

Article 1, Section 8

By Mr. ROSKAM:
H.R. 1104.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18, which states that "The Congress shall have Power To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by the Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof."

By Mr. BRADY of Texas:

H.R. 1105.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution, which gives Congress the authority "to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises . . ."

By Mrs. BLACKBURN:

H.R. 1106.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Pursuant to the necessary and proper clause of Article I, Section 8.

By Mr. GOSAR:

H.R. 1107.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This legislation is constitutionally appropriate pursuant to Article 1, Section 8, Clause 1 (the Spending Clause). The Supreme Court, in *South Dakota v. Dole* (1987), reasoned that conditions and limitations on funds were constitutional and within the power of Congress under the Spending Clause.

Article 1 Section 8 Clause 3 (Commerce Clause) If the matter in question is not a purely local matter (intra-state) or if it has an impact on inter-state commerce, it falls within Congress' power to "regulate commerce among the several states."

Article 1 Section 8 Clause 18 (the Necessary and Proper Clause) which grants Congress the power to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this Constitution of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof."

By Ms. TITUS:

H.R. 1108.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 1 of Section 8 of Article I of the United States Constitution.

By Mrs. MIMI WALTERS of California:

H.R. 1109.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

the Spending Clause in Article I, Section 8, of the Constitution.

By Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ:

H.R. 1110.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Constitutional authority on which this bill rests is the power of the Congress to provide for the general welfare of the United States, as enumerated in Article 1, Section 8, Clause 1 of the United States Constitution, and to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution such power as enumerated in Article 1, Section 8, Clause 18 of the Constitution.

By Ms. LEE:

H.R. 1111.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I of the United States Constitution and its subsequent amendments, and further clarified and interpreted by the Supreme Court of the United States.

By Mr. McGOVERN:

H.R. 1112.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18

By Mr. BARR:

H.R. 1113.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3: "The Congress shall have power . . . To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes."

By Mr. ABRAHAM:

H.R. 1114.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Mrs. BEATTY:

H.R. 1115.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 of the Constitution.

By Mr. BILIRAKIS:

H.R. 1116.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3

By Ms. CASTOR of Florida:

H.R. 1117.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 1 of the United States Constitution

By Mr. CICILLINE:

H.R. 1118.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8.

By Mrs. COMSTOCK:

H.R. 1119.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3:

The Congress shall have power to regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states, and with Indian tribes.

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18:

The Congress shall have power to make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. DUNCAN of Tennessee:

H.R. 1120.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution.

By Ms. EDWARDS:

H.R. 1121.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section I.

All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

By Mr. FITZPATRICK:

H.R. 1122.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. FOSTER:

H.R. 1123.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8: The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;

By Mr. AL GREEN of Texas:

H.R. 1124.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 of the U.S. Constitution

By Mr. HANNA:

H.R. 1125.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to Clause 1 of Section 8 of Article 1 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. KING of New York:

H.R. 1126.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 6

The Congress shall have Power . . . To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mrs. KIRKPATRICK:

H.R. 1127.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department thereof.

By Mrs. KIRKPATRICK:

H.R. 1128.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department thereof.

By Mrs. KIRKPATRICK:

H.R. 1129.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department thereof.

By Mr. MARINO:

H.R. 1130.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8: "To Make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States or in any Department or Officer thereof."

By Mr. McDERMOTT:

H.R. 1131.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8.

By Mr. McNERNEY:

H.R. 1132.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 7

By Mr. MILLER of Florida:

H.R. 1133.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1. Section 8.

By Mr. MILLER of Florida:

H.R. 1134.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Mrs. MILLER of Michigan:

H.R. 1135.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, section 8 of the Constitution of the United States.

By Mr. PEARCE:

H.R. 1136.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the United States Constitution

By Mr. RICE of South Carolina:

H.R. 1137.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clauses 18: To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. SIMPSON:

H.R. 1138.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

"The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article I, section 8 of the United States Constitution, specifically clause 1 (relating to providing for the general welfare of the United States) and clause 18 (relating to the power to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying out the powers vested in Congress), and Article IV, section 3, clause 2 (relating to the power of Congress to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States)."

By Ms. SPEIER:

H.R. 1139.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Ms. SPEIER:

H.R. 1140.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. TAKANO:

H.R. 1141.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the Constitution of the United States.

By Mr. TIBERI:

H.R. 1142.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 7 and Article 1, Section 8

By Mr. TURNER:

H.R. 1143.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the Constitution of the United States

The Congress shall have Power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.

By Mr. TURNER:

H.R. 1144.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The 14th Amendment, Section 5; Article I, Section 8, Clauses 3 and 18 of the Constitution of the United States.

By Mr. WELCH:

H.R. 1145.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. GUTIÉRREZ:

H.R. 1146.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 4 and Amendment I, Clause 3 of the Constitution.

By Mr. ROGERS of Kentucky:

H.J. Res. 35.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The principal constitutional authority for this legislation is clause 7 of section 9 of article I of the Constitution of the United States (the appropriation power), which states: "No Money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in Consequence of Appropriations made by Law . . ." In addition, clause 1 of section 8 of article I of the Constitution (the spending power) provides: "The Congress shall have the Power . . . to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States . . ." Together, these specific constitutional provisions establish the congressional power of the purse, granting Congress the authority to appropriate funds, to determine their purpose, amount, and period of availability, and to set forth terms and conditions governing their use.

By Ms. EDWARDS:

H.J. Res. 36.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Congress, whenever two thirds of both Houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose Amendments to this Constitution, or, on the Application of the Legislatures of two thirds of the several States, shall call a Convention for proposing Amendments, which, in either Case, shall be valid to all Intents and Purposes, as Part of this Constitution, when ratified by the Legislatures of three fourths of the several States or by Conventions in three fourths thereof, as the one or the other Mode of Ratification may be proposed by the Congress; Provided that no Amendment which may be made prior to the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any Manner affect the first and fourth Clauses in the Ninth Section of the first Article; and that no State, without its Consent, shall be deprived of its equal Suffrage in the Senate.

By Mr. RIBBLE:

H.J. Res. 37.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The principal constitutional authority for this legislation is clause 7 of section 9 of article I of the Constitution of the United States (the appropriation power), which states: "No Money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in Consequence of Appropriations made by Law . . ." In addition, clause 1 of section 8 of article I of the Constitution (the spending power) provides: "The Congress shall have the Power . . . to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States . . ." Together, these specific constitutional provisions establish the congressional power of the purse, granting Congress the authority to appropriate funds, to determine their purpose, amount, and period of availability, and to set forth terms and conditions governing their use.

ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions, as follows:

H.R. 27: Mr. JORDAN.

H.R. 48: Mr. CONYERS.

H.R. 91: Mr. COURTNEY.

H.R. 109: Mr. CARTER of Georgia.

H.R. 156: Mr. MCCLINTOCK.

H.R. 169: Mrs. MORRIS RODGERS.

H.R. 216: Mr. VAN HOLLEN.

H.R. 235: Mr. YARMUTH, Mr. COLLINS of New York, Mr. PRICE of North Carolina, Mr. LUCAS, Mr. KILMER, Mr. JORDAN, Mrs. BROOKS of Indiana, and Mr. HONDA.

H.R. 270: Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois.

H.R. 280: Mr. ROTHFUS.

H.R. 284: Mr. ADERHOLT and Mr. REED.

H.R. 303: Mr. SIMPSON, Ms. PINGREE, Ms. BORDALLO, Mr. FORTENBERRY, and Mr. BYRNE.

H.R. 313: Mr. GARAMENDI, Mr. LEVIN, Ms. JACKSON LEE, and Mr. SWALWELL of California.

H.R. 333: Mr. SCHOCK, Mr. RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. HECK of Washington, and Mr. WITTMAN.

H.R. 344: Mr. SWALWELL of California.

H.R. 358: Mr. RANGEL, Mr. TAKANO, Mr. DAVID SCOTT of Georgia, and Mr. PIERLUISI.

H.R. 379: Mr. YOUNG of Alaska, Mr. HANNA, Mr. BEN RAY LUJÁN of New Mexico, and Mr. RUSH.

H.R. 402: Mr. MURPHY of Pennsylvania.

H.R. 445: Mr. YOUNG of Indiana and Mr. LUETKEMEYER.

H.R. 461: Mr. CARTER of Georgia.

H.R. 473: Mr. ROTHFUS.

H.R. 508: Mr. TONKO.

H.R. 539: Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Ms. FUDGE, and Ms. CLARKE of New York.

H.R. 540: Ms. HERRERA BEUTLER.

H.R. 546: Mr. SMITH of Missouri and Mr. DENHAM.

H.R. 551: Mr. HONDA, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. DEFazio, and Ms. SLAUGHTER.

H.R. 556: Mr. FARENTHOLD.

H.R. 559: Mr. NORCROSS.

H.R. 585: Mr. JONES.

H.R. 590: Miss RICE of New York.

H.R. 592: Mr. MURPHY of Florida, Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio, and Mr. REED.

H.R. 604: Mr. GRAVES of Georgia.

H.R. 605: Mr. GRIFFITH.

H.R. 606: Mr. CARTWRIGHT.

H.R. 613: Mr. MCGOVERN.

H.R. 624: Mr. HULTGREN and Ms. NORTON.

H.R. 631: Mr. RIBBLE, Mr. LANGEVIN, Mr. MULLIN, Ms. LOFGREN, Ms. ESTY, Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio, Mr. GUTHRIE, Mr. YOUNG of Alaska, and Mr. RUSH.

H.R. 654: Mr. HARPER.

H.R. 662: Mr. ROTHFUS, Mr. JOYCE, Mr. TURNER, Mr. CARTER of Texas, and Mr. SCHWEIKERT.

H.R. 663: Mr. CARTWRIGHT.

H.R. 681: Ms. BONAMICI.

H.R. 685: Mr. DUFFY.

H.R. 699: Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio.

H.R. 700: Mr. SMITH of Washington.

H.R. 706: Mr. RANGEL and Mr. COHEN.

H.R. 717: Mr. VARGAS.

H.R. 721: Mr. BUCSHON, Mr. FLEISCHMANN, Mr. MEEHAN, Mr. MCKINLEY, Mr. FARENTHOLD, Mr. DENHAM, Mr. Pittenger, Mr. GRAVES of Missouri, Mr. HINOJOSA, Mr. DESJARLAIS, Mr. MURPHY of Pennsylvania, Mr. HUELSKAMP, Mr. JOYCE, Mr. BROOKS of Alabama, Mr. DUNCAN of South Carolina, Mr. JONES, Mr. Emmer of Minnesota, Mr. WHITFIELD, Mr. BARLETTA, Mr. ROTHFUS, Mr. YODER, Mr. HASTINGS, Mr. CRENSHAW, Mr. WOMACK, Mr. TIPTON, Mr. WEBSTER of Florida, Mr. MICHAEL F. DOYLE of Pennsylvania, Mrs. MILLER of Michigan, Mr. HECK of Washington, Mr. REED, and Mr. SESSIONS.

H.R. 722: Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio.

H.R. 723: Mr. REICHERT.

H.R. 749: Mr. HANNA, Ms. NORTON, Mr. BARLETTA, Ms. BROWN of Florida, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Ms. FRANKEL of Florida, Mrs. MIMI WALTERS of California, Mr. COSTELLO of Pennsylvania, and Mr. CURBELO of Florida.

H.R. 757: Mr. RIBBLE.

H.R. 781: Mr. TONKO.

H.R. 818: Mr. REED and Mr. WELCH.