- (2) service dogs;
- (3) disease detection dogs;
- (4) police dogs;
- (5) conservation dogs:
- (6) livestock guardians;
- (7) therapy dogs: and
- (8) companions and guardians of families, homes, and property:

Whereas purebred dogs provide unparalleled service to the disabled as guide and service dogs, and are the choice of leading service dog breeding programs because of the heritable intelligence, and desirable and predictable qualities, of purebred dogs:

Whereas purebred military working dogs serve alongside the men and women of the United States Armed Forces in combat and in peacetime:

Whereas breed instinct enables purebred dogs to readily serve as—

- (1) avalanche dogs:
- (2) trackers and trailers;
- (3) herders;
- (4) controllers of vermin;
- (5) water rescuers:
- (6) carting and sled dogs;
- (7) retrievers;
- (8) protectors;
- (9) hunters; and
- (10) bird dogs;

Whereas the first "National Purebred Dog Day" was established on May 1, 2015;

Whereas millions of individuals, through social media and other avenues, recognize May 1 each year as "National Purebred Dog Day" and desire, on May 1, to expressly recognize the contributions of the purebred dog; and

Whereas individuals value all dogs, regardless of the ancestry of the dogs, and especially cherish a purpose-bred dog and the predictability of each respective breed of purpose-bred dog: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate-

- (1) designates May 1, 2016, as "National Purebred Dog Day" in celebration of purebred dogs and the many service and companion benefits purebred dogs have and continue to provide to the United States; and
- (2) honors the dedicated and responsible breeders who work to preserve and advance their breeds and responsible dog ownership throughout the United States.

SENATE RESOLUTION 448-RECOG-NIZING THE ROLES AND CON-TRIBUTIONS OF THE TEACHERS OF THEUNITED STATES IN BUILDING AND ENHANCING THE CULTURAL, AND CIVIC. ECO-NOMIC WELL-BEING OF THE UNITED STATES

Ms. COLLINS (for herself, Mr. Brown, Mr. Kirk, Mr. Cotton, Mr. Blunt, Mrs. Capito, Mr. Moran, Mr. Cochran, Mr. Daines, Ms. Ayotte, Mr. Coons, Mr. Booker, Mr. Schumer, Mrs. Feinstein, Mr. Wyden, Mr. Carper, Mrs. Shaheen, Mrs. Murray, Ms. Warren, Mr. Donnelly, Ms. Hirono, Mr. Menendez, Ms. Mikulski, Mr. Durbin, and Mr. Hatch) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 448

Whereas education and knowledge form the foundation of the current and future strength of the United States;

Whereas teachers and other education staff have earned and deserve the respect of their students and communities for the selfless dedication of the teachers and staff to community service and the futures of the children of the United States;

Whereas the purposes of National Teacher Appreciation Week, held from May 2, 2016, through May 6, 2016, are to raise public awareness of the unquantifiable contributions of teachers and to promote greater respect and understanding for the teaching profession; and

Whereas students, schools, communities, and a number of organizations representing educators are hosting teacher appreciation events in recognition of National Teacher Appreciation Week: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

- (1) thanks the teachers of the United States; and
- (2) promotes the profession of teaching by encouraging students, parents, school administrators, and public officials to participate in teacher appreciation events during National Teacher Appreciation Week.

RESOLUTION SENATE 449-CON-GRATULATING THE STUDENTS, TEACHERS, PARENTS. AND LEADERS OF CHARTER SCHOOLS ACROSS THEUNITED STATES MAKING ONGOING CON-TRIBUTIONS TO EDUCATION, AND SUPPORTING THE IDEALS AND GOALS OF THE 17TH ANNUAL CHARTER NATIONAL SCHOOLS WEEK, TO BE HELD MAY THROUGH MAY 7, 2016

Mr. ALEXANDER (for himself, Mr. Bennet, Mr. Toomey, Mr. Graham, Mr. Cassidy, Mr. Kirk, Mr. Vitter, Mr. Burr, Mr. Cruz, Mr. McConnell, Mr. Tillis, Mr. Boozman, Ms. Ayotte, Mr. Gardner, Mr. Cornyn, Mr. Hatch, Mr. McCain, Mr. Rubio, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Scott, Mr. Inhofe, Mr. Booker, Mr. Carper, Mr. Coons, Mrs. Feinstein, Mr. Isakson, Mr. Perdue, and Mr. Wicker) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. Res. 449

Whereas charter schools are public schools that do not charge tuition and enroll any student who wants to attend, often through a random lottery when the demand for enrollment is outmatched by the supply of available charter school seats;

Whereas high-performing public charter schools deliver a high-quality public education and challenge all students to reach the students' potential for academic success;

Whereas public charter schools promote innovation and excellence in public education;

Whereas public charter schools throughout the United States provide millions of families with diverse and innovative educational options for children of the families;

Whereas high-performing public charter schools and charter management organizations are increasing student achievement and attendance rates at institutions of higher education:

Whereas public charter schools are authorized by a designated entity and—

- (1) respond to the needs of communities, families, and students in the United States; and
- (2) promote the principles of quality, accountability, choice, high-performance, and innovation:

Whereas, in exchange for flexibility and autonomy, public charter schools are held accountable by the authorizers of the charter schools for improving student achievement and for sound financial and operational management;

Whereas public charter schools are required to meet the student achievement ac-

countability requirements under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.) in the same manner as traditional public schools;

Whereas public charter schools often set higher expectations for students, beyond the requirements of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.), to ensure that the charter schools are of high quality and truly accountable to the public;

Whereas 43 States and the District of Columbia have enacted laws authorizing public charter schools;

Whereas, as of the 2015–2016 school year, more than 6,800 public charter schools served more than 2,900,000 children;

Whereas enrollment in public charter schools grew from 400,000 students in 2001 to 2,900,000 students in 2016, a sixfold increase in 15 years:

Whereas in the United States-

- (1) in 160 school districts, more than 10 percent of public school students are enrolled in public charter schools; and
- (2) in 14 school districts, at least 30 percent of public school students are enrolled in public charter schools;

Whereas public charter schools improve the achievement of students enrolled in the charter schools and collaborate with traditional public schools to improve public education for all students;

Whereas public charter schools-

- (1) give parents the freedom to choose public schools;
- (2) routinely measure parental satisfaction levels; and
- (3) must prove the ongoing success of the charter schools to parents, policymakers, and the communities served by the charter schools or risk closure:

Whereas a 2015 report from the Center for Research on Education Outcomes at Stanford University found significant improvements for students at urban charter schools, and compared to peers of traditional public schools, each year those students completed the equivalent of 28 more days of learning in reading and 40 more days of learning in math:

Whereas parental demand for charter schools is high, and there was an estimated 9 percent growth in charter school enrollment between fall 2014 and fall 2105; and

Whereas the 17th annual National Charter Schools Week is scheduled to be celebrated the week of May 1 through May 7, 2016: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate-

- (1) congratulates the students, families, teachers, leaders, and staff of public charter schools across the United States for—
- (A) making ongoing contributions to public education;
- (B) making impressive strides in closing the academic achievement gap in schools in the United States, particularly in schools with some of the most disadvantaged students in both rural and urban communities; and
- (C) improving and strengthening the public school system throughout the United States;
- (2) supports the ideals and goals of the 17th annual National Charter Schools Week, a week-long celebration to be held May 1 through May 7, 2016, in communities throughout the United States; and
- (3) encourages the people of the United States to hold appropriate programs, ceremonies, and activities during National Charter Schools Week to demonstrate support for public charter schools.

SENATE RESOLUTION 450—HON-ORING MAY 1 THROUGH MAY 7, 2016, AS "NATIONAL SMALL BUSI-NESS WEEK" AND CELEBRATING THE CONTRIBUTIONS OF SMALL BUSINESSES AND ENTRE-PRENEURS IN EVERY COMMU-NITY IN THE UNITED STATES

Mr. VITTER (for himself, Mrs. Shaheen, Ms. Ayotte, Mr. Peters, Mr. Risch, Ms. Heitkamp, Mr. Scott, Mr. Markey, Mrs. Fischer, Ms. Cantwell, Mrs. Ernst, Mr. Booker, Mr. Gardner, Mr. Cardin, Mr. Enzi, Ms. Hirono, and Mr. Rubio) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 450

Whereas "National Small Business Week" has been declared by every President since 1963:

Whereas there are more than 28,000,000 small businesses in the United States;

Whereas nearly 90 percent of United States employers have fewer than 20 employees;

Whereas small businesses in the United States—

- (1) represent 99.7 percent of all businesses with employees;
- (2) employ over 48 percent of employees in the private sector;
- (3) constitute 98 percent of businesses that export goods; and
- (4) account for more than 46 percent of private sector output;

Whereas, on July 30, 1953, Congress established the Small Business Administration to aid, counsel, assist, and protect the interests of small businesses—

- (1) to preserve free and competitive enterprise:
- (2) to ensure that a fair proportion of the total sales of Government property are made to small businesses; and
- (3) to maintain and strengthen the overall economy of the United States;

Whereas 63 percent of new jobs are created by small businesses; and

Whereas May 1 through May 7, 2016, will be celebrated as "National Small Business Week". Now therefore be it.

Week'': Now, therefore, be it Resolved, That the Senate—

- (1) honors May 1 through May 7, 2016, as "National Small Business Week";
- (2) celebrates the contributions of small businesses and entrepreneurs in every community in the United States during National Small Business Week:
 - (3) recognizes the importance of—
- (A) creating policies that promote an environment in which small businesses may succeed; and
- (B) the Small Business Administration as a valuable resource for entrepreneurs in the United States; and
- (4) supports efforts—
- (A) to encourage consumers to use small businesses; and
- (B) to increase awareness of the value of small businesses and the impact of small businesses on the economy of the United States.

SENATE RESOLUTION 451-SUP-PORTING THEGOALS AND IDEALS OF NATIONAL TRAVEL AND TOURISM WEEK AND HON-ORING $_{
m THE}$ VALUABLE CON-TRIBUTIONS OF TRAVEL AND TOURISM TOTHEUNITED STATES

Ms. KLOBUCHAR (for herself, Mr. BLUNT, Mr. SCHATZ, Mr. KIRK, and Ms.

ENATE RESOLUTION 450—HON- HIRONO) submitted the following reso-ORING MAY 1 THROUGH MAY 7, lution; which was considered and 2016, AS "NATIONAL SMALL BUSI- agreed to:

S. RES. 451

Whereas National Travel and Tourism Week was established in 1983 through the enactment of the Joint Resolution entitled "Joint Resolution to designate the week beginning May 27, 1984, as 'National Tourism Week'", approved November 29, 1983 (Public Law 98–178; 97 Stat. 1126), which recognized the value of travel and tourism;

Whereas National Travel and Tourism Week is celebrated across the United States from May 1 through May 7, 2016;

Whereas more than 400 travel destinations throughout the United States are holding events in honor of National Travel and Tourism Week:

Whereas 1 out of every 9 jobs in the United States depends on travel and tourism and the travel and tourism industry supports 15,100,000 jobs in the United States;

Whereas the travel and tourism industry employs individuals in all 50 States, the District of Columbia, and all the territories of the United States:

Whereas international travel to the United States— $\,$

- (1) is the single largest export industry in the United States; and
- (2) generates a trade surplus balance of approximately \$61,000,000,000;

Whereas the travel and tourism industry, Congress, and the President have worked to streamline the visa process and make the United States welcoming to visitors from other countries:

Whereas travel and tourism provide significant economic benefits to the United States by generating nearly \$2,100,000,000,000 in annual economic output;

Whereas leisure travel allows individuals to experience the rich cultural heritage and educational opportunities of the United States and its communities; and

Whereas the immense value of travel and tourism cannot be overstated: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

- (1) supports the goals and ideals of National Travel and Tourism Week;
- (2) commends the travel and tourism industry for its important contributions to the United States; and
- (3) commends the employees of the travel and tourism industry for their important contributions to the United States.

SENATE RESOLUTION 452—RECOGNIZING AND SUPPORTING THE GOALS AND IDEALS OF NATIONAL SEXUAL ASSAULT AWARENESS AND PREVENTION MONTH

Mr. GRASSLEY (for himself, Mr. Leahy, Ms. Ayotte, Mr. Casey, Mrs. Ernst, Mrs. Gillibrand, and Mr. Heller) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 452

Whereas on average, an individual is sexually assaulted in the United States every 2 minutes, according to the Rape, Abuse and Incest National Network;

Whereas nearly 80,000 rapes were reported to law enforcement in 2013, according to the Department of Justice;

Whereas according to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, nearly 1 in 5 women (or 18.3 percent) and 1 in 71 men (or 1.4 percent) surveyed in the United States in 2010 experienced a rape or attempted rape at some time in their lives;

Whereas sexual violence is also a burden for many individuals who serve the United States, and the Department of Defense estimates that approximately 19,000 members of the United States Armed Forces experienced unwanted sexual contact in fiscal year 2014;

Whereas children and young adults are at significant risk of sexual assault, up to 44 percent of sexual assault victims are under 18 years of age, and up to 80 percent of sexual assault victims are under 30 years of age;

Whereas sexual assault affects women, men, and children of all racial, social, religious, age, ethnic, and socioeconomic groups in the United States:

Whereas sexual violence may take many forms, including acquaintance, stranger, spousal, and gang rape, incest, child sexual abuse, commercial sex trafficking, sexual harassment, and stalking;

Whereas in addition to the immediate physical and emotional costs of sexual assault, sexual assault has numerous adverse consequences, which can include post-traumatic stress disorder, substance abuse, major depression, homelessness, eating disorders, and suicide, according to the National Alliance to End Sexual Violence:

Whereas many sexual assaults are not reported to law enforcement agencies, which enables many rapists to evade punishment for their crimes:

Whereas as many as % of sexual crimes are committed by individuals who are not strangers to the victims;

Whereas sexual assault survivors suffer emotional scars long after the physical scars of the survivors have healed:

Whereas advances in DNA technology have enabled law enforcement agencies to potentially identify and prosecute the perpetrators in tens of thousands of unsolved rape cases:

Whereas prosecution can lead to the incarceration of rapists and prevent those individuals from committing additional crimes;

Whereas national, State, territorial, and tribal coalitions, community-based rape crisis centers, and other organizations across the United States are committed to—

- (1) increasing public awareness of sexual violence and the prevalence of sexual violence; and
- (2) eliminating sexual violence through prevention and education:

Whereas important partnerships have been formed among criminal and juvenile justice agencies, health professionals, public health workers, educators, first responders, and victim service providers;

Whereas thousands of volunteers and staff at rape crisis centers, State coalitions against sexual assault, and nonprofit organizations across the United States play an important role in making crisis hotlines and other services available to survivors of sexual assault;

Whereas free, confidential help is available to all victims and survivors of sexual assault through—

- (1) the National Sexual Assault Hotline (800-656-HOPE and online.rainn.org); and
- (2) more than 1,000 sexual assault service providers across the United States;

Whereas the DoD Safe Helpline, Safe HelpRoom, and Safe Helpline mobile app each provide support and help to members of the Department of Defense community—

(1) by telephone at 877-995-5247; and

(2) online at SafeHelpline.org;

Whereas individual and collective efforts reflect the dream of the people of the United States—

- (1) for individuals and organizations to actively work to prevent all forms of sexual violence: and
- (2) for no sexual assault victim to be unserved or feel that there is no path to justice; and