CORRECTION

□ 1419

Mr. DUNCAN of South Carolina changed his vote from "present" "yea."

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the question on agreeing to the Speaker's approval of the Journal, which the Chair will put de novo.

The question is on the Speaker's approval of the Journal.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. WOODALL. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 225, nays 187, answered "present" 1, not voting 18, as follows:

[Roll No. 707] YEAS-225

Abraham Dent Kelly (PA) Kildee King (IA) Aderholt DeSaulnier Des Jarlais Allen Amodei King (NY) Dingell Krishnamoorthi Arrington Doggett Kuster (NH) Babin Donovan Banks (IN) Kustoff (TN) Duffy Duncan (SC) Barletta Labrador LaMalfa Barr Duncan (TN) Bergman Dunn Lamborn **Bilirakis** Ellison Latta Lewis (MN) Bishop (UT) Eshoo Estes (KS) Lipinski Black Blackburn Farenthold Long Loudermilk Blumenauer Ferguson Blunt Rochester Fleischmann Lowey Brady (TX) Fortenberry Lucas Brat Frankel (FL) Luetkemeyer Brooks (IN) Frelinghuysen Lujan Grisham, Brown (MD) Gabbard M. Marchant Buchanan Gaetz Marino Marshall Bucshon Garrett Gianforte Budd Bustos Gibbs Massie Butterfield Goodlatte McCarthy Carter (TX) Gowdy McCaul McClintock Graves (LA) Cartwright Castro (TX) Griffith McCollum McEachin Chabot Grothman McHenry Cheney Guthrie Chu, Judy Handel McMorris Clav Rodgers Harper Harris McNerney Collins (GA) Hartzler McSally Collins (NY) Heck Meadows Comstock Hensarling Meeks Hice, Jody B. Cook Meng Cooper Higgins (LA) Messer Cramer Hill Mitchell Crawford Himes Moolenaar Hollingsworth Mooney (WV) Crist Moore Cuellar Huffman Culberson Moulton Huizenga Cummings Hultgren Mullin Curbelo (FL) Hunter Murphy (FL) Curtis Hurd Nadler Davidson Issa Newhouse Davis (CA) Johnson (GA) Noem Davis, Danny Johnson (LA) Norman Johnson, Sam Davis, Rodney Nunes DeLauro Joyce (OH) O'Rourke Demings Kaptur Palazzo

Pascrell Pelosi Perlmutter Perry Peters Pingree Posev Quigley Reed Reichert Rice (SC) Roby Roe (TN) Rogers (KY) Rohrabacher Rokita Rooney, Francis Ros-Lehtinen Ross Rothfus Royce (CA) Ruppersberger Rutherford

Adams

Aguilar

Barragán

Amash

Barton

Beatty

Bass

Bera

Bever

Biggs

Blum

Bost

Buck

Burgess

Capuano

Carbajal

Cicilline

Cleaver

Clyburn

Coffman

Conaway

Connolly

Courtney

Crowley

DeFazio

DeGette

Delanev

DelBene

Denham

DeSantis

Deutch

Emmer

Espaillat

Esty (CT)

Engel

Evans

Flores

Foxx

Fudge

Gallagher

Correa

Costa

Cohen

Comer

Clark (MA)

Byrne

Bonamici

Brady (PA)

Tiberi Sanford Scalise Trott Schneider Tsongas Schweikert Turner Scott (VA) Wagner Scott, David Walherg Sensenbrenner Walden Walorski Serrano Sessions Walters, Mimi Walz Sherman Wasserman Shimkus Shuster Schultz Waters, Maxine Simpson Smith (MO) Weber (TX) Smith (NE) Webster (FL) Smith (NJ) Welch Smith (WA) Wenstrup Speier Westerman Stefanik Williams Stewart Wilson (SC) Takano Womack Taylor Yarmuth Young (IA) Tenney Thornberry Zeldin

NAYS-187

Gallego Nolan Garamendi Norcross Gomez O'Halleran Gonzalez (TX) Gottheimer Palmer Graves (GA) Panetta Graves (MO) Paulsen Green, Al Pavne Green, Gene Pearce Grijalva Peterson Bishop (GA) Gutiérrez Pittenger Bishop (MI) Hanabusa Poe (TX) Hastings Poliquin Herrera Beutler Polis Higgins (NY) Price (NC) Boyle, Brendan Holding Raskin Hover Ratcliffe Hudson Rice (NY) Brownley (CA) Jackson Lee Richmond Javanal Rogers (AL) Jeffries Rosen Jenkins (KS) Roskam Jenkins (WV) Johnson (OH) Rouzer Roybal-Allard Cárdenas Carson (IN) Johnson, E. B. Ruiz Jordan Carter (GA) Katko Rush Castor (FL) Keating Ryan (OH) Kelly (IL) Sánchez Kelly (MS) Sarbanes Clarke (NY) Khanna Schakowsky Kihuen Schiff Kilmer Schrader Kind Scott, Austin Kinzinger Sewell (AL) Knight Shea-Porter LaHood Sinema Lance Sires Langevin Slaughter Larsen (WA) Smucker Larson (CT) Costello (PA) Soto Lawrence Stivers Lawson (FL) Swalwell (CA) Lee Thompson (CA) Levin Thompson (MS) Lewis (GA) Thompson (PA) Lieu, Ted Tipton LoBiondo Titus Loebsack Torres Lofgren Upton Diaz-Balart Love Valadao Lowenthal Doyle, Michael Vargas Luján, Ben Ray Veasey Lynch Vela. MacArthur Velázquez Maloney, Visclosky Carolyn B Walker Maloney, Sean Watson Coleman Mast Wilson (FL) Fitzpatrick Matsui Woodall McGovern McKinley Yoder Meehan Yoho Neal Young (AK)

ANSWERED "PRESENT"-1

Tonko

NOT VOTING-18

Bacon Foster Jones Bridenstine Kennedy Gohmert Brooks (AL) Gosar Napolitano Olson Calvert Granger

Renacci

Rooney, Thomas Smith (TX)

Suozzi Wittman

 \Box 1426

So the Journal was approved. The result of the vote was announced

as above recorded.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. SUOZZI. Mr. Speaker, I was unable to be present today, December 21, 2017. Had I been present, I would have voted "Yes" on rollcall votes No. 706 and No. 707, and "No" on rollcall votes No. 704 and No. 705.

MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

A message in writing from the President of the United States was communicated to the House by Ms. Mariel Ridgway, one of his secretaries.

APPOINTMENTS то FREDERICK DOUGLASS BICENTENNIAL COM-MISSION

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. BOST). The Chair announces the Speaker's appointment, pursuant to section 5 of the Frederick Douglass Bicentennial Commission Act (Pub. L. 115-77), and the order of the House of January 3, 2017, of the following Member on the part of the House to the Frederick Douglass Bicentennial Commission:

Mr. HARRIS, Maryland

And from private life:

Ms. Sylvia Quinton, Mardela Springs, Maryland

Dr. C. James Trotman, West Chester, Pennsylvania

AUTHORIZING THE USE OF THE ROTUNDA OF THE CAPITOL FOR A CEREMONY TO AWARD THE CONGRESSIONAL GOLD MEDAL TO BOB DOLE

Mr. HARPER, Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's table the concurrent resolution (S. Con. Res. 31) authorizing the use of the rotunda of the Capitol for a ceremony to award the Congressional Gold Medal to Bob Dole, and ask for its immediate consideration in the House.

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Mississippi?

There was no objection.

The text of the concurrent resolution is as follows:

S. CON. RES. 31

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring),

SECTION 1. USE OF THE ROTUNDA OF THE CAPITOL FOR CEREMONY TO AWARD THE CONGRESSIONAL GOLD MEDAL TO BOB DOLE.

(a) AUTHORIZATION.—The rotunda of the Capitol is authorized to be used on January 17, 2018, for a ceremony to award the Congressional Gold Medal to Bob Dole.

(b) PREPARATIONS.—Physical preparations for the conduct of the ceremony described in subsection (a) shall be carried out in accordance with such conditions as may be prescribed by the Architect of the Capitol.

The concurrent resolution was concurred in.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

AUTHORIZING THE PRESIDENT TO AWARD THE MEDAL OF HONOR TO JOHN L. CANLEY FOR ACTS OF VALOR DURING THE VIET-NAM WAR

Mr. COFFMAN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Armed Services be discharged from further consideration of the bill (H.R. 4641) to authorize the President to award the Medal of Honor to John L. Canley for acts of valor during the Vietnam War while a member of the Marine Corps, and ask for its immediate consideration in the House.

The Clerk read the title of the bill. The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there

objection to the request of the gentleman from Colorado?

There was no objection.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 4641

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. AUTHORIZATION FOR AWARD OF MEDAL OF HONOR TO JOHN L. CANLEY FOR ACTS OF VALOR DUR-ING THE VIETNAM WAR.

(a) WAIVER OF TIME LIMITATIONS.—Notwithstanding the time limitations specified in section 6248 of title 10, United States Code, or any other time limitation with respect to the awarding of certain medals to persons who served in the Armed Forces, the President may award the Medal of Honor under section 6241 of such title to John L. Canley for the acts of valor during the Vietnam War described in subsection (b).

(b) ACTS OF VALOR DESCRIBED.—The acts of valor referred to in subsection (a) are the actions of then Gunnery Sergeant John L. Canley during combat operations from January 31, 1968, to February 6, 1968, during the Vietnam War as a member of the Marine Corps, for which he was previously awarded the Navy Cross.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the Chair will postpone further proceedings today on the motion to suspend the rules on which a recorded vote or the yeas and nays are ordered, or if the vote is objected to under clause 6 of rule XX.

Any record vote on the postponed question will be taken later.

□ 1430

SEXUAL ASSAULT FORENSIC EVIDENCE REPORTING ACT OF 2017

Mrs. HANDEL. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (S. 1766) to reauthorize the SAFER Act of 2013, and for other purposes.

The Clerk read the title of the bill. The text of the bill is as follows:

S. 1766

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Sexual Assault Forensic Evidence Reporting Act of 2017" or the "SAFER Act of 2017".

SEC. 2. PEDIATRIC SEXUAL ASSAULT NURSE EX-AMINERS.

Section 304(c)(2) of the DNA Sexual Assault Justice Act of 2004 (34 U.S.C. 40723(c)(2)) is amended-

(1) by inserting ", both adult and pedi-

atric," after "role of forensic nurses"; and
(2) by striking "and elder abuse" and inserting "elder abuse, and, in particular, the need for pediatric sexual assault nurse examiners, including such nurse examiners working in the multidisciplinary setting, in responding to abuse of both children and adolescents".

SEC. 3. REDUCING THE RAPE KIT BACKLOG.

(a) REAUTHORIZATION.—Section 2(c)(4) of the DNA Analysis Backlog Elimination Act of 2000 (34 U.S.C. 40701(c)(4)) is amended by striking "2017" and inserting "2022"

(b) SUNSET.—Section 1006 of the SAFER Act of 2013 (34 U.S.C. 40701 note) is amended by striking "2018" and inserting "2023".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentlewoman from Georgia (Mrs. HANDEL) and the gentlewoman from Texas (Ms. JACKSON LEE) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Georgia.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mrs. HANDEL. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on S. 1766, currently under consideration.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from Georgia?

There was no objection.

Mrs. HANDEL. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

S. 1766, the Sexual Assault Forensic Evidence Reporting Act of 2017, also known as the SAFER Act, strengthen State and local law enforcement's ability to reduce the number of untested rape kits and help take more offenders off our streets.

Congress provides significant resources annually to the Department of Justice to help reduce backlogs of untested forensic evidence. This legislation will reauthorize the Attorney General's authority to allocate 5 to 7 percent of funds made available to carry out the Debbie Smith DNA Backlog Grant Program to help communities audit their backlogs, which is an important first step in any effort to eliminate a backlog.

Despite the cases analyzed and improvements made with our Federal resources, backlogs persist due to the ever-increasing demand for evidence testing. According to the National Institute of Justice, as the value of DNA evidence is increasingly recognized, more evidence gets collected and submitted to laboratories for analysis.

Delays in analysis of forensic evidence often result in delays of justice: serial offenders can continue victimizing, and innocent individuals may be incarcerated. The SAFER Act helps address this common impediment to the response to rape and sexual assault at the State, local, and Tribal levels.

Importantly, the SAFER Act also would clarify that pediatric forensic nurses are eligible for training and employment grants. This provision underscores the critical role that pediatric sexual assault nurse examiners can play in a community's response to children who are victims of abuse.

S. 1766 can help ensure that resources provided for DNA analysis are focused on grant recipients making a good faith effort to estimate and manage their backlog of untested samples and improve efforts to get sex offenders off of our streets.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support this important measure, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. JACKSON LEE. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong support of S. 1766, the Sexual Assault Forensic Evidence Reporting Act of 2017. This bipartisan legislation passed the Senate on October 23, 2017.

I am glad that this House is moving

this legislation, because it is about children. It is about the scourge that children, women, and others find themselves victims of-sexual assault.

S. 1766 will reauthorize the DNA Analysis Backlog Elimination Act of 2000 through the year 2022, by amending the language in section 2(c)(4) of 34 U.S.C. 40701(c)(4).

Furthermore, this legislation also amends other sections of the DNA Sexual Assault Justice Act of 2004 by ensuring that role of forensic nurses pertains to both adult and pediatric care.

The SAFER Act also amends this statute by making a provision after "elder abuse" for the need of nurse examiners, particularly where there is the need for pediatric sexual assault nurse examiners, including such nurse examiners working in the multidisciplinary setting, in responding to abuse of both children and adolescents.

Finally, this legislation will sunset through 2023 by amending the SAFER Act. The SAFER Act is a critical program, administered by the U.S. Department of Justice, that allows:

Local law enforcement programs to obtain funding for programs to reduce the rape kit backlog in communities across the country;

Victims of sexual assault get justice more quickly than in the past;

Thirty-five percent of funds available under the Debbie Smith Act for grants to local law enforcement agencies to focus more resources on rape kit testing:

Five to seven percent of the Debbie Smith Act funding to be used by local jurisdictions to conduct 1-year audits of untested sexual assault evidence to identify serious areas of backlog; and