

“(C) any applicable import history of the asbestos-containing product;

“(D) the name and street address of any location accessible by the public in which the person has reasonable knowledge that the asbestos-containing product has been present within the immediately preceding calendar year; and

“(E) any additional information the Administrator determines is appropriate to enable consumers and workers to avoid exposure to asbestos-containing products.

“(e) ORGANIZATION OF DATABASE.—The Administrator shall—

“(1) categorize the information available on the database—

“(A) in a manner consistent with the public interest; and

“(B) in such manner as the Administrator determines will facilitate easy use by consumers; and

“(2) ensure, to the maximum extent practicable, that the database is sortable and accessible by—

“(A) the date on which information is submitted for inclusion in the database;

“(B) the name of the asbestos-containing product;

“(C) the model name;

“(D) the name of the manufacturer;

“(E) the name of the importer, if applicable;

“(F) the name of the reporting person;

“(G) the name and street address of any location in which an asbestos-containing product is reported to have been present; and

“(H) any other element the Administrator considers to be in the public interest.

#### “SEC. 6. PENALTIES.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—Any person who knowingly manufactured, processed, distributed, sold, imported, transported, or stored an asbestos-containing product in the immediately preceding calendar year and who did not submit a report to the Administrator under section 5 shall be liable for a civil penalty of \$10,000 for each day after the deadline under section 5(d)(1) the report has not been submitted.

“(b) FALSE OR INACCURATE INFORMATION.—Any person who knowingly provides false or inaccurate information in a report under section 5 or who knowingly fails to provide information required in a report under section 5 shall be liable for a civil penalty of \$10,000 for each violation of this paragraph.”.

#### SEC. 4. GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE REPORT.

Not later than 2 years after the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency establishes the database of asbestos-containing products under section 5(a) of the Asbestos Information Act of 1988 (15 U.S.C. 2607 note; Public Law 100–577) (referred to in this section as the “database”), the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that contains—

(1) an analysis of the utility of the database, including—

(A) an assessment of the extent of use of the database by consumers, including—

(i) whether the database is accessed by a broad range of the public; and

(ii) whether consumers find the database to be useful; and

(B) efforts by the Administrator to inform the public about the database;

(2) recommendations for measures to increase use of the database by consumers; and

(3) recommendations for measures to further reduce the harm caused by exposure to asbestos, including bans on the importation and use of asbestos-containing products.

#### SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

#### SENATE RESOLUTION 99—CALLING ON THE GOVERNMENT OF IRAN TO FULFILL ITS PROMISES OF ASSISTANCE IN THE CASE OF ROBERT LEVINSON, THE LONGEST HELD UNITED STATES CIVILIAN IN OUR NATION'S HISTORY

Mr. NELSON (for himself and Mr. RUBIO) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations:

S. RES. 99

Whereas United States citizen Robert Levinson is a retired agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), a resident of Coral Springs, Florida, the husband of Christine Levinson, and father of their seven children;

Whereas Robert Levinson traveled from Dubai, United Arab Emirates, to Kish Island, Iran, on March 8, 2007;

Whereas, after traveling to Kish Island and checking into the Hotel Maryam, Robert Levinson disappeared on March 9, 2007;

Whereas, in December 2007, Robert Levinson's wife, Christine, traveled to Kish Island to retrace Mr. Levinson's steps and met with officials of the Government of Iran who pledged to help in the investigation;

Whereas, for more than eight years, the United States Government has continually pressed the Government of Iran to provide any information on the whereabouts of Robert Levinson and to help ensure his prompt and safe return to his family;

Whereas officials of the Government of Iran promised their continued assistance to the relatives of Robert Levinson during the visit of the family to the Islamic Republic of Iran in December 2007;

Whereas, in November 2010, the Levinson family received a video of Mr. Levinson in captivity, representing the first proof of life since his disappearance and providing some initial indications that he was being held somewhere in southwest Asia;

Whereas, in April 2011, the Levinson family received a series of pictures of Mr. Levinson, which provided further indications that he was being held somewhere in southwest Asia;

Whereas Secretary of State John Kerry stated on August 28, 2013, “The United States respectfully asks the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran to work cooperatively with us in our efforts to help U.S. citizen Robert Levinson.”;

Whereas, on September 28, 2013, during the first direct phone conversation between the leaders of the United States and Iran since 1979, President Barack Obama raised the case of Robert Levinson to President of Iran Hassan Rouhani and urged the President of Iran to help locate Mr. Levinson and reunite him with his family;

Whereas, on August 29, 2014, Secretary of State Kerry again stated that the United States “respectfully request the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran work cooperatively with us to find Mr. Levinson and bring him home”;

Whereas the United States Government is currently engaged in regular, direct negotiations with the Government of Iran over its nuclear program;

Whereas March 9, 2015, marks the 2,922nd day since Mr. Levinson's disappearance, and he is now the longest held United States civilian in our Nation's history; and

Whereas the Federal Bureau of Investigation has announced a \$5,000,000 reward for information leading to Mr. Levinson's safe return: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) recognizes that Robert Levinson is the longest held United States civilian in our Nation's history;

(2) notes the pledges by current officials of the Government of Iran to provide their Government's assistance in the case of Robert Levinson;

(3) urges the Government of Iran, as a humanitarian gesture, to intensify its cooperation on the case of Robert Levinson and to immediately share the results of its investigation into the disappearance of Robert Levinson with the United States Government;

(4) urges the President and the allies of the United States to continue to raise with officials of the Government of Iran the case of Robert Levinson at every opportunity, notwithstanding serious disagreements the United States Government has with the Government of Iran on a broad array of issues, including human rights, the nuclear program of Iran, the Middle East peace process, regional stability, and international terrorism; and

(5) expresses sympathy to the family of Robert Levinson for their anguish and expresses hope that their ordeal can be brought to an end in the near future.

#### AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 273. Mr. KIRK submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 178, to provide justice for the victims of trafficking; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 274. Mr. VITTER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 178, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 275. Mr. INHOFE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 178, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 276. Mr. INHOFE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 178, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 277. Mrs. SHAHEEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 178, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 278. Mr. CASSIDY (for himself and Mr. PETERS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 178, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 279. Mr. SULLIVAN (for himself, Ms. HEITKAMP, and Ms. AYOTTE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 178, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 280. Mr. RUBIO (for himself and Mr. BROWN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 178, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 281. Mr. RUBIO (for himself and Mrs. GILLIBRAND) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 178, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 282. Ms. AYOTTE (for herself and Mr. DONNELLY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 178, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 283. Mr. HELLER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 178, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 284. Mr. VITTER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 178, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

**SA 273.** Mr. KIRK submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 178, to provide justice for the victims of trafficking; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, add the following:

**SECTION . . . SAVE ACT.**

(a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This section may be cited as the “Stop Advertising Victims of Exploitation Act of 2015” or the “SAVE Act of 2015”.

(b) **ADVERTISING THAT OFFERS CERTAIN COMMERCIAL ACTS.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 1591(a)(1) of title 18, United States Code, as amended by this Act, is further amended by inserting “advertis- es,” after “obtains,”.

(2) **MENS REA REQUIREMENT.**—Section 1591(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended in the undesignated matter following paragraph (2), by inserting “, except where, in an offense under paragraph (2), the act constituting the violation of paragraph (1) is advertising,” after “knowing, or”.

(3) **CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.**—Section 1591(b) of title 18, United States Code, as amended by this Act, is further amended—

(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting “adver- tised,” after “obtained,”; and

(B) in paragraph (2), by inserting “adver- tised,” after “obtained,”.

**SA 274.** Mr. VIITTER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 178, to provide justice for the victims of trafficking; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

**SEC. . . CITIZENSHIP AT BIRTH FOR CERTAIN PERSONS BORN IN THE UNITED STATES.**

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 301 of the Immi- gration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1401) is amended—

(1) by inserting “(a) **IN GENERAL.**—” before “The following”;

(2) by redesignating subsections (a) through (h) as paragraphs (1) through (8), respectively, and indenting such paragraphs, as redesignated, an additional 2 ems to the right; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(b) **DEFINITION.**—Acknowledging the right of birthright citizenship established by section 1 of the 14th Amendment to the Con- stitution of the United States, a person born in the United States shall be considered ‘sub- ject to the jurisdiction’ of the United States for purposes of subsection (a)(1) only if the person is born in the United States and at least 1 of the person’s parents is—

“(1) a citizen or national of the United States;

“(2) an alien lawfully admitted for perma- nent residence in the United States whose residence is in the United States; or

“(3) an alien performing active service in the armed forces (as defined in section 101 of title 10, United States Code).”.

(b) **APPLICABILITY.**—The amendment made by subsection (a)(3) may not be construed to affect the citizenship or nationality status of any person born before the date of the enact- ment of this Act.

**SA 275.** Mr. INHOFE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 178, to provide justice for the victims of trafficking; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of the bill, add the following:

**TITLE II—SAFE COMMUNITIES**

**SEC. 21. SHORT TITLE.**

This title may be cited as the “Keep Our Communities Safe Act of 2015”.

**SEC. 22. SENSE OF CONGRESS.**

It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) Constitutional rights should be upheld and protected;

(2) Congress intends to uphold the Con- stitutional principle of due process; and

(3) due process of the law is a right af- forded to everyone in the United States.

**SEC. 23. DETENTION OF DANGEROUS ALIENS DURING REMOVAL PROCEEDINGS.**

Section 236 of the Immigration and Natio- nality Act (8 U.S.C. 1226) is amended—

(1) by striking “Attorney General” each place such term appears (except in the sec- ond place it appears in subsection (a)) and in- serting “Secretary of Homeland Security”;

(2) in subsection (a)—

(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by inserting “the Secretary of Homeland Se- curity or” before “the Attorney General—”;

(B) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking “condi- tional parole” and inserting “recognizance”;

(3) in subsection (b)—

(A) in the subsection heading, by striking “PAROLE” and inserting “RECOGNIZANCE”;

(B) by striking “parole” and inserting “re- cognizance”;

(4) in subsection (c)(1), by striking the un- designated matter following subparagraph (D) and inserting the following:

“any time after the alien is released, with- out regard to whether an alien is released re- lated to any activity, offense, or conviction described in this paragraph; to whether the alien is released on parole, supervised re- lease, or probation; or to whether the alien may be arrested or imprisoned again for the same offense. If the activity described in this paragraph does not result in the alien being taken into custody by any person other than the Secretary, then when the alien is brought to the attention of the Secretary or when the Secretary determines it is prac- tical to take such alien into custody, the Secretary shall take such alien into cus- tody.”;

(5) in subsection (e), by striking “Attorney General’s” and inserting “Secretary of Homeland Security’s”;

(6) by adding at the end the following:

“(g) **LENGTH OF DETENTION.**—

“(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, an alien may be detained under this section for any period, without limitation, except as provided in subsection (i), until the alien is subject to a final order of removal.

“(2) The length of detention under this sec- tion shall not affect a detention under sec- tion 241.

“(h) **ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW.**—

“(1) **LIMITATION.**—The Attorney General’s review of the Secretary’s custody determina- tions under subsection (a) shall be limited to whether the alien may be detained, released on bond (of at least \$1,500 with security ap- proved by the Secretary), or released with no bond. Any review involving an alien de- scribed in paragraph (2)(D) shall be limited to a determination of whether the alien is properly included in such category.

“(2) **CLASSES OF ALIENS.**—The Attorney General shall review the Secretary’s custody determinations for the following classes of aliens:

“(A) Aliens in exclusion proceedings.

“(B) Aliens described in sections 212(a)(3) and 237(a)(4).

“(C) Aliens described in subsection (c).

“(D) Aliens in deportation proceedings sub- ject to section 242(a)(2) (as in effect between April 24, 1996 and April 1, 1997).

“(i) **RELEASE ON BOND.**—

“(1) **IN GENERAL.**—An alien detained under subsection (a) may seek release on bond. No bond may be granted except to an alien who establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the alien is not a flight risk or a risk to another person or the community.

“(2) **CERTAIN ALIENS INELIGIBLE.**—No alien detained under subsection (c) may seek re- lease on bond.”.

**SEC. 24. ALIENS ORDERED REMOVED.**

Section 241(a) of the Immigration and Natio- nality Act (8 U.S.C. 1231(a)) is amended—

(1) by striking “Attorney General” each place it appears, except for the first place it appears in paragraph (4)(B)(i), and inserting “Secretary of Homeland Security”;

(2) in paragraph (1)—

(A) by amending subparagraphs (B) and (C) to read as follows:

“(B) **BEGINNING OF PERIOD.**—The removal period begins on the latest of—

“(i) the date on which the order of removal becomes administratively final;

“(ii) the date on which the alien is taken into such custody if the alien is not in the custody of the Secretary on the date on which the order of removal becomes adminis- tratively final; and

“(iii) the date on which the alien is taken into the custody of the Secretary after the alien is released from detention or confine- ment if the alien is detained or confined (ex- cept for an immigration process) on the date on which the order of removal becomes ad- ministratively final.

“(C) **SUSPENSION OF PERIOD.**—

“(i) **EXTENSION.**—The removal period shall be extended beyond a period of 90 days and the Secretary may, in the Secretary’s sole discretion, keep the alien in detention dur- ing such extended period, if—

“(I) the alien fails or refuses to make all reasonable efforts to comply with the re- moval order, or to fully cooperate with the Secretary’s efforts to establish the alien’s identity and carry out the removal order, in- cluding making timely application in good faith for travel or other documents neces- sary to the alien’s departure or conspires or acts to prevent the alien’s removal that is subject to an order of removal;

“(II) a court, the Board of Immigration Ap- peals, or an immigration judge orders a stay of removal of an alien who is subject to an administratively final order of removal;

“(III) the Secretary transfers custody of the alien pursuant to law to another Federal agency or a State or local government agen- cy in connection with the official duties of such agency; or

“(IV) a court or the Board of Immigration Appeals orders a remand to an immigration judge or the Board of Immigration Appeals, during the time period when the case is pending a decision on remand (with the re- moval period beginning anew on the date that the alien is ordered removed on re- mand).

“(ii) **RENEWAL.**—If the removal period has been extended under clause (i), a new re- moval period shall be deemed to have begun on the date on which—

“(I) the alien makes all reasonable efforts to comply with the removal order, or to fully cooperate with the Secretary’s efforts to es- tablish the alien’s identity and carry out the removal order;

“(II) the stay of removal is no longer in ef- fect; or

“(III) the alien is returned to the custody of the Secretary.

“(iii) **MANDATORY DETENTION FOR CERTAIN ALIENS.**—The Secretary shall keep an alien