

WALTERS of California, Mr. EVANS, Mr. DONOVAN, Ms. NORTON, Ms. JENKINS of Kansas, Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Mrs. BUSTOS, Mr. HUFFMAN, Mr. DELANEY, Mr. KHANNA, Ms. SPEIER, Mr. SWALWELL of California, Mr. PANNETTA, Ms. TSONGAS, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Mr. CORREA, Ms. DELBENE, Ms. DELAURO, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Mrs. DINGELL, Ms. BONAMICI, Ms. BORDALLO, Ms. TITUS, Ms. PINGREE, Mrs. RADEWAGEN, Ms. LEE, Mr. DESAULNIER, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Mr. LARSEN of Washington, Ms. ROSEN, Ms. SÁNCHEZ, Mr. COHEN, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. TAKANO, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. POCAN, Ms. SLAUGHTER, Mr. CICILLINE, Mr. SIREN, Mr. NADLER, Mr. GARAMENDI, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Ms. SINEMA, Mr. COSTA, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. SOTO, Ms. ADAMS, Mr. MCNERNEY, Mr. BRENDAN F. BOYLE of Pennsylvania, Ms. MOORE, Mrs. COMSTOCK, and Mr. PETERS):

H. Res. 164. A resolution supporting the goals and ideals of National Women's History Month; to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform.

By Mr. WILSON of South Carolina:

H. Res. 165. A resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives with respect to polio; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Foreign Affairs, and Financial Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. AMODEI (for himself and Mr. WELCH):

H. Res. 166. A resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that the United States postal facility network is an asset of significant value and the United States Postal Service should take appropriate measures to maintain, modernize and fully utilize the existing post office network for economic growth; to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform.

By Mr. CARTWRIGHT (for himself and Ms. NORTON):

H. Res. 167. A resolution supporting the designation of the week of February 26 to March 4, 2017, as "National Spinal CSF Leak Awareness Week"; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois (for himself and Mrs. DAVIS of California):

H. Res. 168. A resolution encouraging people in the United States to recognize March 2, 2017, as Read Across America Day; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. NEAL (for himself, Mr. KENNEDY, Ms. PINGREE, Mr. WELCH, Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts, Mr. LARSON of Connecticut, Mr. POLIQUIN, Mr. KEATING, Mr. COURTNEY, Mr. LYNCH, Ms. KUSTER of New Hampshire, Ms. DELAURO, Mr. MOULTON, Ms. SHEAPORTER, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. CICILLINE, Mr. CAPUANO, Ms. ESTY, and Mr. HIMES):

H. Res. 169. A resolution congratulating the New England Patriots on their victory in Super Bowl LI; to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform.

By Ms. STEFANIK (for herself and Mr. THOMPSON of California):

H. Res. 170. A resolution expressing the commitment of the House of Representatives to work to combat the nationwide problem of invasive species threatening native ecosystems; to the Committee on Natural Resources, and in addition to the Committees on Agriculture, and Transportation and In-

frastructure, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

### CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following statements are submitted regarding the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution.

By Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia:

H.R. 1299.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, section 8, clause 3: Congress shall have the power to regulate commerce with foreign nations; Article I, section 8, clause 18: Congress shall have the power to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers.

By Mr. MCKINLEY:

H.R. 1300.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

According to Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the Constitution: The Congress shall have power to enact this legislation to regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes.

By Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN:

H.R. 1301.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The principal constitutional authority for this legislation is clause 7 of section 9 of article I of the Constitution of the United States (the appropriation power), which states: "No Money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in Consequence of Appropriations made by Law . . . ." In addition, clause 1 of section 8 of article I of the Constitution (the spending power) provides: "The Congress shall have the Power . . . to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States . . . ." Together, these specific constitutional provisions establish the congressional power of the purse, granting Congress the authority to appropriate funds, to determine their purpose, amount, and period of availability, and to set forth terms and conditions governing their use.

By Ms. MCSALLY:

H.R. 1302.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 18—To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof

By Mr. PASCRELL:

H.R. 1303.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 1

By Mr. ROE of Tennessee:

H.R. 1304.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, paragraph 3 of the U.S. Constitution

By Mr. POE of Texas:

H.R. 1305.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 18 of section 8 of article I of the Constitution which states that Congress has the power "to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. DEFAZIO:

H.R. 1306.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 (relating to the power to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying out the powers vested in Congress)

By Mr. DEFAZIO:

H.R. 1307.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 (relating to the power to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying out the powers vested in Congress)

By Mr. DEFAZIO:

H.R. 1308.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 (relating to the power to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying out the powers vested in Congress)

By Mr. KATKO:

H.R. 1309.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 18—To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. SOTO:

H.R. 1310.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. SMITH of Nebraska:

H.R. 1311.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 of the United States Constitution, specifically Clause 3 (related to regulation of commerce among the several states).

By Mr. POLIQUIN:

H.R. 1312.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority on which this bill rests is the power of Congress "To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes;" as enumerated in Article 1, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Ms. FOX:

H.R. 1313.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, section 8 of the Constitution of the United States

By Mr. GOODLATTE:

H.R. 1314.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, clause 3. Since the federal government has extended Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 (the commerce clause) beyond its intended boundaries, it follows that efforts to rein in excessive federal government encroachment in this area can be justified by Article I, Section 8, Clause 3.

By Mr. GOODLATTE:

H.R. 1315.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, clause 3. Since the federal government has extended Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 (the commerce clause) beyond its intended boundaries, it follows that efforts to rein in excessive federal government encroachment in this area can be justified by Article I, Section 8, Clause 3.

By Mr. COLLINS of Georgia:

H.R. 1316.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority in which this bill rests is the power of Congress to regulate commerce as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 3, as applied to healthcare.

By Mr. SAM JOHNSON of Texas:

H.R. 1317.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1

By Ms. HERRERA BEUTLER:

H.R. 1318.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3

By Mr. MARCHANT:

H.R. 1319.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

1. The power to regulate commerce among several states as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution.

2. to provide for the general welfare of the United States as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. KINZINGER:

H.R. 1320.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8

By Mr. BROWN of Maryland:

H.R. 1321.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Commerce Clause (Art. 1, Sec. 8, Cl. 3)

Necessary and Proper Clause (Art. 1, Sec. 8, Cl. 18)

By Ms. JUDY CHU of California:

H.R. 1322.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 1 of Section 8 of Article 1 of the United States Constitution

By Mr. COLLINS of New York:

H.R. 1323.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution

By Mr. MCNERNEY:

H.R. 1324.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, section 8 of the Constitution of the United States grants Congress the authority to enact this bill

By Mr. BUCSHON:

H.R. 1325.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution

By Mr. SCHRADER:

H.R. 1326.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under:

U.S. Const. art. 1, §1;

U.S. Const. art. 1, §8, cl. 13;

U.S. Const. art. 1, §8, cl. 14; and

U.S. Const. art. 1, §8, cl. 18.

By Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi:

H.R. 1327.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The U.S. Constitution, including Article I, section 8

By Mr. BOST:

H.R. 1328.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution

By Mr. BOST:

H.R. 1329.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution

By Mr. AMODEI:

H.R. 1330.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution, specifically clause 1 (relating to providing for the general welfare of the United States) and clause 18 (relating to the power to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying out the powers vested in Congress), and Article IV, Section 3, Clause 2 (relating to the power of Congress to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States).

By Mr. BANKS of Indiana:

H.R. 1331.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 of the United States Constitution

By Ms. BONAMICI:

H.R. 1332.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Section 8 of Article I of the Constitution

By Mr. CARTER of Georgia:

H.R. 1333.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8

By Mr. CARTER of Georgia:

H.R. 1334.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8

By Ms. CLARKE of New York:

H.R. 1335.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

the power granted to Congress under Article I of the United States Constitution and its subsequent amendments, and further clarified and interpreted by the Supreme Court of the United States.

By Mr. CRAMER:

H.R. 1336.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause I (the Spending Clause) of the United States Constitution states that "The Congress shall have Power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts, and Excises, to pay for Debts and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States.

By Mr. CRAMER:

H.R. 1337.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, which states "The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes," and Article I, Section 7, which states "All Bills for raising Revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives."

By Mr. DESJARLAIS:

H.R. 1338.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3. Congress shall have Power to regulate Commerce with Foreign Nations, and among the several states, and with Indian Tribes.

By Mr. DUNCAN of Tennessee:

H.R. 1339.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8—this bill regulates Commerce among the several states.

Amendment V—the bill assures that citizens' liberty and property (their businesses and livelihood) are not deprived, that the government does not take property (market share, potential for profit and livelihood) without just compensation.

Amendment X—Nothing in the Constitution authorizes the Federal government to do anything other than those things enumerated (coin money, enter into treaties, conduct a Census — — — which are inherently governmental). Thus, under Amendment X, the right to carry out commercial activities is reserved to the people.

By Mr. ENGEL:

H.R. 1340.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

U.S. Const. Art. I §8.

By Mr. GOSAR:

H.R. 1341.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 18, the Necessary and Proper Clause

In 2011, the United States District Court for the District of Columbia held in *Bluman v. FEC* that "It is fundamental to the definition of our national political community that foreign citizens do not have a constitutional right to participate in, and thus may be excluded from, activities of democratic self-government." *Bluman* specifically addressed and prohibited political campaign contributions to U.S. elections. In 2012, the United States Supreme Court affirmed, holding that the prohibition in 2 U.S.C. 441 (e) on campaign contributions by any "foreign national" was narrowly tailored to achieve a compelling government interest. Given that the Stop Foreign Donations Affecting Our Elections Act supplements the intent of these rulings and the 1966 law that banned such contributions, it is both within the scope of Congress's power and is thus constitutional.

By Mr. HARRIS:

H.R. 1342.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 4 of the United States Constitution which grants Congress the authority to establish a uniform Rule of Naturalization, and uniform Laws on the subject of Bankruptcies throughout the United States.

By Mr. HULTGREN:

H.R. 1343.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Section 8, Clause 3: To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.

Section 8, Clause 18: To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by the Constitution in the Government of the United States, in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. KILMER:

H.R. 1344.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Pursuant to Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. LANGEVIN:

H.R. 1345.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3

By Mr. LIPINSKI:

H.R. 1346.