S 1901

At the request of Mr. Nelson, the name of the Senator from California (Ms. Harris) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1301, a bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to provide for the distribution of additional residency positions, and for other purposes.

S. 1446

At the request of Ms. Harris, the name of the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. Booker) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1446, a bill to reauthorize the Historically Black Colleges and Universities Historic Preservation program.

S. 1674

At the request of Mr. REED, the name of the Senator from California (Ms. HARRIS) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1674, a bill to provide grants for the repair, renovation, and construction of public elementary schools and secondary schools, to establish a school infrastructure bond program, and for other purposes.

S. 1868

At the request of Mr. Heinrich, the name of the Senator from Rhode Island (Mr. Whitehouse) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1868, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide tax credits for energy storage technologies, and for other purposes.

S. 1958

At the request of Mr. Booker, the name of the Senator from Virginia (Mr. Warner) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1958, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to require Internet-based, real-time responses to requests to verify taxpayer income for legitimate business purposes, and for other purposes.

S. 2018

At the request of Mr. Bennet, the name of the Senator from California (Ms. Harris) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2018, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to make the child tax credit fully refundable, establish an increased child tax credit for young children, and for other purposes.

S. 2076

At the request of Ms. Collins, the name of the Senator from Ohio (Mr. Brown) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2076, a bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to authorize the expansion of activities related to Alzheimer's disease, cognitive decline, and brain health under the Alzheimer's Disease and Healthy Aging Program, and for other purposes.

S. 2227

At the request of Mr. PORTMAN, the names of the Senator from Michigan (Ms. STABENOW), the Senator from New York (Mrs. GILLIBRAND) and the Senator from Michigan (Mr. PETERS) were added as cosponsors of S. 2227, a bill to reauthorize the Money Follows the Person Demonstration Program.

S. 2500

At the request of Mr. CASEY, the name of the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. BOOKER) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2500, a bill to award a Congressional Gold Medal, collectively, to the women in the United States who joined the workforce during World War II, providing the vehicles, weaponry, and ammunition to win the war, that were referred to as "Rosie the Riveter", in recognition of their contributions to the United States and the inspiration they have provided to ensuing generations.

S. 3110

At the request of Ms. HIRONO, the name of the Senator from California (Ms. HARRIS) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3110, a bill to support educational entities in fully implementing title IX and reducing and preventing sex discrimination in all areas of education.

S. 3130

At the request of Ms. Warren, the name of the Senator from Arkansas (Mr. Cotton) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3130, a bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to provide for the disapproval of any course of education for purposes of the educational assistance programs of the Department of Veterans Affairs unless the educational institution providing the course permits individuals to attend or participate in courses pending payment by Department, and for other purposes.

S. 3178

At the request of Ms. Harris, the name of the Senator from Washington (Ms. Cantwell) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3178, a bill to amend title 18, United States Code, to specify lynching as a deprivation of civil rights, and for other purposes.

S. 3476

At the request of Mr. CORKER, the name of the Senator from Mississippi (Mr. WICKER) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3476, a bill to extend certain authorities relating to United States efforts to combat HIV/AIDS, tuberculosis, and malaria globally, and for other purposes.

S. 3486

At the request of Mr. MENENDEZ, the name of the Senator from Michigan (Mr. PETERS) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3486, a bill to provide humanitarian relief to the Venezuelan people and Venezuelan migrants, to advance a constitutional and democratic solution to Venezuela's political crisis, to address Venezuela's economic reconstruction, to combat public corruption, narcotics trafficking, and money laundering, and for other purposes.

S. 3604

At the request of Ms. Klobuchar, the name of the Senator from Maryland (Mr. Van Hollen) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3604, a bill to require a study to determine the best available estimate of the total amount of non-highway recreational fuel taxes received by the Secretary of the Treasury.

S. 3610

At the request of Mr. PAUL, the name of the Senator from Alaska (Ms. Mur-

KOWSKI) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3610, a bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to establish a Medicare payment option for patients and eligible professionals to freely contract, without penalty, for Medicare fee-for-service items and services, while allowing Medicare beneficiaries to use their Medicare benefits.

S. 3644

At the request of Mr. Barrasso, the names of the Senator from Maryland (Mr. Cardin) and the Senator from Michigan (Mr. Peters) were added as cosponsors of S. 3644, a bill to authorize a special resource study on the spread vectors of chronic wasting disease in Cervidae, and for other purposes.

S. 3649

At the request of Mr. Grassley, the names of the Senator from Arizona (Mr. Flake), the Senator from Connecticut (Mr. Blumenthal), the Senator from Kansas (Mr. Roberts), the Senator from Alabama (Mr. Jones), the Senator from Maine (Ms. Collins), the Senator from Illinois (Ms. Duckworth), the Senator from Tennessee (Mr. Alexander) and the Senator from New York (Mrs. Gillibrand) were added as cosponsors of S. 3649, a bill to provide for programs to help reduce the risk that prisoners will recidivate upon release from prison, and for other purposes.

S. RES. 629

At the request of Mr. Coons, the names of the Senator from Wisconsin (Mr. Johnson), the Senator from Maine (Ms. Collins) and the Senator from Kansas (Mr. Moran) were added as cosponsors of S. Res. 629, a resolution expressing the sense of the Senate with respect to enhanced relations with the Republic of Moldova and support for Moldova's territorial integrity.

S. RES. 674

At the request of Mr. HATCH, the name of the Senator from Minnesota (Ms. SMITH) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 674, a resolution recognizing the month of October 2018 as "National Principals Month".

S. RES. 702

At the request of Mr. Hoeven, the names of the Senator from Massachusetts (Ms. Warren), the Senator from Washington (Ms. Cantwell), the Senator from Alaska (Ms. Murkowski) and the Senator from Hawaii (Ms. Hirono) were added as cosponsors of S. Res. 702, a resolution recognizing National Native American Heritage Month and celebrating the heritages and cultures of Native Americans and the contributions of Native Americans to the United States.

STATEMENTS ON INTRODUCED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

By Mr. HATCH (for himself and Mr. CASEY):

S. 3657. A bill to reauthorize the Traumatic Brain Injury program; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

Mr. HATCH. Mr. President, I rise today to introduce the Traumatic

Brain Injury Program Reauthorization Act of 2018. I want to thank my colleague, Senator Casey, for working with me once again on important legislation to reauthorize the Federal Traumatic Brain Injury program, which is dedicated to improving the delivery and quality of care for persons with traumatic brain injury — or, TBI.

Each year, millions of Americans suffer TBIs as a result of automobile collisions, falls, recreational accidents, assaults, and other tragic incidents. TBI has also been called a signature wound of recent wars. In 2016, the Department of Defense reported more than 18,000 service members diagnosed with traumatic brain injury. A survivor of a severe brain injury typically faces years of intensive health and rehabilitation services, with estimated lifetime costs in the millions.

In 1996, I worked with my good friend Senator Ted Kennedy on the original TBI Act to help limit the suffering. death, and long-term disability that results from TBI. Our legislation marked the beginning of a multifaceted Federal endeavor to address the needs of persons with TBI and their families. The 1996 TBI law authorized research, not only for the treatment of traumatic brain injury, but also for prevention and awareness programs to help decrease the occurrence of TBI and improve patient outcomes. It was the first Federal legislation to focus on improving education, protection, and state services coordination for TBI.

Today's TBI program maintains that original framework of prevention, education, access, and protection. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) conducts projects to reduce the incidence of traumatic brain injury. Through the Administration for Community Living (ACL), the TBI State Partnership Grant Program helps States and territories to build service infrastructure and improve access to services and supports.

Through the ACL, the TBI program also supports protection and advocacy to provide TBI survivors with information and referral services, and to help resolve legal and administrative problems for individuals or groups of individuals with developmental disabilities. Our bill reauthorizes TBI activities at the CDC and ACL.

The CDC has reported that about 2.5 million children and adults sustain TBIs each year. But we do not truly know the incidence and prevalence of TBI or the lifelong disability it can cause. Surveillance is especially important to our efforts to reduce the public health burden of TBI. Improved data collection can help both primary prevention of TBI, and acute care and rehabilitation. Prevention programs should be targeted to address at-risk populations and specific causes of TBI. And accurate data are needed to improve TBI survivors' access to necessary services.

At present, CDC is piloting a National Concussion Surveillance System

as a means to fill these gaps and provide a better estimate of the TBI burden. This system is an effort that aligns with recommendations made in a 2013 report from the National Academies for Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine, as well as proposals included in President's Budget requests.

When taken to scale following the pilot study, this system has the capacity to provide the first truly comprehensive incidence of TBI in children across the lifespan and at a national level. It also has the potential to improve our understanding of the full range of circumstances leading to TBI and track healthcare utilization and services received after a TBI event. By collecting information over multiple years, we can also track whether the problem is getting better or worse, and if prevention efforts are actually working.

The Traumatic Brain Injury Program Reauthorization of 2018 is supported by the Brain Injury Association of America (BIAA) and the National Association of State Head Injury Administrators (NASHIA). It will extend important prevention, education, State program support, and protection and advocacy activities for an additional five years. It will also help to gather the data that we need to make those programs better, and, ultimately, to improve TBI survivors' access to necessary services. I urge my colleagues to support our efforts to continue improving the delivery and quality of care for persons living with TBI by helping to pass the Traumatic Brain Injury Program Reauthorization of 2018.

## SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

RESOLUTION SENATE 704—EX-PRESSING SUPPORT FOR THE GOALS OF NATIONAL ADOPTION DAY AND NATIONAL ADOPTION MONTH BY PROMOTING NA-TIONAL AWARENESS OF ADOP-TION AND  $_{\mathrm{THE}}$ CHILDREN AWAITING FAMILIES. CELE-BRATING CHILDREN AND FAMI-LIES INVOLVED IN ADOPTION, AND ENCOURAGING THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES TO SE-CURE SAFETY, PERMANENCY, AND WELL-BEING FOR ALL CHIL-DREN

Mr. BLUNT (for himself, Ms. Klobuchar, Mr. Tillis, Mr. Enzi, Mr. Grassley, Mr. Risch, Mr. Lankford, Mr. Inhofe, Mr. Roberts, Mr. Scott, Mr. Van Hollen, Mr. Jones, Ms. Hassan, Ms. Baldwin, Mr. Manchin, Mrs. Feinstein, Mr. Bennet, Mr. Brown, Mr. Booker, Ms. Smith, Mr. King, Mr. Casey, Ms. Hirono, Mr. Markey, Mr. Daines, Mr. Rubio, Mr. Boozman, and Mrs. Murray) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

## $S.\ Res.\ 704$

Whereas there are millions of unparented children in the world, including 437,465 chil-

dren in the foster care system in the United States, approximately 117,794 of whom are waiting for families to adopt them;

Whereas 64 percent of the children in foster care in the United States are age 10 or younger;

Whereas the average length of time a child spends in foster care is approximately 20 months;

Whereas, for many foster children, the wait for a loving family in which the children are nurtured, comforted, and protected seems endless;

Whereas, in 2016, 20,532 youth "aged out" of foster care by reaching adulthood without being placed in a permanent home;

Whereas, every day, loving and nurturing families are strengthened and expanded when committed and dedicated individuals make an important difference in the life of a child through adoption:

Whereas, while nearly a quarter of individuals in the United States have considered adoption, a majority of individuals in the United States have misperceptions about the process of adopting children from foster care and the children who are eligible for adoption;

Whereas 46 percent of individuals in the United States believe that children enter the foster care system because of juvenile delinquency, when in reality the vast majority of children who have entered the foster care system were victims of neglect, abandonment, or abuse:

Whereas 39 percent of individuals in the United States believe that foster care adoption is expensive, when in reality there is no substantial cost for adopting from foster care and financial support is available to adoptive parents after an adoption is finalized:

Whereas family reunification, kinship care, and domestic and intercountry adoption promote permanency and stability to a far greater degree than long-term institutionalization or long-term, often disrupted, foster care:

Whereas November is National Adoption Month, and National Adoption Day occurs in November:

Whereas National Adoption Day is a collective national effort to find permanent, loving families for children in the foster care system:

Whereas, since the first National Adoption Day in 2000, more than 70,000 children have joined permanent families on National Adoption Day; and

Whereas the President traditionally issues an annual proclamation to declare the month of November as National Adoption Month, and National Adoption Day is on November 17, 2018: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate-

- (1) supports the goals and ideals of National Adoption Day and National Adoption Month:
- (2) recognizes that every child should have a permanent and loving family; and
- (3) encourages the people of the United States to consider adoption during the month of November and throughout the year.

SENATE RESOLUTION 705—DESIGNATING DECEMBER 3, 2018, AS "NATIONAL PHENYLKETONURIA AWARENESS DAY"

Mr. ISAKSON (for himself and Ms. BALDWIN) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to: