

Motts Military Museum in Ohio. As a Colonel in the Ohio National Guard, I truly appreciate all that Warren has done to make the museum into what it is today.

In 1987, Groveport, Ohio native Warren Motts established the military museum in his family's residence in order to preserve the history of our armed forces. As new exhibits were added, the museum was later moved to a larger facility on nearly four acres of land.

After moving, the museum began receiving large donations from military families, which allowed for the acquisition of military vehicles, aircraft, and a World War II boat. In 2001, the museum had the funds to break ground on a new wing to add even more military artifacts. The new wing of the museum was completed in 2006 and items are still being added to this section of the museum.

Today, the Motts Military Museum has exhibits for the Revolutionary War, the Civil War, World War I, World War II, the Korean War, the Vietnam War, and Desert Storm. The museum also has some historical NASA artifacts, medals, and a POW exhibit.

It is a testament to Warren Motts' dedication that The Motts Military Museum has grown into an incredible facility for people all over Ohio to learn about the rich history of America's armed services. I thank Warren for all of his tremendous work in establishing this museum and ensuring it will continue to grow well into the future for our community and visitors to enjoy.

CONGRATULATING THE RAIN-  
WATER FAMILY AND THE CITY  
OF CARROLLTON FOR RAIN-  
WATER LANE

**HON. KENNY MARCHANT**

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Wednesday, July 8, 2015*

Mr. MARCHANT. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in recognition of the city of Carrollton, Texas, located in my Congressional district, for renaming Jamestown Lane to Rainwater Lane in commemoration of the Rainwater family, who have resided in the area since 1855. This change, proposed April 7th, was approved by the city council on May 5th, and put into effect May 6th.

The Rainwaters are one of the oldest families in Carrollton, having lived there for over 150 years. Carrollton has a history of honoring important residents and families with street names, and continues that tradition with Rainwater Lane. The Rainwaters even worked on the plot of land where Carrollton City Hall is currently placed. It is a long deserved honor to name a street after one of the great Carrollton families. The newly renamed Rainwater Lane is located behind Carrollton City Hall right in the heart of Carrollton. As Carrollton mayor Matthew Marchant said on the subject, "The Rainwater family is a very key part of the history of the city of Carrollton and your legacy continues, even through today."

Mr. Speaker, on behalf of the 24th Congressional District of Texas, I ask all my distinguished colleagues to join me in honoring the Rainwater family and the city of Carrollton on this commemoration.

PEARLAND ISD HIGH PRINCIPAL  
OF THE YEAR—DR. JENNIFER  
MORROW

**HON. PETE OLSON**

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Wednesday, July 8, 2015*

Mr. OLSON. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to congratulate Dr. Jennifer Morrow of Pearland's Turner College and Career High School for being named Pearland Independent School District's 2015 Elementary and Secondary Principal of the Year.

Dr. Morrow has been working as principal at Turner College and Career High School since 2012. She has helped create educational programs that allow students to earn associates degrees while becoming career certified. These higher learning programs fill an important role in ensuring our communities have well trained employees to meet specific industry needs. Dr. Morrow shows the innovation and leadership that is deserving of this prestigious award.

On behalf of the Twenty-Second Congressional District of Texas, congratulations again to Dr. Jennifer Morrow for being named Pearland ISD's Secondary Principal of the Year.

HONORING CARLI LLOYD OF  
DELTRAN

**HON. THOMAS MacARTHUR**

OF NEW JERSEY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Wednesday, July 8, 2015*

Mr. MACARTHUR. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to acknowledge the outstanding performance and ultimate victory of the United States Women's National Team during the FIFA Women's World Cup.

On July 5, 2015, the women representing the United States of America soared to victory over Japan in the final game of the Women's World Cup. I would like to recognize the entire team for representing our country with a sweeping and courageous win.

I would like to congratulate Carli Lloyd, who grew up in Delran, New Jersey, for a truly heroic performance and the ultimate representation of her hometown in New Jersey's third Congressional district. Ms. Lloyd's brilliant play in the Women's World Cup concluded with the first hat trick in WWC Final history. Not only did Ms. Lloyd win the Golden Ball Award, but she inspired our country with her passion, leadership and fearless execution that led the United States Women's National Team to become the first team to win three FIFA Women's World Cup titles.

Carli Lloyd continues to represent New Jersey's third Congressional District with honor and distinction and I am proud to represent her in Congress.

TRIBUTE TO PATRICK  
GULBRANSON

**HON. DAVID YOUNG**

OF IOWA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Wednesday, July 8, 2015*

Mr. YOUNG of Iowa. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to congratulate and recognize Patrick Gulbranson of Stuart, Iowa, as he has been named to Special Olympics Team USA and will represent the United States at the 2015 Special Olympics World Summer Games in Los Angeles, California.

The 2015 World Games, which will take place July 25th through August 2nd marks the 14th Special Olympics World Summer Games. Every two years, the world comes together for this event, a flagship event of the Special Olympics movement, which promotes equality, tolerance and acceptance through the power and joy of sport. This prominent world stage brings attention to the Special Olympics movement and the abilities of people with intellectual disabilities. Currently, more than 4.4 million Special Olympics athletes train and compete year-round in 170 nations across the globe.

Patrick is one among a 491-member delegation representing the United States in competition in 17 different sports. After earning a gold medal at the 2013 Special Olympics Iowa State Bowling Tournament, Patrick qualified to apply for his spot on Special Olympics Team USA bowling.

I commend Patrick for his dedication to the sport and I know that my colleagues in the United States Congress will join me in congratulating him for qualifying to represent the Special Olympics Team USA at this year's World Summer Games. It is an honor to serve Iowans like Patrick, and I wish him the best of luck at the 2015 Special Olympics World Summer Games and in all his future endeavors.

COMMEMORATING THE 45TH ANNI-  
VERSARY OF PRESIDENT RICH-  
ARD M. NIXON'S SPECIAL MES-  
SAGE TO CONGRESS ON INDIAN  
AFFAIRS

**HON. TOM COLE**

OF OKLAHOMA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Wednesday, July 8, 2015*

Mr. COLE. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to commemorate the 45th anniversary of President Richard M. Nixon's Special Message to Congress on Indian Affairs.

For nearly two hundred years, Federal Indian policy has veered from one failed policy to another. Past policies have included treaty-making, outright war and hostilities, land allotment, assimilation, and termination. On July 8, 1970, President Richard M. Nixon issued his Special Message to Congress on Indian Affairs. In the message, he acknowledged that the state of Federal Indian policy was wholly inadequate. President Nixon noted that the Indians were the most deprived group of Americans, ranking at the bottom of nearly every economic and social measurement. He related that, despite inconsistent and often hostile Federal treatment, the story of the American Indian was one of great struggle, but ultimately overcoming overwhelming challenges.

He highlighted the long history of cultural contributions to American society which have become part of the American experience and spirit. He also noted the "record of enormous contributions Indians have made to this country, its art and culture, its strength and spirit, its sense of history, and its sense of purpose."

The President's Special Message was of particular importance because it called on Congress to repudiate and repeal the termination policy expressed in House Concurrent Resolution 108, and instead he promoted a policy that would allow Indian tribes to become part of the American fabric and participate in their communities across this great nation, at every level.

The President's message represented a fundamental change to how the United States engages Indian tribal governments and their people, proclaiming "the time has come to break decisively with the past and to create the conditions for a new era in which the Indian future is determined by Indian acts and Indian decisions." Since then, the United States Indian policy has become one of Indian Self-Determination, without Termination.

Congress responded to the Nixon Administration's initiative in 1975, by passing the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act, paving the way for the enactment in 1988 of the Tribal Self-Governance Program. As a result of these enactments, Indian tribes currently manage and administer one-half of all programs and services offered by the Bureau of Indian Affairs and Indian Health Service.

In an effort to further develop a relationship of trust and confidence between the Federal government and Indian people, the President endorsed legislation to restore the Blue Lake lands to the Taos Pueblo Indians. Previously, the United States had appropriated the land for the purposes of creating a national forest. The Pueblo held the land sacred and necessary to express their religious faith. The message also proposed reforms to Indian education, encouraged investment, economic development and job creation in tribal communities, called for liberalizing land leases, and increasing support for Indian health.

Since then, Congress and the Executive Branch have collaborated to enact and implement statutes to improve Indian education, health, housing, sacred site protection, energy and economic development, and international trade and tourism. Every President since Nixon has embraced and implemented the policy of Indian Self-Determination. This policy is supported by the twin pillars of strong tribal governments and vigorous tribal economies, and continues to be the most successful Indian doctrine to date.

Mr. Speaker, I come before you now to commemorate President Richard M. Nixon's Special Message to Congress on Indian Affairs, affirm its support for the enduring truths contained therein, and call for the policy of Indian Self-Determination to be expanded and strengthened by this and future Congresses and Presidents.

# ONE MILLION CHILDREN FED

## HON. PETE OLSON

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Wednesday, July 8, 2015*

Mr. OLSON. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to congratulate Lunches of Love for serving its one millionth free lunch to the children of the Fort Bend County community.

Lunches of Love has been serving Fort Bend County since 2012 by providing nutritious lunches for children in need. On June 23, the organization handed out their millionth sack lunch and moved one step closer to ending childhood hunger. We are extremely proud of Lunches of Love's dedication to our children and are grateful for every volunteer who has helped them reach this milestone.

On behalf of the Twenty-Second Congressional District of Texas, thank you again to Lunches of Love for serving the children of Fort Bend County and helping to eradicate childhood hunger.

# HONORING THE ST. HELENA NATIVE SONS HALL

## HON. MIKE THOMPSON

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Wednesday, July 8, 2015*

Mr. THOMPSON of California. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the St. Helena chapter of Native Sons of the Golden West, Parlor 53, on the occasion of the 100th anniversary of its meeting hall.

First opened on June 25, 1915, the St. Helena Native Sons Hall has hosted events and gatherings of all kinds and served as a valuable meeting space for the local community. Concerts, funerals, weddings, and auctions have been held within its walls. Once an old dance hall, the building was moved to its current location on Spring Street in St. Helena in 1915. A century later, the hall remains a cornerstone of the St. Helena community.

Founded in 1875, the Native Sons of the Golden West is one of the oldest fraternal service organizations in California. The organization was initially established to preserve the state's early history, including the events of the Gold Rush. Today, the Native Sons serve as a charitable organization and work to purchase, rehabilitate, and restore monuments from California's pioneer days. Sutter's Fort, the Franciscan Missions, and the Monterey Custom House were all preserved thanks to efforts of the Native Sons of the Golden West.

Mr. Speaker, it is my distinct pleasure to recognize the St. Helena chapter of the Native Sons of the Golden West for the 100th anniversary of its hall, and for many years of dedication to the local community. I wish them all the best on this historical occasion, and look forward to another century of service and celebration.

# HONORING THE LIFE OF WILLIAM "BILL" ALFRED KINDRICKS

## HON. ZOE LOFGREN

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Wednesday, July 8, 2015*

Ms. LOFGREN. Mr. Speaker, I rise with my colleagues, Congressmembers ANNA ESHOO and MIKE HONDA, in memory of William "Bill" Alfred Kindricks, who passed away on June 8, 2015. Bill was a leader in our community both in his public work with San Francisco BART and Santa Clara Valley Transit Authority, and in his private life as an integral member of his church and mentor within the black community in Santa Clara County.

Bill Kindricks, born the youngest of four siblings on July 24, 1946, on the campus of Tuskegee University to Lewis and Salena Kindricks, grew up in Opelika, Alabama. He graduated from Alabama A&M University and the University of Virginia, Darden Graduate School of Business, and played professional football with the Cincinnati Bengals and Oakland Raiders.

For most of his life, Bill resided and was an active member of his community in San Jose. A devout man, Bill was baptized and attended church weekly throughout his life. During his career, Bill worked for General Motors and San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit (BART) and retired from the Santa Clara County Valley Transit Authority (VTA) after 23 years of dedicated service.

Until his passing, Bill was a nurturing, supportive leader and mentor in the 100 Black Men of America, Omega Psi Phi Fraternity, Inc., National Forum Black Public Administrators, Black Leadership Kitchen Cabinet of Santa Clara County, and NAACP, among others. As the President of the Silicon Valley Chapter of 100 Black Men of America, Bill contributed to the development of hundreds of young adults. Compassionate and generous with his time, Bill was always available to selflessly help those in need.

Bill was a genuinely good human being. He bettered the lives of others with his magnanimous presence and spirit. Many loved and respected Bill, and his passing is mourned and deeply felt among those whose lives he has touched. Together with my colleagues, I want to express my sincerest condolences to Bill's family and fellow church members. Our hearts are with them in this time of sorrow. Along with Bill's family, friends, former colleagues and our community, we will miss him. We have been lucky to have him.

# OUR UNCONSCIONABLE NATIONAL DEBT

## HON. MIKE COFFMAN

OF COLORADO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Wednesday, July 8, 2015*

Mr. COFFMAN. Mr. Speaker, on January 20, 2009, the day President Obama took office, the national debt was \$10,626,877,048,913.08.

Today, it is \$18,151,950,433,860.76. We've added \$7,525,073,384,947.68 to our debt in 6 years. This is over \$7.5 trillion in debt our nation, our economy, and our children could