that the opposition could support. In fact, surely, that is something that the White House would support.

With that, Mr. Speaker, I encourage a "yea" vote on this matter, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. SMITH of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I thank Congressman CHRIS STEWART, former Chairman of the Science Committee's Environment Subcommittee, for his hard work on this important piece of legislation. H.R. 1422, The Science Advisory Board Reform Act. ensures balanced and transparent review of regulatory science.

Specifically, it strengthens the Board's independence so that the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) cannot further its regulatory ambitions under the guise of science.

Costly regulations often lead to a loss of jobs and higher electricity bills and gasoline prices for Americans.

The EPA has an extensive track record of twisting the science to justify their actions. Behind the scenes, however, there is a review process that was intended to provide a critical check on the Agency's conclusions.

The EPA's Science Advisory Board (SAB) was intended to provide a meaningful, balanced, and independent assessment of the science that supports the Agency's regulations. Unfortunately, this vision is not being re-

The EPA undermines the Board's independence and prevents it from providing advice to Congress. As a result, the valuable advice these experts can provide is wasted.

At a time when the Agency is pursuing the most aggressive regulatory agenda in its 44 year history, it is critical that the Board function as intended.

Despite the existing requirement that EPA's advisory panels be "fairly balanced in terms of point of view represented," the Science Committee has identified a number of problems that undermine the panel's credibility and work product. These include:

A majority of the members of EPA's key advisory panels have received money from the EPA. Often the research they are reviewing is directly related to the money they received. This creates at least the appearance of a conflict of interest.

Many of the panelists have taken very public and even political positions on issues they are advising about. For example, a lead reviewer of EPA's hydraulic fracturing study plan published an anti-fracking article entitled "Regulate. Baby. Regulate." This is clearly not an objective viewpoint.

Public participation is limited during most Board meetings; interested parties have almost no ability to comment on the scope of the work—and meeting records are often kept

The EPA routinely excludes private sector experts while stacking the review panels with individuals who will give the EPA the answer it wants.

H.R. 1422 expands transparency requirements, improves the process for selecting expert advisors, and strengthens public participation requirements.

The bill requires that uncertainties in the Agency's scientific conclusions be communicated and limits the SAB from providing partisan policy advice.

This legislation is pro-science. It restores the SAB as an important defender of scientific integrity. These common sense reforms will make EPA's decisions more credible and bal-

I thank the gentleman froth Utah. Mr. Stewart for his leadership on this bill and urge my colleagues to support it.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. All time for debate on the bill has expired.

Pursuant to clause 1(c) of rule XIX. further consideration of H.R. 1422 is postponed.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess subject to the call of the Chair

Accordingly (at 2 o'clock and 29 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 1701

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. HOLDING) at 5 o'clock and 1 minute p.m.

EPA SCIENCE ADVISORY BOARD REFORM ACT OF 2013

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 1(c) of rule XIX, further consideration of the bill (H.R. 1422) to amend the Environmental Research, Development, and Demonstration Authorization Act of 1978 to provide for Scientific Advisory Board member qualifications, public participation, and for other purposes, will now re-

The Clerk read the title of the bill. The SPEAKER pro tempore. When proceedings were postponed earlier today, all time for debate on the bill, as amended, had expired.

AMENDMENT PRINTED IN PART A OF HOUSE REPORT 113-626 OFFERED BY MR. STEWART

Mr. STEWART. Mr. Speaker, I have an amendment at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows.

Page 3. line 7, through page 9, line 1, redesignate subsections (a) through (e) as subsections (b) through (f), respectively.

Page 3, after line 6, insert the following new subsection:

(a) INDEPENDENT ADVICE.—Section 8(a) of the Environmental Research, Development, and Demonstration Authorization Act of 1978 (42 U.S.C. 4365(a)) is amended by inserting "independently" after "Advisory Board which shall".

Page 3, line 14, strike "in consultation with the Administrator".

Page 3, lines 18 through 20, strike "select Board" and all that follows through "and

Page 4, line 18, strike "and" and insert "or".

Page 5, line 3, insert "the Interior," after "Energy,"

Page 5, line 5, strike "them" and insert each".

Page 6, line 17, insert "or draft" before "risk".

Page 6, line 18, strike "and".

Page 6, line 19, redesignate subparagraph (B) as subparagraph (C).

Page 6, after line 18, insert the following new subparagraph:

(B) by striking "formal"; and Page 6, line 19, insert "or draft" before "risk"

Page 6. line 22. insert "or draft" before "risk"

Page 7, line 10, insert "(1)(A)" after "(e)" both places it appears.
Page 7, lines 13, 17, and 19, redesignate

paragraphs (1) through (3) as clauses (i) through (iii), respectively, and conform the margins accordingly.

Page 7, lines 22 and 23, strike "by adding after subsection (g) the following" and inserting "by amending subsection (h) to read as follows'

Page 9, lines 2 and 3, strike "by adding after subsection (h), as added by subsection (d) of this section, the following" and inserting "by amending subsection (i) to read as follows'

Page 9, line 11, insert "or Congress" after "the Administrator".

Page 9, line 15, strike "and the Administrator" and insert ", the Administrator, and Congress'

Page 9, line 19, after paragraph (4) insert the following new paragraph:

"(5) The Board shall be fully and timely responsive to Congress.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from Utah (Mr. STEWART) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Utah.

Mr. STEWART. Mr. Speaker, this amendment makes a number of technical and conforming changes to address revisions to the existing statute that occurred with the passage of the farm bill. I am pleased to have worked with Representative DAVIS to strengthen the changes to the statute that he was able to secure in passage of the farm bill.

This amendment is critical to ensure that the underlying bill can be properly applied to existing statute. Just this morning, the legislation received the support of the American Farm Bureau, the National Association of Manufacturers, and the U.S. Chamber of Commerce.

I ask for your support, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. BONAMICI. Mr. Speaker, I rise in opposition to the amendment.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentlewoman from Oregon is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. BONAMICI, Mr. Speaker, I rise in opposition to the amendment offered by my good friend from Utah (Mr. STEWART).

I want to state again that I have appreciated Mr. Stewart's collaboration on bills that have come through the Science Committee in the past, and I definitely appreciate his intent to strengthen and bring more transparency to the Science Advisory Board. However, as explained previously and as I will explain, this bill and this amendment do not accomplish what needs to be done.

Although my friend's amendment seems to make mostly minor and technical corrections, there are a few

changes that raise concern. One consequence of this bill is the expansion of the scope of the Science Advisory Board's work to include risk or hazard assessments proposed by the Agency. Unfortunately, the amendment offered exacerbates this burden and potential delay by adding draft work being done by the Agency to the board's workload.

A letter from several leading environmental groups, including the Natural Resources Defense Council and the Environmental Defense Fund, note that the inclusion of risk and hazard assessments already represents a "dramatic and unnecessary expansion."

It would "increase the burden on the Science Advisory Board and slow the board's ability to complete its tasked objectives." Asking the board to constantly peer over the shoulder of the Agency at this stage is an inefficient and ineffective use of the board.

I am also concerned about another part of the amendment that requires the board "be fully and timely responsive to Congress." This seems inconsistent with language in the underlying bill that requires the board to "avoid making policy determinations or recommendations."

The amendment appears to put the board in a precarious position, making it vulnerable to political interference and placing a shadow over the independence that we all agree the board should have. The Science Advisory Board can provide Congress and the EPA with important scientific advice, but it should not be beholden to Congress or the EPA Administrator.

Finally, it is clear that this bill would have a serious impact on the membership of the Science Advisory Board in a way that will prohibit qualified scientists from providing their advice to the EPA. Unfortunately, this amendment only deepens that impact by increasing the number of prohibited activities.

If this amendment is adopted, the bill would read:

Board members may not participate in advisory activities that directly or indirectly involve review or evaluation of their own work.

I want to clearly illustrate what that means. If the EPA were to consider a rule involving gravity, for example, and if Albert Einstein were alive, this bill would prohibit him from offering expert advice, as that is a subject with which he has had "direct" involvement.

That is obviously an absurd result that would result in fewer qualified people serving. We should want the smartest and most knowledgeable scientists advising the EPA; instead, this bill prohibits them from doing so.

Again, I have great respect for my friend from Utah. I am proud that we have worked together in the past and hope we can find areas where we agree going forward, both with the remainder of the 113th and in the 114th Congress.

Unfortunately, regardless of what happens with this amendment, I will

have to oppose the bill, but I look forward to continuing to work on this issue.

I yield back the balance of my time. Mr. STEWART. Mr. Speaker, we have debated these issues throughout the day. I believe that we have made our case. I believe that we have made our case persuasively. I believe our case is complete.

This amendment is technical in nature. I believe that the bill itself is common sense. It will lead to good government. It will lead to better government at least. It will lead to better advice and counsel given to the EPA through these reforms of the Science Advisory Board. I urge all Members to support it. I look forward to the vote.

With that, Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the previous question is ordered on the bill, as amended, and on the amendment by the gentleman from Utah (Mr. STEWART).

The question is on the amendment by the gentleman from Utah (Mr. STEW-ART).

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Ms. BONAMICI. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 232, nays 184, not voting 18, as follows:

[Roll No. 523]

YEAS-232

Denham Aderholt Huizenga (MI) Hultgren DeSantis Amodei Hunter Bachmann DesJarlais Hurt Bachus Diaz-Balart Barletta Duffy Jenkins Duncan (SC) Johnson (OH) Barr Barrow (GA) Duncan (TN) Johnson, Sam Barton Ellmers Jolly Farenthold Benishek Jones Fincher Bentivolio Jordan Fitzpatrick Bilirakis Jovce Kelly (PA) Bishop (GA) Fleischmann Fleming Bishop (UT) King (IA) Black Flores King (NY) Blackburn Forbes Kingston Boustany Fortenberry Kinzinger (IL) Brady (TX) Foxx Kline Franks (AZ) Labrador Brat Bridenstine Frelinghuysen Lamborn Gardner Brooks (AL) Lance Lankford Brooks (IN) Garrett Broun (GA) Gerlach Latham Gibbs Buchanan Latta Bucshon Gibson LoBiondo Burgess Gohmert Long Byrne Goodlatte Lucas Calvert Gosar Luetkemeyer Camp Gowdy Lummis Marchant Capito Granger Graves (GA) Marino Chabot Graves (MO) Massie Clawson (FL) Griffin (AR) Matheson Coble Griffith (VA) McAllister McCarthy (CA) Coffman Grimm Cole Guthrie McCaul Collins (GA) Hanna McClintock Collins (NY) Harper McHenry Conaway Harris McIntvre HartzlerMcKeon Cook Hastings (WA) Cotton McKinley Cramer Heck (NV) McMorris Crawford Hensarling Rodgers Herrera Beutler Crenshaw Meadows Culberson Holding Meehan Messer Daines Hudson Davis, Rodney Huelskamp Mica

Miller (FL) Miller (MI) Miller, Garv Mulvaney Murphy (FL) Murphy (PA) Neugebauer Noem Nugent Nunes Nunnelee Olson Palazzo Paulsen Pearce Perry Peterson Petri Pittenger Pitts Poe (TX) Pompeo Posey Price (GA) Rahall Reed Reichert Renacci Ribble Rice (SC) Rigell

Roby Roe (TN) Rogers (AL) Rogers (KY) Rogers (MI) Rohrabacher Rokita Rooney Ros-Lehtinen Roskam Ross Rothfus Royce Runyan Ruppersberger Rvan (WI) Salmon Sanford Scalise Schock Schweikert Scott, Austin Sensenbrenner Sessions Shimkus Shuster Simpson Sinema Smith (MO) Smith (NE) Smith (TX)

Stewart Stivers Stockman Stutzman Terry Thompson (PA) Thornberry Tipton Turner Upton Valadao Wagner Walberg Walden Walorski Weber (TX) Webster (FL) Wenstrup Westmoreland Whitfield Williams Wilson (SC) Wittman Wolf Womack Woodall Yoder Yoho Young (AK) Young (IN)

Nolan

Owens

Norcross

O'Rourke

NAYS-184

Grayson Adams Barber Green, Al Green, Gene Bass Beatty Grijalya. Becerra. Hahn Bera (CA) Hanabusa Bishop (NY) Hastings (FL) Blumenauer Heck (WA) Bonamici Higgins Brady (PA) Himes Brown (FL) Holt Brownley (CA) Honda Bustos Horsford Butterfield Hover Huffman Capps Capuano Israel Jackson Lee Cárdenas Jeffries Carnev Carson (IN) Johnson (GA) Cartwright Johnson, E. B. Castor (FL) Kaptur Castro (TX) Keating Chu Kelly (IL) Cicilline Kennedy Clark (MA) Kildee Clarke (NY) Kilmer Clay Kind Cleaver Kirkpatrick Clvburn Kuster Cohen Langevin Larsen (WA) Connolly Convers Larson (CT) Cooper Lee (CA) Costa Levin Courtney Lewis Crowley Lipinski Cuellar Loebsack Cummings Lofgren Lowenthal Davis (CA) Davis, Danny Lowey DeFazio Lujan Grisham DeGette (NM) Luján, Ben Rav Delanev (NM) DeLauro DelBene Lvnch Deutch Maffei Dingell Maloney, Carolyn Doggett Maloney, Sean Doyle Edwards Matsui McCarthy (NY) Ellison Engel McCollum Enyart McDermott Eshoo McGovern Esty McNernev Farr Meeks Foster Meng Frankel (FL) Michaud Fudge Miller, George Gabbard Moran Gallego Nadler

Garamendi

Garcia

Pallone Pascrell Pastor (AZ) Payne Pelosi Perlmutter Peters (CA) Peters (MI) Pingree (ME) Pocan Polis Price (NC) Quigley Rangel Richmond Roybal-Allard Ruiz Rush Ryan (OH) Sánchez, Linda Sanchez, Loretta Sarbanes Schakowsky Schiff Schneider Schrader Schwartz Scott (VA) Scott, David Serrano Sewell (AL) Shea-Porter Sherman Sires Slaughter Speier Swalwell (CA) Takano Thompson (CA) Thompson (MS) Tierney Titus Tonko Tsongas Van Hollen Vargas Veasey Vela

Velázquez

Visclosky

Wasserman

Schultz

Wilson (FL)

Walz

Waters

Welch

Napolitano

Neal

Waxman

Yarmuth

NOT VOTING-18

Braley (IA) Gingrev (GA) Mullin Negrete McLeod Campbell Gutiérrez Chaffetz Hinoiosa. Smith (WA) Duckworth LaMalfa Southerland Fattah

□ 1733

Ms. HAHN and Ms. PINGREE of Maine changed their vote from "yea" to "nay."

Mr. ROGERS of Michigan changed his vote from "nay" to "yea."

So the amendment was agreed to. The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated for:

Mr. LAMALFA. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 523, I was unavoidably detained. Had I been present. I would have voted "ves."

Stated against:

Mr. HINOJOSA. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 523, had I been present, I would have voted

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT

Mr. SEAN PATRICK MALONEY of New York. Mr. Speaker, I have a motion to recommit at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is the gentleman opposed to the bill?

Mr. SEAN PATRICK MALONEY of New York. Yes, I am.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the motion to recom-

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. Sean Patrick Maloney of New York moves to recommit the bill H.R. 1422 to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology with instructions to report the same back to the House forthwith, with the following amendment:

Add at the end of the bill the following:

SEC. 5. PROTECTING TAXPAYERS FROM CON-FLICTS OF INTEREST BASED ON PERSONAL PROFIT.

No person shall be a member of the Environmental Protection Agency Science Advisory Board if they represent a corporation or a trade association that has a direct or indirect financial interest in the outcome of decisions based on recommendations made by the Board.

Mr. STEWART. Mr. Speaker, I reserve a point of order.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. A point of order is reserved.

Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from New York is recognized for 5 minutes in support of his motion.

Mr. SEAN PATRICK MALONEY of New York. Mr. Speaker, this is the final amendment to the bill. It will not kill it or send it back to committee. If it is adopted, it will move immediately to final passage, as amended.

Mr. Speaker, since 1978, the Environmental Protection Agency's Science Advisory Board has been tasked with external, independent advice on the scientific and technical aspects of environmental issues to help inform environmental decisions, and this commonsense amendment is critical to protecting the integrity of the SAB.

It simply says:

No person shall be a member of the Environmental Protection Agency Science Advisory Board if they represent a corporation or a trade association that has a direct or indirect financial interest in the outcome of decisions based on recommendations made by the board.

My colleagues, a simple notion, a commonsense notion: if someone has a financial interest, they should not serve on the board.

The Science Advisory Board has some of the most distinguished scientists in their fields, folks like Dr. William Schlesinger, from Dutchess County in the Hudson Valley, in my neck of the woods, who has served as a member of the Science Advisory Board. Dr. Schlesinger is a good example of the kind of people we have on this board. He is the president emeritus of the Cary Institute of Ecosystem Studies, an ecological research institute in Millbrook, New York, He has spent 30 years investigating the link between environmental chemistry and global climate change, and his expertise has informed numerous pieces of legislation, such as the Clean Air Act.

America is the world leader in research, with an unprecedented number of scientists like Dr. Schlesinger in academic institutions, not because we politicize science, but because we don't politicize science. Their entire life's work has been devoted to serving the public and to leaving our country a better place. It is why it is imperative that we continue to allow the most knowledgeable scientific and technical experts from our research institutions to serve without conflict, without a paycheck in the offing. So far, scientists on the SAB have been instrumental in creating real reforms to the Clean Air Act, the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, the Clean Water Act, the Toxic Substances Control Act, and the Safe Drinking Water Act.

Science is not political. We shouldn't fear science, and we shouldn't politicize science. We should not monetize science, and we should not make it political today. We should ban these conflicts and trust in our scientists. We must continue to allow the SAB to implement impartial scientific ommendations, and we simply must prohibit scientists who can profit from decisions from making recommendations as part of the board.

This bill now requires a new disclosure requirement for SAB members, but there is a glaring omission. It fails to effectively prevent persons with key financial conflicts from serving. That is why I urge my colleagues to support my commonsense amendment. We must not allow corporations to influence this process by sending corporation-funded scientists onto the board. We must not allow corporation-funded scientists to drown out genuine scientific debate. My goodness. This amendment would simply ensure that the science board continues its integrity of serving science, not serving itself or any one political agenda.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. STEWART. Mr. Speaker, I withdraw my reservation, and I rise in opposition to the motion.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The reservation of a point of order is withdrawn

The gentleman from Utah is recog-

nized for 5 minutes.
Mr. STEWART. Mr. Speaker, the motion to recommit offered by the opposition today is one thing and one thing only, and that is an attempt to stop what is a reasonable and commonsense bill.

I have to tell you, Mr. Speaker, that I was taken aback, but I was not surprised by what I heard during today's

debate.

Contrary to what we just heard, no current member of the SAB can be a registered lobbyist. Mr. GRAYSON from Florida offered that as an amendment. We accepted that amendment. It is not a part of this bill. Asking for transparency is not gutting the EPA. Asking for public involvement is not gutting the EPA. You have to twist yourself into a pretzel to object to this bill for anything other than purely partisan reasons.

If 60 percent of the members of the Science Advisory Board are receiving more than \$140 million in direct government grants, then let's recognize that, and let's ask for transparency. If public comments are regularly nored—if they are not even given the least or the barest of consideration let's be honest, and let's try to fix that. If State, local, and industry experts are precluded from sitting and participating on these boards, then let's open the door for their participation and their experience. They have valuable expertise. We should take advantage of that.

Transparency, public involvement, accountability-those are the only things that we are asking for in this bill. Improving balance and transparency in the EPA is not something that should be controversial. We should be able to agree to a balanced, a fair, and a transparent process.

This bill is supported in its current form by the U.S. Chamber of Commerce, the National Association of Manufacturers, the Farm Bureau—I could go on and on. There are more than 20 organizations that are supporting this bill.

To my fellow Members, there are only two very simple choices to make here: stand up now and vote "no" on the motion to recommit and vote 'ves'' on final passage. Let's make the EPA transparent. Let's make them accountable. Let's make them true to the science that they have vowed to defend.

With that, Mr. Speaker, I yield back

the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the previous question is ordered on the motion to recommit. There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to recommit. The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that

the noes appeared to have it. RECORDED VOTE

Mr. SEAN PATRICK MALONEY of New York. Mr. Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XX, the Chair will reduce to 5 minutes the minimum time for any electronic vote on the question of passage.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 195, noes 225, not voting 14, as follows:

[Roll No. 524]

	A 37 F/C 105	
	AYES—195	
Adams	Green, Al	Norcross
Barber	Green, Gene	O'Rourke
Barrow (GA)	Grijalva	Owens
Bass	Gutiérrez	Pallone
Beatty	Hahn	Pascrell
Becerra	Hanabusa	Pastor (AZ)
Bera (CA) Bishop (GA)	Hastings (FL) Heck (WA)	Payne
Bishop (NY)	Higgins	Pelosi
Blumenauer	Himes	Perlmutter
Bonamici	Hinojosa	Peters (CA) Peters (MI)
Brady (PA)	Holt	Peterson
Braley (IA)	Honda	Pingree (ME)
Brown (FL)	Horsford	Pocan
Brownley (CA)	Hoyer	Polis
Bustos	Huffman	Price (NC)
Butterfield	Israel	Quigley
Capps	Jackson Lee	Rahall
Capuano	Jeffries	Rangel
Cárdenas	Johnson (GA)	Richmond
Carney	Johnson, E. B.	Roybal-Allard
Carson (IN)	Jones	Ruiz
Cartwright	Kaptur	Ruppersberger
Castor (FL) Castro (TX)	Keating Kelly (IL)	Rush
Chu	Kennedy	Ryan (OH)
Cicilline	Kildee	Sánchez, Linda
Clark (MA)	Kilmer	Т.
Clarke (NY)	Kind	Sanchez, Loretta
Clay	Kirkpatrick	Sarbanes
Cleaver	Kuster	Schakowsky
Clyburn	Langevin	Schiff
Cohen	Larsen (WA)	Schneider
Connolly	Larson (CT)	Schrader Schwartz
Conyers	Lee (CA)	Scott (VA)
Cooper	Levin	Scott, David
Costa	Lewis	Serrano
Courtney	Lipinski	Sewell (AL)
Crowley	Loebsack	Shea-Porter
Cuellar Cummings	Lofgren Lowenthal	Sherman
Davis (CA)	Lowey	Sinema
Davis, Danny	Lujan Grisham	Sires
DeFazio	(NM)	Slaughter
DeGette	Luján, Ben Ray	Speier
Delaney	(NM)	Swalwell (CA)
DeLauro	Lynch	Takano
DelBene	Maffei	Thompson (CA)
Deutch	Maloney,	Thompson (MS)
Dingell	Carolyn	Tierney
Doggett	Maloney, Sean	Titus
Doyle	Matsui	Tonko
Edwards	McCarthy (NY)	Tsongas Van Hallen
Ellison	McCollum	Van Hollen Vargas
Engel	McDermott McGovern	Vargas Veasey
Enyart Eshoo		Vela
Esty	McIntyre McNerney	Velázquez
Farr	Meeks	Visclosky
Foster	Meng	Walz
Frankel (FL)	Michaud	Wasserman
Fudge	Miller, George	Schultz
Gabbard	Murphy (FL)	Waters
Gallego	Nadler	Waxman
Garamendi	Napolitano	Welch
Garcia	Neal	Wilson (FL)
Grayson	Nolan	Yarmuth

NOES-225

Aderholt	Brady (TX)	Chaffetz
Amash	Brat	Clawson (FI
Amodei	Bridenstine	Coble
Bachmann	Brooks (AL)	Coffman
Bachus	Brooks (IN)	Cole
Barletta	Broun (GA)	Collins (GA)
Barr	Buchanan	Collins (NY)
Barton	Bucshon	Conaway
Benishek	Burgess	Cook
Bentivolio	Byrne	Cotton
Bilirakis	Calvert	Cramer
Bishop (UT)	Camp	Crawford
Black	Capito	Crenshaw
Blackburn	Carter	Culberson
Boustany	Chabot	Daines

Davis, Rodney Kinzinger (IL) Rogers (AL) Denham Kline Rogers (KY) Dent Labrador Rogers (MI) DeSantis LaMalfa. Rohrabacher Lamborn DesJarlais Rokita Duffv Lance Roonev Duncan (SC) Lankford Ros-Lehtinen Duncan (TN) Latham Roskam Ellmers Latta. Ross Farenthold LoBiondo Rothfus Fincher Long Royce Fitzpatrick Lucas Runyan Luetkemever Fleischmann Ryan (WI) Fleming Lummis Salmon Flores Marchant Sanford Forbes Marino Scalise Fortenberry Schock Foxx Matheson Schweikert Franks (AZ) McAllister Scott, Austin Frelinghuysen McCarthy (CA) Sensenbrenner Gardner McCaul Sessions Garrett McClintock Gerlach McHenry Shimkus Gibbs McKeon Shuster Gohmert McKinley Simpson Goodlatte McMorris Smith (MO) Gosar Rodgers Smith (NE) Gowdy Meadows Smith (TX) Granger Meehan Southerland Graves (GA) Messer Stewart Graves (MO) Mica Stivers Griffin (AR) Miller (FL) Stockman Griffith (VA) Miller (MI) Stutzman Grimm Miller, Gary Terry Guthrie Mulvanev Thompson (PA) Murphy (PA) Hanna Thornberry Neugebauer Harper Tiberi Harris Noem Tipton Hartzler Nugent Turner Hastings (WA) Nunes Upton Heck (NV) Nunnelee Valadao Hensarling Olson Wagner Herrera Beutler Palazzo Walberg Holding Paulsen Walden Hudson Pearce Walorski Huelskamp Perry Weber (TX) Huizenga (MI) Petri Webster (FL) Pittenger Hultgren Wenstrup Hunter Pitts Poe (TX) Westmoreland Hurt Whitfield Pompeo Issa Williams Jenkins Posey Price (GA) Johnson (OH) Wilson (SC) Wittman Johnson, Sam Reed Wolf Jolly Reichert Womack Jordan Renacci Woodall Joyce Ribble Kelly (PA) Rice (SC) Yoder Yoho King (IA) Rigell Young (AK) King (NY) Roby Kingston Roe (TN) Young (IN)

NOT VOTING

NOT VOTING-14				
Campbell Cassidy Diaz-Balart Duckworth Fattah	Gibson Gingrey (GA) Hall Moore Moran	Mullin Negrete McLeod Smith (NJ) Smith (WA)		

□ 1752

So the motion to recommit was reiected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Ms. BONAMICI. Mr. Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 229, noes 191, not voting 14, as follows:

[Roll No. 525]

AYES-229

Amodei Aderholt Rachus Bachmann Barletta Amash

Barrow (GA) Barton Benishek Bentivolio Bilirakis Bishop (UT) Black Blackburn Boustany Brady (TX) Brat Bridenstine Brooks (AL) Brooks (IN) Broun (GA) Buchanan Bucshon Burgess Calvert Camp Capito Carter Chabot Chaffetz Clawson (FL) Coble Coffman Cole Collins (GA) Collins (NY) Conaway Cook Cotton Cramer Crawford Crenshaw Culberson Daines Davis, Rodney Denham Dent DeSantis DesJarlais Diaz-Balart Duffv Duncan (SC) Duncan (TN) Ellmers Farenthold Fincher Fitzpatrick Fleischmann Fleming Flores Forbes Fortenberry Foxx Franks (AZ) Frelinghuysen Gardner Garrett Gerlach Gibbs Gingrey (GA) Gohmert Goodlatte Gosar Gowdy Granger Graves (GA) Graves (MO) Griffin (AR) Griffith (VA)

Grimm Peterson Guthrie Petri Hanna Pittenger Harper Pitts Poe (TX) Harris Hartzler Pompeo Hastings (WA) Posey Heck (NV) Hensarling Herrera Beutler Holding Hudson Huelskamn Huizenga (MI) Hultgren Hunter Issa Jenkins Johnson (OH) Johnson, Sam Jolly Jordan Jovce Kelly (PA) King (IA) King (NY) Kingston Kinzinger (IL) Kline Labrador LaMalfa. Lamborn Lance Lankford Latham Latta. LoBiondo Long Lucas Luetkemever Lummis Marchant Marino Massie Matheson McAllister McCarthy (CA) McCaul McClintock McHenry McKeon McKinley McMorris Rodgers Meadows Meehan Messer Mica Miller (FIA Miller (MI) Miller, Gary Mulvaney Murphy (PA) Neugebauer Noem Nugent Nunes Nunnelee Olson Palazzo Paulsen Pearce

Price (GA) Rahall Reed Reichert Renacci Ribble Rice (SC) Rigell Roby Roe (TN) Rogers (AL) Rogers (KY) Rogers (MI) Rohrabacher Rokita Rooney Ros-Lehtinen Roskam Ross Rothfus Royce Runyan Rvan (WI) Salmon Sanford Scalise Schock Schweikert Scott, Austin Sensenbrenner Sessions Shimkus Shuster Simpson Smith (MO) Smith (NE) Smith (TX) Southerland Stewart Stockman Stutzman Terry Thompson (PA) Thornberry Tiberi Tipton Turner Upton Valadao Wagner Walberg Walden Walorski Weber (TX) Webster (FL) Wenstrup Westmoreland Whitfield Williams Wilson (SC) Wittman Wolf Womack Woodall Yoder Yoho Young (IN) Delaney

NOES-191

nv

Perry

	NOES-
Adams	Castor (FL
Barber	Castro (TX
Bass	Chu
Beatty	Cicilline
Becerra	Clark (MA)
Bera (CA)	Clarke (NY
Bishop (GA)	Clay
Bishop (NY)	Cleaver
Blumenauer	Clyburn
Bonamici	Cohen
Brady (PA)	Connolly
Braley (IA)	Conyers
Brown (FL)	Cooper
Brownley (CA)	Costa
Bustos	Courtney
Butterfield	Crowley
Capps	Cuellar
Capuano	Cummings
Cárdenas	Davis (CA)
Carney	Davis, Dan
Carson (IN)	DeFazio
Cartwright	DeGette

DeLauro DelBene Deutch Dingell Doggett Dovle Edwards Ellison Engel Enyart Eshoo Estv Farr Foster Frankel (FL) Fudge Gabbard Gallego Garamendi Garcia Gibson

Grayson Green, Al Green, Gene Grijalya. Gutiérrez Hahn Hanabusa Hastings (FL) Heck (WA) Higgins Himes Hinoiosa Holt Horsford Hover Huffman Israel Jackson Lee Murphy (FL) Jeffries. Nadler Johnson (GA) Napolitano Johnson, E. B. Neal Kaptur Nolan Keating Norcross Kelly (IL) O'Rourke Kennedy Owens Kildee Pallone Kilmer Pascrell Kind Pastor (AZ) Kirkpatrick Pavne Kuster Pelosi Langevin Perlmutter Larsen (WA) Peters (CA) Larson (CT) Peters (MI) Lee (CA) Pingree (ME) Levin Pocan Lewis Polis Lipinski Price (NC) Loebsack Quigley Lofgren Rangel Lowenthal Richmond Roybal-Allard Lowey Lujan Grisham Ruiz Ruppersberger (NM)

Luján, Ben Ray Rush (NM) Ryan (OH) Lynch Sánchez, Linda Maffei Maloney, Sanchez, Loretta Carolyn Sarbanes Maloney, Sean Matsui Schiff McCarthy (NY) McCollum McDermott McGovern McIntvre McNerney Meeks Meng Michaud Miller George

Schakowsky Schneider Schrader Schwartz Scott (VA) Scott, David Sewell (AL) Shea-Porter Sherman Sinema Sires Slaughter Speier Swalwell (CA) Takano Thompson (CA) Thompson (MS) Tiernev Titus Tonko Tsongas Van Hollen Vargas Veasey

Vela.

Walz

Waters

Welch

Waxman

Yarmuth

Velázquez

Visclosky

Wasserman

Schultz

Wilson (FL)

NOT VOTING-14

 Campbell
 Honda
 Smith (NJ)

 Cassidy
 Moore
 Smith (WA)

 Duckworth
 Moran
 Stivers

 Fattah
 Mullin
 Young (AK)

 Hall
 Negrete McLeod

□ 1801

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated against:

Mr. HONDA. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 525, had I been present, I would have voted "no."

REMEMBERING FORMER MINNESOTA CONGRESSMAN BILL FRENZEL

(Mr. PAULSEN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PAULSEN. Mr. Speaker, I stand before you with the members of the Minnesota House delegation after the sad news reached us that former Congressman Bill Frenzel passed away yesterday. For two decades, Bill Frenzel represented Minnesota's Third Congressional District, epitomizing the very best in public service.

Bill was a visionary and a leader on budget, tax, and trade issues, advocating for new trade agreements to open new markets for American products and services. Just last month, he was given the Order of the Aztec Eagle award from the Mexican Government for his work on the North American Free Trade Agreement. That is the

highest award that can be bestowed on a noncitizen.

Bill will be especially remembered, though, for his temperament and kindness that led him to build constructive relationships on both sides of the aisle, a model that we should all continue to work on and reflect in this House. Personally, I will remember him as a great mentor and a friend and for his valuable advice.

Mr. Speaker, I ask that we rise for a moment of silence in the memory of Congressman Bill Frenzel.

CONDEMNING TERRORIST ACTS IN JERUSALEM

(Mr. ENGEL asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. ENGEL. Mr. Speaker, the horrific attacks and murder that happened in Jerusalem today should be condemned by all people of goodwill. Four rabbis were praying in the synagogue, and in marched Palestinian thugs and murderers with meat cleavers and other weapons and horrifically murdered these four people who were in the midst of prayer.

Three of the four people who were killed were American citizens, and our hearts go out to each and every one of their families.

One of the gentlemen who was murdered is the brother-in-law of a prominent rabbi in my district. The rabbi in my district is Rabbi Jonathan Rosenblatt. We learned this morning that his brother-in-law was one of the victims.

Mr. Speaker, I favor a two-state solution in the Palestinian-Israeli conflict, but Palestinians must know that they will never have their state on the backs of terror. They will never achieve statehood on the backs of terror. The more they use terror to try to achieve their political aims, the more that it will not happen.

So I take the floor today with all people of goodwill in condemning these horrific murders. Terror has no place. These wanton acts of terror and murder need to be condemned by all people of goodwill. There is no justification whatsoever for these barbarous acts.

IN MEMORY OF RICK RICHARDSON

(Mr. BROUN of Georgia asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. BROUN of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to a great American, a great Georgian, a patriot, and a great personal friend, and that is Rick Richardson, who passed away on November 14 from a sudden stroke.

Rick served the Georgia GOP for 25 years as the president and a national board member of the Georgia State Young Republicans and the Fourth District Republican Party chairman. He had a tremendous impact on his fellow staff members and the chairman of the State party and all 159 counties of

Georgia through his humble and hardworking attitude.

Rick was not only the party's go-to guy for history on any level, but a great friend to all who knew him. Rick's father and mother should take great pride in raising a son who touched so many lives and will continue to do so in the days ahead.

In return, Rick, who lost his father at a young age, stayed by his surviving mother, who is 92 years of age, whom he cared for and loved.

Today, may we reflect on Rick's singular character and the tremendous work he did for the State of Georgia, the Republican Party, his family, and for the country. Let us not forget him, a proud son, faithful servant, an example of what it means to be a selfless leader.

IRAN AND THE JOINT PLAN OF ACTION

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. RICE of South Carolina). Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 3, 2013, the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. LAMBORN) is recognized for 60 minutes as the designee of the majority leader.

Mr. LAMBORN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today with some other colleagues to talk about the important issue of Iran.

As you may know, on November 24, a mere 6 days from now, the Joint Plan of Action expires. And what that means is that the United States and the other P5+1—and that means the permanent members of the Security Council plus another country, six countries—have been negotiating, with the U.S. taking the lead, with Iran to come to some kind of agreement if perhaps Iran would stop its mad quest to develop weapons of mass destruction.

Many of us are concerned, Mr. Speaker, here in Congress that we may not end up with a very good negotiated settlement. Now, the President has said that it is better to have no deal than to have a bad deal, and Secretary of State John Kerry has said the same thing, and that is exactly what we want to see happen.

I am joined tonight by several colleagues who will be talking about this important issue. So I would like to just move right now and yield to a good friend and colleague, a member of the Armed Services Committee, Jackie Walorski of Indiana.

Mrs. WALORSKI. Mr. Speaker, with a comprehensive nuclear agreement deadline less than a week away, the need to stop Iran from obtaining a nuclear weapon has never been greater. With its thousands of gas centrifuges, Iran now has the capability to enrich uranium to a grade suitable for use in nuclear reactors or to a higher grade suitable for use in nuclear warheads.

Iran is the leading state sponsor of terrorism and continues with heinous human rights abuses, oppressing freedom of speech, religion, and press, and more. Additionally, Iran continues to oppose our national security interests