

24,000 of Lois Lerner's emails responsive to the subpoena. This action impeded congressional investigations into the Internal Revenue Service targeting of Americans based on their political affiliation. The American people may never know the true culpability or extent of the Internal Revenue Service targeting because of the destruction of evidence that took place.

Wherefore, John Andrew Koskinen, by such conduct, warrants impeachment and trial, and removal from office.

Article II.

John Andrew Koskinen engaged in a pattern of deception that demonstrates his unfitness to serve as Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Service. Commissioner Koskinen made a series of false and misleading statements to Congress in contravention of his oath to tell the truth. Those false statements included the following:

One, on June 20, 2014, Commissioner Koskinen testified that "since the start of this investigation, every email has been preserved. Nothing has been lost. Nothing has been destroyed."

Two, on June 23, 2014, Commissioner Koskinen testified that the Internal Revenue Service had "confirmed that backup tapes from 2011 no longer existed because they have been recycled, pursuant to the Internal Revenue Service normal policy". He went on to explain that "confirmed means that somebody went back and looked and made sure that in fact any backup tapes that had existed had been recycled".

Three, on March 26, 2014, Commissioner Koskinen was asked during a hearing before the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives, "Sir, are you or are you not going to provide this committee all of Lois Lerner's emails?". He answered, "Yes, we will do that."

Each of those statements was materially false. On March 4, 2014, Internal Revenue Service employees magnetically erased 422 backup tapes containing as many as 24,000 of Lois Lerner's emails. On February 2, 2014, senior Internal Revenue Service officials discovered that Lois Lerner's computer hard drive had crashed, rendering hundreds or thousands of her emails unrecoverable. Commissioner Koskinen's false statements impeded and confused congressional investigations into the Internal Revenue Service targeting of Americans based on their political affiliation.

Wherefore, John Andrew Koskinen, by such conduct, warrants impeachment and trial, and removal from office.

Article III.

John Andrew Koskinen, throughout his tenure as Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Service, has acted in a manner inconsistent with the trust and confidence placed in him as an Officer of the United States, as follows:

During his confirmation hearing before the Senate Committee on Finance,

John Andrew Koskinen promised, "We will be transparent about any problems we run into; and the public and certainly this committee will know about those problems as soon as we do."

Commissioner Koskinen repeatedly violated that promise. As early as February 2014 and no later than April 2014, he was aware that a substantial portion of Lois Lerner's emails could not be produced to Congress. However, in a March 19, 2014, letter to Senator Wyden of the Senate Committee on Finance, Commissioner Koskinen said, "We are transmitting today additional information that we believe completes our production to your committee and the House Ways and Means Committee. . . . In light of these productions, I hope that the investigations can be concluded in the very near future." At the time he sent that letter, he knew that the document production was not complete.

Commissioner Koskinen did not notify Congress of any problem until June 13, 2014, when he included the information on the fifth page of the third enclosure of a letter to the Senate Committee on Finance.

Wherefore, John Andrew Koskinen, by such conduct, warrants impeachment and trial, and removal from office.

Article IV.

John Andrew Koskinen has failed to act with competence and forthrightness in overseeing the investigation into Internal Revenue Service targeting of Americans because of their political affiliations as follows:

Commissioner Koskinen stated in a hearing on June 20, 2014, that the Internal Revenue Service had "gone to great lengths" to retrieve all of Lois Lerner's emails. Commissioner Koskinen's actions contradicted the assurances he gave to Congress.

The Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration found over 1,000 of Lois Lerner's emails that the Internal Revenue Service had failed to produce. Those discoveries took only 15 days of investigation to uncover. The Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration searched a number of available sources, including disaster backup tapes, Lois Lerner's Blackberry, the email server, backup tapes for the email server, and Lois Lerner's temporary replacement laptop. The Internal Revenue Service failed to examine any of those sources in its own investigation.

Wherefore, John Andrew Koskinen, by such conduct, warrants impeachment, trial, and removal from office.

RAISING A QUESTION OF THE PRIVILEGES OF THE HOUSE

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, I offer this resolution, H. Res. 828, for consideration by the full House.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the resolution.

The Clerk read as follows:

H. RES. 828

Resolved, That John Andrew Koskinen, Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Serv-

ice, is impeached for high crimes and misdemeanors and that the following articles of impeachment be exhibited to the Senate:

Articles of impeachment exhibited by the House of Representatives of the United States of America in the name of itself and of the people of the United States of America, against John Andrew Koskinen, Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Service, in maintenance and support of its impeachment against him for high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE I

John Andrew Koskinen, in his conduct while Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Service, engaged in a pattern of conduct that is incompatible with his duties as an Officer of the United States, as follows:

Commissioner Koskinen failed in his duty to respond to lawfully issued congressional subpoenas. On August 2, 2013, the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives issued a subpoena to Secretary of the Treasury Jacob Lew, the custodian of Internal Revenue Service documents. That subpoena demanded, among other things, "[a]ll communications sent or received by Lois Lerner, from January 1, 2009, to August 2, 2013". On February 14, 2014, following the Senate's confirmation of John Andrew Koskinen as Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Service, the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives reissued the subpoena to him.

On March 4, 2014, Internal Revenue Service employees in Martinsburg, West Virginia, magnetically erased 422 backup tapes, destroying as many as 24,000 of Lois Lerner's emails responsive to the subpoena. This action impeded congressional investigations into the Internal Revenue Service targeting of Americans based on their political affiliation. The American people may never know the true culpability or extent of the Internal Revenue Service targeting because of the destruction of evidence that took place.

Wherefore, John Andrew Koskinen, by such conduct, warrants impeachment and trial, and removal from office.

ARTICLE II

John Andrew Koskinen engaged in a pattern of deception that demonstrates his unfitness to serve as Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Service. Commissioner Koskinen made a series of false and misleading statements to Congress in contravention of his oath to tell the truth. Those false statements included the following:

(1) On June 20, 2014, Commissioner Koskinen testified that "since the start of this investigation, every email has been preserved. Nothing has been lost. Nothing has been destroyed."

(2) On June 23, 2014, Commissioner Koskinen testified that the Internal Revenue Service had "confirmed that backup tapes from 2011 no longer existed because they have been recycled, pursuant to the Internal Revenue Service normal policy". He went on to explain that "[c]onfirmed means that somebody went back and looked and made sure that in fact any backup tapes that had existed had been recycled".

(3) On March 26, 2014, Commissioner Koskinen was asked during a hearing before the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives, "Sir, are you or are you not going to provide this committee all of Lois Lerner's emails?". He answered, "Yes, we will do that."

Each of those statements was materially false. On March 4, 2014, Internal Revenue Service employees magnetically erased 422 backup tapes containing as many as 24,000 of

Lois Lerner's emails. On February 2, 2014, senior Internal Revenue Service officials discovered that Lois Lerner's computer hard drive had crashed, rendering hundreds or thousands of her emails unrecoverable. Commissioner Koskinen's false statements impeded and confused congressional investigations into the Internal Revenue Service targeting of Americans based on their political affiliation.

Wherefore, John Andrew Koskinen, by such conduct, warrants impeachment and trial, and removal from office.

ARTICLE III

John Andrew Koskinen, throughout his tenure as Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Service, has acted in a manner inconsistent with the trust and confidence placed in him as an Officer of the United States, as follows:

During his confirmation hearing before the Senate Committee on Finance, John Andrew Koskinen promised, "[W]e will be transparent about any problems we run into; and the public and certainly this committee will know about those problems as soon as we do."

Commissioner Koskinen repeatedly violated that promise. As early as February 2014 and no later than April 2014, he was aware that a substantial portion of Lois Lerner's emails could not be produced to Congress. However, in a March 19, 2014, letter to Senator Wyden of the Senate Committee on Finance, Commissioner Koskinen said, "We are transmitting today additional information that we believe completes our production to your committee and the House Ways and Means [C]ommittee. . . . In light of these productions, I hope that the investigations can be concluded in the very near future." At the time he sent that letter, he knew that the document production was not complete.

Commissioner Koskinen did not notify Congress of any problem until June 13, 2014, when he included the information on the fifth page of the third enclosure of a letter to the Senate Committee on Finance.

Wherefore, John Andrew Koskinen, by such conduct, warrants impeachment and trial, and removal from office.

ARTICLE IV

John Andrew Koskinen has failed to act with competence and forthrightness in overseeing the investigation into Internal Revenue Service targeting of Americans because of their political affiliations as follows:

Commissioner Koskinen stated in a hearing on June 20, 2014, that the Internal Revenue Service had "gone to great lengths" to retrieve all of Lois Lerner's emails. Commissioner Koskinen's actions contradicted the assurances he gave to Congress.

The Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration found over 1,000 of Lois Lerner's emails that the Internal Revenue Service had failed to produce. Those discoveries took only 15 days of investigation to uncover. The Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration searched a number of available sources, including disaster backup tapes, Lois Lerner's Blackberry, the email server, backup tapes for the email server, and Lois Lerner's temporary replacement laptop. The Internal Revenue Service failed to examine any of those sources in its own investigation.

Wherefore, John Andrew Koskinen, by such conduct, warrants impeachment, trial, and removal from office.

□ 1700

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The resolution presents a question of privilege.

MOTION TO TABLE

Ms. PELOSI. Mr. Speaker, I move to lay the resolution on the table.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to table.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the noes appeared to have it.

Ms. PELOSI. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 180, nays 235, not voting 18, as follows:

[Roll No. 607]

YEAS—180

Adams	Frankel (FL)	Neal
Aguilar	Fudge	Nolan
Ashford	Gabbard	Norcross
Bass	Gallego	O'Rourke
Beatty	Garamendi	Pallone
Becerra	Graham	Pascarell
Bera	Grayson	Payne
Beyer	Green, Al	Pelosi
Bishop (GA)	Green, Gene	Perlmutter
Blumenauer	Grijalva	Peters
Bonamici	Gutiérrez	Peterson
Boyle, Brendan F.	Hanabusa	Pingree
Brady (PA)	Hastings	Pocan
Brownley (CA)	Heck (WA)	Polis
Bustos	Higgins	Price (NC)
Butterfield	Himes	Quigley
Capps	Hinojosa	Rangel
Capuano	Honda	Rice (NY)
Cárdenas	Hoyer	Roybal-Allard
Carney	Huffman	Ruiz
Carson (IN)	Israel	Ruppersberger
Cartwright	Jackson Lee	Rush
Castro (TX)	Jeffries	Ryan (OH)
Chu, Judy	Johnson (GA)	Sánchez, Linda T.
Ciilline	Johnson, E. B.	Sarbanes
Clark (MA)	Kaptur	Schakowsky
Clarke (NY)	Keating	Schiff
Clay	Kelly (IL)	Schrader
Cleaver	Kennedy	Scott (VA)
Clyburn	Kildee	Scott, David
Cohen	Kilmer	Serrano
Connolly	Cohen	Sewell (AL)
Conyers	Kuster	Sherman
Cooper	Langevin	Sinema
Costa	Larson (CT)	Sires
Courtney	Lawrence	Slaughter
Crowley	Levin	Smith (WA)
Cuellar	Lewis	Speier
Cummings	Lipinski	Swalwell (CA)
Davis (CA)	Loebbeck	Takano
Davis, Danny	Lofgren	Thompson (CA)
DeFazio	Lowenthal	Thompson (MS)
DeGette	Lowe	Titus
Delaney	Lujan Grisham	Tonko
DeLauro	(NM)	Torres
DelBene	Luján, Ben Ray	Tsongas
Dent	(NM)	Vargas
DeSaulnier	Lynch	Veasey
Deutsch	Maloney,	Vela
Dingell	Carolyn	Velázquez
Doggett	Maloney, Sean	Visclosky
Doyle, Michael F.	Matsui	Walz
Duckworth	McCollum	Wasserman
Edwards	McDermott	Schultz
Ellison	McGovern	Waters, Maxine
Engel	McNerney	Watson Coleman
Eshoo	Meeks	Welch
Esty	Meng	Wilson (FL)
Evans	Moore	Yarmuth
Farr	Moulton	Young (AK)
Foster	Murphy (FL)	
	Nader	
	Napolitano	

NAYS—235

Abraham	Boustany	Cole
Aderholt	Brady (TX)	Collins (GA)
Allen	Brat	Collins (NY)
Amash	Bridenstine	Comer
Amodei	Brooks (AL)	Comstock
Babin	Brooks (IN)	Conaway
Barletta	Buchanan	Cook
Barr	Buck	Costello (PA)
Barton	Bucshon	Cramer
Benishek	Burgess	Crawford
Billirakis	Byrne	Crenshaw
Bishop (MI)	Calvert	Culberson
Bishop (UT)	Carter (GA)	Curbelo (FL)
Black	Carter (TX)	Davidson
Blackburn	Chabot	Davis, Rodney
Blum	Chaffetz	Denham
Boat	Coffman	DeSantis

DesJarlais	King (NY)	Roby
Diaz-Balart	Kinzing (IL)	Roe (TN)
Dold	Kline	Rogers (AL)
Donovan	Knight	Rogers (KY)
Duffy	Labrador	Rohrabacher
Duncan (SC)	LaHood	Rokita
Duncan (TN)	LaMalfa	Rooney (FL)
Ellmers (NC)	Lamborn	Ros-Lehtinen
Emmer (MN)	Lance	Roskam
Farenthold	Latta	Ross
Fincher	LoBiondo	Rothfus
Fitzpatrick	Long	Rouzer
Fleischmann	Loudermilk	Royce
Fleming	Love	Russell
Flores	Lucas	Salmon
Fortenberry	Luetkemeyer	Sanford
Fox	Lummis	Scalise
Franks (AZ)	MacArthur	Schweikert
Frelinghuysen	Marchant	Scott, Austin
Garrett	Marino	Sensenbrenner
Gibbs	Massie	Sessions
Gibson	McCarthy	Shimkus
Gohmert	McCaul	Shuster
Goodlatte	McClintock	Simpson
Gosar	McHenry	Smith (MO)
Gowdy	McKinley	Smith (NE)
Granger	McMorris	Smith (NJ)
Graves (GA)	Rodgers	Smith (TX)
Graves (LA)	McSally	Stefanik
Graves (MO)	Meadows	Stewart
Griffith	Meehan	Stivers
Grothman	Messer	Stutzman
Guinta	Mica	Thompson (PA)
Guthrie	Miller (FL)	Thornberry
Hanna	Moolenaar	Tiberi
Hardy	Mooney (WV)	Tipton
Harper	Mullin	Trott
Harris	Mulvaney	Turner
Hartzler	Murphy (PA)	Upton
Hensarling	Neugebauer	Valadao
Herrera Beutler	Newhouse	Wagner
Hice, Jody B.	Noem	Walberg
Hill	Nugent	Walden
Holding	Nunes	Walker
Hudson	Olson	Walorski
Huelskamp	Palazzo	Walters, Mimi
Huizenga (MI)	Palmer	Weber (TX)
Hultgren	Paulsen	Webster (FL)
Hunter	Pearce	Wenstrup
Hurd (TX)	Perry	Westerman
Hurt (VA)	Pitts	Williams
Jenkins (KS)	Poliquin	Wilson (SC)
Jenkins (WV)	Pompeo	Wittman
Johnson (OH)	Posey	Womack
Johnson, Sam	Price, Tom	Woodall
Jones	Ratcliffe	Yoder
Jordan	Reed	Yoho
Joyce	Reichert	Young (IA)
Katko	Renacci	Young (IN)
Kelly (MS)	Ribble	Zeldin
Kelly (PA)	Rice (SC)	Zinke
King (IA)	Rigell	

NOT VOTING—18

Brown (FL)	Jolly	Pittenger
Castor (FL)	Kirkpatrick	Poe (TX)
Clawson (FL)	Larsen (WA)	Richmond
Forbes	Lee	Sanchez, Loretta
Heck (NV)	Lieu, Ted	Van Hollen
Issa	Miller (MI)	Westmoreland

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). There are 2 minutes remaining.

□ 1719

Mr. NOLAN changed his vote from "nay" to "yea."

So the motion to table was rejected. The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated against:

Mr. ISSA. Mr. Speaker, I was too far away to return for the vote in time. Had I been present, I would have voted "nay" on rollcall No. 607.

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Ms. JACKSON LEE. Mr. Speaker, I rise for a parliamentary inquiry based upon the resolution before us and the

most somber responsibility of impeachment.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentlewoman from Texas will state her parliamentary inquiry.

Ms. JACKSON LEE. Mr. Speaker, the inquiry is the underlying premise as to whether or not an impeachment should go forward when there are questions that are not documented of malfeasance or malice or the interpretation of the Madison Papers or the impeachment articles under the Constitution. Obviously, we are now preparing to refer.

My question, Mr. Speaker, is whether or not we have made the appropriate documentation in the resolutions of the Articles of Impeachment that we should even refer this at all?

I raise the question on a parliamentary inquiry.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair has ruled that this resolution raises a question of the privileges of the House, and it is up to the House to dispose of that question.

Ms. JACKSON LEE. I thank you, Mr. Speaker.

Let me say that the substance of the Articles of Impeachment do not meet the standards that are evidenced in the articles in the Constitution or interpretive works, such as the Madison Papers. I believe it is without substance, and I would hope that we would not refer this at this time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentlewoman is not stating a parliamentary inquiry.

MOTION TO REFER

Mr. GOODLATTE. Mr. Speaker, I have a motion at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the motion offered by the gentleman from Virginia.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. Goodlatte moves that the resolution be referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from Virginia is recognized for 1 hour.

Mr. GOODLATTE. Mr. Speaker, Members have different opinions about what to do to address the allegations of misconduct against IRS Commissioner John Koskinen. Some would impeach him; others would censure him. Still others would impose no penalty.

To address these differences of opinion and to ensure this body administers due process in these deliberations, I recommend that the House refer this matter to the House Judiciary Committee.

I yield back the balance of my time, and I move the previous question on the motion to refer.

The previous question was ordered.

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Mr. MASSIE. Mr. Speaker, I have a parliamentary inquiry.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from Kentucky will state his parliamentary inquiry.

Mr. MASSIE. Mr. Speaker, is this impeachment resolution necessary or is

it, in fact, true that Mr. Koskinen's term extends well into the next President's term all the way until November? Is that true?

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair cannot advise on that matter.

The question is on the motion to refer.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Mr. JORDAN. Mr. Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 342, noes 72, not voting 19, as follows:

[Roll No. 608]

AYES—342

Abraham	Davis (CA)	Honda
Adams	Davis, Danny	Hoyer
Aguilar	Davis, Rodney	Hudson
Amodei	DeFazio	Huffman
Ashford	DeGette	Huizenga (MI)
Barletta	Delaney	Hultgren
Barr	DeLauro	Hurd (TX)
Bass	DelBene	Hurt (VA)
Beatty	Denham	Israel
Becerra	Dent	Issa
Benishek	DeSaulnier	Jackson Lee
Bera	Diaz-Balart	Jeffries
Beyer	Dingell	Jenkins (KS)
Bishop (GA)	Doggett	Jenkins (WV)
Bishop (MI)	Dold	Johnson (GA)
Bishop (UT)	Donovan	Johnson (OH)
Black	Doyle, Michael	Johnson, E. B.
Blumenauer	F.	Jones
Bonamici	Duckworth	Joyce
Bost	Duffy	Kaptur
Boustany	Duncan (TN)	Katko
Boyle, Brendan	Edwards	Keating
F.	Ellison	Kelly (IL)
Brady (PA)	Ellmers (NC)	Kelly (PA)
Brady (TX)	Emmer (MN)	Kennedy
Brooks (IN)	Engel	Kildee
Brownley (CA)	Eshoo	Kilmer
Buchanan	Esty	Kind
Bucshon	Evans	King (NY)
Burgess	Farenthold	Kinzing (IL)
Bustos	Farr	Kline
Butterfield	Fincher	Knight
Calvert	Fitzpatrick	Kuster
Capps	Fleischmann	LaHood
Capuano	Flores	Lance
Cárdenas	Fortenberry	Langevin
Carney	Foster	Larson (CT)
Carson (IN)	Fox	Latta
Carter (GA)	Frankel (FL)	Lawrence
Carter (TX)	Franks (AZ)	Levin
Cartwright	Frelinghuysen	Lewis
Castro (TX)	Fudge	Lieu, Ted
Chabot	Gabbard	Lipinski
Chu, Judy	Galleo	LoBiondo
Cicilline	Garamendi	Loeb
Clark (MA)	Gibbs	Lofgren
Clarke (NY)	Gibson	Loudermilk
Clay	Goodlatte	Love
Cleaver	Gowdy	Lowenthal
Clyburn	Graham	Lowey
Coffman	Granger	Lucas
Cohen	Graves (GA)	Luetkemeyer
Cole	Graves (MO)	Lujan Grisham
Collins (GA)	Grayson	(NM)
Collins (NY)	Green, Al	Luján, Ben Ray
Cramer	Green, Gene	(NM)
Crawford	Grijalva	Lynch
Crenshaw	Grothman	MacArthur
Crowley	Guinta	Maloney,
Cuellar	Guthrie	Carolyn
Culberson	Gutiérrez	Maloney, Sean
Cummings	Hanabusa	Marino
Curbelo (FL)	Hanna	Matsui
	Hardy	McCarthy
	Harper	McCaul
	Hastings	McClintock
	Heck (WA)	McCollum
	Hensarling	McGovern
	Higgins	McHenry
	Hill	McKinley
	Himes	McMorris
	Hinojosa	Rodgers
	Holding	McNerney

McSally	Renacci	Stefanik
Meehan	Rice (NY)	Stewart
Meeks	Rice (SC)	Stivers
Meng	Richmond	Swalwell (CA)
Mica	Roe (TN)	Takano
Miller (FL)	Rogers (AL)	Thompson (CA)
Moolenaar	Rogers (KY)	Thompson (MS)
Moore	Rokita	Thompson (PA)
Moulton	Ros-Lehtinen	Thornberry
Mullin	Roskam	Tiberi
Murphy (FL)	Ross	Tipton
Murphy (PA)	Rothfus	Titus
Nadler	Roybal-Allard	Tonko
Napolitano	Royce	Torres
Neal	Ruiz	Trott
Neugebauer	Ruppersberger	Tsongas
Newhouse	Ryan (OH)	Turner
Nolan	Sánchez, Linda	Upton
Norcross	T.	Valadao
Nugent	Sarbanes	Vargas
Nunes	Scalise	Veasey
O'Rourke	Schakowsky	Vela
Olson	Schiff	Velázquez
Palazzo	Schrader	Visclosky
Pallone	Scott (VA)	Walden
Pascarella	Scott, Austin	Walorski
Paulsen	Scott, David	Walters, Mimi
Payne	Sensenbrenner	Walz
Pelosi	Serrano	Wasserman
Perlmutter	Sessions	Schultz
Peters	Sewell (AL)	Waters, Maxine
Peterson	Sherman	Watson Coleman
Pingree	Shimkus	Wenstrup
Pocan	Shuster	Westerman
Poliquin	Simpson	Wilson (FL)
Polis	Sinema	Wilson (SC)
Pompeo	Sires	Womack
Price (NC)	Slaughter	Woodall
Price, Tom	Smith (MO)	Yarmuth
Quigley	Smith (NE)	Yoder
Rangel	Smith (NJ)	Young (AK)
Ratcliffe	Smith (TX)	Young (IA)
Reed	Smith (WA)	Young (IN)
Reichert	Speier	

NOES—72

Aderholt	Harris	Perry
Allen	Hartzler	Pitts
Amash	Herrera Beutler	Posey
Babin	Hice, Jody B.	Ribble
Barton	Huelskamp	Rigell
Bilirakis	Hunter	Roby
Blackburn	Johnson, Sam	Rohrabacher
Blum	Jordan	Rooney (FL)
Brat	Kelly (MS)	Rouzer
Bridenstine	King (IA)	Russell
Kuster	Labrador	Salmon
Brooks (AL)	LaMalfa	Sanford
Buck	Lamborn	Schweikert
Byrne	Long	Stutzman
Chaffetz	Lummis	Wagner
Davidson	Marchant	Walberg
DeSantis	Massie	Walker
DesJarlais	Meadows	Weber (TX)
Duncan (SC)	Messer	Webster (FL)
Lieu, Ted	Mooney (WV)	Williams
Lipinski	Mulvaney	Wittman
LoBiondo	Noem	Yoho
Loeb	Palmer	Zeldin
Lofgren	Pearce	Zinke

NOT VOTING—19

Brown (FL)	Kirkpatrick	Rush
Castor (FL)	Larsen (WA)	Sanchez, Loretta
Clawson (FL)	Lee	Van Hollen
Deutch	McDermott	Welch
Forbes	Miller (MI)	Westmoreland
Heck (NV)	Pittenger	
Jolly	Poe (TX)	

□ 1740

Messrs. BILIRAKIS and PALMER changed their vote from “aye” to “no.”

So the motion to refer was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PROVIDING FOR THE PRINTING OF A REVISED EDITION OF THE RULES AND MANUAL OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES FOR THE ONE HUNDRED FIFTEENTH CONGRESS

Mr. MCCARTHY. Mr. Speaker, I send to the desk a resolution and ask unanimous consent for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the title of the resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. KATKO). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California?

There was no objection.

The text of the resolution is as follows:

H. RES. 945

Resolved, That a revised edition of the Rules and Manual of the House of Representatives for the One Hundred Fifteenth Congress be printed and bound for the use of the House of Representatives, of which nine hundred eighty copies shall be bound in leather with thumb index and delivered as may be directed by the Parliamentarian of the House.

The resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

DIRECTING THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES TO MAKE A CORRECTION IN THE ENROLLMENT OF H.R. 34

Mr. UPTON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's table the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 174) directing the Clerk of the House of Representatives to make a correction in the enrollment of H.R. 34, with the Senate amendment thereto, and concur in the Senate amendment.

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the Senate amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Senate amendment:

Beginning on page 1, line 7, strike "following correction:" and all that follows and insert the following:

"following corrections:

"(1) Amend the long title so as to read: 'An Act to accelerate the discovery, development, and delivery of 21st century cures, and for other purposes.'"

"(2) Amend the section heading for section 1001 so as to read: 'BEAU BIDEN CANCER MOONSHOT AND NIH INNOVATION PROJECTS'."

"(3) Amend the table of contents in section 1 so that the item relating to section 1001 reads as follows:

"'1001. Beau Biden Cancer Moonshot and NIH innovation projects.'"

Mr. UPTON (during the reading). Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to dispense with the reading.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Michigan?

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the original request of the gentleman from Michigan?

There was no objection.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

BIG TEN CHAMPION PENN STATE NITTANY LIONS

(Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, I rise to recognize the Big Ten football champions, the Penn State Nittany Lions.

Following a series of impressive victories that stunned the Nation, Penn State, my alma mater, finished the regular season ranked fifth in the Nation.

After falling behind to Wisconsin 28-14 at halftime, Penn State's chances to take home the Big Ten trophy looked bleak; but under the leadership of Big Ten Coach of the Year James Franklin, the Nittany Lions rallied to score 24 points in the second half to win the Big Ten championship. Throughout the game, they showed grit, determination, and sportsmanship, making me proud to be a fellow Penn Stater.

Congratulations to the Nittany Lions on an impressive season, and I wish you the best of luck in the Rose Bowl.

We are.

□ 1745

HOUSING DISCRIMINATION LAWSUIT AGAINST FANNIE MAE

(Ms. KAPTUR asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Speaker, I rise tonight in support of the housing discrimination lawsuit filed against the Federal National Mortgage Association yesterday, Monday, by the National Fair Housing Alliance and 20 local fair housing organizations across our Nation. The lawsuit properly alleges Fannie Mae purposely failed to maintain its foreclosed properties in African American and Latino neighborhoods to the same condition as it maintains properties in Caucasian neighborhoods. Over 20 cities were involved in this filing, and investigations revealed severe maintenance issues in communities of color, in contrast to Freddie Mac, which maintains its properties at a much higher standard in all neighborhoods.

With a net income of over \$45 billion over the last 2 years, Fannie Mae remains one of the largest issuers of single-family, mortgage-related securities. This year, Fannie Mae reported holding over 40 million foreclosed properties, many of which they do not maintain.

So why hasn't Fannie Mae maintained its foreclosed properties in African American and Latino communities? They certainly have enough profits to do so. May the judges rule in favor of Fannie Mae meeting its public

responsibilities to the communities of this country as soon as possible.

HONORING ERIC ELLSWORTH

(Mr. BISHOP of Utah asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. BISHOP of Utah. Mr. Speaker, today I rise in honor of Utah Highway Patrol trooper and Brigham City resident Eric Ellsworth, who was killed on November 18 in the line of duty. Eric was selflessly working to ensure the safety of others on a rural road in Box Elder County when he was tragically struck by a car and died several days later of the wounds that he sustained.

In the days since his death, Eric's family, friends, and fellow troopers have honored his memory, recalling his love for his family, his passion for life, his kindness, and his faith.

Today, Mr. Speaker, we honor Eric for the courage that he demonstrated on a daily basis to protect the citizens of Utah. We are going to remember his heroic sacrifice and those of others like him who dedicate themselves to the safety of others, regardless of personal danger.

My prayers go out to Eric's wife, his sons, and his extended family during this very difficult time.

HONORING CHOCO GONZALEZ MEZA

(Mr. CASTRO of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. CASTRO of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the life and legacy of Choco Gonzalez Meza, a beloved mother, grandmother, and friend, who changed the face of Texas politics. Her recent passing is a tremendous loss not only for her family, but for so many throughout Texas and the Nation whose lives she touched.

Born in Coahuila, Mexico, Choco and her family immigrated to the United States when she was just 3 years old. She graduated from St. Mary's University in San Antonio and went on to hold a number of leadership positions throughout her career. Whether at nonprofits like the YWCA, through public service as deputy assistant secretary at the Department of Housing and Urban Development, or in politics as Bexar County Democratic chair, Choco tirelessly fought for social justice and strove to create opportunity for marginalized groups.

Choco was truly a historic figure in Texas politics and a compassionate, selfless soul. We mourn her passing and are grateful for all she gave to our community in San Antonio and to our Nation's democracy.

DEFERRED ACTION FOR CHILDHOOD ARRIVALS PROGRAM

(Mr. O'ROURKE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)