Marino Stefanik Reed Reichert Marshall Stewart Massie Renacci Stivers Mast Rice (SC) Taylor McCarthy Roby Roe (TN) Tenney Thompson (PA) McCaul McClintock Rogers (AL) Thornberry Rogers (KY) McHenry Trott McKinley Rooney, Francis Turner McMorris Ros-Lehtinen Unton Roskam aladao Rodgers McSallv Ross Wagner Rothfus Walberg Meadows Messer Rouzer Walden Royce (CA) Mitchell Walker Moolenaar Walorski Russell Mooney (WV) Rutherford Walters, Mimi Mullin Sanford Weber (TX) Webster (FL) Newhouse Scalise Noem Schweikert Wenstrup Norman Scott, Austin Westerman Sensenbrenner Williams Nunes Sessions Wilson (SC) Olson Palmer Shimkus Wittman Paulsen Shuster Womack Simpson Smith (MO) Pearce Woodall Perrv Yoder Pittenger Smith (NE) Yoho Smith (NJ) Poliquin Young (AK) Smith (TX) Posev Young (IA) Ratcliffe Smucker Zeldin NOT VOTING-36

Aguilar Gutiérrez Rokita Blackburn Hunter Rooney, Thomas Jenkins (WV) Brady (PA) Capuano Jones Rush Castor (FL) Keating Speier Culberson Kennedy Swalwell (CA) Maloney, Sean DeSantis Tipton Ellison McNerney Eshoo Nea1 Tsongas Gallego O'Rourke Walz Gosar Palazzo Wilson (FL) Gowdy Poe (TX) Rohrabacher Grijalva

□ 1853

Messrs. COLLINS of New York. BYRNE, GUTHRIE, COLLINS of Georgia, MULLIN, HUDSON, NEWHOUSE, ABRAHAM, Mrs. BLACK, Messrs. LUETKEMEYER, WESTERMAN, MEADOWS, SESSIONS, KING of New York, SCALISE, SMITH of New Jersey, MARCHANT, and LOUDERMILK changed their vote from "yea" to "nay.

Ms. LEE changed her vote from "nay to "yea."

So the motion to instruct was reiected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

BIOMETRIC **IDENTIFICATION** TRANSNATIONAL MIGRATION ALERT PROGRAM AUTHORIZA-TION ACT OF 2018

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 6439) to amend the Homeland Security Act of 2002 to establish in the Department of Homeland Security the Biometric Identification Transnational Migration Alert Program, and for other purposes, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by gentleman from Texas (Mr. McCaul) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill.

Gibbs

Gohmert

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 272, nays 119, not voting 37, as follows:

[Roll No. 381]

YEAS-272 Gonzalez (TX) Abraham Noem Aderholt Goodlatte Norcross Allen Gottheimer Norman Amodei Granger Nunes Graves (GA) Arrington O'Halleran Babin Graves (LA) Olson Bacon Graves (MO) Palmer Banks (IN) Green, Gene Panetta Barletta Griffith Paulsen Barr Guthrie Pearce Barton Handel Perrv Bera. Harper Peters Bergman Harris Peterson Bilirakis Hartzler Pittenger Bishop (MI) Hensarling Poliquin Herrera Beutler Bishop (UT) Posey Black Hice, Jody B. Quigley Blum Higgins (LA) Ratcliffe Higgins (NY) Blunt Rochester Reed Bost Hill Reichert Boyle, Brendan Himes Renacci Holding Rice (NY) Brady (TX) Hollingsworth Rice (SC) Brat Hudson Roby Roe (TN) Brooks (AL) Huizenga Brooks (IN) Hultgren Rogers (AL) Brown (MD) Hurd Rogers (KY) Brownley (CA) Rooney, Francis Jenkins (KS) Buchanan Johnson (GA) Ros-Lehtinen Buck Bucshon Johnson (LA) Rosen Roskam Budd Johnson (OH) Burgess Johnson, Sam Ross Rothfus Bustos Jordan Joyce (OH) Byrne Rouzer Royce (CA) Calvert Kaptur Carbajal Katko Ruiz Ruppersberger Carter (GA) Kelly (MS) Kelly (PA) Carter (TX) Russell Cartwright Kilmer Rutherford Chabot Kind Ryan (OH) King (IA) Cheney Scalise Cloud King (NY) Schneider Coffman Kinzinger Schrader Knight Schweikert Collins (GA) Krishnamoorthi Scott, Austin Collins (NY) Kuster (NH) Scott, David Comer Kustoff (TN) Sensenbrenner Comstock LaHood Sessions LaMalfa Conaway Sewell (AL) Lamb Cook Shea-Porter Lamborn Cooper Shimkus Correa Lance Shuster Langevin Costa Simpson Costello (PA) Latta Sinema Cramer Lawson (FL) Smith (MO) Crawford Lesko Smith (NE) Lewis (MN) Crist Smith (NJ) Cuellar Lipinski Smith (TX) Curbelo (FL) LoBiondo Smucker Curtis Loebsack Stefanik Davidson Long Stewart Davis, Rodney Loudermilk Stivers DeFazio Love Suozzi Delaney Lucas Taylor Denham Luetkemeyer Tennev DesJarlais Lvnch Thompson (PA) MacArthur Diaz-Balart Thornberry Donovan Marchant Duffv Tonko Marino Torres Duncan (SC) Marshall Trott Dunn Mast McCarthy Turner Emmer Upton Estes (KS) McCaul Valadao McClintock Evans Visclosky McCollum Faso Wagner Ferguson McHenry Walberg Fitzpatrick McKinley Fleischmann Walden McMorris Flores Rodgers Walker Walorski Fortenberry McSally Walters, Mimi Foster Meadows Messer Weber (TX) Foxx Webster (FL) Frelinghuysen Mitchell Gaetz Moolenaar Wenstrup Mooney (WV) Gallagher Westerman Williams Garamendi Moulton Mullin Wilson (SC) Gianforte

Murphy (FL)

Newhouse

Wittman

Womack

Yoho Young (IA) Woodall Yoder Young (AK) Zeldin

NAYS-119

Esty (CT) Adams Meeks Frankel (FL) Amash Meng Moore Barragán Fudge Gabbard Bass Nadler Beatty Garrett Napolitano Beyer Gomez Nolan Green, Al Pallone Biggs Bishop (GA) Grothman Pascrell Pelosi Blumenauer Hanabusa Perlmutter Bonamici Hastings Butterfield Pingree Cárdenas Hover Pocan Carson (IN) Huffman Polis Price (NC) Castro (TX) Jackson Lee Chu, Judy Jayapal Raskin Cicilline Richmond Jeffries Roybal-Allard Clark (MA) Johnson, E. B. Clarke (NY) Kelly (IL) Sánchez Clav Sanford Khanna Cleaver Kihuen Sarbanes Clyburn Kildee Schakowsky Labrador Schiff Cohen Connolly Larsen (WA) Scott (VA) Courtney Larson (CT) Serrano Crowley Sherman Lawrence Cummings Lee Sires Smith (WA) Levin Davis (CA) Lewis (GA) Davis, Danny Soto Takano Thompson (CA) DeGette Lieu, Ted DeLauro Lofgren DelBene Lowenthal Thompson (MS) Lowey Lujan Grisham, Vargas Demings DeSaulnier Veasey Deutch Vela Dingell Luján, Ben Ray Velázquez Maloney Wasserman Doggett Doyle, Michael Carolyn B. Schultz F Massie Waters, Maxine Watson Coleman Duncan (TN) Matsui McEachin Engel Welch Espaillat McGovern Yarmuth NOT VOTING-

Rohrabacher Aguilar Gutiérrez Blackburn Hunter Rokita Jenkins (WV) Brady (PA) Rooney, Thomas Capuano Jones J. Castor (FL) Keating Rush Culberson Kennedy Speier DeSantis Maloney, Sean Swalwell (CA) Ellison McNerney Tipton Eshoo Neal Titus Gallego O'Rourke Tsongas Gosar Palazzo Walz Gowdy Payne Wilson (FL) Grijalva Poe (TX)

□ 1901

Mr. DOGGETT changed his vote from "yea" to "nay.

Mr. JORDAN changed his vote from "nay" to "yea."

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the hill was passed

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES ON H.R. 6157, DEPARTMENT OF DE-FENSE APPROPRIATIONS 2019

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. BIGGS). Without objection, the Chair appoints the following conferees on H.R. 6157:

FRELINGHUYSEN, Mr. Ms. GRANGER, Messrs. COLE, CALVERT, WOMACK, ADERHOLT, ROGERS of Kentucky, Mmes. ROBY, LOWEY, Mr. VISCLOSKY, Mses. DELAURO, ROY-BAL-ALLARD, and McCOLLUM.

There was no objection.

RESIGNATION AS MEMBER OF COMMITTEE ON SCIENCE, SPACE, and TECHNOLOGY

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following resignation as a member of the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology:

Congress of the United States, House of Representatives, $Washington,\ DC.$

Hon. PAUL D. RYAN, Speaker, House of Representatives, Washington, DC.

DEAR SPEAKER RYAN: I write to respectfully tender my resignation as a member of the Science, Space, and Technology Committee. It has been an honor to serve on the Committee under the leadership of Chairman Smith.

Sincerely.

BARRY LOUDERMILK.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the resignation is accepted. There was no objection.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the Chair will postpone further proceedings today on additional motions to suspend the rules on which a recorded vote or the yeas and nays are ordered, or votes objected to under clause 6 of rule XX.

The House will resume proceedings on postponed questions at a later time.

PRECHECK IS PRECHECK ACT OF 2018

Mr. KATKO. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 6265) to ensure that only travelers who are members of a trusted traveler program use Transportation Security Administration security screening lanes designated for trusted travelers, and for other purposes, as amended

The Clerk read the title of the bill. The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 6265

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "PreCheck is PreCheck Act of 2018".

SEC. 2. ELIGIBILITY FOR TSA PRECHECK EXPEDITED SCREENING.

- (a) ELIGIBILITY.-
- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration (TSA) shall ensure that only travelers who are members of a trusted traveler program specified in subsection (b) are permitted to use TSA PreCheck security screening lanes at Transportation Security Administration checkpoints.
- (2) CERTAIN TRAVELERS.—Any traveler who is 12 or under or 75 or over who is not a member of a trusted traveler program specified in subsection (b) shall be permitted to utilize TSA PreCheck security screening lanes at Transportation Security Administration checkpoints when traveling on the same itinerary as a member of such a program.
- (b) TRUSTED TRAVELER PROGRAMS.—Trusted traveler programs referred to in subsection (a) include the following:

- (1) Programs implemented by the Transportation Security Administration under section 109(a)(3) of the Aviation and Transportation Security Act (Public Law 107–71; 49 U.S.C. 114 note).
- (2) Any other United States Government program that issues unique identifiers, such as a known traveler number, that the Transportation Security Administration accepts as validating that the person holding such identifier is a member of a known low-risk population.

(c) Exemptions.—Nothing in this section shall affect—

(1) the ability of the Transportation Security Administration to carry out expedited screening for severely injured or disabled members of the Armed Forces and severely injured or disabled veterans, as set forth in section 44927 of title 49, United States Code: or

(2) the Honor Flight program, set forth in section 44928 of such title.

SEC. 3. RISK MODIFIED SCREENING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration shall commence a pilot program regarding a risk modified screening protocol for lanes other than designated TSA PreCheck security screening lanes at Transportation Security Administration checkpoints, in airports of varying categories, to further segment passengers based on risk. Such pilot program shall conclude on the date that is 120 after such date of commencement.

(b) REPORT; IMPLEMENTATION.—Not later than 30 days after the conclusion of the pilot program required under subsection (a), the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report on the finding of such pilot program, including information relating to the security effectiveness and passenger facilitation effectiveness of the risk modified screening protocol that was the subject of such pilot program and, in the event that the Administrator is satisfied with the effectiveness of such protocol, information relating to plans to deploy such protocol at as many Transportation Security Administration checkpoints as practicable, taking into consideration the level of risk at the airport at issue, the available space at such airport, passenger throughput levels at such airport, and checkpoint configuration at such airport, while maintaining adequate resources to appropriately serve passengers in TSA PreCheck security screening lanes at Transportation Security Administration checkpoints.

(c) ELIGIBILITY.—Only low-risk passengers shall be eligible to undergo risk modified screening at Transportation Security Administration checkpoints described in subsection (a). Such low-risk passengers are those passengers who—

- (1) meet risk-based, intelligence-driven criteria outlined by the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration; or
- (2) have undergone canine enhanced screening upon arrival at a Transportation Security Administration checkpoint.
- (d) WORKING GROUP.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out subsections (a) and (b), the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration shall establish and utilize a working group comprised of individuals from or representatives of Category X, 1, 2, 3, and 4 airports and air carriers (as such term is defined in section 40102 of title 49, United States Code) to inform the piloting and development of plans to deploy the risk modified screening protocol described in such subsections for lanes other than designated TSA PreCheck security screening lanes at Transportation Security Administration checkpoints in a manner which ensures maximum security effectiveness and efficiency.

(2) NON-APPLICABILITY OF FACA.—The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall

not apply to the working group established under this subsection.

SEC. 4. CONGRESSIONAL REPORTS.

- (a) In General.—Beginning with the first full calendar quarter after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration shall brief, on a quarterly basis, the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate on the implementation of section 2.
- (b) CERTIFICATION.—Upon a determination by the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration that only travelers who are members of a trusted traveler program specified in section 2(b) are permitted to use TSA PreCheck security screening lanes at Transportation Security Administration checkpoints in accordance with subsection (a) of such section, the Administrator shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a written certification relating to such determination.

(c) SUNSET.—The briefings required under subsection (a) shall terminate at the time the certification described in subsection (b) is submitted.

SEC. 5. INSPECTOR GENERAL ASSESSMENTS.

After the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration submits the certification described in section 4(b), the Inspector General of the Department of Homeland Security shall, beginning in the first calendar year after such certification and in each of the next three subsequent calendar years, conduct an assessment to determine if there has been a systematic pattern of violations of section 2(a) during the previous calendar year. The Inspector General shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate the results of each such assessment.

SEC. 6. PRECHECK PROGRAM EXPANSION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration shall develop and begin the implementation of a long-term strategy to increase enrollment in the TSA PreCheck Program and expand the total population of members of trusted traveler programs specified in section 2(b).
- (b) ENROLLMENT.—În carrying out the longterm strategy referred to in subsection (a), the Administrator of the Transportation Security Administration shall—
- (1) seek to partner with air carriers (as such term is defined in section 40102 of title 49, United States Code) to incorporate PreCheck Program pronotion opportunities in the reservation process described in section 1560.101 of title 49. Code of Federal Regulations:
- (2) seek to include in the PreCheck Program individuals who—
- (A) hold a Secret, Top Secret, or Top Secret/ Sensitive Compartmented Information clearance, unless such an individual has had his or her clearance revoked or did not pass a periodic reinvestigation; or
- (B) are current, full-time Federal law enforcement officers;
- (3) increase PreCheck Program enrollment flexibility by offering a secure mobile enrollment platform that facilitates in-person identity verification and application data collection, such as biometrics;
- (4) develop initiatives to minimize the amount of travel to PreCheck Program enrollment centers for applicants, including—
- (A) adjusting the locations and schedules of existing PreCheck Program enrollment centers to accommodate demand;
- (B) seeking to collocate such enrollment centers with existing facilities that support the issuance of—