

We know why nothing gets done. The public overwhelmingly—the vast majority of Americans, the vast majority of Republicans, the vast majority of gun owners, the majority of NRA members—want to close the loopholes, but the NRA has our Republican colleagues quaking in their boots, and they almost always bow down in obeisance to the NRA. The NRA says: Let us look at the legislation. Then it is so weakened, it virtually does nothing. That is not going to happen this time.

We need a vote on H.R. 8—modest, bipartisan, universal background check legislation. Our Republican colleagues should realize this game they are playing of Pennsylvania Avenue hot potato has become a shopworn strategy to delay and kick responsibility around so Republicans can avoid addressing the tough issue—the issue the American people sent us here to take on.

When Leader MCCONNELL says he is just going to do what President Trump wants—how unreliable. President Trump has been all over the lot on gun safety, with no real results in the 2½ years he has been in office. What lack of leadership. Let's just do it. The public wants us to do it.

What is different this time, my colleagues on the Republican side, is the public is so strongly on the side of what we want to do—closing the loopholes—that people will begin to pay a political price for not doing it. It used to be the equation was the other way, a small, dedicated core of advocates, quite extreme, on the pro-gun side had more weight than the vast majority of the American people who cared about this issue but didn't make it high up on their list. What has changed is this: It is one of the most important issues in the country. That is not I saying it; that is what the average citizen is saying.

The idea now of bowing down to the NRA, of not doing anything they don't want you to do is a political loser. I urge my Republican colleagues, for the sake of our country, for the sake of lives, to change their minds and behave differently.

The fact of the matter is this: The issue of gun violence is not going away, and the American people are not going to settle for half measures or half-baked solutions that the NRA crafts.

While we continue to press the White House to make its position public, we urge Leader MCCONNELL to do something very simple: Let us debate H.R. 8, the bipartisan, House-passed universal background checks bill on the floor ASAP.

CHINA

Mr. President, on China, a report in the Wall Street Journal this morning describes how China will seek to narrow the scope of ongoing negotiations with the United States, hoping to focus on trade alone, leaving national security issues for a separate conversation. Of course, in many cases, these two issues are intertwined and indissoluble. Of course, China and the United States

will invariably disagree about which issue is a trade issue and which issue is a national security issue.

Regardless, this transparent attempt by China to dodge a conversation about its predatory actions against American companies should not stand. China has stolen an entire generation of innovation from the United States. Of course they don't want to talk about this topic, and of course they want to defer this conversation to a day in the future that will never come.

Make no mistake about it, what the Chinese are doing is another effort to protect Huawei and similarly large Chinese corporations from further action in the United States. They don't let our best and biggest corporations sell goods in China. Why should we let them sell goods here, particularly when there is a national security risk as there is in Huawei? My late father-in-law, a New York City cabdriver, used colorful language. He said: Do you know what? When it comes to China, we are not Uncle Sam; we are Uncle Sack. Let's stop that already.

President Trump has shown some strength in this issue, but then he also often backs off. We have to be tough on Huawei—very tough on Huawei. That is the best way to teach China that they can't sell whatever they want here in America and not let us sell in China.

I have a concise and pointed request to the White House this morning: Tell China to forget about it. Don't let China exclude our Nation's security and Huawei from the negotiations.

Let me remind President Trump and his advisors that over the past several years, China has endeavored to keep our blue-chip technology companies out of its markets. When it does allow American companies access, it makes the transfer of proprietary intellectual property and technology to Chinese companies a precondition. When American companies don't play by their rules, Chinese companies steal the technology.

President Trump, you have been tougher on China than President Bush or Obama. I give you some credit for that, but it will all come to naught unless we actually take action. Don't let Huawei sell here. Don't let Huawei get the components made in America they need to continue to threaten both our economic and national security.

If China keeps American companies out, we should keep important Chinese companies out, particularly those like Huawei, until China relents. They will if we stay strong and if we stay tough.

President Trump, stay strong on China and on Huawei.

E-CIGARETTES

Mr. President, finally, on some praise for the Trump administration, I don't do it that often, but when it is due it is due. Yesterday, the Federal Drug Administration announced that it plans to pull most flavored e-cigarettes from the market. I have been concerned about the possible danger of e-cigarettes for a long time. I have been one

of the first to bring attention to the fact that the e-cigarette manufacturers aim at kids with both flavors and advertising. I have called for greater scrutiny, asked companies to recall brands of e-cigarettes where the parts are exploding, and have particularly focused on getting the FDA to ban e-cigarettes with flavors that are designed to appeal to teenagers and young kids.

I had several conversations and meetings with FDA Commissioner Scott Gottlieb about this issue. In fact, I brought him some kids from high school in Westchester who said that e-cigarettes were hurting their school and that so many kids were involved. I think it made a good impression—a strong impression—on former Commissioner Scott Gottlieb.

We take wide-ranging steps to prevent tobacco companies from targeting underage children in their markets but so far have done little to prevent e-cigarettes from executing basically the same strategy. It is past time the FDA moved to take these kid-friendly products off the shelves, and I commend the FDA's announcement that it plans to take action.

I yield the floor.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Ohio.

Mr. PORTMAN. Mr. President, I appreciate what the Democratic leader just said about the flavored e-cigarettes, and I, too, commended the Trump administration yesterday for taking this action. It is a big deal in our high schools in Ohio and in other venues as well, and this will help to keep a lot of young people from engaging in this, which is bad for their health. Certainly, just like cigarette smoke, it also leads to addictions. I commend him for that.

The Democratic leader also talked about the fact that President Trump has been tougher on China than any previous President in modern times, certainly, and that is also true. Let's all hope the Chinese Government comes to the table in the next few weeks, as they get back to their discussions, ready to actually address some of these issues, particularly, the issue of their subsidies, which are contrary to our laws, but also the international rules, the technology transfer, and the taking of our intellectual property. These are changes in the structure of our trade relationship that are required for us to get to that level playing field that all of us should want.

I also agree about the notion that we should have more reciprocity. If they are keeping our stuff out, we should be able to respond in kind. Ultimately, we all want a resolution to this issue. We want the tariffs to be eliminated, but we want to do it on a basis where there is actually fair trade between our two countries.

With regard to the appropriations process, I, too, am hopeful we can get something done here on a bipartisan basis. The Democratic leader suggested

we might end up with a government shutdown. We should never end up with a government shutdown. It is terrible policy. It hurts government workers. It is bad for taxpayers.

We will be issuing a report from the Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations tomorrow in this regard to show how the last three government shutdowns have resulted in tremendous pain, not just to those who get furloughed and those who work without pay but also to the taxpayer, and they are fairly inefficient. Let's not even talk about a government shutdown. Why are we going down this road?

OHIO

Mr. President, in the Senate, this is the first week back in session after what is called the August work period. Today, I want to talk a little bit about my travels around the State of Ohio over the August district work period and talk about what I learned that can help inform us here as to what we can do better in the Congress to help on issues that are important to people I represent in Ohio.

One that was striking for me, and it has been for the last several years, is workforce needs. There aren't enough workers to fill the jobs that are out there. What a great opportunity it is for people to come in out of the shadows and get to work, but also what a necessity it is now for our economy to have these workers. I learned a lot about that and heard a lot about that.

The changing drug crisis. We in Ohio have been hit hard with the opioid crisis, but it is evolving, as always. There is fentanyl, which is a synthetic form of opioids, but now crystal meth is much more powerful and cheaper than ever and is coming in from Mexico, and we need to be responsive to that change.

Challenges in Ag country. Our farmers are hurting. Low prices the last few years have been compounded by terrible weather this year. It was the worst planting in my memory in Ohio. A lot of crops didn't get in at all. Of those that did, about half of them are not in good shape. This is tough on our farmers.

Ways to do a better job in protecting Lake Erie. This is a huge issue for us in Ohio. It is our No. 1 tourist attraction, and it is an incredible source of income in jobs. We have about a \$6 billion fishing industry now in the Great Lakes. The most important lake of all is Lake Erie. As an example, several million people get their drinking water from Lake Erie. I learned a lot about that over the break.

Then, also, there is the importance of our military having the support they need. I went to our military bases around the State and learned about what we can do to help them more, and also I got the opportunity to visit two of our NASA centers in Ohio. One of the 10 NASA research centers is in Cleveland, OH, NASA Glenn. There is Plum Brook Station, where we test equipment heading to the Moon soon.

That was very helpful to understand better about how we can be providing steady funding in the Congress so that we can indeed fulfill our missions that we have always had here in this country, which is to push beyond the bounds and, in this case, to go back to the Moon and have the first woman on the Moon and, then, eventually, to go to Mars and the benefits of that.

It was a busy month. I traveled to 39 different counties in Ohio over the last several weeks and more than 4,000 miles in my pickup truck, which now has over 180,000 miles on it, traveling around our State and to 75 different events.

When I began my second term representing Ohio in 2017, I made it a goal of mine to visit all 88 counties in Ohio during this term. I am happy to report that just during August we achieved that goal. A few years early, we hit all 88 counties. We will continue to go around our State and to see people in every part of our State, hear them out, and, again, to know what the best thing is to do in Congress to be able to help them and their families and to help our State.

I also traveled by train and by ferry in Lake Erie, by bike on charity bike rides, and even by kayak on the Cuyahoga River, to meet with constituents about how Washington can be a better partner for them and their families. I met with a lot of small businesses, and I talked to them about how they are doing. The tax reform and the regulatory relief has really helped, and this is why we have a stronger economy now than anybody projected. It is why we have more jobs being created. It is why we have wages going up for the first time in a decade in Ohio.

Last month, we actually had nationally wage increases of 3.5 percent year to year, well above inflation. That is a welcomed change. Really, in Ohio, after about a decade and half of flat wages and not keeping up with inflation and people feeling like they are working hard and playing by the rules but they couldn't get ahead, now you finally see wages going up. The biggest increases are among lower income and middle-income workers. That is exactly what you want.

I am happy to report that, and I am happy to report that small business owners in Ohio are happy that it is working for them because they expanded their plants and their operations and they hired more people.

What I did hear consistently from employers at every level—and for that matter, from hospitals and nonprofits and from State and local government—is one thing: workforce. They don't have enough qualified workers to fill the jobs they have. Again, it is a great opportunity to bring people off the sidelines—people who are not applying for work, not looking for work—and to raise labor force participation, which economists say is relatively low, and bring them off the sidelines. We also need these people to be able to meet our economic needs.

If you go on OhioMeansJobs.com, this morning, in that website you will see about 150,000 jobs being advertised—150,000 open jobs. When you look at those jobs, a lot of them require skills. They are not the kind of skills you get from a college degree but the kind of skills you achieve somewhere between high school and college—things like welding, machining, coding, other IT jobs, techs for hospitals, and truckdrivers. These jobs are open right now in Ohio. Economists call these jobs “skilled jobs” but, again, they are the kind of jobs that you can get the skills from in short-term training programs.

I have been a big fan of improving those skills, and we have made some progress here. We started a caucus called the Career and Technical Caucus. I am the cochair and cofounder of that. It is to focus on these practical, hands-on, skills-training for jobs that can help us to be able to fill this need.

The openings we have in Ohio are also all around the country. I was pleased that recently the President signed my Educating Tomorrow's Workforce Act into law, which allows States and localities to use Perkins grant funding to establish these career and technical education academies at the high school level, but we need to do more.

One that would really help is if we could pass what is called the JOBS Act. It is legislation I have introduced consistently with Senator TIM KAINE from Virginia. It is really very simple. It says we ought to be able to use Pell grants not just for college but also for these shorter term training programs. In fact, they are much more relevant to what we need right now.

Sadly, most people who get a Pell grant to go to college don't end up with a college degree. I support Pell grants in colleges and universities. It is an important way for lower income students to get access to education. But why not allow those same students to get a shorter term training program under their belt? Right now they can't afford it. If you want to get a welding degree to get an industry-recognized credential to become a welder in Ohio, you can get a job right away—a good-paying job with good benefits. Yet it is costly to go through that program. They are less than 15 weeks. So they don't qualify for Pell.

A student is told: You can go to college and get a history degree, but you can't get a welding certificate and use a Pell grant. That is just wrong. It is unfair. I heard the same thing again and again at visits I made to community colleges around Ohio over August and visits I made to career and technical schools around Ohio, which is why they want the JOBS Act, and they want it now because they know it will help them.

I heard from one student at a welding program at a CTE school who told me she wanted to get an advanced welding certificate so she could get a great job. She knows exactly what she wants to