

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I move that the Committee do now rise.

The motion was agreed to.

Accordingly, the Committee rose; and the Speaker pro tempore (Ms. DEGETTE) having assumed the chair, Ms. SHALALA, Acting Chair of the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union, reported that that Committee, having had under consideration the bill (H.R. 3351) making appropriations for financial services and general government for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020, and for other purposes, had come to no resolution thereon.

EMERGENCY SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE AND SECURITY AT THE SOUTHERN BORDER ACT, 2019

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 1(c) of rule XIX, further consideration of the bill (H.R. 3401) making emergency supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019, and for other purposes, will now resume.

The Clerk will report the title of the bill.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT

Mr. RUTHERFORD. Madam Speaker, I have a motion to recommit at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is the gentleman opposed to the bill?

Mr. RUTHERFORD. I am in its current form.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the motion to recommit.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. Rutherford of Florida moves to recommit the bill H.R. 3401 to the Committee on Appropriations with instructions to report the same back to the House forthwith with the following amendment:

Page 4, line 11, after the first dollar amount, insert "increased by \$64,621,000".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Florida is recognized for 5 minutes in support of his motion.

Mr. RUTHERFORD. Madam Speaker, my motion is very simple. I propose to add \$64 million to the operations and support account for Immigration and Customs Enforcement for basic pay and overtime, bringing the total for pay up to the President's request.

Immigration and Customs Enforcement is a law enforcement organization with a legislative mandate to uphold the laws of this country. Officers at the border are tasked with transporting families from the intake facilities and moving kids out of DHS custody and into HHS children's care sites.

Further, Immigration and Customs Enforcement is working to combat human trafficking at our border. Over the past 2 months, enforcement officers

uncovered 735 fraudulent documented fake families.

These traffickers are exploiting our laws and forcing our children to make this dangerous journey north in hopes that they will be released into our country.

ICE plays a vital role in stopping trafficking and punishing those who traffic in innocent children. I suggest if the majority truly cares about these children, vote "yes" on this amendment to give ICE the resources and the pay to stop human traffickers.

Madam Speaker, I have been to the border and I have seen the hard work that these officers do. Officers are working overtime to process the record number of migrants trying to enter through our southern border. However, Madam Speaker, this bill does not fairly compensate ICE officers for their additional hard work going after human traffickers, and I ask Members to vote "yes" for the children, for the children, for the children.

As a lifetime law enforcement officer, not paying these officers for their work is unacceptable. We would never treat our local law enforcement officers like this back home. These hard-working men and women should not be punished by the partisan politics in Washington.

Madam Speaker, we are asking those on the ground to do a job, and this Congress has a responsibility to compensate them. I urge my colleagues to support this motion and vote "yes" to pay our Federal law enforcement officers for the work they do each and every day keeping this country safe.

Madam Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. ESCOBAR. Madam Speaker, I rise in opposition to this motion to recommit.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from Texas is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. ESCOBAR. Madam Speaker, I oppose this motion to recommit because, as written, this motion to recommit would mean that Congress would have absolutely no say over how this money would be used, and we know full well that, without restraint, this administration uses funding for cruelty and chaos.

Madam Speaker, I invite my colleagues to focus on the issues at hand: children, sleeping on concrete floors; children, some as young as 8 years old, caring for infants; a toddler, 22 months old, soiled and without a diaper; an outbreak of lice and the flu. This is not a description of a developing nation. This is happening today, on our watch, in the United States of America, to children. It is happening in El Paso, Texas, on the border, our new Ellis Island.

There is no doubt, Madam Speaker, that the increasing number of families have presented a challenge at our front door. There is no doubt that the most vulnerable among us, especially those children in U.S. custody, are suffering

in misery. But there is also no doubt that draconian hard-line policies, focused on detention only, have turned this challenge into a crisis.

We must do something, and we must do something now. And today, we can. Today, we can vote on a border supplemental that allows processing facilities to buy things like food, water, and blankets. It boosts funding for legal assistance for migrants. It funds the necessary work of stabilizing Central America in an effort to address the root cause of migration. It gives Congress the tools for more oversight over facilities like those in Clint, Texas, which have shocked the Nation. It helps ease the burden on overwhelmed Border Patrol agents and Customs officers, who will be one step closer to getting back to the job that they were trained to do. It reimburses communities and nonprofits that have shouldered the burden for too long. And it provides badly needed funding to HHS: money to get those children out of those facilities and into more humane care.

I can assure you, gentlemen, this is not a laughing matter for this side of the House.

And thanks to appropriators who know how concerned we are about these hard-line policies that turn a challenge into a crisis. They have placed guardrails in this bill, unlike this motion to recommit, in order to prohibit funding from going to any activity not prescribed by Congress, like conducting immigration raids that terrorize our communities.

Will this appropriations bill solve every problem or address every concern? Of course, it won't.

Do we have much work to do? Of course, we do. And many of us have pieces of legislation and reform that we would love for you to join us in working on.

But today, this vote is not about solving every single problem, nor can it be.

Vote "no" on this motion to recommit and vote "yes" on the supplemental.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the previous question is ordered on the motion to recommit.

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to recommit.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the noes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Mr. RUTHERFORD. Madam Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XX, this 5-minute vote on the motion to recommit will be followed by 5-minute votes on:

Passage of the bill; and Agreeing to the Speaker's approval of the Journal, if ordered.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 205, noes 218, not voting 9, as follows:

[Roll No. 413]

AYES—205

Aderholt Gooden Norman
 Allen Gosar Nunes
 Amodei Gottheimer Olson
 Armstrong Granger Palazzo
 Arrington Graves (GA) Palmer
 Axne Graves (LA) Pence
 Babin Graves (MO) Perry
 Bacon Green (TN) Posey
 Baird Griffith Ratcliffe
 Balderson Grothman Reed
 Banks Guest Reschenthaler
 Barr Guthrie Rice (SC)
 Bergman Hagedorn Rigglesman
 Biggs Harris Roby
 Bilirakis Hartzler Rodgers (WA)
 Bishop (UT) Hern, Kevin Roe, David P.
 Bost Herrera Beutler Rogers (AL)
 Brady Hice (GA) Rogers (KY)
 Brindisi Higgins (LA) Rose, John W.
 Brooks (AL) Hill (AR) Rouzer
 Brooks (IN) Holding Roy
 Buchanan Hollingsworth Rutherford
 Buck Horn, Kendra S. Scalise
 Bucshon Hudson Schweikert
 Budd Huizenga Scott, Austin
 Burchett Hunter Sensenbrenner
 Burgess Hurd (TX) Shimkus
 Byrne Johnson (LA) Simpson
 Calvert Johnson (OH) Smith (MO)
 Carter (GA) Johnson (SD) Smith (NE)
 Carter (TX) Jordan Smith (NJ)
 Chabot Joyce (OH) Smucker
 Cheney Joyce (PA) Spanberger
 Cline Katko Spano
 Cloud Keller Stauber
 Cole Kelly (MS) Stefanik
 Collins (GA) Kelly (PA) Steil
 Collins (NY) King (IA) Steube
 Comer King (NY) Stewart
 Conaway Kinzinger Stivers
 Cook Kustoff (TN) Taylor
 Crawford LaHood Thompson (PA)
 Crenshaw Lamb Timmons
 Cunningham Lamborn Tipton
 Curtis Latta Lesko
 Davidson (OH) Lesko Turner
 Davis, Rodney Loeb sack
 DesJarlais Long Upton
 Diaz-Balart Loudermilk
 Duffy Luetkemeyer Wagner
 Duncan Luria Walberg
 Dunn Marchant Walden
 Emmer Marshall Walker
 Estes Massie Walorski
 Ferguson Mast Waltz
 Finkenauer Mc Bath Watkins
 Fitzpatrick McCarthy Weber (TX)
 Fleischmann McCaul Webster (FL)
 Flores McClintock Wenstrup
 Fortenberry McHenry Westerman
 Foxx (NC) McKinley Williams
 Fulcher Meadows Wilson (SC)
 Gaetz Meuser Wittman
 Gallagher Miller Womack
 Gianforte Mitchell Woodall
 Gibbs Moolenaar Wright
 Gohmert Mooney (WV) Yoho
 Golden Mullin Young
 Gonzalez (OH) Newhouse Zeldin

NOES—218

Adams Castor (FL) Dean
 Aguilar Castro (TX) DeFazio
 Allred Chu, Judy DeGette
 Amash Cicilline DeLauro
 Barragán Cisneros DelBene
 Bass Clark (MA) Delgado
 Beatty Clarke (NY) Demings
 Bera Clay DeSaulnier
 Beyer Deutch
 Bishop (GA) Clyburn Dingell
 Blumenauer Cohen Doggett
 Blunt Rochester Connolly
 Bonamici Cooper Doyle, Michael
 Boyle, Brendan Correa F.
 F. Costa Engel
 Brown (MD) Courtney Eshoo
 Brownley (CA) Cox (CA) Espallat
 Bustos Craig Evans
 Butterfield Crist Fletcher
 Carbajal Crow Foster
 Cárdenas Cuellar Frankel
 Carson (IN) Cummings Fudge
 Cartwright Davids (KS) Gallego
 Case Davis (CA) Garamendi
 Casten (IL) Davis, Danny K. García (IL)

Garcia (TX) Lynch
 Gomez Malinowski
 Gonzalez (TX) Maloney,
 Green, Al (TX) Carolyn B.
 Grijalva Maloney, Sean
 Haaland Matsui
 Harder (CA) McAdams
 Hastings McCollum
 Hayes McEachin
 Heck McGovern
 Higgins (NY) McNeerney
 Hill (CA) Meng
 Himes Moore
 Horsford Morelle
 Houlihan Moulton
 Hoyer Mucarsel-Powell
 Huffman Murphy
 Jackson Lee Nadler
 Jayapal Napolitano
 Jeffries Neal
 Johnson (GA) Neguse
 Johnson (TX) Norcross
 Kaptur O'Halloran
 Keating Ocasio-Cortez
 Kelly (IL) Omar
 Kennedy Pallone
 Khanna Panetta
 Kildee Pappas
 Kilmer Pascarell
 Kim Payne
 Kind Perlmutter
 Kirkpatrick Peters
 Krishnamoorthi Peterson
 Kuster (NH) Phillips
 Langevin Pingree
 Larsen (WA) Pocan
 Larson (CT) Porter
 Lawrence Pressley
 Lawson (FL) Price (NC)
 Lee (CA) Quigley
 Lee (NV) Raskin
 Levin (CA) Rice (NY)
 Levin (MI) Richmond
 Lewis Rose (NY)
 Lieu, Ted Rouda
 Lipinski Roybal-Allard
 Lofgren Ruiz
 Lowenthal Ruppersberger
 Luján Rush
 Sánchez

NOT VOTING—9

Abraham Lucas
 Gabbard Meeks
 LaMalfa Rooney (FL)

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). There are 2 minutes remaining.

□ 2141

So the motion to recommit was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

Pursuant to clause 10 of rule XX, the yeas and nays are ordered.

This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 230, nays 195, not voting 8, as follows:

[Roll No. 414]

YEAS—230

Adams Brownley (CA) Cleaver
 Aguilar Bustos Clyburn
 Allred Butterfield Cohen
 Axne Carbajal Connolly
 Barragán Cárdenas Cooper
 Bass Carson (IN) Correa
 Beatty Cartwright Costa
 Bera Case Courtney
 Beyer Casten (IL) Cox (CA)
 Bishop (GA) Castor (FL) Craig
 Blumenauer Castro (TX) Crist
 Blunt Rochester Chu, Judy Crow
 Bonamici Cicilline Cuellar
 Boyle, Brendan Cisneros Cummings
 F. Clark (MA) Cunningham
 Brindisi Clarke (NY) Davids (KS)
 Brown (MD) Clay Davis (CA)

Davis, Danny K. Kind
 Dean Kirkpatrick
 DeFazio Krishnamoorthi
 DeGette Kuster (NH)
 DeLauro Lamb
 DelBene Langevin
 Delgado Larsen (WA)
 Demings Larson (CT)
 DeSaulnier Lawrence
 Deutch Lawson (FL)
 Dingell Lee (CA)
 Doggett Lee (NV)
 Doyle, Michael F. Levin (CA)
 Engel Lewis
 Escobar Lieu, Ted
 Eshoo Lipinski
 Espallat Loeb sack
 Evans Lofgren
 Finkenauer Lowenthal
 Fitzpatrick Lowey
 Fletcher Luján
 Foster Luria
 Frankel Lynch
 Fudge Malinowski
 Gallego Maloney,
 Garamendi Carolyn B.
 García (IL) Maloney, Sean
 Matsui
 Golden McAdams
 Gomez Mc Bath
 Gonzalez (TX) McCollum
 Gottheimer McEachin
 Green, Al (TX) McGovern
 Grijalva McNerney
 Haaland Meng
 Harder (CA) Moore
 Hastings Morelle
 Hayes Moulton
 Heck Mucarsel-Powell
 Higgins (NY) Murphy
 Hill (CA) Nadler
 Himes Napolitano
 Horn, Kendra S. Neal
 Horsford Neguse
 Houlihan Norcross
 Hoyer O'Halloran
 Huffman Pallone
 Hurd (TX) Panetta
 Jackson Lee Pappas
 Jayapal Pascarell
 Jeffries Payne
 Johnson (GA) Pelosi
 Johnson (TX) Perlmutter
 Kaptur Peters
 Keating Peterson
 Kelly (IL) Phillips
 Kennedy Pingree
 Khanna Pocan
 Kildee Porter
 Kilmer Price (NC)
 Kim Quigley

NAYS—195

Aderholt Collins (GA)
 Allen Collins (NY)
 Amash Comer
 Amodei Conaway
 Armstrong Cook
 Arrington Crawford
 Babin Crenshaw
 Bacon Curtis
 Baird Davidson (OH)
 Balderson Davis, Rodney
 Banks DesJarlais
 Barr Diaz-Balart
 Bergman Duffy
 Biggs Duncan
 Bilirakis Dunn
 Bishop (UT) Emmer
 Bost Estes
 Brady Ferguson
 Brooks (AL) Fleischmann
 Brooks (IN) Flores
 Buchanan Fortenberry
 Buck Foxx (NC)
 Bucshon Fulcher
 Budd Gaetz
 Burchett Gallagher
 Burgess Gianforte
 Byrne Gibbs
 Calvert Gohmert
 Carter (GA) Gonzalez (OH)
 Carter (TX) Gooden
 Chabot Gosar
 Cheney Granger
 Cline Graves (GA)
 Cloud Graves (LA)
 Cole Graves (MO)

Green (TN)
 Griffith
 Grothman
 Guest
 Guthrie
 Hagedorn
 Harris
 Hartzler
 Hern, Kevin
 Herrera Beutler
 Hice (GA)
 Higgins (LA)
 Hill (AR)
 Holding
 Hollingsworth
 Hudson
 Huizenga
 Hunter
 Johnson (LA)
 Johnson (OH)
 Johnson (SD)
 Jordan
 Joyce (OH)
 Joyce (PA)
 Katko
 Keller
 Kelly (MS)
 Kelly (PA)
 King (IA)
 King (NY)
 Kinzinger
 Kustoff (TN)
 LaHood
 LaMalfa
 Lamborn

Latta	Perry	Steube
Lesko	Posey	Stewart
Long	Pressley	Stivers
Loudermilk	Ratcliffe	Taylor
Luetkemeyer	Reed	Thompson (PA)
Marchant	Reschenthaler	Timmons
Marshall	Rice (SC)	Tipton
Massie	Riggleman	Tlaib
Mast	Roby	Turner
McCarthy	Rodgers (WA)	Upton
McCaul	Roe, David P.	Wagner
McClintock	Rogers (AL)	Walberg
McHenry	Rogers (KY)	Walden
McKinley	Rose, John W.	Walker
Meadows	Rouzer	Walorski
Meuser	Roy	Waltz
Miller	Rutherford	Watkins
Mitchell	Scalise	Weber (TX)
Moolenaar	Schweikert	Webster (FL)
Mooney (WV)	Scott, Austin	Wenstrup
Mullin	Sensenbrenner	Westerman
Newhouse	Shimkus	Williams
Norman	Simpson	Wilson (SC)
Nunes	Smith (MO)	Wittman
Ocasio-Cortez	Smith (NE)	Womack
Olson	Smucker	Woodall
Omar	Spano	Wright
Palazzo	Stauber	Yoho
Palmer	Stefanik	Young
Pence	Steil	Zeldin

NOT VOTING—8

Abraham	Meeks	Swalwell (CA)
Gabbard	Rooney (FL)	Thornberry
Lucas	Ryan	

□ 2147

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the question on agreeing to the Speaker's approval of the Journal, which the Chair will put de novo.

The question is on the Speaker's approval of the Journal.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal stands approved.

HURRICANE SEASON

(Mr. PAYNE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PAYNE. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to discuss the importance of hurricane and disaster preparedness.

This month of June marks the start of hurricane season. Each year, there are around 12 named storms; 6 of them are hurricanes, 3 of those are major hurricanes.

Even as far as my district in New Jersey, hurricanes and other tropical weather events can be destructive. Superstorm Sandy hit New Jersey in 2012, and we are still feeling the effects.

With the hurricane season upon us, it is important to remind our constituents to be prepared. Every family should know whether they are in an area that has the potential to be affected by a hurricane.

Every family should have an evacuation plan as well as a plan for sheltering in place. Every family should keep a list of important phone num-

bers, and keep vital records and documents safe and with them. And most importantly, every family should listen closely to their local officials and follow their instructions.

Mr. Speaker, we can help educate constituents about hurricane preparedness, and in the process, save lives.

BLUE GRASS ARMY DEPOT

(Mr. BARR asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. BARR. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to speak on behalf of my constituents at the Blue Grass Army Depot in Richmond, Kentucky.

Established as an ammunition and general supply storage depot in 1941, the Blue Grass Army Depot is now one of two remaining Army installations in the United States that stores and destroys chemical weapons.

The important work of the employees at the depot ensures America's worthy task of destroying our chemical weapons stockpiles and making good on our commitment to the Chemical Weapons Convention.

I am proud that operations to get rid of these stockpiles began earlier this month, a process that will result in the destruction of thousands of chemical rockets and projectiles over the next several years.

This vital task could not be achieved without the support and input of members of the Madison County community who serve on the Kentucky Chemical Demilitarization Citizens' Advisory Commission.

I want to personally thank community leaders like Craig Williams—who has literally worked for decades on the safe destruction of these chemical weapons—and County Judge Executive Reagan Taylor, who have continually advocated for the safety of their community and have made an enormous impact on the operations of the depot.

I look forward to seeing my district continue to set the international standard for chemical demilitarization.

SUICIDE AND MENTAL HEALTH CHALLENGES

(Ms. WILD asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. WILD. Mr. Speaker, as some are aware, today marks the 1-month anniversary of the death of my beloved life partner, Kerry Acker. What most people don't know is that Kerry's death was a suicide.

Kerry was 63 years old. He shouldn't have had a care in the world. He was financially secure and had a warm, loving family and dozens of friends. He loved them all. And yet, incomprehensibly, he seemingly did not grasp the toll his absence would have on those who loved him.

Why am I sharing this very personal story? Because we all need to recognize

that mental health issues know no boundaries. I do not want anyone else to suffer as he suffered, nor for any family to suffer as mine has over the past month.

This is a national emergency. In 2017, there were more than 47,000 suicides in this country and more than 1.4 million suicide attempts. Across our country, suicides rose by 30 percent between 1999 and 2018.

Beyond these numbers are grieving partners and spouses, parents and children, siblings, friends, and relatives. Every community in our country has been touched in some way by major mental health challenges.

Removing the stigma cannot just be a slogan. We need to make it real through our actions. That means building a future where people truly understand that they should feel no more shame over seeking treatment for this disease than they would seeking treatment for any other disease or medical condition.

To anyone out there who is struggling, I am urging you to reach out. There are people who love you and who will suffer more than you know if they lose you. Help is available 24/7 through 911 or the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline, 1-800-273-TALK.

To anyone who is concerned about someone in their life, please pick up the phone or take that drive to go see them. Don't wait.

□ 2200

RECOGNIZING THE LEGACY OF JAMES BOGGS

(Ms. TLAIB asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. TLAIB. Mr. Speaker, it is with great pride and respect that I recognize the legacy of James Boggs, a worker and activist who played a pivotal role in labor organizing and the civil rights movement in the city of Detroit.

James Boggs was born in Alabama in 1919. He eventually moved to Detroit where he became an auto worker. Active in his worker's union, Mr. Boggs was passionate about the political issues facing workers and African Americans. His experiences and increasing interest in far-left philosophies inspired him to pen "The American Revolution: Pages from a Negro Worker's Notebook," his most well-known work.

Mr. Boggs married Grace Lee in 1953. Their influence as a couple and individually had tremendous impact on the organizing community, drawing influence from global history and observations of the everyday struggles of people.

Together, the Boggs' grassroots efforts to uplift voices of community members resulted in their founding of a summer leadership program. That legacy and that program lives on in The James and Grace Lee Boggs School in Detroit.