around something that helps the economy grow in our ski resort areas across the country.

As so many times on issues of even greater importance, there is a fork in the road for this House, a decision to make, between the partisan-charged route of job-destroying Republican water-grabbing legislation or the opportunity to fix this bill and come together to make sure that our ski resort communities are secure in their water rights and can continue to justify their capital investments and grow. That is the choice we have with the Polis amendment.

This amendment improves the bill. It helps turn the bill from a controversial bill into something that I think the vast majority of this body can and will agree on.

The amendment ensures that any U.S. Forest Service directive will not condition ski area permits on the transfer of title of any water right or require any ski area permittee to acquire a water right in the name of the United States.

That is the issue from the directive on 2011 that gives us a reason to even have the bill; but instead of addressing that issue in a focused way, this bill has tried to essentially rewrite centuries of water law in a superficial 2-page bill that has the impact of destroying jobs in Colorado and other mountain resort communities across the country.

We can and we must do better—better for my district in Colorado. Many of the ski resort counties—like Pitkin County represented by Mr. TIPTON, and Eagle, Summit, and Grand Counties that I represent—that benefit directly from the ski resort economy have come out opposed to this bill because it actually hurts their economy rather than helps it.

If the very folks that this bill was supposedly written to help oppose this bill, what on Earth are we doing here?

Thankfully, we have an amendment right now that can fix this bill. We tried in committee, we tried through the manager's amendment, and now, we are trying on the floor. Let's do it. Let's fix the bill.

I urge my colleagues to support my amendment and, unless it is incorporated, oppose the underlying bill.

I yield back the balance of my time.
Mr. HASTINGS of Washington.
Madam Chairman, I yield myself the
balance of the time.

I have to say, the debate on the underlying bill in this amendment I find rather interesting—no, maybe bizarre is better than that.

The issue here is whether we should protect the State's responsibility to write water law or allow the Federal Government to extort from private individuals that water. That is what the issue is all about here.

He had bipartisan support when the bill was heard in committee, but then it changed for some reason. Now, we have in front of us the Polis amendment, which would very narrowly put this protection only to ski areas and not to everybody else that has private property rights.

The consequences if this were to become law—which it is not going to, I am convinced, with this amendment—but the effect of this would be this: okay. Ski areas are protected this year. Next year, it will be a rancher that is abused, so we will come back, and we will write a law to protect the rancher.

Next, it will be a water conservation district someplace that will be affected because of the directive, so we will come back and fix that. Then it will be some municipality someplace that will be affected because they don't have water rights because it was extorted by the Federal Government, so we will have a fix for that.

Madam Chairman, there is a better way to do that. Let's just simply respect states' rights to regulate water law and to codify that with this language.

Finally, just let me make this observation. The effect of adopting this, as I mentioned in my opening statement, as it relates to tribal rights, what this amendment really does more than anything else is it puts ski resorts' water rights above tribal rights. That is really what the adoption of this amendment does.

So I would say that the underlying bill is a bill that is the responsibility of us as the legislative branch in this Congress. It deserves our support. This amendment does nothing to advance that at all and should be defeated.

I urge my colleagues to vote "no," and I yield back the balance of my time.

The CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. POLIS).

The question was taken; and the Chair announced that the noes appeared to have it.

 $\operatorname{Mr.}$ POLIS. Madam Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Colorado will be postponed.

Mr. HASTINGS of Washington. Madam Chairman, I move that the Committee do now rise.

The motion was agreed to.

Accordingly, the Committee rose; and the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. YODER) having assumed the chair, Ms. Foxx, Chair of the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union, reported that that Committee, having had under consideration the bill (H.R. 3189) to prohibit the conditioning of any permit, lease, or other use agreement on the transfer, relinquishment, or other impairment of any water right to the United States by the Secretaries of the Interior and Agriculture, had come to no resolution thereon.

DIRECTING THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS IN THE ENROLLMENT OF H.R. 3370

Mr. GRIMM. Mr. Speaker, I send to the desk a concurrent resolution and ask unanimous consent for its immediate consideration in the House.

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

The text of the concurrent resolution is as follows:

H. CON. RES. 93

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That, in the enrollment of the bill (H.R. 3370) an Act to delay the implementation of certain provisions of the Biggert-Waters Flood Insurance Reform Act of 2012, and for other purposes, the Clerk of the House of Representatives shall make the following corrections:

(1) In section 12—

- (A) in the matter preceding the new subsection added by the amendment made by such section, strike ", as amended by the preceding provisions of this Act, is further" and insert "is"; and
- (B) in the new subsection added by the amendment made by such section, strike "(e)" and insert "(d)".
- (2) In section 14, before the closing quotation marks that immediately precede the period at the end insert "and".

(3) In section 30—

- (A) in the matter that precedes paragraph (1), strike "is" and insert the following: ", as amended by section 27 of this Act, is further":
 - (B) in paragraph (1)—
- (i) in the matter that precedes subparagraph (A), strike "subparagraph (B)" and insert "subparagraph (C)"; and
 - (ii) in subparagraph (A)—
- (I) strike "subparagraph (A)" and insert "subparagraph (B)"; and
- (II) strike "subparagraph (D)" and insert "subparagraph (E)";
- (C) in paragraph (2), strike "and (C) as subparagraphs (D), (E), and (G)" and insert "(C), and (D) as subparagraphs (D), (E), (F), and (H)";
- (D) in paragraph (3), in the matter preceding the new subparagraphs inserted by the amendment made by such paragraph, strike "subparagraph (B)" and insert "subparagraph (D)"; and
 - (E) in paragraph (4)—
- (i) in the matter preceding the new subparagraph inserted by the amendment made by such paragraph, strike "subparagraph (E)" and insert "subparagraph (F)"; and
- (ii) in the new subparagraph inserted by the amendment made by such paragraph, strike "(F)" and insert "(G)".

The concurrent resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

FAITHFUL EXECUTION OF THE LAW ACT OF 2014

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 1(c) of rule XIX, further consideration of H.R. 3973 will now resume.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the amendment offered

Roby

Daines

by the gentleman from Minnesota (Mr. ELLISON).

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the noes appeared to have it.

Mr. DESANTIS, Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 191, nays 227, not voting 13, as follows:

[Roll No. 127]

YEAS-191

Barber Green, Al Neal Barrow (GA) Green, Gene Negrete McLeod Beatty Grijalva Nolan Becerra O'Rourke Bera (CA) Hahn Owens Bishop (GA) Hanabusa Pallone Bishop (NY) Hastings (FL) Pascrell Blumenauer Heck (WA) Pastor (AZ) Higgins Bonamici Payne Brady (PA) Pelosi Braley (IA) Hinojosa. Perlmutter Brown (FL) Holt Peters (CA) Brownley (CA) Honda Peters (MI) Bustos Horsford Peterson Butterfield Hover Pingree (ME) Capps Huffman Pocan Capuano Israel Polis Jackson Lee Cárdenas Price (NC) Carney Jeffries Carson (IN) Quigley Johnson (GA) Rahall Cartwright Johnson, E. B. Richmond Castor (FL) Kaptur Roybal-Allard Castro (TX) Keating Ruiz Chu Kelly (IL) Ruppersberger Cicilline Kennedy Ryan (OH) Clark (MA) Kildee Sánchez, Linda Clarke (NY) Kilmer Clay Kind т Cleaver Kirkpatrick Sanchez, Loretta Clyburn Kuster Sarbanes Cohen Langevin Schakowsky Connolly Larsen (WA) Schiff Larson (CT) Conyers Schneider Cooper Lee (CA) Schrader Costa Levin Schwartz Courtney Lewis Scott (VA) Crowley Lipinski Scott, David Cuellar Loebsack Serrano Cummings Lofgren Sewell (AL) Lowenthal Davis (CA) Shea-Porter Davis, Danny Lowey Sinema Lujan Grisham DeFazio Sires (NM) DeGette Slaughter Luján, Ben Ray Delaney Speier DeLauro (NM) Swalwell (CA) DelBene Lynch Takano Deutch Maloney, Thompson (CA) Doggett Carolyn Thompson (MS) Maloney, Sean Dovle Tierney Duckworth Matheson Titus Edwards Matsui Tonko Ellison McCarthy (NY) Tsongas Engel McCollum Van Hollen Envart McDermott McGovern Vargas Eshoo Veasey McIntyre Esty Vela Farr McNerney Velázquez Fattah Meeks Foster Meng Visclosky Frankel (FL) Walz Michaud Wasserman Fudge Miller, George Gabbard Moore Schultz Waters Gallego Moran

NAYS-227

Welch

Wilson (FL)

Yarmuth

Murphy (FL)

Napolitano

Nadler

Garamendi

Garcia

Gravson

Aderholt Bridenstine Chabot Chaffetz Amash Brooks (AL) Bachus Brooks (IN) Coble Barletta Broun (GA) Coffman Barr Buchanan Cole Barton Collins (GA) Bucshon Benishek Burgess Collins (NY) Bentivolio Byrne Conaway Bilirakis Calvert Cook Bishop (UT) Camp Campbell Cotton Black Cramer Blackburn Crawford Capito Boustany Brady (TX) Carter Crenshaw Cassidy Culberson

King (IA) King (NY) Roe (TN) Davis, Rodney Denham Kingston Rogers (AL) Dent Kinzinger (IL) Rogers (KY) DeSantis Kline Rogers (MI) Labrador Des Jarlais Rohrabacher Diaz-Balart LaMalfa. Rokita Lamborn Duffy Rooney Duncan (SC) Lance Ros-Lehtinen Duncan (TN) Lankford Roskam Ellmers Latham RossFarenthold Rothfus Latta LoBiondo Royce Fincher Fitzpatrick Long Runyan Rvan (WI) Fleischmann Lucas Fleming Luetkemeyer Salmon Lummis Sanford Forbes Maffei Scalise Fortenberry Marchant Schock Foxx Marino Schweikert Frelinghuysen Massie Scott Austin McAllister Sensenbrenner Gardner Garrett McCarthy (CA) Sessions Gerlach McCaul Sherman Gibbs McClintock Shimkus Gibson McHenry Shuster Gingrev (GA) McKinley Simpson McMorris Smith (MO) Gohmert Goodlatte Rodgers Smith (NE) Meadows Gowdy Smith (NJ) Smith (TX) Granger Meehan Graves (GA) Messer Southerland Graves (MO) Stewart Mica Miller (FL) Griffin (AR) Stivers Griffith (VA) Miller (MI) Stockman Grimm Miller, Gary Stutzman Guthrie Mullin Terry Thompson (PA) Hall Mulvanev Hanna Murphy (PA) Thornberry Neugebauer Harper Tiberi Harris Noem Tipton Hartzler Nugent Turner Hastings (WA) Nunes Upton Heck (NV) Nunnelee Valadao Olson Hensarling Walberg Herrera Beutler Palazzo Walden Holding Paulsen Walorski Hudson Pearce Weber (TX) Huelskamp Perry Webster (FL) Huizenga (MI) Petri Wenstrup Westmoreland Hultgren Pittenger Pitts Poe (TX) Hunter Whitfield Williams Hurt Issa Pompeo Wilson (SC) Jenkins Posey Price (GA) Wittman Johnson (OH) Wolf Womack Johnson, Sam Reed Jolly Reichert Woodall Jones Yoder Renacci Ribble Jordan Yoho Young (AK) Young (IN) Rice (SC) Joyce Kelly (PA) Rigell

NOT VOTING-13

Amodei	Franks (AZ)	Smith (WA)
Bachmann	Gosar	Wagner
Bass	McKeon	Waxman
Cantor	Rangel	
Dingell	Rush	

□ 1642

Messrs. POSEY. MARCHANT. BUCSHON, RYAN of Wisconsin, and MAFFEI changed their vote "yea" to "nay."

Mr. HIGGINS and Ms. LORETTA SANCHEZ of California changed their vote from "nay" to "yea."

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced

as above recorded.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT

Ms. MICHELLE LUJAN GRISHAM of New Mexico. Mr. Speaker, I have a motion to recommit at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is the gentlewoman opposed to the bill?

Ms. MICHELLE LUJAN GRISHAM of New Mexico. Mr. Speaker, I am opposed to the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the motion to recom-

The Clerk read as follows:

Ms. Michelle Lujan Grisham of New Mexico moves to recommit the bill H.R. 3973 to the Committee on the Judiciary with instructions to report the same back to the House forthwith with the following amendment:

Add at the end of the bill the following: SEC. 3. PROTECTING NATIONAL SECURITY IN-FORMATION FROM FOREIGN EN-EMIES AND SAVING TAXPAYER DOL-LARS.

The amendments made by this Act do not apply to information that would expose critical national security and foreign policy legal, strategic, and tactical positions to terrorists, drug cartels, money launderers, or foreign enemies of the United States.

□ 1645

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentlewoman from New Mexico is recognized for 5 minutes in support of her motion.

Ms. MICHELLE LUJAN GRISHAM of New Mexico. Mr. Speaker, this is the final amendment to the bill, which will not kill the bill or send it back to committee. If adopted, the bill will immediately proceed to final passage, as amended.

Mr. Speaker, we have heard passionate arguments in support of and in opposition to this bill. We have heard Members argue that this bill is needed to prevent the Obama administration's overreach on issues such as immigration and health care.

Conversely, we have heard Members note that the Republican leadership has refused to pass comprehensive immigration reform, refused to raise the minimum wage, and refused to compromise on a budget until they had shut down the Federal Government. These Members argue that this has forced the President to act within his constitutional authority to faithfully execute the law.

That sharp rhetoric and disagreement is a result of the political realities that we find ourselves in today, and it reflects Congress's failure to work together and solve problems on behalf of the American people.

I oppose the underlying bill, but I more strongly oppose the gridlock that has consumed this Congress and is leading it to become the most unproductive Congress and uncompromising Congress in the history of the United States.

I believe that we can move past that today by coming together and supporting my amendment, which would address significant national security concerns raised by this legislation.

My amendment would ensure that the bill's requirement that the executive branch explain why it prioritizes resources would not impact or expose critical national security and foreign policy interests, positions, or strategies to terrorists, drug cartels, and foreign enemies of the United States.

Mr. Speaker, Sandia National Laboratories and Los Alamos National Laboratory are located in my home State of New Mexico. These laboratories ensure the safety, reliability, and effectiveness of the Nation's nuclear deterrent.

The experiments and tests that they conduct are at the cutting edge of science and human understanding. They work every day to study, analyze, solve, and prepare for emerging and potential national security threats, contingencies, and risks.

They help inform our Nation's defense and foreign policy decision-makers on how to confront the increasingly complex dangers that our Nation faces.

I am sure there is not one Member of this body that would want the sensitive national security work conducted at the National Laboratories and other government agencies to be revealed to terrorists, to drug cartels and foreign enemies. But that is the risk that all of us will bear if we pass this bill today with this current broad language.

This bill requires the Attorney General to monitor every executive branch agency and every Federal officer who issues a formal or informal policy that refrains from enforcing any Federal statute, rule, regulation, program or policy

So let me say that again: it would require the Attorney General to monitor every Federal officer's alleged non-enforcement of any Federal statute, rule, regulation, program, or policy.

The language would include Federal officials who are making decisions on national security concerns and interests, based on information and assistance supplied, in many cases, by the national labs in my home State.

This could put the Attorney General in the dangerous position of choosing between keeping strategic foreign policy positions and information from foreign enemies, and complying with the requirements of this legislation.

This would, undoubtedly, lead to litigation, court cases, and appeals, costing the American government embarrassing legal battles and leaving taxpayers to foot the bill.

That time and money is better spent on the activity that these national security agencies are intended to conduct: providing for the safety of the American people.

It just doesn't make sense to impose costly reporting requirements on activities that could potentially hurt national security interests. You wouldn't require a general to reveal his strategy and tactics before he goes into battle.

Mr. Speaker, we came together just last week to pass an aid package for Ukraine to address national security concerns due to recent Russian aggression. We passed that bill on an overwhelmingly bipartisan basis. Leaders of both parties came together in solidarity.

We can do that again today with the adoption of this amendment, which en-

sures that nothing in this bill adversely impacts our Nation's security.

I want to be clear. The adoption of this amendment will not prevent the passage of the underlying bill. If adopted, it will be incorporated into the bill and will be immediately voted upon.

Although we may all disagree on the need for the underlying bill, we have an opportunity to stand united and support our Nation's vital policy and foreign policy goals.

I urge my colleagues to vote "yes" on this final amendment.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. DESANTIS. Mr. Speaker, I rise in opposition to the motion to recommit.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from Florida is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. DESANTIS. Mr. Speaker, we have in this country a government of laws, not of men. The Congress passes laws, the President executes laws, and the courts adjudicate disputes under those laws.

One law on the books already requires the Attorney General to report to Congress when the executive branch suspends enforcement of a law due to constitutional concerns, and AGs ranging from Holder to Gonzalez have done this.

When the executive branch suspends execution of the law for other reasons, this same reporting requirement should apply, and, in fact, may even be more important on separation of powers grounds. This transparency will help Congress safeguard its constitutional authority, and will allow the American people to evaluate the actions of the executive branch.

Now, why is this necessary?

Yesterday's paper, The Wall Street Journal:

Last week the administration quietly excused millions of people from the requirement to purchase health insurance or else pay a tax penalty.

This latest political reconstruction has received zero media notice, and the Health and Human Services Department didn't think the details of this delay were worth discussing in a conference call, press materials, or fact sheet. Instead, the mandate suspension was buried in an unrelated rule that was meant to preserve some health plans that don't comply with ObamaCare benefits and redistribution mandates.

This is no way to run a government. Surely, this is not consistent with being the most transparent administration in history.

Now, some have said that the transparency requirements would be burdensome, but this raises the question, exactly how many laws is this administration suspending?

This bill can only be burdensome if the administration is consistently suspending duly enacted laws.

My question is: What is wrong with a little sunlight?

Now, I have not heard the President's defenders articulate a limiting principle regarding his actions. "If Congress does not do what I want, I will do

it anyway" is not a limiting principle, and is not consistent with constitutional government.

Here is a limiting principle. U.S. Supreme Court, Kendall v. United States:

To contend that the obligation imposed on the President to see the laws faithfully executed implies a power to forbid their execution is a novel construction of the Constitution, and is entirely inadmissible.

Now, news reports have detailed how the latest ObamaCare suspensions are tailored to help the President's party in the midterm elections. Now, this is not sufficient justification. Of course there is always going to be another election around the corner.

Once you do suspension to get to 2014, well, you are going to have 2016. Do you need to get Hillary across the finish line?

Then when a Republican President takes over, guess what? That President's supporters are going to say, hey, they suspended these provisions. Why don't you suspend the provisions that we don't like?

Pretty soon, you end up with Presidents of both parties picking and choosing what they want to enforce.

Here is the deal. Short-term political advantages and fleeting policy victories do not trump our duty to support and defend the Constitution. This is true whether the President is a Democrat or a Republican.

I would much rather lose out on my preferred policy outcomes and see my party lose an election while safeguarding our constitutional order, because it is, ultimately, that Constitution which does the most to protect our freedoms.

If we go down the road where Presidents of both parties simply enforce what is good for their party and disregard what is not, then we will no longer be a government of laws, but a government of men, and this institution will be forever diminished.

The Constitution delegates the Congress the power to make law, not to make suggestions. The Faithful Execution of the Law Act will help shine a light on executive branch failures to faithfully execute the laws of our land.

A vote for this bill is a vote for transparency, for the rule of law, and for constitutional government.

I urge my colleagues to vote "no" on this motion, and vote "yes" to pass this bill.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the previous question is ordered on the motion to recommit.

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to recommit.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the noes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Ms. MICHELLE LUJAN GRISHAM of New Mexico. Mr. Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

Rogers (KY)

Kline

Diaz-Balart

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XX, the Chair will reduce to 5 minutes the minimum time for any electronic vote on the question of passage of the bill.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 192, noes 225, not voting 14, as follows:

FD - 11 Nr - 1001

	[Roll No. 128]			
	AYES—192			
Barber	Green, Gene	Neal		
Barrow (GA)	Grijalva	Negrete McLeod		
Beatty	Gutiérrez	Nolan		
Becerra	Hahn	O'Rourke		
Bera (CA) Bishop (GA)	Hanabusa Hastings (FL)	Owens		
Bishop (NY)	Heck (WA)	Pallone		
Blumenauer	Higgins	Pascrell		
Bonamici	Himes	Pastor (AZ) Payne		
Brady (PA)	Hinojosa	Pelosi		
Braley (IA)	Holt	Perlmutter		
Brown (FL)	Honda	Peters (CA)		
Brownley (CA)	Horsford	Peters (MI)		
Bustos	Hoyer	Peterson		
Butterfield	Huffman	Pingree (ME)		
Capps	Israel	Pocan		
Capuano	Jackson Lee Jeffries	Polis		
Cárdenas Carney	Johnson (GA)	Price (NC)		
Carson (IN)	Johnson, E. B.	Quigley		
Cartwright	Kaptur	Rahall		
Castor (FL)	Keating	Richmond		
Castro (TX)	Kelly (IL)	Roybal-Allard Ruiz		
Chu	Kennedy	Ruppersberger		
Cicilline	Kildee	Ryan (OH)		
Clark (MA)	Kilmer	Sánchez, Linda		
Clarke (NY)	Kind	T.		
Clay	Kirkpatrick	Sanchez, Loretta		
Cleaver	Kuster	Sarbanes		
Clyburn	Langevin	Schakowsky		
Cohen Connolly	Larsen (WA) Larson (CT)	Schiff		
Conyers	Lee (CA)	Schneider		
Cooper	Levin	Schrader		
Costa	Lewis	Schwartz		
Crowley	Lipinski	Scott (VA)		
Cuellar	Loebsack	Scott, David		
Cummings	Lofgren	Serrano Sewell (AL)		
Davis (CA)	Lowenthal	Shea-Porter		
Davis, Danny	Lowey	Sherman		
DeFazio DeGette	Lujan Grisham	Sinema		
Delaney	(NM) Luián Pon Pov	Sires		
DeLauro	Luján, Ben Ray (NM)	Slaughter		
DelBene	Lynch	Speier		
Deutch	Maffei	Swalwell (CA)		
Doggett	Maloney,	Takano		
Doyle	Carolyn	Thompson (CA)		
Duckworth	Maloney, Sean	Thompson (MS)		
Edwards	Matheson	Tierney		
Ellison	Matsui	Titus Tonko		
Engel	McCarthy (NY)	Tsongas		
Enyart Eshoo	McCollum McDermott	Van Hollen		
Esty	McGovern	Vargas		
Farr	McIntyre	Veasey		
Fattah	McNerney	Vela		
Foster	Meeks	Velázquez		
Frankel (FL)	Meng	Visclosky		
Fudge	Michaud	Walz		
Gabbard	Miller, George	Wasserman		
Gallego	Moore	Schultz		
Garamendi	Moran	Waters		
Garcia	Murphy (FL)	Welch		
Grayson Groon Al	Nadler	Wilson (FL) Yarmuth		
Green, Al	Napolitano	1 at IIIU bii		
NOES—225				

Aderholt	Brooks (IN)	Cole
Amash	Broun (GA)	Collins (GA)
Bachus	Buchanan	Collins (NY)
Barletta	Bucshon	Conaway
Barr	Burgess	Cook
Barton	Byrne	Cotton
Benishek	Calvert	Cramer
Bentivolio	Camp	Crawford
Bilirakis	Campbell	Crenshaw
Bishop (UT)	Cantor	Culberson
Black	Carter	Daines
Blackburn	Cassidy	Davis, Rodney
Boustany	Chabot	Denham
Brady (TX)	Chaffetz	Dent
Bridenstine	Coble	DeSantis
Brooks (AL)	Coffman	DesJarlais

Duffy Labrador Rogers (MI) Duncan (SC) LaMalfa Rohrabacher Duncan (TN) Lamborn Rokita Ellmers Lance Rooney Farenthold Lankford Ros-Lehtinen Fincher Latham Roskam Fitzpatrick Latta Ross Fleischmann LoBiondo Rothfus Fleming Long Rovce Lucas Flores Runyan Forbes Luetkemeyer Ryan (WI) Fortenberry Lummis Salmon Marchant Foxx Sanford Frelinghuvsen Marino Scalise Gardner Massie Schock Garrett McAllister Schweikert McCarthy (CA) Gerlach Scott Austin McCaul Gibbs Sensenbrenner Gibson McHenry Sessions Gingrey (GA) McKeon Shimkus McKinley Gohmert Goodlatte McMorris Shuster Simpson Gowdy Rodgers Granger Meadows Smith (MO) Graves (GA) Meehan Smith (NE) Graves (MO) Messer Smith (NJ) Griffin (AR) Mica Smith (TX) Miller (FL) Griffith (VA) Southerland Miller (MI) Grimm Stewart Guthrie Miller, Gary Stivers Hall Mullin Stockman Hanna Mulvanev Stutzman Harper Murphy (PA) Terry Harris Neugebauer Thompson (PA) Hartzler Noem Thornberry Hastings (WA) Nugent Tiberi Heck (NV) Nunes Tipton Hensarling Nunnelee Turner Herrera Beutler Olson Upton Holding Palazzo Valadao Paulsen Hudson Walberg Huelskamp Pearce Walden Huizenga (MI) Perry Walorski Petri Hultgren Weber (TX) Pittenger Hunter Webster (FL) Hurt Pitts Wenstrup Poe (TX) Issa Westmoreland Jenkins Pompeo Whitfield Johnson (OH) Posev Williams Price (GA) Johnson, Sam Wilson (SC) Jolly Reed Wittman Reichert Jones Jordan Renacci Wolf Womack Joyce Kelly (PA) Ribble Rice (SC) Woodall King (IA) Rigell Yoder King (NY) Roby Roe (TN) Yoho Young (AK) Kingston Kinzinger (IL) Rogers (AL) Young (IN)

NOT VOTING-14

Amodei	Dingell	Rush
Bachmann	Franks (AZ)	Smith (WA)
Bass	Gosar	Wagner
Capito	McClintock	Waxman
Courtney	Rangel	

$\sqcap 1702$

So the motion to recommit was re-

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Mrs. CAPITO. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 128 I was unavoidably detained. Had I been present, I would have voted "no."

(By unanimous consent, Mr. MEE-HAN was allowed to speak out of order.)

CONGRESSIONAL HOCKEY CHALLENGE

Mr. MEEHAN. Mr. Speaker, I thank you for the opportunity to address our colleagues for 1 minute on behalf of the Congressional Hockey Caucus and our colleagues from both sides of the aisle who now, for the sixth year, have participated in what we call the Congressional Hockey Challenge.

This is the game for charity in which we have Members of Congress who play hockey and three of our friends from the Parliament in Canada, representing

the lawmakers, play against a team of lobbyists. The game specifically supports hockey for children in underprivileged communities who would not otherwise have access to the game.

In addition, it has raised dollars for scholarships for children from underprivileged communities to go on to play hockey in college. This was the sixth annual game, and to date, we have raised over a \$500,000 for that charity

Let me just close with this observation. In addition to being able to play with our colleagues and the lobbyists, we were joined on each side by very, very special guests. They were members of the Wounded Warriors ice hockey team.

The lobbyist team was privileged to have retired Army reservist Joseph Bowser, who lost a leg in Iraq, playing on their team. Our side was joined by retired Army Captain Mark Little, who lost both legs in Iraq.

I might tell you that there is no more inspirational thing than to see the courage of two young men who have found hockey as a way to find continued aspiration and accomplishment.

I will close my observations by saying that the winning goal—and this was no giveaway. This was a remarkably competitive game. The winning goal was scored by Captain Mark Little.

So on behalf of my colleagues, I am pleased to report that the pride of the institution is intact. Congress won 7-5. ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, 5-minute voting will continue.

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Mr. CONYERS. Mr. Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 244, noes 171, not voting 16, as follows:

[Roll No. 129]

AYES-244

Aderholt	Broun (GA)	Conaway
Amash	Buchanan	Cook
Bachus	Bucshon	Cotton
Barber	Burgess	Cramer
Barletta	Bustos	Crawford
Barr	Byrne	Crenshaw
Barrow (GA)	Calvert	Cuellar
Barton	Camp	Culberson
Benishek	Campbell	Daines
Bentivolio	Cantor	Davis, Rodney
Bera (CA)	Capito	Denham
Bilirakis	Carter	Dent
Bishop (UT)	Cassidy	DeSantis
Black	Chabot	DesJarlais
Blackburn	Chaffetz	Diaz-Balart
Boustany	Coble	Duffy
Brady (TX)	Coffman	Duncan (SC)
Bridenstine	Cole	Duncan (TN)
Brooks (AL)	Collins (GA)	Ellmers
Brooks (IN)	Collins (NY)	Farenthold

LoBiondo

McHenry

Rodgers

Perry

Fincher Latta Fitzpatrick Lipinski Fleischmann Fleming Long Flores Lucas Luetkemeyer Forbes Fortenberry Lummis Maffei Foxx Frelinghuysen Maloney, Sean Gallego Marchant Gardner Marino Garrett Massie McAllister Gerlach McCarthy (CA) Gibbs Gibson McCaul Gingrev (GA) McClintock Gohmert Goodlatte McIntyre Gowdy McKeon Granger McKinley Graves (GA) McMorris Graves (MO) Griffin (AR) Meadows Griffith (VA) Meehan Grimm Messer Guthrie Mica Hall Miller (FL) Miller (MI) Hanna Miller, Gary Harper Harris Mullin Hartzler Mulvanev Hastings (WA) Murphy (FL) Heck (NV) Murphy (PA) Hensarling Neugebauer Herrera Beutler Noem Holding Nugent Hudson Nunes Huelskamp Nunnelee Huizenga (MI) Olson Hultgren Palazzo Hunter Paulsen Hurt Pearce Issa Peters (CA) Jenkins Johnson (OH) Peterson Johnson, Sam Jolly Pittenger Jones Pitts Jordan Poe (TX) Jovce Pompeo Kelly (PA) Posey Price (GA) King (IA) King (NY) Rahall Kingston Reed Kinzinger (IL) Reichert Kline Renacci Labrador Ribble LaMalfa Rice (SC) Lamborn Rigell Roby Roe (TN) Lance Lankford Rogers (AL) Latham

Rogers (KY) Rogers (MI) Rokita Rooney Ros-Lehtinen Roskam Rothfus Rovce Runyan Ryan (WI) Salmon Sanford Scalise Schneider Schock Schrader Schweikert Scott, Austin Sensenbrenner Sessions Sherman Shimkus Shuster Simpson Sinema Smith (MO) Smith (NE) Smith (NJ) Smith (TX) Southerland Stewart Stivers Stockman Stutzman Terry Thompson (PA) Thornberry Tiberi Tipton Turner Unton Valadao Walberg Walden Walorski Weber (TX) Webster (FL) Wenstrup Westmoreland Whitfield Williams Wilson (SC) Wittman Wolf Womack Woodall Yoder

NOES-171

Beatty DeGette Bishop (GA) Delaney Bishop (NY) DeLauro Blumenauer DelBene Bonamici Deutch Brady (PA) Doggett Braley (IA) Doyle Brown (FL) Brownley (CA) Edwards Butterfield Ellison Capps Engel Capuano Envart Cárdenas Eshoo Carney Esty Carson (IN) Farr Cartwright Fattah Castor (FL) Foster Castro (TX) Fudge Cicilline Gabbard Clark (MA) Garamendi Clarke (NY) Garcia Clav Gravson Cleaver Green, Al Clyburn Cohen Grijalya. Connolly Gutiérrez Hahn Hanabusa Conyers Cooper Costa Crowley Heck (WA) Cummings Higgins Davis (CA) Himes Davis, Danny Holt.

DeFazio

Honda

Hoyer Huffman Israel Jackson Lee Jeffries Johnson (GA) Duckworth Johnson, E. B. Kaptur Keating Kelly (IL) Kennedy Kildee Kilmer Kind Kirkpatrick Kuster Langevin Frankel (FL) Larsen (WA) Larson (CT) Lee (CA) Levin Lewis Loebsack Green, Gene Lofgren Lowenthal Lowey Lujan Grisham (NM) Hastings (FL) Luján, Ben Ray (NM) Lynch Malonev. Carolyn Matheson

Yoho

Young (AK)

Young (IN)

Horsford

Perlmutter Matsui McCarthy (NY) Peters (MI) McCollum Pingree (ME) McDermott Pocan McGovern Polis McNernev Price (NC) Meeks Quigley Meng Rohrabacher Michaud Rovbal-Allard Miller, George Ruiz Ruppersberger Moore Moran Ryan (OH) Sánchez, Linda Nadler Napolitano Sanchez, Loretta Neal Negrete McLeod Sarbanes Nolan Schakowsky O'Rourke Schiff Owens Schwartz Pallone Scott (VA) Scott David Pascrell Pastor (AZ) Serrano Sewell (AL) Payne

Takano Thompson (CA) Thompson (MS) Tierney Titus Tonko Tsongas Van Hollen Vargas Veasey Vela. Velázquez Visclosky Walz Wasserman Schultz Welch Wilson (FL) Yarmuth.

Sires

Speier

Slaughter

Swalwell (CA)

NOT VOTING-

Amodei Franks (AZ) Smith (WA) Bachmann Gosar Wagner Bass Hinojosa Waters Becerra Rangel Waxman Courtney Richmond Dingell

Shea-Porter

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). There are 2 minutes remain-

ing.

Pelosi

□ 1714

Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York changed her vote from "aye" to "no."

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

WATER RIGHTS PROTECTION ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 515 and rule XVIII, the Chair declares the House in the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill, H.R. 3189.

Will the gentleman from Florida (Mr. WEBSTER) kindly take the chair.

□ 1716

IN THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Accordingly, the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill (H.R. 3189) to prohibit the conditioning of any permit, lease, or other use agreement on the transfer, relinquishment, or other impairment of any water right to the United States by the Secretaries of the Interior and Agriculture, with Mr. Webster of Florida (Acting Chair) in the chair.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The Acting CHAIR. When the Committee of the Whole rose earlier today, a request for a recorded vote on amendment No. 3 printed in part A of House Report 113-379 by the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. Polis) had been postponed.

AMENDMENT NO. 3 OFFERED BY MR. POLIS

Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to The clause 6 of rule XVIII, the unfinished business is the demand for a recorded

vote on amendment No. 3 printed in part A of House Report 113-379 offered by the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. Polis) on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 175, noes 236, not voting 20, as follows:

[Roll No. 130]

AYES-175

Beatty Green, Al Negrete McLeod Bera (CA) Green, Gene Nolan Bishop (GA) Grijalva O'Rourke Bishop (NY) Hahn Pallone Blumenauer Hanabusa Pascrell Hastings (FL) Bonamici Pastor (AZ) Brady (PA) Heck (WA) Pavne Bralev (IA) Higgins Pelosi Brown (FL) Holt Perlmutter Brownley (CA) Honda Peters (CA) Bustos Horsford Peters (MI) Butterfield Hover Pingree (ME) Huffman Capps Pocan Capuano Israel Polis Cárdenas Jackson Lee Price (NC) Jeffries Carney Quigley Carson (IN) Johnson, E. B. Rahall Kaptur Cartwright Roybal-Allard Castor (FL) Keating Ruppersberger Castro (TX) Kelly (IL) Ryan (OH) Chu Kennedy Sánchez, Linda Cicilline Kildee Clark (MA) Kilmer Sanchez, Loretta Clarke (NY) Kind Sarbanes Clay Kirkpatrick Schakowsky Cleaver Kuster Schiff Langevin Clyburn Schneider Cohen Larsen (WA) Schrader Connolly Larson (CT) Schwartz Convers Lee (CA) Scott (VA) Cooper Levin Scott, David Costa Lewis Serrano Crowley Lipinski Sewell (AL) Cummings Loebsack Shea-Porter Davis, Danny Lofgren Sherman Lowenthal DeFazio Sinema DeGette Lowey Lujan Grisham Sires Delanev Slaughter DeLauro (NM) Luián, Ben Ray Speier DelBene Swalwell (CA) Deutch (NM) Takano Doggett Lynch Thompson (CA) Dovle Maffei Duckworth Thompson (MS) Maloney, Sean Edwards Matsui Tierney Titus McCarthy (NY) Ellison Tonko Engel McCollum Tsongas Envart McDermott Van Hollen McGovern Eshoo Vargas Esty McNernev Farr Meeks Veasey Vela Fattah Meng Foster Velázquez Michaud Frankel (FL) Miller George Visclosky Walz Fudge Moore Gabbard Moran Wasserman Gallego Murphy (FI) Schultz Welch Garamendi Nadler Napolitano Wilson (FL) Gravson Nea1 Yarmuth

NOES-236

Bentivolio Aderholt Bilirakis Bishop (UT) Amash Bachus Barber Barletta Blackburn Boustany Barr Brady (TX) Barrow (GA) Barton Bridenstine Benishek Brooks (AL)

Brooks (IN) Broun (GA) Buchanan Bucshon Burgess Byrne Calvert Camp Campbell