By Mr. DURBIN (for himself, Mr. ROBERTS, Ms. BALDWIN, and Ms. STABENOW):

S. 2830. A bill to reauthorize the rural emergency medical services training and equipment assistance program under section 330J of the Public Health Service Act; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

Mr. DURBIN. Mr. President. I ask unanimous consent that the text of the bill be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the text of the bill was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

S. 2830

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Supporting and Improving Rural EMS Needs Act of 2018' or the "SIREN Act of 2018".

SEC. 2. REAUTHORIZATION OF RURAL EMER-GENCY MEDICAL SERVICES TRAIN-ING AND EQUIPMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

Section 330J of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254c-15) is amended-

- (1) in subsection (a), by striking "in rural areas" and inserting "in rural areas or to residents of rural areas"; and
- (2) by striking subsections (b) through (g) and inserting the following:
- "(b) ELIGIBILITY; APPLICATION.—To be eligible to receive grant under this section, an entity shall-

"(1) be-

- "(A) an emergency medical services agency operated by a local or tribal government (including fire-based and non-fire based); or
- "(B) an emergency medical services agency that is described in section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from tax under section 501(a) of such Code; and
- "(2) submit an application to the Secretary at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.
- (c) USE OF FUNDS.—An entity shall use amounts received through a grant under subsection (a) to-
- "(1) recruit and retain emergency medical services personnel, which may include volunteer personnel:
- "(2) train emergency medical services personnel as appropriate to obtain and maintain licenses and certifications relevant to service in an emergency medical services agency described in subsection (b)(1);
- "(3) conduct courses that qualify graduates to serve in an emergency medical services agency described in subsection (b)(1) in accordance with State and local requirements;
- "(4) fund specific training to meet Federal or State licensing or certification requirements:
- "(5) develop new ways to educate emergency health care providers through the use of technology-enhanced educational methods:
- "(6) acquire emergency medical services equipment: or
- '(7) acquire personal protective equipment for emergency medical services personnel as required by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration.
- '(d) GRANT AMOUNTS.—Each grant awarded under this section shall be in an amount not to exceed \$200,000.
- (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) The term 'emergency medical services'-
- "(A) means resources used by a public or private nonprofit licensed entity to deliver

medical care outside of a medical facility under emergency conditions that occur as a result of the condition of the patient; and

- "(B) includes services delivered (either on a compensated or volunteer basis) by an emergency medical services provider or other provider that is licensed or certified by the State involved as an emergency medical technician, a paramedic, or an equivalent professional (as determined by the State).
- "(2) The term 'rural area' means-
- "(A) a nonmetropolitan statistical area;
- "(B) an area designated as a rural area by any law or regulation of a State; or
- '(C) a rural census tract of a metropolitan statistical area (as determined under the most recent rural urban commuting area code as set forth by the Office of Management and Budget).
- (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section \$20,000,000 for each fiscal years 2019 through
- "(2) Administrative costs.—The Secretary may use not more than 10 percent of the amount appropriated pursuant to paragraph (1) for a fiscal year for the administrative expenses of carrying out this section.".

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 503—COM-MEMORATING THE TRICENTEN-NIAL OF THE CITY OF SAN AN-TONIO, TEXAS

Mr. CORNYN (for himself and Mr. CRUZ) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. RES. 503

Whereas in 1718, the Mission San Antonio de Valero, the Presidio San Antonio de Bejar, and the Villa de Bejar were founded in the area that would become the City of San Antonio (referred to in this preamble as 'San Antonio''):

Whereas in 1821, San Antonio became a part of the Mexican empire;

Whereas in the Battle of the Alamo in 1836, Mexican forces led by General Lopez de Santa Anna stormed the Alamo and more than 200 United States colonists, Texians, and Tejanos died defending the future State of Texas:

Whereas in 1836, the new government of the State of Texas formed the county government of Bexar, and made San Antonio the county seat of Beyar:

Whereas in 1837, by action of the City Council, Ciudad San Antonio de Beiar was officially renamed the City of San Antonio;

Whereas the United States Army post at San Antonio was established in 1865, and is known today as Fort Sam Houston:

Whereas in 1877, the first passenger train of the renamed Galveston, Harrisburg, and San Antonio railroad arrived in San Antonio:

Whereas Brooks Air Force Base was built in 1917 in San Antonio and operated until closure in 2011:

Whereas Kelly Field, also known as Kelly Air Force Base, was founded in 1917 and operated until 2001, making it the oldest continuously operating air base in the United

Whereas in 1931, Randolph Air Force Base began operating as a training facility in San Antonio and is now part of Joint Base San Antonio:

Whereas in 1941, Lackland Air Force Base began operating as a training facility in San Antonio and is now part of Joint Base San Antonio:

Whereas in 1968, San Antonio hosted a 6month international exposition known as "HemisFair '68", which welcomed more than 6,000,000 visitors from across the world;

Whereas in 1973, San Antonio received the first and only major professional sports team of the city, the San Antonio Spurs, which has won a total of 5 National Basketball Association championships;

Whereas in 1987, Pope John Paul II became the first and only pontiff to visit the State of Texas and San Antonio;

Whereas in 1992, the United States, Mexico, and Canada signed the North American Free Trade Agreement in San Antonio;

Whereas in 2017, the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization inscribed the 5 Spanish colonial missions in San Antonio as a World Heritage

Whereas San Antonio is also called the Alamo City, the Mission City, and the River City, and was officially trademarked "Military City, USA" in 2017;

Whereas San Antonio has been home to several notable individuals, including President Dwight D. Eisenhower, President Lyndon B. Johnson, President Theodore Roosevelt, Attorney General Alberto Gonzales, Congressman David Crockett, Congressman Garlington Jerome Sutton, General Douglas MacArthur, General Jimmy Doolittle, Colonel James Bowie, Lieutenant Colonel Ed White, Master Sergeant Raul Perez Benavidez, Charles Lindbergh, Carol Burnett, Joan Crawford, Tommy Lee Jones, Johnny Cash, Rosita Fernandez, Santiago Jimenez, Santiago Jimenez Jr., Flaco Jimenez, and Secretary Henry Cisneros:

Whereas San Antonio hosts one of the largest annual marches in the United States for Martin Luther King Jr. Day, with nearly 300,000 participants;

Whereas San Antonio is the seventh largest city in the United States based on population;

Whereas San Antonio contributes to the cultural life and historical understanding of the State of Texas through events such as-

- (1) Fiesta:
- (2) Luminaria:
- (3) the San Antonio Stock Show & Rodeo;
- (4) the Armed Forces River Parade; and
- (5) the Texas Folk Life Festival; and
- Whereas during the first week of May, 2018-
- (1) San Antonio will honor and celebrate the tricentennial anniversary of the city; and
- (2) each day of that week will have a specific focus, including a Day of Reflection, History & Education Day, Founders Day, Arts for All Day, Legacy Day, and Military Appreciation Day: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved. That the Senate-

- (1) designates 2018 as the year of the "San Antonio Tricentennial"; and
- (2) honors the history and founding of the City of San Antonio, Texas.

SENATE RESOLUTION 504-DESIG-NATING MAY 11, 2018, AS MILI-TARY SPOUSE APPRECIATION DAY

Mr. TESTER (for himself and Mr. TILLIS) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. RES. 504

Whereas the month of May marks National Military Appreciation Month;

Whereas the Senate recognizes military spouses' dedication of a lifetime of love, support, and patriotism that helps make the service and sacrifice of the men and women in the Armed Forces possible;

Whereas military spouses have been separated from loved ones because of the duty of our Armed Forces to protect our Nation and its interests through deployment in support of overseas contingency operations and other military missions:

Whereas the establishment of Military Spouse Appreciation Day honors the dedication and contributions of spouses of members of the Armed Forces; and

Whereas, May 11, 2018, would be an appropriate date to establish as "Military Spouse Appreciation Day": Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate-

- (1) designates May 11, 2018, as "Military Spouse Appreciation Day";
- (2) honors and recognizes the dedication and contributions made by spouses of members of the Armed Forces; and
- (3) encourages the people of the United States to observe Military Spouse Appreciation Day to promote awareness of the dedication and contributions of spouses of members of the Armed Forces and the importance of the role of military spouses in the lives of members of the Armed Forces and veterans.

SENATE RESOLUTION 505—RECOGNIZING THE ROLES AND CONTRIBUTIONS OF THE TEACHERS OF THE UNITED STATES IN BUILDING AND ENHANCING THE CIVIC, CULTURAL, AND ECONOMIC WELL-BEING OF THE UNITED STATES

Ms. COLLINS (for herself, Mr. Brown, Mr. Boozman, Mr. Kennedy, Mr. Toomey, Mr. Daines, Mr. King, Mrs. Murray, Mrs. Capito, Mr. Car-PER, Ms. HASSAN, Mr. UDALL, Ms. WAR-REN, Mr. COONS, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Ms. BALDWIN, Mr. WYDEN, Mr. BOOKER, Mr. KAINE, Mr. DONNELLY, Mr. DURBIN, Ms. HIRONO, Mrs. SHAHEEN, Mr. HOEVEN, Ms. Stabenow, Mr. Sanders, Mr. Blumenthal, Mr. Jones, Ms. Cortez MASTO, Mr. MURPHY, Mr. BLUNT, Mr. HATCH, Ms. DUCKWORTH, and Mrs. HYDE-SMITH) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 505

Whereas education and knowledge are foundational to the current and future strength of the United States;

Whereas teachers and other education staff have earned and deserve the respect of their students and communities for the selfless dedication of the teachers and staff to community service and the futures of the children of the United States:

Whereas the purposes of National Teacher Appreciation Week, celebrated from May 7, 2018, through May 11, 2018, are—

(1) to raise public awareness of the unquantifiable contributions of teachers; and (2) to promote greater respect and understanding for the teaching profession; and

Whereas students, schools, communities, and a number of organizations representing educators are hosting teacher appreciation events in recognition of National Teacher Appreciation Week: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

- (1) thanks the teachers of the United States; and
- (2) promotes the profession of teaching by encouraging students, parents, school administrators, and public officials to participate in teacher appreciation events during National Teacher Appreciation Week.

SENATE RESOLUTION PORTING THE DESIGNATION OF MAY 15, 2018, AS "NATIONAL SEN-IOR FRAUD AWARENESS DAY" TO RAISE AWARENESS ABOUT THE INCREASING NUMBER OF FRAUDULENT SCHEMES TAR-GETED AT OLDER PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES, TO EN-COURAGE THE IMPLEMENTATION OF POLICIES TO PREVENT THESE SCAMS FROM HAP-PENING, AND TO IMPROVE PRO-TECTIONS FROM THESE SCAMS FOR SENIORS

Ms. COLLINS (for herself, Mr. CASEY, Mr. RUBIO, Mr. NELSON, and Ms. CORTEZ MASTO) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 506

Whereas, in 2017, there were more than 47,800,000 individuals age 65 or older in the United States (referred to in this preamble as "seniors"), and seniors accounted for 14.9 percent of the total population of the United States:

Whereas senior fraud is a growing concern as millions of older people of the United States are targeted by scams each year, including the Internal Revenue Service impersonation scams, sweepstakes and lottery scams, grandparent scams, computer tech support scams, romance scams, work-athome scams, charity scams, home improvement scams, fraudulent investment schemes, and identity theft;

Whereas other types of fraud perpetrated against seniors include health care fraud, health insurance fraud, counterfeit prescription drug fraud, funeral and cemetery fraud, "anti-aging" product fraud, telemarketing fraud, and internet fraud;

Whereas the Government Accountability Office has estimated that seniors lose a staggering \$2,900,000,000 each year to an evergrowing array of financial exploitation schemes and scams;

Whereas, since 2013, the fraud hotline of the Special Committee on Aging of the Senate has received more than 7,200 complaints reporting possible scams from individuals in all 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;

Whereas the ease with which criminals contact seniors through the internet and telephone increases as more creative schemes emerge;

Whereas, according to the Consumer Sentinel Network Data Book 2017, released by the Federal Trade Commission, people age 60 years and older were defrauded of \$249,000,000 in 2017, with the median loss to defrauded victims age 80 and older averaging \$1,092 per person, more than double the average amount lost by those victims between the ages 50 and 59 years old;

Whereas senior fraud is underreported by victims due to embarrassment and lack of information about where to report fraud; and

Whereas May 15, 2018, is an appropriate day to establish as "National Senior Fraud Awareness Day": Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

- (1) supports the designation of May 15, 2018, as "National Senior Fraud Awareness Day";
- (2) recognizes "National Senior Fraud Awareness Day" as an opportunity to raise awareness about the barrage of scams that individuals age 65 or older in the United States (referred to in this resolving clause as "seniors") face in person, by mail, on the phone, and online;
- (3) recognizes that law enforcement, consumer protection groups, area agencies on

aging, and financial institutions all play vital roles in preventing scams targeting seniors and educating seniors about those scams:

- (4) encourages implementation of policies to prevent these scams and to improve measures to protect seniors from scams targeting seniors; and
- (5) honors the commitment and dedication of the individuals and organizations who work tirelessly to fight against scams targeting seniors.

$\begin{array}{c} {\rm AMENDMENTS} \ {\rm SUBMITTED} \ {\rm AND} \\ {\rm PROPOSED} \end{array}$

SA 2242. Mr. PORTMAN (for Mr. ALEXANDER) proposed an amendment to the bill H.R. 931, to require the Secretary of Health and Human Services to develop a voluntary registry to collect data on cancer incidence among firefighters.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 2242. Mr. PORTMAN (for Mr. ALEXANDER) proposed an amendment to the bill H.R. 931, to require the Secretary of Health and Human Services to develop a voluntary registry to collect data on cancer incidence among firefighters; as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the Firefighter Cancer Registry Act of 2018.

SEC. 2. VOLUNTARY REGISTRY FOR FIRE-FIGHTER CANCER INCIDENCE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services (referred to in this section as the Secretary), acting through the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and in coordination with other agencies as the Secretary determines appropriate, shall develop and maintain, directly or through a grant or cooperative agreement, a voluntary registry of firefighters (referred to in this section as the Firefighter Registry) to collect relevant health and occupational information of such firefighters for purposes of determining cancer incidence.
- (b) USE OF FIREFIGHTER REGISTRY.—The Firefighter Registry may be used for the following purposes:
- (1) To improve data collection and data coordination activities related to the nationwide monitoring of the incidence of cancer among firefighters.
- (2) To collect, consolidate, and maintain, consistent with subsection (g), epidemiological information and analyses related to cancer incidence and trends among firefighters
 - (c) Relevant Data.—
- (1) DATA COLLECTION.—In carrying out the voluntary data collection for purposes of inclusion under the Firefighter Registry, the Secretary may collect the following:
- (A) Information, as determined by the Secretary under subsection (d)(1), of volunteer, paid-on-call, and career firefighters, independent of cancer status or diagnosis.
- (B) Individual risk factors and occupational history of firefighters.
- (C) Information, if available, related to—
- (i) basic demographic information, including—
- (I) the age of the firefighter involved during the relevant dates of occupation as a firefighter; and
 - (II) the age of cancer diagnosis;
- (ii) the status of the firefighter as either volunteer, paid-on-call, or career firefighter;