SA 3696. Mr. REID proposed an amendment to amendment SA 3695 proposed by Mr. REID to the bill S. 2569, supra.

SA 3697. Mr. REID proposed an amendment to amendment SA 3696 proposed by Mr. REID to the amendment SA 3695 proposed by Mr. REID to the bill S. 2569, supra.

SA 3698. Mr. ENZI (for himself, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. ALEXANDER, Ms. HEITKAMP, Mr. PRYOR, Ms. LANDRIEU, Mr. REED, Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota, Ms. KLOBUCHAR, and Mr. CARDIN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2569, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3699. Mr. REID (for Mr. SCHATZ) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by Mr. Reid, of NV to the bill S. 2410, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2015 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 3691. Mr. BROWN (for himself and Mr. BLUNT) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2410, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2015 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle H of title X, add the following:

SEC. ___. PROGRAM TO SUPPORT ESTABLISHMENT OF CENTERS FOR DEFENSE MANUFACTURING INNOVATION.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish a program (referred to in this section as the ''Program'') for the purposes set forth in paragraph (2).

(2) PURPOSES OF PROGRAM.—The purposes of the Program are as follows:

(A) To improve measurably the competitiveness of United States manufacturing relating to national security and defense and to increase domestic production.

(B) To help the United States meet national security and emergency preparedness needs by minimizing the risk of dependence on foreign sources for critical components.

(C) To stimulate United States leadership in advanced defense manufacturing research, innovation, and technology that has a strong potential to generate substantial benefits to the United States that extend significantly beyond the direct return to participants in the Program.

(D) To facilitate the transition of innovative and transformative technologies into scalable, cost-effective, and high-performing manufacturing capabilities.

(E) To facilitate access by manufacturing enterprises to capital-intensive infrastructure, including high-performance computing, in order to improve the speed with which such enterprises commercialize new processes and technologies.

(F) To accelerate measurably the development of an advanced manufacturing workforce.

(G) To leverage non-Federal sources of support to promote a stable and sustainable business model without the need for long-term Federal funding.

(3) SUPPORT.—The Secretary shall carry out the purposes set forth in paragraph (2) by supporting the establishment of centers for defense manufacturing innovation.

(b) CENTERS FOR DEFENSE MANUFACTURING INNOVATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of the Program, a center for defense manufacturing innovation is a center that—

(A) has been established by a person or group of persons to address challenges in advanced defense manufacturing and to assist manufacturers in retaining or expanding industrial production and jobs in the United States;

(B) has a predominant focus on a manufacturing process, novel material, enabling technology, supply chain integration methodology, or another relevant aspect of advanced manufacturing, as determined by the Secretary, with the potential—

(i) to ensure domestic sources for critical defense material;

(ii) to maintain a qualitative technical military advantage;

(iii) to improve the competitiveness of United States manufacturing;

(iv) to accelerate non-Federal investment in advanced manufacturing production capacity in the United States;

(v) to increase measurably the non-Federal investment in advanced manufacturing research; and

(vi) to enable the commercial application of new technologies or industry-wide manufacturing processes; and

(C) includes active participation among representatives from multiple industrial entities, research universities, community colleges, and such other entities as the Secretary considers appropriate, which may include industry-led consortia, career and technical education schools, Federal laboratories, State, local, and tribal governments, businesses, educational institutions, and nonprofit organizations.

(2) ACTIVITIES.—Activities of a center for defense manufacturing innovation may include the following:

(A) Research, development, and demonstration projects, including proof-of-concept development and prototyping, to reduce the cost, time, and risk of commercializing new technologies and improvements in existing technologies, processes, products, and research and development of materials to solve pre-competitive industrial problems with economic or national security implications.

(B) Development and implementation of education and training courses, materials, and programs.

(C) Development of workforce recruitment programs and initiatives.

(D) Development of innovative methodologies and practices for supply chain integration and introduction of new technologies into supply chains.

(E) Development or updating of industry-led, shared-vision technology roadmaps for the development of technologies underpinning next-generation or transformational innovations.

(F) Outreach and engagement with small- and medium-sized manufacturing enterprises, in addition to large manufacturing enterprises.

(G) Coordinate with the Defense Production Act Committee to determine which technologies produced by the centers for defense manufacturing innovation warrant support for commercialization.

(H) Such other activities as the Secretary, in consultation with Federal departments and agencies whose missions contribute to or are affected by advanced defense manufacturing, considers consistent with the purposes described in subsection (a)(2).

(3) ADDITIONAL CENTERS FOR MANUFACTURING INNOVATION.—For purposes of the Program, the National Additive Manufacturing Innovation Institute and manufacturing centers formally recognized or under pending interagency review on the date of enactment of the this Act shall be considered centers for defense manufacturing innovation, but such centers shall not receive any preference for financial assistance under subsection (c) solely on the basis of being considered centers for defense manufacturing innovation under this paragraph.

(c) FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE TO ESTABLISH AND SUPPORT CENTERS FOR DEFENSE MANUFACTURING INNOVATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the Program, the Secretary of Defense shall award financial assistance to a person to assist the person in planning, establishing, or supporting a center for defense manufacturing innovation.

(2) APPLICATION.—A person seeking financial assistance under paragraph (1) shall submit to the Secretary an application therefor at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require. The application shall, at a minimum, describe the specific sources and amounts of non-Federal financial support for the center on the date financial assistance is sought, as well as the anticipated sources and amounts of non-Federal financial support during the period for which the center could be eligible for continued Federal financial assistance under this section.

(3) OPEN PROCESS.—In soliciting applications for financial assistance under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall ensure an open process that will allow for the consideration of all applications relevant to advanced defense manufacturing regardless of technology area.

(4) SELECTION.—

(A) COMPETITIVE, MERIT REVIEW.—In awarding financial assistance under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall use a competitive, merit review process that includes peer review by a diverse group of individuals with relevant expertise.

(B) PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT, TRANSPARENCY, AND ACCOUNTABILITY.—For each award of financial assistance under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall—

(i) make publicly available at the time of the award a description of the bases for the award, including an explanation of the relative merits of the winning applicant as compared to other applications received, if applicable; and

(ii) develop and implement metrics-based performance measures to assess the effectiveness of the activities funded.

(C) COLLABORATION.—In awarding financial assistance under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall collaborate with Federal departments and agencies whose missions contribute to or are affected by advanced defense manufacturing.

(D) CONSIDERATIONS.—In selecting a person who submitted an application under paragraph (2) for an award of financial assistance under paragraph (1) to plan, establish, or support a center for defense manufacturing innovation, the Secretary shall consider, at a minimum, the following:

(i) The potential of the center for defense manufacturing innovation to advance domestic manufacturing and the likelihood of economic impact in the predominant focus areas of the center for defense manufacturing innovation.

(ii) The commitment of continued financial support, advice, participation, and other contributions from non-Federal sources, to provide leverage and resources to promote a stable and sustainable business model without the need for long-term Federal funding.

(iii) Whether the financial support provided to the center from non-Federal sources

significantly outweighs the requested Federal financial assistance.

(iv) How the center will support core Department of Defense missions and address key technology priorities.

(v) How the center for defense manufacturing innovation will increase the non-Federal investment in advanced manufacturing research in the United States.

(vi) How the center for defense manufacturing innovation will engage with small- and medium-sized manufacturing enterprises, to improve the capacity of such enterprises to commercialize new processes and technologies.

(vii) How the center for defense manufacturing innovation will carry out educational and workforce activities to support the defense supply chian workforce in the United States.

(viii) Whether the predominant focus of the center for defense manufacturing innovation is a manufacturing process, novel material, enabling technology, supply chain integration methodology, or other relevant aspect of advanced manufacturing that has not already been commercialized, marketed, distributed, or sold by another entity.

(5) MATCHING FUNDS AND WEIGHTED PREFERENCES.—The total Federal financial assistance awarded to a person, including the financial assistance under paragraph (1), in a given year shall not exceed 50 percent of the total funding of the center in that year. The Secretary may give a weighted preference to applicants seeking less than the maximum amount of funding allowed under this paragraph.

(d) ADDITIONAL AUTHORITIES.—

(1) APPOINTMENT OF PERSONNEL AND CONTRACTS.—The Secretary may appoint such personnel and enter into such contracts, financial assistance agreements, and other agreements as the Secretary considers necessary or appropriate to carry out the Program, including support for research and development activities involving a center for defense manufacturing innovation.

(2) TRANSFER OF FUNDS.—The Secretary may transfer to other Federal agencies such sums as the Secretary considers necessary or appropriate to carry out the Program. No funds so transferred may be used to reimburse or otherwise pay for the costs of financial assistance incurred or commitments of financial assistance made prior to the date of enactment of the this Act.

(3) AUTHORITY OF OTHER AGENCIES.—In the event that the Secretary exercises the authority to transfer funds to another agency under paragraph (2), such agency may award and administer, under the same conditions and constraints applicable to the Secretary, all aspects of financial assistance awards under this section.

(4) USE OF RESOURCES.—In furtherance of the purposes of the Program, the Secretary may use, with the consent of a covered entity and with or without reimbursement, the land, services, equipment, personnel, and facilities of such covered entity.

(5) ACCEPTANCE OF RESOURCES.—In addition to amounts appropriated to carry out the Program, the Secretary may accept funds, services, equipment, personnel, and facilities from any covered entity to carry out the Program, subject to the same conditions and constraints otherwise applicable to the Secretary under this section.

(6) COVERED ENTITY.—For purposes of this subsection, a covered entity is any Federal department, Federal agency, instrumentality of the United States, State, local government, tribal government, Territory or possession of the United States, or of any political subdivision thereof, or international organization, or any public or private entity or individual.

(e) PATENTS.—Chapter 18 of title 35, United States Code, shall apply to any funding agreement (as defined in section 201 of that title) awarded to new or existing centers for defense manufacturing innovation.

(f) SUNSET.—The authority to provide financial assistance to plan for, establish, or support a center for defense manufacturing innovation under subsection (c) terminates effective December 31, 2015.

SA 3692. Ms. MIKULSKI submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2410, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2015 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title XXVI, add the following:

SEC. 2614. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2014 PROJECT.

The table in section 2604 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal year 2014 (division B of Public Law 113–66; 127 Stat. 1002) is amended in the item relating to Martin State Airport, Maryland, for construction of a CYBER/ISR Facility by striking ''$8,000,000'' in the amount column and inserting ''$12,900,000''.

SA 3693. Mr. REID proposed an amendment to the bill S. 2569, to provide an incentive for businesses to bring jobs back to America; as follows:

At the end, add the following:

This Act shall become effective 1 day after enactment.

SA 3694. Mr. REID proposed an amendment to amendment SA 3693 proposed by Mr. REID to the bill S. 2569, to provide an incentive for businesses to bring jobs back to America; as follows:

In the amendment, strike ''1 day'' and insert ''2 days''.

SA 3695. Mr. REID proposed an amendment to the bill S. 2569, to provide an incentive for businesses to bring jobs back to America; as follows:

At the end, add the following:

This Act shall become effective 3 days after enactment.

SA 3696. Mr. REID proposed an amendment to amendment SA 3695 proposed by Mr. REID to the bill S. 2569, to provide an incentive for businesses to bring jobs back to America; as follows:

In the amendment, strike ''3 days'' and insert ''4 days''.

SA 3697. Mr. REID proposed an amendment to amendment SA 3696 proposed by Mr. REID to the amendment SA 3695 proposed by Mr. REID to the bill S. 2569, to provide an incentive for businesses to bring jobs back to America; as follows:

In the amendment, strike ''4'' and insert ''5''.

SA 3698. Mr. ENZI (for himself, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. ALEXANDER, Ms. HEITKAMP, Mr. PRYOR, Ms. LANDRIEU, Mr. REED, Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota, Ms. KLOBUCHAR, and Mr. CARDIN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2569, to provide an incentive for businesses to bring jobs back to America; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

TITLE II—MARKETPLACE AND INTERNET TAX FAIRNESS ACT

SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the ''Marketplace and Internet Tax Fairness Act''.

Subtitle A—Marketplace Fairness

SEC. 211. AUTHORIZATION TO REQUIRE COLLECTION OF SALES AND USE TAXES.

(a) STREAMLINED SALES AND USE TAX AGREEMENT.—Each Member State under the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement is authorized to require all sellers not qualifying for the small seller exception described in subsection (c) to collect and remit sales and use taxes with respect to remote sales sourced to that Member State pursuant to the provisions of the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement, but only if any changes to the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement made after the date of the enactment of this Act are not in conflict with the minimum simplification requirements in subsection (b)(2). Subject to section 212(h), a State may exercise authority under this subtitle beginning 180 days after the State publishes notice of the State's intent to exercise the authority under this subtitle.

(b) ALTERNATIVE.—A State that is not a Member State under the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement is authorized notwithstanding any other provision of law to require all sellers not qualifying for the small seller exception described in subsection (c) to collect and remit sales and use taxes with respect to remote sales sourced to that State, but only if the State adopts and implements the minimum simplification requirements in paragraph (2). Subject to section 212(h), such authority shall commence beginning no earlier than the first day of the calendar quarter that is at least 6 months after the date that the State—

(1) enacts legislation to exercise the authority granted by this subtitle—

(A) specifying the tax or taxes to which such authority and the minimum simplification requirements in paragraph (2) shall apply; and

(B) specifying the products and services otherwise subject to the tax or taxes identified by the State under subparagraph (A) to which the authority of this subtitle shall not apply; and

(2) implements each of the following minimum simplification requirements:

(A) Provide, with respect to all remote sales sourced to the State—

(i) a single entity within the State responsible for all State and local sales and use tax administration, return processing, and audits;

(ii) a single audit of a remote seller for all State and local taxing jurisdictions within that State; and

(iii) a single sales and use tax return to be used by remote sellers to be filed with the single entity responsible for tax administration.

A State may not require a remote seller to file sales and use tax returns any more frequently than returns are required for nonremote sellers or impose requirements on remote sellers that the State does not impose

on nonremote sellers with respect to the collection of sales and use taxes under this subtitle. No local jurisdiction may require a remote seller to submit a sales and use tax return or to collect sales and use taxes other than as provided by this paragraph.

(B) Provide a uniform sales and use tax base among the State and the local taxing jurisdictions within the State with respect to products and services to which paragraph (1)(B) does not apply.

(C) Source all remote sales in compliance with the sourcing definition set forth in section 213(7).

(D)(i) Make publicly available information indicating the taxability of products and services along with any product and service exemptions from sales and use tax in the State and a rates and boundary database.

(ii) Provide software free of charge for remote sellers that calculates sales and use taxes due on each transaction at the time the transaction is completed, that files sales and use tax returns, and that is updated to reflect any rate changes and any changes to the products and services specified under paragraph (1)(B), as described in subparagraph (H); and

(iii) Establish certification procedures for persons to be approved as certified software providers, with any software provided by such providers to be capable of calculating and filing sales and use taxes in all States qualified under this subtitle.

(E) Relieve remote sellers from liability to the State or locality for the incorrect collection, remittance, or noncollection of sales and use taxes, including any penalties or interest, if the liability is the result of an error or omission made by a certified software provider.

(F) Relieve certified software providers from liability to the State or locality for the incorrect collection, remittance, or noncollection of sales and use taxes, including any penalties or interest, if the liability is the result of misleading or inaccurate information provided by a remote seller.

(G) Relieve remote sellers and certified software providers from liability to the State or locality for incorrect collection, remittance, or noncollection of sales and use taxes, including any penalties or interest, if the liability is the result of incorrect information or software provided by the State.

(H) Provide remote sellers and certified software providers with 90 days notice of any rate change or any change to the products and services specified under paragraph (1)(B) by the State or any locality in the State and update the information described in subparagraph (D)(i) accordingly and relieve any remote seller or certified software provider from liability for collecting sales and use taxes at the immediately preceding effective rate during the 90-day notice period if the required notice is not provided.

(c) SMALL SELLER EXCEPTION.—A State is authorized to require a remote seller to collect sales and use taxes under this subtitle only if the remote seller has gross annual receipts in total remote sales in the United States in the preceding calendar year exceeding $1,000,000. For purposes of determining whether the threshold in this section is met, the gross annual receipts from remote sales of 2 or more persons shall be aggregated if—

(1) such persons are related to the remote seller within the meaning of subsections (b) and (c) of section 267 or section 707(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986; or

(2) such persons have 1 or more ownership relationships and such relationships were designed with a principal purpose of avoiding the application of these rules.

SEC. 212. LIMITATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this subtitle shall be construed as—

(1) subjecting a seller or any other person to franchise, income, occupation, or any other type of taxes, other than sales and use taxes;

(2) affecting the application of such taxes; or

(3) enlarging or reducing State authority to impose such taxes.

(b) NO EFFECT ON NEXUS.—This subtitle shall not be construed to create any nexus or alter the standards for determining nexus between a person and a State or locality.

(c) NO EFFECT ON SELLER CHOICE.—Nothing in this subtitle shall be construed to deny the ability of a remote seller to deploy and utilize a certified software provider of the seller's choice.

(d) LICENSING AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS.—Nothing in this subtitle shall be construed as permitting or prohibiting a State from—

(1) licensing or regulating any person;

(2) requiring any person to qualify to transact intrastate business;

(3) subjecting any person to State or local taxes not related to the sale of products or services; or

(4) exercising authority over matters of interstate commerce.

(e) NO NEW TAXES.—Nothing in this subtitle shall be construed as encouraging a State to impose sales and use taxes on any products or services not subject to taxation prior to the date of the enactment of this Act.

(f) NO EFFECT ON INTRASTATE SALES.—The provisions of this subtitle shall apply only to remote sales and shall not apply to intrastate sales or intrastate sourcing rules. States granted authority under section 211(a) shall comply with all intrastate provisions of the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement.

(g) NO EFFECT ON MOBILE TELECOMMUNICATIONS SOURCING ACT.—Nothing in this subtitle shall be construed as altering in any manner or preempting the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act (4 U.S.C. 116–126).

(h) LIMITATION ON INITIAL COLLECTION OF SALES AND USE TAXES FROM REMOTE SALES.—A State may not begin to exercise the authority under this subtitle—

(1) before the date that is 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act; and

(2) during the period beginning October 1 and ending on December 31 of the first calendar year beginning after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 213. DEFINITIONS AND SPECIAL RULES.

In this subtitle:

(1) CERTIFIED SOFTWARE PROVIDER.—The term ''certified software provider'' means a person that—

(A) provides software to remote sellers to facilitate State and local sales and use tax compliance pursuant to section 211(b)(2)(D)(ii); and

(B) is certified by a State to so provide such software.

(2) LOCALITY; LOCAL.—The terms ''locality'' and ''local'' refer to any political subdivision of a State.

(3) MEMBER STATE.—The term ''Member State''—

(A) means a Member State as that term is used under the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement as in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act; and

(B) does not include any associate member under the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement.

(4) PERSON.—The term ''person'' means an individual, trust, estate, fiduciary, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or other legal entity, and a State or local government.

(5) REMOTE SALE.—The term ''remote sale'' means a sale into a State, as determined under the sourcing rules under paragraph (7), in which the seller would not legally be required to pay, collect, or remit State or local sales and use taxes unless provided by this subtitle.

(6) REMOTE SELLER.—The term ''remote seller'' means a person that makes remote sales in the State.

(7) SOURCED.—For purposes of a State granted authority under section 211(b), the location to which a remote sale is sourced refers to the location where the product or service sold is received by the purchaser, based on the location indicated by instructions for delivery that the purchaser furnishes to the seller. When no delivery location is specified, the remote sale is sourced to the customer's address that is either known to the seller or, if not known, obtained by the seller during the consummation of the transaction, including the address of the customer's payment instrument if no other address is available. If an address is unknown and a billing address cannot be obtained, the remote sale is sourced to the address of the seller from which the remote sale was made. A State granted authority under section 211(a) shall comply with the sourcing provisions of the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement.

(8) STATE.—The term ''State'' means each of the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the United States Virgin Islands, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and any other territory or possession of the United States, and any tribal organization (as defined in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450b)).

(9) STREAMLINED SALES AND USE TAX AGREEMENT.—The term ''Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement'' means the multi-State agreement with that title adopted on November 12, 2002, as in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act and as further amended from time to time.

SEC. 214. SEVERABILITY.

If any provision of this subtitle or the application of such provision to any person or circumstance is held to be unconstitutional, the remainder of this subtitle and the application of the provisions of such to any person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby.

SEC. 215. PREEMPTION.

Except as otherwise provided in this subtitle, this subtitle shall not be construed to preempt or limit any power exercised or to be exercised by a State or local jurisdiction under the law of such State or local jurisdiction or under any other Federal law.

Subtitle B—Internet Tax Freedom Act

SEC. 221. EXTENSION OF INTERNET TAX FREEDOM ACT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1101(a) of the Internet Tax Freedom Act (47 U.S.C. 151 note) is amended by striking ''November 1, 2014'' and inserting ''November 1, 2024''.

(b) GRANDFATHERING OF STATES THAT TAX INTERNET ACCESS.—Section 1104(a)(2)(A) of such Act is amended by striking ''November 1, 2014'' and inserting ''November 1, 2024''.

SA 3699. Mr. REID (for Mr. SCHATZ) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by Mr. REID of Nevada to the bill S. 2410, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2015 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and

for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle B of title VII, add the following:

SEC. 725. PILOT PROGRAM ON PROVISION OF HEALTH CARE IN MILITARY TREATMENT FACILITIES FOR CIVILIAN INDIVIDUALS WITH CERTAIN DISEASES NOT OTHERWISE ELIGIBLE FOR CARE IN SUCH FACILITIES.

(a) PILOT PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense and subject to the provisions of this section, the Secretary may carry out a pilot program to assess the feasibility and advisability of providing specialized health care or treatment at military treatment facilities for civilian individuals described in subsection (b) who are not otherwise eligible for care in such facilities under chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, or any other provision of law, for the disease or condition of such individuals as specified in that subsection.

(b) COVERED INDIVIDUALS.—Civilian individuals described in this subsection are civilian individuals who—

(1) have a disease or condition that, under commonly accepted medical guidelines, requires specialized care or treatment in or through a civilian care center capable of providing care or treatment specifically tailored to such disease or condition; and

(2) reside more than 100 miles from the nearest civilian care center capable of providing care or treatment specifically tailored to such disease or condition.

(c) LOCATIONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The pilot program may be carried out at not more than three military treatment facilities selected by the Secretary for purposes of the pilot program.

(2) LOCATION OF FACILITIES.—The military treatment facilities selected by the Secretary shall be in remote areas or areas that are underserved in access to the specialized care or treatment to be provided under the pilot program.

(d) DURATION.—The authority of the Secretary to carry out the pilot program shall cease three years after the commencement of the pilot program.

(e) CARE AND TREATMENT AVAILABLE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—A military treatment facility providing specialized care and treatment for an individual under the pilot program may provide the following:

(A) Specialized care and treatment for the disease or condition of the individual as specified in subsection (b).

(B) Such other care and treatment as may be medically necessary (as determined pursuant to the regulations under this section) in connection with the provision of care and treatment under subparagraph (A).

(2) CARE AND TREATMENT ONLY ON SPACE-AVAILABLE BASIS.—A military treatment facility may not provide specialized care and treatment under the pilot program if the provision of such care and treatment would prevent or limit the availability of health care services at the facility for members of the Armed Forces on active duty or any other covered beneficiaries under the TRICARE program who are eligible for care and services in or through the facility.

(f) PAYMENT FOR CARE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—An individual may not be provided any care or treatment under the pilot program unless the individual reimburses the Department of Defense for the full cost of providing such care or treatment.

(2) PAYMENT IN ADVANCE.—A military treatment facility may require payment under this subsection before providing any care or treatment under the pilot program.

(g) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the completion of the pilot program, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report setting forth the following:

(1) A list of the military treatment facilities at which care and treatment were provided under the pilot program.

(2) A description of the specialized care and treatment provided under the pilot program.

(3) A description of the number of individuals provided care and treatment under the pilot program, by aggregate and by military treatment facility at which provided.

(4) A description of the total amount paid or reimbursed to the Department of Defense under subsection (f).

(5) Such recommendations as the Secretary considers appropriate in light of the pilot program for the provision of specialized care and treatment through military treatment facilities to individuals not otherwise eligible for such care and treatment through such facilities.

(h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms ''TRICARE program'' and ''covered beneficiary'' have the meaning given such terms in section 1072 of title 10, United States Code.

NOTICE OF HEARING

COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS

Mr. TESTER. Mr. President, I would like to announce that the Committee on Indian Affairs will meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, July 30, 2014, in room SD–628 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building, at 2:30 p.m., to conduct a business meeting to consider the following bills: S. 1948, A bill to promote the academic achievement of American Indian, Alaska Native, and Native Hawaiian children with the establishment of a Native American language grant program; S. 2299, A bill to amend the Native American Programs Act of 1974 to reauthorize a provision to ensure the survival and continuing vitality of Native American languages; S. 2442, A bill to direct the Secretary of the Interior to take certain land and mineral rights on the reservation of the Northern Cheyenne Tribe of Montana and other culturally important land into trust for the benefit of the Northern Cheyenne Tribe, and for other purposes; S. 2465, A bill to require the Secretary of the Interior to take into trust 4 parcels of Federal land for the benefit of certain Indian Pueblos in the State of New Mexico; S. 2479, A bill to provide for a land conveyance in the State of Nevada; S. 2480, A bill to require the Secretary of the Interior to convey certain Federal land to Elko County, Nevada, and to take land into trust for certain Indian tribes, and for other purposes and H.R. 4002, An act to revoke the charter of incorporation of the Miami Tribe of Oklahoma at the request of that tribe, and for other purposes. Those wishing additional information may contact the Indian Affairs Committee at (202) 224–2251.

PRIVILEGES OF THE FLOOR

Mr. REID. Mr. President, the President pro tempore of the Senate has asked that Joshua Goldberg, an intern in his office, be granted floor privileges for tomorrow, July 29, 2014.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

UNANIMOUS CONSENT AGREEMENTS—EXECUTIVE CALENDAR

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that tomorrow, Tuesday, July 29, 2014, the Senate execute the order with respect to Executive Calendar No. 952, McDonald, with the only debate time occurring from 12 noon to 12:30 p.m., and from 2:15 p.m. until 2:45 p.m., equally divided in the usual form, and that at 2:45 p.m. the Senate proceed to vote on the nomination, with all other provisions of the previous order remaining in effect.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that following Senate consideration of Executive Calendar No. 952, McDonald, on Tuesday, July 29, the Senate remain in executive session and consider Calendar Nos. 530 Andre, 543, Hoza, and 899, Polaschik; that there be 2 minutes for debate equally divided between the two leaders or their designees prior to each vote; that upon the use or yielding back of time the Senate proceed to vote, without intervening action or debate, on the nominations in the order listed; that any rollcall votes following the first in the series be 10 minutes in length; that if any nomination is confirmed, the motion to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table, with no intervening action or debate; that no further motions be in order to the nomination; that any statements related to the nomination be printed in the RECORD; that the President be immediately notified of the Senate's action and the Senate then resume legislative session.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. REID. Mr. President, for the information of all Senators, we would hope we can do those by voice vote.

NATIONAL WHISTLEBLOWER APPRECIATION DAY

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration S. Res. 525, submitted earlier today.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the resolution by title.

The assistant bill clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 525) designating July 30, 2014, as ''National Whistleblower Appreciation Day''.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.

Mr. REID. I ask unanimous consent that the resolution be agreed to, the