- (A) A financial report of the expenses for all official activities and requirements of the Review Board and its employees.
- (B) The progress made on review, transmission to the Archivist, and public disclosure of civil rights cold case records.
- (C) The estimated time and volume of civil rights cold case records involved in the completion of the Review Board's performance under this Act.
- (D) Any special problems, including requests and the level of cooperation of Government offices, with regard to the ability of the Review Board to operate as required by this Act.
- (E) A record of review activities, including a record of postponement decisions by the Review Board or other related actions authorized by this Act, and a record of the volume of records reviewed and postponed.
- (F) Recommendations and requests to Congress for additional authorization.
- (G) An appendix containing copies of reports of postponed records to the Archivist required under subsection (c)(3) made since the date of the preceding report under this subsection.
- (4) NOTICE OF TERMINATION.—Not later than 90 days before terminating, the Review Board shall provide written notice to the President and the Congress of its intention to terminate its operations at a specified date.

SEC. 8. DISCLOSURE OF OTHER INFORMATION AND ADDITIONAL STUDY.

- (a) Materials Under the Seal of the Court.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Review Board may request the Attorney General to petition any court in the United States or abroad to release any information relevant to civil rights cold cases that is held under seal of court.
 - (2) GRAND JURY MATERIALS.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Review Board may request the Attorney General to petition any court in the United States to release any information relevant to civil rights cold cases that is held under the injunction of secrecy of a grand jury.
- (B) PARTICULARIZED NEED.—A request for disclosure of civil rights cold case records under this Act shall be deemed to constitute a showing of particularized need under rule 6 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.
 - (3) DEADLINE.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall respond to any request that is subject to this subsection within 45 days.
- (B) Nondisclosure of grand jury information.—If the Attorney General determines that information relevant to a civil rights cold case that is held under the injunction of secrecy of a grand jury should not be made public, the Attorney General shall set forth in the response to the request the reasons for the determination.
- (b) COOPERATION WITH AGENCIES.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) the Attorney General should assist the Review Board in good faith to unseal any records that the Review Board determines to be relevant and held under the seal by a court or under the injunction of secrecy of a grand jury; and
- (2) all departments and agencies of the United States Government should cooperate in full with the Review Board to seek the disclosure of all information relevant to civil rights cold cases consistent with the public interest.

SEC. 9. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.

- (a) PRECEDENCE OVER OTHER LAW.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), when this Act requires transmission of a record to the Archivist or public disclosure, it shall take precedence over any other law

- (except section 6103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986), judicial decisions construing such law, or common law doctrine that would otherwise prohibit such transmission or disclosure with the exception of deeds governing access to or transfer or release of gifts and donations of records to the United States Government.
- (2) PERSONNEL AND MEDICAL FILES.—This Act shall not require the public disclosure of information that is exempt from disclosure under section 552(b)(6) of title 5, United States Code.
- (b) FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT.—Nothing in this Act shall be construed to eliminate or limit any right to file any requests with any executive agency or seek judicial review of the decisions under section 552 of title 5, United States Code.
- (c) Judicial Review.—Nothing in this Act shall be construed to preclude judicial review, under chapter 7 of title 5, United States Code, of final actions taken or required to be taken under this Act.
- (d) EXISTING AUTHORITY.—Nothing in this Act revokes or limits the existing authority of the President, any executive agency, the Senate, the House of Representatives, or any other entity of the Government to publicly disclose records in its possession.

SEC. 10. FUNDING.

Until such time as funds are appropriated to carry out this Act, the President shall use such sums as are available for discretionary use to carry out this Act.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. WALKER) and the gentleman from Maryland (Mr. RASKIN) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from North Carolina.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. WALKER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members have 5 legislative days to revise and extend their remarks and to include extraneous material on the bill under consideration.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from North Carolina?

There was no objection.

Mr. WALKER. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, the Civil Rights Cold Case Records Collection Act of 2018 would ensure the integrity of records of civil rights cold cases and ultimately allow public access to them. This important legislation has bipartisan support.

I urge all Members to support it, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. RASKIN. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I support S. 3191, the Civil Rights Cold Case Records Collection Act, which represents an important step toward finally solving more than 100 unresolved court cases in the civil rights field.

The bill will establish a new civil rights cold case records collection and review board, so the public can review records related to these unsolved cases, with appropriate security and privacy safeguards.

The bill will allow the expertise of outside investigators to help bring justice to the families and descendants and victims of these crimes.

The bill also will provide a role for Congress in the appointments to this review board, to ensure proper expertise and accountability in the process.

It is imperative that Congress appropriate sufficient funding to the National Archives and other agencies to carry out the important mission of this legislation. I urge all Members to support this bill and future funding measures for this endeavor.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. RUSH. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of S. 3191, the Civil Rights Cold Case Records Collection Act of 2018. I was delighted when Senator Jones introduced companion legislation to my bill, H.R. 1272, and I am even more excited to see that his bill has passed the Senate by unanimous consent and is now before the House.

Mr. Speaker, with the passage of this legislation, families and communities that have waited too long for answers about the loss of loved ones during the tumultuous Civil Rights Era may finally have the chance for closure.

Mr. Speaker, this bill came to fruition because of the hard work of a group of students from Hightstown High School in New Jersey and their teacher, Mr. Stuart Wexler. These dedicated students learned firsthand the legislative process, from drafting to markup, to where we stand today, floor passage. I thank them for their dedication to this cause and applaud them for their diligence.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. WALKER) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, S. 3191.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. MASSIE. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and navs.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess for a period of less than 15 minutes.

Accordingly (at 9 o'clock and 33 minutes a.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 0945

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. SIMPSON) at 9 o'clock and 45 minutes a.m.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX and the order of the House of today, proceedings will resume on motions to suspend the rules previously postponed.

Rvan (OH)

Sánchez

Votes will be taken in the following order:

H. Res. 1063, by the year and nays; H.R. 7318, by the yeas and navs: H.R. 7319, by the yeas and nays; H.R. 7329, by the yeas and nays; S. 3367, by the year and navs: H.R. 7293, by the yeas and nays;

Concur in the Senate amendment to H.R. 4174, by the year and nays;

S. 2276, by the yeas and nays;

S. 3031, by the yeas and nays; and

S. 3191, by the yeas and nays.

The first electronic vote will be conducted as a 15-minute vote. Remaining electronic votes will be conducted as 2minute votes.

LINCOLN ROOM DESIGNATION

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and agree to the resolution (H. Res. 1063) designating room H-226 of the United States Capitol as the "Lincoln Room", on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Florida (Mr. MAST) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the resolution.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 366, nays 0, not voting 66, as follows:

[Roll No. 474] YEAS-366

Doyle, Michael

Carter (GA)

Carter (TX)

Abraham

Adams

Aderholt Duffy Cartwright Duncan (SC) Aguilar Castro (TX) Duncan (TN) Chabot Allen Amash Cheney Dunn Amodei Chu Judy Emmer Cicilline Arrington Eshoo Clark (MA) Espaillat Balderson Cleaver Estes (KS) Esty (CT) Banks (IN) Cloud Barletta Clyburn Evans Barr Cohen Faso Barragán Cole Ferguson Barton Collins (GA) Fitzpatrick Bass Collins (NY) Fleischmann Beatty Comer Flores Bera Conaway Fortenberry Bergman Connolly Foster Beyer Cook Foxx Biggs Cooper Frankel (FL) Bilirakis Correa Frelinghuvsen Bishop (GA) CostaFudge Costello (PA) Gabbard Bishop (MI) Bishop (UT) Courtney Gaetz Gallagher Blumenauer Cramer Blunt Rochester Crawford Gallego Bonamici Crist Garamendi Cuellar Garrett Boyle, Brendan Cummings Gianforte Curbelo (FL) Gibbs Brady (TX) Gohmert Curtis Brat Davidson Gomez Brooks (AL) Goodlatte Davis (CA) Brooks (IN) Davis, Rodney Gosar Gottheimer Brown (MD) DeFazio Brownley (CA) DeGette Granger Graves (LA) Buchanan Delaney Graves (MO) Buck DeLauro Bucshon DelBene Green, Al Budd Demings Green, Gene Burgess DeSaulnier Griffith Bustos DesJarlais Grijalva Byrne Deutch Diaz-Balart Grothman Calvert Guthrie Carbajal Dingell Handel Cárdenas Doggett Harper Carson (IN) Donovan Harris

Marchant Hartzler Heck Marino Hensarling Marshall Hern Massie Herrera Beutler Mast Hice, Jody B. Matsui Higgins (LA) McCarthy Higgins (NY) McCaul Hill McClintock Himes McCollum Hollingsworth McEachin Hoyer McGovern Hudson McHenry Huffman McKinley Huizenga McMorris Hunter Rodgers Hurd McNerney McSally Issa Jackson Lee Meadows Jayapal Meeks Jeffries Meng Johnson (GA) Mitchell Johnson (LA) Moolenaar Mooney (WV) Johnson (OH) Johnson, E. B Moore Morelle Johnson, Sam Jones (MI) Moulton Jordan Mullin Murphy (FL) Kaptur Katko Napolitano Kelly (IL) Neal Kelly (MS) Norcross Kelly (PA) Norman Kennedy Nunes Khanna O'Halleran Kihuen O'Rourke Olson Kildee Kilmer Palazzo King (IA) Pallone King (NY) Palmer Kinzinger Panetta Knight Pascrel1 Krishnamoorthi Paulsen Kuster (NH) Payne Kustoff (TN) Pearce Perlmutter Labrador LaHood Perry LaMalfa Peters Lamb Peterson Lamborn Pingree Lance Pocan Langevin Poliquin Larsen (WA) Posey Price (NC) Larson (CT) Quigley Latta Lawrence Raskin Lawson (FL) Ratcliffe Reed Lee Reichert Lesko Levin Renacci Lewis (GA) Rice (SC) Lieu, Ted Richmond LoBiondo Roe (TN) Rogers (KY) Loebsack Lofgren Rokita Rooney, Francis Long Loudermilk Ros-Lehtinen Rothfus Lowey Lucas Rouzer

NOT VOTING-66

Roybal-Allard

Ruppersberger

Royce (CA)

Ruiz

Rush

Russell

Rutherford

Luetkemeyer

MacArthur

Maloney,

Lynch

Babin

Black

Blum

Clay

Coffman

Crowley

Denham

Ellison

Engel

Gowdy

Comstock

Culberson

Davis, Danny

Gonzalez (TX)

Graves (GA)

Blackburn

Brady (PA)

Butterfield

Castor (FL)

Clarke (NY)

Capuano

Luián, Ben Ray

Carolyn B.

Maloney, Sean

Gutiérrez Hanabusa Hastings Holding Hultgren Jenkins (KS) Jones (NC) Joyce (OH) Keating Kind Lewis (MN) Lipinski Love Lowenthal Lujan Grisham, M. Messer Nadler Newhouse Noem Nolan

Sanford Sarbanes Scalise Scanlon Schakowsky Schiff Schneider Schrader Schweikert Scott (VA) Scott, Austin Serrano Sessions Sherman Shimkus Simpson Sires Smith (MO) Smith (NE) Smith (NJ) Smith (TX) Smucker Soto Speier Stefanik Stewart Stivers Snozzi Takano Tenney Thompson (CA) Thompson (PA) Thornberry Tipton Titus Tonko Torres Tsongas Turner Upton Valadao Vargas Veasey Vela. Velázquez Wagner Walberg Walden Walker Walorski Walters, Mimi Wasserman Schultz Waters, Maxine Watson Coleman Weber (TX) Webster (FL) Welch Wenstrup Westerman Wild Williams Wilson (FL) Wilson (SC) Wittman Womack Woodall Yarmuth Yoder Yoho Young (AK) Young (IA) Zeldin

Pelosi Pittenger Poe (TX) Polis Rice (NY) Roby Rogers (AL) Rohrabacher Rooney, Thomas J. Rosen Roskam Ross Scott, David Sensenbrenner Sewell (AL) Shea-Porter Shuster Sinema. Smith (WA)

Bost.

Boyle, Brendan

Thompson (MS) Visclosky Swalwell (CA) Taylor Trott Walz

(vote results)

□ 1012

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the resolution was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Mr. COFFMAN. Mr. Speaker, I was unavoidably detained and missed the vote. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 474.

Mr. BABIN. Mr. Speaker, had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 474.

Mr. ENGEL. Mr. Speaker, had I been present, I would have voted "yea" on rollcall No. 474.

AMENDING FEDERAL ASSETS SALE AND TRANSFER ACT OF 2016 TO ENSURE ADEQUATE TIME FOR PUBLIC BUILDINGS REFORM BOARD

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 7318) to amend the Federal Assets Sale and Transfer Act of 2016 to ensure that the Public Buildings Reform Board has adequate time to carry out the responsibilities of the Board, and for other purposes, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Florida (Mr. MAST) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill.

This is a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 372, nays 2, not voting 58, as follows:

[Roll No. 475] YEAS-372

Abraham Brady (TX) Coffman Adams Brat Cole Aderholt Brooks (AL) Aguilar Brooks (IN) Brown (MD) Allen Amash Brownley (CA) Amodei Buchanan Arrington Buck Babin Bucshon Bacon Budd Balderson Burgess Banks (IN) Rustos Butterfield Barletta Barragán Byrne Barton Calvert Carbajal Bass Beatty Cárdenas Carson (IN) Bera. Bergman Carter (GA) Carter (TX) Beyer Biggs Cartwright Bilirakis Castor (FL) Bishop (GA) Castro (TX) Bishop (MI) Chabot Bishop (UT) Cheney Blumenauer Chu. Judy Blunt Rochester Cicilline Clark (MA) Bonamici

Cleaver

Cloud

Collins (NY) Comer Comstock Conaway Connolly Cook Cooper Correa Costa Costello (PA) Courtney Cramer Crawford Crist Cuellar Cummings Curbelo (FL) Curtis Davidson Davis (CA) Davis, Rodney DeFazio DeGette Delanev DeLauro DelBene Demings

DeSaulnier

DesJarlais