In the 19th whereas clause of the preamble, strike ", which" and all that follows through "United States".

AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

Mr. PERDUE. Mr. President, I have 5 requests for committees to meet during today's session of the Senate. They have the approval of the Majority and Minority leaders.

Pursuant to rule XXVI, paragraph 5(a), of the Standing Rules of the Senate, the following committees are authorized to meet during today's session of the Senate:

COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

The Committee on Armed Services is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Tuesday, December 11, 2018, at 2:30 p.m., to conduct a hearing on Chinese and Russian naval activities

COMMITTEE ON BANKING, HOUSING, AND URBAN AFFAIRS

The Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Tuesday, December 11, 2018, at 10 a.m., to conduct a hearing entitled "Oversight of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission."

COMMITTEE ON BANKING, HOUSING, AND URBAN AFFAIRS

The Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Tuesday, December 11, 2018, at 10 a.m., to conduct a hearing entitled "Oversight of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission."

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

The Committee on Finance is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Tuesday, December 11, 2018, at 10 a.m., to conduct a hearing on the nomination of Courtney Dunbar Jones, of Virginia, to be a Judge of the United States Tax Court.

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

The Committee on the Judiciary is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Tuesday, December 11, 2018, at 10 a.m., to conduct a hearing entitled "Oversight of the U.S. Customs and Border Protection."

PRIVILEGES OF THE FLOOR

Ms. HEITKAMP. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Jon Cheatwood and Allison Tinsey, both fellows in my office, and Dean Williams, detailee on my Homeland Subcommittee, be granted floor privileges for the duration of today's session of the Senate.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Ms. STABENOW. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Riya Mehta, a fellow, and Lindsay White, a detailee, on the minority staff on the Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry Committee be granted floor privileges for the duration of the Congress.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Ms. MURKOWSKI. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that privileges of the floor be granted to my military fellow, Juan Ramirez, for the remainder of his fellowship, through June of 2019.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

INTERSTATE TRANSPORT ACT OF 2017

Mr. PERDUE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of Calendar No. 560, S. 1092.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the bill by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (S. 1092) to protect the right of lawabiding citizens to transport knives interstate, notwithstanding a patchwork of local and State prohibitions.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill, which had been reported from the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, with an amendment to strike all after the enacting clause and insert in lieu thereof the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Interstate Transport Act of 2018".

SEC. 2. INTERSTATE TRANSPORTATION OF KNIVES.

- (a) Definition.—In this Act, the term "transport"—
- (1) includes staying in temporary lodging overnight, common carrier misrouting or delays, stops for food, fuel, vehicle maintenance, emergencies, medical treatment, and any other activity related to the journey of a person; and
- (2) does not include transport of a knife with the intent to commit an offense punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding 1 year involving the use or threatened use of force against another person, or with knowledge, or reasonable cause to believe, that such an offense is to be committed in the course of, or arising from, the journey.
 - (b) TRANSPORT OF KNIVES.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of any law or any rule or regulation of a State or any political subdivision thereof, a person who is not otherwise prohibited by any Federal law from possessing, transporting, shipping, or receiving a knife shall be entitled to transport a knife for any lawful purpose from any place where the person may lawfully possess, carry, or transport the knife to any other place where the person may lawfully possess, carry, or transport the knife if—
- (A) in the case of transport by motor vehicle— (i) the knife is not directly accessible from the passenger compartment of the motor vehicle; or
- (ii) in the case of a motor vehicle without a compartment separate from the passenger compartment, is contained in a locked container other than the glove compartment or console; and
- (B) in the case of transport by means other than a motor vehicle, including any transport over land or on or through water, the knife is contained in a locked container.
- (2) LIMITATION.—This subsection shall not apply to the transport of a knife or tool in the cabin of a passenger aircraft subject to the rules and regulations of the Transportation Security Administration.
 - (c) EMERGENCY KNIVES.—
 - (1) IN GENERAL.—A person—

- (A) may carry in the passenger compartment of a mode of transportation a knife or tool—
- (i) the blades of which consist only of a blunt tipped safety blade, a guarded blade, or both; and
- (ii) that is specifically designed for enabling escape in an emergency by cutting safety belts; and
- (B) shall not be required to secure a knife or tool described in subparagraph (A) in a locked container.
- (2) LIMITATION.—This subsection shall not apply to the transport of a knife or tool in the cabin of a passenger aircraft subject to the rules and regulations of the Transportation Security Administration
- (d) No Arrest or Detention.—A person who is transporting a knife in compliance with this section may not be arrested or otherwise detained for violation of any law, rule, or regulation of a State or political subdivision of a State related to the possession, transport, or carrying of a knife, unless there is probable cause to believe that the person is not in compliance with subsection (h).
- (e) CLAIM OR DEFENSE.—A person may assert this section as a claim or defense in a civil or criminal action or proceeding. When a person asserts this section as a claim or defense in a criminal proceeding, the State or political subdivision shall have the burden of proving, beyond a reasonable doubt, that the person was not in compliance with subsection (b).
- (f) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit any right to possess, carry, or transport a knife under applicable State law.

Mr. PERDUE. I ask unanimous consent that the committee-reported substitute amendment be withdrawn and that the Thune substitute amendment at the desk be agreed to; that the bill, as amended, be considered read a third time and passed; and that the motion to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The committee-reported amendment in the nature of a substitute was withdrawn

The amendment (No. 4073) in the nature of a substitute was agreed to, as follows:

(Purpose: In the nature of a substitute)

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Interstate Transport Act of 2018".

SEC. 2. INTERSTATE TRANSPORTATION OF KNIVES.

- (a) DEFINITION.—In this Act, the term "transport"—
- (1) includes staying in temporary lodging overnight, common carrier misrouting or delays, stops for food, fuel, vehicle maintenance, emergencies, or medical treatment, and any other activity related to the journey of a person; and
- (2) does not include transport of a knife with the intent to commit an offense punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding 1 year involving the use or threatened use of force against another person, or with knowledge, or reasonable cause to believe, that such an offense is to be committed in the course of, or arising from, the journey.
 - (b) Transport of Knives.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of any law or any rule or regulation of a State or any political subdivision thereof, a person who is not otherwise prohibited by any Federal law from possessing, transporting, shipping, or receiving

a knife shall be entitled to transport a knife for any lawful purpose from any place where the person may lawfully possess, carry, or transport the knife to any other place where the person may lawfully possess, carry, or transport the knife if-

(A) in the case of transport by motor vehicle, the knife-

(i) is not directly accessible from the passenger compartment of the motor vehicle; or

(ii) in the case of a motor vehicle without a compartment separate from the passenger compartment, is contained in a locked container other than the glove compartment or console: and

(B) in the case of transport by means other than a motor vehicle, including any transport over land or on or through water, the knife is contained in a locked container.

(2) LIMITATION.—This subsection shall not apply to the transport of a knife or tool in the cabin of a passenger aircraft subject to the rules and regulations of the Transportation Security Administration.

(c) EMERGENCY KNIVES .-

(1) IN GENERAL.—A person—

(A) may carry in the passenger compartment of a mode of transportation a knife or tool-

(i) the blades of which consist only of a blunt tipped safety blade, a guarded blade, or both: and

(ii) that is specifically designed for enabling escape in an emergency by cutting safety belts: and

(B) shall not be required to secure a knife or tool described in subparagraph (A) in a locked container.

(2) LIMITATION.—This subsection shall not apply to the transport of a knife or tool in the cabin of a passenger aircraft subject to the rules and regulations of the Transportation Security Administration.

(d) No Arrest.—A person who is transporting a knife in compliance with this section may not be arrested for violation of any law, rule, or regulation of a State or political subdivision of a State related to the possession, transport, or carrying of a knife, unless there is probable cause to believe that the person is not in compliance with subsection (b).

(e) Costs.—If a person who asserts this section as a claim or defense in a civil or criminal action or proceeding is a prevailing party on the claim or defense, the court shall award costs and reasonable attorney's fees incurred by the person.

(f) EXPUNGEMENT.—If a person who asserts this section as a claim or defense in a criminal proceeding is a prevailing party on the claim or defense, the court shall enter an order that directs that there be expunged from all official records all references to-

(1) the arrest of the person for the offense as to which the claim or defense was asserted;

(2) the institution of any criminal proceedings against the person relating to such offense: and

(3) the results of the proceedings, if any.
(g) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in

this section shall be construed to limit any right to possess, carry, or transport a knife under applicable State law.

The bill (S. 1092), as amended, was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, was read the third time, and passed.

VICTIMS OF CHILD ABUSE ACT REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 2018

Mr. PERDUE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of Calendar No. 581, S. 2961.

PRESIDING OFFICER. clerk will report the bill by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows: A bill (S. 2961) to reauthorize subtitle A of the Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill, which had been reported from the Committee on the Judiciary, with an amendment to strike all after the enacting clause and insert in lieu thereof the following: SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Victims of Child Abuse Act Reauthorization Act of 2018"

SEC. 2. REAUTHORIZATION.

(a) FINDINGS.—Section 211 of the Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990 (34 U.S.C. 20301) is amended-

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "2,000,000" and inserting "3,300,000";

(2) in paragraph (6)—

(A) by inserting "improve positive outcomes for the child," before "and increase"; and

(B) by striking "; and" and inserting a semicolon;

(3) in paragraph (7), by striking "could be duplicated in many jurisdictions throughout the country." and inserting "have expanded dramatically throughout the United States; and";

(4) by adding at the end the following:

'(8) State chapters of children's advocacy center networks are needed to-

'(A) assist local communities in coordinating their multidisciplinary child abuse investigation, prosecution, and intervention services; and

(B) provide oversight of, and training and technical assistance in, the effective delivery of evidence-informed programming."

(b) Definitions.—Section 212 of the Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990 (34 U.S.C. 20302) is amended-

(1) by striking paragraphs (3) and (6);

(2) by redesignating paragraphs (4), (5), (7), (8), and (9) as paragraphs (3), (4), (5), (6), and (7). respectively:

(3) in paragraph (6), as so redesignated, by striking "and" at the end;

(4) in paragraph (7), as so redesignated, by striking the period at the end and inserting and"; and

(5) by adding at the end the following:

'(8) the term 'State chapter' means a membership organization that provides technical assistance, training, coordination, grant administration, oversight, and support to local children's advocacy centers, multidisciplinary teams, and communities working to implement a multidisciplinary response to child abuse in the provision of evidence-informed initiatives, including mental health counseling, forensic interviewing, multidisciplinary team coordination, and victim advocacy.".

(c) REGIONAL CHILDREN'S ADVOCACY CEN-TERS.—Section 213 of the Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990 (34 U.S.C. 20303) is amended-

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "with the Director and"

(B) by striking paragraph (2):

(C) by redesignating paragraphs (3) and (4) as paragraphs (2) and (3), respectively;

(D) in paragraph (2), as so redesignated, by striking "and" at the end;

(E) in paragraph (3), as so redesignated— (i) by inserting after "mental health care professionals" the following: ", law enforcement officers, child protective service workers, forensic interviewers, prosecutors, and victim advocates,'

(ii) by striking "medical" each place that term appears; and

(iii) by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and

(F) by adding at the end the following:

(4) collaborate with State chapters to provide training, technical assistance, coordination, and oversight to-

'(A) local children's advocacy centers; and "(B) communities that want to develop local children's advocacy centers.";

(2) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (1)-

(i) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking ", in coordination with the Director.

(ii) in subparagraph (A), by inserting "and" at the end;

(iii) in subparagraph (B), by striking "the prevention, judicial handling, and treatment of child abuse and neglect; and" and inserting "multidisciplinary team investigation, traumainformed interventions, and evidence-informed treatment,"; and
(iv) by striking subparagraph (C); and

(B) in paragraph (2)-

(i) in subparagraph (A)—

(1) in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking "communities" and inserting "communities, local children's advocacy centers, multidisciplinary teams, and State chapters'

(II) in clause (i), by inserting "and expand-

ing" after "developing",

(III) by redesignating clauses (ii) through (x) as clauses (iii) through (xi), respectively;

(IV) by inserting after clause (i) the following: '(ii) in promoting the effective delivery of the evidence-informed Children's Advocacy Model and the multidisciplinary response to child abuse, including best practices in-

'(I) organizational support and development:

"(II) programmatic evaluation; and

"(III) financial oversight of Federal funding;"

(V) in clause (iii), as so redesignated, by striking "a freestanding facility where interviews of and services for abused children can be provided" and inserting "child-friendly facilities for the investigation of, assessment of, and intervention in abuse"; and

(VI) in clause (iv), as so redesignated, by striking "multiple" and inserting "duplicative";

(ii) in subparagraph (B), by inserting "and interested communities" after "advocacy centers'

(3) in subsection (c)-

(A) in paragraph (2)(C), by striking "remedial counseling to" and inserting "evidence-informed services for"

(B) in paragraph (3)(A)(ii), by striking "multidisciplinary child abuse program" and inserting 'children's advocacy center''; and

(C) in paragraph (4)(B)-

(i) in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking ", in coordination with the Director,";

(ii) by striking clause (iii); and

(iii) by redesignating clauses (iv) and (v) as clauses (iii) and (iv), respectively;

(4) in subsection (d)-

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking ", in coordination with the Director,'

(B) in paragraph (2), in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "and the Director"; and

(C) in paragraph (3), by striking "DIS-CONTINUATION OF FUNDING.—" and all that follows through "Upon discontinuation" and inserting the following: "DISCONTINUATION OF FUNDING.—Upon discontinuation"; and

(5) by striking subsections (e) and (f).

(d) Local Children's Advocacy Centers.— Section 214 of the Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990 (34 U.S.C. 20304) is amended-

(1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following:

'(a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator, in coordination with the Director of the Office of Victims of Crime, shall make grants to-

"(1) develop and enhance multidisciplinary child abuse investigations, intervention, and prosecution; and

"(2) promote the effective delivery of the evidence-informed Children's Advocacy Model and the multidisciplinary response to child abuse, including best practices in programmatic evaluation and financial oversight of Federal funding.";