trafficking law enforcement operations in which the Department of Justice is involved.

"(2) REQUIREMENTS.—The protocol required to be issued under paragraph (1) shall-

"(A) require the individual screening of all adults and children who are suspected of engaging in commercial sex acts or who are subject to labor exploitation that may be in violation of child labor laws to determine whether each individual screened is a victim of human trafficking;

(B) require affirmative measures to avoid arresting, charging, or prosecuting human trafficking victims for any offense that is the direct result of their victimization;

(C) require all Federal law enforcement officers and relevant department personnel who participate in human trafficking investigations to receive training on enforcement of the protocol;

"(D) be developed in consultation with State and local law enforcement agencies. the Department of Health and Human Services, survivors of human trafficking, and nongovernmental organizations that specialize in the identification, prevention, and restoration of victims of human trafficking; and

"(E) include-

"(i) procedures and practices to ensure that the screening process minimizes trauma or revictimization of the person being screened; and

"(ii) guidelines on assisting victims of human trafficking in identifying and receiving victim services."

#### SEC. 503. JUDICIAL TRAINING.

Section 223(b)(2) of the Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990 (34 U.S.C. 20333(b)(2)) is amended-

- (1) in subparagraph (B) by striking "and" at the end:
- (2) in subparagraph (C) by striking the period at the end and inserting ": and"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

(D) procedures for improving the judicial response to children who are vulnerable to human trafficking, to the extent an appropriate screening tool exists.".

#### SEC. 504. TRAINING OF TRIBAL LAW ENFORCE-MENT AND PROSECUTORIAL PER-SONNEL.

The Attorney General, in consultation with the Director of the Office of Tribal Justice, shall carry out a program under which tribal law enforcement officials may receive technical assistance and training to pursue a victim-centered approach to investigating and prosecuting severe forms of trafficking in persons (as defined in section 103 of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7102)).

#### TITLE VI-ACCOUNTABILITY

#### SEC. 601. GRANT ACCOUNTABILITY.

Section 1236 of the Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2013 (22 U.S.C. 7113) is amended-

- (1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "All grants" and inserting the following:
- "(a) IN GENERAL.-For fiscal year 2013, and each fiscal year thereafter, all grants"; and
- (2) by adding at the end the following:
- "(b) APPLICATION TO ADDITIONAL GRANTS.-For purposes of subsection (a), for fiscal year 2018, and each fiscal year thereafter, the term 'grant awarded by the Attorney General under this title or an Act amended by this title' includes a grant under any of the following:
- "(1) Section 223 of the Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990 (34 U.S.C. 20333).
- "(2) The program under section 504 of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2017.".

#### TITLE VII—PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNER-ADVISORY COUNCIL TO END SHIP **HUMAN TRAFFICKING**

#### SEC. 701. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Public-Private Partnership Advisory Council to End Human Trafficking Act".

#### SEC. 702. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act:

- (1) COUNCIL.—The term "Council" means the Public-Private Partnership Advisory Council to End Human Trafficking
- (2) GROUP.—The term "Group" means the Senior Policy Operating Group established under section 105(g) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7103(g)).
- (3) Task force.—The term "Task Force" means the President's Interagency Task Force to Monitor and Combat Trafficking established under section 105(a) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7103(a)).

### SEC. 703. PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP ADVI-SORY COUNCIL TO END HUMAN TRAFFICKING.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established the Public-Private Partnership Advisory Council to End Human Trafficking, which shall provide advice and recommendations to the Group and the Task Force.

(b) Membership.

- (1) COMPOSITION.—The Council shall be composed of not fewer than 8 and not more than 14 representatives of nongovernmental organizations, academia, and nonprofit groups who have significant knowledge and experience in human trafficking prevention and eradication, identification of human trafficking, and services for human trafficking victims.
- (2) Representation of nonprofit and non-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS.—To the extent practicable, members of the Council shall be representatives of nonprofit groups. academia, and nongovernmental organizations who accurately reflect the diverse backgrounds related to work in the prevention, eradication, and identification of human trafficking and services for human trafficking victims in the United States and internationally.
- (3) APPOINTMENT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act. the President shall appoint-
- (A) 1 member of the Council, after consultation with the President Pro Tempore of the Senate:
- (B) 1 member of the Council, after consultation with the Minority Leader of the Senate:
- (C) 1 member of the Council, after consultation with the Speaker of the House of Representatives;
- (D) 1 member of the Council, after consultation with the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives; and
- (E) the remaining members of the Council. (4) TERM; REAPPOINTMENT.—Each member of the Council-
- (A) shall serve for a term of 2 years; and
- (B) may be reappointed by the President to serve 1 additional 2-year term.
- (5) EMPLOYEE STATUS.—Members of the Council-
- (A) shall not be considered employees of the Federal Government for any purpose; and
- (B) shall not receive compensation.
- (c) FUNCTIONS.—The Council shall-
- (1) be a nongovernmental advisory body to

(2) meet, at its own discretion or at the request of the Group, not less frequently than annually, to review Federal Government policy and programs intended to combat human trafficking, including programs relating to the provision of services for victims;

- (3) serve as a point of contact, with the United States Advisory Council on Human Trafficking, for Federal agencies reaching out to human trafficking nonprofit groups nongovernmental organizations input on programming and policies relating to human trafficking in the United States;
- (4) formulate assessments and recommendations to ensure that the policy and programming efforts of the Federal Government conform, to the extent practicable, to the best practices in the field of human trafficking prevention and rehabilitation and aftercare of human trafficking victims; and

(5) meet with the Group not less frequently than annually, and not later than 45 days before a meeting with the Task Force, to formally present the findings and recommendations of the Council.

(d) NONAPPLICABILITY OF FACA.—The Council shall not be subject to the requirements under the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.).

#### SEC. 704. REPORTS.

Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter until the date described in section 705. the Council, in coordination with the United States Advisory Council on Human Trafficking, shall submit a report containing the findings derived from the reviews conducted pursuant to section 703(c)(2) to-

- (1) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate:
- (2) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate:
- (3) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate:
- (4) the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate:
- (5) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives;
- (6) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives;
- (7) the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives;
- (8) the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives;
  - (9) the chair of the Task Force; and
  - (10) the members of the Group.

#### SEC. 705, SUNSET.

The Council shall terminate on September 30. 2020.

Mr. MARINO (during the reading). Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to dispense with the reading of the amendment.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Pennsylvania?

There was no objection.

The amendment was agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

TIFFANY JOSLYN JUVENILE AC-COUNTABILITY BLOCK GRANT REAUTHORIZATION PROGRAM ACT OF 2017

Mr. MARINO. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on the Judiciary be discharged from further consideration of the bill (H.R. 68) to amend the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 to reauthorize the Juvenile Accountability Block Grant program, and for other purposes, and ask for its immediate consideration in the House.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Pennsylvania?

There was no objection.

The text of the bill is as follows:

#### H.R. 68

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled.

#### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Tiffany Joslyn Juvenile Accountability Block Grant Program Reauthorization Act of 2017".

# SEC. 2. REAUTHORIZATION OF JUVENILE ACCOUNTABILITY BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM.

Part R of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796ee et seq.) is amended—

- (1) in section 1801(b)-
- (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "graduated sanctions" and inserting "graduated sanctions and incentives";
- (B) in paragraph (3), by striking "hiring juvenile court judges, probation officers, and court-appointed defenders and special advocates, and";
- (C) by striking paragraphs (4) and (7), and redesignating paragraphs (5) through (17) as paragraphs (4) through (15), respectively; and
- (D) in paragraph (11), as so redesignated, by striking "research-based bullying, cyberbullying, and gang prevention programs" and inserting "interventions such as researched-based anti-bullying, anticyberbullying, and gang prevention programs, as well as mental health services and trauma-informed practices";
  - (2) in section 1802–
- (A) in subsection (d)(3), by inserting after "individualized sanctions" the following: ", incentives.":
- (B) in subsection (e)(1)(B), by striking "graduated sanctions" and inserting "graduated sanctions and incentives"; and
  - (C) in subsection (f)—
  - (i) in paragraph (2)—
- (I) by inserting after "A sanction may include" the following: "a range of court-approved interventions, such as": and
- (II) by inserting after "a fine," the following: "a restorative justice program,"; and (ii) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following:
- "(3) INCENTIVES.—The term "incentives' means individualized, goal-oriented, and graduated responses to a juvenile offender's compliance with court orders and case disposition terms designed to reinforce or modify the skills and behaviors of the juvenile offender. An incentive may include a certificate of achievement, a letter of recommendation, a family or program activity, a meeting or special outing with a community leader, a reduction in community service hours, a reduced curfew or home restriction, a decrease in required court appearances, or a decrease in the term of court-ordered supervision.";
- (3) in section 1810(a), by striking "\$350,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2006 through 2009" and inserting "\$25,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2018 through 2022"; and
- (4) by adding at the end the following:

#### "SEC. 1811. GRANT ACCOUNTABILITY.

- "(a) DEFINITION OF APPLICABLE COMMITTEES.—In this section, the term 'applicable committees' means—
- $\mbox{``(1)}$  the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate; and
- "(2) the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives.
- "(b) ACCOUNTABILITY.—All grants awarded by the Attorney General under this part shall be subject to the following accountability provisions:

- "(1) AUDIT REQUIREMENT.—
- "(A) DEFINITION.—In this paragraph, the term 'unresolved audit finding' means a finding in the final audit report of the Inspector General of the Department of Justice that the audited grantee has utilized grant funds for an unauthorized expenditure or otherwise unallowable cost that is not closed or resolved within 12 months after the date on which the final audit report is issued.
- "(B) AUDIT.—Beginning in the first fiscal year beginning after the date of enactment of this section, and in each fiscal year thereafter, the Inspector General of the Department of Justice shall conduct audits of recipients of grants awarded by the Attorney General under this part to prevent waste, fraud, and abuse of funds by grantees. The Inspector General shall determine the appropriate number of grantees to be audited each year.
- "(C) MANDATORY EXCLUSION.—A recipient of grant funds under this part that is found to have an unresolved audit finding shall not be eligible to receive grant funds under this part during the first 2 fiscal years beginning after the end of the 12-month period described in subparagraph (A).
- "(D) PRIORITY.—In awarding grants under this part, the Attorney General shall give priority to eligible applicants that did not have an unresolved audit finding during the 3 fiscal years before submitting an application for a grant under this part.
- "(E) REIMBURSEMENT.—If an entity is awarded grant funds under this part during the 2-fiscal-year period during which the entity is barred from receiving grants under subparagraph (C), the Attorney General shall—
- "(i) deposit an amount equal to the amount of the grant funds that were improperly awarded to the grantee into the General Fund of the Treasury; and
- "(ii) seek to recoup the costs of the repayment to the fund from the grant recipient that was erroneously awarded grant funds.
- "(2) ANNUAL CERTIFICATION.—Beginning in the first fiscal year beginning after the date of enactment of this section, the Attorney General shall submit to the applicable committees an annual certification—
- "(A) indicating whether—
- "(i) all audits issued by the Inspector General of the Department of Justice under paragraph (1) have been completed and reviewed by the appropriate Assistant Attorney General or Director;
- "(ii) all mandatory exclusions required under paragraph (1)(C) have been issued; and "(iii) all reimbursements required under
- "(B) that includes a list of any grant recipients excluded under paragraph (1) from the previous year.
- "(c) Preventing Duplicative Grants.—

paragraph (1)(E) have been made; and

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Before the Attorney General awards a grant to an applicant under this part, the Attorney General shall compare potential grant awards with other grants awarded under this part by the Attorney General to determine if duplicate grant awards are awarded for the same purpose.
- "(2) REPORT.—If the Attorney General awards duplicate grants under this part to the same applicant for the same purpose, the Attorney General shall submit to the applicable committees a report that includes—
- "(A) a list of all duplicate grants awarded under this part, including the total dollar amount of any duplicate grants awarded; and
- "(B) the reason the Attorney General awarded the duplicate grants."

#### SEC. 3. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

It is the sense of the Congress that the use of best practices is encouraged for all activities for which grants under part R of title I  $\,$ 

of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 may be used.

# SEC. 4. USE OF AMOUNTS MADE AVAILABLE FOR DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, GENERAL ADMINISTRATION TO CARRY OUT JUVENILE ACCOUNTABILITY BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM.

In each of fiscal years 2018 through 2022, the Attorney General shall use up to \$25,000,000 of the amounts made available for Department of Justice, General Administration, to carry out part R of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796ee et seq.).

AMENDMENT OFFERED BY MR. MARINO

Mr. MARINO. Mr. Speaker, I have an amendment at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Strike all that follows after the enacting clause and insert the following:

#### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Tiffany Joslyn Juvenile Accountability Block Grant Program Reauthorization Act of 2017".

# SEC. 2. REAUTHORIZATION OF JUVENILE ACCOUNTABILITY BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM.

Part R of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796ee et seq.) is amended—

- (1) in section 1801(b)—
- (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "graduated sanctions" and inserting "graduated sanctions and incentives";
- (B) in paragraph (3), by striking "hiring juvenile court judges, probation officers, and court-appointed defenders and special advocates, and";
- (C) by striking paragraphs (4) and (7), and redesignating paragraphs (5) through (17) as paragraphs (4) through (15), respectively; and
- (D) in paragraph (11), as so redesignated, by striking "research-based bullying, cyberbullying, and gang prevention programs" and inserting "interventions such as researched-based anti-bullying, anticyberbullying, and gang prevention programs, as well as mental health services and trauma-informed practices";
  - (2) in section 1802–
- (A) in subsection (d)(3), by inserting after "individualized sanctions" the following: ", incentives,";
- (B) in subsection (e)(1)(B), by striking "graduated sanctions" and inserting "graduated sanctions and incentives"; and
  - (C) in subsection (f)—
  - (i) in paragraph (2)—

lowing:

- (I) by inserting after "A sanction may include" the following: "a range of court-approved interventions, such as"; and
- (II) by inserting after "a fine," the following: "a restorative justice program,"; and (ii) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following.
- "(3) INCENTIVES.—The term 'incentives' means individualized, goal-oriented, and graduated responses to a juvenile offender's compliance with court orders and case disposition terms designed to reinforce or modify the skills and behaviors of the juvenile offender. An incentive may include a certificate of achievement, a letter of recommendation, a family or program activity, a meeting or special outing with a community leader, a reduction in community service hours, a reduced curfew or home restriction, a decrease in required court appear-
- dered supervision.";
  (3) in section 1810(a), by striking
  "\$350,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2006
  through 2009" and inserting "\$30,000,000 for
  fiscal year 2020"; and

ances, or a decrease in the term of court-or-

- (4) by adding at the end the following: "SEC. 1811. GRANT ACCOUNTABILITY.
- "(a) DEFINITION OF APPLICABLE COMMITTEES.—In this section, the term 'applicable committees' means—
- "(1) the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate: and
- "(2) the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives.
- "(b) ACCOUNTABILITY.—All grants awarded by the Attorney General under this part shall be subject to the following accountability provisions:
- "(1) AUDIT REQUIREMENT.—
- "(A) DEFINITION.—In this paragraph, the term 'unresolved audit finding' means a finding in the final audit report of the Inspector General of the Department of Justice that the audited grantee has utilized grant funds for an unauthorized expenditure or otherwise unallowable cost that is not closed or resolved within 12 months after the date on which the final audit report is issued.
- "(B) AUDIT.—Beginning in the first fiscal year beginning after the date of enactment of this section, and in each fiscal year thereafter, the Inspector General of the Department of Justice shall conduct audits of recipients of grants awarded by the Attorney General under this part to prevent waste, fraud, and abuse of funds by grantees. The Inspector General shall determine the appropriate number of grantees to be audited each year.
- "(C) MANDATORY EXCLUSION.—A recipient of grant funds under this part that is found to have an unresolved audit finding shall not be eligible to receive grant funds under this part during the first 2 fiscal years beginning after the end of the 12-month period described in subparagraph (A).
- "(D) PRIORITY.—In awarding grants under this part, the Attorney General shall give priority to eligible applicants that did not have an unresolved audit finding during the 3 fiscal years before submitting an application for a grant under this part.
- "(E) REIMBURSEMENT.—If an entity is awarded grant funds under this part during the 2-fiscal-year period during which the entity is barred from receiving grants under subparagraph (C), the Attorney General shall—
- "(i) deposit an amount equal to the amount of the grant funds that were improperly awarded to the grantee into the General Fund of the Treasury; and
- "(ii) seek to recoup the costs of the repayment to the fund from the grant recipient that was erroneously awarded grant funds.
- "(2) ANNUAL CERTIFICATION.—Beginning in the first fiscal year beginning after the date of enactment of this section, the Attorney General shall submit to the applicable committees an annual certification—
- "(A) indicating whether—
- "(i) all audits issued by the Inspector General of the Department of Justice under paragraph (1) have been completed and reviewed by the appropriate Assistant Attorney General or Director;
- "(ii) all mandatory exclusions required under paragraph (1)(C) have been issued; and "(iii) all reimbursements required under
- paragraph (1)(E) have been made; and "(B) that includes a list of any grant recipients excluded under paragraph (1) from the previous year.
- "(c) PREVENTING DUPLICATIVE GRANTS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Before the Attorney General awards a grant to an applicant under this part, the Attorney General shall compare potential grant awards with other grants awarded under this part by the Attorney General to determine if duplicate grant awards are awarded for the same purpose.
- "(2) REPORT.—If the Attorney General awards duplicate grants under this part to

the same applicant for the same purpose, the Attorney General shall submit to the applicable committees a report that includes—

- "(A) a list of all duplicate grants awarded under this part, including the total dollar amount of any duplicate grants awarded; and
- "(B) the reason the Attorney General awarded the duplicate grants.".

#### SEC. 3. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

It is the sense of the Congress that the use of best practices is encouraged for all activities for which grants under part R of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 may be used.

#### SEC. 4. EMERGENCY FEDERAL LAW ENFORCE-MENT ASSISTANCE.

Section 609Y(a) of the Justice Assistance Act of 1984 (34 U.S.C. 50112(a)) is amended by striking "September 30, 2021" and inserting "September 30, 2023".

Mr. MARINO (during the reading). Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to dispense with the reading of the amendment.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Pennsylvania?

There was no objection.

The amendment was agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

## UNITED STATES PAROLE COMMISSION EXTENSION ACT OF 2018

Mr. MARINO. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on the Judiciary be discharged from further consideration of the bill (H.R. 6896) to provide for the continued performance of the functions of the United States Parole Commission, and for other purposes, and ask for its immediate consideration in the House.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Pennsylvania?

There was no objection.

The text of the bill is as follows:

#### H.R. 6896

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled.

#### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "United States Parole Commission Extension Act of 2018".

## SEC. 2. AMENDMENT OF SENTENCING REFORM ACT OF 1984.

For purposes of section 235(b) of the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984 (18 U.S.C. 3551 note; Public Law 98-473; 98 Stat. 2032), as such section relates to chapter 311 of title 18, United States Code, and the United States Parole Commission, each reference in such section to "31 years" or "31-year period" shall be deemed a reference to "33 years" or "33-year period", respectively.

#### SEC. 3. PAROLE COMMISSION REPORT.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the United States Parole Commission shall report to the Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate and House of Representatives the following for fiscal year 2018:
- (1) The number of offenders in each type of case over which the Commission has jurisdiction, including the number of Sexual or Violent Offender Registry offenders and Tier Levels offenders.

- (2) The number of hearings, record reviews and National Appeals Board considerations conducted by the Commission in each type of case over which the Commission has jurisdiction.
- (3) The number of hearings conducted by the Commission by type of hearing in each type of case over which the Commission has jurisdiction.
- (4) The number of record reviews conducted by the Commission by type of consideration in each type of case over which the Commission has jurisdiction.
- (5) The number of warrants issued and executed compared to the number requested in each type of case over which the Commission has jurisdiction.
- (6) The number of revocation determinations by the Commission in each type of case over which the Commission has jurisdiction.
- (7) The distribution of initial offenses, including violent offenses, for offenders in each type of case over which the Commission has jurisdiction.
- (8) The distribution of subsequent offenses, including violent offenses, for offenders in each type of case over which the Commission has jurisdiction.
- (9) The percentage of offenders paroled or re-paroled compared with the percentage of offenders continued to expiration of sentence (less any good time) in each type of case over which the Commission has jurisdiction.
- (10) The percentage of cases (except probable cause hearings and hearings in which a continuance was ordered) in which the primary and secondary examiner disagreed on the appropriate disposition of the case (the amount of time to be served before release), the release conditions to be imposed, or the reasons for the decision in each type of case over which the Commission has jurisdiction.
- (11) The percentage of decisions within, above, or below the Commission's decision guidelines for Federal initial hearings (28 CFR 2.20) and Federal and D.C. Code revocation hearings (28 CFR 2.21).
- (12) The percentage of revocation and nonrevocation hearings in which the offender is accompanied by a representative in each type of case over which the Commission has jurisdiction.
- (13) The number of administrative appeals and the action of the National Appeals Board in relation to those appeals in each type of case over which the Commission has jurisdiction.
- (14) The projected number of Federal offenders that will be under the Commission's jurisdiction as of October 31, 2021.
- (15) An estimate of the date on which no Federal offenders will remain under the Commission's jurisdiction.
- (16) The Commission's annual expenditures for offenders in each type of case over which the Commission has jurisdiction.
- (17) The annual expenditures of the Commission, including travel expenses and the annual salaries of the members and staff of the Commission.
- (b) SUCCEEDING FISCAL YEARS.—For each of fiscal years 2019 through 2021, not later than 90 days after the end of the fiscal year, the United States Parole Commission shall report to the Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate and House of Representatives the items in paragraphs (1) through (17) of subsection (a), for the fiscal year.
- (c) DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA PAROLE FAILURE RATE REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the United States Parole Commission shall report to the Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate and House of Representatives the following:
- (1) The parole failure rate for the District of Columbia for the last full fiscal year immediately preceding the date of the report.