Woodall

Tipton

Turner

Upton

Valadao

Wagner

Walberg

Walden

Walker

Walorski

Walters Mimi

Weber (TX)

Wenstrup

Williams

Wittman

Womack

Yoder

Yoho

Zeldin

Nolan

Norcross

O'Halleran

O'Rourke

Pallone

Panetta

Pascrell

Payne

Pelosi Perlmutter

Peters

Peterson

Price (NC)

Pingree

Quigley

Raskin

Rosen

Ruiz

Rush

Rice (NY)

Richmond

Roybal-Allard

Ruppersberger

Ryan (OH)

Sánchez

Sarbanes

Schrader

Serrano

Schiff

Schakowsky

Scott (VA) Scott, David

Sewell (AL)

Shea-Porter

Smith (WA)

Swalwell (CA)

Thompson (CA)

Thompson (MS)

Sherman

Sires

Soto

Speier

Suozzi

Takano

Titus

Tonko

Torres

Tsongas

Vargas

Veasey

Velázquez

Visclosky

Wasserman

Schultz

Wilson (FL)

Yarmuth

Waters, Maxine

Watson Coleman

Vela.

Walz

Welch

Pocan

Polis

Westerman

Wilson (SC)

Young (AK)

Young (IA)

Webster (FL)

Trott

Rothfus

Rouzer

Russell

Sanford

Schneider

Sessions

Shimkus

Shuster

Sinema

Simpson

Smith (MO)

Smith (TX)

Smucker

Stefanik

Stewart

Stivers

Taylor

Tenney

Schweikert

Scott, Austin

Sensenbrenner

Scalise

Rutherford

Sires Titus Smith (WA) Tonko Soto Torres Speier Tsongas Suozzi Vargas Swalwell (CA) Veasey Takano Vela. Thompson (CA) Velázquez Thompson (MS) Visclosky

Walz Wasserman Schultz Waters, Maxine Watson Coleman Welch Wilson (FL) Yarmuth

NOT VOTING-16

Castor (FL) Kuster (NH) Rokita Gutiérrez Labrador Royce (CA) LaMalfa Harris Smith (TX) Hoyer Messer Zeldin Jenkins (WV) Pittenger Rogers (KY) Jones

\Box 1333

Mr. NADLER changed his vote from "yea" to "nay.

So the previous question was ordered. The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. question is on the resolution.

The question was taken; Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Mr. HASTINGS. Mr. Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 224, noes 184, answered "present" 1, not voting 19, as follows:

[Roll No. 174] AYES-224

Denham

DeSantis

DesJarlais

Donovan

Dunn

Faso

Flores

Foxx

Gaetz

Gibbs

Gosar

Gowdy

Granger

Griffith

Guthrie

Handel

Harper

Harris

Hill

Holding

Hudson

Hunter

Hurd

Hultgren

Hartzler

Hensarling

Grothman

Gallagher

Gianforte

Gohmert

Goodlatte

Garrett

Emmer

Estes (KS)

Ferguson

Dent

Abraham Aderholt Allen Amash Arrington **Bahin** Bacon Banks (IN) Barletta Barr Barton Bergman Biggs Bilirakis Bishop (MI) Bishop (UT) Black Blackburn Blum Bost Brady (TX) Brat Brooks (AL) Brooks (IN) Buchanan Buck Bucshon Budd Burgess Byrne Calvert Carter (GA) Carter (TX) Chabot Cheney Coffman Cole Collins (GA) Collins (NY) Comer Comstock

Conaway

Costello (PA)

Cook

Cramer

Curtis

Crawford

Culberson

Curbelo (FL)

Davis, Rodney

Issa. Jenkins (KS) Johnson (LA) Johnson (OH) Diaz-Balart Johnson, Sam Jordan Duncan (SC) Joyce (OH) Katko Kelly (MS) Duncan (TN) Kelly (PA) King (IA) King (NY) Kinzinger Fitzpatrick Knight Kustoff (TN) Fleischmann LaHood Fortenberry LaMalfa Lamb Frelinghuysen Lamborn Lance Latta Lesko Lewis (MN) LoBiondo Long Loudermilk Love Lucas Luetkemever Graves (GA) MacArthur Graves (LA) Marchant Graves (MO) Marino Marshall Massie Mast McCarthy McCaul McClintock McHenry McKinley Herrera Beutler McMorris Hice, Jody B. Rodgers Higgins (LA) McSally Meadows Mitchell Hollingsworth Moolenaar Mooney (WV) Mullin

Noem

Norman Nunes Olson Palazzo Palmer Paulsen Pearce Perry Poe (TX) Poliquin Posey Ratcliffe Reed Reichert Renacci Rice (SC) Roby Roe (TN) Rogers (AL) Rohrabacher Rooney, Francis Rooney, Thomas

Ros-Lehtinen Roskam

Adams

Aguilar

Bass

Bera

Bever

Bishop (GA)

Blumenauer

Boyle, Brendan

Bonamici

Brady (PA)

Butterfield

Brown (MD)

Brownley (CA)

ř.

Bustos

Capuano

Carbajal

Cárdenas

Beatty

Barragán

NOES-184

Thompson (PA)

Thornberry

Gallego Garamendi Gomez Gonzalez (TX) Gottheimer Green, Al Green, Gene Grijalva Hanabusa Blunt Rochester Hastings Heck Higgins (NY) Himes Huffman Jackson Lee Jayapal Jeffries Johnson (GA) Johnson, E. B. Kaptur Keating Kelly (IL)

Carson (IN) Cartwright Kennedy Castro (TX) Khanna Chu, Judy Kihuen Cicilline Kildee Clark (MA) Kilmer Clarke (NY) Kind Clay Krishnamoorthi Cleaver Langevin Clyburn Larsen (WA) Connolly Larson (CT) Cooper Lawrence Lawson (FL) Correa Costa Lee Courtney Levin Crist Lewis (GA) Crowley Lieu, Ted Lipinski Cuellar Cummings Loebsack Davis (CA) Lofgren Davis, Danny Lowenthal DeFazio Lowey Lujan Grisham. DeGette Delaney

DeLauro DelBene Demings DeSaulnier Deutch Dingell Doyle, Michael F. Ellison

Engel Eshoo Espaillat Esty (CT) Evans Foster Frankel (FL) Fudge

Gabbard

Castor (FL) Cohen Davidson Newhouse

NOT VOTING-Doggett Duffy Gutiérrez

PRESENT-1

Luján, Ben Ray

Carolyn B.

Maloney, Sean

Lynch

Matsui

McCollum

McEachin

McGovern

McNerney

Meeks

Meng

Moore

Nadler

Amodei

Moulton

Murphy (FL)

Napolitano

Maloney,

Hover Huizenga Jenkins (WV) Kuster (NH) Labrador Messer

Pittenger Rogers (KY) Rokita Royce (CA)

\sqcap 1341

So the resolution was agreed to. The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Mr. SMITH of Nebraska, Mr. Speaker, I was unavoidably detained. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 174.

REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H. RES. 774

Mr. DESJARLAIS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that my name be removed as a cosponsor of H. Res. 774.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Tennessee?

There was no objection.

REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H. RES. 774

THOMPSON of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that my name be removed as a cosponsor of H. Res. 774.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Pennsylvania?

There was no objection.

CONTINUATION OF THE NATIONAL EMERGENCY WITH RESPECT TO THE ACTIONS OF THE GOVERN-SYRIA-MESSAGE MENT OF FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES (H. DOC. NO. 115-

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following message from the President of the United States; which was read and, together with the accompanying papers, referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs and ordered to be printed:

To the Congress of the United States:

Section 202(d) of the National Emergencies Act, 50 U.S.C. 1622(d), provides for the automatic termination of a national emergency unless, within 90 days before the anniversary date of its declaration, the President publishes in the Federal Register and transmits to the Congress a notice stating that the emergency is to continue in effect beyond the anniversary date. In accordance with this provision, I have sent to the Federal Register for publication the enclosed notice stating that the national emergency with respect to the actions of the Government of Syria declared in Executive Order 13338 of May 11, 2004—as modified in scope and relied upon for additional steps taken in Executive Order 13399 of April 25, 2006, Executive Order 13460 of February 13, 2008, Executive Order 13572 of April 29, 2011, Executive Order 13573 of May 18, 2011, Executive Order 13582 of August 17, 2011, Executive Order 13606 of April 22, 2012, and Executive Order 13608 of May 1, 2012—is to continue in effect beyond May 11, 2018.

The regime's brutal war on the Syrian people, who have been calling for freedom and a representative government, not only endangers the Syrian people themselves, but also generates instability throughout the region. The Syrian regime's actions and policies, including pursuing and using chemical weapons, supporting terrorist organizations, and obstructing the Lebanese government's ability to function effectively, continue to foster the rise of extremism and sectarianism and pose an unusual and extraordinary threat to the national security, foreign policy, and economy of the United States. For these reasons, I have determined that it is necessary to continue in effect the national emergency declared with respect to this threat and to maintain in force the sanctions to address this national emergency.

In addition, the United States condemns the Assad regime's use of brutal violence and human rights abuses, and calls on the Assad regime to stop its violent war, uphold the Cessation of Hostilities, enable the delivery of humanitarian assistance, and negotiate a political transition in Syria that will forge a credible path to a future of greater freedom, democracy, opportunity, and justice.

The United States will consider changes in the composition, policies, and actions of the Government of Syria in determining whether to continue or

terminate this national emergency in the future.

DONALD J. TRUMP. THE WHITE HOUSE, $May\ 9,\ 2018.$

□ 1345

STANDARD MERGER AND ACQUISITION REVIEWS THROUGH EQUAL RULES ACT OF 2018

Mr. GOODLATTE. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to House Resolution 872, I call up the bill (H.R. 5645) to amend the Clayton Act and the Federal Trade Commission Act to provide that the Federal Trade Commission shall exercise authority with respect to mergers only under the Clayton Act and only in the same procedural manner as the Attorney General exercises such authority, and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 872, the bill is considered read.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 5645

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Standard Merger and Acquisition Reviews Through Equal Rules Act of 2018".

SEC. 2. AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAYTON ACT.

The Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 12 et seq.) is amended— $\,$

(1) by striking section 4F and inserting the following:

"SEC. 4F. ACTIONS BY ATTORNEY GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES OR THE FED-ERAL TRADE COMMISSION.

"(a) Whenever the Attorney General of the United States has brought an action under the antitrust laws or the Federal Trade Commission has brought an action under section 7, and the Attorney General or Federal Trade Commission, as applicable, has reason to believe that any State attorney general would be entitled to bring an action under this Act based substantially on the same alleged violation of the antitrust laws or section 7, the Attorney General or Federal Trade Commission, as applicable, shall promptly give written notification thereof to such State attorney general.

"(b) To assist a State attorney general in evaluating the notice described in subsection (a) or in bringing any action under this Act, the Attorney General of the United States or Federal Trade Commission, as applicable, shall, upon request by such State attorney general, make available to the State attorney general, to the extent permitted by law, any investigative files or other materials which are or may be relevant or material to the actual or potential cause of action under this Act.":

(2) in section 5—

(A) in subsection (a) by inserting "(including a proceeding brought by the Federal Trade Commission with respect to a violation of section 7)" after "United States under the antitrust laws"; and

(B) in subsection (i) by inserting "(including a proceeding instituted by the Federal Trade Commission with respect to a violation of section 7)" after "antitrust laws";

(3) in section 11, by adding at the end the following:

"(m)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), in enforcing compliance with section 7, the Federal Trade Commission shall enforce compliance with that section in the same manner as the Attorney General in accordance with section 15

ance with section 15.

"(2) If the Federal Trade Commission approves an agreement with the parties to the transaction that contains a consent order with respect to a violation of section 7, the Commission shall enforce compliance with that section in accordance with this section.":

(4) in section 13, by inserting "(including a suit, action, or proceeding brought by the Federal Trade Commission with respect to a violation of section 7)" before "subpoenas"; and

(5) in section 15, by inserting "and the duty of the Federal Trade Commission with respect to a violation of section 7," after "General.".

SEC. 3. AMENDMENTS TO THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION ACT.

The Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41) is amended—

(1) in section 5(b), by inserting "(excluding the consummation of a proposed merger, acquisition, joint venture, or similar transaction that is subject to section 7 of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 18), except in cases where the Commission approves an agreement with the parties to the transaction that contains a consent order)" after "unfair method of competition";

(2) in section 9, by inserting after the fourth undesignated paragraph the following:

"Upon the application of the commission with respect to any activity related to the consummation of a proposed merger, acquisition, joint venture, or similar transaction that is subject to section 7 of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 18) that may result in any unfair method of competition, the district courts of the United States shall have juris-

diction to issue writs of mandamus commanding any person or corporation to comply with the provisions of this Act or any order of the commission made in pursuance thereof.":

(3) in section 13(b)(1), by inserting "(excluding section 7 of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 18) and section 5(a)(1) with respect to the consummation of a proposed merger, acquisition, joint venture, or similar transaction that is subject to section 7 of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 18))" after "Commission"; and

(4) in section 20(c)(1), by inserting "or under section 7 of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 18), where applicable," after "Act,".

SEC. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS.

(a) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Except as provided in subsection (b), this Act and the amendments made by this Act shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS.—The amendments made by this Act shall not apply to any of the following that occurs before the date of enactment of this Act:

(1) A violation of section 7 of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 18).

(2) A transaction with respect to which there is compliance with section 7A of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 18a).

(3) A case in which a preliminary injunction has been filed in a district court of the United States.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The bill shall be debatable for 1 hour equally divided and controlled by the chair and ranking minority member of the Committee on the Judiciary.

After 1 hour of debate, it shall be in order to consider the amendment printed in House Report 115–664, if offered by the Member designated in the report, which shall be considered read, shall be separately debatable for the time specified in the report equally divided and controlled by the proponent and an opponent, and shall not be subject to a demand for a division of the question.

The gentleman from Virginia (Mr. GOODLATTE) and the gentleman from New York (Mr. NADLER) each will control 30 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Virginia.

PERMISSION TO POSTPONE PROCEEDINGS ON ADOPTING AMENDMENT TO H.R. 5645

Mr. GOODLATTE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the question of adopting the amendment to H.R. 5645 may be subject to postponement as though under clause 8 of rule XX.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Virginia?

There was no objection.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. GOODLATTE. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members have 5 legislative days to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on H.R. 5645.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Virginia?

There was no objection.

Mr. GOODLATTE. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

In 1914, Congress passed the Federal Trade Commission Act, marking the