

Smith (MO)	Turner	Westmoreland	Mulvaney	Rogers (AL)	Thornberry	Schock	Smith (WA)	Walker
Smith (NE)	Upton	Whitfield	Murphy (PA)	Rogers (KY)	Tiberi	Scott, Austin	Van Hollen	Young (IN)
Smith (NJ)	Valadao	Williams	Neugebauer	Rohrabacher	Tipton			
Smith (TX)	Wagner	Wilson (SC)	Newhouse	Rokita	Trott			
Stefanik	Walberg	Wittman	Noem	Rooney (FL)	Turner			
Stewart	Walden	Womack	Nugent	Ros-Lehtinen	Upton			
Stivers	Walker	Woodall	Nunes	Ross	Valadao			
Stutzman	Walorski	Yoder	Olson	Rothfus	Wagner			
Thompson (PA)	Walters, Mimi	Yoho	Palazzo	Rouzer	Walberg			
Thornberry	Weber (TX)	Young (AK)	Palmer	Royce	Walden			
Tiberi	Webster (FL)	Young (IA)	Paulsen	Russell	Walorski			
Tipton	Wenstrup	Zeldin	Pearce	Ryan (WI)	Walters, Mimi			
Trott	Westerman	Zinke	Perry	Salmon	Weber (TX)			
NOT VOTING—12								
Castor (FL)	Kaptur	Schock	Pitts	Scalise	Webster (FL)			
Fudge	Payne	Scott, Austin	Poe (TX)	Schweikert	Wenstrup			
Graves (MO)	Roskam	Smith (WA)	Poliquin	Sensenbrenner	Westerman			
Hinojosa	Sanchez, Loretta	Young (IN)	Pompeo	Sessions	Westmoreland			

□ 1432

So the motion to recommit was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Mr. SMITH of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 241, noes 175, not voting 16, as follows:

[Roll No. 125]

AYES—241

Abraham	Denham	Hurd (TX)	Frankel (FL)	Murphy (FL)				
Aderholt	Dent	Hurt (VA)	Aguilar	Gabbard	Nadler			
Allen	DeSantis	Issa	Bass	Gallego	Napolitano			
Amash	DesJarlais	Jenkins (KS)	Beatty	Garamendi	Neal			
Amodei	Diaz-Balart	Jenkins (WV)	Becerra	Gibson	Nolan			
Ashford	Dold	Johnson (OH)	Bera	Graham	Norcross			
Babin	Duffy	Johnson, Sam	Beyer	Grayson	O'Rourke			
Barletta	Duncan (SC)	Jolly	Bishop (GA)	Green, Al	Pallone			
Barr	Duncan (TN)	Jones	Blumenauer	Green, Gene	Pelosi			
Barton	Ellmers (NC)	Jordan	Bonamici	Grijalva	Perlmutter			
Benishek	Emmer (MN)	Joyce	Boyle, Brendan	Gutiérrez	Pingree			
Bilirakis	Farenthold	Katko	F.	Hahn	Pocan			
Bishop (MI)	Fincher	Kelly (PA)	Brady (PA)	Hastings	Polis			
Bishop (UT)	Fitzpatrick	King (IA)	Brown (FL)	Heck (WA)	Price (NC)			
Black	Fleischmann	King (NY)	Brownley (CA)	Higgins	Quigley			
Blackburn	Fleming	Kinzinger (IL)	Bustos	Honda	Rangel			
Blum	Flores	Kline	Butterfield	Hoyer	Rice (NY)			
Bost	Forbes	Knight	Capps	Huffman	Richmond			
Boustany	Fortenberry	Labrador	Castro (TX)	Israel	Roybal-Allard			
Brady (TX)	Fox	LaMalfa	Castro (FL)	Jackson Lee	Ruiz			
Brat	Franks (AZ)	Lamborn	Chu, Judy	Jeffries	Ruppersberger			
Bridenstine	Frelinghuysen	Lance	Cicilline	Johnson (GA)	Rush			
Brooks (AL)	Garrett	Latta	Clark (MA)	Johnson, E. B.	Ryan (OH)			
Brooks (IN)	Gibbs	LoBiondo	Clarke (NY)	Keating	Sánchez, Linda			
Buchanan	Gohmert	Long	Clay	Kelly (IL)	T.			
Buck	Goodlatte	Loudermilk	Cleaver	Kennedy	Sarbanes			
Bucshon	Gosar	Love	Crowley	Kildee	Skakowsky			
Burgess	Gowdy	Lucas	Cummings	Kilmers	Schiff			
Byrne	Granger	Luetkemeyer	Davis (CA)	Kind	Schrader			
Calvert	Graves (GA)	Lummis	DeBene	Kirkpatrick	Scott (VA)			
Carter (GA)	Graves (LA)	MacArthur	Davis, Danny	Lipinski	Scott, David			
Carter (TX)	Griffith	MacArthur	DeFazio	Lofgren	Serrano			
Chabot	Grothman	Marchant	DeGette	Lowenthal	Sewell (AL)			
Chaffetz	Guinta	Marino	Dingell	Lowe	Larson (CT)			
Clawson (FL)	Guthrie	Massie	Doggett	Lujan Grisham	Lawrence			
Coffman	Hanna	McCarthy	Doyle, Michael	DeLauro	Lee			
Cole	Hardy	McCaull	F.	DeSaulnier	Levin			
Collins (GA)	Harper	McClintock	Duckworth	DeSaulnier	Lewis			
Collins (NY)	Harris	McHenry	Edwards	Deutch	Lieu, Ted			
Comstock	Hartzler	McKinley	Ellison	Dingell	Lipinski			
Conaway	Heck (NV)	McMorris	Engel	Dockweiler	Lipinski			
Cook	Hensarling	Rodgers	Eshoo	Doyle, Michael	Luján, Ben Ray			
Costa	Herrera Beutler	McSally	Esty	Farr	(NM)			
Costello (PA)	Hice, Jody B.	Meadows	Farr	Fattah	Malone, Sean			
Cramer	Hill	Messer	Farr	Foster	Matsui			
Crawford	Holding	Mica	Farr	Foster	McCullum			
Crenshaw	Hudson	Miller (FL)	Farr	Foster	McDermott			
Cuellar	Huelskamp	Miller (MI)	Farr	Foster	McGovern			
Culberson	Huizenga (MI)	Moolenaar	Farr	Foster	McNerney			
Curbelo (FL)	Hultgren	Mooney (WV)	Farr	Foster	Waterson, Maxine			
Davis, Rodney	Hunter	Mullin	Farr	Foster	Watson Coleman			

NOT VOTING—16

Schock

Smith (WA)

Scott, Austin

Van Hollen

Young (IN)

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). There are 2 minutes remaining.

□ 1439

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Mr. WALKER. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 125 I was unavoidably detained. Had I been present, I would have voted "yes."

Stated against:

Mr. VAN HOLLEN. Mr. Speaker, on March 18, 2015, I was unavoidably detained and missed one vote. Had I been present, I would have voted "no" on rollcall No. 125.

Mr. HIMES. Mr. Speaker, I was unable to be present to cast my vote on passage of H.R. 1030—The Secret Science Reform Act. I wish the record to reflect my intentions had I been able to vote. Had I been present for rollcall No. 125, I would have voted "no."

HOUR OF MEETING ON TOMORROW

Mr. COLLINS of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that when the House adjourns today, it adjourn to meet at 9 a.m. tomorrow.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Georgia?

There was no objection.

NATIONAL AGRICULTURE DAY

(Mr. NEWHOUSE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. NEWHOUSE. Mr. Speaker, as a third-generation farmer from Washington State, I am amazed by the level of progress our Nation's agricultural community has made, even in just my lifetime. It is because of this great progress that today we celebrate March 18 as National Agriculture Day.

Few people realize that during the 1960s the average American farmer fed 25 people. Today it is 144 people. The difference is that today our farmers are growing more disease- and pest-resistant crops that require less water and pesticides and better conserve our natural resources. Advancements in technology and technique have allowed our farmers to continue the long-held tradition of caring for the land they use and the people they grow for.

On National Agriculture Day, please join me in recognizing our farming community and the essential role they continue to fill in feeding our Nation and the world.

PAYING TRIBUTE TO DR. WILLIAM E. "BRIT" KIRWAN UPON HIS RETIREMENT AS CHANCELLOR OF THE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM OF MARYLAND

(Mr. HOYER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1

minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. HOYER. Mr. Speaker, I rise to pay tribute to one of our Nation's greatest higher education leaders and a great advocate for accessible quality higher education. He is a dear friend and a colleague of mine for the last 40 years.

On June 30, Dr. William E. "Brit" Kirwan will retire after 12 years as chancellor of the University System of Maryland. Under his leadership, the University System has transformed from being a national leader in public higher education into a national model in several areas; these include campus diversity, academic innovation, and efforts to close the achievement gap.

There is, of course, a lot I could say, Mr. Speaker, to my colleagues about Dr. Kirwan's distinguished career and commitment to improving higher education across the country.

Mr. Speaker, on June 30, Dr. William E. "Brit" Kirwan, who has served as chancellor of the University System of Maryland (USM) for more than twelve years, will retire after a career dedicated to advancing higher education.

Dr. Kirwan has left his mark on academia and the State of Maryland in a way few others have. After a quarter-century as an educator and administrator at the University of Maryland, he was President of the University of Maryland, College Park, before serving as President of The Ohio State University. Later, he returned to Maryland to assume the position of USM Chancellor. Common threads throughout his fifty-one-year career in public higher education include an unwavering commitment to affordability, a passion for excellence, and a drive to increase access, especially for underrepresented minorities and low-income students.

Mr. Speaker, Dr. Kirwan's leadership has helped move the USM from a national leader in public higher education to a national model in several areas. The USM's groundbreaking Effectiveness and Efficiency (E&E) initiative—a reengineering of administrative and academic processes to cut costs and improve quality—has been profiled in national publications and specifically cited by President Obama. The "Closing the Achievement Gap" Initiative, which USM launched in 2007, targets the gap in college participation, retention, and graduation rates between low-income students, first-generation college students, and underrepresented minorities, on one hand, and the general student population on the other. With this enhanced focus, these gaps in diversity have been narrowed—and even eliminated—on some USM campuses.

As President of the University of Maryland, College Park, Dr. Kirwan helped make that institution one of the most diverse public research universities in the United States. As President of The Ohio State University, he made diversity a centerpiece of the University's Academic Plan. When he left Ohio State in 2002, the University added his name to its interdisciplinary research institute dedicated to understanding racial and ethnic disparities worldwide, now known as the Kirwan Institute for the Study of Race and Ethnicity.

Dr. Kirwan's effort to establish a productive working relationship with Maryland's elected officials is another testament to his leadership. By aligning higher education goals with state priorities, the USM has ushered in an era of academic and research excellence, targeted workforce development, greater economic impact, and improved affordability. In fact, the average tuition for undergraduate in-state students at USM institutions, once the nation's seventh highest, has now dropped to twenty-sixth.

With the launch of its Course Redesign Initiative in 2006, the USM became the first university system in the nation to use innovative new technology to redesign entire courses. To facilitate academic transformation and excellence even further, in 2012 the USM established the Center for Academic Innovation (CAI) to develop, apply, and evaluate more ways to deliver high-quality courses optimizing technology and other resources system-wide. Today the USM is recognized as a national leader in the burgeoning academic innovation movement.

Mr. Speaker, Dr. Kirwan's impact has also been felt beyond Maryland's borders. He currently serves or has served as Co-Chair of the Knight Commission on Intercollegiate Athletics; Chair of the College Board's Commission on Access, Admissions, and Success in Higher Education; a member of the Business-Higher Education Forum, and Chair of the National Research Council Board of Higher Education and the Workforce. Dr. Kirwan has also been called upon by U.S. Presidents from both parties to advise on national higher education efforts. His impact on higher education has been honored with two of the most prestigious awards in the field: the TIAA-CREF Theodore M. Hesburgh Award for Leadership (2010) and the Carnegie Corporation Leadership Award (2009).

Under Dr. Kirwan's leadership the USM has flourished, and his lifetime of achievement and service will be celebrated on April 18 at a special retirement gala that will raise endowment funds for the Center for Academic Innovation, which promises to continue exploring the themes of access, affordability, and excellence in higher education that have been hallmarks of his career.

I hope my colleagues in the House will join me in thanking Dr. Kirwan for fifty-one years of service to higher education in our country and congratulating him on his retirement.

□ 1445

WOMEN'S HISTORY MONTH

(Ms. FOXX asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. FOXX. Mr. Speaker, March is Women's History Month, which honors and celebrates the struggles and achievements of American women throughout the history of the United States.

Since 1917, when Republican Representative Jeannette Rankin of Montana became the first woman to serve in Congress, 313 women have served as U.S. Representatives, Senators, or Delegates.

In 2014, the American people made history by electing a record number of women to Congress. In January, 12 new women were sworn in to the House of Representatives, joining 72 incumbents who won reelection. The number of women serving in the Senate has reached 20, and four of the five non-voting Delegates are women.

These women with rich perspectives and a commitment to good ideas and teamwork are changing the way Wash-

ington does business. The women of the 114th Congress are shaping our Nation, and it is an opportunity and responsibility that we take seriously.

HONORING NATIONAL WOMEN'S HISTORY MONTH AND MAYOR JEAN STOTHERT

(Mr. ASHFORD asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. ASHFORD. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in observation of National Women's History Month. During this time, it is important to celebrate the achievements and contributions of women in our great Nation.

I am proud to recognize my friend, Mayor Jean Stothert, the 51st mayor of the great city of Omaha, Nebraska, and the first woman elected to this office.

In 1993, Mr. Speaker, Ms. Stothert moved to Nebraska, quickly embracing her new home. Her advocacy garnered an appointment to the Millard school board, a position to which she was re-elected three times.

Expanding her passion for service, she sought and won election to the Omaha City Council in 2009. With a strong work ethic and ambition, Mayor Stothert was elected mayor of the city of Omaha on May 14, 2013.

An illustration by our very famous editorial cartoonist Jeff Koterba of the Omaha World-Herald portrays Mayor Stothert breaking the proverbial glass ceiling in Omaha.

Good for her—she represents a phalanx of women in Omaha who are taking leadership positions in our community and in our State.

WATERS OF THE UNITED STATES

(Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, yesterday, the House Agriculture Subcommittee on Conservation, Energy, and Forestry, which I chair, held a hearing to review the definition of the "waters of the United States" proposed rule and its impact on rural America.

Enacted in 1972, the Clean Water Act established a Federal-State partnership to protect our Nation's navigable waterways; however, despite strong opposition from Congress and the public, the Obama administration has taken upon itself to redefine the Clean Water Act's jurisdictional waters. The EPA's proposed rule could have serious consequences for rural America and the Nation's economy.

Yesterday, members of the House Committee on Agriculture asserted that the administration has acted on its own, without input from the States and stakeholders, to broaden the scope of the Clean Water Act, threatening the livelihood of farmers, ranchers, and rural America.

It is my hope that yesterday's hearing will spur the administration to pull