plagued by long lines at the polls, confusing voter rules, and restrictions intended to deter them from voting.

Literally days after Supreme Court issued the Shelby County ruling, formerly covered jurisdictions enacted discriminatory voting practices that would have been blocked by Section 5 or not even attempted passage of legislation. Texas implemented its restrictive photo ID law, which had been previously blocked by Section 5. The North Carolina state legislature passed a law that imposed a strict photo ID requirement, significantly cut back on early voting, and reduced the window for voter registration. Alabama moved ahead with its law requiring strict photo ID to vote. And Mississippi officials moved to enforce its photo ID which the state submitted for preclearance but was never allowed to imple-

In 2013 and 2014, at least 10 of the 15 states that had been covered in whole or in part by Section 5 introduced new restrictive legislation that would make it harder for minority voters to cast a ballot. These have passed in two states: Virginia (stricter photo ID requirement and increased restrictions on third-party voter registration) and North Carolina (the above-discussed omnibus bill, which included the ID requirement, early voting cutbacks, and the elimination of same-day voter registration).

Further, seven other formerly covered states also passed restrictive legislation in 2011 and 2012, prior to the Shelby County decision in anticipation of victory.

Section 5's loss perhaps has been felt most acutely at the local level. The great majority of voting law changes that were blocked as discriminatory under the Voting Rights Act were enacted at the local level: counties, municipalities, and other state sub-jurisdictions. We have witnessed local jurisdictions step into the void left by Section 5 to pass all manner of discriminatory voting procedures: discriminatory local redistricting plans; closing polling places and DMV's in minority communities and changing election dates, just to name a few.

Though Section 2 of the Voting Rights Act is still available to challenge these discriminatory practices, the time and expense of litigation leaves these practices in place to do years of damage and places a substantial burden on the rights of minority voters. It took years of litigation to roll back the challenged practices mentioned earlier in Texas and North Carolina.

We will enter a Presidential election without Section 5 protection for the first time in 50 years. The danger to our democratic process cannot be overstated. Already, we have heard political candidates discussing voting intimidation tactics and we must focus on the status of federal observers under the law.

As a staunch proponent, and a remaining member of Congress who voted for the Act in 1965, I joined Representative SENSENBRENNER to introduce H.R. 885, the Voting Rights Amendment Act, which is designed to restore the vitality and effectiveness of Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act.

Though we have made progress in the courts over the past several weeks in over-turning some of these voter suppression measures, the states and some localities have been quick to re-enact substitute measures. This tactic was the very reason for the enact-

ment of Section 5 in the first place and evidence of the need for reauthorizing legislation.

In addressing these calculated voter suppression tactics, we cannot forget those who have lost their voting rights and have no voice in government. Currently, nearly 4 million of disqualified voters are not in prison, but on probation or parole. Nearly 3 million of the disenfranchised have completed their entire sentence, including probation and parole. I believe that such prohibitions on voting undermine the fundamental rights of people with felony convictions.

To correct this injustice, I have introduced H.R. 1459, the Democracy Restoration Act which declares the right of a U.S. citizen to vote in any election for federal office shall not be denied because that individual has been convicted of a criminal offense.

Just as the Brennan Center has observed in their report on voting rights post-Shelby County, "For all the real progress Section 5 facilitated, the nation and its voters now lack a critical tool to protect those earned advances. Bad laws with lasting, harmful consequences now lack a review mechanism, the method of fighting these laws is now limited to costly and time-intensive litigation, and the public has lost the one centralized means to track the thousands of changes annually that affect Americans' right to vote."

Just as Congress ignored political headwinds and set partisan differences aside five decades ago to prohibit discriminatory voting practices, this Congress must again muster the political courage to enact legislation to protect the voting rights of all Americans.

### SENATE BILL REFERRED

A Bill of the Senate of the following title was taken from the Speaker's table and, under the rule, referred as follows:

S. 3076. An act to amend title 38, United States Code, to authorize the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to furnish caskets and urns for burial in cemeteries of States and tribal organizations of veterans without next of kin or sufficient resources to provide for caskets or urns, and for other purposes; to the committee on Veterans' Affairs.

### ENROLLED BILLS SIGNED

Karen L. Haas, Clerk of the House, reported and found truly enrolled bills of the House of the following titles, which were thereupon signed by the Speaker:

H.R. 5936. An act to authorize the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to enter into certain leases at the Department of Veterans Affairs West Los Angeles Campus in Los Angeles, California, to make certain improvements to the enhanced-use lease authority of the Department, and for other purposes.

H.R. 5985. An act to amend title 38, United States Code, to extend certain expiring provisions of law administered by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, and for other purposes.

## ADJOURNMENT

Ms. SEWELL of Alabama. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to; accordingly (at 9 o'clock and 24 minutes

p.m.), under its previous order, the House adjourned until tomorrow, Thursday, September 22, 2016, at 10 a.m. for morning-hour debate.

# REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIII, reports of committees were delivered to the Clerk for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows:

Mr. CHAFFETZ: Committee on Oversight and Government Reform. H.R. 5995. A bill to strike the sunset on certain provisions relating to the authorized protest of a task or delivery order under section 4106 of title 41, United States Code (Rept. 114–779). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

Mr. GOODLATTE: Committee on the Judiciary. H.R. 2315. A bill to limit the authority of States to tax certain income of employees for employment duties performed in other States (Rept. 114–780). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

Mr. BYRNE: Committee on Rules. House Resolution 879. Resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 5931) to provide for the prohibition on cash payments to the Government of Iran, and for other purposes, and waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions reported from the Committee on Rules (Rept. 114–781). Referred to the House Calendar.

Mr. GOODLATTE: Committee on the Judiciary. H.R. 5982. A bill to amend chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, to provide for en bloc consideration in resolutions of disapproval for "midnight rules", and for other purposes (Rept. 114-782, Pt. 1). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

# DISCHARGE OF COMMITTEE

Pursuant to clause 2 of rule XIII, the Committee on Rules discharged from further consideration. H.R. 5982 referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union.

## PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XII, public bills and resolutions of the following titles were introduced and severally referred, as follows:

By Mr. VARGAS (for himself, Mr. SERRANO, Mr. VELA, Mr. GRIJALVA, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Mrs. DAVIS of California, Mr. McGovern, and Mr. VEASEY):

H.R. 6091. A bill to require the Secretary of Homeland Security to identify aliens who have served, or are serving, in the Armed Forces of the United States when those aliens apply for an immigration benefit or are placed in an immigration enforcement proceeding, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. VARGAS (for himself, Mr. SERRANO, Mr. VELA, Mrs. DAVIS of California, and Mrs. NAPOLITANO):

H.R. 6092. A bill to amend section 212(d)(5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act to allow certain alien veterans to be paroled into the United States to receive health care furnished by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. VARGAS (for himself, Mr. SERRANO, Mr. VELA, Mr. GRIJALVA, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, and Mr. McGOV-ERN).

H.R. 6093. A bill to establish naturalization offices at initial military training sites; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. WALBERG (for himself, Mr. KLINE, Mr. WILSON of South Carolina, Mr. Hunter, Mr. Roe of Tennessee, Mr. Thompson of Pennsylvania, Mr. GUTHRIE, Mr. ROKITA, Mr. BARLETTA, Mr. HECK of Nevada, Mr. MESSER, Mr. BYRNE, Mr. BRAT, Mr. CARTER of Georgia, Mr. BISHOP of Michigan, Mr. GROTHMAN, Ms. STEFANIK, Mr. ALLEN, Mr. Chabot, Mr. Hardy, Mr. Hill, Ms. SINEMA, Mr. KELLY of Mississippi, Mr. BENISHEK. Mrs. NEWHOUSE, Walorski, Mr. Mr. WESTERMAN, Mrs. BROOKS of Indiana, Mr. KNIGHT, Mr. BARR, and Mr. DOLD):

H.R. 6094. A bill to provide for a 6-month delay in the effective date of a rule of the Department of Labor relating to income thresholds for determining overtime pay for executive, administrative, professional, outside sales, and computer employees; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Ms. LEE (for herself, Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas, Mr. BUTTERFIELD, Ms. JUDY CHU of California, Mr. POLIS, Ms. DELBENE, Mr. HINOJOSA, Ms. TITUS, Ms. KELLY of Illinois, Mr. HONDA, Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts, and Ms. FUDGE):

H.R. 6095. A bill to authorize the Secretary of Education to carry out a program to increase access to prekindergarten through grade 12 computer science education; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mrs. WALORSKI (for herself, Miss RICE of New York, and Mr. COSTELLO of Pennsylvania):

H.R. 6096. A bill to provide for the reconsideration of claims for disability compensation for veterans who were the subjects of experiments by the Department of Defense during World War II that were conducted to assess the effects of mustard gas or lewisite on people, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs, and in addition to the Committee on Armed Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. SERRANO (for himself, Mr. GUTIÉRREZ, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Ms. LOFGREN, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. GALLEGO, Mr. TED LIEU OF CALIFORNIA, Mrs. LAWRENCE, Ms. NORTON, Mr. McGOVERN, Mr. O'ROURKE, Mr. SMITH OF WASHINGTON, Mr. VARGAS, Mr. GRIJALVA, Ms. CLARKE OF NEW YORK, Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Mrs. TORRES, Mr. PIERLUISI, Mr. HONDA, Mr. ELLISON, Mr. MCNERNEY, Mr. HASTINGS, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, MS. MICHELLE LUJAN GRISHAM OF NEW MEXICO, Mr. CARSON OF INDIANA, Mr. CROWLEY, Ms. LEE, Mr. RANGEL, MS. EDWARDS and Mr. KENNEDY).

H.R. 6097. A bill to amend section 236 of the Immigration and Nationality Act to modify the conditions on the detention of aliens, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. SANFORD (for himself, Mr. CRAMER, and Mr. BRAT):

H.R. 6098. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to repeal the withholding of income and social security taxes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. HUFFMAN (for himself and Ms. ESHOO):

H.R. 6099. A bill to support the establishment and improvement of communications sites on or adjacent to Federal lands under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Interior or the Secretary of Agriculture through

the retention and use of rental fees associated with such sites, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources, and in addition to the Committee on Agriculture, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. DAVIDSON (for himself, Mrs. Lummis, Mr. Harper, Mr. Gosar, Mr. Gohmert, Mr. Hudson, Mr. Abraham, Mr. Brat, Mr. Collins of New York, Mr. Rodney Davis of Illinois, Mr. Huelskamp, Mr. Franks of Arizona, Mr. Chabot, Mr. Harris, Mr. Cole, Mr. Lamalfa, Mr. Weber of Texas, Mr. Yoho, Mr. Tiberi, Mr. Flores, Mrs. Hartzler, and Mr. Messer):

H.R. 6100. A bill to prevent proposed regulations relating to restrictions on liquidation of an interest with respect to estate, gift, and generation-skipping transfer taxes from taking effect; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mrs. BLACK (for herself and Mr. Welch):

H.R. 6101. A bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to improve the Medicare accountable care organization (ACO) program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. CÁRDENAS:

H.R. 6102. A bill to direct the Secretary of Transportation to establish a Smart Technology Traffic Signals Grant Program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Mr. COHEN (for himself and Mr. Ross):

H.R. 6103. A bill to provide standards for physical condition and management of housing receiving assistance payments under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937; to the Committee on Financial Services

By Mr. GRAVES of Louisiana (for himself, Mr. BOUSTANY, Mr. RICHMOND, and Mr. ABRAHAM):

H.R. 6104. A bill to establish a deadline for approval of claims made under the National Flood Insurance Program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Financial Services

By Mr. JONES (for himself and Mr. BUTTERFIELD):

H.R. 6105. A bill to amend the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991 to designate certain parts of United States Route 264 and the Eastern North Carolina Gateway Corridor as future parts of the Interstate System, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Ms. KUSTER (for herself and Mrs. Bustos):

H.R. 6106. A bill to establish a single export promotion agency in the executive branch, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. TED LIEU of California:

H.R. 6107. A bill to amend title 30, United States Code, to authorize the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to enter into agreements with public and private entities to provide pro bono legal services to homeless veterans and veterans at risk of homelessness, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. LOEBSACK (for himself, Mr. STIVERS, Mrs. BUSTOS, Ms. GABBARD, Mr. WEBER of Texas, Mr. JONES, Mr. HONDA, Mr. GALLEGO, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. SERRANO, Mr. CURBELO of Flor

ida, Mr. Thompson of California, Mr. Walz, Mr. Marino, Mr. Cooper, Mr. Swalwell of California, Mr. Blum, Mr. Rooney of Florida, Mrs. Napolitano, Mr. Denham, Mr. Hunter, and Mr. Sablan):

H.R. 6108. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to ensure that certain veterans receive in-patient psychiatric care provided by the Department of Veterans Affairs; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. PALLONE (for himself, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. GENE GREEN of Texas, and Mr. McDermott):

H.R. 6109. A bill to amend titles XVIII and XIX of the Social Security Act to improve the affordability and enrollment procedures of the Medicare program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committees on Energy and Commerce, and Transportation and Infrastructure, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. PERRY (for himself, Mr. BROOKS of Alabama, and Mr. DUNCAN of South Carolina):

H.R. 6110. A bill to amend section 412(a)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act to require ratification of a plan with respect to a refugee by the legislature of a State before the refugee may be initially placed or resettled in the State, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. RYAN of Ohio:

H.R. 6111. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide for a partial exclusion from the excise tax imposed on heavy trucks sold at retail for alternative fuel trucks; to the Committee on Ways and Means

By Mrs. TORRES:

H.R. 6112. A bill to require the Small Business Administration to make information relating to lenders making covered loans publicly available, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Small Business.

By Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN:

H.R. 6113. A bill to restrict the authority of the Attorney General to enter into contracts for Federal correctional facilities and community confinement facilities, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. WENSTRUP (for himself and Mr. HECK of Nevada):

H.R. 6114. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to authorize the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to furnish caskets and urns for burial in cemeteries of States and tribal organizations of veterans without next of kin or sufficient resources to provide for caskets or urns, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. YOUNG of Alaska:

H.R. 6115. A bill to fulfill the land conveyance requirements under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act for the Alaska Native Village of Canyon Village, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. LEWIS (for himself and Mr. McGovern):

H. Con. Res. 158. Concurrent resolution recognizing the International Day of Peace; to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform.

By Mr. McCAUL (for himself, Mr. ENGEL, and Mr. ROYCE):

H. Con. Res. 159. Concurrent resolution condemning the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran for the 1988 massacre of political prisoners and calling for justice for the victims; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs

By Mrs. LAWRENCE:

H. Res. 880. A resolution expressing support for a uniform adoption process of children

from foster care and promoting the enactment by all States of the Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children to ensure more children in the United States are placed in safe, loving, and permanent homes; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce, and in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

Ву Mr. BEYER (for himself, Mr. HONDA, Mr. HIMES, Mr. McGOVERN, Mrs. Dingell, Mr. Meeks, Mr. Tonko, Mr. NEAL, Mr. MOULTON, Ms. LEE, Mr. SABLAN, Mr. GRIJALVA, Mr. DEUTCH, Mr. PRICE of North Carolina, Mr. KIL-DEE, Mr. WALZ, Mr. POCAN, Mr. COSTA, Mr. LEWIS, Ms. TITUS, Ms. KUSTER, and Mr. McDermott):

H. Res. 881. A resolution recognizing the 55th anniversary of the Fulbright-Hays Programs; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

### CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following statements are submitted regarding the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution.

By Mr. VARGAS:

H.R. 6091.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following section of the U.S. Constitution:

- (1) To establish a uniform Rule of Naturalization, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 4 of the U.S. Constitution;
- (2) To raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 12 of the U.S. Constitution:
- (3) To provide and maintain a navy, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 13 of the U.S. Constitution; and
- (4) To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 14 of the U.S. Constitution.
- (5) To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this Constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof, , as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the U.S. Constitution.

By Mr. VARGAS:

H.R. 6092.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following section of the U.S. Constitution:

- (1) To establish a uniform Rule of Naturalization, as enumerated in Article I. Section 8, Clause 4 of the U.S. Constitution;
- (2) To raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years, as enumerated in Article I. Section 8. Clause 12 of the U.S. Constitution:
- (3) To provide and maintain a navy, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 13 of the U.S. Constitution; and
- (4) To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 14 of the U.S. Constitution.

(5) To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this Constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof, , as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the U.S. Constitution.

By Mr. VARGAS:

H.R. 6093.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following section of the U.S. Constitution:

- (1) To establish a uniform Rule of Naturalization, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 4 of the U.S. Constitution;
- (2) To raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 12 of the U.S. Constitution:
- (3) To provide and maintain a navy, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 13 of the U.S. Constitution; and
- (4) To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 14 of the U.S. Constitution.

By Mr. WALBERG:

H.R. 6094.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, section 8 of the Constitution of the United States

By Ms. LEE:

H.R. 6095.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8,

Clause 1

"The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;"

Clause 3

"To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes;"

"To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries;'

By Mrs. WALORSKI:

H.R. 6096.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18

By Mr. SERRANO:

H.R. 6097.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 4, which states that "Congress shall have the power . . . to establish a uniform rule of naturalization," and Article I, Section 8, Clause 18, which states that "Congress shall have the power

. . To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this Constitution in the government of the United States, or in any officer or department thereof.'

By Mr. SANFORD:

H.R. 6098.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

the Sixteenth Amendment of the U.S. Constitution

By Mr. HUFFMAN:

H.R. 6099.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 18: To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all otehr Powers vesteed by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or office thereof

By Mr. DAVIDSON:

H.R. 6100.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 1: Since valuation rules affect the collection of taxes, laws determining their use are constitutional under Congressional authority to lay and collect taxes.

By Mrs. BLACK:

H.R. 6101.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3, to regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian tribes.

By Mr. CÁRDENAS:

H.R. 6102.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I. Section 8. Clauses 1 and 18 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. COHEN:

H.R. 6103.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 1 of the Constitution

By Mr. GRAVES of Louisiana:

H.R. 6104.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Art 1, Section 8, Clause 3

By Mr. JONES:

H.R. 6105.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Under Article 1, Section 8, Clauses:

- 1) The Congress shall have Power to . provide for the common Defense and general Welfare of the United States
- 3) To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes
- 7) To establish Post Offices and post Roads 18) To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested in this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Ms. KUSTER:

H.R. 6106.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution, the Taxing and Spending Clause: "To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes . .

By Mr. TED LIEU of California:

H.R. 6107.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the U.S. Constitu-

By Mr. LOEBSACK:

H.R. 6108.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause I of the Constitution which grants Congress the power to provide for the general Welfare of the United States.

By Mr. PALLONE:

H.R. 6109.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the United States Constitution