

the Rules of the U.S. House of Representatives, the Clerk received the following message from the Secretary of the Senate on February 8, 2018, at 2:49 p.m.:

Appointment:
The National Council on Disability.
With best wishes, I am,
Sincerely,

KAREN L. HAAS.

SMALL BANK HOLDING COMPANY RELIEF ACT OF 2018

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on passage of the bill (H.R. 4771) to raise the consolidated assets threshold under the small bank holding company policy statement, and for other purposes, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 280, nays 139, not voting 11, as follows:

[Roll No. 66]

YEAS—280

Abraham	Davis, Rodney	Jenkins (KS)
Aderholt	Delaney	Jenkins (WV)
Allen	Denham	Johnson (LA)
Amash	Dent	Johnson (OH)
Amodei	DeSantis	Johnson, Sam
Arrington	DesJarlais	Jordan
Babin	Diaz-Balart	Joyce (OH)
Bacon	Donovan	Katko
Banks (IN)	Duffy	Kelly (MS)
Barletta	Duncan (SC)	Kelly (PA)
Barr	Duncan (TN)	Kihuen
Barton	Dunn	Kind
Beatty	Emmer	King (IA)
Bera	Estes (KS)	King (NY)
Bergman	Esty (CT)	Kinzinger
Biggs	Farenthold	Knight
Bilirakis	Faso	Kuster (NH)
Bishop (GA)	Ferguson	Kustoff (TN)
Bishop (MI)	Fitzpatrick	Labrador
Bishop (UT)	Fleischmann	LaHood
Blackburn	Flores	LaMalfa
Blum	Fortenberry	Lamborn
Blunt Rochester	Foxx	Lance
Bost	Frelinghuysen	Latta
Brady (TX)	Gaetz	Lawson (FL)
Brat	Gallagher	Lewis (MN)
Brooks (AL)	Garrett	Lipinski
Brooks (IN)	Gianforte	LoBiondo
Buchanan	Gibbs	Loebsack
Buck	Gohmert	Long
Bucshon	Gonzalez (TX)	Loudermilk
Budd	Goodlatte	Love
Burgess	Gosar	Lucas
Bustos	Gotthelmer	Luetkemeyer
Byrne	Gowdy	MacArthur
Calvert	Granger	Marchant
Carbajal	Graves (GA)	Marino
Carter (GA)	Graves (LA)	Marshall
Carter (TX)	Graves (MO)	Massie
Chabot	Green, Gene	Mast
Cheney	Griffith	McCarthy
Coffman	Grothman	McCaul
Cole	Guthrie	McClintock
Collins (GA)	Hanabusa	McHenry
Collins (NY)	Handel	McKinley
Comer	Harper	McMorris
Comstock	Harris	Rodgers
Conaway	Hartzler	McNerney
Connolly	Hensarling	McSally
Cook	Herrera Beutler	Meadows
Cooper	Hice, Jody B.	Meehan
Correa	Higgins (LA)	Meeks
Costa	Hill	Messer
Costello (PA)	Himes	Mitchell
Cramer	Holding	Moolenaar
Crawford	Hollingsworth	Mooney (WV)
Crist	Hudson	Mullin
Cuellar	Huizenga	Murphy (FL)
Culberson	Hultgren	Newhouse
Curbelo (FL)	Hunter	Noem
Curtis	Hurd	Nolan
Davidson	Issa	Norman

Nunes	Rouzer	Thompson (PA)
O'Halleran	Royce (CA)	Thornberry
O'Rourke	Ruiz	Tipton
Olson	Ruppersberger	Torres
Palazzo	Russell	Turner
Palmer	Rutherford	Upton
Panetta	Sanford	Valadao
Paulsen	Scalise	Vela
Pearce	Schneider	Wagner
Perry	Schweikert	Walberg
Peters	Scott (VA)	Walden
Peterson	Scott, Austin	Walker
Pittenger	Scott, David	Walorski
Poe (TX)	Sensenbrenner	Walters, Mimi
Poliquin	Sessions	Wasserman
Posey	Sewell (AL)	Schultz
Reed	Shea-Porter	Watson Coleman
Reichert	Sherman	Weber (TX)
Renacci	Shimkus	Webster (FL)
Rice (NY)	Simpson	Wenstrup
Rice (SC)	Sinema	Westerman
Roby	Smith (MO)	Williams
Roe (TN)	Smith (NE)	Wilson (SC)
Rogers (AL)	Smith (NJ)	Wittman
Rogers (KY)	Smith (TX)	Womack
Rohrabacher	Smucker	Woodall
Rokita	Soto	Yoder
Rooney, Thomas J.	Stefanik	Yoho
Ros-Lehtinen	Stewart	Young (AK)
Roskam	Stivers	Young (IA)
Ross	Suozzi	Zeldin
Ross	Taylor	
Rothfus	Tenney	

NAYS—139

Adams	Gabbard	Moore
Aguilar	Gallego	Nadler
Bass	Garamendi	Napolitano
Beyer	Gomez	Neal
Blumenauer	Green, Al	Norcross
Bonamici	Grijalva	Pallone
Boyle, Brendan F.	Gutiérrez	Pascrell
Brady (PA)	Hastings	Payne
Brown (MD)	Heck	Pelosi
Brownley (CA)	Higgins (NY)	Perlmutter
Butterfield	Hoyer	Pingree
Capuano	Huffman	Pocan
Cárdenas	Jackson Lee	Polis
Carson (IN)	Jayapal	Price (NC)
Cartwright	Jeffries	Quigley
Castor (FL)	Johnson (GA)	Raskin
Castro (TX)	Johnson, E. B.	Richmond
Chu, Judy	Kaptur	Rosen
Ciilline	Keating	Roybal-Allard
Clark (MA)	Kelly (IL)	Rush
Clarke (NY)	Kennedy	Ryan (OH)
Clay	Khanna	Sánchez
Cleaver	Kildee	Sarbanes
Clyburn	Kilmer	Schakowsky
Cohen	Krishnamoorthi	Schiff
Courtney	Langevin	Schrader
Crowley	Larsen (WA)	Serrano
Davis (CA)	Larson (CT)	Sires
Davis, Danny	Lawrence	Slaughter
DeFazio	Lee	Smith (WA)
DeGette	Levin	Speier
DeLauro	Lewis (GA)	Swalwell (CA)
DelBene	Lieu, Ted	Takano
Demings	Lofgren	Thompson (CA)
DeSaulnier	Lowenthal	Thompson (MS)
Demings	Lowe	Titus
Dingell	Lujan Grisham, M.	Tonko
Doggett	Luján, Ben Ray	Tsongas
Doyle, Michael F.	Lynch	Vargas
Ellison	Maloney,	Veasey
Engel	Carolyn B.	Velázquez
Eshoo	Maloney, Sean	Visclosky
Españolat	Matsui	Walz
Evans	McColum	Waters, Maxine
Foster	McEachin	Welch
Fudge	McGovern	Wilson (FL)
	Meng	Yarmuth

NOT VOTING—11

Barragán	Frankel (FL)	Rooney, Francis
Black	Jones	Shuster
Bridenstine	Moulton	Trott
Cummings	Ratcliffe	

□ 1643

Ms. MCCOLLUM, Messrs. GARAMENDI and TED LIEU of California changed their vote from “yea” to “nay.”

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, and Mr. SOTO

changed their vote from “nay” to “yea.”

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess subject to the call of the Chair.

Accordingly (at 4 o'clock and 45 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 0320

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. WOMACK) at 3 o'clock and 20 minutes a.m.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Clerk of the House of Representatives:

OFFICE OF THE CLERK,
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, DC, February 8, 2018.

Hon. PAUL D. RYAN,
The Speaker, House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: Pursuant to the permission granted in Clause 2(h) of Rule II of the Rules of the U.S. House of Representatives, the Clerk received the following message from the Secretary of the Senate on February 8, 2018, at 11:17 p.m.:

That the Senate agreed to without amendment H. Con. Res. 102.

With best wishes, I am,
Sincerely,

KAREN L. HAAS.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Clerk of the House of Representatives:

OFFICE OF THE CLERK,
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, DC, February 9, 2018.

Hon. PAUL D. RYAN,
The Speaker, House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: Pursuant to the permission granted in Clause 2(h) of Rule II of the Rules of the U.S. House of Representatives, the Clerk received the following message from the Secretary of the Senate on February 9, 2018, at 2:41 a.m.:

That the Senate agreed to with an amendment H. Con. Res. 104.

That the Senate passed with an amendment H.R. 1301.

That the Senate passed with an amendment H.R. 1892.

With best wishes, I am,
Sincerely,

KAREN L. HAAS.

REPORT ON RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE AMENDMENT TO SENATE AMENDMENT TO H.R. 1892, HONORING HOMETOWN HEROES ACT

Mr. SESSIONS, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 115-551) on the resolution (H. Res. 734) providing for consideration of the Senate amendment to the House amendment to the Senate amendment to the bill (H.R. 1892) to amend title 4, United States Code, to provide for the flying of the flag at half-staff in the event of the death of a first responder in the line of duty, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF SENATE AMENDMENT TO HOUSE AMENDMENT TO SENATE AMENDMENT TO H.R. 1892, HONORING HOMETOWN HEROES ACT

Mr. SESSIONS. Mr. Speaker, by direction of the Committee on Rules, I call up House Resolution 734 and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the resolution, as follows:

H. RES. 734

Resolved, That upon adoption of this resolution it shall be in order to take from the Speaker's table the bill (H.R. 1892) to amend title 4, United States Code, to provide for the flying of the flag at half-staff in the event of the death of a first responder in the line of duty, with the Senate amendment to the House amendment to the Senate amendment thereto, and to consider in the House, without intervention of any point of order, a motion offered by the chair of the Committee on Appropriations or his designee that the House concur in the Senate amendment to the House amendment to the Senate amendment. The Senate amendment and the motion shall be considered as read. The motion shall be debatable for one hour equally divided and controlled by the chair and ranking minority member of the Committee on Appropriations. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the motion to adoption without intervening motion.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from Texas is recognized for 1 hour.

Mr. SESSIONS. Mr. Speaker, during consideration of this resolution, all time yielded is for the purpose of debate only. I yield the customary 30 minutes to the gentlewoman from New York (Ms. SLAUGHTER), the ranking member of the Rules Committee, pending which I yield myself such time as I may consume.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. SESSIONS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members have 5 legislative days to revise and extend their remarks.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Texas?

There was no objection.

Mr. SESSIONS. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of this rule and the underlying legislation. The rule provides for con-

sideration of the Senate amendment to the House amendment to the Senate amendment to H.R. 1892, the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2018.

Mr. Speaker, this 2-year budget agreement begins to repair our military and frees our armed services from the harmful spending caps and the devastating practice of funding our troops with stopgap spending bills. It raises defense discretionary spending levels in fiscal year 2018 by \$80 billion and nondefense levels by \$63 billion, while raising fiscal year 2019 levels by \$85 billion and \$63 billion respectively.

I have been told that this will move spending levels from 2009 spending levels to 2011 spending levels, consistent with what we had done during those periods of time.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. SLAUGHTER. Mr. Speaker, I thank my colleague for yielding me the customary 30 minutes, and I yield myself such time as I may consume.

We saw a shutdown just over 2 weeks ago, and here we are again; I believe this is the fifth one since September. And since the Republicans control every branch of the government, we have to wonder what is going on here.

I stood in this same spot after midnight in 2013 and announced that the great government of the United States was closed for business. At that point, they were closed for business for 16 days, which means all the Federal buildings and parks were closed. The vendors who had little mom-and-pop stores, newspaper kiosks, and things at Federal businesses lost all the money, a lot of it, people with lunchrooms. The estimate was \$24 billion was lost to the Federal Government.

As I recall that particular one, that was because Senator CRUZ, a Republican from Texas, didn't like the Affordable Care Act and apparently was not in favor of giving healthcare to the American people.

The first shutdown that occurred when I first came here was during the Clinton administration, when Speaker Gingrich shut down the government of the United States because he was unhappy with the plane seat in Air Force One that had been assigned to him.

And 2 weeks ago, it was blamed on the Democrats, which is very strange, since the Democrats do not have the vote to shut down the House. Only the majority has those votes. And this is the first shutdown in history, as far as we can find, that the group of persons who control the House, the Senate, and the White House have given themselves a shutdown. It is a pretty sad day for us.

So here we are, 3:30 a.m., 3½ hours after a government shutdown once again. We have really got to stop this. I tell you, our fellow Americans are in a state of nervous anxiety. The stock market dropped 1,000 points in a single day, twice this week. We have perplexed the entire United States of America as well as large parts of the world.

And I would think that a reasonable person, looking at all this, would be understood to believe that perhaps Republicans are incapable of running the government because it is purely, purely government by nothing but crisis.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. SESSIONS. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I appreciate the distinguished gentlewoman for her help to make sure that the Rules Committee effectively and carefully got their work done this evening, and I want to thank the gentlewoman. I do know it is 3:30 in the morning, and the entire committee, the entire Rules Committee, was prepared on both sides, and I thank the gentlewoman and the staffs that were included.

Mr. Speaker, Members of Congress who are elected by their respective districts come to Washington to represent their districts. But perhaps, I think, more importantly, some bit of those people also take into account, not just the representation of their district, but the pride and authorship they have in particular about America, about being a part of America and us standing together.

Tonight, we are going to have a chance to say back to one of our Members who has come to Washington, D.C., representing her home of Puerto Rico, home territory of Puerto Rico, and to say back to her that this body offered its condolences for the storms that happened last year.

She stood up, representing Puerto Rico. She is a former Speaker of the House of Puerto Rico. She stands with the people of Puerto Rico. She has come and visited Member after Member after Member to sell to them, not only the attributes of how to fix Puerto Rico, but came and did the things legislatively.

With great, great admiration, I will tell you that our next speaker, who is a member of the Republican majority, has really done an outstanding job as a brand new Member of this body; and I am pleased that we can say tonight, included in this package is that disaster package that the House passed last, I think, October.

She has worked hard. She has had faith and confidence, not only in her home territory of Puerto Rico, but in her body here, the United States Congress.

Mr. Speaker, it is with extreme pride that I yield 5 minutes to the gentlewoman from Puerto Rico (Miss GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN), the former Speaker of the House of Puerto Rico.

Miss GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN of Puerto Rico. Mr. Speaker, I thank the chairman for allowing me to support this rule that will have, finally, this bill to be considered on this floor.

I think it is important to acknowledge that still, 5 months after the storm, after Hurricane Maria and Hurricane Irma hit Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands, 30 percent of Puerto