

6th Lord Fairfax of Cameron after whom Fairfax County and the City of Fairfax are named and who lived much of his life in Virginia.

The Lord and Lady Fairfax awards recognize those individuals who have made tremendous impacts through their support of our public schools, parks, youth sports leagues, arts community, public safety, and human service programs. It is nearly impossible to fully describe the diversity of accomplishments of the honorees. Their efforts contribute greatly to the quality of life for the residents of Fairfax County and are worthy of our praise and sincere appreciation.

It is my honor to include in the Record the names of the 2017 Lords and Ladies Fairfax:

At-Large: Lady Jane Miscavage and Lord John J. "Jeff" Lisanick

Braddock District: Lady Mary Drake Cortina and Lord Kevin Morse

Dranesville District: Lady Sally Horn and Lord Gary George Pan

Hunter Mill District: Lady Therese Martin and Lord Jerry Poje

Lee District: Lady Michelle Duell and Lord Richard J. Knapp

Mason District: Lady Rose Chu and Lord Daniel H. Aminoff

Mount Vernon District: Lady Mattie Lewis Palmore and Lord Dale S. Rumberger

Providence District: Lady Sue Kovach Shuman and Lord Phillip A. Niedzielski-Eichner

Springfield District: Lady Nancy-jo Manney and Lord Michael W. Thompson, Jr.

Sully District: Lady Trudy Harsh and Lord Michael R. Frey

Mr. Speaker, I ask my colleagues to join me in commending the 2017 Lords and Ladies Fairfax and in expressing our gratitude to these men and women who have dedicated themselves to the betterment of our community. Their efforts provide immeasurable benefits to Fairfax County and its residents, and are truly worthy of our highest praise.

MADE IN SC

HON. JOE WILSON

OF SOUTH CAROLINA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, October 31, 2017

Mr. WILSON of South Carolina. Mr. Speaker, I am grateful to recognize the statewide consortium of ten South Carolina higher education institutions for receiving a \$20 million, five-year Research Infrastructure Improvement Track-1 grant from the National Science Foundation's Established Program to Stimulate Competitive Research. This grant led to the creation of the Materials Assembly and Design in South Carolina initiative, or MADE in SC to create jobs.

These higher-education institutions are as follows: The University of South Carolina, Clemson University, The Medical University of South Carolina, Furman University, The College of Charleston, USC Beaufort, Winthrop University, South Carolina State University, Claflin University, and Florence-Darlington Technical College.

This grant encourages small business growth by providing seed funding through Small Business Innovation Research and Small Business Technology Transfer awards to South Carolina businesses in materials-re-

lated projects. This consortium will use this grant to foster research and development in the state by focusing on advanced materials discovery and optimization efforts that are in high-demand. MADE in SC will boost the manufacturing and materials science workforce by adding new undergraduate degree programs and expanding current coursework, ultimately increasing the skilled-labor workforce.

As a proponent of creating jobs and encouraging manufacturing in the district and across South Carolina, I look forward to seeing these higher education institutions utilizing this grant to stimulating small business growth, jobs, and valuable research across South Carolina.

In conclusion, God Bless our Troops, and we will never forget September 11th in the Global War on Terrorism.

HONORING JORGE L. BARÓN

HON. ADAM SMITH

OF WASHINGTON

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, October 31, 2017

Mr. SMITH of Washington. Mr. Speaker, I rise to honor Jorge L. Barón for his exemplary work on behalf of immigrant communities and to congratulate him on receiving El Centro de la Raza's 7th Annual Roberto Felipe Maestas Legacy Award.

Jorge has served as the Executive Director of the Northwest Immigrant Rights Project (NWIRP) since 2008. NWIRP provides free or low-cost legal representation to over 10,000 immigrant and refugee families in the Pacific Northwest. With Jorge at the helm, the organization has steadily increased its size and budget and is now the largest of its kind in the region. Serving thousands of immigrants each year, Jorge and his colleagues at NWIRP believe that having access to an attorney is a fundamental human right. They strive to represent as many immigrant families as possible.

Jorge immigrated from Bogotá, Columbia when he was just thirteen years old. After graduating from Duke University, he worked in the film industry for several years until finding his passion for human rights law. He then attended Yale Law School. From his unique perspective on the immigration system, he not only understands the law, but also understands the hopes, fears, and needs that a new generation of immigrants face today.

Jorge's many accomplishments include helping to secure the return of two individuals who were turned away from Seattle-Tacoma International Airport due to President Trump's travel ban, and defending the rights of detained immigrants at the Northwest Detention Center in Tacoma.

The Roberto Felipe Maestas Legacy Award honors the legacy of Roberto Maestas by recognizing those who are dedicated to "building the beloved community" and eliminating poverty, racism, and social inequity. Jorge's work exemplifies these standards.

Mr. Speaker, it is with great pleasure that I recognize Jorge Barón for his vital advocacy efforts on behalf of the immigrant community. I have no doubt Jorge will continue to advance human rights in the Pacific Northwest for many years to come.

REMEMBERING PASTOR ALVIN DUPREE

HON. KEVIN YODER

OF KANSAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, October 31, 2017

Mr. YODER. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to remember the life of Pastor Alvin Dupree—a man who dedicated his life to the service and the betterment of our country and community.

Pastor Dupree grew up with eleven siblings in Kansas City, Missouri, where he learned the importance of family and patience. Upon his graduation from high school, Pastor Dupree selflessly joined the United States Army and completed a tour of duty in Vietnam.

After returning home from Vietnam, Pastor Dupree continued to follow the call to serve when he joined Grace Temple Church in Kansas City, Kansas. At Grace Temple Church, he served in many capacities, including adjutant, deacon, minister, and eventually Pastor. He did this all with his wife, and later Co-Pastor, Linda Dupree by his side.

Together, they served the Kansas City community faithfully for 30 years. Their compassion and service to those around them will not be forgotten.

Mr. Speaker, Pastor Alvin Dupree leaves a lasting legacy in Kansas City. My thoughts and prayers are with his family and friends at this time.

HONORING ROBERT J. RUBINSTEIN

HON. ELIOT L. ENGEL

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, October 31, 2017

Mr. ENGEL. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor a friend and a pillar of the Bronx community, Robert J. Rubinstein, a man who has given so selflessly to various neighborhood organizations throughout the northwest Bronx.

Born and raised in the Bronx, Bob attended P.S. 86 and the Bronx High School of Science where he met his wife, Barbara. After graduating from Bates College on the Dean's list, where he was captain of the debate team, he served his country in the Korean War for two years as a cryptographic specialist.

Upon his return, Bob went to NYU Law School and graduated in 1958. In 1959, he and his family moved to Riverdale, at the urging of his father, Max, who was the first Principal of Junior High School 141. Bob and Barbara's children Lisa, Kenneth, and Adam all attended the local public schools and Bob immediately immersed himself in Riverdale life. As a founder of the Benjamin Franklin Reform Democratic Club, of which I myself am a member, he ran for Assembly in the First Democratic Primary ever held in the Bronx, with endorsements from Eleanor Roosevelt and Governor Herbert Lehman.

Bob served as the first President of Riverdale Senior Services, and is still an active Member of their Board. He is also a former Vice President and Board Member to the Riverdale Neighborhood House and has been an active Member of the Riverdale Kiwanis Club for 52 years, serving in various roles ranging from Lieutenant Governor, and Vice President, President Board Member.

After serving under Mayor Lindsay as general Counsel for the then Housing Development Administration, Bob opened his own law office in Riverdale, where he still practices. Bob plans to continue practicing law in Riverdale and remain an active participant in community affairs.

This year, The Kingsbridge-Riverdale-Van Cortlandt Development Corporation is honoring Bob at their annual Greenway Gala. They could not have found a more deserving honoree. Congratulations to Bob on this wonderful honor.

JANE STAPLETON: TESTIMONY BEFORE THE BIPARTISAN TASK FORCE TO END SEXUAL VIOLENCE

HON. ANN M. KUSTER

OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, October 31, 2017

Ms. KUSTER of New Hampshire. Mr. Speaker, I include in the RECORD the following:

Good morning Congresswoman Kuster and co-chairs Meehan, Speier and Joyce.

My name is Jane Stapleton and along with Dr. Sharyn Potter, I am the Director of Prevention Innovations Research Center at the University of New Hampshire. It is an honor to provide testimony on campus sexual violence and promoting healthy relationships and consent education in K through 12 schools to the Bipartisan Task Force to End Sexual Violence. Prevention Innovations is made up of researchers and practitioners who work together to create, evaluate and disseminate evidence-based prevention and responses to sexual and relationship violence. We work to build practitioners' capacities to respond to survivors, prevent violence and navigate the changing landscape of federal laws and mandates. We believe that to truly end the problems of sexual and relationship violence in K through 12 schools and post-secondary education, we must understand what works in prevention and response and then implement evidence-based and research informed prevention strategies.

Together, my colleagues and I have developed, evaluated and implemented prevention strategies to engage community members as bystanders who take responsibility to create safe and respectful learning and living environments. Prevention Innovations' evidence-based prevention strategies include:

Bringing in the Bystander, an in-person prevention program with high school and adult versions

Know Your Power bystander intervention social marketing campaign

uSafeUS, a mobile app that puts trauma informed responses and evidence-based prevention strategies in the hands of survivors and their allies

Still in development: a Bystander Intervention Video Game

Increased attention to sexual and relationship violence in schools has led to exponential growth in the number of vendors offering solutions to these pervasive public health problems. Vendors sell products that guarantee compliance and prevention, oftentimes with little to no scientific evidence to suggest that they are effective. Prevention Innovations has recently published a white paper on choosing prevention products. It seems appropriate to share this guidance with the Bipartisan Task Force.

It is essential to know whether prevention products have been thoroughly evaluated

with scientific research methods. Prevention products should have stated, measurable learning objectives that can be evaluated. Ongoing evaluation and utilization of the best available evidence should also inform the product's evolution over time.

Sexual and relationship violence are nuanced issues, so it is vital that prevention efforts are developed by people with expertise. The best interventions adhere to the principles for effective prevention.

Effective prevention strategies are informed by theories that have been developed and validated through rigorous scientific scrutiny. Effective prevention products should be grounded in theories that foster change.

Prevention efforts are most effective when they use multiple modalities such as text, video, audio, case studies, interactive exercises, gaming principles, and skills practice. Products should be developmentally and culturally appropriate to your audience and well-suited to the method of dissemination.

It is critical that all efforts promote a campus culture that supports survivors. It is important to consider the impact of prevention products and programs on members of the community who are survivors and secondary survivors, and to ensure they are trauma-informed products.

The product should be informed by those for whom it was intended. A prevention strategy developed for a college student is most likely not appropriate for a high school student and definitely not for a middle school student.

Prevention efforts require sufficient dosage to be effective. Cutting down the prevention dosage could lead to inadequate or no effect or could potentially cause harm. One-time programs are tempting, and vendors may claim that they "check all the prevention boxes," but a solo packaged program or a single annual event will not change campus culture.

It is vital that prevention messages are socioculturally relevant and reflect a community's diversity. For prevention efforts to be effective, members of the community need to see situations and people like those they would regularly encounter.

While we know a lot about prevention, there is still so much we do not know, such as the impact of consent education on reducing sexual assault perpetration; and the effectiveness of on-line prevention modules, community and societal level interventions. The best way to proceed in our efforts is to continue to develop scientifically evaluated prevention strategies and implement these evidence-based and research informed prevention tools in a comprehensive plan that engages all members of the social ecology.

On behalf of Prevention Innovations Research Center, I would like to thank the Bipartisan Task Force for your careful consideration of our suggestions for the most effective elements of prevention in K through 12 and colleges. I welcome your questions and the opportunity to provide additional information.

AIR CARGO SECURITY IMPROVEMENT ACT OF 2017

HON. BENNIE G. THOMPSON

OF MISSISSIPPI

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, October 31, 2017

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, thirteen years ago, the 9/11 Commission raised red flags "regarding the screening and transport of checked bags and cargo" and

called for "[m]ore attention and resources" to "be directed to reducing or mitigating the threat posed by explosives in vessels' cargo holds."

Today, the threat of a terrorist attack using air cargo is significant. In fact, in July, then-Secretary of Homeland Security John Kelly identified cargo-based aviation attacks as a major concern, explaining "there are people out there, very smart people, very sophisticated people who do nothing but try to figure out how to blow up an airplane in flight. . . . [T]here is a fair amount of cargo, what we would attribute to just cargo flown on passenger airplane on space available. [Terrorists] are constantly looking for ways to do this."

That same month, Australian authorities arrested four men on charges that they plotted to detonate a bomb to bring down an Etihad Airways passenger plane on behalf of ISIS on July 15. Reportedly, "a senior ISIS commander shipped partially assembled components of a bomb on a commercial cargo plane from Turkey to Australia . . . [and] two men in Australia assembled the parts into a functional explosive device." In response to the foiled Australia attack, the Transportation Security Administration (TSA) issued a security directive requiring any air cargo from Turkey bound for the U.S. to undergo enhanced screening. The Australia plot came seven years after a terrorist plot to ship bombs hidden in printer cartridges from Yemen to the United States onboard cargo planes was thwarted.

This increase in the air cargo security risk comes at a time when the volume of goods being moved by air cargo has increased, with the volume, as of 2016 back to approximately 98.4 percent of pre-recession levels with airlines transporting 52 million metric tons of goods.

In response to this security risk, I am introducing the "Air Cargo Security Improvement Act of 2017." My legislation would direct the Transportation Security Administration (TSA) to take a number of steps to enhance its responsibilities for air cargo and require the agency to aggressively move towards addressing current and future threats to air cargo. Specifically, my legislation would clarify air cargo security responsibilities at TSA, encourage further technological developments for screening air cargo, review existing air cargo programs, and require the Department of Homeland Security to make permanent the Air Cargo Advance Screening Program.

Mr. Speaker, a decade ago, I was the lead sponsor of legislation that addressed the concerns raised by the 9/11 Commission about the threat of an air cargo-based attack. The "Implementing 9/11 Recommendations Act of 2007" directed TSA to, for the first time, ensure that all cargo carried on passenger planes was screened. My bill recognizes the need to revisit that law and the stark reality that as technology has evolved so have terrorist capabilities. For instance, in 2007, it was unimaginable for terrorists to use laptops as bombs; however, in 2017, the threat of a laptop bomb was so severe that TSA considered banning laptops from airplane cabins, in response to intelligence about terrorist capabilities. The threat posed by terrorists' abilities and desires to exploit vulnerabilities cannot be understated and they have demonstrably set their targets on air cargo. We need to be timely and precise in addressing air cargo security,