Rogers (KY) Rogers (MI) Rohrabacher Rokita. Rooney Ros-Lehtinen Roskam Ross Rothfus Royce Runyan Ryan (WI) Salmon Sanford Scalise Schock Schweikert Scott, Austin Sensenbrenner

Sessions Upton Shimkus Valadao Shuster Wagner Simpson Walberg Smith (MO) Walden Smith (NE) Walorski Smith (NJ) Weber (TX) Smith (TX) Webster (FL) Southerland Wenstrup Westmoreland Stewart Stivers Stockman Williams Wilson (SC) Stutzman Terry Wittman Thompson (PA) Womack Thornberry Woodall Tiberi Tipton Yoho Young (IN) Turner

Nolan

Owens

Pallone

Pascrell

Payne

Pelosi

Pastor (AZ)

Perlmutter

Peters (CA)

Peters (MI)

Pingree (ME)

Peterson

Price (NC)

Richmond

Ryan (OH)

Sarbanes

Schneider

Scott (VA)

Scott, David

Sewell (AL)

Shea-Porter

Schrader

Serrano

Sherman

Slaughter

Smith (WA)

Swalwell (CA)

Thompson (CA)

Thompson (MS)

Sinema

Sires

Speier

Takano

Tierney

Titus

Tonko

Vargas

Veasey

Velázquez

Visclosky

Wasserman

Schultz

Wilson (FL)

Vela.

Walz.

Waters

Welch

Waxman

Tsongas Van Hollen

Schiff

Schakowsky

Roybal-Allard

Ruppersberger

Sánchez, Linda

Sanchez, Loretta

Quigley

Rahall

Ruiz

Rush

Pocan

Polis

O'Rourke

NOES-190 Green, Al Barber Barrow (GA) Green, Gene Rass Grijalya Beatty Gutiérrez Becerra Hahn Bera (CA) Hanabusa Bishop (GA) Hastings (FL) Bishop (NY) Heck (WA) Blumenauer Higgins Bonamici Himes Brady (PA) Holt Bralev (IA) Honda. Brown (FL) Horsford Brownley (CA) Hover Huffman Bustos Butterfield Israel Capps Capuano Jackson Lee Jeffries Carney Johnson (GA) Carson (JN) Johnson, E. B. Cartwright Kaptur Castor (FL) Castro (TX) Kelly (IL) Chu Kennedy Cicilline Kildee Clark (MA) Kilmer Clarke (NY) Kind Kirkpatrick Cleaver Kuster Langevin Clyburn Larsen (WA) Cohen Connolly Larson (CT) Lee (CA) Convers Cooper Levin Costa Lewis Courtney Lipinski Crowley Loebsack Cuellar Lofgren Cummings Lowenthal Lowey Davis (CA) Lujan Grisham Davis, Danny DeFazio (NM) DeGette Luián, Ben Ray (NM) Delanev DeLauro Lynch Deutch Maffei Malonev. Dingell Carolyn Doggett Maloney, Sean Dovle Edwards Matheson Matsui Ellison McDermott Engel Enyart McGovern McIntyre Eshoo Estv McNerney FarrMeeks Fattah Meng Michaud Foster Frankel (FL) Moore Fudge Gabbard Moran Murphy (FL)

Negrete McLeod NOT VOTING-14

Barton Hinojosa Rangel
Campbell McCarthy (NY) Schwartz
Cárdenas McCollum Wolf
DelBene Miller, Gary Young (AK)
Duckworth Miller, George

Napolitano

Neal

Gallego

Garcia

Gravson

Garamendi

□ 1433

So the resolution was agreed to. The result of the vote was announced as above recorded. A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated against:

Ms. McCOLLUM. Mr. Speaker, I was participating in the Appropriations Subcommittee on Defense's Classified Hearing and missed the vote on passage of the H. Res. 524, a resolution providing consideration on H.R. 1459—the "No More National Monuments" Act and adding two bills to the Suspension Calendar. It was my intention to vote against the rule.

MOMENT OF SILENCE IN REMEMBRANCE OF MEMBERS OF ARMED FORCES AND THEIR FAMILIES

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. COL-LINS of Georgia). The Chair would ask all present to rise for the purpose of a moment of silence.

The Chair asks that the House now observe a moment of silence in remembrance of our brave men and women in uniform who have given their lives in the service of our country in Iraq and Afghanistan and their families, and of all who serve in our Armed Forces and their families.

CORPORAL JUSTIN D. ROSS POST OFFICE BUILDING

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, 5-minute voting will continue.

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1228) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 300 Packerland Drive in Green Bay, Wisconsin, as the "Corporal Justin D. Ross Post Office Building", as amended, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill. The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Texas (Mr. FARENTHOLD) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, as amended. This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 418, nays 0, not voting 13, as follows:

[Roll No. 144]

YEAS-418

Castro (TX) Aderholt Braley (IA) Amash Bridenstine Chabot Amodei Chaffetz Brooks (AL) Bachmann Brooks (IN) Chu Cicilline Bachus Broun (GA) Barber Brown (FL) Clark (MA) Barletta Brownley (CA) Clarke (NY) Barr Buchanan Clay Barrow (GA) Bucshon Cleaver Clyburn Bass Burgess Beatty Bustos Coble Becerra Butterfield Coffman Benishek Byrne Cohen Calvert Bentivolio Cole Collins (GA) Bera (CA) Camp Bilirakis Bishop (GA) Cantor Collins (NY) Capito Conaway Bishop (NY) Capps Connolly Bishop (UT) Capuano Conyers Black Cárdenas Cook Blackburn Carney Cooper Blumenauer Carson (IN) Costa Cotton Carter Bonamici Cartwright Boustany Courtney Cassidy Castor (FL) Brady (PA) Cramer Brady (TX) Crawford

Cuellar Culberson Cummings Daines Davis (CA) Davis, Danny Davis, Rodney DeFazio Delanev DeLauro Denham Dent DeSantis DesJarlais Deutch Diaz-Balart Dingell Doggett Doyle Duffy Duncan (SC) Duncan (TN) Edwards Ellison Ellmers Engel Envart Esĥoo Esty Farenthold Farr Fattah Fincher Fitzpatrick Fleischmann Fleming Flores Forbes Fortenberry Foster Foxx Frankel (FL) Franks (AZ) Frelinghuysen Fudge Gabbard Gallego Garamendi Garcia Gardner Garrett Gerlach Gibbs Gibson Gingrey (GA) Gohmert Goodlatte Gosar Gowdy Granger Graves (GA) Graves (MO) Grayson Green, Al Green, Gene Griffin (AR) Griffith (VA) Grijalva Grimm Guthrie Gutiérrez Hahn Hall Hanabusa Hanna Harper Harris Hartzler Hastings (FL) Hastings (WA) Heck (NV) Heck (WA) Hensarling Herrera Beutler Higgins Himes Holding Holt Honda Horsford Hoyer Hudson Huelskamp Huffman Huizenga (MI)

Crenshaw

Negrete McLeod Neugebauer Hunter Hurt Israel Noem Issa. Nolan Jackson Lee Nugent Nunes Jeffries Jenkins Nunnelee Johnson (GA) O'Rourke Johnson (OH) Olson Johnson, E. B. Owens Johnson, Sam Palazzo Jolly Pallone Jones Pascrell Jordan Pastor (AZ) Joyce Paulsen Kaptur Payne Kelly (IL) Pelosi Kelly (PA) Perlmutter Kennedy Perry Peters (CA) Kildee Peters (MI) Kilmer Peterson Kind King (IA) Petri King (NY) Pingree (ME) Kingston Pittenger Kinzinger (IL) Pitts Kirkpatrick Pocan Kline Poe (TX) Kuster Polis Labrador Pompeo LaMalfa Posey Price (GA) Lamborn Lance Price (NC) Langevin Quigley Lankford Rahall Larsen (WA) Reed Larson (CT) Reichert Latham Renacci Latta Ribble Lee (CA) Richmond Levin Rigell Roby Lewis Roe (TN) Lipinski LoBiondo Rogers (AL) Loebsack Rogers (KY) Lofgren Rogers (MI) Rohrabacher Long Lowenthal Rokita Lowey Roonev Ros-Lehtinen Lucas Luetkemeyer Lujan Grisham Roskam Ross (NM) Rothfus Luján, Ben Ray Roybal-Allard (NM) Rovce Lummis Lynch Runyan Maffei Ruppersberger Malonev. Carolyn Rvan (OH) Marchant Ryan (WI) Marino Salmon Massie Sánchez, Linda Matheson T. Matsui Sanchez, Loretta McAllister Sanford McCarthy (CA) Sarbanes McCaul Scalise McClintock Schakowsky McCollum Schiff McDermott Schneider McGovern Schock McHenry Schrader McIntvre Schweikert Scott (VA) McKeon McKinley Scott, Austin McMorris Scott, David Rodgers Sensenbrenner McNerney Serrano Meadows Sessions Sewell (AL) Meehan Meeks Shea-Porter Meng Sherman Shimkus Messer Mica Shuster Michaud Simpson Miller (FL) Sinema Miller (MI) Sires Slaughter Miller George Smith (MO) Moore Moran Smith (NE) Mullin Smith (NJ) Mulvaney Smith (TX) Murphy (FL) Smith (WA) Murphy (PA) Southerland

Nadler

Neal

Hultgren

Napolitano

Speier

Stivers

Stewart

Webster (FL) Stockman Valadao Stutzman Van Hollen Welch Swalwell (CA) Vargas Wenstrup Takano Veasey Westmoreland Terry Vela Whitfield Thompson (CA) Velázquez Williams Thompson (MS) Visclosky Wilson (FL) Thompson (PA) Wagner Wilson (SC) Thornberry Walberg Wittman Tiberi Walden Womack Tierney Walorski Woodall Tipton Walz Yarmuth Wasserman Titus Yoder Schultz Tonko Yoho Tsongas Waters Young (IN) Turner Waxman Weber (TX)

NOT VOTING-13

Barton Maloney, Sean Schwartz
Campbell McCarthy (NY) Wolf
DelBene Miller, Gary Young (AK)
Duckworth Rangel
Hinoiosa Rice (SC)

\Box 1442

Mr. SCHRADER changed his vote from "nay" to "yea."

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The title of the bill was amended so as to read: "A bill to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 123 South 9th Street in De Pere, Wisconsin, as the 'Corporal Justin D. Ross Post Office Building'."

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

ENSURING PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT IN THE CREATION OF NATIONAL MONUMENTS ACT

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. HASTINGS of Washington. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on H.R. 1459.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. DENHAM). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Washington?

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 524 and rule XVIII, the Chair declares the House in the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the consideration of the bill, H.R. 1459.

The Chair appoints the gentleman from Texas (Mr. POE) to preside over the Committee of the Whole.

□ 1445

IN THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Accordingly, the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 1459) to ensure that the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 applies to the declaration of national monuments, and for other purposes, with Mr. PoE in the chair.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

□ 1445

The CHAIR. Pursuant to the rule, the bill is considered read the first time.

The gentleman from Washington (Mr. HASTINGS) and the gentleman from Arizona (Mr. GRIJALVA) each will control 30 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Washington.

Mr. HASTINGS of Washington. Mr. Chairman, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Chairman, President Obama has not been shy about his willingness or his desire to circumvent Congress and take unilateral action on a variety of issues. This lack of shyness includes the designation of new national monuments.

In fact, during the President's first term in office, an internal memo was leaked that showed plans to potentially lock up more than 13 million acres of Western land with the simple stroke of the President's pen.

Major land use decisions such as this should not be made behind closed doors and should fully involve the local citizens whose livelihoods would be directly affected by such action.

That is why, Mr. Chairman, I strongly support H.R. 1459, the Ensuring Public Involvement in the Creation of National Monuments Act, sponsored by our colleague from Utah (Mr. BISHOP). This legislation would require public participation before a President can designate a national monument under the Antiquities Act.

Mr. Chairman, let me repeat this last sentence that I gave because this is the heart of the legislation. This legislation would require public participation before a President can designate a national monument under the Antiquities Act.

Over 100 years ago, the Antiquities Act was passed to allow a President to unilaterally designate national monuments without any input or involvement from the people, communities, or elected officials of the areas that would be directly impacted.

However, this authority was intended to be used under narrow circumstances and in emergencies to prevent destruction of a precious place; but unfortunately, we have seen this power abused by Presidents of both parties. It has been used as a tool to score political points, rather than to protect areas facing imminent threat or harm.

National monuments are one of the most restrictive of all land use designations. They can significantly block public access and limit public recreation and other job-creating economic activities.

The American people and their elected leaders deserve to have a say in which of their lands deserve special protections as national monuments and which should, instead, be allowed to contribute to the full range of recreational, conservation, economic, and resource benefits that carefully managed multiple-use lands provide.

H.R. 1459 would guarantee public involvement and ensure that the designation process is transparent by requiring all national monument designa-

tions made under the Antiquities Act to comply with the NEPA process.

Most, if not all, major land use decisions are statutorily required to go through the NEPA process. Designations made by the President should be treated no differently than those other processes.

I will openly state, however, that I—and many of my Republican colleagues—believe that NEPA is a law that should be streamlined and updated. However, this bill is about transparency and ensuring that the public has a voice.

So let me ask the rhetorical question, Mr. Chairman: If my Democrat colleagues believe that the NEPA is a worthwhile law that works and that NEPA is important, why should they oppose making sure that Presidential designations should not go through the same process?

This bill continues to uphold the original intention of the Antiquities Act, which is to allow the President to act in emergency situations. It protects the President's ability to act if there is an eminent threat to an American antiquity by allowing for a temporary emergency designation of 5,000 acres or less for a 3-year period.

After that time, in order to ensure public participation in the process, the designation would be made permanent if the NEPA process is completed or if it is approved by Congress.

The bill would also limit national monument declarations to no more than one per State during any 4-year Presidential term and prevent the inclusion of private property in monument designations without the prior written consent of the property own-

National monument designations deserve public input from the people and communities who are directly impacted. This bill is necessary to stop unilateral actions by the President and ensure participation by the American public.

I commend subcommittee Chairman BISHOP for his work on this bill, and I encourage my colleagues to support it.

Mr. Chairman, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. GRIJALVA. Mr. Chairman, I yield myself as much time as I may consume.

Mr. Chairman, this week, the majority advanced a bill that would block the administration from implementing a stream buffer zone rule intended to protect waterways from the impacts of mountaintop removal coal mining, adding to the list of their attacks on the environment.

House Republicans ignore the fact that Americans want clean water, clean skies, and more—not less—national parks and national monuments because, now, they are forcing a vote on H.R. 1459, a bill that will make it harder for Presidents to create new national monuments, adding layers upon layers of duplicative oversight and unnecessary congressional review.