

amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2287. Mr. MARKEY (for himself, Mr. NELSON, and Mr. BLUMENTHAL) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2288. Mr. MARKEY (for himself and Mr. BLUMENTHAL) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2289. Mr. WICKER (for himself and Mr. BOOKER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2266 submitted by Mr. MCCONNELL and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2290. Mr. BROWN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2291. Mr. MARKEY (for himself, Mr. NELSON, and Mr. BLUMENTHAL) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2292. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2293. Mrs. FISCHER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2294. Ms. AYOTTE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2295. Mr. RUBIO (for himself and Mr. LEE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2296. Mr. THUNE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2266 submitted by Mr. MCCONNELL and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2297. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2298. Mr. CRUZ (for himself, Mr. RUBIO, and Mr. VITTER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2299. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2300. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2301. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2302. Mr. ROBERTS (for himself, Mr. ALEXANDER, Mr. BURR, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. COTTON, Mr. GARDNER, Mr. RISCH, Mr. SASSE, Mr. TILLIS, Mr. BOOZMAN, and Mr. PERDUE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2303. Mr. BARRASSO (for himself and Mr. CRAPO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2266 submitted by Mr. MCCONNELL and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2304. Mr. FLAKE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2305. Mr. FLAKE (for himself and Mr. ALEXANDER) submitted an amendment in-

tended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2306. Mr. FLAKE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2307. Mr. FLAKE (for himself and Mr. VITTER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2308. Mr. FLAKE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2266 submitted by Mr. MCCONNELL and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2309. Mr. FLAKE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2266 submitted by Mr. MCCONNELL and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2310. Mr. FLAKE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2266 submitted by Mr. MCCONNELL and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2311. Mr. FLAKE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2312. Mr. FLAKE (for himself and Mr. MCCAIN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2313. Mr. MANCHIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2266 submitted by Mr. MCCONNELL and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2314. Mrs. SHAHEEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2266 submitted by Mr. MCCONNELL and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2315. Ms. STABENOW (for herself, Mr. BROWN, Mr. PETERS, Mr. REED, and Mr. MENENDEZ) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2316. Mr. TOOMEY (for himself and Mr. MERKLEY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2317. Mr. TOOMEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2318. Mr. TOOMEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2319. Mr. WYDEN (for himself and Mr. CRAPO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2320. Mr. WYDEN (for himself and Mr. CRAPO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2321. Mr. WYDEN (for himself and Mr. CRAPO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2322. Mr. WYDEN (for himself and Mr. CRAPO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2323. Mr. WYDEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2324. Mr. PERDUE (for himself and Mr. SCOTT) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2325. Mrs. GILLIBRAND submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 22, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2326. Mr. SULLIVAN (for Mr. VITTER (for himself, Mrs. SHAHEEN, Mr. RISCH, Mr. COONS, and Mr. PETERS)) proposed an amendment to the bill H.R. 2499, to amend the Small Business Act to increase access to capital for veteran entrepreneurs, to help create jobs, and for other purposes.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 2284. Mrs. SHAHEEN (for herself and Mr. KAINE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of division F, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . SENSE OF THE SENATE ON SEQUESTRATION.

It is the Sense of the Senate that—

(1) the Nation's fiscal challenges are a top priority for Congress, and sequestration, non-strategic, across-the-board budget cuts, remains an unreasonable and inadequate budgeting tool to address the Nation's deficits and debt;

(2) sequestration relief must be accomplished for fiscal years 2016 and 2017;

(3) sequestration relief should include equal defense and non-defense relief; and

(4) sequestration relief should be offset through targeted changes in mandatory and discretionary categories and revenues.

SA 2285. Mr. WICKER (for himself, Mr. COCHRAN, and Mrs. FEINSTEIN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DISBURSEMENT AUTHORITY FOR THE NATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 1552 of title 31, United States Code, funds made available for the Broadband Technology Opportunities Program (including funds that have expired, but have not been cancelled) under title II of division A of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Public Law 111-5) shall remain available for expenditure through fiscal year 2020 for the purpose of liquidating valid obligations of active grants under such program.

(b) DEFINED TERM.—In this section, the term "active grants" means grants for which the period of performance has expired but are not finally closed out.

SA 2286. Mr. MARKEY (for himself, Mr. NELSON, and Mr. BLUMENTHAL) submitted an amendment intended to be

proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 582, between lines 13 and 14, insert the following:

SEC. 34216. PUBLIC AVAILABILITY OF EARLY WARNING DATA.

(a) **RULEMAKING.**—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Transportation shall promulgate regulations establishing categories of information provided to the Secretary under section 30166(m) of title 49, United States Code, as amended by section 34217, which shall be made available to the public. The Secretary may establish categories of information that are exempt from public disclosure under section 552(b) of title 5, United States Code.

(b) **CONSULTATION.**—In conducting the rulemaking under subsection (a), the Secretary shall consult with—

(1) the Director of the Office of Government Information Services of the National Archives and Records Administration; and

(2) the Director of the Office of Information Policy of the Department of Justice.

(c) **PRESUMPTION.**—In promulgating regulations under subsection (a), vehicle safety defect information related to incidents involving death or injury shall presumptively not be eligible for protection under section 552(b) of title 5, United States Code.

(d) **NULLIFICATION OF PRIOR REGULATIONS.**—Beginning 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the regulations establishing early warning reporting class determinations in appendix C of part 512 of title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 34217. ADDITIONAL EARLY WARNING REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

Section 30166(m) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (3)(C)—

(A) by striking “The manufacturer” and inserting the following:

“(i) **IN GENERAL.**—The manufacturer”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

“(ii) **FATAL INCIDENTS.**—If an incident described in clause (i) involves a fatality, the Secretary shall require the manufacturer to submit, as part of its incident report—

“(I) all initial claim or notice documents (as defined by the Secretary through regulation) except media reports, that notified the manufacturer of the incident;

“(II) any police reports or other documents that—

“(aa) describe or reconstruct the incident (as defined by the Secretary through regulation);

“(bb) relate to the initial claim or notice (except for documents that are protected by attorney-client privilege or work product privileges that are not already publicly available); and

“(cc) are in the physical possession or control of the manufacturer at the time the incident report is submitted; and

“(III) any police reports or other documents that describe or reconstruct the incident that are obtained by the manufacturer after the submission of its incident report.”;

(2) in paragraph (4), by amending subparagraph (C) to read as follows:

“(C) **DISCLOSURE.**—The information provided to the Secretary under this subsection—

“(i) shall be disclosed publicly after the Secretary redacts or confirms the redaction of any information that is withholdable under sections 552 and 552a of title 5; and

“(ii) shall be entered into the early warning reporting database in a manner specified by the Secretary through regulation that is searchable by manufacturer name, vehicle or equipment make and model name, model year, and reported system or component.”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(6) **PUBLIC DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION.**—Any requirement for the Secretary to publicly disclose information under this subsection shall be construed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements under sections 552 and 552a of title 5.”.

SA 2287. Mr. MARKEY (for himself, Mr. NELSON, and Mr. BLUMENTHAL) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Beginning on page 450, strike line 13 and all that follows through page 453, line 16.

SA 2288. Mr. MARKEY (for himself and Mr. BLUMENTHAL) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle D of title XXXIV, add the following:

PART IV—SPY CAR ACT OF 2015

SEC. 34441. SHORT TITLE.

This part may be cited as the “Security and Privacy in Your Car Act of 2015” or the “SPY Car Act of 2015”.

SEC. 34442. CYBERSECURITY STANDARDS FOR MOTOR VEHICLES.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Chapter 301 is amended—

(1) in section 30102(a)—

(A) by redesignating paragraphs (4) through (11) as paragraphs (10) through (17), respectively;

(B) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (3) as paragraphs (4) through (6), respectively;

(C) by inserting before paragraph (3), as redesignated, the following:

“(1) ‘Administrator’ means the Administrator of the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration;

“(2) ‘Commission’ means the Federal Trade Commission;

“(3) ‘critical software systems’ means software systems that can affect the driver’s control of the vehicle movement;”;

(D) by inserting after paragraph (6), as redesignated, the following:

“(7) ‘driving data’ include, but are not limited to, any electronic information collected about—

“(A) a vehicle’s status, including, but not limited to, its location or speed; and

“(B) any owner, lessee, driver, or passenger of a vehicle;

“(8) ‘entry points’ include, but are not limited to, means by which—

“(A) driving data may be accessed, directly or indirectly; or

“(B) control signals may be sent or received either wirelessly or through wired connections;

“(9) ‘hacking’ means the unauthorized access to electronic controls or driving data, either wirelessly or through wired connections;”;

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“§ 30129. Cybersecurity standards

“(a) **CYBERSECURITY STANDARDS.**—

“(1) **REQUIREMENT.**—All motor vehicles manufactured for sale in the United States on or after the date that is 2 years after the date on which final regulations are prescribed pursuant to section 2(b)(2) of the SPY Car Act of 2015 shall comply with the cybersecurity standards set forth in paragraphs (2) through (4).

“(2) **PROTECTION AGAINST HACKING.**—

“(A) **IN GENERAL.**—All entry points to the electronic systems of each motor vehicle manufactured for sale in the United States shall be equipped with reasonable measures to protect against hacking attacks.

“(B) **ISOLATION MEASURES.**—The measures referred to in subparagraph (A) shall incorporate isolation measures to separate critical software systems from noncritical software systems.

“(C) **EVALUATION.**—The measures referred to in subparagraphs (A) and (B) shall be evaluated for security vulnerabilities following best security practices, including appropriate applications of techniques such as penetration testing.

“(D) **ADJUSTMENT.**—The measures referred to in subparagraphs (A) and (B) shall be adjusted and updated based on the results of the evaluation described in subparagraph (C).

“(3) **SECURITY OF COLLECTED INFORMATION.**—All driving data collected by the electronic systems that are built into motor vehicles shall be reasonably secured to prevent unauthorized access—

“(A) while such data are stored onboard the vehicle;

“(B) while such data are in transit from the vehicle to another location; and

“(C) in any subsequent offboard storage or use.

“(4) **DETECTION, REPORTING, AND RESPONDING TO HACKING.**—Any motor vehicle that presents an entry point shall be equipped with capabilities to immediately detect, report, and stop attempts to intercept driving data or control the vehicle.

“(b) **PENALTIES.**—A person that violates this section is liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty of not more than \$5,000 for each violation in accordance with section 30165.”.

(b) **RULEMAKING.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, after consultation with the Federal Trade Commission, shall issue a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking to carry out section 30129 of title 49, United States Code, as added by subsection (a).

(2) **FINAL REGULATIONS.**—Not later than 3 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator, after consultation with the Commission, shall issue final regulations to carry out section 30129 of title 49, United States Code, as added by subsection (a).

(3) **UPDATES.**—Not later than 3 years after final regulations are issued pursuant to paragraph (2) and not less frequently than once

every 3 years thereafter, the Administrator, after consultation with the Commission, shall—

(A) review the regulations issued pursuant to paragraph (2); and

(B) update such regulations, as necessary.

(C) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for chapter 301 is amended by striking the item relating to section 30128 and inserting the following:

“30128. Vehicle rollover prevention and crash mitigation.

“30129. Cybersecurity standards.”.

(d) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 30165(a)(1) is amended by inserting “30129,” after “30127.”.

SEC. 34443. CYBER DASHBOARD.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 32302 is amended by inserting after subsection (b) the following:

“(c) CYBER DASHBOARD.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—All motor vehicles manufactured for sale in the United States on or after the date that is 2 years after the date on which final regulations are prescribed pursuant to section 3(b)(2) of the SPY Car Act of 2015 shall display a ‘cyber dashboard’, as a component of the label required to be affixed to each motor vehicle under section 32908(b).

“(2) FEATURES.—The cyber dashboard required under paragraph (1) shall inform consumers, through an easy-to-understand, standardized graphic, about the extent to which the motor vehicle protects the cybersecurity and privacy of motor vehicle owners, lessees, drivers, and passengers beyond the minimum requirements set forth in section 30129 of this title and in section 27 of the Federal Trade Commission Act.”.

(b) RULEMAKING.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, after consultation with the Federal Trade Commission, shall prescribe regulations for the cybersecurity and privacy information required to be displayed under section 32302(c) of title 49, United States Code, as added by subsection (a).

(2) FINAL REGULATIONS.—Not later than 3 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator, after consultation with the Commission, shall issue final regulations to carry out section 32302 of title 49, United States Code, as added by subsection (a).

(3) UPDATES.—Not less frequently than once every 3 years, the Administrator, after consultation with the Commission, shall—

(A) review the regulations issued pursuant to paragraph (2); and

(B) update such regulations, as necessary.

SEC. 34444. PRIVACY STANDARDS FOR MOTOR VEHICLES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 26 (15 U.S.C. 57c–2) the following:

“SEC. 27. PRIVACY STANDARDS FOR MOTOR VEHICLES.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—All motor vehicles manufactured for sale in the United States on or after the date that is 2 years after the date on which final regulations are prescribed pursuant to subsection (e) shall comply with the features required under subsections (b) through (d).

“(b) TRANSPARENCY.—Each motor vehicle shall provide clear and conspicuous notice, in clear and plain language, to the owners or lessees of such vehicle of the collection, transmission, retention, and use of driving data collected from such motor vehicle.

“(c) CONSUMER CONTROL.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3), owners or lessees of motor vehicles

shall be given the option of terminating the collection and retention of driving data.

“(2) ACCESS TO NAVIGATION TOOLS.—If a motor vehicle owner or lessee decides to terminate the collection and retention of driving data under paragraph (1), the owner or lessee shall not lose access to navigation tools or other features or capabilities, to the extent technically possible.

“(3) EXCEPTION.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply to driving data stored as part of the electronic data recorder system or other safety systems on-board the motor vehicle that are required for post-incident investigations, emissions history checks, crash avoidance or mitigation, or other regulatory compliance programs.

“(d) LIMITATION ON USE OF PERSONAL DRIVING INFORMATION.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—A manufacturer (including an original equipment manufacturer) may not use any information collected by a motor vehicle for advertising or marketing purposes without affirmative express consent by the owner or lessee.

“(2) REQUESTS.—Consent requests under paragraph (1)—

“(A) shall be clear and conspicuous;

“(B) shall be made in clear and plain language; and

“(C) may not be a condition for the use of any nonmarketing feature, capability, or functionality of the motor vehicle.

“(e) ENFORCEMENT.—A violation of this section shall be treated as an unfair and deceptive act or practice in violation of a rule prescribed under section 18(a)(1)(B).”.

(b) RULEMAKING.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Federal Trade Commission, after consultation with the Administrator of the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, shall prescribe regulations, in accordance with section 553 of title 5, United States Code, to carry out section 27 of the Federal Trade Commission Act, as added by subsection (a).

(2) FINAL REGULATIONS.—Not later than 3 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commission, after consultation with the Administrator, shall issue final regulations, in accordance with section 553 of title 5, United States Code, to carry out section 27 of the Federal Trade Commission Act, as added by subsection (a).

(3) UPDATES.—Not less frequently than once every 3 years, the Commission, after consultation with the Administrator, shall—

(A) review the regulations prescribed pursuant to paragraph (2); and

(B) update such regulations, as necessary.

SA 2289. Mr. WICKER (for himself and Mr. BOOKER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2266 submitted by Mr. MCCONNELL and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 33, line 25, strike “65 percent” and “64 percent”.

On page 34, line 2, strike “29 percent” and insert “30 percent”.

On page 41, line 3, strike “55 percent” and insert “67 percent”.

On page 41, line 8, strike “45 percent” and insert “33 percent”.

On page 41, strike lines 10 through 15 and insert the following:

(B) by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the following:

“(3) ACCESS TO FUNDS FOR AREAS OF UNDER 200,000 POPULATION.—For purposes of clauses (ii) and (iii) of paragraph (1)(A), excluding funds a State has suballocated to metropolitan areas in the areas in described in those clauses, before obligating funding for an area with a population of less than 200,000, each State, in coordination with local interested parties, shall carry out an open and transparent competitive grant process to allow local governments, metropolitan planning organizations, regional transportation authorities, transit agencies, regional transportation planning organizations, and tribal governments to submit projects for funding that achieve the objectives established by the State and the relevant metropolitan planning organization for the performance-based planning process.”;

SA 2290. Mr. BROWN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. —. REDUCTION OF APPORTIONMENT FOR CERTAIN FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAY PROGRAMS.

Section 104 of title 23, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(h) REDUCTION OF APPORTIONMENT FOR CERTAIN FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAY PROGRAMS.—The amount apportioned to a State under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (b) shall be reduced by an amount equal to 5 percent of those funds—

“(1) effective beginning on October 1 of the first fiscal year beginning after the date of enactment of this subsection, for each fiscal year in which the State issues a license plate that contains an image of a flag of the Confederate States of America, including the Battle Flag of the Confederate States of America; and

“(2) effective beginning on October 1 of the second fiscal year beginning after the date of enactment of this subsection, for each fiscal year in which the State allows a license plate described in paragraph (1) and issued by the State before the first fiscal year referred to in that paragraph to be displayed on a motor vehicle registered in the State.”.

SA 2291. Mr. MARKEY (for himself, Mr. NELSON, and Mr. BLUMENTHAL) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike section 34205 and insert the following:

SEC. 34205. RECALL GRANT PROGRAMS.

(a) STATE NOTIFICATION OF OPEN SAFETY RECALLS.—

(1) GRANT PROGRAM.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish a grant program for States to notify registered motor vehicle owners of safety recalls issued by the manufacturers of those motor vehicles.

(2) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible for a grant under this subsection, a State shall—

(A) submit an application in such form and manner as the Secretary shall prescribe;

(B) agree that when a motor vehicle owner registers the motor vehicle for use in that State, the State will—

(i) search the recall database maintained by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration using the motor vehicle identification number;

(ii) determine all safety recalls issued by the manufacturer of that motor vehicle that have not been completed; and

(iii) notify the motor vehicle owner of the safety recalls described in clause (ii); and

(C) provide such other information or notification as the Secretary may require.

(b) RECALL COMPLETION PILOT GRANT PROGRAM.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall conduct a pilot program to evaluate the feasibility and effectiveness of a State process for increasing the recall completion rate for motor vehicles by requiring each owner or lessee of a motor vehicle to have repaired any open recall on that motor vehicle.

(2) GRANTS.—To carry out the program under this subsection, the Secretary shall award a grant to a State to be used to implement the pilot program described in paragraph (1) in accordance with the requirements under paragraph (3).

(3) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible for a grant under this subsection, a State shall—

(A) submit an application in such form and manner as the Secretary shall prescribe;

(B) meet the requirements and provide notification of safety recalls to registered motor vehicle owners under the grant program described in subsection (a);

(C) except as provided in paragraph (4), agree to require, as a condition of motor vehicle registration, including renewal, that the motor vehicle owner or lessee complete all remedies for defects and noncompliance offered without charge by the manufacturer or a dealer under section 30120 of title 49, United States Code; and

(D) provide such other information or notification as the Secretary may require.

(4) EXCEPTION.—A State may exempt a motor vehicle owner or lessee from the requirement under paragraph (3)(C) if—

(A) the recall occurred not earlier than 75 days before the registration or renewal date;

(B) the manufacturer, through a local dealership, has not provided the motor vehicle owner or lessee with a reasonable opportunity to complete any applicable safety recall remedy due to a shortage of necessary parts or qualified labor; or

(C) the motor vehicle owner or lessee states that the owner or lessee has had no reasonable opportunity to complete all applicable safety recall remedies, in which case the State may grant a temporary registration, of not more than 90 days, during which time the motor vehicle owner or lessee shall complete all applicable safety recall remedies for which the necessary parts and qualified labor are available.

(5) AWARD.—In selecting an applicant for a grant under this subsection, the Secretary shall consider the State's methodology for—

(A) determining safety recalls on a motor vehicle;

(B) informing the owner or lessee of a motor vehicle of the safety recalls;

(C) requiring the owner or lessee of a motor vehicle to repair any safety recall prior to issuing any registration, approval, document, or certificate related to a motor vehicle registration renewal; and

(D) determining performance in increasing the safety recall completion rate.

(6) PERFORMANCE PERIOD.—A grant awarded under this subsection shall require a performance period of at least 2 years.

(7) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the completion of the performance period under paragraph (6) and the obligations under the pilot program, the grantee shall submit a performance report to the Secretary that contains such information as the Secretary considers necessary to evaluate the extent to which safety recalls have been remedied.

(8) EVALUATION.—Not later than 1 year after the date on which the Secretary receives the report under paragraph (7), the Secretary shall evaluate the extent to which safety recalls identified under paragraph (3) have been remedied.

SA 2292. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in division F, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . REQUIREMENTS FOR IANA STEWARDSHIP TRANSITION.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the “Domain Openness Through Continued Oversight Matters Act of 2015” or the “DOTCOM Act of 2015”.

(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) ASSISTANT SECRETARY.—The term “Assistant Secretary” means the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Communications and Information.

(2) ICANN.—The term “ICANN” means the Internet Corporation for Assigned Names and Numbers.

(3) JOINT RESOLUTION.—The term “joint resolution” means a joint resolution—

(A) that does not have a preamble;

(B) the title of which is as follows: “Joint resolution approving the proposal relating to the transition of the stewardship of the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority functions”; and

(C) the matter after the resolving clause of which is as follows: “That Congress approves the proposal relating to the transition of the stewardship of the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority functions as described in the report of the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Communications and Information submitted to Congress on _____”, with the blank space being filled with the appropriate date.

(4) LEGISLATIVE DAY.—The term “legislative day” does not include Saturdays, Sundays, legal public holidays, or days either House of Congress is adjourned for more than 3 days during a session of Congress.

(5) NTIA.—The term “NTIA” means the National Telecommunications and Information Administration.

(c) REQUIREMENTS FOR IANA STEWARDSHIP TRANSITION.—Until the date that is 30 legislative days after the submission to Congress

of the report described in subsection (d), and unless a joint resolution is enacted on or before that date, the Assistant Secretary may not permit the NTIA's role in the performance of the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority functions to terminate, lapse, be cancelled, or otherwise cease to be in effect.

(d) REPORT DESCRIBED.—The report described in this subsection is a report that contains—

(1) the proposal relating to the transition of the NTIA's stewardship of the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority functions that was developed in a process convened by ICANN at the request of the NTIA; and

(2) a certification by the Assistant Secretary that—

(A) such proposal—

(i) supports and enhances the multistakeholder model of Internet governance;

(ii) maintains the security, stability, and resiliency of the Internet domain name system;

(iii) meets the needs and expectations of the global customers and partners of the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority services;

(iv) maintains the openness of the Internet; and

(v) does not replace the role of the NTIA with a government-led or intergovernmental organization solution; and

(B) the required changes to ICANN's bylaws contained in the final report of ICANN's Cross Community Working Group on Enhancing ICANN Accountability and the changes to ICANN's bylaws required by ICANN's IANA Stewardship Transition Coordination Group have been adopted.

(e) REQUIREMENT OF CONGRESSIONAL APPROVAL.—

(1) EXPEDITED CONSIDERATION IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—

(A) REPORTING AND DISCHARGE.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—Any committee of the House of Representatives to which a joint resolution is referred shall report it to the House of Representatives not later than 10 days after the date on which the joint resolution is introduced.

(ii) DISCHARGE.—If a committee of the House of Representatives fails to report a joint resolution within the period specified in clause (i), the committee shall be discharged from further consideration of the joint resolution, and the joint resolution shall be referred to the appropriate calendar.

(B) PROCEEDING TO CONSIDERATION.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—After each committee authorized to consider a joint resolution reports it to the House of Representatives or has been discharged from its consideration, it shall be in order, not later than the 11th day after the date on which the joint resolution is introduced, to move to proceed to consider the joint resolution in the House of Representatives.

(ii) PROCEDURES.—If a motion to proceed to a joint resolution is made—

(I) all points of order against the motion are waived;

(II) the motion shall not be in order after the House has disposed of a motion to proceed on the joint resolution;

(III) the previous question shall be considered as ordered on the motion to its adoption without intervening motion;

(IV) the motion shall not be debatable; and

(V) a motion to reconsider the vote by which the motion is disposed of shall not be in order.

(C) CONSIDERATION.—If the House of Representatives proceeds to a joint resolution—

(i) the joint resolution shall be considered as read;

(ii) all points of order against the joint resolution and against its consideration are waived;

(iii) the previous question shall be considered as ordered on the joint resolution to its passage without intervening motion, except 2 hours of debate equally divided and controlled by the proponent and an opponent;

(iv) an amendment to the joint resolution shall not be in order; and

(v) a motion to reconsider the vote on passage of the joint resolution shall not be in order.

(2) EXPEDITED CONSIDERATION IN THE SENATE.—

(A) REPORTING AND DISCHARGE.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—Any committee of the Senate to which a joint resolution is referred shall report it to the Senate not later than 10 days after the date on which the joint resolution is introduced.

(ii) DISCHARGE.—If a committee of the Senate fails to report a joint resolution within the period specified in clause (i), the committee shall be discharged from further consideration of the joint resolution, and the joint resolution shall be placed on the calendar.

(B) MOTION TO PROCEED.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding rule XXII of the Standing Rules of the Senate, it is in order, not later than the 11th day after the date on which the joint resolution is introduced, to move to proceed to consider the joint resolution in the Senate (even though a previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to).

(ii) PROCEDURES.—If a motion to proceed to a joint resolution is made—

(I) all points of order against the motion (and against consideration of the joint resolution) are waived;

(II) the motion is not debatable;

(III) the motion is not subject to a motion to postpone; and

(IV) a motion to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to shall not be in order.

(iii) MOTION AGREED TO.—If a motion to proceed to the consideration of a joint resolution is agreed to, the joint resolution shall remain the unfinished business until disposed of.

(C) CONSIDERATION.—If the Senate proceeds to a joint resolution—

(i) all points of order against the joint resolution are waived;

(ii) consideration of the joint resolution, and on all debatable motions and appeals in connection therewith, shall be limited to not more than 10 hours, which shall be divided equally between the majority and minority leaders or their designees;

(iii) a motion further to limit debate is in order and not debatable; and

(iv) an amendment to the joint resolution, a motion to postpone, a motion to proceed to the consideration of other business, or a motion to recommit the joint resolution are not in order.

(D) VOTE ON PASSAGE.—The vote on passage shall occur immediately following the conclusion of the debate on a joint resolution, and a single quorum call at the conclusion of the debate if requested in accordance with the rules of the Senate.

(E) RULINGS OF THE CHAIR ON PROCEDURE.—Appeals from the decisions of the Chair relating to the application of the rules of the Senate to the procedure relating to a joint resolution shall be decided without debate.

(3) RULES RELATING TO SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—

(A) COORDINATION WITH ACTION BY OTHER HOUSE.—If, before the passage by one House of a joint resolution of that House, that House receives from the other House a joint resolution—

(i) the joint resolution of the other House shall not be referred to a committee;

(ii) with respect to a joint resolution of the House receiving the resolution—

(I) the procedure in that House shall be the same as if no joint resolution had been received from the other House; and

(II) the vote on passage shall be on the joint resolution of the other House.

(B) TREATMENT OF JOINT RESOLUTION OF OTHER HOUSE.—If one House fails to introduce or consider a joint resolution under this subsection, the joint resolution of the other House shall be entitled to expedited floor procedures under this subsection.

(C) TREATMENT OF COMPANION MEASURES.—If, following passage of the joint resolution in the Senate, the Senate then receives the companion measure from the House of Representatives, the companion measure shall not be debatable.

(D) CONSIDERATION AFTER PASSAGE.—If the President vetoes a joint resolution, debate on a veto message in the Senate under this subsection shall be 1 hour equally divided between the majority and minority leaders or their designees.

(4) RULES OF HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATE.—This subsection is enacted by Congress—

(A) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the Senate and House of Representatives, respectively, and as such it is deemed a part of the rules of each House, respectively, but applicable only with respect to the procedure to be followed in that House in the case of a joint resolution, and it supersedes other rules only to the extent that it is inconsistent with such rules; and

(B) with full recognition of the constitutional right of either House to change the rules (so far as relating to the procedure of that House) at any time, in the same manner, and to the same extent as in the case of any other rule of that House.

SA 2293. Mrs. FISCHER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title I, add the following:

Subtitle D—American Infrastructure Bank

SEC. 11301. SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the “Build USA Act”.

SEC. 11302. DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle:

(1) **BANK.**—The term “Bank” means the American Infrastructure Bank established under section 11311(a).

(2) **BOARD.**—The term “Board” means the Board of Directors of the Bank.

(3) **CORE INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECT.**—The term “core infrastructure project” means a Federal-aid highway or highway (as those terms are defined in section 101 of title 23, United States Code) project of a State that is eligible for funding under chapter 1 of title 23, United States Code.

(4) **STATE.**—The term “State” has the meaning given the term in section 101(a) of title 23, United States Code.

PART I—AMERICAN INFRASTRUCTURE BANK

SEC. 11311. ESTABLISHMENT OF AMERICAN INFRASTRUCTURE BANK.

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—There is established as a wholly owned Government corporation sub-

ject to chapter 91 of title 31, United States Code (commonly known as the “Government Corporation Control Act”) (except as otherwise provided in this part), a bank to be known as the “American Infrastructure Bank”.

(2) **RESPONSIBILITY OF SECRETARY.**—The Secretary shall take such action as the Secretary determines to be necessary to assist in implementing the establishment of the Bank in accordance with this subtitle.

(3) **CONFORMING AMENDMENT.**—Section 9101(3) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by inserting after subparagraph (N) the following:

“(O) the American Infrastructure Bank.”.

(b) **BOARD OF DIRECTORS.**—

(1) **MEMBERSHIP.**—

(A) **IN GENERAL.**—The Bank shall have a bipartisan Board of Directors consisting of—

(i) 4 voting members, 1 of each who shall be appointed, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate—

(I) by the Majority Leader of the Senate, in consultation with the Chairperson of the Committee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate;

(II) by the Minority Leader of the Senate, in consultation with the Ranking Member of the Committee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate;

(III) by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, in consultation with the Chairperson of the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives; and

(IV) by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, in consultation with the Ranking Member of the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives; and

(ii) 1 nonvoting member, who shall be the Secretary (or a designee).

(B) **QUALIFICATIONS.**—A Board member appointed under subparagraph (A)(i) shall have relevant expertise in the fields of public or private finance, infrastructure financing, or transportation infrastructure policy.

(C) **TERM.**—A member of the Board shall be appointed for a term of 3 years.

(D) **DATE OF INITIAL APPOINTMENTS.**—The initial appointments to the Board under subparagraph (A)(i) shall be made not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(E) **VACANCIES.**—A vacancy on the Board—

(i) shall not affect the powers of the Board; and

(ii) shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment was made.

(F) **MEETINGS.**—The Board shall meet at the call of the chairperson.

(G) **QUORUM.**—A majority of the members of the Board shall constitute a quorum.

(H) **CHAIRPERSON AND VICE CHAIRPERSON.**—The Board shall select a chairperson and vice chairperson from among the members of the Board.

(I) **COMPENSATION.**—

(i) **IN GENERAL.**—Subject to clause (ii), the Secretary shall determine compensation of members of the Board in a manner that is consistent with similar compensation for members of other boards in the Federal Government.

(ii) **FEDERAL EMPLOYEES AND OFFICIALS.**—A member of the Commission who is an officer or employee of the Federal Government shall serve without compensation in addition to the compensation received for the services of the member as an officer or employee of the Federal Government.

(J) **ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.**—

(i) **IN GENERAL.**—For the first 3 years beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, not more than ½ of 1 percent of the funds made available under section 11322 shall be used for—

(I) compensation for members of the Board under subparagraph (I);

(II) compensation for employees of the Board;

(III) administrative expenses; and

(IV) any other expenses incurred by the Bank.

(ii) 3 YEARS AFTER THE DATE OF ENACTMENT.—For any year beginning after the date that is 3 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, funds from interest received by the Bank shall be used to provide funds for the expenses described in clause (i).

(2) DUTIES.—The Board shall—

(A) not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, commence operation of the Bank, including by establishing all operational and administrative parameters of the Bank; and

(B) monitor and exercise oversight of core infrastructure projects as necessary to achieve the purposes of the Bank.

(3) POWERS.—The Board shall have the authority—

(A) in accordance with such terms as the Board determines to be appropriate, to make senior and subordinated loans, purchase senior and subordinated debt securities, and enter into a binding commitment to make any such loan or purchase any such security, the proceeds of which are used to assist in the financing or refinancing of the development of 1 or more core infrastructure projects;

(B) to issue and sell debt securities of the Bank on such terms as the Board determines to be appropriate;

(C) to issue public benefit bonds and provide financing to core infrastructure projects from amounts made available from the issuance of those bonds;

(D) to make loan guarantees;

(E) to enter into agreements or contracts with any individual or entity in support of the business of the Bank;

(F) to purchase in the open market any outstanding obligation of the Bank at any time and at any price;

(G) to acquire, lease, pledge, exchange, and dispose of real and personal property and otherwise exercise all the usual incidents of ownership of property to the extent the exercise of those powers are appropriate to, and consistent with, the purposes of the Bank;

(H) to sue and be sued in a corporate capacity in any court of competent jurisdiction, except that no attachment, injunction, or similar process, may be issued against the property of the Bank or against the Bank with respect to that property;

(I) to indemnify the members of the Board for liabilities arising out of the actions of the Board, in accordance with, and subject to the limitations contained in, this subtitle; and

(J) to exercise all other lawful powers that are necessary or appropriate to carry out, and are consistent with, the purposes of the Bank.

(4) LIMITATIONS.—

(A) ISSUANCE OF DEBT SECURITY.—The Board may not issue any debt security without the consent of the Secretary.

(B) ISSUANCE OF VOTING SECURITY.—The Board may not issue any voting security in the Bank.

(c) AUDITS; REPORTS.—

(1) ACCOUNTING.—The book of accounts of the Bank shall be—

(A) maintained in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and

(B) subject to an annual audit by an independent public accountant that is—

(i) appointed by the Board; and

(ii) of nationally recognized standing.

(2) REPORTS.—Not later than 90 days after the last day of each fiscal year during which the Bank is in operation, the Board shall

submit to the President and the appropriate committees of Congress a report that describes, with respect to the preceding fiscal year—

(A) the operations of the Bank;

(B) a schedule of the obligations and outstanding capital securities of the Bank, together with a statement of the amounts issued and redeemed or paid during that fiscal year; and

(C) the status of core infrastructure projects receiving funding or other assistance pursuant to this subtitle, including disclosure of all entities with a development, ownership, or operational interest in those core infrastructure projects.

(3) BOOKS AND RECORDS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Bank shall maintain adequate books and records to support the financial transactions of the Bank, including a description, to be maintained on a publicly accessible database, of—

(i) each financial transaction of the Bank and each core infrastructure project that receives funding from the Bank; and

(ii) the amount of funding for each core infrastructure project.

(B) AUDITS.—The books and records of the Bank shall be—

(i) maintained in accordance with recommended accounting practices; and

(ii) open to inspection by the Comptroller General of the United States.

SEC. 11312. STATE REMITTANCE AGREEMENTS WITH BANK.

(a) IN GENERAL.—A State may enter into an agreement of not less than 3 years with the Bank, under which—

(1) the State agrees to remit not less than 60 percent of the total amount of funds received by the State in each year of the 3-year period from the Federal Government for Federal-aid highway activities under sections 119(d) and 133(b) of title 23, United States Code;

(2) the Board will issue to the State funds from the Bank received under section 11322 in an amount equal to 90 percent of the amount the State remitted to the Bank under paragraph (1); and

(3) the State will use the funds received from the Bank under paragraph (2) to carry out core infrastructure projects in accordance with subsection (b).

(b) STATE DETERMINATION OF COMPLIANCE.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in carrying out a project under subsection (a)(3), a State shall—

(1) have the authority to determine whether the State is in compliance with all Federal requirements of—

(A) environmental approvals relating to the project;

(B) environmental permits relating to the project;

(C) section 313 of title 23, United States Code;

(D) the development and construction of the project, including—

(i) preliminary design;

(ii) right-of-way acquisition;

(iii) construction engineering; and

(iv) final acceptance of the project;

(E) preapproval for preventative maintenance projects and procedures;

(F) project agreements and modifications to project agreements; and

(G) consultant procurement services relating to the project;

(2) assume responsibility of and oversight duties over compliance with the requirements described in paragraph (1); and

(3) to the maximum extent practicable, attempt to carry out the project in compliance with all Federal requirements.

(c) USE OF STATE-REMITTED FUNDS.—The Bank shall use an amount equal to 10 percent of the funds remitted to the Bank by

States under subsection (a)(1) to carry out section 11313.

SEC. 11313. LOANS TO STATES AND UNITS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT FOR TRANSPORTATION PROJECTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Bank may grant a loan to a State or a unit of local government to carry out a core infrastructure project in compliance with all applicable Federal laws and requirements.

(b) SUBMISSION OF APPLICATIONS.—In order to be eligible to receive a loan under subsection (a), a State or unit of local government shall submit to the Board an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Board may reasonably require.

(c) INTEREST RATES FOR LOANS.—The Board shall—

(1) set the interest rate for a loan provided under subsection (a); and

(2) ensure that the interest rate remains at a level that is more favorable than that of similar infrastructure loans available on the private market.

PART II—CAPITALIZATION OF BANK

SEC. 11321. ALLOWANCE OF TEMPORARY DIVIDENDS RECEIVED DEDUCTION FOR DIVIDENDS RECEIVED FROM A CONTROLLED FOREIGN CORPORATION.

(a) APPLICABILITY OF TEMPORARY DIVIDENDS RECEIVED DEDUCTION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (f) of section 965 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended to read as follows:

“(f) ELECTION.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The taxpayer may elect to apply this section to the 3-taxable year period beginning with—

“(A) the taxpayer's last taxable year which begins before the date of the enactment of the Build USA Act, or

“(B) the taxpayer's first taxable year which begins during the 1-year period beginning on such date of enactment.

“(2) TIME FOR MAKING ELECTION.—Any election made under this section shall be made on or before the due date (including extensions) for filing the return of tax for the first taxable year in the 3-taxable year period described in paragraph (1).

“(3) DECLARATION OF AMOUNT REPATRIATED.—An election under this section shall designate a limitation of the aggregate amount of dividends to be taken into account under subsection (a) during the 3-taxable year period.”.

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

(A) EXTRAORDINARY DIVIDENDS.—Section 965(b)(2) of such Code is amended by striking “June 30, 2003” and inserting “December 31, 2014”, and

(B) DETERMINATIONS RELATING TO RELATED PARTY INDEBTEDNESS.—Section 965(b)(3)(B) of such Code is amended by striking “October 3, 2004” and inserting “December 31, 2014”.

(C) DETERMINATIONS RELATING TO BASE PERIOD.—Section 965(c)(2) of such Code is amended by striking “June 30, 2003” and inserting “December 31, 2014”.

(b) AMOUNT OF DEDUCTION.—Paragraph (1) of section 965(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking “85 percent” and inserting “81.4 percent”.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years ending after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 11322. APPROPRIATIONS TO BANK.

(a) ESTIMATION OF REVENUES FROM REPATRIATION.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's designee) shall estimate the increase in the amount of revenues to be received in the Treasury after the date of the enactment of this Act and before October 1, 2019, attributable to the amendments made by this part.

(b) APPROPRIATION.—Out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, there is hereby appropriated to the Bank an amount equal to the amount described in subsection (a), to remain available until expended.

SA 2294. Ms. AYOTTE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . STRENGTHENING AMERICA'S BRIDGES FUND.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—There is established in the Treasury of the United States a fund, to be known as the “Strengthening America’s Bridges Fund” (referred to in this section as the “Fund”), consisting of such amounts as may be appropriated to the Fund under paragraph (2).

(2) TRANSFERS TO FUND.—There is appropriated to the Fund an amount equivalent to the increase in revenue received in the Treasury due to the amendments made by subsection (b), as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury (or a designee).

(3) EXPENDITURES FROM FUND.—Amounts in the Fund shall be made available by the Secretary of Transportation for the purpose of making grants, in accordance with the requirements of this subsection, to States for the repair or maintenance of any bridges classified as deficient in the National Bridge Inventory, as authorized under section 144(b) of title 23, United States Code.

(4) SELECTION PROCESS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall select the recipients of grants awarded under this subsection in accordance with the criteria published under subparagraph (B) and described in paragraph (5).

(B) PUBLICATION OF CRITERIA.—The Secretary shall publish selection criteria for any grants awarded under this subsection not earlier than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

(C) TIMELINE FOR SUBMISSION.—Applications for grants under this section shall be submitted not earlier than 120 days after the date on which the criteria are published under subparagraph (B).

(D) DEADLINE FOR SELECTION.—The Secretary shall select and announce all projects selected under this paragraph not earlier than 60 days after the last date of the submission period described in subparagraph (C).

(5) CRITERIA.—In making grants under this subsection, the Secretary shall ensure that—

(A) the distribution of funds is geographically equitable, including an appropriate balance in addressing the needs of urban and rural areas;

(B) not more than 25 percent of the funds made available under this section are awarded to projects in a single State;

(C) not less than 20 percent of the funds provided under this section shall be for projects located in rural areas;

(D) for projects located in rural areas, the Secretary may increase the Federal share of costs to more than 80 percent; and

(E) priority is given to projects that require a contribution of Federal funds in order to complete an overall financing package.

(6) RETENTION OF FUNDS.—To fund the provision and oversight of grants under this subsection, the Secretary may—

(A) retain not more than 10 percent of the funds made available to the Secretary under paragraph (3); and

(B) transfer any portion of those funds to the Administrator of the Federal Highway Administration.

(7) FEDERAL SHARE.—Except as provided in paragraph (5)(D), the Federal share of the costs for which an expenditure is made under this subsection shall be, at the option of the recipient, not more than 80 percent.

(b) SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER REQUIRED TO CLAIM REFUNDABLE PORTION OF CHILD TAX CREDIT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (e) of section 24 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended to read as follows:

“(e) IDENTIFICATION REQUIREMENT WITH RESPECT TO QUALIFYING CHILDREN.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), no credit shall be allowed under this section to a taxpayer with respect to any qualifying child unless the taxpayer includes the name and taxpayer identification number of such qualifying child on the return of tax for the taxable year.

“(2) REFUNDABLE PORTION.—Subsection (d)(1) shall not apply to any taxpayer with respect to any qualifying child unless the taxpayer includes the name and social security number of such qualifying child on the return of tax for the taxable year.”.

(2) OMISSION TREATED AS MATHEMATICAL OR CLERICAL ERROR.—Subparagraph (I) of section 6213(g)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended to read as follows:

“(I) an omission of a correct TIN under section 24(e)(1) (relating to child tax credit) or a correct Social Security number required under section 24(e)(2) (relating to refundable portion of child tax credit), to be included on a return.”.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after the date of enactment of this Act.

SA 2295. Mr. RUBIO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

In lieu of the matter proposed to be inserted, insert the following:

TITLE ____ —TERMINATION OF EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF THE UNITED STATES

SEC. ____ 01. ABOLISHMENT OF EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF THE UNITED STATES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Effective on the abolishment date:

(1) ABOLISHMENT.—The Export-Import Bank of the United States (in this title referred to as the “Bank”) is abolished.

(2) TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS.—All functions that, on the day before the abolishment date are authorized to be performed by the Bank, the Board of Directors of the Bank, any officer or employee of the Bank acting in that capacity, or any agency or office of the Bank, are transferred to the Secretary of the Treasury (in this title referred to as the “Secretary”).

(3) TRANSFER OF ASSETS AND OBLIGATIONS.—Except as otherwise provided in this title,

the obligations, assets, personnel, property, records, and unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, and other funds employed, used, held, available, or to be made available in connection with a function transferred under paragraph (2) are transferred to the Secretary.

(b) ABOLISHMENT DATE DEFINED.—In this title, the term “abolishment date” means the date that is 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. ____ 02. RESOLUTION AND TERMINATION OF BANK FUNCTIONS.

(a) RESOLUTION OF FUNCTIONS.—The Secretary shall—

(1) complete the disposition and resolution of functions of the Bank in accordance with this title; and

(2) resolve all functions that are transferred to the Secretary under section ____ 01.

(b) TERMINATION OF FUNCTIONS.—All functions that are transferred to the Secretary under section ____ 01 shall terminate on the date all obligations of the Bank, and all obligations of others to the Bank, in effect on the day before the abolishment date have been sold under section ____ 03 or otherwise satisfied, as determined by the Secretary.

(c) REPORT TO THE CONGRESS.—When the Secretary makes the determination described in subsection (b), the Secretary shall report the determination to the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate.

SEC. ____ 03. AUCTION OF BANK ASSETS AND OBLIGATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the assets and obligations of the Bank are transferred to the Secretary under this title, the Secretary shall conduct an auction to sell such assets and obligations to non-Federal entities.

(b) REMAINING ASSETS AND OBLIGATIONS.—The Secretary shall service any assets and obligations not sold pursuant to subsection (a) until such assets and obligations reach maturity.

(c) DEPOSIT IN GENERAL FUND.—The proceeds of the auction required by subsection (a) shall be deposited in the general fund of the Treasury and used for the purpose of deficit reduction.

SEC. ____ 04. AUTHORITY AND RESPONSIBILITY OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

The Secretary shall—

(1) be responsible for the implementation of this title; and

(2) have the authority to carry out any tasks necessary to provide for the transfer of any assets or obligations under section ____ 01 or the auction required by section ____ 03.

SEC. ____ 05. PERSONNEL.

Effective on the abolishment date, there are transferred to the Department of the Treasury all individuals, other than members of the Board of Directors of the Bank, who—

(1) immediately before the abolishment date, were officers or employees of the Bank; and

(2) in their capacity as such an officer or employee, performed functions that are transferred to the Secretary under section ____ 01.

SEC. ____ 06. TRANSFER OF INSPECTOR GENERAL DUTIES.

(a) TERMINATION OF THE OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL FOR THE EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF THE UNITED STATES.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Office of Inspector General for the Bank shall terminate on the abolishment date, and the assets and obligations of the Office shall be transferred to the Office of the Inspector General for the Department of the Treasury or otherwise disposed of.

(b) **AUTHORITY AND RESPONSIBILITY FOR TRANSFER OR DISPOSAL.**—The Secretary shall have the authority and responsibility for transfer or disposal under subsection (a).

(c) **SAVINGS PROVISION.**—The provisions of this section shall not affect the performance of any pending audit, investigation, inspection, or report by the Office of the Inspector General for the Bank as of the abolishment date, with respect to functions transferred by this section. Nothing in this subsection shall be deemed to prohibit the discontinuance or modification of any performance under the same terms and conditions and to the same extent that such performance could have been discontinued or modified if this section had not been enacted.

SEC. 07. EXERCISE OF AUTHORITIES.

Except as otherwise provided by law, the Secretary may, for purposes of performing a function transferred by this title, exercise all authorities under any other provision of law that were available with respect to the performance of that function to the Bank on the day before the effective date of the transfer of the function under this title.

SEC. 08. AVAILABILITY OF EXISTING FUNDS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Existing appropriations and funds available for the performance of functions, programs, and activities terminated pursuant to this title shall remain available, for the duration of their period of availability, for necessary expenses in connection with the termination and resolution of such functions, programs, and activities.

(b) **DEPOSIT IN GENERAL FUND.**—Any appropriations or other funds described in subsection (a) not used for necessary expenses in connection with the termination and resolution of functions, programs, and activities under this title shall be deposited in the general fund of the Treasury and used for the purpose of deficit reduction.

SEC. 09. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS AND REPEALS.

(a) **REPEAL OF PRIMARY AUTHORIZING STATUTE.**—The Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635 et seq.) is repealed.

(b) **ELIMINATION OF RELATED AUTHORIZING PROVISIONS.**—

(1) Section 103 of the International Development and Finance Act of 1989 (Public Law 101–240; 12 U.S.C. 635 note) is repealed.

(2) Section 303 of the Support for East European Democracy (SEED) Act of 1989 (Public Law 101–179; 12 U.S.C. 635 note) is repealed.

(3) Section 1908 of the Export-Import Bank Act Amendments of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 635a–1) is amended—

(A) by striking “(a)”; and

(B) by striking subsection (b).

(4) Sections 1911 and 1912 of the Export-Import Bank Act Amendments of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 635a–2 and 635a–3) are repealed.

(5) Section 206 of the Bank Export Services Act (12 U.S.C. 635a–4) is repealed.

(6) Sections 1 through 5 of Public Law 90–390 (12 U.S.C. 635j through 635n) are repealed.

(7) Sections 641 through 647 of the Trade and Development Enhancement Act of 1983 (12 U.S.C. 635o note and 12 U.S.C. 536o through 635t) are repealed.

(8) Section 534 of the Foreign Operations, Export Financing, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1990 (Public Law 101–167; 12 U.S.C. 635g note) is amended by striking subsection (d).

(9) Section 3302 of the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (Public Law 100–418; 12 U.S.C. 635i–3 note) is amended by striking subsection (a).

(10) Section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking paragraph (34) and redesignating the succeeding paragraphs of such section as paragraphs (34) through (38), respectively.

(11) Section 9101(3) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking subparagraph (C).

(c) **ELIMINATION OF RELATED COMPENSATION PROVISIONS.**—

(1) **POSITION AT LEVEL III.**—Section 5314 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking the following item:

“President of the Export-Import Bank of Washington.”.

(2) **POSITIONS AT LEVEL IV.**—Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(A) by striking the following item:

“First Vice President of the Export-Import Bank of Washington.”; and

(B) by striking the following item:

“Members, Board of Directors of the Export-Import Bank of Washington.”.

(d) **ELIMINATION OF OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL FOR THE BANK.**—Section 12 of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “the President of the Export-Import Bank”; and

(2) in paragraph (2), by striking “the Export-Import Bank”.

(e) **EFFECTIVE DATE.**—The repeals and amendments made by this section shall take effect on the abolishment date.

(f) **REPORT TO THE CONGRESS ON OTHER AMENDMENTS TO FEDERAL STATUTE.**—The Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate a written report that contains suggestions for such other amendments to Federal statutes as may be necessary or appropriate as a result of this title.

SEC. 10. REFERENCES.

Any reference in any other Federal law, Executive order, rule, regulation, or delegation of authority, or any document of or pertaining to Bank shall be deemed to be a reference to the Secretary.

SA 2296. Mr. THUNE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2266 submitted by Mr. MCCONNELL and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title V of division A, add the following:

SEC. 15. LIMITATION ON WITHHOLDING OF APPORTIONMENTS FOR NON-COMPLIANCE WITH AIR QUALITY STANDARDS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Chapter 1 of title 23, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 159 the following:

“§ 160. Noncompliance with air quality standards

“The Secretary may withhold amounts required to be apportioned under section 104(b) or any other provision of this title or title 49 for Federal-aid highway projects for a fiscal year from a State that contains an area that has not attained an applicable national primary or secondary ambient air quality standard under the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) (including regulations promulgated pursuant to that Act) only if—

“(1) the rule establishing the standard has been finalized and implemented before the date of enactment of the DRIVE Act; or

“(2) in a case in which the rule establishing the standard is finalized and implemented on or after the date of enactment of the DRIVE Act, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency includes in each regulatory impact analysis regarding the proposed and final rule at least 1 analysis that does not include—

“(A) any other proposed rule;

“(B) any other rule that, as of the date of the analysis—

“(i) has been finalized by the Administrator; but

“(ii) has not been implemented; and

“(C) any calculation of benefits resulting from reducing emissions of any other criteria pollutant.”.

(b) **CONFORMING AMENDMENT.**—The analysis for title 23, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 159 the following:

“160. Noncompliance with air quality standards.”.

SA 2297. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. . REPEAL OF THE PATIENT PROTECTION AND AFFORDABLE CARE ACT AND THE HEALTH CARE AND EDUCATION RECONCILIATION ACT OF 2010.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—

(1) **PATIENT PROTECTION AND AFFORDABLE CARE ACT.**—Effective on the date that is 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111–148) is repealed and the provisions of law amended or repealed by such Act are restored or revived as if such Act had not been enacted.

(2) **HEALTH CARE AND EDUCATION RECONCILIATION ACT OF 2010.**—Effective on the date that is 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (Public Law 111–152) is repealed and the provisions of law amended or repealed by such Act are restored or revived as if such Act had not been enacted.

(b) **BUDGETARY EFFECTS OF THIS SECTION.**—The budgetary effects of this section, for the purpose of complying with the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010, shall be determined by reference to the latest statement titled “Budgetary Effects of PAYGO Legislation” for this section, submitted for printing in the Congressional Record by the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the House of Representatives, as long as such statement has been submitted prior to the vote on passage of this section.

SA 2298. Mr. CRUZ (for himself, Mr. RUBIO, and Mr. VITTER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which

was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE FOR CERTAIN CONGRESSIONAL MEMBERS AND MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 1312(d)(3)(D) of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C. 18032(d)(3)(D)), Members of Congress, the President, Vice President, and all other political appointees shall purchase health insurance coverage through a health exchange established under such Act and shall receive no Federal subsidy or contribution to the costs of such coverage that is not also otherwise available to individuals at a similar income level.

(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) MEMBER OF CONGRESS.—The term “Member of Congress” shall have the meaning given such term in section 1312(d)(3)(D)(ii)(I) of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (42 U.S.C. 18032(d)(3)(D)(ii)(I)).

(2) POLITICAL APPOINTEE.—The term “political appointee” means any individual who—

(A) is employed in a position described under sections 5312 through 5316 of title 5, United States Code, (relating to the Executive Schedule);

(B) is a limited term appointee, limited emergency appointee, or noncareer appointee in the Senior Executive Service, as defined under paragraphs (5), (6), and (7), respectively, of section 3132(a) of title 5, United States Code;

(C) is employed in a position in the executive branch of the Government of a confidential or policy-determining character under schedule C of subpart C of part 213 of title 5 of the Code of Federal Regulations; or

(D) is employed in or under the Executive Office of the President in a position that is excluded from the competitive service by reason of its confidential, policy-determining, policy-making, or policy-advocating character.

SA 2299. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . CONDITION ON RECEIPT OF FEDERAL FUNDS.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no Federal funds shall be made available to any entity unless the entity certifies that, during the period beginning on the date of receipt of such funds and ending on the date such funds are exhausted, the entity will not perform, and will not provide any funds to any other entity that performs, an abortion unless in reasonable medical judgment, the abortion is necessary to save the life of a pregnant woman whose life is endangered by a physical disorder, physical illness, or physical injury, including a life-endangering physical condition caused by or arising from the pregnancy itself, but not including psychological or emotional conditions.

SA 2300. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by

him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . PROHIBITION ON FEDERAL FUNDING OF CERTAIN ENTITIES.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no Federal funds shall be made available to any entity that—

(1) is the target of an investigation by an agency of the Federal government; and

(2) performs, or provides any funds to any other entity that performs, an abortion unless in the reasonable medical judgment of the physician involved, the abortion is necessary to save the life of a pregnant woman whose life is endangered by a physical disorder, physical illness, or physical injury, including a life-endangering condition caused by or arising from the pregnancy itself, but not including psychological or emotional conditions.

SA 2301. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . PROHIBITION ON SANCTIONS RELIEF FOR IRAN.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the President may not waive, suspend, reduce, provide relief from, or otherwise limit the application of statutory sanctions with respect to Iran under any provision of law or refrain from applying any such sanctions pursuant to an agreement with Iran relating to Iran's nuclear program until—

(1) the Government of Iran has recognized Israel's right to exist; and

(2) the Government of Iran has released all American prisoners of conscience who are being unjustly held in Iranian jails, including Saeed Abedini, Amir Hekmati, and Jason Rezaian, and located and returned Robert Levinson.

SA 2302. Mr. ROBERTS (for himself, Mr. ALEXANDER, Mr. BURR, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. COTTON, Mr. GARDNER, Mr. RISCH, Mr. SASSE, Mr. TILLIS, Mr. BOOZMAN, and Mr. PERDUE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . REPEAL OF COUNTRY OF ORIGIN LABELING REQUIREMENTS FOR BEEF, PORK, AND CHICKEN.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—Section 281 of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1638) is amended—

(1) by striking paragraphs (1) and (7);

(2) by redesignating paragraphs (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (8), and (9) as paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), and (7), respectively; and

(3) in paragraph (1)(A) (as so redesignated)—

(A) by striking clause (i) and inserting the following new clause:

“(i) muscle cuts of lamb and venison;”;

(B) by striking clause (ii) and inserting the following new clause:

“(ii) ground lamb and ground venison;”;

(C) by striking clause (viii); and

(D) by redesignating clauses (ix), (x), and (xi) as clauses (viii), (ix), and (x), respectively.

(b) NOTICE OF COUNTRY OF ORIGIN.—Section 282 of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1638a) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(2)—

(A) in the heading, by striking “BEEF, LAMB, PORK, CHICKEN,” and inserting “LAMB;”;

(B) by striking “beef, lamb, pork, chicken,” and inserting “lamb,” each place it appears in subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), and (D); and

(C) in subparagraph (E)—

(i) in the heading, by striking “GROUND BEEF, PORK, LAMB, CHICKEN,” and inserting “GROUND LAMB;”;

(ii) by striking “ground beef, ground pork, ground lamb, ground chicken,” each place it appears and inserting “ground lamb;”;

(2) in subsection (f)(2)—

(A) by striking subparagraphs (B) and (C); and

(B) by redesignating subparagraphs (D) and (E) as subparagraphs (B) and (C), respectively.

SA 2303. Mr. BARRASSO (for himself and Mr. CRAPO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2266 submitted by Mr. MCCONNELL and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

In section 11001(b)(1) (relating to research, technology, and education authorizations of appropriations)—

(1) in subparagraph (A) (relating to the highway research and development program), reduce the amounts made available for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2021 by \$15,000,000; and

(2) in subparagraph (D) (relating to the intelligent transportation systems program), reduce the amounts made available for—

(A) each of fiscal years 2016 through 2020 by \$5,000,000; and

(B) fiscal year 2021 by \$4,315,400.

In subsection (b)(2) of section 11009 (relating to flexibility for certain rural road and bridge projects), strike “section 1316(b) of MAP-21” and insert “section 1316(a) of MAP-21 (as amended by section 11304)”.

At the end of title I, add the following:

Subtitle D—Tribal Infrastructure and Roads Enhancement and Safety

SEC. 11301. SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the “Tribal Infrastructure and Roads Enhancement and Safety Act” or “TIRES Act”.

SEC. 11302. DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle:

(1) **INDIAN RESERVATION.**—The term “Indian reservation” has the meaning given the term “reservation” in section 3 of the Indian Financing Act of 1974 (25 U.S.C. 1452).

(2) **SECRETARY.**—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Interior.

SEC. 11303. APPLICATION OF CATEGORICAL EXCLUSIONS TO CERTAIN TRIBAL TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES.

(a) **CATEGORICAL EXCLUSIONS.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Effective on the date of enactment of this Act, a highway project, including projects administered by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, located on a road eligible for assistance under section 202 of title 23, United States Code, is deemed to be an action categorically excluded from the requirements relating to environmental assessments or environmental impact statements under section 1508.4 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (as in effect on the date of enactment of this Act), if the project—

(A) qualifies for categorical exclusion under—

(i) MAP-21 (Public Law 112-141; 126 Stat. 405) or an amendment made by that Act; or

(ii) section 771.117 of title 23, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor regulations); or

(B) would meet those requirements if the project sponsor were a State agency.

(2) **MAP-21 CATEGORICAL EXCLUSIONS TO CERTAIN TRIBAL TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES.**—Section 1317 of MAP-21 (23 U.S.C. 109 note; 126 Stat. 550) (as amended by section 11101 (relating to categorical exclusions for projects of limited Federal assistance)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(c) **APPLICATION OF CATEGORICAL EXCLUSIONS TO CERTAIN TRIBAL TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES.**—With respect to a project described in subsection (a) that is located on a road eligible for assistance under section 202 of title 23, United States Code, for the first full fiscal year after the date of enactment of the TIRES Act, and each fiscal year thereafter, the amount referred to in subsection (a)(1)(A) shall be adjusted to reflect changes for the 12-month period ending the preceding November 30 in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor.”.

(b) **ADMINISTRATION.**—The Secretary may issue guidance or rules for the administration of this section.

(c) **EFFECTIVE DATE.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The categorical exclusions described in subsection (a), and the amendments made by subsection (a), take effect on the date of enactment of this Act.

(2) **FAILURE OF SECRETARY TO ACT.**—The failure of the Secretary to promulgate any final regulations or guidance shall not affect the qualification for the categorical exclusions described in subsection (a).

SEC. 11304. STREAMLINING FOR TRIBAL PUBLIC SAFETY PROJECTS WITHIN EXISTING OPERATIONAL RIGHTS-OF-WAY.

Section 1316 of MAP-21 (23 U.S.C. 109 note; 126 Stat. 549) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)—

(A) by striking “(b) DEFINITION OF AN OPERATIONAL RIGHT-OF-WAY.—In this section, the” and inserting the following:

“(b) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

“(1) **OPERATIONAL RIGHT-OF-WAY.**—

“(A) **IN GENERAL.**—The”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

“(B) **INCLUSION.**—For purposes of subparagraph (A), if a real property interest on an Indian reservation has not been formally designated an operational right-of-way, an Indian tribe may determine the scope and boundaries of that real property interest as an operational right-of-way, subject to the approval of the Bureau of Indian Affairs and the Secretary.

“(2) **TRIBAL PUBLIC SAFETY PROJECT.**—

“(A) **IN GENERAL.**—The term ‘tribal public safety project’ means a project subject to this section that—

“(i) corrects or improves a hazardous road location or feature; or

“(ii) addresses a highway safety problem.

“(B) **INCLUSIONS.**—The term ‘tribal public safety project’ includes a project for 1 or more of the following:

“(i) An intersection safety improvement.

“(ii) Pavement and shoulder widening, including addition of a passing lane to remedy an unsafe condition.

“(iii) Installation of a rumble strip or other warning device, if the rumble strip or other warning device does not adversely affect the safety or mobility of bicyclists, pedestrians, or the disabled.

“(iv) Installation of a skid-resistant surface at an intersection or other location with a high frequency of accidents.

“(v) An improvement for pedestrian or bicyclist safety or safety of the disabled.

“(vi) Construction of any project for the elimination of hazards at a railway-highway crossing that is eligible for funding under section 130 of title 23, United States Code, including the separation or protection of grades at railway-highway crossings.

“(vii) Construction of a railway-highway crossing safety feature, including installation of protective devices.

“(viii) The conduct of a model traffic enforcement activity at a railway-highway crossing.

“(ix) Construction of a traffic calming feature.

“(x) Elimination of a roadside obstacle.

“(xi) Improvement of highway signage and pavement markings.

“(xii) Installation of a priority control system for emergency vehicles at signalized intersections.

“(xiii) Installation of a traffic control or other warning device at a location with high accident potential.

“(xiv) Safety-conscious planning.

“(xv) Improvements in the collection and analysis of crash data.

“(xvi) Planning integrated interoperable emergency communications equipment, operational activities, or traffic enforcement activities, including police assistance, relating to workzone safety.

“(xvii) Installation of guardrails, barriers, including barriers between construction work zones and traffic lanes for the safety of motorists and workers, and crash attenuators.

“(xviii) The addition or retrofitting of structures or other measures to eliminate or reduce accidents involving vehicles and wildlife.

“(xix) Installation and maintenance of signs, including fluorescent, yellow-green signs, at pedestrian-bicycle crossings and in school zones.

“(xx) Construction and yellow-green signs at pedestrian-bicycle crossings and in school zones.

“(xxi) Construction and operational improvements on high-risk rural roads.

“(xxii) Any other project that the Secretary determines qualifies.”;

(2) by redesignating subsections (a) and (b) as subsections (b) and (a), respectively, and moving the subsections so as to appear in alphabetical order;

(3) in subsection (b) (as so redesignated), in the subsection heading, by striking “IN GENERAL” and inserting “DESIGNATION”; and

(4) by adding at the end the following:

“(c) **PROJECTS WITHIN EXISTING OPERATIONAL RIGHTS-OF-WAY.**—

“(1) **APPLICABILITY.**—This subsection applies to a project within an existing operational right-of-way on an Indian reservation (as defined in section 3 of the Indian Financing Act of 1974 (25 U.S.C. 1452)) that is—

“(A) for a maintenance or preservation activity, whether or not federally funded, within the existing operational right-of-way, including for roadside ditches; or

“(B) a project that—

“(i) is a tribal public safety project or a project that the tribal department of transportation or the equivalent (or in the case of an Indian tribe without a tribal department of transportation or equivalent, an official representing the Indian tribe) certifies to the Secretary as providing a safety benefit to the public; and

“(ii) is an action that—

“(I) is categorically excluded under section 771.117 of title 23, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor regulations); or

“(II) would be categorically excluded under section 771.117 of title 23, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor regulations), if the applicant were a State agency.

“(2) **FINAL ACTION.**—Except as provided in paragraph (3), a Federal agency shall take final action on an application by an Indian tribe for a permit, approval, or jurisdictional determination for a project described in paragraph (1) not later than 45 days after the date of receipt of the application.

“(3) **EXTENSIONS.**—A Federal agency may extend the period to take final action on an application by an Indian tribe under paragraph (2) by an additional 30 days by providing to the Secretary and the Indian tribe notice of the extension, including a statement of the need for the extension.

“(4) **CONSTRUCTIVE APPROVAL.**—If a Federal agency does not take final action on an application by an Indian tribe under paragraphs (2) and (3)—

“(A) the permit or approval for the project described in paragraph (1) shall be considered approved; and

“(B) the Indian tribe shall notify the Secretary of approval under this paragraph.

“(5) **REPORT.**—Not later than 4 years after the date of enactment of the ‘TIRES Act’, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report that describes the operation of this subsection, including any recommendations.”.

SEC. 11305. OPTION OF ASSUMING NEPA APPROVAL AUTHORITY.

(a) **DEFINITION OF SECRETARY.**—In this section, the term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Interior or the Secretary of Transportation, as applicable.

(b) **ASSUMPTION OF FEDERAL RESPONSIBILITIES.**—An Indian tribe participating in tribal self-governance or a contract or agreement under subsection (a)(2) or (b)(7) of section 202 of title 23, United States Code, and carrying out construction projects on the Indian reservation over which the Indian tribe has jurisdiction, may elect to assume all Federal responsibilities under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), division A of subtitle III of title 54, United States Code, and other applicable Federal law that would apply if the Secretary were to undertake a construction project if the Indian tribe—

(1) designates an officer—

(A) to represent the Indian tribe; and

(B) to assume the status of a responsible Federal official under those laws; and

(2) accepts the jurisdiction of the Federal court for the purpose of enforcement of the

responsibilities of the responsible Federal official under those laws.

SEC. 11306. TRIBAL GOVERNMENT TRANSPORTATION SAFETY DATA REPORT.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—

(1) in many States, the Native American population is disproportionately represented in fatalities and crash statistics;

(2) improved crash reporting by tribal law enforcement agencies would facilitate safety planning and would enable Indian tribes to apply more successfully for State and Federal funds for safety improvements;

(3) the causes of underreporting of crashes on Indian reservations include—

(A) tribal law enforcement capacity, including—

(i) staffing shortages and turnover; and

(ii) lack of equipment, software, and training; and

(B) lack of standardization in crash reporting forms and protocols; and

(4) without more accurate reporting of crashes on Indian reservations and rural roads located in or around Alaska Native villages and within the boundaries of Regional Corporations (within the meaning of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.)), it is difficult or impossible to fully understand the nature of the problem and develop appropriate countermeasures, which may include effective transportation safety planning and programs aimed at—

(A) DUI prevention;

(B) pedestrian safety;

(C) roadway safety improvements;

(D) seat belt usage; and

(E) proper use of child restraints.

(b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, after consultation with the Secretary of Transportation, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the Attorney General, and Indian tribes, shall submit to the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives a report describing the quality of transportation safety data collected by States and counties for transportation safety systems and the relevance of that data to improving the collection and sharing of data on crashes on or near—

(A) Indian reservations; or

(B) rural roads located in or around Alaska Native villages and within the boundaries of Regional Corporations (within the meaning of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.)).

(2) PURPOSES.—The purposes of the report described in paragraph (1) are—

(A) to improve the collection and sharing of data on crashes on or near Indian reservations; and

(B) to develop data that Indian tribes can use to recover damages to tribal property caused by motorists.

(3) PAPERLESS DATA REPORTING.—In preparing the report under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall provide Indian tribes with options and best practices for transition to a paperless transportation safety data reporting system that—

(A) improves the collection of crash reports;

(B) stores, archives, queries, and shares crash records; and

(C) uses data exclusively—

(i) to address traffic safety issues on—

(I) Indian reservations; and

(II) rural roads located in or around Alaska Native villages and within the boundaries of Regional Corporations (within the meaning of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.)); and

(ii) to identify and improve problem areas on—

(I) public roads on Indian reservations; and

(II) rural roads located in or around Alaska Native villages and within the boundaries of Regional Corporations (within the meaning of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.)).

(4) ADDITIONAL BUDGETARY RESOURCES.—The Secretary shall include in the report under paragraph (1) the identification of Federal transportation funds provided to Indian tribes by agencies in addition to the Department of the Interior.

SEC. 11307. BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS ROAD SAFETY STUDY.

Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, acting through the Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs, in consultation with the Secretary of Transportation, the Attorney General, and States, shall—

(1) complete a study that identifies and evaluates options for improving safety on—

(A) public roads on or near Indian reservations; and

(B) rural roads located in or around Alaska Native villages and within the boundaries of Regional Corporations (within the meaning of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.)); and

(2) submit to the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives a report describing the results of the study.

SEC. 11308. TRIBAL TRANSPORTATION FUNDING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1101(a)(3) of MAP-21 (Public Law 112-141; 126 Stat. 414) is amended—

(1) by striking subparagraph (A) and inserting the following:

“(A) TRIBAL TRANSPORTATION PROGRAM.—For the tribal transportation program under section 202 of title 23, United States Code (other than subsection (d) of that section), there are authorized to be appropriated—

“(i) \$468,180,000 for fiscal year 2016;

“(ii) \$477,540,000 for fiscal year 2017;

“(iii) \$487,090,000 for fiscal year 2018;

“(iv) \$496,830,000 for fiscal year 2019;

“(v) \$506,770,000 for fiscal year 2020; and

“(vi) \$516,905,400 for fiscal year 2021.”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(D) TRIBAL TRANSPORTATION FACILITY BRIDGE PROGRAM.—For the tribal transportation facility bridge program under section 202(d) of title 23, United States Code, there are authorized to be appropriated—

“(i) \$16,000,000 for fiscal year 2016;

“(ii) \$18,000,000 for fiscal year 2017;

“(iii) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2018;

“(iv) \$22,000,000 for fiscal year 2019;

“(v) \$24,000,000 for fiscal year 2020; and

“(vi) \$26,000,000 for fiscal year 2021.”.

(3) TRIBAL TRANSPORTATION FACILITY BRIDGE PROGRAM.—Section 202(d) of title 23, United States Code (as amended by sections 11023(c)(2) (relating to asset management) and 11024(2) (relating to a tribal transportation program amendment)), is amended by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:

“(2) TRIBAL TRANSPORTATION FACILITY BRIDGE PROGRAM.—The Secretary shall use funds made available to carry out this subsection—

“(A) to carry out any planning, design, engineering, preconstruction, construction, and inspection of new or replacement tribal transportation facility bridges;

“(B) to replace, rehabilitate, seismically retrofit, paint, apply calcium magnesium acetate, sodium acetate/formate, or other environmentally acceptable, minimally corrosive anti-icing and deicing composition; or

“(C) to implement any countermeasure for deficient tribal transportation facility bridges, including multiple-pipe culverts.”.

In section 34101(6) (relating to authorization of appropriations for administrative expenses), reduce the amounts made available for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2020 by \$10,000,000.

SA 2304. Mr. FLAKE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ NATIONAL AMBIENT AIR QUALITY STANDARDS.

Section 109(d) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7409(d)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) in the first sentence, by striking “(d)(1) Not later than December 31, 1980, and at five-year intervals” and inserting the following:

“(d) REVIEW AND REVISION OF CRITERIA AND STANDARDS; INDEPENDENT SCIENTIFIC REVIEW COMMITTEE; APPOINTMENT; ADVISORY FUNCTIONS.—

“(1) REVIEW AND REVISION OF CRITERIA AND STANDARDS.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (C), not later than December 31, 1980, and at 10-year intervals”;

(B) in the second sentence, by striking “The Administrator” and inserting the following:

“(B) EARLY AND FREQUENT REVIEW AND REVISION.—Except with respect to any national ambient air quality standard promulgated under this section for ozone concentrations, the Administrator”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(C) NATIONAL AMBIENT AIR QUALITY STANDARDS FOR OZONE CONCENTRATIONS.—Not earlier than February 1, 2018, but not later than December 31, 2018, and at 10-year intervals thereafter, the Administrator shall, with respect to national ambient air quality standards for ozone concentrations—

“(i) complete a thorough review of any standard promulgated under this section; and

“(ii) make revisions to the standards described in clause (i) and promulgate new standards as may be appropriate in accordance with section 108 and subsection (b).”; and

(2) in paragraph (2)(B)—

(A) by striking “(B) Not later than January 1, 1980, and at five-year intervals” and inserting the following:

“(B) REVIEW.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in clause (ii), not later than January 1, 1980, and at 10-year intervals”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

“(ii) NATIONAL AMBIENT AIR QUALITY STANDARDS FOR OZONE CONCENTRATIONS.—Not earlier than February 1, 2018, and at 10-year intervals thereafter, the committee referred to in subparagraph (A) shall, with respect to national ambient air quality standards for ozone concentrations—

“(I) complete a review of any standard promulgated under this section; and

“(II) recommend to the Administrator any new standard and any revision to the standards described in subclause (I) as may be appropriate under section 108 and subsection (b).”.

SA 2305. Mr. FLAKE (for himself and Mr. ALEXANDER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . AGREEMENT TO KEEP PUBLIC LAND OPEN DURING A GOVERNMENT SHUTDOWN.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) COVERED UNIT.—The term “covered unit” means—

- (A) public land;
- (B) units of the National Park System;
- (C) units of the National Wildlife Refuge System; or
- (D) units of the National Forest System.

(2) PUBLIC LAND.—The term “public land” has the meaning given the term “public lands” in section 103 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1702).

(3) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means—

(A) the Secretary of the Interior, with respect to land under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Interior; or

(B) the Secretary of Agriculture, with respect to land under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Agriculture.

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF AGREEMENT.—Subject to subsection (c), if a State or political subdivision of the State offers, the Secretary shall enter into an agreement with the State or political subdivision of the State under which the United States may accept funds from the State or political subdivision of the State to reopen, in whole or in part, any covered unit within the State or political subdivision of the State during any period in which there is a lapse in appropriations for the covered unit.

(c) APPLICABILITY.—The authority under subsection (b) shall only be in effect during any period in which the Secretary is unable to operate and manage covered units at normal levels, as determined in accordance with the terms of agreement entered into under subsection (b).

(d) REFUND.—The Secretary shall refund to the State or political subdivision of the State all amounts provided to the United States under an agreement entered into under subsection (b)—

(1) on the date of enactment of an Act retroactively appropriating amounts sufficient to maintain normal operating levels at the covered unit reopened under an agreement entered into under subsection (b); or

(2) on the date on which the State or political subdivision establishes, in accordance with the terms of the agreement, that, during the period in which the agreement was in effect, fees for entrance to, or use of, the covered units were collected by the Secretary.

(e) VOLUNTARY REIMBURSEMENT.—If the requirements for a refund under subsection (d) are not met, the Secretary may, subject to the availability of appropriations, reimburse the State and political subdivision of the State for any amounts provided to the United States by the State or political subdivision under an agreement entered into under subsection (b).

SA 2306. Mr. FLAKE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by

him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . UNUSED EARMARKS.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the “Jurassic Pork Act”.

(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

(1) the term “agency” has the meaning given the term “Executive agency” under section 105 of title 5, United States Code;

(2) the term “earmark” means—

(A) a congressionally directed spending item, as defined in rule XLIV of the Standing Rules of the Senate; and

(B) a congressional earmark, as defined in rule XXI of the Rules of the House of Representatives; and

(3) the term “unused DOT earmark” means an earmark of funds provided for the Department of Transportation as to which more than 90 percent of the dollar amount of the earmark of funds remains available for obligation at the end of the 9th fiscal year following the fiscal year during which the earmark was made available.

(c) RESCISSION OF UNUSED DOT EARMARKS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), effective on October 1 of the 10th fiscal year after funds under an unused DOT earmark are made available, all unobligated amounts made available under the unused DOT earmark are rescinded and shall be transferred to the Highway Trust Fund.

(2) EXCEPTION.—The Secretary of Transportation may delay the rescission of amounts made available under an unused DOT earmark for 1 year if the Secretary determines that an additional obligation of amounts from the earmark is likely to occur during the 10th fiscal year after funds under the unused DOT earmark are made available.

(d) AGENCY-WIDE IDENTIFICATION AND REPORT.—

(1) AGENCY IDENTIFICATION.—Each agency shall identify and submit to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget an annual report—

(A) that identifies each earmark for a project of the agency that is ineligible for funding; and

(B) that discusses each project of the agency for which—

(i) amounts are made available under an earmark; and

(ii) as of the end of a fiscal year, unobligated balances remain available.

(2) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall submit to Congress and publically post on the website of the Office of Management and Budget an annual report regarding earmarks (including any earmark that is ineligible for funding) that includes—

(A) a listing and accounting for earmarks for which unobligated balances remain available, summarized by agency, which shall include, for each earmark—

(i) the amount of funds made available under the original earmark;

(ii) the amount of the unobligated balances that remain available;

(iii) the fiscal year through which the funds are made available, if applicable; and

(iv) recommendations and justifications for whether the earmark should be rescinded or retained in the next fiscal year;

(B) the number of rescissions resulting from this section and the annual savings resulting from this section for the previous fiscal year; and

(C) a listing and accounting for earmarks provided for the Department of Transportation scheduled to be rescinded under subsection (c) at the end of the fiscal year during which the report is submitted.

SA 2307. Mr. FLAKE (for himself and Mr. VITTER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . USE OF PROJECT LABOR AGREEMENTS IN CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.

(a) CIVILIAN CONTRACTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Division C of subtitle I of title 41, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 4713. Prohibition on awarding of construction contracts based on awardees entering into agreements with labor organizations

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The head of an executive agency may not in any solicitation, bid specification, project agreement, or other controlling document—

“(1) require or prohibit bidders, offerors, contractors, or subcontractors to enter into or adhere to agreements with one or more labor organizations; or

“(2) discriminate against or give preference to bidders, offerors, contractors, or subcontractors based on their entering or refusing to enter into such an agreement.

“(b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall prohibit a contractor or subcontractor from voluntarily entering into such an agreement, as is protected by the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 151 et seq.).”

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for division C of subtitle I of title 41, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 4712 the following new item:

“4713. Prohibition on awarding of construction contracts based on awardees entering into agreements with labor organizations.”

(b) DEFENSE CONTRACTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 137 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 2338. Prohibition on awarding of construction contracts based on awardees entering into agreements with labor organizations

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The head of an agency may not in any solicitation, bid specification, project agreement, or other controlling document—

“(1) require or prohibit bidders, offerors, contractors, or subcontractors to enter into or adhere to agreements with one or more labor organizations; or

“(2) discriminate against or give preference to bidders, offerors, contractors, or subcontractors based on their entering or refusing to enter into such an agreement.

“(b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall prohibit a contractor or subcontractor from voluntarily entering into such an agreement, as is protected by the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 151 et seq.).”

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for chapter 137 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2337 the following new item:

“2338. Prohibition on awarding of construction contracts based on award-ees entering into agreements with labor organizations.”.

(c) APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS.—The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall not apply to construction contracts awarded before the date of the enactment of this Act.

SA 2308. Mr. FLAKE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2266 submitted by Mr. MCCONNELL and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 888, strike lines 7 through 20 and insert the following:

“(i) reduction of long-term congestion, including impacts on a national, regional, and statewide basis;

“(ii) an increase in the speed, reliability, and accessibility of the movement of people or freight; or

“(iii) improvement of transportation safety, including reducing transportation accident and serious injuries and fatalities;

“(G) is justified based on the ability of the project to achieve generation of national economic benefits that reasonably exceed the costs of the project; and

“(H) is supported by a sufficient amount

SA 2309. Mr. FLAKE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2266 submitted by Mr. MCCONNELL and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike paragraph (1) of section 15002(b) (relating to authorization of appropriations for the Appalachian regional development program) and insert the following:

(1) by striking paragraph (5) of subsection (a) and inserting the following:

“(5) \$90,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2021.”;

SA 2310. Mr. FLAKE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2266 submitted by Mr. MCCONNELL and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer man-

date applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of division H, add the following:
SEC. 800. ADJUSTMENT OF AUTHORIZATIONS TO MATCH FUNDING.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall determine the total amount of revenue generated by this Act and the amendments made by this Act and adjust, on a fiscal year basis, each extension or authorization of authority provided under this Act or an amendment made by this Act so that the total amount of revenue generated offsets the total revenue obligated.

SA 2311. Mr. FLAKE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. . PROHIBITION ON EARMARKS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—None of the funds appropriated under this Act or an amendment made by this Act may be used for an earmark.

(b) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term “earmark” means—

(1) a congressionally directed spending item, as defined in rule XLIV of the Standing Rules of the Senate; and

(2) a congressional earmark, as defined in rule XXI of the Rules of the House of Representatives.

SA 2312. Mr. FLAKE (for himself and Mr. MCCAIN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. . EXTENSION OF COMPLIANCE DEADLINE FOR CARBON DIOXIDE EMISSIONS RULE.

(a) DEFINITION OF COMPLIANCE DATE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—In this section, the term “compliance date” means the date by which any State, local, or tribal government or other person is required to comply with any requirement in a final rule that succeeds—

(A) the proposed rule entitled “Carbon Pollution Emission Guidelines for Existing Stationary Sources: Electric Utility Generating Units” (79 Fed. Reg. 34830 (June 18, 2014)); or

(B) the supplemental proposed rule entitled “Carbon Pollution Emission Guidelines for Existing Stationary Sources: EGUs in Indian Country and U.S. Territories; Multi-Jurisdictional Partnerships” (79 Fed. Reg. 65482 (November 4, 2014)).

(2) INCLUSION.—The term “compliance date” includes the date by which State plans

are required to be submitted to the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency under any final rule described in paragraph (1).

(b) EXTENSIONS.—If any person files a petition for review to challenge a final rule described in subsection (a)(1), each compliance date shall be extended by the time period equal to the period of days that—

(1) begins on the date that is 60 days after the date on which notice of promulgation of a final rule described in subsection (a)(1) appears in the Federal Register; and

(2) ends on the date that is 60 days after the date on which judgment becomes final, and no longer subject to further appeal or review, in all actions (including any action filed pursuant to section 307 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7607)) that—

(A) are filed during the time period described in paragraph (1); and

(B) seek review of any aspect of the rule.

SA 2313. Mr. MANCHIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2266 submitted by Mr. MCCONNELL and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

In section 52203, strike “\$1,000,000,000” and insert “\$15,000,000,000”.

SA 2314. Mrs. SHAHEEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2266 submitted by Mr. MCCONNELL and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title I, add the following:

SEC. 11. STRENGTHEN AND FORTIFY EXISTING BRIDGES.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) BRIDGE.—The term “bridge” means a bridge on a public road, without regard to whether the bridge is on a Federal-aid highway.

(2) ELIGIBLE BRIDGE.—The term “eligible bridge” means a bridge that is—

(A) structurally deficient;

(B) functionally obsolete; or

(C) fracture critical.

(3) FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAY.—The term “Federal-aid highway” has the meaning given the term in section 101(a) of title 23, United States Code.

(4) FRACTURE CRITICAL.—The term “fracture critical” means, with respect to a bridge, a bridge with a steel member in tension, or with a tension element, the failure of which would likely cause a portion of the bridge or the entire bridge to collapse.

(5) FUNCTIONALLY OBSOLETE.—The term “functionally obsolete” means, with respect to a bridge, a bridge that, as determined by

the Secretary, no longer meets the most current design standards for the traffic demands on the bridge.

(6) **PUBLIC ROAD.**—The term “public road” has the meaning given the term in section 101(a) of title 23, United States Code.

(7) **REHABILITATION.**—The term “rehabilitation” means, with respect to a bridge, the carrying out of major work necessary, as determined by the Secretary—

(A) to restore the structural integrity of the bridge; or

(B) to correct a major safety defect of the bridge.

(8) **REPLACEMENT.**—The term “replacement” means, with respect to a bridge, the construction of a new facility that, as determined by the Secretary, is in the same general traffic corridor as the replaced bridge.

(9) **STATE.**—The term “State” means—

(A) a State; and

(B) the District of Columbia.

(10) **STRUCTURALLY DEFICIENT.**—The term “structurally deficient” means, with respect to a bridge, a bridge that, as determined by the Secretary—

(A) has significant load-carrying elements that are in poor or worse condition due to deterioration, damage, or both;

(B) has a load capacity that is significantly below truckloads using the bridge and that requires replacement; or

(C) has a waterway opening causing frequent flooding of the bridge deck and approaches resulting in significant traffic interruptions.

(b) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—Not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish a program to assist States to rehabilitate or replace eligible bridges.

(c) **APPORTIONMENT OF FUNDS.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Amounts made available to carry out the program established under subsection (b) for a fiscal year shall be apportioned to each State according to the ratio that—

(A) the total cost to rehabilitate or replace structurally deficient and functionally obsolete bridges in that State; bears to

(B) the total cost to rehabilitate or replace structurally deficient and functionally obsolete bridges in all States.

(2) **CALCULATION OF TOTAL COST.**—

(A) **CATEGORIES OF BRIDGES.**—The Secretary shall place each structurally deficient or functionally obsolete bridge into 1 of the following categories:

(i) Federal-aid highway bridges eligible for rehabilitation.

(ii) Federal-aid highway bridges eligible for replacement.

(iii) Bridges not on Federal-aid highways eligible for rehabilitation.

(iv) Bridges not on Federal-aid highways eligible for replacement.

(B) **CALCULATION.**—For purposes of the calculation under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall multiply the deck area of structurally deficient and functionally obsolete bridges in each category described in subparagraph (A) by the respective unit price on a State-by-State basis, as determined by the Secretary, to determine the total cost to rehabilitate or replace bridges in each State.

(C) **DATA USED IN MAKING DETERMINATIONS.**—The Secretary shall make determinations under this subsection based on the latest available data, which shall be updated not less than annually.

(D) **USE OF EXISTING INVENTORIES.**—To the extent practicable, the Secretary shall make determinations under this subsection using inventories prepared under section 144 of title 23, United States Code.

(d) **USE OF FUNDS.**—Funds apportioned to a State under the program established under subsection (b) shall—

(1) be used by that State for the rehabilitation and replacement of eligible bridges;

(2) except as otherwise specified in this section, be administered as if apportioned under chapter 1 of title 23, United States Code, except that the funds shall not be transferable;

(3) be subject to the requirements described in section 1101(b) of MAP-21 (23 U.S.C. 101 note; 126 Stat. 414) in the same manner as amounts made available for programs under divisions A and B of that Act; and

(4) not be subject to any limitation on obligations for Federal-aid highways or highway safety construction programs set forth in any Act.

(e) **CONDITION AT PROJECT COMPLETION.**—A bridge that is rehabilitated or replaced under the program established under subsection (b) may not be structurally deficient, functionally obsolete, or fracture critical upon the completion of the rehabilitation or replacement.

(f) **FEDERAL SHARE.**—The Federal share of the cost of a project carried out with funds apportioned to a State under the program established under subsection (b) shall be 100 percent.

(g) **REAPPORTIONMENT OF UNOBLIGATED FUNDS.**—Any funds apportioned to a State under the program established under subsection (b) and not obligated by that State at the end of the third fiscal year beginning after the fiscal year during which the funds were apportioned shall be withdrawn from that State and reapportioned by the Secretary to States that have not had funds withdrawn under this subsection in accordance with the formula specified in subsection (b).

(h) **NONSUBSTITUTION.**—In carrying out the program established under subsection (b), the Secretary shall ensure that funding made available to a State under the program supplements, and does not supplant—

(1) other Federal funding made available for the rehabilitation or replacement of eligible bridges; and

(2) the planned obligations of that State with respect to eligible bridges.

(i) **REPORT.**—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and each year thereafter if States obligated funds apportioned under the program established under subsection (b) during that year, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate a report that describes the amounts obligated by each State for projects under the program.

(j) **AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**—There is authorized to be appropriated out of the Highway Trust Fund (other than the Mass Transit Account) to carry out this section (other than subsection (k)) \$2,000,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2018.

(k) **OFFSET.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 7701 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by redesignating subsection (p) as subsection (q) and by inserting after subsection (o) the following new subsection:

“(p) **CERTAIN CORPORATIONS MANAGED AND CONTROLLED IN THE UNITED STATES TREATED AS DOMESTIC FOR INCOME TAX.**—

“(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Notwithstanding subsection (a)(4), in the case of a corporation described in paragraph (2) if—

“(A) the corporation would not otherwise be treated as a domestic corporation for purposes of this title, but

“(B) the management and control of the corporation occurs, directly or indirectly, primarily within the United States,

then, solely for purposes of chapter 1 (and any other provision of this title relating to

chapter 1), the corporation shall be treated as a domestic corporation.

“(2) **CORPORATION DESCRIBED.**—

“(A) **IN GENERAL.**—A corporation is described in this paragraph if—

“(i) the stock of such corporation is regularly traded on an established securities market, or

“(ii) the aggregate gross assets of such corporation (or any predecessor thereof), including assets under management for investors, whether held directly or indirectly, at any time during the taxable year or any preceding taxable year is \$50,000,000 or more.

“(B) **GENERAL EXCEPTION.**—A corporation shall not be treated as described in this paragraph if—

“(i) such corporation was treated as a corporation described in this paragraph in a preceding taxable year,

“(ii) such corporation—

“(I) is not regularly traded on an established securities market, and

“(II) has, and is reasonably expected to continue to have, aggregate gross assets (including assets under management for investors, whether held directly or indirectly) of less than \$50,000,000, and

“(iii) the Secretary grants a waiver to such corporation under this subparagraph.

“(3) **MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL.**—

“(A) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary shall prescribe regulations for purposes of determining cases in which the management and control of a corporation is to be treated as occurring primarily within the United States.

“(B) **EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT.**—Such regulations shall provide that—

“(i) the management and control of a corporation shall be treated as occurring primarily within the United States if substantially all of the executive officers and senior management of the corporation who exercise day-to-day responsibility for making decisions involving strategic, financial, and operational policies of the corporation are located primarily within the United States, and

“(ii) individuals who are not executive officers and senior management of the corporation (including individuals who are officers or employees of other corporations in the same chain of corporations as the corporation) shall be treated as executive officers and senior management if such individuals exercise the day-to-day responsibilities of the corporation described in clause (i).

“(C) **CORPORATIONS PRIMARILY HOLDING INVESTMENT ASSETS.**—Such regulations shall also provide that the management and control of a corporation shall be treated as occurring primarily within the United States if—

“(i) the assets of such corporation (directly or indirectly) consist primarily of assets being managed on behalf of investors, and

“(ii) decisions about how to invest the assets are made in the United States.”.

(2) **REVENUES PLACED IN HIGHWAY TRUST FUND.**—Section 9503(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(7) **CERTAIN OTHER AMOUNTS.**—There are hereby appropriated to the Highway Trust Fund amounts equivalent to the revenues received in the Treasury which are attributable to the amendments made by section 11____(k)(1) of the DRIVE Act.”.

(3) **EFFECTIVE DATE.**—The amendments made by paragraph (1) shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after the date which is 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, whether or not regulations are issued under section 7701(p)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as added by this subsection.

SA 2315. Ms. STABENOW (for herself, Mr. BROWN, Mr. PETERS, Mr. REED, and Mr. MENENDEZ) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike section 52301.

SA 2316. Mr. TOOMEY (for himself and Mr. MERKLEY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . GRANTS TO STATES.

Chapter 311 of title 49, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in section 31101—

(A) by redesignating paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) as paragraphs (3), (4), and (5), respectively;

(B) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following:

“(2) ‘covered farm vehicle’ means a motor vehicle (including an articulated motor vehicle)—

“(A) that—

“(i) is registered or otherwise designated by the State for use in, or transportation activities related to, the operation of farms;

“(ii) is equipped with a special registration plate or other State-issued designation to allow for identification of the vehicle as a farm vehicle by law enforcement personnel;

“(iii) is traveling in the State of registration or designation or in another State;

“(iv) is operated by—

“(I) a farm owner or operator;

“(II) a ranch owner or operator; or

“(III) an employee or family member of an individual specified in subclause (I) or (II);

“(v) is transporting to or from a farm or ranch—

“(I) agricultural commodities;

“(II) livestock;

“(III) agricultural supplies; or

“(IV) machinery, including machinery being transported for the purpose of performance of agricultural production activity or for the purpose of servicing or repairing the item being transported;

“(vi) is not used in the operations of a for-hire motor carrier;

“(vii) has a gross vehicle weight rating or gross vehicle weight, whichever is greater, that is—

“(I) 26,001 pounds or less; or

“(II) greater than 26,001 pounds and is traveling within the State of registration or designation or within 150 air miles of the farm or ranch with respect to which the vehicle is being operated; and

“(viii) is not transporting materials that require a placard; or

“(B) that—

“(i) meets the requirements under subparagraph (A) (other than clause (vi) of such subparagraph);

“(ii) is operated pursuant to a crop share farm lease agreement;

“(iii) is owned by a tenant with respect to that agreement; and

“(iv) is transporting the landlord’s portion of the crops under that agreement.”; and

(2) in section 31102—

(A) in subsection (b)(2)(E), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon;

(B) by redesignating subsection (e) as subsection (f); and

(C) by inserting after subsection (d) the following:

“(e) **LIMITATION OF AUTHORITY; STATE STANDARDS FOR COVERED FARM VEHICLES AND DRIVERS.**—The Secretary may not terminate, reduce, limit, or otherwise interfere with the amount or timing of grants that a State is otherwise eligible to receive under this title or title 23 as a result of any minimum standard or exemption provided by the State for a covered farm vehicle or the driver of such vehicle that is less stringent than the requirements for commercial motor vehicles and drivers established under title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, including requirements pertaining to—

“(1) controlled substances and alcohol use and testing;

“(2) commercial driver’s licensing;

“(3) driver qualifications;

“(4) medical certifications;

“(5) driving and operating commercial vehicles;

“(6) parts and accessories for the safe operation of commercial vehicles;

“(7) the maximum hours of service of drivers;

“(8) vehicle inspection repair and maintenance;

“(9) employee safety and health standards; and

“(10) recordkeeping related to compliance with such standards.”.

SA 2317. Mr. TOOMEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title I, add the following:

SEC. 10 ____ . EMERGENCY EXEMPTIONS.

Any road, highway, railway, bridge, or transit facility that is damaged by an emergency that is declared by the Governor of the State and concurred in by the Secretary of Homeland Security or declared as an emergency by the President pursuant to the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.) and that is in operation or under construction on the date on which the emergency occurs—

(1) may be reconstructed in the same location with the same capacity, dimensions, and design as before the emergency; and

(2) shall be exempt from any environmental reviews, approvals, licensing, and permit requirements under—

(A) the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.);

(B) sections 402 and 404 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1342, 1344);

(C) division A of subtitle III of title 54, United States Code;

(D) the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (16 U.S.C. 703 et seq.);

(E) the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act (16 U.S.C. 1271 et seq.);

(F) the Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act (16 U.S.C. 661 et seq.);

(G) the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.), except when the reconstruction occurs in designated critical habitat for threatened and endangered species;

(H) Executive Order 11990 (42 U.S.C. 4321 note; relating to the protection of wetland); and

(I) any Federal law (including regulations) requiring no net loss of wetland.

SA 2318. Mr. TOOMEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

TITLE ____ EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF THE UNITED STATES

SEC. ____ 01. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the “Restoring Competition in Export Financing Act of 2015”.

SEC. ____ 02. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 7 of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635f) is amended by striking “September 30, 2014” and inserting “June 30, 2025”.

(b) **DUAL-USE EXPORTS.**—Section 1(c) of Public Law 103-428 (12 U.S.C. 635 note) is amended by striking “September 30, 2014” and inserting “June 30, 2025”.

(c) **SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA ADVISORY COMMITTEE.**—Section 2(b)(9)(B)(iii) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635(b)(9)(B)(iii)) is amended by striking “September 30, 2014” and inserting “June 30, 2025”.

SEC. ____ 03. AGGREGATE LOAN, GUARANTEE, AND INSURANCE AUTHORITY.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 6(a)(2) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635e(a)(2)) is amended to read as follows:

“(2) **APPLICABLE AMOUNT.**—In paragraph (1), the term ‘applicable amount’ means—

“(A) during fiscal year 2015, \$120,000,000,000;

“(B) during fiscal year 2016, \$115,000,000,000;

“(C) during fiscal year 2017, \$103,500,000,000;

“(D) during fiscal year 2018, \$92,000,000,000;

“(E) during fiscal year 2019, \$80,500,000,000;

“(F) during fiscal year 2020, \$69,000,000,000;

“(G) during fiscal year 2021, \$57,500,000,000;

“(H) during fiscal year 2022, \$46,000,000,000;

“(I) during fiscal year 2023, \$34,500,000,000;

“(J) during fiscal year 2024, \$23,000,000,000;

and

“(K) during fiscal year 2025, \$11,500,000,000.”.

(b) **MEASURES TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE.**—Section 6(a) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635e(a)), as amended by subsection (a), is further amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (5); and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following:

“(3) **AUTHORITY TO SELL SEASONED LOANS AND GUARANTEES TO COMPLY WITH LIMITATION.**—The Bank may sell seasoned loans and

guarantees to private investors to comply with the decreasing limitation on outstanding loans, guarantees, and insurance under this subsection.

“(4) CONSEQUENCES OF EXCEEDING LIMITATION.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—If the Bank exceeds the limitation on outstanding loans, guarantees, and insurance under this subsection in a fiscal year, the Bank—

“(i) may not provide any new loans, guarantees, or insurance on or after the date on which the Bank exceeds that limitation; and

“(ii) the President of the Bank shall submit to Congress a report describing the reasons the Bank exceeded that limitation and the efforts of the Bank to come into compliance with the limitation.

“(B) TESTIMONY.—The Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives may compel the President of the Bank to testify with respect to a report described in subparagraph (A)(ii).”.

SEC. 404. REPORT ON WINDING DOWN OF OPERATIONS.

(a) REPORT BY EXPORT-IMPORT BANK.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Export-Import Bank of the United States shall submit to Congress and the Comptroller General of the United States a plan on how the Bank plans—

(1) to manage the orderly wind-down of the portfolio and operations of the Bank by June 30, 2025; and

(2) to comply with the decreasing limitation on the aggregate loan, guarantee, and insurance authority of the Bank under section 6(a) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945, as amended by section 303.

(b) REPORT BY COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES.—After receiving the report required by subsection (a), the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to Congress an assessment of the plan and such recommendations as the Comptroller General considers appropriate with respect to the plan and the orderly wind-down of the portfolio and operations of the Export-Import Bank of the United States.

SEC. 405. EFFECTIVE DATE.

The provisions of and amendments made by this title shall take effect on June 30, 2015.

SA 2319. Mr. WYDEN (for himself and Mr. CRAPO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of division F, add the following:

SEC. _____. SECURE RURAL SCHOOLS AND COMMUNITY SELF-DETERMINATION PROGRAM.

(a) SECURE PAYMENTS FOR STATES AND COUNTIES CONTAINING FEDERAL LAND.—

(1) DEFINITIONS.—Section 3(11) of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7102) is amended—

(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking “and” at the end;

(B) in subparagraph (C)—

(i) by striking “fiscal year 2012 and each fiscal year thereafter” and inserting “each of fiscal years 2012 through 2015”; and

(ii) by striking “year.” and inserting “year; and”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(D) for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2018, the amount that is equal to 150 percent of the full funding amount for fiscal year 2011.”.

(2) CALCULATION OF PAYMENTS.—Section 101 of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7111) is amended by striking “2015” each place it appears and inserting “2018”.

(3) ELECTIONS.—Section 102(b) of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7112(b)) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (1)—

(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking “August 1, 2013 (or as soon thereafter as the Secretary concerned determines is practicable), and August 1 of each second fiscal year thereafter” and inserting “August 1 of each fiscal year (or a later date specified by the Secretary concerned for the fiscal year)”; and

(ii) by adding at the end the following:

“(D) PAYMENT FOR FISCAL YEARS 2016 THROUGH 2018.—A county election otherwise required by subparagraph (A) shall not apply for fiscal years 2016 through 2018 if the county elects to receive a share of the State payment or the county payment in 2013.”; and

(B) in paragraph (2)(B)—

(i) by inserting “or any subsequent year” after “2013”; and

(ii) by striking “2015” and inserting “2018”.

(4) ELECTION AS TO USE OF BALANCE.—Section 102(d)(1) of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7112(d)(1)) is amended—

(A) in subparagraph (B)(ii), by striking “not more than 7 percent of the total share for the eligible county of the State payment or the county payment” and inserting “any portion of the balance”; and

(B) by striking subparagraph (C) and inserting the following:

“(C) COUNTIES WITH MAJOR DISTRIBUTIONS.—In the case of each eligible county to which \$350,000 or more is distributed for any fiscal year pursuant to either or both of paragraphs (1)(B) and (2)(B) of subsection (a), the eligible county shall elect to do 1 or more of the following with the balance of any funds not expended pursuant to subparagraph (A):

“(i) Reserve any portion of the balance for projects in accordance with title II.

“(ii) Reserve not more than 7 percent of the total share for the eligible county of the State payment or the county payment for projects in accordance with title III.

“(iii) Return to the Treasury of the United States the portion of the balance not reserved under clauses (i) and (ii).”.

(5) FAILURE TO ELECT.—Section 102(d)(3)(B)(ii) of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7112(d)(3)(B)(ii)) is amended by striking “purpose described in section 202(b)” and inserting “purposes described in section 202(b), section 203(c), or section 204(a)(5)”.

(6) DISTRIBUTION OF PAYMENTS TO ELIGIBLE COUNTIES.—Section 103(d)(2) of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7113(d)(2)) is amended by striking “2015” and inserting “2018”.

(b) CONTINUATION OF AUTHORITY TO CONDUCT SPECIAL PROJECTS ON FEDERAL LAND.—

(1) PILOT PROGRAM.—Section 204(e) of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7124(e)) is amended by striking paragraph (3).

(2) AVAILABILITY OF PROJECT FUNDS.—Section 207(d)(2) of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7127(d)(2)) is amended by striking

“subparagraph (B)” and inserting “subparagraph (B)(1)”.’.

(3) TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.—Section 208 of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7128) is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking “2017” and inserting “2020”; and

(B) in subsection (b), by striking “2018” and inserting “2021”.

(c) CONTINUATION OF AUTHORITY TO USE COUNTY FUNDS.—

(1) FUNDING FOR SEARCH AND RESCUE.—Section 302(a) of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7142(a)) is amended by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:

“(2) to reimburse the participating county or sheriff for amounts paid for by the participating county or sheriff, as applicable, for—

“(A) search and rescue and other emergency services, including firefighting, that are performed on Federal land; and

“(B) emergency response vehicles or aircraft but only in the amount attributable to the use of the vehicles or aircraft to provide the services described in subparagraph (A).”.

(2) TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.—Section 304 of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7144) is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking “2017” and inserting “2020” and

(B) in subsection (b), by striking “2018” and inserting “2021”.

(d) NO REDUCTION IN PAYMENT.—Title IV of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7151 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 404. NO REDUCTION IN PAYMENTS.

“Payments under this Act for fiscal year 2016 and each fiscal year thereafter shall be exempt from direct spending reductions under section 251A of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 901a).”.

SA 2320. Mr. WYDEN (for himself and Mr. CRAPO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of division F, add the following:

SEC. 6 _____. WILDFIRE DISASTER FUNDING.

(a) DISASTER FUNDING.—Section 251(b)(2)(D) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 901(b)(2)(D)) is amended—

(1) in clause (i)—

(A) in subclause (I), by striking “and” at the end and inserting “plus”; and

(B) in subclause (II), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; less”; and

(C) by adding the following:

“(III) the additional new budget authority provided in an appropriation Act for wildfire suppression operations pursuant to subparagraph (E) for the preceding fiscal year.”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(v) Beginning in fiscal year 2018, and for each fiscal year thereafter, the calculation of the ‘average funding provided for disaster relief over the previous 10 years’ shall include, for each year within that average, the additional new budget authority provided in an appropriation Act for wildfire suppression

operations pursuant to subparagraph (E) for the preceding fiscal year.”

(b) **WILDFIRE SUPPRESSION.**—Section 251(b)(2) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 901(b)(2)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(E) WILDFIRE SUPPRESSION.—

“(i) DEFINITIONS.—In this subparagraph:

“(I) **ADDITIONAL NEW BUDGET AUTHORITY.**—The term ‘additional new budget authority’ means the amount provided for a fiscal year in an appropriation Act that is—

“(aa) in excess of 100 percent of the average costs for wildfire suppression operations over the previous 10 years; and

“(bb) specified to pay for the costs of wildfire suppression operations.

“(II) **WILDFIRE SUPPRESSION OPERATIONS.**—The term ‘wildfire suppression operations’ means the emergency and unpredictable aspects of wildland firefighting, including—

“(aa) support, response, and emergency stabilization activities;

“(bb) other emergency management activities; and

“(cc) the funds necessary to repay any transfers needed for the costs of wildfire suppression operations.

“(ii) **ADDITIONAL NEW BUDGET AUTHORITY.**—If a bill or joint resolution making appropriations for a fiscal year is enacted that specifies an amount for wildfire suppression operations in the Wildland Fire Management accounts at the Department of Agriculture or the Department of the Interior, then the adjustments for that fiscal year shall be the amount of additional new budget authority provided in that Act for wildfire suppression operations for that fiscal year, but shall not exceed—

“(I) for fiscal year 2016, \$1,460,000,000 in additional new budget authority;

“(II) for fiscal year 2017, \$1,557,000,000 in additional new budget authority;

“(III) for fiscal year 2018, \$1,778,000,000 in additional new budget authority;

“(IV) for fiscal year 2019, \$2,030,000,000 in additional new budget authority;

“(V) for fiscal year 2020, \$2,319,000,000 in additional new budget authority; and

“(VI) for fiscal year 2021, \$2,650,000,000 in additional new budget authority.

“(iii) **AVERAGE COST CALCULATION.**—The average costs for wildfire suppression operations over the previous 10 years shall be calculated annually and reported in the budget of the President submitted under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, for each fiscal year.”

(c) **REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.**—

(1) **SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS.**—If the Secretary of the Interior or the Secretary of Agriculture determines that supplemental appropriations are necessary for a fiscal year for wildfire suppression operations, a request for the supplemental appropriations shall promptly be submitted to Congress.

(2) **NOTICE OF NEED FOR ADDITIONAL FUNDS.**—Prior to the obligation of any of the additional new budget authority for wildfire suppression operations specified for purposes of section 251(b)(2)(E)(ii) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 901(b)(2)(E)(ii)), the Secretary of the Interior or the Secretary of Agriculture, as applicable, shall submit to the Committees on Appropriations and the Budget of the House of Representatives and the Committees on Appropriations and the Budget of the Senate written notification that describes—

(A) that the amount for wildfire suppression operations to meet the terms of section 251(b)(2)(E) of that Act for that fiscal year will be exhausted imminently; and

(B) the need for additional new budget authority for wildfire suppression operations.

(3) **ACCOUNTING, REPORTS AND ACCOUNTABILITY.**—

(A) **ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.**—For each fiscal year, the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture shall account for and report on the amounts used from the additional new budget authority for wildfire suppression operations provided to the Secretary of the Interior or Secretary of Agriculture, as applicable, in an appropriations Act pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(E)(ii) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 901(b)(2)(E)(ii)).

(B) **ANNUAL REPORT.**—

(i) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 180 days after the end of the fiscal year for which additional new budget authority is used, pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(E)(ii) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 901(b)(2)(E)(ii)), the Secretary of the Interior or the Secretary of Agriculture, as applicable, shall—

(I) prepare an annual report with respect to the additional new budget authority;

(II) submit to the Committees on Appropriations, the Budget, and Natural Resources of the House of Representatives and the Committees on Appropriations, the Budget, and Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate the annual report prepared under subclause (I); and

(III) make the report prepared under subclause (I) available to the public.

(ii) **COMPONENTS.**—The annual report prepared under clause (i) shall—

(I) document risk-based factors that influenced management decisions with respect to wildfire suppression operations;

(II) analyze a statistically significant sample of large fires, including an analysis for each fire of—

(aa) cost drivers;

(bb) the effectiveness of risk management techniques and whether fire operations strategy tracked the risk assessment;

(cc) any resulting ecological or other benefits to the landscape;

(dd) the impact of investments in wildfire suppression operations preparedness;

(ee) effectiveness of wildfire suppression operations, including an analysis of resources lost versus dollars invested;

(ff) effectiveness of any fuel treatments on fire behavior and suppression expenditures;

(gg) suggested corrective actions; and

(hh) any other factors the Secretary of the Interior or Secretary of Agriculture determines to be appropriate;

(III) include an accounting of overall fire management and spending by the Department of the Interior or the Department of Agriculture, which shall be analyzed by fire size, cost, regional location, and other factors;

(IV) describe any lessons learned in the conduct of wildfire suppression operations; and

(V) include any other elements that the Secretary of the Interior or the Secretary of Agriculture determines to be necessary.

SA 2321. Mr. WYDEN (for himself and Mr. CRAPO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of division F, add the following:

SEC. 6 _____, WILDFIRE DISASTER FUNDING AUTHORITY.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 251(b)(2) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 901(b)(2)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(E) **FLAME WILDFIRE SUPPRESSION.**—

“(i) If a bill or joint resolution making appropriations for a fiscal year is enacted that specifies an amount for wildfire suppression operations in the Wildland Fire Management accounts at the Department of Agriculture or the Department of the Interior, then the adjustments for that fiscal year shall be the amount of additional new budget authority provided in that Act for wildfire suppression operations for that fiscal year, but shall not exceed—

“(I) for fiscal year 2016, \$1,410,000,000 in additional new budget authority;

“(II) for fiscal year 2017, \$1,460,000,000 in additional new budget authority;

“(III) for fiscal year 2018, \$1,560,000,000 in additional new budget authority;

“(IV) for fiscal year 2019, \$1,780,000,000 in additional new budget authority;

“(V) for fiscal year 2020, \$2,030,000,000 in additional new budget authority;

“(VI) for fiscal year 2021, \$2,320,000,000 in additional new budget authority;

“(VII) for fiscal year 2022, \$2,650,000,000 in additional new budget authority;

“(VIII) for fiscal year 2023, \$2,690,000,000 in additional new budget authority;

“(IX) for fiscal year 2024, \$2,690,000,000 in additional new budget authority; and

“(X) for fiscal year 2025, \$2,690,000,000 in additional new budget authority.

“(ii) As used in this subparagraph—

“(I) the term ‘additional new budget authority’ means the amount provided for a fiscal year, in excess of 70 percent of the average costs for wildfire suppression operations over the previous 10 years, in an appropriation Act and specified to pay for the costs of wildfire suppression operations; and

“(II) the term ‘wildfire suppression operations’ means the emergency and unpredictable aspects of wildland firefighting including support, response, and emergency stabilization activities; other emergency management activities; and funds necessary to repay any transfers needed for these costs.

“(iii) The average costs for wildfire suppression operations over the previous 10 years shall be calculated annually and reported in the President’s Budget submission under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, for each fiscal year.”

(b) **DISASTER FUNDING.**—Section 251(b)(2)(D) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 901(b)(2)(D)) is amended—

(1) in clause (i)—

(A) in subclause (I), by striking “and” and inserting “plus”;

(B) in subclause (II), by striking the period and inserting “; less”; and

(C) by adding the following:

“(III) the additional new budget authority provided in an appropriation Act for wildfire suppression operations pursuant to subparagraph (E) for the preceding fiscal year.”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(v) Beginning in fiscal year 2018 and in subsequent fiscal years, the calculation of the ‘average funding provided for disaster relief over the previous 10 years’ shall include the additional new budget authority provided in an appropriation Act for wildfire suppression operations pursuant to subparagraph (E) for the preceding fiscal year.”

(c) **REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.**—If the Secretary of the Interior or the Secretary of Agriculture determines that supplemental appropriations are necessary for a fiscal year for wildfire suppression operations, such Secretary shall promptly submit to Congress—

(1) a request for such supplemental appropriations; and

(2) a plan detailing the manner in which such Secretary intends to obligate the supplemental appropriations by not later than 30 days after the date on which the amounts are made available.

SA 2322. Mr. WYDEN (for himself and Mr. CRAPO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of division F, add the following:

SEC. _____. SECURE RURAL SCHOOLS AND COMMUNITY SELF-DETERMINATION PROGRAM.

(a) SECURE PAYMENTS FOR STATES AND COUNTIES CONTAINING FEDERAL LAND.—

(1) DEFINITIONS.—Section 3(11) of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7102) is amended—

(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking “and” at the end;

(B) in subparagraph (C)—

(i) by striking “fiscal year 2012 and each fiscal year thereafter” and inserting “each of fiscal years 2012 through 2015”; and

(ii) by striking “year.” and inserting “year; and”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(D) for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2021, the amount that is equal to 150 percent of the full funding amount for fiscal year 2011.”.

(2) CALCULATION OF PAYMENTS.—Section 101 of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7111) is amended by striking “2015” each place it appears and inserting “2021”.

(3) ELECTIONS.—Section 102(b) of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7112(b)) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (1)—

(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking “August 1, 2013 (or as soon thereafter as the Secretary concerned determines is practicable), and August 1 of each second fiscal year thereafter” and inserting “August 1 of each fiscal year (or a later date specified by the Secretary concerned for the fiscal year)”; and

(ii) by adding at the end the following:

“(D) PAYMENT FOR FISCAL YEARS 2016 THROUGH 2021.—A county election otherwise required by subparagraph (A) shall not apply for fiscal years 2016 through 2021 if the county elects to receive a share of the State payment or the county payment in 2013.”; and

(B) in paragraph (2)(B)—

(i) by inserting “or any subsequent year” after “2013”; and

(ii) by striking “2015” and inserting “2021”.

(4) ELECTION AS TO USE OF BALANCE.—Section 102(d)(1) of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7112(d)(1)) is amended—

(A) in subparagraph (B)(ii), by striking “not more than 7 percent of the total share for the eligible county of the State payment or the county payment” and inserting “any portion of the balance”; and

(B) by striking subparagraph (C) and inserting the following:

“(C) COUNTIES WITH MAJOR DISTRIBUTIONS.—In the case of each eligible county to which

\$350,000 or more is distributed for any fiscal year pursuant to either or both of paragraphs (1)(B) and (2)(B) of subsection (a), the eligible county shall elect to do 1 or more of the following with the balance of any funds not expended pursuant to subparagraph (A):

“(i) Reserve any portion of the balance for projects in accordance with title II.

“(ii) Reserve not more than 7 percent of the total share for the eligible county of the State payment or the county payment for projects in accordance with title III.

“(iii) Return to the Treasury of the United States the portion of the balance not reserved under clauses (i) and (ii).”.

(5) FAILURE TO ELECT.—Section 102(d)(3)(B)(ii) of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7112(d)(3)(B)(ii)) is amended by striking “purpose described in section 202(b)” and inserting “purposes described in section 202(b), section 203(c), or section 204(a)(5)”.

(6) DISTRIBUTION OF PAYMENTS TO ELIGIBLE COUNTIES.—Section 103(d)(2) of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7113(d)(2)) is amended by striking “2015” and inserting “2021”.

(b) CONTINUATION OF AUTHORITY TO CONDUCT SPECIAL PROJECTS ON FEDERAL LAND.—

(1) PILOT PROGRAM.—Section 204(e) of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7124(e)) is amended by striking paragraph (3).

(2) AVAILABILITY OF PROJECT FUNDS.—Section 207(d)(2) of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7127(d)(2)) is amended by striking “subparagraph (B)” and inserting “subparagraph (B)(i)”.

(3) TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.—Section 208 of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7128) is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking “2017” and inserting “2023”; and

(B) in subsection (b), by striking “2018” and inserting “2024”.

(c) CONTINUATION OF AUTHORITY TO USE COUNTY FUNDS.—

(1) FUNDING FOR SEARCH AND RESCUE.—Section 302(a) of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7142(a)) is amended by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:

“(2) to reimburse the participating county or sheriff for amounts paid for by the participating county or sheriff, as applicable, for—

“(A) search and rescue and other emergency services, including firefighting, that are performed on Federal land; and

“(B) emergency response vehicles or aircraft but only in the amount attributable to the use of the vehicles or aircraft to provide the services described in subparagraph (A).”.

(2) TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.—Section 304 of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7144) is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking “2017” and inserting “2023” and

(B) in subsection (b), by striking “2018” and inserting “2024”.

(d) NO REDUCTION IN PAYMENT.—Title IV of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-Determination Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 7151 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 404. NO REDUCTION IN PAYMENTS.

“Payments under this Act for fiscal year 2016 and each fiscal year thereafter shall be exempt from direct spending reductions under section 251A of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 901a).”.

SA 2323. Mr. WYDEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in division F, insert the following:

SEC. _____. INDUSTRIAL HEMP FARMING.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the “Industrial Hemp Farming Act of 2015”.

(b) EXCLUSION OF INDUSTRIAL HEMP FROM DEFINITION OF MARIHUANA.—Section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (16)—

(A) by striking “(16) The” and inserting “(16)(A) The”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

“(B) The term ‘marihuana’ does not include industrial hemp.”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(57) The term ‘industrial hemp’ means the plant *Cannabis sativa* L. and any part of such plant, whether growing or not, with a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of not more than 0.3 percent on a dry weight basis.”.

(c) INDUSTRIAL HEMP DETERMINATION BY STATES.—Section 201 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 811) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(i) INDUSTRIAL HEMP DETERMINATION.—If a person grows or processes *Cannabis sativa* L. for purposes of making industrial hemp in accordance with State law, the *Cannabis sativa* L. shall be deemed to meet the concentration limitation under section 102(57), unless the Attorney General determines that the State law is not reasonably calculated to comply with section 102(57).”.

SA 2324. Mr. PERDUE (for himself and Mr. SCOTT) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. SAVINGS PROVISION.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, any authorization or appropriation for each of fiscal years 2019, 2020, and 2021 shall have no force or effect.

SA 2325. Mrs. GILLIBRAND submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 22, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exempt employees with health coverage under TRICARE or the Veterans Administration from being taken into account for purposes of determining the employers to which the employer mandate applies under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care

Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in subtitle A of title I, add the following:

SEC. 11. BRIDGES NOT ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM.

Section 119(d)(2) of title 23, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(Q) Replacement (including replacement with fill material), rehabilitation, preservation, and protection (including scour countermeasures, seismic retrofits, impact protection measures, security countermeasures, and protection against extreme events) of bridges on Federal-aid highways (other than on the National Highway System).”.

SA 2326. Mr. SULLIVAN (for Mr. VITTER (for himself, Mrs. SHAHEEN, Mr. RISCHE, Mr. COONS, and Mr. PETERS)) proposed an amendment to the bill H.R. 2499, to amend the Small Business Act to increase access to capital for veteran entrepreneurs, to help create jobs, and for other purposes; as follows:

At the end, add the following:

SEC. 4. BUSINESS LOANS PROGRAM.

(a) SECTION 7(a) FUNDING LEVELS.—The third proviso under the heading “BUSINESS LOANS PROGRAM ACCOUNT” under the heading “SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION” under title V of division E of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Public Law 113–235; 128 Stat. 2371) is amended by striking “\$18,750,000,000” and inserting “\$23,500,000,000”.

(b) LOAN LIMITATIONS.—Section 7(a)(1) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 636(a)(1)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A)—

(A) by striking “No financial assistance” and inserting the following:

“(i) IN GENERAL.—No financial assistance”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

“(ii) LIQUIDITY.—On and after October 1, 2015, the Administrator may not guarantee a loan under this subsection if the lender determines that the borrower is unable to obtain credit elsewhere solely because the liquidity of the lender depends upon the guaranteed portion of the loan being sold on the secondary market.”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(C) LENDING LIMITS OF LENDERS.—On and after October 1, 2015, the Administrator may not guarantee a loan under this subsection if the sole purpose for requesting the guarantee is to allow the lender to exceed the legal lending limit of the lender.”.

(c) REPORTING.—

(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection—

(A) the term “Administrator” means the Administrator of the Small Business Administration;

(B) the term “business loan” means a loan made or guaranteed under section 7(a) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 636(a));

(C) the term “cancellation” means that the Administrator approves a proposed business loan, but the prospective borrower determines not to take the business loan; and

(D) the term “net dollar amount of business loans” means the difference between the total dollar amount of business loans and the total dollar amount of cancellations.

(2) REQUIREMENT.—During the 3-year period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit to Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on Small Business and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a quarterly report regarding the loan pro-

grams carried out under section 7(a) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 636(a)), which shall include—

(A) for the fiscal year during which the report is submitted and the 3 fiscal years before such fiscal year—

(i) the weekly total dollar amount of business loans;

(ii) the weekly total dollar amount of cancellations;

(iii) the weekly net dollar amount of business loans—

(I) for all business loans; and

(II) for each category of loan amount described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of section 7(a)(18) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 636(a)(18));

(B) for the fiscal year during which the report is submitted—

(i) the amount of remaining authority for business loans, in dollar amount and as a percentage; and

(ii) estimates of the date on which the net dollar amount of business loans will reach the maximum for such business loans based on daily net lending volume and extrapolations based on year to date net lending volume, quarterly net lending volume, and quarterly growth trends;

(C) the number of early defaults (as determined by the Administrator) during the quarter covered by the report;

(D) the total amount paid by borrowers in early default during the quarter covered by the report, as of the time of purchase of the guarantee;

(E) the number of borrowers in early default that are franchisees;

(F) the total amount of guarantees purchased by the Administrator during the quarter covered by the report; and

(G) a description of the actions the Administrator is taking to combat early defaults administratively and any legislative action the Administrator recommends to address early defaults.

AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

Mr. INHOFE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Armed Services be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on July 23, 2015, at 9:30 a.m.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON BANKING, HOUSING, AND URBAN AFFAIRS

Mr. INHOFE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on July 23, 2015, at 9:30 a.m., to conduct a hearing entitled “Measuring the Systemic Importance of U.S. Bank Holding Companies.”

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

Mr. INHOFE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Finance be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on July 23, 2015, at 10 a.m., in room SD-215 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS

Mr. INHOFE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Com-

mittee on Foreign Relations be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on July 23, 2015, at 10 a.m., to conduct a hearing entitled “Iran Nuclear Agreement Review.”

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH, EDUCATION, LABOR, AND PENSIONS

Mr. INHOFE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate, on July 23, 2015, at 10 a.m., in room SD-430 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building to conduct a hearing entitled “Achieving the Promise of Health Information Technology: Information Blocking and Potential Solutions.”

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON HOMELAND SECURITY AND GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS

Mr. INHOFE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on July 23, 2015, at 10 a.m.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

Mr. INHOFE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on the Judiciary be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on July 23, 2015, at 10 a.m., in room SD-226 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SELECT COMMITTEE ON INTELLIGENCE

Mr. INHOFE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Select Committee on Intelligence be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on July 23, 2015, at 2:30 p.m.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON THE CONSTITUTION

Mr. INHOFE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on the Judiciary, Subcommittee on the Constitution, be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate, on July 23, 2015, at 2 p.m., in room SD-226 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building, to conduct a hearing entitled “The Administrative State v. The Constitution: Dodd-Frank at Five Years.”

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

PRIVILEGES OF THE FLOOR

Mr. THUNE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Katherine White, Federal Trade Commission, and LCDR Robert Donnell, U.S. Coast Guard, detailees on the Commerce Committee, be granted floor privileges throughout the debate on the highway bill.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.