

requests for 1-minute speeches on each side of the aisle.

OPPOSE THE IRAN NUCLEAR DEAL

(Mr. TROTT asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. TROTT. Mr. Speaker, this headline is dated July 21, 2025. It is what our children and grandchildren will read in the history books in 10 years. "Due to Obama Agreement, Iran Develops Nuclear Arsenal. Rogue Nation Now Threatening To Strike United States, Destroy Israel, & Attack Other U.S. Allies."

In addition to creating a nuclear Iran, this deal will also create an arms race. It will create a means through which to finance more terrorism. It will create more tension because we only have "managed access inspections."

What this deal will not change is Iran's behavior. They will continue to hate us. They will continue to call for "death to America."

This deal is a big gamble, a gamble the United Nations is apparently willing to take, but one that we in Congress must reject.

I urge my colleagues to join me in opposing this deal. We can never allow this terrible headline to become a reality.

CONGRATULATING PRATT & WHITNEY ON THEIR 90TH ANNIVERSARY

(Ms. ESTY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. ESTY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to congratulate Pratt & Whitney on their 90th anniversary.

Since 1925, Pratt & Whitney has been a cornerstone of Connecticut's and the Nation's economy. In the last 90 years, men and women from across the country and in my State have designed and produced the most technologically advanced and dependable engines on the market.

Their F-135 engine powers Lockheed Martin's F-35 Joint Strike Fighter, and their new geared turbofan engine is setting the standard for performance in commercial aviation.

Pratt & Whitney's engineers, manufacturers, designers, and technicians have fostered Connecticut's innovation ecosystem for almost a century. We could not be more proud that they call Connecticut home.

Congratulations, Pratt & Whitney. We look forward to another 90 years of aviation leadership.

WE MUST ADDRESS SANCTUARY CITIES

(Mr. JOLLY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. JOLLY. Mr. Speaker, the House will soon consider legislation to address sanctuary cities, local policies that skirt Federal policies regarding the detention of undocumented individuals who have broken the law, a policy that led recently to a terrible tragedy. We should address this. It is right we do so.

But I rise out of concern for the enforcement mechanism in the current draft of the legislation. The current draft would penalize sanctuary cities by reducing assistance to law enforcement, the very men and women we rely on each day to keep us safe.

Consider the irony. To promote greater public safety in law enforcement, we are threatening to reduce assistance to law enforcement, when it is commissions and councils that actually adopt policies regarding sanctuary cities. This is simply wrong.

We can do better. I anticipate voting for passage because we need to address this issue nationally, but I ask my colleagues today to work together. Let's replace this shortsighted provision that wrongfully punishes those who serve us each day on the front lines of law enforcement, men and women that, months ago, we lauded on this House floor during Police Week for the fine work they do.

Let's not reduce resources for law enforcement. Let's ensure that we are able to increase and continue to invest in local law enforcement.

SAFE AND ACCURATE FOOD LABELING ACT OF 2015

(Ms. LEE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. LEE. Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong opposition to H.R. 1599, which would nullify states' rights to label genetically modified organisms, commonly known as GMOs. The House will vote on this bill today.

I share the concerns of many of my constituents in California's 13th Congressional District about the proliferation of untested, genetically modified foods entering our food supply.

I also share the concerns about the risks to farmers, the environment, and public health created by the rushed commercialization of genetically engineered crops and genetically modified food products.

American consumers deserve the best information available when it comes to food choices that they make for themselves and their families. Already, some 64 nations around the world require GMO labeling.

We need to be on the side of transparency and the safety of the people we represent. That is why I support legislation like Representative PETER DEFAZIO's Genetically Engineered Food Right-to-Know Act, H.R. 913, which would require the labeling of genetically engineered foods at the Federal level.

So I hope my colleagues will defeat H.R. 1599 and move forward with Fed-

eral efforts requiring adequate and clear labeling for the foods American families are eating.

FINDING A CURE FOR DIABETES

(Mr. GUINTA asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. GUINTA. Mr. Speaker, I rise today on behalf of the 1.25 million American children and adults with type 1 diabetes.

As Members of Congress, we have the privilege of meeting with individuals from our home States advocating on various issues. All come from different backgrounds and different experiences; however, they all have one thing in common: they come to Washington looking to change our Nation.

Last week, I had the honor of meeting with 11-year-old Skye Archibald from Exeter, New Hampshire, who was in Washington as part of the Juvenile Diabetes Research Foundation's Children's Congress. Skye was diagnosed with type 1 diabetes at the young age of 9 and, since then, has been vital in changing the stigma attached with diabetes, raising money to help find a cure, and advocating at both the Federal and State level. In fact, her hard work and dedication has resulted in the signing of a bill by New Hampshire's own Governor.

It is because of bright and determined advocates like Skye that Washington can begin working better for New Hampshire. And it is because of Skye that I recently signed on to H.R. 1427, a bipartisan bill to help provide increased coverage of a vital tool that monitors sugar levels to help save the lives of those with diabetes.

COMMEMORATING THE LIFE AND LEGACY OF MS. TOMMIE WILLIAMS

(Mr. VEASEY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. VEASEY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to commemorate the life and legacy of a very inspirational Grand Prairie resident from the Dalworth community, Ms. Tommie Williams.

Ms. Williams worked as an educator in several capacities next-door in the Arlington Independent School District. She served as a first, third, and seventh grade teacher, a basketball coach, a cheerleading sponsor, and vice president of curriculum at Sam Houston High School. In addition, Ms. Williams was the first African American administrator and the first parent to serve as a community ombudsman in the Arlington Independent School District.

In honor of her outstanding service and education, the Tommie B. Williams Elementary School in Arlington was dedicated in her honor in 1991.

Although we lost a great educator in the Arlington Independent School District and many in the Dalworth community lost a great neighbor, her

friends, the students that she taught, the parents, the faculty will always remember her passion and her belief in a brighter future for our youngest members of society.

ENFORCE THE LAW AGAINST SANCTUARY CITIES

(Mr. LAMALFA asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. LAMALFA. Mr. Speaker, today I rise in favor of H.R. 3009, Enforce the Law Against Sanctuary Cities Act.

Why does it take tragedy after tragedy before this Congress and America gets behind the idea that we don't have to have more tragedies like Kate Steinle in San Francisco or one that almost may be forgotten about, Jamiel Shaw, Jr., in southern California some years ago, all at the hands of illegal immigrants that should not be here, should be deported? Why do we keep doing this?

Indeed, sanctuary cities not only don't enforce the law, they intentionally cause people to be in harm's way because they are not enforcing the law. Denying funding to them is one strong message to sanctuary cities, over 300 of them now in the United States, that they are doing the wrong thing and needlessly endangering or losing the lives of Kate Steinle to illegal immigrants that are here causing this crime.

Mr. Speaker, I urge passage of H.R. 3009, and for the Senate to timely take it up and pass it as well.

□ 1015

SANCTUARY CITIES

(Mr. CÁRDENAS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. CÁRDENAS. Mr. Speaker, watching the news lately, it is nothing but Donald Trump and his baseless rhetoric. He has attacked a war hero, but first attacked an entire country of people. Donald Trump is trying to get into the White House, but it looks like he has already infiltrated Congress.

This bill on the floor of this House today has Donald Trump written all over it. This Donald Trump bill treats people like criminals who haven't even been arrested yet.

Congress doesn't need to tell our local police and sheriffs how to keep us safe. Decades of research shows that this kind of bill will only make our neighborhoods less safe.

The safety of our families should not be a pawn to please Donald Trump. Republicans should work to fix our broken immigration system that will make our neighborhoods safer and supercharge our economy.

I stand with the Major County Sheriffs' Association and the Fraternal Order of Police and oppose this bill.

HIGHWAY TRUST FUND REFORM ACT

(Ms. FOXX asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. FOXX. Mr. Speaker, last week the House passed legislation that would fund the Nation's highway and transit programs through December 18.

Transportation and infrastructure are key components of economic development efforts in North Carolina, and this fiscally responsible bill keeps important road and bridge projects going in the short term while discussions continue on a longer term bill.

Earlier this year I introduced legislation to help the Federal Government responsibly manage taxpayer money and stretch the limited funds available to the highway trust fund by exempting it from the Davis-Bacon Act's outdated, wasteful labor requirements for Federal-aid highway and public transportation projects.

The Davis-Bacon Act was passed in 1931 and requires Federal contractors and subcontractors to pay the local prevailing wage for construction projects on which the Federal Government is a party.

For decades, it has been driving up the cost of Federal highway projects by mandating artificially high wages. It is time to get America back on track by spending wisely, not carelessly.

VOTING RIGHTS ACT

(Ms. JACKSON LEE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. JACKSON LEE. Mr. Speaker, on August 6, just a few days from now, America will have the privilege of celebrating the 50th anniversary of the 1965 Voting Rights Act, with the sadness to know that that Voting Rights Act has been gutted by the United States Supreme Court with instructions for this Congress to respond to the rights of Americans to vote.

I am very proud of the words that Justice Ginsburg said: It is common sense that, if polio is on the demise, why get rid of the polio vaccination.

Voting prohibitions and prohibiting people from voting has decreased over the decades, but it has because of the Voting Rights Act. Frankly, we are doing a great disservice.

When there are rebel flags being flown to show racial divide or monuments that represent very dire comments about those who are slaves, it looks as if this Congress could bring a voting rights legislation to be voted on for all Americans to be able to vote.

What a sad state of affairs when we cannot have a real vote on the floor of the House to reauthorize the Voting Rights Act, which many of us have worked on even from the last Congress.

I finally conclude by saying on this floor will be a bill dealing with what we call sanctuary cities, taking advan-

tage of an enormous tragedy of which I offer my deepest sympathy.

The National League of Cities, the Fraternal Order of Police, and the national Major County Sheriffs' Association are saying that the bill dealing with sanctuary cities is misguided.

It penalizes law enforcement, and it doesn't allow the common sense that should have been issued in San Francisco, pick up the phone and communicate.

I think we should do the right kind of law in this body, not laws that will undermine the very principles of democracy, equality, and justice.

Pass a Voting Rights Act now.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Clerk of the House of Representatives:

OFFICE OF THE CLERK,
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, DC, July 23, 2015.

Hon. JOHN A. BOEHNER,
Speaker, House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: Pursuant to the permission granted in Clause 2(h) of Rule II of the Rules of the U.S. House of Representatives, the Clerk received the following message from the Secretary of the Senate on July 23, 2015 at 9:32 a.m.:

That the Senate passed S. 1599.
With best wishes, I am

Sincerely,

KAREN L. HAAS.

PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 3009, ENFORCE THE LAW FOR SANCTUARY CITIES ACT

Mr. COLLINS of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, by direction of the Committee on Rules, I call up House Resolution 370 and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the resolution, as follows:

H. RES. 370

Resolved, That upon adoption of this resolution it shall be in order to consider in the House the bill (H.R. 3009) to amend section 241(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act to deny assistance under such section to a State or political subdivision of a State that prohibits its officials from taking certain actions with respect to immigration. All points of order against consideration of the bill are waived. The bill shall be considered as read. All points of order against provisions in the bill are waived. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the bill and on any amendment thereto to final passage without intervening motion except: (1) one hour of debate equally divided and controlled by the chair and ranking minority member of the Committee on the Judiciary; and (2) one motion to recommit.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from Georgia is recognized for 1 hour.

Mr. COLLINS of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, for the purpose of debate only, I yield the customary 30 minutes to the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. POLIS), pending which I yield myself such time