting 22, as follows:

[Roll No. 78]

YEAS-213

Adams Allred Barragán Aguilar Axne Bass

Cohen Connolly Cooper Correa Costa Courtney Cox (CA) Craig Crist Crow Cunningham Davids (KS) Davis (CA) Davis, Danny K. Dean DeFazio DeGette DeLauro DelBene Delgado Demines DeSaulnier Deutch Dingell Doggett Doyle, Michael Engel Escobar Eshoo Espaillat Evans Finkenauer Fitzpatrick Foster Frankel Gallego Garamendi García (IL) Garcia (TX) Gomez Gonzalez (TX) Gottheimer Green, Al (TX)

Haaland

Abraham

Aderholt Allen

Amash

Amodei

Babin

Bacon

Baird

Banks

Barr

Biggs

Armstrong

Arrington

Balderson

Bergman

Bilirakis

Bost Brindisi

Buck

Budd

Bucshon

Burchett

Bishop (NC)

Bishop (UT)

Brooks (AL)

Brooks (IN)

Higgins (NY) Phillins Pingree Horsford Pocan Houlahan Porter Presslev Huffman Price (NC) Jackson Lee Quigley Raskin Rice (NY) Johnson (TX) Rose (NY) Ronda. Roybal-Allard Kelly (IL) Ruiz Kennedy Ruppersberger Rush Ryan Sánchez Sarbanes Scanlon King (NY) Schakowsky Kirkpatrick Schiff Krishnamoorthi Schneider Kuster (NH) Schrader Langevin Schrier Larsen (WA) Scott (VA) Larson (CT) Scott, David Lawrence Serrano Lee (CA) Sewell (AL) Lee (NV) Shalala Levin (CA) Sherman Levin (MI) Sherrill Lieu, Ted Slotkin Lipinski Smith (NJ) Loebsack Smith (WA) Soto Lowenthal Speier Stanton Stevens Suozzi Malinowski Swalwell (CA) Maloney, Takano Carolyn B Thompson (CA) Maloney, Sean Titus Tlaib Tonko McCollum Torres (CA) McGovern Torres Small McNerney (NM) Trahan Trone Underwood Moulton Upton Mucarsel-Powell Vargas Veasey Murphy (FL) Vela. Velázquez Napolitano Visclosky Wasserman Norcross Schultz Waters O'Halleran Watson Coleman Ocasio-Cortez Welch Wexton Wild Wilson (FL) Yarmuth

NAYS-195

Burgess Butterfield Fletcher Flores Calvert Carter (GA) Carter (TX) Foxx (NC) Chabot Fudge Cheney Fulcher Clarke (NY) Gaetz Cline Gallagher Gianforte Cloud Cole Gibbs Collins (GA) Golden Comer Conaway Gooden Cook Gosar Crawford Crenshaw Curtis Davidson (OH) Griffith Davis, Rodney Grothman DesJarlais Guest Diaz-Balart Guthrie Hagedorn Duncan Emmer Harris Estes Hartzler Ferguson

Perlmutter Hudson Jordan Katko Keller LaHood Lamb Latta Lesko Lucas Luria Mast McCaul Brady Byrne Dunn ing.

Fleischmann Fortenberry Gonzalez (OH) Graves (GA) Graves (LA) Graves (MO) Hern, Kevin

Herrera Beutler McEachin Simpson Hice (GA) McHenry Smith (MO) McKinley Higgins (LA) Smith (NE) Hill (AR) Meadows Smucker Hollingsworth Meuser Spanberger Horn, Kendra S. Miller Spano Mitchell Stauber Huizenga Moolenaar Stefanik Hurd (TX) Mooney (WV) Steil Johnson (GA) Newhouse Steube Johnson (LA) Stewart Norman Johnson (OH) Nunes Stivers Johnson (SD) Olson Taylor Thompson (MS) Palazzo Joyce (OH) Palmer. Thompson (PA) Joyce (PA) Pence Thornberry Perry Timmons Peterson Tipton Kelly (MS) Posey Turner Kelly (PA) Ratcliffe Van Drew King (IA) Reed Wagner Walberg Reschenthaler Kinzinger Kustoff (TN) Rice (SC) Walden Richmond Walker LaMalfa Riggleman Walorski Roby Rodgers (WA) Waltz Lamborn Watkins Roe, David P. Weber (TX) Lawson (FL) Rogers (AL) Wenstrup Rogers (KY) Westerman Rose, John W. Williams Luetkemeyer Rouzer Wilson (SC) Wittman Rov Marshall Rutherford Womack Scalise Woodall Schweikert McAdams Wright McCarthy Scott, Austin Yoho Sensenbrenner Young McClintock Shimkus Zeldin

NOT VOTING-

Bishop (GA) Granger Massie Green (TN) Mullin Grijalva Murphy (NC) Clyburn Holding Rooney (FL) Cuellar Lewis Sires Long Webster (FL) Loudermilk Gabbard Gohmert Marchant

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). There are 2 minutes remain-

\Box 1208

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the question on agreeing to the Speaker's approval of the Journal, which the Chair will put de novo.

The question is on the Speaker's approval of the Journal.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal stands approved.

PERMISSION FOR MEMBER TO BE CONSIDERED AS FIRST SPONSOR OF H.R. 497

Mr. KINZINGER. Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that I may hereafter be considered to be the first sponsor of H.R. 497, a bill originally introduced by Representative DUNCAN HUNTER of California, for the purposes of adding cosponsors and requesting reprintings pursuant to clause 7 of rule