

SA 497. Ms. CANTWELL (for herself, Mr. RUBIO, and Mr. BEGICH) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 498. Ms. WARREN (for herself, Mr. REED, Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Mrs. GILLIBRAND, Mrs. SHAHEEN, Mr. KING, and Mr. COWAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 499. Mr. MANCHIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 500. Mr. REID (for Mr. LAUTENBERG) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by Mr. REID of NV to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 501. Mr. MANCHIN (for himself and Mr. ROCKEFELLER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 502. Mrs. MCCASKILL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 503. Mrs. MCCASKILL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 504. Mrs. MCCASKILL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 505. Mrs. FEINSTEIN (for herself and Mr. LEAHY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 506. Mr. WICKER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 507. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 508. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 509. Mr. PAUL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 510. Mr. WICKER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 511. Mrs. FEINSTEIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 512. Mr. REID (for Mr. LAUTENBERG) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by Mr. REID of NV to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 513. Ms. LANDRIEU submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 514. Mr. COATS (for himself, Mr. MANCHIN, Mr. BLUNT, and Ms. HEITKAMP) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 515. Mr. ALEXANDER (for himself, Mr. PAUL, Mr. TOOMEY, Mr. RUBIO, and Mr. MCCONNELL) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 516. Mr. ALEXANDER (for himself and Mr. VITTER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 210. Mr. MANCHIN (for himself, Mr. KIRK, Mr. INHOFE, and Ms. COLLINS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 332. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO STRENGTHEN SANCTIONS IMPOSED WITH RESPECT TO IRAN.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to the strengthening of sanctions imposed by the United States with respect to Iran, which may include sanctions with respect to the energy sector of Iran, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 211. Mr. JOHNSON of Wisconsin (for himself, Mr. KIRK, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. THUNE, Mr. BARRASSO, and Mr. JOHANNIS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title IV, add the following:

SEC. 4. SENATE POINT OF ORDER AGAINST A BUDGET RESOLUTION THAT DOES NOT ACHIEVE A UNIFIED BUDGET SURPLUS BY 2023.

(a) IN GENERAL.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider a concurrent resolution on the budget for any budget year (or any amendment, amendment between the Houses of Congress, motion, or conference report on that concurrent resolution) that does not achieve a unified budget surplus in each fiscal year after fiscal year 2022.

(b) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL IN THE SENATE.—

(1) WAIVER.—Subsection (a) may be waived or suspended only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn.

(2) APPEAL.—An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under subsection (a).

SA 212. Mr. JOHNSON of Wisconsin (for himself, Mr. HATCH, Mr. KIRK, and

Mr. VITTER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PREVENT THE USE OF FEDERAL FUNDS FOR THE BAILOUT OF IMPROVIDENT STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would, except in the case of Federal assistance provided in response to a natural disaster, prohibit any entity of the Federal Government from providing funds to State or local governments to prevent receivership or to facilitate exit from receivership by local government, or to prevent default on its obligations by a State government, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 213. Mr. JOHNSON of Wisconsin submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title IV, add the following:

SEC. ____ . POINT OF ORDER AGAINST CONSIDERING BUDGET RESOLUTIONS THAT ASSUME THE INSOLVENCY OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY AND MEDICARE PROGRAMS.

(a) POINT OF ORDER.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider a concurrent resolution on the budget for the budget year or any amendment, amendment between Houses, motion, or conference report thereon whose revenue and outlay assumptions do not assume that Social Security and Medicare will be solvent for the seventy-five years following the year in which the budget resolution is considered.

(b) WAIVER AND APPEAL.—Subsection (a) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under subsection (a).

SA 214. Mr. TOOMEY (for himself and Mr. CASEY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for

fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO INCREASE FUNDING FOR THE INLAND WATERWAYS SYSTEM.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that may fund the inland waterways system without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 215. Mr. BLUNT submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 73, line 18, insert "proposals for reforming cost-benefit analysis used in agency rulemaking to adequately consider direct and indirect effects on manufacturing," after "partnerships,".

SA 216. Mr. HOEVEN (for himself and Mrs. FISCHER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 13, line 13, increase the amount by \$9,400,000.

On page 13, line 14, increase the amount by \$9,400,000.

On page 46, line 11, decrease the amount by \$9,400,000.

On page 46, line 12, decrease the amount by \$9,400,000.

SA 217. Mr. HOEVEN (for himself, Mr. ROBERTS, and Mr. CORNYN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 332. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO SUPPORT PROGRAMS RELATED TO THE NUCLEAR MISSIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AND THE NATIONAL NUCLEAR SECURITY ADMINISTRATION.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that support programs related to the nuclear missions of the Department of Defense and the National Nuclear Security Administration, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 218. Mr. HOEVEN (for himself and Mrs. FISCHER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 13, line 13, increase the amount by \$5,000,000.

On page 13, line 14, increase the amount by \$5,000,000.

On page 46, line 11, decrease the amount by \$5,000,000.

On page 46, line 12, decrease the amount by \$5,000,000.

SA 219. Mr. BURR (for himself and Mr. BARRASSO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 4, line 6, reduce the amount by \$20,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 7, reduce the amount by \$40,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 8, reduce the amount by \$55,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 9, reduce the amount by \$70,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 10, reduce the amount by \$82,110,000,000.

On page 4, line 11, reduce the amount by \$88,039,221,200.

On page 4, line 12, reduce the amount by \$93,057,456,808.

On page 4, line 13, reduce the amount by \$98,361,731,846.

On page 4, line 14, reduce the amount by \$103,968,350,562.

On page 4, line 15, reduce the amount by \$109,894,546,544.

On page 49, strike line 20 and all that follows through page 50, line 2.

SA 220. Mr. BURR (for himself and Mr. BARRASSO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the

appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 4, line 6, reduce the amount by \$20,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 7, reduce the amount by \$40,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 8, reduce the amount by \$48,900,000,000.

On page 4, line 9, reduce the amount by \$54,100,000,000.

On page 4, line 10, reduce the amount by \$57,183,700,000.

On page 4, line 11, reduce the amount by \$60,443,170,900.

On page 4, line 12, reduce the amount by \$63,888,431,641.

On page 4, line 13, reduce the amount by \$67,530,072,245.

On page 4, line 14, reduce the amount by \$71,379,286,363.

On page 4, line 15, reduce the amount by \$75,447,905,685.

On page 49, strike line 20 and all that follows through page 50, line 2.

SA 221. Mr. BURR (for himself and Mr. BARRASSO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 4, line 6, reduce the amount by \$20,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 7, reduce the amount by \$40,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 8, reduce the amount by \$55,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 9, reduce the amount by \$70,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 10, reduce the amount by \$82,110,000,000.

On page 4, line 11, reduce the amount by \$95,881,000,000.

On page 4, line 12, reduce the amount by \$115,534,000,000.

On page 4, line 13, reduce the amount by \$135,203,000,000.

On page 4, line 14, reduce the amount by \$149,801,000,000.

On page 4, line 15, reduce the amount by \$159,650,000,000.

On page 4, line 20, reduce the amount by \$20,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 21, reduce the amount by \$40,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 22, reduce the amount by \$55,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 23, reduce the amount by \$70,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 24, reduce the amount by \$82,110,000,000.

On page 4, line 25, reduce the amount by \$95,881,000,000.

On page 5, line 1, reduce the amount by \$115,534,000,000.

On page 5, line 2, reduce the amount by \$135,203,000,000.

On page 5, line 3, reduce the amount by \$149,801,000,000.

On page 5, line 4, reduce the amount by \$159,630,000,000.

On page 49, strike line 20 and all that follows through page 50, line 2.

SA 222. Mr. CRAPO (for himself and Mr. CORNYN) submitted an amendment

intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; as follows:

At the appropriate place insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO REPEAL TAX INCREASES UNDER THE PATIENT PROTECTION AND AFFORDABLE CARE ACT IMPOSED ON LOW- AND MIDDLE-INCOME FAMILIES

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or conference reports that would repeal the tax increases enacted under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act that were imposed on low- and middle-income Americans by the amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years of 2013 through 2023.

SA 223. Mr. JOHANNIS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO STOP ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY SURVEILLANCE OF LIVESTOCK OPERATIONS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to the reform of applicable statutes to eliminate the risk of the Environmental Protection Agency conducting aerial surveillance for the inspection of agricultural operations or for the recording of images for the purpose of enforcement of regulations, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 224. Mr. JOHANNIS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 64, line 23, insert “(which may include provisions resulting in the prohibition

of certain aerial surveillance of agricultural operations by the Environmental Protection Agency)” after “Acts”.

SA 225. Mr. FLAKE (for himself, Mr. TOOMEY, Mrs. MCCASKILL, Mr. PORTMAN, Ms. AYOTTA, Mr. RUBIO, Mr. JOHANNIS, and Mr. UDALL, of Colorado) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . SENATE POINT OF ORDER AGAINST LEGISLATION THAT CONTAINS EARMARKS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider a bill or resolution introduced in the Senate or the House of Representatives, amendment, amendment between the Houses, or conference report that includes an earmark.

(b) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL IN THE SENATE.—

(1) WAIVER.—This section may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(2) APPEAL.—An affirmative vote of two-thirds of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required in the Senate to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

(c) CONSIDERATION.—

(1) PROCEDURE.—Upon a point of order being made by any Senator pursuant to subsection (a) against an earmark, and such point of order being sustained, such earmark shall be deemed stricken.

(2) CONFERENCE REPORT AND AMENDMENT BETWEEN THE HOUSES PROCEDURE.—When the Senate is considering a conference report on, or an amendment between the Houses, upon a point of order being made by any Senator pursuant to subsection (a), and such point of order being sustained, such material contained in such conference report shall be deemed stricken, and the Senate shall proceed to consider the question of whether the Senate shall recede from its amendment and concur with a further amendment, or concur in the House amendment with a further amendment, as the case may be, which further amendment shall consist of only that portion of the conference report or House amendment, as the case may be, not so stricken. Any such motion in the Senate shall be debatable under the same conditions as was the conference report. In any case in which such point of order is sustained against a conference report (or Senate amendment derived from such conference report by operation of this subsection), no further amendment shall be in order.

(d) DEFINITIONS.—

(1) EARMARK.—For the purpose of this section, the term “earmark” means a provision or report language included primarily at the request of a Senator or Member of the House of Representatives as certified under paragraph 1(a)(1) of rule XLIV of the Standing Rules of the Senate—

(A) providing, authorizing, or recommending a specific amount of discretionary budget authority, credit authority, or other spending authority for a contract, loan, loan guarantee, grant, loan authority, or other

expenditure with or to an entity, or targeted to a specific State, locality or Congressional district, other than through a statutory or administrative formula-driven or competitive award process; or

(B) that—

(i)(I) provides a Federal tax deduction, credit, exclusion, or preference to a particular beneficiary or limited group of beneficiaries under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986; and

(II) contains eligibility criteria that are not uniform in application with respect to potential beneficiaries of such provision; or

(ii) modifies the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States in a manner that benefits 10 or fewer entities.

(2) DETERMINATION BY THE SENATE.—In the event the Chair is unable to ascertain whether or not the offending provision constitutes an earmark as defined in this subsection, the question of whether the provision constitutes an earmark shall be submitted to the Senate and be decided without debate by an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(e) APPLICATION.—This section shall not apply to any authorization of appropriations to a Federal entity if such authorization is not specifically targeted to a State, locality or congressional district.

SA 226. Mr. MORAN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY AMMUNITION.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to Department of Homeland Security ammunition procurement, which may include unobligated funds, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 227. Mr. BURR submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUM INCREASES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the budget authority and outlay allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other

appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or conference reports that may require the Chief Actuary of the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services to include premium impact analysis in any regulatory and sub-regulatory regulation or guidance implementing the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148) without raising new revenue, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 228. Mr. BURR submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR LEGISLATION TO REPEAL ALL TAXES ENACTED UNDER THE PATIENT PROTECTION AND AFFORDABLE CARE ACT.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that may repeal those provisions of, and amendments made by, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and title I of the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 that increase taxes without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided by that legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 229. Mr. BURR (for himself, Mr. ENZI, and Mr. BARRASSO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROVIDE RELIEF TO SMALL BUSINESSES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the budget authority and outlay allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or conference reports that may repeal the 30 hour weekly work requirement for purposes of determining a full-time employee under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148) without raising new revenue, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013

through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 230. Mr. BURR (for himself, Mr. ENZI, and Mr. BARRASSO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROVIDE RELIEF TO SMALL BUSINESSES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the budget authority and outlay allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or conference reports that may define a large employer for purposes of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148) as an employer with 50 or more employees rather than considering full-time equivalent employees for such purposes without raising new revenue, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 231. Mr. BURR (for himself and Mr. COBURN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND TO ENSURE THAT MILLIONAIRES ON MEDICARE PAY THE FULL PREMIUM COSTS IN ORDER TO STRENGTHEN THE MEDICARE PROGRAM FOR SENIORS AND PUT THE PROGRAM ON A SUSTAINABLE PATH FOR TAXPAYERS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that require that Medicare beneficiaries with an annual income of \$1,000,000 or more pay the full cost of the Medicare part B and D premiums, and reduce the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023. The Chairman may also make adjustments to the Senate's pay-as-you-go ledger over 6 and 11 years to ensure that the deficit reduction achieved is used for deficit reduction only. The adjustments authorized under this section shall be of the amount of deficit reduction achieved.

SA 232. Mr. BURR (for himself and Mr. CASEY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8,

setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3 ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR BARDA AND THE BIOSHIELD SPECIAL RESERVE FUND.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that may provide for full funding for the Biomedical Advanced Research and Development Authority under section 319L of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d-7e) and the Special Reserve Fund under Section 319-F2 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d-6b) without raising new revenue by the amounts provided in such authorizing legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation does not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 233. Mr. MORAN (for himself and Ms. COLLINS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table, as follows:

On page 31, line 19, increase the amount by \$1,400,000,000.
 On page 31, line 20, increase the amount by \$322,000,000.
 On page 31, line 24, increase the amount by \$784,000,000.
 On page 32, line 3, increase the amount by \$238,000,000.
 On page 32, line 7, increase the amount by \$42,000,000.
 On page 32, line 11, increase the amount by \$14,000,000.
 On page 46, line 11, decrease the amount by \$1,400,000,000.
 On page 46, line 12, decrease the amount by \$322,000,000.
 On page 46, line 16, decrease the amount by \$784,000,000.
 On page 46, line 20, decrease the amount by \$238,000,000.
 On page 46, line 24, decrease the amount by \$42,000,000.
 On page 47, line 3, decrease the amount by \$14,000,000.

SA 234. Mr. BEGICH (for himself, Mrs. SHAHEEN, Mr. UDALL of Colorado, Mr. COWAN, and Mr. WHITEHOUSE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table, as follows:

On page 67, line 3, insert “(a) IN GENERAL.—” before “The Chairman”.

On page 67, between lines 15 and 16, insert the following:

(b) EXCLUSION OF EFFORT ON MEADS FROM AUTHORIZED EFFORTS COVERED BY RESERVE FUND.—

(1) FINDINGS.—The Senate makes the following findings:

(A) According to a February 2011 Office of the Secretary of Defense Fact Sheet the Medium Extended Air Defense System (MEADS) has encountered significant schedule and cost overruns since its inception in the 1990s.

(B) The Fact Sheet states that the restructured acquisition design and development program would end by 2014, consistent with the expiration of the Memorandum of Understanding between the United States, Germany, and Italy, and the cost ceiling negotiated between those parties.

(2) EXCLUSION OF EFFORTS ON MEADS FROM AUTHORIZED EFFORTS.—A revision in the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports for acquisition or research and development on the Medium Extended Air Defense System would be an increase in the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023 and would be inconsistent with acquisition reform efforts of the Department of Defense otherwise authorized by subsection (a).

SA 235. Mr. BEGICH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table, as follows:

On page 67, beginning on line 8, strike “Department of Defense audibility and acquisition reform efforts” and insert “efforts of the Department of Defense on auditability reform, acquisition reform, and the deployment of the Ground-based Midcourse Defense System”.

SA 236. Mr. BEGICH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table, as follows:

On page 67, line 3, insert “(a) IN GENERAL.—” before “The Chairman”.

On page 67, between lines 15 and 16, insert the following:

(b) ADDITIONAL ELEMENT FOR FUND ON GROUND-BASED MIDCOURSE DEFENSE SYSTEM.—

(1) FINDINGS.—The Senate makes the following findings:

(A) The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate is aware of extensive contract and acquisition reform the Missile Defense Agency has exercised over the last two years resulting in cost savings and increased contractor performance.

(B) Specifically, the Ground-based Midcourse Defense System development and sustainment contract awarded on December 30, 2011, was under budget, saving the taxpayers approximately \$1,000,000,000 over 5 years.

(C) The Ballistic Missile Defense Review of 2010 concluded the Ground-Based Midcourse Defense System is the only system currently capable of protecting the United States from an intercontinental ballistic missile.

(D) North Korea and Iran are developing nuclear capabilities at an alarming rate, despite imposed sanctions, while the two regimes continue irresponsible and reckless provocation of the United States and our allies.

(E) The proliferation of ballistic missiles and weapons of mass destruction are of particular concern, and robust missile defense is a necessity to defend the United States against state and non-state actors.

(F) In response to this increasing threat, the Secretary of Defense announced on March 15, 2013, that an additional 14 interceptors would be deployed to Alaska by the end of 2017, raising the total to 44 missiles stationed along the West Coast of the United States.

(G) Adequate funding for the Ground-based Midcourse Defense System, including the measures outlined in the Secretary of Defense’s announcement on March 15, 2013, should remain a priority for the Department of Defense in the interest of national security.

(2) ADDITIONAL ELEMENT.—The efforts supported by the deficit-neutral reserve fund established by this section shall include, in addition to the efforts specified in subsection (a), efforts to deploy the Ground-based Midcourse Defense System.

SA 237. Mr. BEGICH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table, as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO SUPPORT THE CLOSURE AND CONSOLIDATION OF OVERSEAS MILITARY PROPERTIES AND INSTALLATIONS TO ACHIEVE COST SAVINGS AND EFFICIENCIES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would support the closure and consolidation of overseas military properties and installations to achieve cost savings and efficiencies, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

At the end of subtitle A of title IV, add the following:

SEC. 4 . POINT OF ORDER AGAINST LEGISLATION AUTHORIZING A DOMESTIC ROUND OF BASE CLOSURE AND REALIGNMENT IN FISCAL YEAR 2015 OR 2017.

(a) POINT OF ORDER.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, motion, amendment, or con-

ference report that would authorize a domestic round of base closure and realignment in fiscal year 2015 or 2017.

(b) WAIVER AND APPEAL.—Subsection (a) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under subsection (a).

SA 238. Mrs. SHAHEEN (for herself and Mr. BARRASSO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table, as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO STUDYING THE EXPOSURE OF UNITED STATES FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS TO THE EUROZONE.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to the ability of the Financial Stability Oversight Council and the Office of Financial Research at the Department of the Treasury to complete a detailed study of the exposure of the United States financial system to the European sovereign debt crisis, and to evaluate the impact and possible outcomes for United States markets, particularly derivatives markets, and detail any institutional vulnerabilities, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 239. Mr. UDALL of Colorado (for himself, Mr. BARRASSO, Mr. WYDEN, Mr. TESTER, and Mr. BENNET) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table, as follows:

On page 20, line 19, increase the amount by \$100,000,000.

On page 20, line 20, increase the amount by \$100,000,000.

On page 46, line 11, decrease the amount by \$100,000,000.

On page 46, line 12, decrease the amount by \$100,000,000.

SA 240. Mrs. SHAHEEN (for herself and Mr. COCHRAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government

for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table, as follows:

On page 76, line 20, by inserting “including on-the-job training programs,” after “programs,”.

SA 241. Mr. SANDERS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table, as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 324. DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND ON OFFSHORE TAX SHELTERS BY LARGE PROFITABLE CORPORATIONS TO AVOID PAYING FEDERAL INCOME TAXES.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to corporate income taxes, which may include measures to address offshore tax shelters used by large profitable corporations, provided that such legislation would reduce the deficit and create jobs. The Chairman may also make adjustments to the Senate's pay-as-you-go ledger over 6 and 11 years to ensure that the deficit reduction achieved.

SA 242. Mr. GRASSLEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table, as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR A MEDICAID FMAP BONUS FOR ANY STATE THAT ENACTS MEDICAL LIABILITY REFORM.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that may increase the Medicaid Federal medical assistance percentage of any State that enacts medical liability reform without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 243. Mr. GRASSLEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States

Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR RESCINDING REDUCTIONS IN MEDICAID DISPROPORTIONATE SHARE HOSPITAL ALLOTMENTS OF STATES THAT CHOOSE NOT TO EXPAND MEDICAID UNDER THE AFFORDABLE CARE ACT.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that may rescind reductions under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act in Medicaid disproportionate share hospital allotments for States that choose not to expand Medicaid under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 244. Mr. CORNYN (for himself, Mr. ROBERTS, Mr. INHOFE, and Mr. VITTER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 20, line 19, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 20, line 20, decrease the amount by \$7,700,000.

On page 20, line 23, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 20, line 24, decrease the amount by \$9,200,000.

On page 21, line 2, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 21, line 3, decrease the amount by \$9,600,000.

On page 21, line 6, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 21, line 7, decrease the amount by \$9,900,000.

On page 21, line 10, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 21, line 11, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 21, line 14, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 21, line 15, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 21, line 19, decrease the amount by \$2,300,000.

On page 21, line 23, decrease the amount by \$800,000.

On page 22, line 3, decrease the amount by \$400,000.

On page 22, line 7, decrease the amount by \$100,000.

SA 245. Mr. CORNYN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congress-

sional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO EXEMPT AMERICAN FARMERS AND RANCHERS IN FORECLOSURE FROM A TAX INCREASE.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to an exemption on the sale of land by farmers and ranchers in foreclosure from any tax increases on investment income enacted in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, without raising revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 246. Mr. CORNYN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO EXEMPT FAMILIES WITH SICK CHILDREN AND SENIORS FROM THE TAX INCREASE ON MEDICAL EXPENSES ENACTED IN THE PATIENT PROTECTION AND AFFORDABLE CARE ACT.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to an exemption for families with chronically and terminally ill dependents, which may include children and seniors, from any tax increase on medical expenses enacted in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, without raising revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 247. Mr. CORNYN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 DEFICIT REDUCTION FUND FOR NO BUDGET, NO OMB PAY.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget shall reduce allocations, pursuant to section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, equal to amounts withheld pursuant to one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or conference reports related to the federal budget process, which may include prohibiting paying the salaries of either the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), the OMB Deputy Director, or the OMB Deputy Director for Management, or all three officials, for the period of time after which the President fails to submit a budget, pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, and until the day the President submits a budget to Congress.

SA 248. Mr. CORNYN (for himself and Mr. THUNE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title IV, add the following:

SEC. 4 POINT OF ORDER AGAINST INCREASES ON FEDERAL INCOME TAX RATES FOR SMALL BUSINESSES.

(a) POINT OF ORDER.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report that includes any provision that increases Federal income tax rates.

(2) FEDERAL INCOME TAX RATES.—For purposes of this section, the term “Federal income tax rates” means any rate of tax that is imposed under subsection (a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) of section 1, section 11(b), or section 55(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

(b) WAIVER AND APPEAL.—Subsection (a) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under subsection (a).

SA 249. Mr. BARRASSO (for himself, Mr. HATCH, and Mr. COBURN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR LEGISLATION TO EXEMPT ALL PEOPLE FROM THE INDIVIDUAL MANDATE UNTIL FAMILY INSURANCE PREMIUMS HAVE BEEN REDUCED BY \$2,500.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolu-

tions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that exempts all people from the requirement imposed under section 5000A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for individuals to maintain health care coverage unless the Office of the Actuary at the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) certifies that the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act has reduced family insurance premiums by \$2,500, by the amounts provided by that legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 250. Mr. BARRASSO (for himself, Mr. HATCH, and Mr. ALEXANDER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO REPEAL THE ANNUAL FEE ON HEALTH INSURANCE PROVIDERS.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would decrease health insurance premiums, increase jobs, and allow for more affordable health care options, which may include repealing the tax on health insurance plans included in section 9010 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, by the amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 251. Mr. HOEVEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 93, line 9, insert before the period “, and shall provide an analysis of the impact of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act on major economic indicators measured relative to prior law, including the civilian labor force, the employment to population ratio, the status of employed persons, the index of hours worked in major industrial categories, inflation-adjusted gross domestic product, the rate of unemployment, and inflation-adjusted private investment, and an estimate of the budgetary effects of such impacts”.

SA 252. Mr. LEE (for himself, Mr. THUNE, Mr. RISCH, Mr. WICKER, and Mr. BLUNT) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8,

setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle B of title IV, insert the following:

SEC. 4 SENSE OF THE SENATE REGARDING ABORTION OF PAIN-CAPABLE UNBORN CHILDREN IN THE NATION'S CAPITAL.

It is the sense of the Senate that—

(1) there is substantial medical evidence that an unborn child is capable of experiencing pain at least 20 weeks after fertilization, if not earlier;

(2) there is a compelling governmental interest in protecting the lives of unborn children from the stage at which substantial medical evidence indicates that they are capable of feeling pain;

(3) the compelling governmental interest in protecting the lives of unborn children from the stage at which substantial medical evidence indicates that they are capable of feeling pain is intended to be separate from and independent of the compelling governmental interest in protecting the lives of unborn children from the stage of viability, and neither governmental interest is intended to replace the other;

(4) the Council of the District of Columbia, operating under authority delegated to the Council by Congress, repealed the law limiting abortions in its entirety, effective April 29, 2004, so that in the District of Columbia, abortion is now legal, for any reason, until the moment of birth;

(5) article I, section 8 of the Constitution of the United States provides that Congress shall have power to “exercise exclusive Legislation in all Cases whatsoever” over the District established as the seat of the Government of the United States, now known as the District of Columbia, and therefore the constitutional responsibility for the protection of pain-capable unborn children within the District of Columbia resides with Congress; and

(6) Congress should enact legislation to amend chapter 74 of title 18, United States Code, to provide that it shall be unlawful for any person to perform an abortion within the District of Columbia, or attempt to do so, unless the physician performing or attempting the abortion first makes a determination of the probable post-fertilization age of the unborn child or reasonably relies upon such a determination made by another physician, and that it shall be unlawful to perform or attempt to perform an abortion if the probable post-fertilization age of the unborn child is 20 weeks or greater, unless, in reasonable medical judgment, the abortion is necessary to save the life of a pregnant woman whose life is endangered by a physical disorder, physical illness, or physical injury, including a life-endangering physical condition caused by or arising from the pregnancy itself, but not including psychological or emotional conditions, with violators subject to imprisonment for not more than 2 years; provided, however, that a woman upon whom such an abortion is performed or attempted shall not be subject to prosecution for any such violation.

SA 253. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels

for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO INCREASE THE POOL OF HIGHLY SKILLED WORKERS IN THE UNITED STATES BY REMOVING PER-COUNTRY LIMITS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or conference reports related to immigrant visas, which may include increasing the number of employment- and family-based immigrant visas available to nationals of any single foreign country without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 254. Mr. BEGICH (for himself and Mr. FLAKE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page __, between lines __ and __, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO REQUIRE PUBLIC DISCLOSURE OF CERTAIN CROP INSURANCE INFORMATION.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would require the Secretary of Agriculture on an annual basis to make available to the public certain crop insurance information, by the amounts provided in the legislation for those purposes, provided that the legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 255. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROHIBIT FUNDING FOR CONSTRUCTION, PLANNING, OR SUPPORT OF A NEW UNITED NATIONS BUILDING ON THE PROPERTY OF THE ROBERT MOSES PLAYGROUND.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the alloca-

tions of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to repealing funding for the design, renovation, purchase of property, or construction of facilities of international organizations, including the United Nations Headquarters in New York in excess of the United States payment for the assessment agreed upon pursuant to paragraph 10 of United Nations General Assembly Resolution 61/251, the Strategic Heritage Plan of the United Nations Office in Geneva, or a new United Nations Building, sometimes identified as DC5, on the property of the Robert Moses Playground, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit or revenues over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 256. Mr. LEE (for himself and Mr. INHOFE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO LIMIT FUNDS FOR INSTITUTIONS OR ORGANIZATIONS ESTABLISHED BY THE UNITED NATIONS CONVENTION ON THE LAW OF THE SEA.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to repealing funding to be made available for any institution or organization established by the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, including the International Seabed Authority, the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea, and the Commission on the Limits of the Continental Shelf, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit or revenues over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 257. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROVIDE FOR ACCOUNTING OF TOTAL UNITED STATES CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE UNITED NATIONS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolu-

tions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would require the Director of the Office of Management and Budget to submit to Congress an annual report of all contributions, including in-kind, of the United States Government to the United Nations and its affiliated agencies and related bodies, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit or revenues over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 258. Mr. SESSIONS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriation place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . SENATE POINT OF ORDER AGAINST LEGISLATION INCREASING LONG-TERM DEFICITS.

(a) CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE ANALYSIS OF PROPOSALS.—The Director of the Congressional Budget Office shall, to the extent practicable, prepare for each bill and joint resolution reported from committee (except measures within the jurisdiction of the Committee on Appropriations), and amendments thereto and conference reports thereon, an estimate of whether the measure would cause a net increase in deficits in any of the 4 consecutive 10-year periods beginning with the first fiscal year that is 10 years after the budget year provided for in the most recently adopted concurrent resolution on the budget.

(b) POINT OF ORDER.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report that would cause a net increase in deficits in any of the 4 consecutive 10-year periods described in subsection (a).

(c) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL IN THE SENATE.—

(1) WAIVER.—This section may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(2) APPEAL.—An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required in the Senate to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

(d) BUDGETARY RULE.—In the Senate, for purposes of this section, the levels of net increases in deficits shall be determined on the basis of estimates provided by the Senate Committee on the Budget. Notwithstanding any other rule of the Senate, provisions contained in any bill, resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report that increase offsetting receipts collected by the Federal Government shall not be scored with respect to the level of budget authority, outlays, or revenues contained in such legislation for purposes of determining budgetary impacts to evaluate the point of order established by this section.

SA 259. Mr. SESSIONS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels

for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriation place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. SENATE POINT OF ORDER AGAINST LEGISLATION INCREASING DIRECT SPENDING.

(a) CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE ANALYSIS OF PROPOSALS.—The Director of the Congressional Budget Office shall, to the extent practicable, prepare for each bill and joint resolution reported from committee (except measures within the jurisdiction of the Committee on Appropriations), and amendments thereto and conference reports thereon, an estimate of whether the measure would cause a net increase in direct spending in any of the 4 consecutive 10-year periods beginning with the first fiscal year that is 10 years after the budget year provided for in the most recently adopted concurrent resolution on the budget.

(b) POINT OF ORDER.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report that would cause a net increase in direct spending in any of the 4 consecutive 10-year periods described in subsection (a).

(c) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL IN THE SENATE.—

(1) WAIVER.—This section may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(2) APPEAL.—An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required in the Senate to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

(d) BUDGETARY RULE.—In the Senate, for purposes of this section, the levels of net increases in spending shall be determined on the basis of estimates provided by the Senate Committee on the Budget. Notwithstanding any other rule of the Senate, for purposes of determining budgetary impacts to evaluate the point of order established by this section, provisions contained in any bill, resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report that increase offsetting receipts collected by the Federal Government shall not be scored under this section with respect to the level of budget authority, outlays, or revenues contained in such legislation.

SA 260. Mr. HOEVEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 58, strike line 3.

SA 261. Mr. BLUNT (for himself, Mr. THUNE, Mr. CORNYN, and Mr. ROBERTS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels

for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title IV, add the following:

SEC. _____. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST LEGISLATION THAT WOULD CREATE A TAX OR FEE ON CARBON EMISSIONS.

(a) POINT OF ORDER.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, motion, amendment, or conference report that—

(1) would result in revenues that would be greater than the level of revenues set forth for the first fiscal year or the total of that fiscal year and the ensuing fiscal years under the concurrent resolution on the budget then in effect for which allocations are provided under section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974; and

(2) for any year covered by such resolution, includes a Federal tax or fee imposed on carbon emissions from any product or entity that is a direct or indirect source of the emissions.

(b) WAIVER AND APPEAL.—

(1) WAIVER.—Subsection (a) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(2) APPEAL.—An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under subsection (a).

SA 262. Mr. ROBERTS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 29, line 25, increase the amount by \$7,000,000.

On page 30, line 4, increase the amount by \$78,000,000.

On page 30, line 8, increase the amount by \$577,000,000.

On page 30, line 12, increase the amount by \$722,000,000.

On page 30, line 16, increase the amount by \$737,000,000.

On page 30, line 20, increase the amount by \$753,000,000.

On page 30, line 24, increase the amount by \$769,000,000.

On page 31, line 3, increase the amount by \$785,000,000.

On page 31, line 7, increase the amount by \$801,000,000.

On page 31, line 11, increase the amount by \$817,000,000.

On page 46, line 12, decrease the amount by \$7,000,000.

On page 46, line 16, decrease the amount by \$78,000,000.

On page 46, line 20, decrease the amount by \$577,000,000.

On page 46, line 24, decrease the amount by \$722,000,000.

On page 47, line 3, decrease the amount by \$737,000,000.

On page 47, line 7, decrease the amount by \$753,000,000.

On page 47, line 11, decrease the amount by \$769,000,000.

On page 47, line 15, decrease the amount by \$785,000,000.

On page 47, line 19, decrease the amount by \$801,000,000.

On page 47, line 23, decrease the amount by \$817,000,000.

SA 263. Mr. PAUL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike all after the resolving clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET FOR FISCAL YEAR 2014.

(a) DECLARATION.—Congress declares that this resolution is the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2014 and that this resolution sets forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2014 through 2023.

(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for this concurrent resolution is as follows:

Sec. 1. Concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2014.

TITLE I—RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

Sec. 101. Recommended levels and amounts.

Sec. 102. Social Security.

Sec. 103. Major functional categories.

TITLE II—RESERVE FUNDS

Sec. 201. Deficit-reduction reserve fund for the sale of unused or vacant Federal properties.

Sec. 202. Deficit-reduction reserve fund for selling excess Federal lands.

Sec. 203. Deficit-reduction reserve fund for the repeal of Davis-Bacon prevailing wage laws.

Sec. 204. Deficit-reduction reserve fund for the reduction of purchasing and maintaining Federal vehicles.

Sec. 205. Deficit-reduction reserve fund for the sale of financial assets purchased through the Troubled Asset Relief Program.

TITLE III—BUDGET PROCESS

Subtitle A—Budget Enforcement

Sec. 301. Discretionary spending limits for fiscal years 2014 through 2023, program integrity initiatives, and other adjustments.

Sec. 302. Point of order against advance appropriations.

Sec. 303. Emergency legislation.

Sec. 304. Point of order against any Budget Resolution that fails to achieve balance.

Subtitle B—Other Provisions

Sec. 311. Oversight of Government performance.

Sec. 312. Application and effect of changes in allocations and aggregates.

Sec. 313. Adjustments to reflect changes in concepts and definitions.

Sec. 314. Rescind unspent or unobligated balances after 36 months.

TITLE IV—RECONCILIATION

Sec. 401. Reconciliation in the Senate.

TITLE V—CONGRESSIONAL POLICY CHANGES

Sec. 501. Policy statement on Social Security.

Sec. 502. Policy statement on Medicare.

Sec. 503. Policy statement on tax reform.

TITLE VI—SENSE OF CONGRESS

Sec. 601. Regulatory reform.

TITLE I—RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

SEC. 101. RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS.

The following budgetary levels are appropriate for each of fiscal years 2014 through 2023:

(1) **FEDERAL REVENUES.**—For purposes of the enforcement of this resolution:

(A) The recommended levels of Federal revenues are as follows:

Fiscal year 2014: \$1,724,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2015: \$2,034,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2016: \$2,318,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2017: \$2,468,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2018: \$2,734,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2019: \$3,039,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2020: \$3,323,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2021: \$3,501,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2022: \$3,671,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2023: \$3,817,000,000,000.

(B) The amounts by which the aggregate levels of Federal revenues should be changed are as follows:

Fiscal year 2014: \$ - 547,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2015: \$ - 573,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2016: \$ - 461,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2017: \$ - 436,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2018: \$ - 295,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2019: \$ - 110,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2020: \$38,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2021: \$44,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2022: \$20,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2023: \$ - 15,000,000,000.

(2) **NEW BUDGET AUTHORITY.**—For purposes of the enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate levels of total new budget authority are as follows:

Fiscal year 2014: \$2,509,976,000,000.
Fiscal year 2015: \$2,461,876,000,000.
Fiscal year 2016: \$2,541,467,000,000.
Fiscal year 2017: \$2,649,189,000,000.
Fiscal year 2018: \$2,763,981,000,000.
Fiscal year 2019: \$2,876,015,000,000.
Fiscal year 2020: \$2,980,877,000,000.
Fiscal year 2021: \$3,062,110,000,000.
Fiscal year 2022: \$3,220,296,000,000.
Fiscal year 2023: \$3,287,823,000,000.

(3) **BUDGET OUTLAYS.**—For purposes of the enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate levels of total budget outlays are as follows:

Fiscal year 2014: \$2,497,689,000,000.
Fiscal year 2015: \$2,445,543,000,000.
Fiscal year 2016: \$2,512,417,000,000.
Fiscal year 2017: \$2,607,682,000,000.
Fiscal year 2018: \$2,705,913,000,000.
Fiscal year 2019: \$2,822,123,000,000.
Fiscal year 2020: \$2,914,907,000,000.
Fiscal year 2021: \$3,011,989,000,000.
Fiscal year 2022: \$3,169,595,000,000.
Fiscal year 2023: \$3,232,819,000,000.

(4) **DEFICITS.**—For purposes of the enforcement of this resolution, the amounts of the deficits are as follows:

Fiscal year 2014: \$ - 765,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2015: \$ - 411,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2016: \$ - 193,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2017: \$ - 140,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2018: \$23,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2019: \$201,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2020: \$390,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2021: \$467,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2022: \$478,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2023: \$560,000,000,000.

(5) **PUBLIC DEBT.**—Pursuant to section 301(a)(5) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the appropriate levels of the public debt are as follows:

Fiscal year 2014: \$13,073,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2015: \$13,576,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2016: \$13,862,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2017: \$14,095,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2018: \$14,156,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2019: \$14,049,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2020: \$13,772,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2021: \$13,437,000,000,000.

Fiscal year 2022: \$13,119,000,000,000.

Fiscal year 2023: \$12,740,000,000,000.

(6) **DEBT HELD BY THE PUBLIC.**—The appropriate levels of debt held by the public are as follows:

Fiscal year 2014: \$13,073,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2015: \$13,576,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2016: \$13,862,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2017: \$14,095,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2018: \$14,156,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2019: \$14,049,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2020: \$13,772,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2021: \$13,437,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2022: \$13,119,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2023: \$12,740,000,000,000.

SEC. 102. SOCIAL SECURITY.

(a) **SOCIAL SECURITY REVENUES.**—For purposes of Senate enforcement under sections 302 and 311 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the amounts of revenues of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund are as follows:

Fiscal year 2014: \$732,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2015: \$766,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2016: \$812,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2017: \$862,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2018: \$908,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2019: \$952,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2020: \$995,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2021: \$1,039,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2022: \$1,084,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2023: \$1,129,000,000,000.

(b) **SOCIAL SECURITY OUTLAYS.**—For purposes of Senate enforcement under sections 302 and 311 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the amounts of outlays of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund are as follows:

Fiscal year 2014: \$634,822,000,000.
Fiscal year 2015: \$711,355,000,000.
Fiscal year 2016: \$756,949,000,000.
Fiscal year 2017: \$805,969,000,000.
Fiscal year 2018: \$856,933,000,000.
Fiscal year 2019: \$907,679,000,000.
Fiscal year 2020: \$962,040,000,000.
Fiscal year 2021: \$1,022,374,000,000.
Fiscal year 2022: \$1,086,431,000,000.
Fiscal year 2023: \$1,227,009,000,000.

(c) **SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.**—In the Senate, the amounts of new budget authority and budget outlays of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund for administrative expenses are as follows:

Fiscal year 2014:
(A) New budget authority, \$5,784,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$5,803,000,000.
Fiscal year 2015:
(A) New budget authority, \$5,968,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$5,943,000,000.
Fiscal year 2016:
(A) New budget authority, \$6,176,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$6,146,000,000.
Fiscal year 2017:
(A) New budget authority, \$6,392,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$6,360,000,000.
Fiscal year 2018:
(A) New budget authority, \$6,619,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$6,586,000,000.
Fiscal year 2019:
(A) New budget authority, \$6,846,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$6,812,000,000.
Fiscal year 2020:
(A) New budget authority, \$7,073,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$7,039,000,000.
Fiscal year 2021:
(A) New budget authority, \$7,304,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$7,269,000,000.
Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority, \$7,544,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$7,508,000,000.
Fiscal year 2023:
(A) New budget authority, \$7,792,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$7,754,000,000.

SEC. 103. MAJOR FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES.

Congress determines and declares that the appropriate levels of new budget authority and outlays for fiscal years 2011 through 2021 for each major functional category are:

(1) **National Defense (050):**
Fiscal year 2014:
(A) New budget authority, \$529,191,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$534,962,000,000.
Fiscal year 2015:
(A) New budget authority, \$530,037,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$523,364,000,000.
Fiscal year 2016:
(A) New budget authority, \$541,611,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$536,268,000,000.
Fiscal year 2017:
(A) New budget authority, \$555,333,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$542,638,000,000.
Fiscal year 2018:
(A) New budget authority, \$568,160,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$548,903,000,000.
Fiscal year 2019:
(A) New budget authority, \$582,025,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$567,622,000,000.
Fiscal year 2020:
(A) New budget authority, \$596,924,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$581,825,000,000.
Fiscal year 2021:
(A) New budget authority, \$611,794,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$596,323,000,000.
Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority, \$628,145,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$617,785,000,000.
Fiscal year 2023:
(A) New budget authority, \$644,858,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$628,204,000,000.
(2) **International Affairs (150):**
Fiscal year 2014:
(A) New budget authority, \$22,801,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$25,438,000,000.
Fiscal year 2015:
(A) New budget authority, \$21,349,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$21,798,000,000.
Fiscal year 2016:
(A) New budget authority, \$21,818,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$18,563,000,000.
Fiscal year 2017:
(A) New budget authority, \$22,288,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$18,467,000,000.
Fiscal year 2018:
(A) New budget authority, \$22,728,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$18,599,000,000.
Fiscal year 2019:
(A) New budget authority, \$23,207,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$18,997,000,000.
Fiscal year 2020:
(A) New budget authority, \$23,691,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$19,377,000,000.
Fiscal year 2021:
(A) New budget authority, \$23,695,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$19,744,000,000.
Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority, \$24,446,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$20,420,000,000.
Fiscal year 2023:
(A) New budget authority, \$24,930,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$20,794,000,000.
(3) **General Science, Space, and Technology (250):**
Fiscal year 2014:
(A) New budget authority, \$20,821,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$19,396,000,000.
Fiscal year 2015:
(A) New budget authority, \$21,215,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$20,168,000,000.
Fiscal year 2016:
(A) New budget authority, \$21,616,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$19,687,000,000.
Fiscal year 2017:
(A) New budget authority, \$22,025,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$20,059,000,000.
Fiscal year 2018:
(A) New budget authority, \$22,441,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$20,439,000,000.
Fiscal year 2019:
(A) New budget authority, \$22,866,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$20,825,000,000.
Fiscal year 2020:

- (A) New budget authority, \$23,298,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$21,219,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2021:
- (A) New budget authority, \$23,739,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$21,620,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2022:
- (A) New budget authority, \$24,188,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$22,029,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2023:
- (A) New budget authority, \$24,646,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$22,446,000,000.
- (4) Energy (270):
- Fiscal year 2014:
- (A) New budget authority, \$672,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$2,237,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2015:
- (A) New budget authority, \$1,090,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$1,981,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2016:
- (A) New budget authority, \$1,096,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$1,491,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2017:
- (A) New budget authority, \$1,108,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$1,396,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2018:
- (A) New budget authority, \$1,009,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$1,137,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2019:
- (A) New budget authority, \$1,014,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$1,137,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2020:
- (A) New budget authority, \$981,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$988,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2021:
- (A) New budget authority, \$934,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$900,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2022:
- (A) New budget authority, \$957,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$866,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2023:
- (A) New budget authority, \$985,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$854,000,000.
- (5) Natural Resources and Environment (300):
- Fiscal year 2014:
- (A) New budget authority, \$24,903,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$24,670,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2015:
- (A) New budget authority, \$24,319,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$23,318,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2016:
- (A) New budget authority, \$24,717,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$22,408,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2017:
- (A) New budget authority, \$25,379,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$23,500,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2018:
- (A) New budget authority, \$26,274,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$24,549,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2019:
- (A) New budget authority, \$26,220,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$224,932,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2020:
- (A) New budget authority, \$26,972,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$25,419,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2021:
- (A) New budget authority, \$26,706,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$25,203,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2022:
- (A) New budget authority, \$26,953,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$25,091,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2023:
- (A) New budget authority, \$27,478,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$25,483,000,000.
- (6) Agriculture (350):
- Fiscal year 2014:
- (A) New budget authority, \$18,637,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$16,714,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2015:
- (A) New budget authority, \$18,657,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$18,107,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2016:
- (A) New budget authority, \$19,241,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$18,444,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2017:
- (A) New budget authority, \$18,794,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$17,931,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2018:
- (A) New budget authority, \$18,786,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$17,867,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2019:
- (A) New budget authority, \$19,074,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$18,059,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2020:
- (A) New budget authority, \$19,258,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$18,345,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2021:
- (A) New budget authority, \$19,482,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$18,589,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2022:
- (A) New budget authority, \$19,611,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$18,711,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2023:
- (A) New budget authority, \$19,841,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$18,949,000,000.
- (7) Commerce and Housing Credit (370):
- Fiscal year 2014:
- (A) New budget authority, \$12,266,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$ - 3,909,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2015:
- (A) New budget authority, \$10,088,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$ - 4,953,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2016:
- (A) New budget authority, \$11,455,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$ - 3,965,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2017:
- (A) New budget authority, \$12,112,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$ - 5,158,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2018:
- (A) New budget authority, \$11,634,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$ - 5,848,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2019:
- (A) New budget authority, \$11,335,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$ - 11,985,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2020:
- (A) New budget authority, \$11,421,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$ - 10,985,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2021:
- (A) New budget authority, \$11,381,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$ - 5,842,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2022:
- (A) New budget authority, \$11,320,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$7,038,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2023:
- (A) New budget authority, \$11,240,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$ - 8,454,000,000.
- (8) Transportation (400):
- Fiscal year 2014:
- (A) New budget authority, \$79,068,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$78,768,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2015:
- (A) New budget authority, \$70,126,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$78,229,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2016:
- (A) New budget authority, \$70,962,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$79,661,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2017:
- (A) New budget authority, 73,668,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$82,350,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2018:
- (A) New budget authority, \$76,223,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$83,919,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2019:
- (A) New budget authority, \$76,696,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$85,779,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2020:
- (A) New budget authority, \$79,389,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$88,350,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2021:
- (A) New budget authority, \$79,703,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$89,954,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2022:
- (A) New budget authority, \$80,362,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$91,378,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2023:
- (A) New budget authority, \$80,817,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$92,689,000,000.
- (9) Community and Regional Development (450):
- Fiscal year 2014:
- (A) New budget authority, \$31,742,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$30,419,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2015:
- (A) New budget authority, \$13,051,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$15,893,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2016:
- (A) New budget authority, \$13,250,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$12,384,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2017:
- (A) New budget authority, \$13,455,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$12,402,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2018:
- (A) New budget authority, \$13,172,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$11,989,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2019:
- (A) New budget authority, \$12,974,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$11,684,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2020:
- (A) New budget authority, \$13,220,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$11,921,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2021:
- (A) New budget authority, \$13,472,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$12,465,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2022:
- (A) New budget authority, \$13,728,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$12,465,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2023:
- (A) New budget authority, \$13,988,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$12,729,000,000.
- (10) Education, Training, Employment, and Social Services (500):
- Fiscal year 2014:
- (A) New budget authority, \$13,565,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$29,573,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2015:
- (A) New budget authority, \$21,948,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$25,559,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2016:
- (A) New budget authority, \$31,997,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$27,873,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2017:
- (A) New budget authority, \$42,511,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$36,554,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2018:
- (A) New budget authority, \$46,512,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$42,471,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2019:
- (A) New budget authority, \$47,097,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$44,017,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2020:
- (A) New budget authority, \$46,859,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$44,315,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2021:
- (A) New budget authority, \$47,196,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$44,419,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2022:
- (A) New budget authority, \$47,892,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$44,802,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2023:
- (A) New budget authority, \$48,645,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$45,467,000,000.
- (11) Health (550):
- Fiscal year 2014:
- (A) New budget authority, \$344,065,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$339,669,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2015:
- (A) New budget authority, \$353,749,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$350,536,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2016:
- (A) New budget authority, \$358,733,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$358,536,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2017:
- (A) New budget authority, \$371,740,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$370,334,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2018:
- (A) New budget authority, \$382,880,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$379,880,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2019:
- (A) New budget authority, \$328,851,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$394,039,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2020:
- (A) New budget authority, \$414,951,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$400,863,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2021:
- (A) New budget authority, \$416,836,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$412,860,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2022:
- (A) New budget authority, \$429,666,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$425,077,000,000.
- Fiscal year 2023:
- (A) New budget authority, \$442,319,000,000.
- (B) Outlays, \$437,732,000,000.
- (12) Medicare (570):
- Fiscal year 2014:

(A) New budget authority, \$516,044,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$515,813,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$7,068,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$7,012,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$0.
 (B) Outlays, \$0.
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$0.
 (B) Outlays, \$0.
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$0.
 (B) Outlays, \$0.
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$0.
 (B) Outlays, \$0.
 Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$0.
 (B) Outlays, \$0.
 Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$0.
 (B) Outlays, \$0.
 Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$0.
 (B) Outlays, \$0.
 Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$0.
 (B) Outlays, \$0.
 (13) Income Security (600):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$338,810,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$341,208,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$336,457,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$333,329,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$340,753,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$337,648,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$345,718,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$338,338,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$354,654,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$343,599,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$364,538,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$358,369,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$375,679,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$369,752,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$387,531,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$381,668,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$397,717,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$396,729,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$408,616,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$402,741,000,000.
 (14) Social Security (650):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$27,506,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$27,586,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$30,322,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$30,343,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$33,369,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$33,444,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$36,691,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$36,729,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$40,005,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$40,005,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$43,421,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$43,421,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$46,421,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$46,954,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$50,474,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$50,474,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$54,235,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$54,235,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$58,441,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$58,441,000,000.
 (15) Veterans Benefits and Services (700):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$145,079,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$144,951,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$149,792,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$149,237,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$162,051,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$161,425,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$160,947,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$160,110,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$159,423,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$158,564,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$171,032,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$170,143,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$175,674,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$174,791,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$179,585,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$178,655,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$191,294,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$190,344,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$187,945,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$186,882,000,000.
 (16) Administration of Justice (750):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$49,101,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$33,580,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$38,199,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$36,926,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$40,527,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$39,512,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$39,329,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$40,808,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$39,843,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$38,047,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$40,538,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$37,333,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$41,242,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$37,350,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$42,130,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$38,094,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$46,816,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$42,690,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$48,121,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$43,911,000,000.
 (17) General Government (800):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$21,623,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$22,532,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$22,268,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$22,550,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$23,010,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$22,631,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$23,661,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$23,268,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$24,523,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$24,065,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$25,408,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$24,556,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$26,246,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$25,556,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$27,130,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$26,478,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$28,043,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$27,400,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$28,953,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$28,357,000,000.
 (18) Net Interest (900):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$350,410,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$350,410,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$370,928,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$370,928,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$413,618,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$413,618,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$492,494,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$492,494,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$582,183,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$582,183,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$615,018,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$615,018,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$642,799,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$642,799,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$653,992,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$653,992,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$661,671,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$661,671,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$664,720,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$664,720,000,000.
 (19) Allowances (920):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$0.
 (B) Outlays, \$0.
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$0.
 (B) Outlays, \$0.
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$-1,792,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$-269,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$-3,875,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$-1,029,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$-3,737,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$-1,977,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$-4,392,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$-2,831,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$-3,907,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$-3,468,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$-3,735,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$-3,866,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$-3,777,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$-3,890,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$-3,817,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$-3,882,000,000.
 (20) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$-89,452,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$-89,452,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$-98,914,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$-98,914,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$-114,591,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$-114,591,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$-131,537,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$-131,537,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$-154,180,000,000.

(B) Outlays, \$-154,180,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority,
 \$-163,759,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$-163,759,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority,
 \$-168,611,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$-168,611,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority,
 \$-155,297,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$-155,297,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority,
 \$-143,747,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$-143,747,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority,
 \$-151,025,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$-151,025,000,000.
 (21) Global War on Terrorism (970):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$50,000,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$50,000,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$25,000,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$25,000,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$0.
 (B) Outlays, \$0.
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$0.
 (B) Outlays, \$0.
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$0.
 (B) Outlays, \$0.
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$0.
 (B) Outlays, \$-0.
 Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$0.
 (B) Outlays, \$0.
 Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$0.
 (B) Outlays, \$0.
 Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$0.
 (B) Outlays, \$0.
 Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$0.
 (B) Outlays, \$0.
 (22) Congressional Health Insurance for Seniors (990):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$3,125,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$3,125,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$495,308,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$495,406,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$528,308,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$528,416,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$527,644,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$527,777,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$531,755,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$531,921,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$567,710,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$567,989,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$588,233,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$588,479,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$605,718,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$606,297,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$681,132,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$672,935,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$706,491,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$706,150,000,000.

TITLE II—RESERVE FUNDS

SEC. 201. DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND FOR THE SALE OF UNUSED OR VACANT FEDERAL PROPERTIES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may reduce the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that achieve savings by selling any unused or vacant Federal properties. The Chairman may also make adjustments to the Senate's pay-as-you-go ledger over 10 years to ensure that the deficit reduction achieved is used for deficit reduction only. The adjustments authorized under this section shall be of the amount of deficit reduction achieved.

SEC. 202. DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND FOR SELLING EXCESS FEDERAL LANDS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may reduce the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that achieve savings by selling any excess Federal lands. The Chairman may also make adjustments to the Senate's pay-as-you-go ledger over 10 years to ensure that the deficit reduction achieved is used for deficit reduction only. The adjustments authorized under this section shall be of the amount of deficit reduction achieved.

SEC. 203. DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND FOR THE REPEAL OF DAVIS-BACON PREVAILING WAGE LAWS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may reduce the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports from savings achieved by repealing the Davis-Bacon prevailing wage laws. The Chairman may also make adjustments to the Senate's pay-as-you-go ledger over 10 years to ensure that the deficit reduction achieved is used for deficit reduction only. The adjustments authorized under this section shall be of the amount of deficit reduction achieved.

SEC. 204. DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND FOR THE REDUCTION OF PURCHASING AND MAINTAINING FEDERAL VEHICLES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may reduce the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that achieve savings by reducing the Federal vehicles fleet. The Chairman may also make adjustments to the Senate's pay-as-you-go ledger over 10 years to ensure that the deficit reduction achieved is used for deficit reduction only. The adjustments authorized under this section shall be of the amount of deficit reduction achieved.

SEC. 205. DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND FOR THE SALE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS PURCHASED THROUGH THE TROUBLED ASSET RELIEF PROGRAM.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may reduce the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that achieve savings by selling financial instruments and equity accumulated through the Troubled Asset Relief Program. The Chairman may also make adjustments to the Senate's pay-as-you-go

ledger over 10 years to ensure that the deficit reduction achieved is used for deficit reduction only. The adjustments authorized under this section shall be of the amount of deficit reduction achieved.

TITLE III—BUDGET PROCESS

Subtitle A—Budget Enforcement

SEC. 301. DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LIMITS FOR FISCAL YEARS 2014 THROUGH 2023, PROGRAM INTEGRITY INITIATIVES, AND OTHER ADJUSTMENTS.

(a) SENATE POINT OF ORDER.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise provided in this section, it shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill or joint resolution (or amendment, motion, or conference report on that bill or joint resolution) that would cause the discretionary spending limits in this section to be exceeded.

(2) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEALS.—

(A) WAIVER.—This subsection may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by the affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(B) APPEALS.—Appeals in the Senate from the decisions of the Chair relating to any provision of this subsection shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the appellant and the manager of the bill or joint resolution. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this subsection.

(b) SENATE DISCRETIONARY SPENDING LIMITS.—In the Senate and as used in this section, the term “discretionary spending limit” means—

(1) for fiscal year 2014, \$942,636,000,000 in new budget authority and \$997,677,000,000 in outlays;

(2) for fiscal year 2015, \$899,935,000,000 in new budget authority and \$942,103,000,000 in outlays;

(3) for fiscal year 2016, \$885,842,000,000 in new budget authority and \$910,362,000,000 in outlays;

(4) for fiscal year 2017, \$906,645,000,000 in new budget authority and \$925,457,000,000 in outlays;

(5) for fiscal year 2018, \$929,163,000,000 in new budget authority and \$939,667,000,000 in outlays;

(6) for fiscal year 2019, \$951,179,000,000 in new budget authority and \$966,694,000,000 in outlays;

(7) for fiscal year 2020, \$976,080,000,000 in new budget authority and \$990,498,000,000 in outlays;

(8) for fiscal year 2021, \$999,540,000,000 in new budget authority and \$1,013,879,000,000 in outlays;

(9) for fiscal year 2022, \$1,024,753,000,000 in new budget authority and \$1,044,562,000,000 in outlays; and

(10) for fiscal year 2023, \$1,050,347,000,000 in new budget authority and \$1,064,229,000,000 in outlays;

as adjusted in conformance with the adjustment procedures in subsection (c).

(c) ADJUSTMENTS IN THE SENATE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—After the reporting of a bill or joint resolution relating to any matter described in paragraph (2), or the offering of an amendment or motion thereto or the submission of a conference report thereon—

(A) the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may adjust the discretionary spending limits, budgetary aggregates, and allocations pursuant to section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, by the amount of new budget authority in that measure for that purpose and the outlays flowing therefrom; and

(B) following any adjustment under subparagraph (A), the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate may report appropriately revised suballocations pursuant to section 302(b) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to carry out this subsection.

(2) ADJUSTMENTS TO SUPPORT ONGOING OVERSEAS DEPLOYMENTS AND OTHER ACTIVITIES.—

(A) ADJUSTMENTS.—The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may adjust the discretionary spending limits, allocations to the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and aggregates for one or more—

(i) bills reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate or passed by the House of Representatives;

(ii) joint resolutions or amendments reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;

(iii) amendments between the Houses received from the House of Representatives or Senate amendments offered by the authority of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; or

(iv) conference reports; making appropriations for overseas deployments and other activities in the amounts specified in subparagraph (B).

(B) AMOUNTS SPECIFIED.—The amounts specified are—

(i) for fiscal year 2014, \$50,000,000,000 in new budget authority and the outlays flowing therefrom;

(ii) for fiscal year 2015, \$25,000,000,000 in new budget authority and the outlays flowing therefrom;

(iii) for fiscal year 2016, \$0 in new budget authority and the outlays flowing therefrom;

(iv) for fiscal year 2017, \$0 in new budget authority and the outlays flowing therefrom;

(v) for fiscal year 2018, \$0 in new budget authority and the outlays flowing therefrom;

(vi) for fiscal year 2019, \$0 in new budget authority and the outlays flowing therefrom;

(vii) for fiscal year 2020, \$0 in new budget authority and the outlays flowing therefrom;

(viii) for fiscal year 2021, \$0 in new budget authority and the outlays flowing therefrom;

(ix) for fiscal year 2022, \$0 in new budget authority and the outlays flowing therefrom; and

(x) for fiscal year 2023, \$0 in new budget authority and the outlays flowing therefrom.

SEC. 302. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST ADVANCE APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) POINT OF ORDER.—Except as provided in subsection (b), it shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, motion, amendment, or conference report that would provide an advance appropriation.

(b) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term “advance appropriation” means any new budget authority provided in a bill or joint resolution making appropriations for fiscal year 2013 that first becomes available for any fiscal year after 2012, or any new budget authority provided in a bill or joint resolution making general appropriations or continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2013, that first becomes available for any fiscal year after 2013.

SEC. 303. EMERGENCY LEGISLATION.

(a) AUTHORITY TO DESIGNATE.—In the Senate, with respect to a provision of direct spending or receipts legislation or appropriations for discretionary accounts that Congress designates as an emergency requirement in such measure, the amounts of new budget authority, outlays, and receipts in all fiscal years resulting from that provision shall be treated as an emergency requirement for the purpose of this section.

(b) EXEMPTION OF EMERGENCY PROVISIONS.—Any new budget authority, outlays,

and receipts resulting from any provision designated as an emergency requirement, pursuant to this section, in any bill, joint resolution, amendment, or conference report shall not count for purposes of sections 302 and 311 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, section 201 of S. Con. Res. 21 (110th Congress) (relating to pay-as-you-go), section 311 of S. Con. Res. 70 (110th Congress) (relating to long-term deficits), and section 404 of S. Con. Res. 13 (111th Congress) (relating to short-term deficits), and section 301 of this resolution (relating to discretionary spending). Designated emergency provisions shall not count for the purpose of revising allocations, aggregates, or other levels pursuant to procedures established under section 301(b)(7) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 for deficit-neutral reserve funds and revising discretionary spending limits set pursuant to section 301 of this resolution.

(c) DESIGNATIONS.—If a provision of legislation is designated as an emergency requirement under this section, the committee report and any statement of managers accompanying that legislation shall include an explanation of the manner in which the provision meets the criteria in subsection (f).

(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms “direct spending”, “receipts”, and “appropriations for discretionary accounts” mean any provision of a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report that affects direct spending, receipts, or appropriations as those terms have been defined and interpreted for purposes of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

(e) POINT OF ORDER.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—When the Senate is considering a bill, resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report, if a point of order is made by a Senator against an emergency designation in that measure, that provision making such a designation shall be stricken from the measure and may not be offered as an amendment from the floor.

(2) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEALS.—

(A) WAIVER.—Paragraph (1) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(B) APPEALS.—Appeals in the Senate from the decisions of the Chair relating to any provision of this subsection shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the appellant and the manager of the bill or joint resolution, as the case may be. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this subsection.

(3) DEFINITION OF AN EMERGENCY DESIGNATION.—For purposes of paragraph (1), a provision shall be considered an emergency designation if it designates any item as an emergency requirement pursuant to this subsection.

(4) FORM OF THE POINT OF ORDER.—A point of order under paragraph (1) may be raised by a Senator as provided in section 313(e) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974.

(5) CONFERENCE REPORTS.—When the Senate is considering a conference report on, or an amendment between the Houses in relation to, a bill, upon a point of order being made by any Senator pursuant to this section, and such point of order being sustained, such material contained in such conference report shall be deemed stricken, and the Senate shall proceed to consider the question of whether the Senate shall recede from its amendment and concur with a further amendment, or concur in the House amendment with a further amendment, as the case may be, which further amendment shall consist of only that portion of the conference re-

port or House amendment, as the case may be, not so stricken. Any such motion in the Senate shall be debatable. In any case in which such point of order is sustained against a conference report (or Senate amendment derived from such conference report by operation of this subsection), no further amendment shall be in order.

(f) CRITERIA.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this section, any provision is an emergency requirement if the situation addressed by such provision is—

(A) necessary, essential, or vital (not merely useful or beneficial);

(B) sudden, quickly coming into being, and not building up over time;

(C) an urgent, pressing, and compelling need requiring immediate action;

(D) subject to subparagraph (B), unforeseen, unpredictable, and unanticipated; and

(E) not permanent, temporary in nature.

(2) UNFORESEEN.—An emergency that is part of an aggregate level of anticipated emergencies, particularly when normally estimated in advance, is not unforeseen.

(g) INAPPLICABILITY.—In the Senate, section 403 of S. Con. Res. 13 (111th Congress), the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2010, shall no longer apply.

SEC. 304. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST ANY BUDGET RESOLUTION THAT FAILS TO ACHIEVE BALANCE.

(a) POINT OF ORDER.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any budget resolution following the enactment of this resolution that does not achieve balance within 10 fiscal years.

(b) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEALS IN THE SENATE.—

(1) WAIVER.—This section may be waived or suspended only by an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(2) APPEALS.—An affirmative vote of two-thirds of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

Subtitle B—Other Provisions

SEC. 311. OVERSIGHT OF GOVERNMENT PERFORMANCE.

In the Senate, all committees are directed to review programs and tax expenditures within their jurisdiction to identify waste, fraud, abuse or duplication, and increase the use of performance data to inform committee work. Committees are also directed to review the matters for congressional consideration identified on the Government Accountability Office's High Risk list reports. Based on these oversight efforts and performance reviews of programs within their jurisdiction, committees are directed to include recommendations for improved governmental performance in their annual views and estimates reports required under section 301(d) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to the Committees on the Budget.

SEC. 312. APPLICATION AND EFFECT OF CHANGES IN ALLOCATIONS AND AGGREGATES.

(a) APPLICATION.—Any adjustments of allocations and aggregates made pursuant to this resolution shall—

(1) apply while that measure is under consideration;

(2) take effect upon the enactment of that measure; and

(3) be published in the Congressional Record as soon as practicable.

(b) EFFECT OF CHANGED ALLOCATIONS AND AGGREGATES.—Revised allocations and aggregates resulting from these adjustments shall be considered for the purposes of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as allocations and aggregates contained in this resolution.

(c) BUDGET COMMITTEE DETERMINATIONS.—For purposes of this resolution the levels of new budget authority, outlays, direct spending, new entitlement authority, revenues, deficits, and surpluses for a fiscal year or period of fiscal years shall be determined on the basis of estimates made by the Committee on the Budget of the Senate.

SEC. 313. ADJUSTMENTS TO REFLECT CHANGES IN CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS.

Upon the enactment of a bill or joint resolution providing for a change in concepts or definitions, the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may make adjustments to the levels and allocations in this resolution in accordance with section 251(b) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (as in effect prior to September 30, 2002).

SEC. 314. RESCIND UNSPENT OR UNOBLIGATED BALANCES AFTER 36 MONTHS.

(a) APPLICATION.—Any adjustments of allocations and aggregates made pursuant to this resolution shall require that any unobligated or unspent allocations be rescinded after 36 months.

(b) EFFECT OF CHANGED ALLOCATIONS AND AGGREGATES.—Revised allocations and aggregates resulting from these adjustments resulting from the required rescissions shall be considered for the purposes of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as allocations and aggregates contained in this resolution.

(c) BUDGET COMMITTEE DETERMINATIONS.—For purposes of this resolution the levels of new budget authority, outlays, direct spending, new entitlement authority, revenues, deficits, and surpluses for a fiscal year or period of fiscal years shall be determined on the basis of estimates made by the Committee on the Budget of the Senate.

TITLE IV—RECONCILIATION

SEC. 401. RECONCILIATION IN THE SENATE.

(a) SUBMISSION TO PROVIDE FOR THE REFORM OF MANDATORY SPENDING.—(1) Not later than September 1, 2013, the Senate committees named in paragraph (2) shall submit their recommendations to the Committee on the Budget of the United States Senate. After receiving those recommendations from the applicable committees of the Senate, the Committee on the Budget shall report to the Senate a reconciliation bill carrying out all such recommendations without substantive revision.

(2) INSTRUCTIONS.—

(A) COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS.—The Committee on Foreign Relations shall report changes in law within its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce direct spending by \$2,456,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.

(B) COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE, SCIENCE, AND TRANSPORTATION.—The Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation shall report changes in law within its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce direct spending outlays by \$3,195,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.

(C) COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, NUTRITION, AND ENERGY.—The Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Energy shall report changes in law within its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce direct spending outlays by \$465,600,000 for the period of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.

(D) COMMITTEE ON ENVIRONMENT AND PUBLIC WORKS.—The Committee on Environment and Public Works shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce direct spending outlays by \$1,022,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.

(E) COMMITTEE ON HEALTH, EDUCATION, LABOR, AND PENSIONS.—The Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction

sufficient to reduce direct spending outlays by \$504,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.

(F) COMMITTEE ON FINANCE.—The Committee on Finance shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce direct spending outlays by \$4,676,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.

(G) COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES.—The Committee on Energy and Natural Resources shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce direct spending outlays by \$10,818,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.

(b) SUBMISSION OF REVISED ALLOCATIONS.—Upon the submission to the Committee on the Budget of the Senate of a recommendation that has complied with its reconciliation instructions solely by virtue of section 310(c) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the chairman of that committee may file with the Senate revised allocations under section 302(a) of such Act and revised functional levels and aggregates.

TITLE V—CONGRESSIONAL POLICY CHANGES

SEC. 501. POLICY STATEMENT ON SOCIAL SECURITY.

It is the policy of this concurrent resolution that Congress and the relevant committees of jurisdiction enact legislation to ensure the Social Security System achieves solvency over the 75 year window. Legislation should be enacted that adopts the following:

(1) The legislation must modify the Primary Insurance Amount formula to gradually reduce benefits on a progressive basis for workers with career-average earnings above the 40th percentile of newly retired workers.

(2) The normal retirement age (NRA) be increased to reflect longevity growth rate.

(3) The legislation should allow for and provide the option of private Social Security retirement accounts.

(4) Implement and allow for certain individuals to completely forego Social Security benefits and contribution.

SEC. 502. POLICY STATEMENT ON MEDICARE.

It is the policy of this concurrent resolution that Congress and the relevant committees of jurisdiction enact legislation to ensure a reduction in the unfunded liabilities of Medicare. Legislation should be enacted that adopts the following:

(1) Enrolls seniors in the same health care plan as Federal employees and Members of Congress, similar to the Federal Employee Health Benefits Plan (FEHBP).

(2) Beginning on January 1, 2015, the Director of the Office of Personnel Management shall ensure seniors currently enrolled or eligible for Medicare will have access to Congressional Health Care for Seniors Act.

(3) Prevents the Office of Personnel Management from placing onerous new mandates on health insurance plans, but allows the agency to continue to enforce reasonable minimal standards for plans, ensure the plans are fiscally solvent, and enforces rules for consumer protections.

(4) The legislation must create a new “high-risk pool” for the highest cost patients, providing a direct reimbursement to health care plans that enroll the costliest 5 percent of patients.

(5) Ensures that every senior can afford the high-quality insurance offered by FEHBP, providing support for 75 percent of the total costs, providing additional premium assistance to those who cannot afford the remaining share.

(6) The legislation must increase the age of eligibility gradually over 20 years, increas-

ing the age from 65 to 70, resulting in a 3 month increase per year.

(7) High-income seniors will be provided less premium support than low-income seniors.

SEC. 503. POLICY STATEMENT ON TAX REFORM.

It is the policy of this concurrent resolution that Congress and the relevant committees of jurisdiction enact legislation to ensure a tax reform that broadens the tax base, reduces tax complexity, includes a consumption-based income tax, and a globally competitive flat tax.

(1) TAXES ON INDIVIDUALS.—This concurrent resolution shall eliminate all tax brackets and have one standard flat tax rate on adjusted gross income. The individual tax code shall remove all credits and deductions, with exception to the mortgage interest deduction, offsetting these with a substantially higher standard deduction and personal exemption. The standard deduction for joint filers should be equal to or greater than \$35,000, \$21,690 for head of household, and \$17,500 for single filers. The personal exemption amount is \$6,800. This proposal eliminates the individual alternative minimum tax (AMT). The tax reform would repeal all tax on savings and investments, including capital gains, qualified and ordinary dividends, estate, gift, and interest saving taxes.

(2) TAXES ON BUSINESSES.—This concurrent resolution shall eliminate all tax brackets and have one standard flat tax on adjusted gross income. The business tax code shall remove all credits and deductions, offsetting these with a lower tax rate and immediate expensing of all business inputs. Such inputs shall be determined by total revenue from the sale of goods and services less purchases of inputs from other firms less wages, salaries, and pensions paid to workers less purchases of plant and equipment.

(3) SINGLE SYSTEM.—The individuals and businesses would be subject to taxation on only those incomes that are produced or derived, as a territorial system in the United States. The aggregate taxes paid should provide the ability to fill out a tax return no larger than a postcard.

TITLE VI—SENSE OF CONGRESS

SEC. 601. REGULATORY REFORM.

It is the policy of this concurrent resolution that Congress and the relevant committees of jurisdiction enact legislation to ensure a regulatory reform.

(1) APPLY REGULATORY ANALYSIS REQUIREMENTS TO INDEPENDENT AGENCIES.—It shall be the policy of Congress to pass into law a requirement for independent agencies to abide by the same regulatory analysis requirement as those required by executive branch agencies.

(2) ADOPT THE REGULATIONS FROM THE EXECUTIVE IN NEED OF SCRUTINY ACT (REINS).—It shall be the policy of Congress to vote on the REINS Act, legislation that would require all regulations that impose a burden greater than \$100,000,000 in economic aggregate may not be implemented as law unless Congress gives [their/its] consent by voting on the rule.

(3) SUNSET ALL REGULATIONS.—It is the policy of Congress that regulations imposed by the Federal Government shall automatically sunset every two years unless repromulgated by Congress.

(4) PROCESS REFORM.—It shall be the policy of Congress to implement regulatory process reform by instituting statutorily required regulatory impact analysis for all agencies, require the publication of regulatory impact analysis before the regulation is finalized, and ensure that not only are regulatory impact analysis conducted, but applied to the issued regulation or rulemaking.

(5) INCORPORATION OF FORMAL RULEMAKING FOR MAJOR RULES.—It shall be the policy of

Congress to apply formal rulemaking procedures to all major regulations or those regulations that exceed \$100,000,000 in aggregate economic costs.

SA 264. Mr. SANDERS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND ON OFFSHORE TAX SHELTERS BY LARGE PROFITABLE CORPORATIONS TO AVOID PAYING FEDERAL INCOME TAXES.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to corporate income taxes, which may include measures to address offshore tax shelters used by large profitable corporations, provided that such legislation would reduce the deficit and create jobs. The Chairman may also make adjustments to the Senate's pay-as-you-go ledger over 6 and 11 years to ensure that the deficit reduction achieved.

SA 265. Mr. CASEY (for himself, Ms. COLLINS, and Mr. REED) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 76, line 18, strike "reduce" and all that follows through "job training," on lines 19 and 20 and insert "ensure effective administration, reduce inefficient overlap, improve access, and enhance outcomes of Federal workforce development, youth and adult job training."

SA 266. Mr. CASEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROVIDE ON-THE-JOB TRAINING.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to job training, which may include on-the-job training for adult and dis-

located workers at worksites related to the exploration, production, or transportation of natural gas from the Marcellus Shale formation or other such sites, by the amounts provided in the legislation for those purposes, provided that the legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 267. Mr. BAUCUS (for himself, Mr. ROCKEFELLER, Mr. FRANKEN, Mr. BENNET, Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota, Mr. MANCHIN, Mr. LEAHY, and Mr. TESTER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 76, after line 25, add the following:

SEC. 332. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO SUPPORT RURAL SCHOOLS AND DISTRICTS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to the establishment of the Office of Rural Education Policy within the Department of Education, which could include a clearinghouse for information related to the challenges of rural schools and districts or providing technical assistance within the Department of Education on rules and regulations that impact rural schools and districts, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 268. Mrs. HAGAN (for herself, Mr. DONNELLY, and Mr. HELLER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 76, line 18, by inserting "provide training that leads to recognized postsecondary credentials," after "access,"

SA 269. Mrs. HAGAN (for herself and Mr. GRAHAM) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 332. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO STRENGTHEN ENFORCEMENT OF FREE TRADE AGREEMENT PROVISIONS RELATING TO TEXTILE AND APPAREL ARTICLES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that relate to strengthening the enforcement of provisions of free trade agreements that relate to textile and apparel articles, which may include increased training with respect to, and monitoring and verification of, textile and apparel articles, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 270. Mr. CASEY (for himself and Mr. BURR) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR LEGISLATION THAT ENABLES INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES TO USE EXISTING SAVINGS VEHICLES.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to individuals with disabilities, which may include the financial independence of individuals with disabilities and their families by allowing them to utilize an existing tax-advantaged savings vehicle, by the amounts provided by that legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 271. Mr. CASEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROVIDE TAX INCENTIVES FOR LIFE SCIENCES RESEARCH.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to tax incentives, which may include providing tax incentives for life sciences research, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of

the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 272. Mr. CARDIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 57, line 21, insert “, energy efficiency,” after “conservation”.

On page 58, line 9, strike “or” at the end.

On page 58, line 11, strike “gram;” and insert the following:

gram; or

(10) advancing alternative sources of fuel, which may include advanced biofuels and second-generation ethanol products;

SA 273. Mr. CARDIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 76, between lines 9 and 10, insert the following:

(c) **ORAL HEALTH CARE FOR CHILDREN WITH MEDICAID COVERAGE.**—The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that improve the oral health outcomes for children covered by Medicaid, including legislation that may allow for risk-based disease prevention and comprehensive, coordinated chronic disease treatment approaches, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 274. Mr. CARDIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROVIDE GREATER OUTREACH AND EDUCATION ABOUT THE SAVER'S TAX CREDIT.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolu-

tions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to tax incentives for retirement savings, which may include providing greater outreach and education about the saver's tax credit, by the amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 275. Mr. CARDIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR ELECTION REFORM.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that either (1) enacts the recommendations of the Presidential Commission on Election Administration or (2) strengthens and reforms the Federal election system, by the amounts provided by that legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 276. Mr. CARDIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 62, line 13, insert “improve overall population health, promote health equity and reduce health disparities,” after “nation,”.

SA 277. Mr. LAUTENBERG (for himself, Mr. UDALL of New Mexico, and Mr. WHITEHOUSE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 58, strike lines 9 and 10, and insert the following:

(8) the protection of public health, including children, pregnant women, workers, and other vulnerable subpopulations, from toxic chemicals;

(9) the cleanup of contaminated properties that threaten public health and discourage local economic development;

(10) wildland fire management activities; or

(11) the restructure of the nuclear waste program;

SA 278. Mrs. HAGAN (for herself and Mr. COONS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR THE FAMILIES OF AMERICA'S SERVICEMEMBERS AND VETERANS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to support for the families of members of the Armed Forces and veterans, including—

(1) expanding educational opportunities;

(2) providing increased access to job training and placement services;

(3) tracking and reporting on suicides of family members of members of the Armed Forces;

(4) ensuring access to high-quality and affordable healthcare; or

(5) improving military housing;

by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 279. Mr. INHOFE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . TANF WORK REQUIREMENTS.

The levels for function 600 in this resolution are amended by—

(1) reducing the budget authority for each fiscal year by—

(A) \$6,000,000 in fiscal year 2014;

(B) \$6,000,000 in fiscal year 2015;

(C) \$6,000,000 in fiscal year 2016;

(D) \$6,000,000 in fiscal year 2017;

(E) \$6,000,000 in fiscal year 2018;

(F) \$6,000,000 in fiscal year 2019;

(G) \$7,000,000 in fiscal year 2020;

(H) \$7,000,000 in fiscal year 2021;

(I) \$7,000,000 in fiscal year 2022; and

(J) \$7,000,000 in fiscal year 2023; and

(2) reducing the outlays for each fiscal year by—

(A) \$6,000,000 in fiscal year 2014;

(B) \$6,000,000 in fiscal year 2015;

(C) \$6,000,000 in fiscal year 2016;

(D) \$6,000,000 in fiscal year 2017;

(E) \$6,000,000 in fiscal year 2018;

(F) \$6,000,000 in fiscal year 2019;

- (G) \$7,000,000 in fiscal year 2020;
 (H) \$7,000,000 in fiscal year 2021;
 (I) \$7,000,000 in fiscal year 2022; and
 (J) \$7,000,000 in fiscal year 2023.

SA 280. Mr. INHOFE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO REQUIRING STATES TO IMPLEMENT DRUG TESTING FOR FEDERAL WELFARE PROGRAMS FOR APPLICANTS AND RECIPIENTS OF ASSISTANCE INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES (TANF) PROGRAM.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to requiring States to operate a drug testing program as part of their Federal welfare programs including, but not limited to, the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program, without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 281. Mr. INHOFE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO MAINTAIN IMPACT AID FUNDING AT 2012-2013 LEVELS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or conference reports relating to ensuring adequate funding for impact aid payments under sections 8002 and 8003 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7702, 7703) in order to enable local educational agencies to provide a level of service that is not less than the level provided to students during the 2012-2013 school year without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 282. Mr. INHOFE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by

him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROTECT COMMUNITY BANKS FROM BASEL III CAPITAL STANDARDS.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports for legislation related to the reform of the statutes governing community banking regulations, which may include a reduction in the role of international agreements establishing capital standards, without raising new revenues, by the amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2014 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.

SA 283. Mr. INHOFE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table, as follows:

On page 5, line 9, reduce the amount by \$26,000,000.

On page 5, line 10, reduce the amount by \$26,000,000.

On page 5, line 11, reduce the amount by \$27,000,000.

On page 5, line 12, reduce the amount by \$27,000,000.

On page 5, line 13, reduce the amount by \$28,000,000.

On page 5, line 14, reduce the amount by \$28,000,000.

On page 5, line 15, reduce the amount by \$29,000,000.

On page 5, line 16, reduce the amount by \$29,000,000.

On page 5, line 17, reduce the amount by \$30,000,000.

On page 5, line 18, reduce the amount by \$30,000,000.

On page 5, line 23, reduce the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 5, line 24, reduce the amount by \$22,000,000.

On page 5, line 25, reduce the amount by \$26,000,000.

On page 6, line 1, reduce the amount by \$27,000,000.

On page 6, line 2, reduce the amount by \$27,000,000.

On page 6, line 3, reduce the amount by \$28,000,000.

On page 6, line 4, reduce the amount by \$28,000,000.

On page 6, line 5, reduce the amount by \$29,000,000.

On page 6, line 6, reduce the amount by \$29,000,000.

On page 6, line 7, reduce the amount by \$30,000,000.

On page 6, line 12, reduce the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 6, line 13, reduce the amount by \$22,000,000.

On page 6, line 14, reduce the amount by \$26,000,000.

On page 6, line 15, reduce the amount by \$27,000,000.

On page 6, line 16, reduce the amount by \$27,000,000.

On page 6, line 17, reduce the amount by \$28,000,000.

On page 6, line 18, reduce the amount by \$28,000,000.

On page 6, line 19, reduce the amount by \$29,000,000.

On page 6, line 20, reduce the amount by \$29,000,000.

On page 6, line 21, reduce the amount by \$30,000,000.

On page 20, line 19, reduce the amount by \$28,000,000.

On page 20, line 20, reduce the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 20, line 23, reduce the amount by \$26,000,000.

On page 20, line 24, reduce the amount by \$22,000,000.

On page 21, line 2, reduce the amount by \$27,000,000.

On page 21, line 3, reduce the amount by \$26,000,000.

On page 21, line 6, reduce the amount by \$27,000,000.

On page 21, line 7, reduce the amount by \$27,000,000.

On page 21, line 10, reduce the amount by \$28,000,000.

On page 21, line 11, reduce the amount by \$27,000,000.

On page 21, line 14, reduce the amount by \$28,000,000.

On page 21, line 15, reduce the amount by \$28,000,000.

On page 21, line 18, reduce the amount by \$29,000,000.

On page 21, line 19, reduce the amount by \$28,000,000.

On page 21, line 19, reduce the amount by \$28,000,000.

On page 21, line 22, reduce the amount by \$29,000,000.

On page 21, line 23, reduce the amount by \$29,000,000.

On page 22, line 2, reduce the amount by \$30,000,000.

On page 22, line 3, reduce the amount by \$29,000,000.

On page 22, line 6, reduce the amount by \$30,000,000.

On page 22, line 7, reduce the amount by \$30,000,000.

SA 284. Mr. INHOFE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table, as follows:

On page 76, after line 25, add the following:

SEC. 332. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROTECT JOBS BY PREVENTING FEDERAL AGENCIES FROM OVERRIDING EFFORTS BY STATES TO CONSERVE SPECIES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference

reports relating to amending any statute governing the protection of any species from extinction, which may include deferring conservation planning and implementation to State and local governments, unless the efforts of the State and local governments are determined to be inadequate for species conservation, without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2014 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.

SA 285. Mr. WICKER (for himself, Ms. AYOTTE, Mr. THUNE, Mr. JOHNSON of Wisconsin, Mr. COCHRAN, and Mr. RISCH) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table, as follows:

- On page 46, line 11, decrease the amount by \$36,000,000,000.
- On page 46, line 12, decrease the amount by \$36,000,000,000.
- On page 46, line 15, decrease the amount by \$100,000,000,000.
- On page 46, line 16, decrease the amount by \$100,000,000,000.
- On page 46, line 19, decrease the amount by \$147,000,000,000.
- On page 46, line 20, decrease the amount by \$147,000,000,000.
- On page 46, line 23, decrease the amount by \$179,000,000,000.
- On page 46, line 24, decrease the amount by \$179,000,000,000.
- On page 47, line 2, decrease the amount by \$193,000,000,000.
- On page 47, line 3, decrease the amount by \$193,000,000,000.
- On page 47, line 6, decrease the amount by \$203,000,000,000.
- On page 47, line 7, decrease the amount by \$203,000,000,000.
- On page 47, line 10, decrease the amount by \$211,000,000,000.
- On page 47, line 11, decrease the amount by \$211,000,000,000.
- On page 47, line 14, decrease the amount by \$225,000,000,000.
- On page 47, line 15, decrease the amount by \$225,000,000,000.
- On page 47, line 18, decrease the amount by \$237,000,000,000.
- On page 47, line 19, decrease the amount by \$237,000,000,000.
- On page 47, line 22, decrease the amount by \$251,000,000,000.
- On page 47, line 23, decrease the amount by \$251,000,000,000.

SA 286. Mr. WICKER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table, as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . POINT OF ORDER AGAINST UNFUNDED MANDATES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—It shall not be in order in the Senate or the House of Representatives to consider—

(1) any bill or joint resolution that is reported by a committee unless the committee has published a statement of the Director on the direct costs of Federal mandates in accordance with section 423(f) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 before such consideration, except this paragraph shall not apply to any supplemental statement prepared by the Director under section 424(d) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974; and

(2) any bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report that would increase the direct costs of Federal intergovernmental mandates by an amount that causes the thresholds specified in section 424(a)(1) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to be exceeded, unless—

(A)(i) the bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report provides new budget authority or new entitlement authority in the House of Representatives or direct spending authority in the Senate for each fiscal year for such mandates included in the bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report in an amount equal to or exceeding the direct costs of such mandate; or

(ii) the bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report includes an authorization for appropriations in an amount equal to or exceeding the direct costs of such mandate; and

(B) the bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report—

(i) identifies a specific dollar amount of the direct costs of such mandate for each year up to 10 years during which such mandate shall be in effect under the bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion or conference report, and such estimate is consistent with the estimate determined under subsection (e) for each fiscal year;

(ii) identifies any appropriation bill that is expected to provide for Federal funding of the direct cost referred to under clause (i); and

(iii)(I) provides that for any fiscal year the responsible Federal agency shall determine whether there are insufficient appropriations for that fiscal year to provide for the direct costs under clause (i) of such mandate, and shall (no later than 30 days after the beginning of the fiscal year) notify the appropriate authorizing committees of Congress of the determination and submit either—

(aa) a statement that the agency has determined, based on a re-estimate of the direct costs of such mandate, after consultation with State, local, and tribal governments, that the amount appropriated is sufficient to pay for the direct costs of such mandate; or

(bb) legislative recommendations for either implementing a less costly mandate or making such mandate ineffective for the fiscal year;

(II) provides for expedited procedures for the consideration of the statement or legislative recommendations referred to in subclause (I) by Congress no later than 30 days after the statement or recommendations are submitted to Congress; and

(III) provides that such mandate shall—

(aa) in the case of a statement referred to in subclause (I)(aa), cease to be effective 60 days after the statement is submitted unless Congress has approved the agency's determination by joint resolution during the 60-day period;

(bb) cease to be effective 60 days after the date the legislative recommendations of the responsible Federal agency are submitted to Congress under subclause (I)(bb) unless Congress provides otherwise by law; or

(cc) in the case that such mandate that has not yet taken effect, continue not to be effective unless Congress provides otherwise by law.

(b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—The provisions of subsection (a)(2)(B)(iii) shall not be construed to prohibit or otherwise restrict a State, local, or tribal government from voluntarily electing to remain subject to the original Federal intergovernmental mandate, complying with the programmatic or financial responsibilities of the original Federal intergovernmental mandate and providing the funding necessary consistent with the costs of Federal agency assistance, monitoring, and enforcement.

(c) COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS.—

(1) APPLICATION.—The provisions of subsection (a)—

(A) shall not apply to any bill or resolution reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate or the House of Representatives; and

(B) shall apply to—

(i) any legislative provision increasing direct costs of a Federal intergovernmental mandate contained in any bill or resolution reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate or House of Representatives;

(ii) any legislative provision increasing direct costs of a Federal intergovernmental mandate contained in any amendment offered to a bill or resolution reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate or House of Representatives;

(iii) any legislative provision increasing direct costs of a Federal intergovernmental mandate in a conference report accompanying a bill or resolution reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate or House of Representatives; and

(iv) any legislative provision increasing direct costs of a Federal intergovernmental mandate contained in any amendments in disagreement between the two Houses to any bill or resolution reported by the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate or House of Representatives.

(2) CERTAIN PROVISIONS STRICKEN IN SENATE.—Upon a point of order being made by any Senator against any provision listed in paragraph (1)(B), and the point of order being sustained by the Chair, such specific provision shall be deemed stricken from the bill, resolution, amendment, amendment in disagreement, or conference report and may not be offered as an amendment from the floor.

(d) DETERMINATIONS OF APPLICABILITY TO PENDING LEGISLATION.—For purposes of this section, in the Senate, the presiding officer of the Senate shall consult with the Committee on Governmental Affairs, to the extent practicable, on questions concerning the applicability of this part to a pending bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report.

(e) DETERMINATIONS OF FEDERAL MANDATE LEVELS.—For purposes of this section, in the Senate, the levels of Federal mandates for a fiscal year shall be determined based on the estimates made by the Committee on the Budget.

(f) WAIVER AND APPEAL.—

(1) WAIVER.—This section may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(2) APPEAL.—An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required in the Senate to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

SA 287. Mr. RUBIO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S.

Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table, as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title IV, add the following:

SEC. 4. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST INCREASES IN FEDERAL SPENDING THAT ARE NOT OFFSET BY EQUIVALENT SPENDING CUTS.

(a) POINT OF ORDER.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report that has the net effect of increasing direct spending by more than \$5,000,000,000 for any applicable period described in paragraph (2).

(2) TIME PERIOD.—For purposes of paragraph (1), an applicable period shall be—

(A) the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023; and

(B) each of the 4 subsequent 10-fiscal-year periods.

(3) INCREASE IN DIRECT SPENDING.—For purposes of this subsection, the amount of any increase in direct spending for any applicable period shall be equal to the difference between—

(A) the total budget authority and outlays for such period that would result from enacting such legislation; and

(B) the total budget authority and outlays for such period as assumed in the most recent Congressional Budget Office Budget and Economic Outlook.

(b) WAIVER AND APPEAL.—Subsection (a) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the Members, duly chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of two-thirds of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under subsection (a).

SA 288. Mr. RUBIO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Beginning on page 49, strike line 20 and all that follows through page 50, line 2.

On page 4, line 6, reduce the amount by \$20,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 7, reduce the amount by \$40,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 8, reduce the amount by \$55,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 9, reduce the amount by \$70,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 10, reduce the amount by \$79,200,000,000.

On page 4, line 11, reduce the amount by \$83,400,000,000.

On page 4, line 12, reduce the amount by \$88,154,000,000.

On page 4, line 13, reduce the amount by \$93,179,000,000.

On page 4, line 14, reduce the amount by \$98,490,000,000.

On page 4, line 15, reduce the amount by \$104,103,000,000.

SA 289. Mr. RUBIO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR REFORMING THE UNITED NATIONS IN THE SPIRIT OF TRANSPARENCY, RESPECT FOR BASIC HUMAN FREEDOMS, AND EFFECTIVE NONPROLIFERATION.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to promoting reforms at the United Nations in the spirit of transparency, respect for basic human freedoms, and effective nonproliferation, without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 290. Mr. RUBIO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR PROVIDING LOW- AND MIDDLE-INCOME STUDENTS ACCESS TO PRIVATE ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or conference reports related to a program or programs to serve low- and middle-income students by providing access to private elementary and secondary schools, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 291. Mr. RUBIO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title IV, add the following:

SEC. 4. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST TAX INCREASES ON MIDDLE INCOME TAXPAYERS.

(a) POINT OF ORDER.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report that increases taxes on middle income taxpayers for any year during the period of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

(2) MIDDLE INCOME TAXPAYER.—For purposes of this subsection, the term “middle income taxpayer” means—

(A) any individuals filing jointly with an annual adjusted gross income of not greater than \$450,000; or

(B) any individual who is not filing jointly with an annual adjusted gross income of not greater than \$400,000.

(3) INCREASE IN TAXES.—For purposes of this subsection, a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report shall be deemed to have increased taxes for an applicable year if the projected total revenues for such year that would result from enacting such legislation exceed the total revenues for such year under current law, as assumed in the most recent Congressional Budget Office Budget and Economic Outlook.

(b) WAIVER AND APPEAL.—Subsection (a) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the Members, duly chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of two-thirds of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under subsection (a).

SA 292. Mr. RUBIO (for himself, Mr. RISCH, Mr. WICKER, Mr. MCCONNELL, and Mr. BLUNT) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title V, add the following:

SEC. 5. SENSE OF THE SENATE REGARDING CHILD INTERSTATE ABORTIONS.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate finds that—

(1) laws requiring parental notification or consent prior to an abortion, or in the alternative judicial waiver, are in effect in more than half of the States, but these laws are often circumvented by interstate activity in which minors travel or are transported across State lines to avoid laws requiring parental involvement;

(2) abortion providers use targeted advertising to minors across State lines, using avoidance of parental notification requirements as a selling point;

(3) when an abortion provider performs an abortion on a minor without parental notification, the provider is likely to lack the complete medical history of the minor, and parents of the minor are unaware of the need to watch for complications that may develop after the abortion when the minor is sent back to her State of residence, far from the provider; and

(4) parental notification and parental consent laws are supported by overwhelming majorities of the public in the United States.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that—

(1) a physician who performs or induces an abortion on a minor who is a resident of a State other than the State in which the abortion is performed should be required by

Federal law to provide, or cause an agent of the physician to provide, at least 24 hours advance notice to a parent of the minor before the abortion is performed;

(2) such a Federal requirement for interstate parental notification should not apply if—

(A) the minor declares in a signed written statement that she is the victim of sexual abuse, neglect, or physical abuse by a parent, and, before an abortion is performed on the minor, the physician notifies the authorities specified to receive reports of child abuse or neglect by the law of the State in which the minor resides of the known or suspected abuse or neglect;

(B) the abortion is necessary to save the life of a minor whose life is endangered by a physical disorder, physical injury, or physical illness, including a life endangering physical condition caused by or arising from the pregnancy itself, provided that the attending physician or an agent of the physician notifies a parent of the minor in writing that an abortion was performed on the minor and of the circumstances of the abortion within 24 hours;

(C) the abortion is performed or induced in a State that has in force a law requiring parental involvement in the abortion decision of a minor and the physician complies with the requirements of that law;

(D) the physician is presented with documentation that shows with a reasonable degree of certainty that a court in the State of residence of the minor has authorized that the minor be allowed to procure an abortion; or

(E) the minor is physically accompanied by a person who presents the physician or an agent of the physician with documentation showing with a reasonable degree of certainty that he or she is in fact a parent of that minor;

(3) a parent who suffers harm by a violation of the interstate notification requirement should be entitled to obtain appropriate relief in a civil action, unless that parent has committed an act of incest with the minor;

(4) whoever has committed an act of incest with a minor and knowingly transports the minor across a State line with the intent that the minor obtain an abortion should be subject to imprisonment of up to 1 year for such transportation, in addition to any other penalties; and

(5) Congress should enact S. 369, the Child Interstate Abortion Notification Act (CIANA), to accomplish these purposes.

SA 293. Mr. HELLER (for himself and Mr. CRAPO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO ENSURE THE BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT COLLABORATES WITH WESTERN STATES TO PREVENT THE LISTING OF THE SAGE-GROUSE.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between

the Houses, motions, or conference reports that would improve the management of public land and natural resources, by the amounts provided in the legislation for those purposes, provided that the legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 294. Mr. HELLER (for himself, Mr. UDALL of Colorado, and Mr. MANCHIN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle B of title IV, add the following:

SEC. 4. SENSE OF THE SENATE ON CONSIDERATION OF THE NATIONAL COMMISSION ON FISCAL RESPONSIBILITY AND REFORM PROPOSAL.

It is the Sense of the Senate that—

(1) the President created the National Commission on Fiscal Responsibility and Reform (in this section referred to as the “Commission”), co-chaired by Erskine Bowles and Senator Alan Simpson, which proposed a balanced package of revenue and spending reforms to reduce projected Federal budget deficits and stabilize the Federal debt as a share of the national economy;

(2) while Members of Congress may not agree with every recommendation made by the Commission, in the absence of an agreed-upon concurrent budget resolution between the Senate and the House of Representatives, the proposal made by the Commission should be considered on the floor of the Senate with an open debate and amendment process; and

(3) it is critical that the United States reach a long-term solution that will get its fiscal house in order.

SA 295. Mr. CORKER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title IV, insert the following:

SEC. . BUDGET SCORING RULE RELATING TO CERTAIN CHANGES IN MANDATORY PROGRAM SPENDING.

In the Senate, a bill, resolution, amendment, motion or conference report that includes a provision that reduces direct spending that would have been estimated as affecting direct spending or receipts under section 252 of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 shall not be scored by the Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget as new negative budget authority if such provision does not result in net outlay savings over the total of the period of the current year, the budget year, and all fiscal years covered under the most recently adopted concurrent resolution on the budget.

SA 296. Mr. CORKER (for himself, Mr. RUBIO, Mr. INHOFE, and Mr. ROB-

ERTS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO SECURE RESOURCES GENERATED THROUGH MORE EFFECTIVE IMPLEMENTATION OF DEPARTMENT OF STATE STAFF RIGHT-SIZING PROCESSES FOR IMPROVEMENTS IN EMBASSY AND DIPLOMATIC SECURITY.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to permitting the Department of State to implement recommendations to reduce staffing inefficiencies overseas, including those contained in reports, such as Government Accountability Office Report 12-799 and the Fiscal Year 2012 Assessment of Management and Performance Challenges by the Inspector General for the Department of State and the Broadcasting Board of Governors, and to use the savings achieved from reducing such inefficiencies to improve embassy and diplomatic security, without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 297. Mr. HATCH (for himself, Ms. KLOBUCHAR, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. FRANKEN, Mr. BURR, Mr. DONNELLY, Mr. TOOMEY, Mr. CASEY, Mr. COATS, Mr. PORTMAN, Mr. ALEXANDER, Mr. COWAN, Mrs. HAGAN, Mr. HOEVEN, Mr. ISAKSON, Mr. THUNE, Mr. RISCH, Mr. GRASSLEY, Mr. WICKER, Ms. AYOTTE, Mr. FLAKE, Ms. WARREN, Mr. MORAN, Mr. COBURN, Ms. MURKOWSKI, Mr. LEE, Mr. ENZI, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Mrs. SHAHEEN, and Mr. INHOFE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR REPEAL OF MEDICAL DEVICE TAX.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the House and the Senate, motions, or conference reports related to innovation, high quality manufacturing jobs, and economic growth, including the repeal of the 2.3 percent excise tax on medical device manufacturers, by the amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit

over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 298. Mr. HATCH (for himself, Mr. ALEXANDER, Mr. PORTMAN, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. GRASSLEY, Mr. HOEVEN, Mr. ISAKSON, Mr. RISCH, Mr. WICKER, Ms. AYOTTE, Mr. FLAKE, Mr. VITTER, and Mr. COBURN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR REPEAL OF EMPLOYER MANDATE.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the House and the Senate, motions, or conference reports related to job creation, reducing health insurance premiums, providing employees more health insurance choices, and expanding the economy, including but not limited to the repeal of the employer mandate to offer defined coverage, by the amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 299. Mr. HATCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROHIBIT ANY ATTEMPT TO GUT WELFARE REFORM AND TO REAUTHORIZE THE TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES (TANF) PROGRAM.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that prohibits the Obama Administration's unconstitutional attempt to gut welfare reform and provides for a 5-year reauthorization of the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program that honors the dignity of real work, assists current TANF clients through a "work-first" approach to becoming self-sufficient, continues to reduce the number of families that need welfare, improves State flexibility while increasing accountability and transparency in TANF spending, and ensures better coordination with other human services programs, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that

such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 300. Mr. HATCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 52, line 19, strike " , by the amounts" and insert the following: "or the implementation of trade agreements under trade promotion authority (which may include a Trans-Pacific Partnership agreement under trade promotion authority, a trade agreement between the United States and the European Union under trade promotion authority, or any other trade agreement under trade promotion authority), by the amounts".

SA 301. Mr. HATCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 52, line 18, strike "or international" and insert the following: "protection of United States innovation and intellectual property interests (which may include establishing the position of Chief Innovation and Intellectual Property Negotiator in the Office of the United States Trade Representative, to have the rank of Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary and be appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate), or international".

SA 302. Mr. HATCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 332. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROMOTE GOVERNMENT EFFICIENCY.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that relate to the promotion of government efficiency, which may include reorganization of international trade agencies that reside outside the Executive Office of the President, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the

deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 303. Ms. MURKOWSKI (for herself, Mr. BARRASSO, and Mr. COBURN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO INCREASE ACCESS TO HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS FOR MEDICARE BENEFICIARIES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or conference reports that would increase access to health care providers for Medicare beneficiaries without raising revenue, which may include allowing Medicare providers to privately negotiate with Medicare beneficiaries, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 304. Ms. MURKOWSKI (for herself and Mr. BEGICH) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Beginning on page 83, strike line 22 and all that follows through page 84, line 2, and insert the following:

(3) for the Department of Veterans Affairs for the Medical Services, Medical Support and Compliance, and Medical Facilities accounts of the Veterans Health Administration; and

(4) for the Indian Health Services and Indian Health Facilities accounts of the Indian Health Service.

SA 305. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO THE INDIVIDUAL MANDATE.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or conference reports that may clarify that the amendments made by section 1501 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148) shall not be construed as imposing any tax or as an exercise of any power of Congress enumerated in article I, section 8, clause 1 of, or the 16th amendment to, the Constitution without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 306. Mr. THUNE (for himself, Mr. BLUNT, Mr. HATCH, and Mr. ROBERTS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 49, strike line 20 and all that follows through page 50, line 2, and insert the following:

TITLE II—REDUCTION IN TOTAL REVENUES

SEC. 201. REDUCTION IN TOTAL REVENUES.

The levels in this resolution are amended by reducing total revenues by the following amounts:

- (1) in 2014, \$20,000,000,000;
- (2) in 2015, \$40,000,000,000;
- (3) in 2016, \$43,800,000,000;
- (4) in 2017, \$46,000,000,000;
- (5) in 2018, \$48,601,530,983;
- (6) in 2019, \$51,350,191,607;
- (7) in 2020, \$54,254,302,791;
- (8) in 2021, \$57,322,656,045;
- (9) in 2022, \$60,564,540,083; and
- (10) in 2023, \$63,989,768,942.

SA 307. Mr. THUNE (for himself, Mr. BLUNT, Mr. RUBIO, Mr. ROBERTS, Mr. HELLER, Mr. JOHANNES, Mr. ENZI, Mr. BOOZMAN, Mr. BARRASSO, Mr. LEE, Mr. VITTER, Mr. HATCH, Mr. CORNYN, and Mr. MORAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PERMANENTLY ELIMINATE THE FEDERAL ESTATE TAX.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this

resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that may permanently eliminate the Federal estate tax without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 308. Mr. THUNE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR BIENNIAL BUDGETING AND APPROPRIATIONS AND OTHER BUDGET PROCESS REFORMS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that may establish biennial budgeting and appropriations and provide for a binding joint budget, which may include an enforcement mechanism to ensure completion of the budget process, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit or revenues over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 309. Mr. THUNE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

- On page 29, line 24, increase the amount by \$550,000,000.
- On page 29, line 25, increase the amount by \$495,000,000.
- On page 30, line 3, increase the amount by \$550,000,000.
- On page 30, line 4, increase the amount by \$506,000,000.
- On page 30, line 7, increase the amount by \$550,000,000.
- On page 30, line 8, increase the amount by \$550,000,000.
- On page 30, line 11, increase the amount by \$550,000,000.
- On page 30, line 12, increase the amount by \$550,000,000.
- On page 30, line 15, increase the amount by \$550,000,000.
- On page 30, line 16, increase the amount by \$550,000,000.
- On page 30, line 19, increase the amount by \$550,000,000.
- On page 30, line 20, increase the amount by \$550,000,000.
- On page 30, line 23, increase the amount by \$550,000,000.
- On page 30, line 24, increase the amount by \$550,000,000.

- On page 31, line 2, increase the amount by \$550,000,000.
 - On page 31, line 3, increase the amount by \$550,000,000.
 - On page 31, line 6, increase the amount by \$550,000,000.
 - On page 31, line 7, increase the amount by \$550,000,000.
 - On page 31, line 10, increase the amount by \$550,000,000.
 - On page 31, line 11, increase the amount by \$550,000,000.
 - On page 46, line 11, decrease the amount by \$550,000,000.
 - On page 46, line 12, decrease the amount by \$495,000,000.
 - On page 46, line 15, decrease the amount by \$550,000,000.
 - On page 46, line 16, decrease the amount by \$506,000,000.
 - On page 46, line 19, decrease the amount by \$550,000,000.
 - On page 46, line 20, decrease the amount by \$550,000,000.
 - On page 46, line 23, decrease the amount by \$550,000,000.
 - On page 46, line 24, decrease the amount by \$550,000,000.
 - On page 47, line 2, decrease the amount by \$550,000,000.
 - On page 47, line 3, decrease the amount by \$550,000,000.
 - On page 47, line 6, decrease the amount by \$550,000,000.
 - On page 47, line 7, decrease the amount by \$550,000,000.
 - On page 47, line 10, decrease the amount by \$550,000,000.
 - On page 47, line 11, decrease the amount by \$550,000,000.
 - On page 47, line 14, decrease the amount by \$550,000,000.
 - On page 47, line 15, decrease the amount by \$550,000,000.
 - On page 47, line 18, decrease the amount by \$550,000,000.
 - On page 47, line 19, decrease the amount by \$550,000,000.
 - On page 47, line 22, decrease the amount by \$550,000,000.
 - On page 47, line 23, decrease the amount by \$550,000,000.
- SA 310.** Mr. THUNE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- On page 28, line 3, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.
 - On page 28, line 4, increase the amount by \$7,500,000.
 - On page 28, line 7, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.
 - On page 28, line 8, increase the amount by \$9,800,000.
 - On page 28, line 11, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.
 - On page 28, line 12, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.
 - On page 28, line 15, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.
 - On page 28, line 16, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.
 - On page 28, line 19, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.
 - On page 28, line 20, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 28, line 23, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 28, line 24, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 29, line 2, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 29, line 3, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 29, line 6, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 29, line 7, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 29, line 10, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 29, line 11, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 29, line 14, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 29, line 15, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 40, line 23, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 40, line 24, increase the amount by \$8,700,000.

On page 41, line 2, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 41, line 3, increase the amount by \$9,650,000.

On page 41, line 6, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 41, line 7, increase the amount by \$12,150,000.

On page 41, line 10, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 41, line 11, increase the amount by \$13,150,000.

On page 41, line 14, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 41, line 15, increase the amount by \$13,150,000.

On page 41, line 18, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 41, line 19, increase the amount by \$13,150,000.

On page 41, line 22, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 41, line 23, increase the amount by \$13,150,000.

On page 42, line 2, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 42, line 3, increase the amount by \$13,150,000.

On page 42, line 6, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 42, line 7, increase the amount by \$13,150,000.

On page 42, line 10, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 42, line 11, increase the amount by \$13,150,000.

On page 46, line 11, decrease the amount by \$20,000,000.

On page 46, line 12, decrease the amount by \$16,200,000.

On page 46, line 15, decrease the amount by \$20,000,000.

On page 46, line 16, decrease the amount by \$19,450,000.

On page 46, line 19, decrease the amount by \$20,000,000.

On page 46, line 20, decrease the amount by \$32,800,000.

On page 46, line 23, decrease the amount by \$20,000,000.

On page 46, line 24, decrease the amount by \$33,800,000.

On page 47, line 2, decrease the amount by \$20,000,000.

On page 47, line 3, decrease the amount by \$33,800,000.

On page 47, line 6, decrease the amount by \$20,000,000.

On page 47, line 7, decrease the amount by \$33,800,000.

On page 47, line 10, decrease the amount by \$20,000,000.

On page 47, line 11, decrease the amount by \$33,800,000.

On page 47, line 14, decrease the amount by \$20,000,000.

On page 47, line 15, decrease the amount by \$33,800,000.

On page 47, line 18, decrease the amount by \$20,000,000.

On page 47, line 19, decrease the amount by \$33,800,000.

On page 47, line 22, decrease the amount by \$20,000,000.

On page 47, line 23, decrease the amount by \$33,800,000.

SA 311. Mr. UDALL of New Mexico submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 332. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO STRENGTHENING AND REFORMING THE NATIONAL NUCLEAR SECURITY ADMINISTRATION.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to the National Nuclear Security Administration, which may include strengthening and reforming that Administration, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 312. Mr. CASEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other levels in this resolution by the amounts provided by a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report to support State and local law enforcement, which may include investing in State formula grants, to aid State and local law enforcement and criminal justice systems in implementing innovative, evidence-based approaches to crime prevention and control, including strategies such as specialty courts, multi-jurisdictional task forces, technology improvement, and information sharing systems, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 313. Mr. BEGICH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by

him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO IMPROVING THE WELL-BEING OF AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE INDIVIDUALS AND FAMILIES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to programmatic improvements benefitting American Indian and Alaska Native individuals and families, which may include strengthening health services to largely underserved populations, supporting Indian and tribal health organizations that operate hospitals and clinics, or improving payment systems to better support the health needs of American Indian and Alaska Native individuals and families by closing the gap between claims filed with, and payments made by, the Indian Health Service for those purposes, by the amounts provided in the legislation for those purposes, provided that the legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 314. Ms. LANDRIEU (for herself, Mr. CHAMBLISS, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. ISAKSON, Mr. VITTER, and Mr. MURPHY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 59, line 25, insert after "space" the following: ", to include leases of major medical facilities,".

SA 315. Mr. BROWN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 57, line 3, insert "to an international tax system that addresses profit-shifting by United States multinational corporations," after "exists,".

SA 316. Mr. MANCHIN (for himself and Mr. ROCKEFELLER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States

Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO ADDRESS PRESCRIPTION DRUG ABUSE IN THE UNITED STATES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to addressing prescription drug abuse, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 317. Mr. WICKER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title IV, add the following:

SEC. 4. SENATE POINT OF ORDER AGAINST CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET CONTAINING NET INTEREST OUTLAYS IN EXCESS OF NATIONAL DEFENSE OUTLAYS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider a concurrent resolution on the budget for the budget year, or any amendment, amendment between Houses, motion, or conference report thereon, that would provide for net interest outlays in excess of budget function 050 outlays in the same fiscal year for any year covered by the budget resolution.

(b) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL IN THE SENATE.—

(1) WAIVER.—This section may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(2) APPEAL.—An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required in the Senate to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

SA 318. Mr. CRAPO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 50, line 1, after the number “\$975,000,000,000” insert the following: “and sufficient to reduce outlays by \$275,000,000,000”

SA 319. Mr. HOEVEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by

him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 28, line 3, increase the amount by \$3,500,000.

On page 28, line 4, increase the amount by \$3,500,000.

On page 46, line 11, decrease the amount by \$3,500,000.

On page 46, line 12, decrease the amount by \$3,500,000.

SA 320. Mr. HOEVEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 18, line 23, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 18, line 24, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 46, line 11, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 46, line 12, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000.

SA 321. Mr. HOEVEN (for himself and Ms. HEITKAMP) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO STREAMLINING BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to reforming Bureau of Land Management regulations in a manner that would increase job creation, by the amounts provided in the legislation for those purposes, provided that the legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 322. Mr. BARRASSO (for himself, Mr. SESSIONS, Mr. CRAPO, Mr. WICKER, Mr. VITTER, Mr. INHOFE, and Mrs. FISCHER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for

fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 76, after line 25, add the following:
SEC. 332. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO PREVENTING THE IMPLEMENTATION AND USE OF CERTAIN GUIDANCE.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to the regulation of nonnavigable waters, which may include preventing the implementation of guidance from any Federal agency, including the Environmental Protection Agency and the Corps of Engineers, which may negatively impact economic growth, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2014 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.

SA 323. Mr. BARRASSO (for himself, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. ENZI, and Mr. INHOFE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROVIDE FOR THE MAINTENANCE AND MODERNIZATION OF UNITED STATES NUCLEAR FORCES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to maintaining and modernizing the deployment of United States nuclear forces at levels no lower than the maximum allowed for under the New START Treaty, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 324. Mr. BARRASSO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . POINT OF ORDER AGAINST FAILURE TO DISCLOSE TRUE COSTS.

(a) POINT OF ORDER.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill,

joint resolution, motion, amendment, or conference report that is not deficit neutral, unless a statement prepared by the Congressional Budget Office of the budgetary effects of the bill, joint resolution, motion, amendment, or conference report has been made available that includes in the estimate of the budgetary effects of the bill, joint resolution, motion, amendment, or conference report costs relating to debt service.

(b) **WAIVER AND APPEAL.**—Subsection (a) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under subsection (a).

SA 325. Mr. BARRASSO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title V, add the following:

SEC. 5. SENSE OF THE SENATE REGARDING THE LEVEL OF PUBLIC DEBT IN THE UNITED STATES.

It is the Sense of the Senate that—

(1) the levels of public debt outlined in section 101(5) of this resolution are responsible, reasonable, and in a sustainable place; and

(2) increasing the public debt to \$24,364,925,000 through fiscal year 2023 under section 101(5) of this resolution is good for our children and grandchildren.

SA 326. Mr. GRAHAM (for himself and Ms. AYOTTE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. 3. REDUCTION IN SPENDING ON HEALTH CARE THAT OUR FEDERAL GOVERNMENT CANNOT AFFORD.

(a) **MODIFICATION OF FUNCTIONAL LEVEL 550.**—The levels for function 550 in this resolution are amended by—

(1) reducing the budget authority for each fiscal year by—

- (A) \$1,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2014;
- (B) \$5,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2015;
- (C) \$10,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2016;
- (D) \$15,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2017;
- (E) \$18,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2018;
- (F) \$19,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2019;
- (G) \$18,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2020;
- (H) \$19,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2021;
- (I) \$20,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2022; and
- (J) \$21,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2023; and

(2) reducing the outlays for each fiscal year by—

- (A) \$1,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2014;
- (B) \$5,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2015;
- (C) \$10,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2016;
- (D) \$15,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2017;
- (E) \$18,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2018;

(F) \$19,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2019;

(G) \$18,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2020;

(H) \$19,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2021;

(I) \$20,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2022;

(J) \$21,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2023.

(b) **FEDERAL REVENUES.**—The levels for Federal revenues in this resolution are amended by reducing the level for each fiscal year by—

- (1) \$1,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2014;
- (2) \$3,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2015;
- (3) \$5,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2016;
- (4) \$7,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2017;
- (5) \$8,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2018;
- (6) \$8,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2019;
- (7) \$9,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2020;
- (8) \$10,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2021;
- (9) \$10,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2022; and
- (10) \$11,000,000,000 in fiscal year 2023.

SA 327. Mr. GRAHAM submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 34 line 2, decrease the amount by \$3,000,000,000.

On page 34, line 3, decrease the amount by \$3,000,000,000.

On page 34, line 6, decrease the amount by \$3,800,000,000.

On page 34, line 7, decrease the amount by \$3,800,000,000.

On page 34, line 10, decrease the amount by \$4,400,000,000.

On page 34, line 11, decrease the amount by \$4,400,000,000.

On page 34, line 14, decrease the amount by \$7,700,000,000.

On page 34, line 15, decrease the amount by \$7,700,000,000.

On page 34, line 18, decrease the amount by \$9,900,000,000.

On page 34, line 19, decrease the amount by \$9,900,000,000.

On page 34, line 22, decrease the amount by \$11,700,000,000.

On page 34, line 23, decrease the amount by \$11,700,000,000.

On page 35, line 2, decrease the amount by \$13,900,000,000.

On page 35, line 3, decrease the amount by \$13,900,000,000.

SA 328. Mr. GRAHAM submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 5, line 9, decrease the amount by \$286,000,000.

On page 5, line 10, decrease the amount by \$297,000,000.

On page 5, line 11, decrease the amount by \$309,000,000.

On page 5, line 12, decrease the amount by \$322,000,000.

On page 5, line 13, decrease the amount by \$335,000,000.

On page 5, line 14, decrease the amount by \$348,000,000.

On page 5, line 15, decrease the amount by \$362,000,000.

On page 5, line 16, decrease the amount by \$376,000,000.

On page 5, line 17, decrease the amount by \$390,000,000.

On page 5, line 18, decrease the amount by \$405,000,000.

On page 5, line 23, decrease the amount by \$266,000,000.

On page 5, line 24, decrease the amount by \$295,000,000.

On page 5, line 25, decrease the amount by \$307,000,000.

On page 6, line 1, decrease the amount by \$320,000,000.

On page 6, line 2, decrease the amount by \$333,000,000.

On page 6, line 3, decrease the amount by \$346,000,000.

On page 6, line 4, decrease the amount by \$360,000,000.

On page 6, line 5, decrease the amount by \$374,000,000.

On page 6, line 6, decrease the amount by \$388,000,000.

On page 6, line 7, decrease the amount by \$402,000,000.

On page 6, line 12, decrease the amount by \$266,000,000.

On page 6, line 13, decrease the amount by \$295,000,000.

On page 6, line 14, decrease the amount by \$307,000,000.

On page 6, line 15, decrease the amount by \$320,000,000.

On page 6, line 16, decrease the amount by \$333,000,000.

On page 6, line 17, decrease the amount by \$346,000,000.

On page 6, line 18, decrease the amount by \$360,000,000.

On page 6, line 19, decrease the amount by \$374,000,000.

On page 6, line 20, decrease the amount by \$388,000,000.

On page 6, line 21, decrease the amount by \$402,000,000.

On page 29, line 24, decrease the amount by \$286,000,000.

On page 29, line 25, decrease the amount by \$266,000,000.

On page 30, line 3, decrease the amount by \$297,000,000.

On page 30, line 4, decrease the amount by \$295,000,000.

On page 30, line 7, decrease the amount by \$309,000,000.

On page 30, line 8, decrease the amount by \$307,000,000.

On page 30, line 11, decrease the amount by \$322,000,000.

On page 30, line 12, decrease the amount by \$320,000,000.

On page 30, line 15, decrease the amount by \$335,000,000.

On page 30, line 16, decrease the amount by \$333,000,000.

On page 30, line 19, decrease the amount by \$348,000,000.

On page 30, line 20, decrease the amount by \$346,000,000.

On page 30, line 23, decrease the amount by \$362,000,000.

On page 30, line 24, decrease the amount by \$360,000,000.

On page 31, line 2, decrease the amount by \$376,000,000.

On page 31, line 3, decrease the amount by \$374,000,000.

On page 31, line 6, decrease the amount by \$390,000,000.

On page 31, line 7, decrease the amount by \$388,000,000.

On page 31, line 10, decrease the amount by \$405,000,000.

On page 31, line 11, decrease the amount by \$402,000,000.

SA 329. Mr. GRAHAM submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . . . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO BROADEN THE EFFECTS OF THE SEQUESTER, INCLUDING ALLOWING MEMBERS OF CONGRESS TO DONATE A PORTION OF THEIR SALARIES TO CHARITY OR TO THE DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY DURING SEQUESTRATION.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that are related to broadening the impact of the sequester, which may include allowing Members of Congress to donate 20 percent of their salaries to charity or to the Department of the Treasury if the enforcement procedures established under section 251A of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 and section 901(e) of the American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012 go into, or remain in effect, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 330. Mr. GRAHAM submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 50, line 15, after “sections,” insert “which may include changes to the exempt status of accounts other than Social Security and net interest.”

SA 331. Mr. GRAHAM submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . . . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND THAT PERTAINS TO ANY LEGISLATION REDUCING THE 2017 FEDERAL MATCHING RATE IN MEDICAID FOR THE EXPANSION POPULATION IN THE PATIENT PROTECTION AND AFFORDABLE CARE ACT AND CLARIFIES THAT STATES MAY OPT-OUT OF THE MEDICAID EXPANSION AT ANY TIME.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the alloca-

tions of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that pertain to any legislation relating to Medicaid expansion which may include but are not limited to reductions in the 2017 Federal matching rate in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and clarifications of the State opt-out, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 332. Mr. VITTER (for himself, Mr. RISCH, Mr. WICKER, Mr. THUNE, and Mr. BLUNT) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title V, add the following:

SEC. 5 . . . SENSE OF THE SENATE REGARDING SEX-SELECTION ABORTIONS.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate finds the following:

(1) Women are a vital part of American society and culture and possess the same fundamental human rights and civil rights as men.

(2) United States law prohibits the dissimilar treatment of males and females who are similarly situated and prohibits sex discrimination in various contexts, including the provision of employment, education, housing, health insurance coverage, and athletics.

(3) Sex is an immutable characteristic ascertainable at the earliest stages of human development through existing medical technology and procedures commonly in use, including maternal-fetal bloodstream DNA sampling, amniocentesis, chorionic villus sampling or “CVS”, and obstetric ultrasound. In addition to medically assisted sex determination, a growing sex determination niche industry has developed and is marketing low-cost commercial products, widely advertised and available, that aid in the sex determination of an unborn child without the aid of medical professionals. Experts have demonstrated that the sex-selection industry is on the rise and predict that it will continue to be a growing trend in the United States. Sex determination is always a necessary step to the procurement of a sex-selection abortion.

(4) A “sex-selection abortion” is an abortion undertaken for purposes of eliminating an unborn child based on the sex or gender of the child. Sex-selection abortion is barbaric, and described by scholars and civil rights advocates as an act of sex-based or gender-based violence, predicated on sex discrimination. Sex-selection abortions are typically late-term abortions performed in the 2nd or 3rd trimester of pregnancy, after the unborn child has developed sufficiently to feel pain. Substantial medical evidence proves that an unborn child can experience pain at 20 weeks after conception, and perhaps substantially earlier. By definition, sex-selection abortions do not implicate the health of the mother of the unborn, but instead are elective procedures motivated by sex or gender bias.

(5) The targeted victims of sex-selection abortions performed in the United States

and worldwide are overwhelmingly female. The selective abortion of females is female infanticide, the intentional killing of unborn females, due to the preference for male offspring or “son preference”. Son preference is reinforced by the low value associated, by some segments of the world community, with female offspring. Those segments tend to regard female offspring as financial burdens to a family over their lifetime due to their perceived inability to earn or provide financially for the family unit as can a male. In addition, due to social and legal convention, female offspring are less likely to carry on the family name. “Son preference” is one of the most evident manifestations of sex or gender discrimination in any society, undermining female equality, and fueling the elimination of females’ right to exist in instances of sex-selection abortion.

(6) Sex-selection abortions are not expressly prohibited by United States law or the laws of 47 States. Sex-selection abortions are performed in the United States. In a March 2008 report published in the Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences, Columbia University economists Douglas Almond and Lena Edlund examined the sex ratio of United States-born children and found “evidence of sex selection, most likely at the prenatal stage”. The data revealed obvious “son preference” in the form of unnatural sex-ratio imbalances within certain segments of the United States population, primarily those segments tracing their ethnic or cultural origins to countries where sex-selection abortion is prevalent. The evidence strongly suggests that some Americans are exercising sex-selection abortion practices within the United States consistent with discriminatory practices common to their country of origin, or the country to which they trace their ancestry. While sex-selection abortions are more common outside the United States, the evidence reveals that female feticide is also occurring in the United States.

(7) The American public supports a prohibition of sex-selection abortion. In a March 2006 Zogby International poll, 86 percent of Americans agreed that sex-selection abortion should be illegal, yet only 3 States proscribe sex-selection abortion.

(8) Despite the failure of the United States to proscribe sex-selection abortion, the United States Congress has expressed repeatedly, through Congressional resolution, strong condemnation of policies promoting sex-selection abortion in the “Communist Government of China”. Likewise, at the 2007 United Nation’s Annual Meeting of the Commission on the Status of Women, 51st Session, the United States delegation spearheaded a resolution calling on countries to condemn sex-selective abortion, a policy directly contradictory to the permissiveness of current United States law, which places no restriction on the practice of sex-selection abortion. The United Nations Commission on the Status of Women has urged governments of all nations “to take necessary measures to prevent . . . prenatal sex selection”.

(9) A 1990 report by Harvard University economist Amartya Sen, estimated that more than 100 million women were “demographically missing” from the world as early as 1990 due to sexist practices, including sex-selection abortion. Many experts believe sex-selection abortion is the primary cause. Current estimates of women missing from the world range in the hundreds of millions.

(10) Countries with longstanding experience with sex-selection abortion such as the Republic of India, the United Kingdom, and the People’s Republic of China, have enacted restrictions on sex-selection, and have steadily continued to strengthen prohibitions and penalties. The United States, by contrast,

has no law in place to restrict sex-selection abortion, establishing the United States as affording less protection from sex-based feticide than the Republic of India or the People's Republic of China, whose recent practices of sex-selection abortion were vehemently and repeatedly condemned by United States congressional resolutions and by the United States Ambassador to the Commission on the Status of Women. Public statements from within the medical community reveal that citizens of other countries come to the United States for sex-selection procedures that would be criminal in their country of origin. Because the United States permits abortion on the basis of sex, the United States may effectively function as a "safe haven" for those who seek to have American physicians do what would otherwise be criminal in their home countries—a sex-selection abortion, most likely late-term.

(11) The American medical community opposes sex-selection. The American Congress of Obstetricians and Gynecologists, commonly known as "ACOG", stated in its 2007 Ethics Committee Opinion, Number 360, that sex-selection is inappropriate because it "ultimately supports sexist practices". The American Society of Reproductive Medicine (commonly known as "ASRM") 2004 Ethics Committee Opinion on sex-selection notes that central to the controversy of sex-selection is the potential for "inherent gender discrimination, . . . the risk of psychological harm to sex-selected offspring (i.e., by placing on them expectations that are too high), . . . and reinforcement of gender bias in society as a whole". Embryo sex-selection, ASRM notes, remains "vulnerable to the judgment that no matter what its basis, [the method] identifies gender as a reason to value one person over another, and it supports socially constructed stereotypes of what gender means". In doing so, it not only "reinforces possibilities of unfair discrimination, but may trivialize human reproduction by making it depend on the selection of non-essential features of offspring". The ASRM ethics opinion continues, "ongoing problems with the status of women in the United States make it necessary to take account of concerns for the impact of sex-selection on goals of gender equality". The American Association of Pro-Life Obstetricians and Gynecologists, an organization with hundreds of members—many of whom are former abortionists—makes the following declaration: "Sex selection abortions are more graphic examples of the damage that abortion inflicts on women. In addition to increasing premature labor in subsequent pregnancies, increasing suicide and major depression, and increasing the risk of breast cancer in teens who abort their first pregnancy and delay childbearing, sex selection abortions are often targeted at fetuses simply because the fetus is female. As physicians who care for both the mother and her unborn child, the American Association of Pro-Life Obstetricians and Gynecologists vigorously opposes aborting fetuses because of their gender." The President's Council on Bioethics published a Working Paper stating the council's belief that society's respect for reproductive freedom does not prohibit the regulation or prohibition of "sex control", defined as the use of various medical technologies to choose the sex of one's child. The publication expresses concern that "sex control might lead to . . . dehumanization and a new eugenics".

(12) Sex-selection abortion results in an unnatural sex-ratio imbalance. An unnatural sex-ratio imbalance is undesirable, due to the inability of the numerically predominant sex to find mates. Experts worldwide document that a significant sex-ratio imbalance in which males numerically predominate can

be a cause of increased violence and militancy within a society. Likewise, an unnatural sex-ratio imbalance gives rise to the commoditization of humans in the form of human trafficking, and a consequent increase in kidnapping and other violent crime.

(13) Sex-selection abortions have the effect of diminishing the representation of women in the American population, and therefore, the American electorate.

(14) Sex-selection abortion reinforces sex discrimination and has no place in a civilized society.

(15) The history of the United States includes examples of sex discrimination. The people of the United States ultimately responded in the strongest possible legal terms by enacting a constitutional amendment correcting elements of such discrimination. Women, once subjected to sex discrimination that denied them the right to vote, now have suffrage guaranteed by the 19th amendment to the Constitution of the United States. The elimination of discriminatory practices has been and is among the highest priorities and greatest achievements of American history.

(16) Implicitly approving the discriminatory practice of sex-selection abortion by choosing not to prohibit them will reinforce these inherently discriminatory practices, and evidence a failure to protect a segment of certain unborn Americans because those unborn are of a sex that is disfavored. Sex-selection abortions trivialize the value of the unborn on the basis of sex, reinforcing sex discrimination, and coarsening society to the humanity of all vulnerable and innocent human life, making it increasingly difficult to protect such life. Thus, Congress has a compelling interest in acting—indeed it must act—to prohibit sex-selection abortion.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that—

(1) Congress has power to prohibit sex selection abortions under the Commerce Clause; section 5 of the 14th amendment, including the power to enforce the prohibition on Government action denying equal protection of the laws; and section 8 of article I; and

(2) Congress should enact S. 138, the Prenatal Nondiscrimination Act (PRENDA), to amend chapter 13 of title 18, United States Code, to provide that whoever knowingly performs an abortion knowing that such abortion is sought based on the sex or gender of the child; uses force or the threat of force to intentionally injure or intimidate any person for the purpose of coercing a sex-selection abortion; solicits or accepts funds for the performance of a sex-selection abortion; or transports a woman into the United States or across a State line for the purpose of obtaining a sex-selection abortion; or who attempts to do any of these things, may be fine or imprisoned up to five years under this title; and to allow for civil action by a woman on whom such an abortion was performed; provided, however, that nothing in such Act shall be construed to require that a healthcare provider has an affirmative duty to inquire as to the motivation for the abortion, absent the healthcare provider having knowledge or information that the abortion is being sought based on the sex or gender of the child.

SA 333. Mr. VITTER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for

fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO CLARIFY ELIGIBILITY FOR THE CHILD TAX CREDIT.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to clarification of eligibility for the child tax credit, which may include requiring a taxpayer to provide a valid identification number, as defined in section 6428(h)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, on their tax return, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 334. Mr. VITTER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. . . . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROHIBIT THE DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY FROM GRANTING LEGAL STATUS TO INDIVIDUALS ILLEGALLY PRESENT IN THE UNITED STATES BEFORE FULLY IMPLEMENTING THE INTEGRATED ENTRY AND EXIT DATA SYSTEM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may—

(1) revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this concurrent resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or conference reports related to restricting the grant of legal status to those illegally present within the United States until the Department of Homeland Security complies with certain Federal laws relating to the integrated entry and exit data system required under section 110 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1365a) without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit during the 5-year period ending on September 30, 2018, or the 10-year period ending on September 30, 2023; and

(2) make adjustments to the Senate's pay-as-you-go ledger during the 5-year and 10-year periods described in paragraph (1) to ensure that the deficit reduction achieved is only used for deficit reduction.

(b) LIMITATION.—The adjustments authorized under subsection (a) shall be limited to the amount of deficit reduction achieved.

SA 335. Mr. VITTER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels

for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROHIBIT FUNDING FOR INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS THAT REQUIRE THE REGISTRATION OR TAXATION OF GUNS OWNED BY UNITED STATES CITIZENS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to preventing the funding of any international organization, agency, or entity (including the United Nations) that requires the registration of, or taxes a gun owned by a citizen of the United States, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 336. Mr. VITTER (for himself and Mrs. McCASKILL) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. . DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND TO END AUTOMATIC PAY RAISES FOR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may reduce the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or conference reports that would achieve savings by ending the current system that provides members of Congress with automatic pay raises, to reduce the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023. The Chairman may also make adjustments to the Senate's pay-as-you-go ledger over 6 and 11 years to ensure that the deficit reduction achieved is used for deficit reduction only. The adjustments authorized under this section shall be of the amount of deficit recution achieved.

SA 337. Mr. VITTER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table, as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO IMPROVE BORDER SECURITY.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the alloca-

tions of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or conference reports related to border security, which may include provisions requiring that senders remitting money internationally show valid U.S. identification, or documentation that they are in the country legally, and to establish a fee with respect to international remittance transfers if the sender is unable to verify legal status in the United States, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 338. Mr. VITTER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table, as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR ENDING SUBSIDIES FOR MOBILE PHONE SERVICE.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or conference reports that would prohibit the Universal Service Fund from subsidizing commercial mobile service, without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 339. Mr. VITTER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO DRUG TESTING AND DRUG TREATMENT FOR TANF RECIPIENTS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to requiring States to operate a drug testing program as part of their Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program, provide treatment programs for TANF recipients who test positive for illegal drug use or are convicted of drug-related crime, to withhold TANF assistance for 2 years for any recipient who, after ini-

tially testing positive and having been offered treatment, again tests positive, and that would not reduce or deny TANF assistance allocated for dependents if the dependent's caretaker tests positive for drug use or is convicted of drug-related crime, without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 340. Mr. SHELBY (for himself and Mr. INHOFE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO REQUIRE FINANCIAL REGULATORS TO CONDUCT RIGOROUS COST-BENEFIT ANALYSES ON ALL PROPOSED RULES.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports that relate to the finalization of rules with positive cost-benefit analyses promulgated by a financial regulator, including the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Housing Finance Agency, the Financial Stability Oversight Council, the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, the Office of Financial Research, the National Credit Union Administration, and the Securities and Exchange Commission, by the amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 341. Mr. BEGICH (for himself, Ms. CANTWELL, and Ms. MURKOWSKI) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO THE LABELING OF GENETICALLY ENGINEERED FISH.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to the labeling of genetically engineered fish, without raising new revenue, by

the amounts provided in the legislation for those purposes, provided that the legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 342. Mr. ALEXANDER (for himself, Mr. PAUL, Mr. TOOMEY, Mr. RUBIO, and Mr. MCCONNELL) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR SCHOOL CHOICE.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to allowing funding under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.) to follow children from low-income families to the school the children attend, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 343. Mr. ALEXANDER (for himself, Ms. LANDRIEU, and Mr. MCCONNELL) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO SUPPORT HIGH-QUALITY CHARTER SCHOOLS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would support the replication and expansion of high-quality charter schools, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 344. Mr. ALEXANDER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which

was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO SUPPORT TEACHER INCENTIVE PROGRAMS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would allow State and local educational agency compensation programs for teachers who have a demonstrated record of improving student academic achievement, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 345. Mr. ALEXANDER (for himself and Mr. HATCH) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO ALLOW FOR STATE AND EMPLOYER INNOVATION IN REDUCING HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUMS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that waives title I of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act if the Chief Actuary for the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services certifies that States and employers can offer health insurance to their respective consumers at a lower premium, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 346. Mr. ALEXANDER (for himself, Mr. HATCH, Mr. BURR, Mr. WICKER, Mr. ISAKSON, and Mr. FLAKE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROTECT CONSUMERS FROM HIGH HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUMS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the budget authority and outlay allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments,

amendments between houses, motions, or conference reports that delays any further implementation of title I of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act until the Congressional Budget Office certifies that health insurance premiums have decreased by an average of \$2,500, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 347. Mr. ALEXANDER (for himself, Mr. CORKER, Mr. MANCHIN, and Mr. WARNER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO MANDATE DECISION ON STATE MEDICAID WAIVER APPLICATIONS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to requiring the Secretary of Health and Human Services to complete review and decide on State Medicaid waiver applications within a timely manner to ensure States have the appropriate ability to manage their own annual budget processes and improve care for Medicaid patients, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 348. Mr. ALEXANDER (for himself, Mr. MCCONNELL, Mr. CORKER, and Mr. PAUL) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PREVENT RESTRICTIONS TO PUBLIC ACCESS TO FISHING DOWNSTREAM OF DAMS OWNED BY THE CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to prohibiting the Corps of Engineers from restricting public access to waters downstream of a Corps of Engineers dam, without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in the legislation for those purposes, provided that the legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 349. Mr. ALEXANDER (for himself, Mr. ISAKSON, Mr. RISCH, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. BURR, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. FLAKE, Mr. GRAHAM, Mr. KIRK, Mr. COCHRAN, Mr. BARRASSO, Mr. COBURN, Mr. ENZI, Ms. AYOTTE, Mr. SCOTT, Mr. THUNE, Mr. CORKER, and Ms. COLLINS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PREVENT FUNDING FOR UNCONSTITUTIONAL NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS BOARD ACTIONS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to preventing the National Labor Relations Board from enforcing decisions or regulations issued by a majority whose quorum was constituted by invalid recess appointments, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 350. Mr. FRANKEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 51, line 9, insert “including programs that encourage job training partnerships between businesses, educational institutions, and the workforce development system,” after “growth.”

SA 351. Mr. FRANKEN (for himself and Mr. GRASSLEY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 60, line 22, insert “increase access to dual enrollment, concurrent enrollment, or early college high schools for low-income students, standardize financial aid award letters,” after “students.”

SA 352. Mr. FRANKEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congress-

sional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 52, line 5, strike “or improve the unemployment compensation program” and insert “improve the unemployment compensation program, or expand and expedite training opportunities for unemployed workers receiving unemployment compensation”.

SA 353. Mr. FRANKEN (for himself and Mrs. FISCHER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 59, line 1, after “telecommunications,” insert “including promoting investments in broadband infrastructure to expedite deployment of broadband to rural areas.”

SA 354. Mr. FRANKEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 58, line 9, strike “or” at the end. On page 58, line 11, insert “or” after the semicolon at the end.

On page 58, between lines 11 and 12, insert the following:

(10) the development of renewable-energy resources and energy efficiency on Indian land;

SA 355. Mr. BEGICH (for himself, Mr. BOOZMAN, and Mr. RUBIO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO PROTECTING THE RIGHT OF INDIVIDUALS TO BEAR ARMS AT WATER RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports

relating to prohibiting the Secretary of the Army from enforcing any regulation that prohibits an individual from possessing a firearm, including an assembled or functional firearm, at a water resources development project, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 356. Mr. MORAN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR THE PROHIBITION OF FUNDING FOR AMMUNITION FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to Department of Homeland Security ammunition procurement, which may include unobligated funds, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 357. Mr. BURR (for himself and Mr. COBURN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 4, line 6, decrease the amount by \$31,700,000,000.

On page 4, line 7, decrease the amount by \$48,300,000,000.

On page 46, line 11, decrease the amount by \$40,000,000,000.

On page 46, line 12, decrease the amount by \$40,000,000,000.

On page 46, line 15, decrease the amount by \$80,000,000,000.

On page 46, line 16, decrease the amount by \$80,000,000,000.

On page 46, line 19, decrease the amount by \$93,000,000,000.

On page 46, line 20, decrease the amount by \$93,000,000,000.

On page 46, line 23, decrease the amount by \$84,000,000,000.

On page 46, line 24, decrease the amount by \$84,000,000,000.

On page 47, line 2, decrease the amount by \$49,000,000,000.

On page 47, line 3, decrease the amount by \$49,000,000,000.

On page 47, line 6, decrease the amount by \$28,000,000,000.

On page 47, line 7, decrease the amount by \$28,000,000,000.

On page 47, line 10, decrease the amount by \$16,000,000,000.

On page 47, line 11, decrease the amount by \$16,000,000,000.

On page 47, line 14, decrease the amount by \$15,000,000,000.

On page 47, line 15, decrease the amount by \$15,000,000,000.

On page 47, line 18, decrease the amount by \$20,000,000,000.

On page 47, line 19, decrease the amount by \$20,000,000,000.

On page 47, line 22, decrease the amount by \$23,000,000,000.

On page 47, line 23, decrease the amount by \$23,000,000,000.

SA 358. Mr. INHOFE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 81, line 23, strike “\$50,000,000,000” and insert “\$66,000,000,000 (of which \$16,000,000,000 may only be for addressing the impacts on the Department of Defense incurred as a result of sequestration prior to a statute being enacted to replace sequestration)”.

SA 359. Mr. INHOFE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 20, line 19, reduce the amount by \$26,000,000.

On page 20, line 20, reduce the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 20, line 23, reduce the amount by \$26,000,000.

On page 20, line 24, reduce the amount by \$22,000,000.

On page 21, line 2, reduce the amount by \$27,000,000.

On page 21, line 3, reduce the amount by \$26,000,000.

On page 21, line 6, reduce the amount by \$27,000,000.

On page 21, line 7, reduce the amount by \$27,000,000.

On page 21, line 10, reduce the amount by \$28,000,000.

On page 21, line 11, reduce the amount by \$27,000,000.

On page 21, line 14, reduce the amount by \$28,000,000.

On page 21, line 15, reduce the amount by \$28,000,000.

On page 21, line 18, reduce the amount by \$29,000,000.

On page 21, line 19, reduce the amount by \$28,000,000.

On page 21, line 22, reduce the amount by \$29,000,000.

On page 21, line 23, reduce the amount by \$29,000,000.

On page 22, line 2, reduce the amount by \$30,000,000.

On page 22, line 3, reduce the amount by \$29,000,000.

On page 22, line 6, reduce the amount by \$30,000,000.

On page 22, line 7, reduce the amount by \$30,000,000.

SA 360. Mr. INHOFE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO UPHOLD SECOND AMENDMENT RIGHTS AND PROHIBIT THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A NATIONAL FIREARM REGISTRY.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that relate to upholding Second Amendment rights, which shall include a prohibition on the establishment of a national firearm registry, without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 361. Mr. HOEVEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 24, line 11, increase the amount by \$1,000,000,000.

On page 24, line 12, increase the amount by \$1,000,000,000.

On page 46, line 11, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000,000.

On page 46, line 12, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000,000.

SA 362. Mr. HOEVEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 29, line 24, increase the amount by \$1,291,186,000.

On page 29, line 25, increase the amount by \$1,291,186,000.

On page 46, line 11, decrease the amount by \$1,291,186,000.

On page 46, line 12, decrease the amount by \$1,291,186,000.

SA 363. Mr. HOEVEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by

him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 17, line 3, increase the amount by \$2,279,000,000.

On page 17, line 4, increase the amount by \$2,279,000,000.

On page 46, line 11, decrease the amount by \$2,279,000,000.

On page 46, line 12, decrease the amount by \$2,279,000,000.

SA 364. Mr. KIRK (for himself, Mr. MANCHIN, and Mr. HELLER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 332. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PREVENT IRAN FROM ACCESSING THE TRANS-EUROPEAN AUTOMATED REALTIME GROSS SETTLEMENT EXPRESS TRANSFER SYSTEM AND ITS EURO-DENOMINATED FOREIGN EXCHANGE HOLDINGS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that are related to Iran, which may include efforts to prevent Iran from directly or indirectly accessing the Trans-European Automated Realtime Gross Settlement Express Transfer System (commonly known as “TARGET2”) of the European Central Bank or to prevent the Government of Iran from accessing its euro-denominated foreign exchange holdings, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 365. Ms. STABENOW (for herself and Mr. REED) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR LEGISLATION TO BRING JOBS BACK TO AMERICA.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference

reports that include tax provisions encouraging United States enterprises to relocate operations from overseas to within the United States, or discouraging United States enterprises from relocating United States operations to other countries, by the amounts provided by that legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 366. Mrs. MCCASKILL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 60, line 7, insert “Federal and State” before “credentialing”.

SA 367. Mr. RISCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title IV, add the following:

SEC. 4 . POINT OF ORDER AGAINST FUNDS FOR REGULATIONS THAT ARE NOT CONGRESSIONALLY AUTHORIZED.

(a) POINT OF ORDER.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, motion, amendment, or conference report that would provide funds for new Federal regulations and that does not prohibit such funds from being used to create any new regulation that has not been reviewed, modified, or specifically authorized by Congress in statute.

(b) WAIVER AND APPEAL.—Subsection (a) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under subsection (a).

SA 368. Mr. RISCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR REPLACING THE MEDICAID PROGRAM AND THE CHILDREN'S HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM WITH A BLOCK GRANT TO THE STATES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the alloca-

tions of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports related to replacing the Medicaid program and the Children's Health Insurance program with a block grant to the States without raising new revenue by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 369. Mr. INHOFE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO ACHIEVE DOMESTIC ENERGY INDEPENDENCE.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports for legislation relating to the reform of the statutes governing domestic energy production, which may include but is not limited to increasing production to levels eliminating the need for energy imports from abroad, without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 370. Ms. MURKOWSKI (for herself, Mr. BLUNT, and Mr. MANCHIN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 48, line 14, decrease the amount by \$375,000,000.

On page 48, line 15, decrease the amount by \$375,000,000.

On page 48, line 18, decrease the amount by \$900,000,000.

On page 48, line 19, decrease the amount by \$900,000,000.

On page 48, line 22, decrease the amount by \$510,000,000.

On page 48, line 23, decrease the amount by \$510,000,000.

On page 49, line 2, decrease the amount by \$235,000,000.

On page 49, line 3, decrease the amount by \$235,000,000.

On page 49, line 6, decrease the amount by \$510,000,000.

On page 49, line 7, decrease the amount by \$510,000,000.

On page 49, line 10, decrease the amount by \$455,000,000.

On page 49, line 11, decrease the amount by \$455,000,000.

On page 49, line 14, decrease the amount by \$5,000,000.

On page 49, line 15, decrease the amount by \$5,000,000.

On page 49, line 18, decrease the amount by \$105,000,000.

On page 49, line 19, decrease the amount by \$105,000,000.

SA 371. Ms. MURKOWSKI (for herself and Mr. MANCHIN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 48, line 14, decrease the amount by \$375,000,000.

On page 48, line 15, decrease the amount by \$375,000,000.

On page 48, line 18, decrease the amount by \$750,000,000.

On page 48, line 19, decrease the amount by \$750,000,000.

On page 48, line 22, decrease the amount by \$375,000,000.

On page 48, line 23, decrease the amount by \$375,000,000.

On page 49, line 6, decrease the amount by \$450,000,000.

On page 49, line 7, decrease the amount by \$450,000,000.

On page 49, line 10, decrease the amount by \$450,000,000.

On page 49, line 11, decrease the amount by \$450,000,000.

On page 49, line 18, decrease the amount by \$100,000,000.

On page 49, line 19, decrease the amount by \$100,000,000.

SA 372. Ms. MURKOWSKI submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

In paragraph (1) of section 307, strike “and the investment of receipts from domestic energy production”.

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO EXPANDED DOMESTIC ENERGY PRODUCTION AND ADVANCED ENERGY RESEARCH.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to the expansion of the production of oil and natural gas on Federal land and waters and directing a share of the associated receipts to an advanced energy trust fund without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years

2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 373. Mr. LEE (for himself, Mr. CRUZ, Mr. KIRK, Mr. MCCAIN, and Mr. VITTER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title IV, insert the following:

SEC. 4. SENATE POINT OF ORDER AGAINST BUDGET PROVIDING OUTLAYS FOR INTEREST ON THE DEBT IN EXCESS OF OUTLAYS FOR NATIONAL DEFENSE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In the Senate, it shall not be in order to consider a concurrent resolution on the budget for the budget year or any amendment, amendment between Houses, motion, or conference report thereon that includes outlays for function 900 in any fiscal year that exceed outlays for function 050 in the same fiscal year.

(b) SUPERMAJORITY WAIVER AND APPEAL IN THE SENATE.—

(1) WAIVER.—This section may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(2) APPEAL.—An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required in the Senate to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under this section.

SA 374. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 332. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PHASE OUT THE EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF THE UNITED STATES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that phase out the authority of the Export-Import Bank of the United States, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 375. Mr. PAUL (for himself and Mr. BAUCUS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate

budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR THE RESTRICTION OF DRONES WITHIN THE UNITED STATES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to the use of drones in United States airspace, which may include a prohibition on the use of drones in domestic surveillance and a requirement that the government must obtain a warrant before using a drone in a surveillance capacity, except for border security or other exigent circumstances, without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 376. Mr. PAUL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR CONGRESSIONAL APPROVAL OF MAJOR RULES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports related to enforcement of major rules, which may include a requirement for congressional approval of a major rule before it can be implemented, without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 377. Mr. PAUL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROVIDE FOR AVIATION SECURITY REFORM.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the alloca-

tions of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between Houses, motions, or conference reports related to reform of aviation security, which may include the privatization of the Transportation Security Administration, without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018, or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 378. Mr. PAUL (for himself and Mr. INHOFE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO REDUCE ECONOMIC AND MILITARY ASSISTANCE TO THE GOVERNMENT OF EGYPT.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the budget authority and outlay allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to assistance to the Government of Egypt, which may include requiring the President of Egypt to publicly declare, in English and Arabic, his intent to abide by the Camp David Accords, without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 379. Mr. PAUL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO REDUCE FOREIGN AID TO THE GOVERNMENT OF PAKISTAN UNTIL IT GRANTS THE RELEASE OF DR. SHAKIL AFRIDI.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the budget authority and outlay allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to assistance which may include barring funds to the Government of Pakistan unless the President certifies to Congress that Dr. Shakil Afridi has been released from prison in Pakistan, without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years

2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 380. Mr. PAUL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO CLARIFY THE DEFINITION OF WATERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the budget authority and outlay allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports related to the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.) which may clarify that “navigable waters” means waters of the United States, including the territorial seas that are navigable-in-fact or permanent, standing, or continuously flowing bodies of water that form geographical features commonly known as streams, oceans, rivers, and lakes that are connected to waters that are navigable-in-fact, without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in the legislation for those purposes, provided that the legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 381. Mr. PAUL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

- On page 5, line 9, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 5, line 10, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 5, line 11, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 5, line 12, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 5, line 13, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 5, line 14, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 5, line 15, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 5, line 16, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 5, line 17, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 5, line 18, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 5, line 23, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 5, line 24, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 5, line 25, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 6, line 1, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.

- On page 6, line 2, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 6, line 3, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 6, line 4, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 6, line 5, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 6, line 6, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 6, line 7, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 6, line 12, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 6, line 13, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 6, line 14, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 6, line 15, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 6, line 16, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 6, line 17, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 6, line 18, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 6, line 19, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 6, line 20, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 6, line 21, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 46, line 11, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 46, line 12, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 46, line 15, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 46, line 16, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 46, line 19, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 46, line 20, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 46, line 23, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 46, line 24, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 47, line 2, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 47, line 3, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 47, line 4, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 47, line 5, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 47, line 6, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 47, line 7, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 47, line 10, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 47, line 11, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 47, line 14, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 47, line 15, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 47, line 18, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 47, line 19, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 47, line 22, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.
- On page 47, line 23, decrease the amount by \$7,691,822,000.

SA 382. Mr. PAUL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which

was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

- On page 5, line 9, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 5, line 10, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 5, line 11, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 5, line 12, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 5, line 13, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 5, line 14, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 5, line 15, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 5, line 16, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 5, line 17, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 5, line 18, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 5, line 23, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 5, line 24, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 5, line 25, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 6, line 1, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 6, line 2, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 6, line 3, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 6, line 4, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 6, line 5, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 6, line 6, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 6, line 7, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 6, line 12, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 6, line 13, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 6, line 14, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 6, line 15, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 6, line 16, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 6, line 17, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 6, line 18, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 6, line 19, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 6, line 20, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 6, line 21, reduce the amount by \$8,000,000,000.
- On page 15, line 7, reduce the amount by \$15,000,000,000.
- On page 15, line 8, reduce the amount by \$15,000,000,000.
- On page 15, line 11, reduce the amount by \$15,000,000,000.
- On page 15, line 12, reduce the amount by \$15,000,000,000.
- On page 15, line 15, reduce the amount by \$15,000,000,000.
- On page 15, line 16, reduce the amount by \$15,000,000,000.
- On page 15, line 19, reduce the amount by \$15,000,000,000.
- On page 15, line 20, reduce the amount by \$15,000,000,000.
- On page 15, line 23, reduce the amount by \$15,000,000,000.
- On page 15, line 24, reduce the amount by \$15,000,000,000.
- On page 16, line 2, reduce the amount by \$15,000,000,000.
- On page 16, line 3, reduce the amount by \$15,000,000,000.
- On page 16, line 6, reduce the amount by \$15,000,000,000.

On page 16, line 7, reduce the amount by \$15,000,000,000.

On page 16, line 10, reduce the amount by \$15,000,000,000.

On page 16, line 11, reduce the amount by \$15,000,000,000.

On page 16, line 14, reduce the amount by \$15,000,000,000.

On page 16, line 15, reduce the amount by \$15,000,000,000.

On page 16, line 18, reduce the amount by \$15,000,000,000.

On page 16, line 19, reduce the amount by \$15,000,000,000.

On page 18, line 23, reduce the amount by \$1,000,000,000.

On page 18, line 24, reduce the amount by \$1,000,000,000.

On page 19, line 2, reduce the amount by \$1,000,000,000.

On page 19, line 3, reduce the amount by \$1,000,000,000.

On page 19, line 6, reduce the amount by \$1,000,000,000.

On page 19, line 7, reduce the amount by \$1,000,000,000.

On page 19, line 10, reduce the amount by \$1,000,000,000.

On page 19, line 11, reduce the amount by \$1,000,000,000.

On page 19, line 14, reduce the amount by \$1,000,000,000.

On page 19, line 15, reduce the amount by \$1,000,000,000.

On page 19, line 18, reduce the amount by \$1,000,000,000.

On page 19, line 19, reduce the amount by \$1,000,000,000.

On page 19, line 22, reduce the amount by \$1,000,000,000.

On page 19, line 23, reduce the amount by \$1,000,000,000.

On page 20, line 2, reduce the amount by \$1,000,000,000.

On page 20, line 3, reduce the amount by \$1,000,000,000.

On page 20, line 6, reduce the amount by \$1,000,000,000.

On page 20, line 7, reduce the amount by \$1,000,000,000.

On page 20, line 10, reduce the amount by \$1,000,000,000.

On page 20, line 11, reduce the amount by \$1,000,000,000.

On page 26, line 6, increase the amount by \$8,000,000,000.

On page 26, line 7, increase the amount by \$8,000,000,000.

On page 26, line 10, increase the amount by \$8,000,000,000.

On page 26, line 11, increase the amount by \$8,000,000,000.

On page 26, line 14, increase the amount by \$8,000,000,000.

On page 26, line 15, increase the amount by \$8,000,000,000.

On page 26, line 18, increase the amount by \$8,000,000,000.

On page 26, line 19, increase the amount by \$8,000,000,000.

On page 26, line 22, increase the amount by \$8,000,000,000.

On page 26, line 23, increase the amount by \$8,000,000,000.

On page 27, line 2, increase the amount by \$8,000,000,000.

On page 27, line 3, increase the amount by \$8,000,000,000.

On page 27, line 6, increase the amount by \$8,000,000,000.

On page 27, line 7, increase the amount by \$8,000,000,000.

On page 27, line 10, increase the amount by \$8,000,000,000.

On page 27, line 11, increase the amount by \$8,000,000,000.

On page 27, line 14, increase the amount by \$8,000,000,000.

On page 27, line 15, increase the amount by \$8,000,000,000.

On page 27, line 18, increase the amount by \$8,000,000,000.

On page 27, line 19, increase the amount by \$8,000,000,000.

SA 383. Mr. PAUL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO ALLOW DISCIPLINARY MEASURES AGAINST DEPARTMENT OF STATE EMPLOYEES WHOSE ACTIONS RESULT IN LOSS OF LIFE, SERIOUS INJURY, OR SIGNIFICANT DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY AT OR RELATED TO A UNITED STATES MISSION OVERSEAS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the budget authority and outlay allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would allow the Department of State to take disciplinary measures, up to and including termination, against senior officials found to provide unsatisfactory leadership with respect to a security incident involving loss of life, serious injury, or significant destruction of property at or related to a United States mission overseas, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 384. Mr. BROWN (for himself and Mr. MURPHY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO ENSURE THAT THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT BUYS AMERICAN.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to procurement contracts, which may include ensuring that the Federal Government prioritize United States companies, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 385. Mr. TESTER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by

him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 58, strike lines 9 and 10 and insert the following:

(8) wildland fire management activities;

(9) Indian water settlements; or

(10) the restructure of the nuclear waste pro-

SA 386. Mr. UDALL of New Mexico (for himself, Mr. FRANKEN, Mr. HEINRICH, and Ms. CANTWELL) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 76, after line 25, add the following:
SEC. 332. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO TRIBAL HIGHER EDUCATION.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to tribal higher education, which may include establishing a deficit-neutral reserve fund for tribal higher education programs in the Department of the Interior for tribal scholarships, operating expenses, and other necessary purposes, as determined by the Secretary of the Interior, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2014 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.

SA 387. Mrs. HAGAN (for herself and Mrs. FISCHER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 332. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO SUPPORT EXPORT PROMOTION FOR SMALL BUSINESSES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to supporting export promotion for small businesses, which may include educational programs, marketing services, or participation in foreign trade missions, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such

legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 388. Mr. BOOZMAN (for himself and Mr. INHOFE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO STRENGTHENING OVERSIGHT AND ENSURING TRANSPARENCY IN THE OPERATION OF FEDERAL AGENCIES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to strengthening and reforming Federal offices of Inspectors General, reducing vacancies in offices of Inspectors General, and providing for improvements in the overall economy, efficiency, and effectiveness of Inspectors General without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 389. Mr. BOOZMAN (for himself and Mr. MORAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3 ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO ADDRESS THE DISPROPORTIONATE REGULATORY BURDENS ON COMMUNITY BANKS.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to alleviating disproportionate regulatory burdens on community banks, by the amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 390. Mr. REID (for Mr. LAUTENBERG) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by Mr. REID of NV to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

ing the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 59, between lines 19 and 20, insert the following:

(3) the continuation of the limitation on increases in costs of enrollment fees, premiums, and pharmacy copayments for health care for uniformed services beneficiaries by a percentage greater than the percentage increase in uniformed services retired pay;

On page 59, line 20, strike “(3)” and insert “(4)”.

On page 59, line 23, strike “(4)” and insert “(5)”.

On page 60, line 1, strike “(5)” and insert “(6)”.

SA 391. Mr. REID (for Mr. LAUTENBERG) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by Mr. REID of NV to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title V, add the following:
SEC. 5 ____ . SENSE OF THE SENATE REGARDING PREVENTING TERRORISTS FROM PURCHASING GUNS.

(a) FINDING.—The Senate finds that terrorist groups such as Al Qaeda continue to be a threat to Americans in the United States.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that law enforcement should be able to prevent known and suspected terrorists from purchasing firearms in the United States.

SA 392. Mr. REID (for Mr. LAUTENBERG) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by Mr. REID of NV to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title V, add the following:
SEC. 5 ____ . SENSE OF THE SENATE REGARDING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AND FIREARM POSSESSION.

It is the sense of the Senate that victims of domestic violence are at risk for further harm when convicted domestic abusers who are prohibited by law from possessing firearms continue to possess such weapons.

SA 393. Mr. REID (for Mr. LAUTENBERG) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by Mr. REID of NV to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title V, add the following:
SEC. 5 ____ . SENSE OF THE SENATE REGARDING BACKGROUND CHECKS AT GUN SHOWS.

It is the sense of the Senate that background checks should be conducted on all firearms sales at gun shows.

SA 394. Mr. WYDEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page, 62, line 12, insert “focus on chronic illness,” after “efficiency.”

SA 395. Mr. INHOFE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3 ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROTECT VULNERABLE FAMILIES FROM UNNECESSARY INCREASES IN FUEL COSTS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of 1 or more committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that clarify existing laws requiring that any new or amended rule or regulation increasing the cost of gasoline or diesel fuel be approved by each State governor prior to being enacted, by the amounts provided in the legislation for those purposes, provided that the legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 396. Mr. LEVIN (for himself, Mr. MCCAIN, and Mr. WHITEHOUSE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO END OFFSHORE TAX ABUSES BY LARGE CORPORATIONS.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports related to corporate income taxes, which may include measures to end offshore tax

abuses used by large corporations, provided that such legislation would reduce the deficit over the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 and the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 397. Mr. ROCKEFELLER (for himself, Mr. BROWN, and Mr. MANCHIN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROTECT PENSION AND HEALTH CARE BENEFITS FOR RETIRED UMW WORKERS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that protect the pension and health care benefits of past and present members of the United Mine Workers of America, by the amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 398. Mr. MERKLEY (for himself, Mr. FRANKEN, and Mr. COONS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 18, line 23, increase the amount by \$50,000,000.

On page 18, line 24, increase the amount by \$3,000,000.

On page 19, line 3, increase the amount by \$5,000,000.

On page 19, line 7, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 19, line 11, increase the amount by \$18,000,000.

On page 19, line 15, increase the amount by \$13,000,000.

On page 19, line 19, increase the amount by \$2,000,000.

On page 19, line 23, increase the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 46, line 11, decrease the amount by \$50,000,000.

On page 46, line 12, decrease the amount by \$3,000,000.

On page 46, line 16, decrease the amount by \$5,000,000.

On page 46, line 20, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 46, line 24, decrease the amount by \$18,000,000.

On page 47, line 3, decrease the amount by \$13,000,000.

On page 47, line 7, decrease the amount by \$2,000,000.

On page 47, line 11, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

SA 399. Mr. TOOMEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 49, strike lines 20 through line 2 on page 50

The levels in this resolution are amended by—Reducing total revenues by the following amounts

On page 4, line 6, reduce the amount by \$300,000,000.

On page 4, line 7, reduce the amount by \$1,400,000,000.

On page 4, line 8, reduce the amount by \$1,400,000,000.

On page 4, line 9, reduce the amount by \$2,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 10, reduce the amount by \$3,400,000,000.

On page 4, line 11, reduce the amount by \$3,700,000,000.

On page 4, line 12, reduce the amount by \$4,100,000,000.

On page 4, line 13, reduce the amount by \$4,400,000,000.

On page 4, line 14, reduce the amount by \$4,800,000,000.

On page 4, line 15, reduce the amount by \$5,100,000,000.

And reducing the amounts by which federal revenues should be changed by the following amounts

On page 4, line 20, reduce the amount by \$300,000,000.

On page 4, line 21, reduce the amount by \$1,400,000,000.

On page 4, line 22, reduce the amount by \$1,400,000,000.

On page 4, line 23, reduce the amount by \$2,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 24, reduce the amount by \$3,400,000,000.

On page 4, line 25, reduce the amount by \$3,700,000,000.

On page 5, line 1, reduce the amount by \$4,100,000,000.

On page 5, line 2, reduce the amount by \$4,400,000,000.

On page 5, line 3, reduce the amount by \$4,800,000,000.

On page 5, line 4, reduce the amount by \$5,100,000,000.

SA 400. Mr. VITTER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO REQUIRE A PHOTOGRAPHIC ID FOR VOTING IN FEDERAL ELECTIONS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates,

and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or conference reports that would create a system for requiring a valid government-issued photographs ID for voting in federal elections without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 401. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 69, line 16, insert “or the reduction of duplicative Federal financial literacy programs,” after “property,”.

SA 402. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 69, line 16, after “property,” insert “or the reduction of duplicative Federal housing assistance programs”.

SA 403. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 69, line 16, after “property,” insert “or the reduction of duplicative Federal grant programs within the Department of Justice,”.

SA 404. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 69, line 16, insert “or the reduction of duplicative Federal unmanned aircraft programs,” after “property,”.

SA 405. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by

him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 69, line 16, insert “or the reduction of duplicative Federal science, technology, engineering, and mathematics programs” after “property”.

SA 406. Mr. COBURN (for himself and Mr. BEGICH) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 52, line 5, insert “or prohibit millionaires from receiving unemployment compensation benefits,” after “program.”

SA 407. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR REDUCING SOCIAL SECURITY FOR MILLIONAIRES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to reforming Social Security, which may include reducing Social Security benefits received by those earning over a \$1,000,000 dollars annually, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 408. Mr. COBURN (for himself and Mr. BURR) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, add the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND RELATING TO PREVENTING THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FROM PROVIDING ENHANCED FUNDING FOR ANY STATE'S EXPANSION OF THE MEDICAID PROGRAM.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to reducing the federal medical assistance percentages in Medicaid, provided that such legislation would reduce the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2014 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2014 through 2023. The Chairman may also make adjustments to the Senate's pay-as-you-go ledger over 5 and 10 years to ensure that the deficit reduction achieved is used for deficit reduction only. The adjustments authorized under this section shall be the amount of deficit reduction achieved.

SA 409. Mr. COBURN (for himself, Mrs. McCASKILL, and Ms. BALDWIN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO REQUIRE STATE-WIDE BUDGET NEUTRALITY IN THE CALCULATION OF THE MEDICARE HOSPITAL WAGE INDEX FLOOR.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would adjust Medicare outlays, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 410. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO HSA-ELIGIBLE HIGH DEDUCTIBLE HEALTH PLANS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to health savings account-eligible high deductible health plans pro-

vided that such legislation does not increase the deficit or revenues over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 411. Mr. COBURN (for himself and Mr. CORNYN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO FURLOUGH FEDERAL EMPLOYEES WITH SERIOUSLY DELINQUENT TAX LIABILITY.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to Federal employees, which may include measures addressing Federal employees with seriously delinquent tax liability, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 412. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND FOR POSTAL REFORM.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to the United States Postal Service, which may include measures addressing the nonprofit postal discount for State and national political committees and use such savings to reduce the deficit. The Chairman may also make adjustments to the Senate's pay-as-you-go ledger over 6 and 11 years to ensure that the deficit reduction achieved is used for deficit reduction only. The adjustments authorized under this section shall be of the amount of deficit reduction achieved.

SA 413. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth

the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND TO REFORM THE LIFELINE PROGRAM OF THE FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to reforming the Lifeline program of the Federal Communications Commission, and reduce the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023. The Chairman may also make adjustments to the Senate's pay-as-you-go ledger over 6 and 11 years to ensure that the deficit reduction achieved is used for deficit reduction only. The adjustments authorized under this section shall be of the amount of deficit reduction achieved.

SA 414. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND CLOSING TAX EXPENDITURES FOR THE PGA TOUR, THE NFL, NASCAR, HOLLYWOOD, FISH TACKLE BOX MANUFACTURERS, AND WHALING CAPTAINS.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports related to closing certain tax expenditures, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 415. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 69, line 15, after "initiatives," insert "or eliminating and defunding any congressional committee that does not conduct oversight of the programs within its jurisdiction,".

SA 416. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by

him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, add the following:

SEC. 3 ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR THE PREVENTION OF NON-DEFENSE RELATED SPENDING BY THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between Houses, motions, or conference reports related to the Department of Defense, which may include measures eliminating non-defense related programs at the Department, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 417. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, add the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND RELATING TO REDUCE THE BURDEN ON TAXPAYER BY ELIMINATING SUBSIDIES TO WEALTHY AMERICANS FOR THEIR HEALTH INSURANCE.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to health insurance subsidies, provided that such legislation would reduce the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2014 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2014 through 2023. The Chairman may also make adjustments to the Senate's pay-as-you-go ledger over 5 and 10 years to ensure that the deficit reduction achieved is used for deficit reduction only. The adjustments authorized under this section shall be the amount of deficit reduction achieved.

SA 418. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, add the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND RELATING TO ACHIEVING AT LEAST \$630 IN HEALTH CARE SAVINGS, THE SAME LEVEL OF HEALTH CARE SAVINGS PROPOSED BY THE PRESIDENT'S BIPARTISAN FISCAL COMMISSION.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to achieving savings in health care, provided that such legislation would reduce the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2014 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2014 through 2023. The Chairman may also make adjustments to the Senate's pay-as-you-go ledger over 5 and 10 years to ensure that the deficit reduction achieved is used for deficit reduction only. The adjustments authorized under this section shall be the amount of deficit reduction achieved.

SA 419. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, add the following:

SEC. 3 ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO PREVENTING THE FDA FROM APPROVING PRESCRIPTION OPIOIDS THAT ARE SUBJECT TO ABUSE WITHOUT REQUIRING ABUSE-DETERRENT FORMULATIONS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to certain drug formulation requirements, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 420. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 69, line 16, insert the following: "or reduce overlapping payments made by certain programs," after "property,".

SA 421. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth

the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 53, line 11, after “families,” insert “or to reform the list of allowed purchases under the supplemental nutrition assistance program.”

SA 422. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 69, line 16, after “payments,” insert “or establishing an online database of all unclassified reports submitted to Congress.”

SA 423. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 69, line 16, after “payments,” insert “or prohibiting recipients of Federal grants from selling such grants.”

SA 424. Mr. BAUCUS (for himself, Mr. UDALL of New Mexico, Mrs. MCCASKILL, and Mr. MERKLEY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 64, line 23, after “programs” insert “(which may include livestock and specialty crop disaster assistance programs)”.

SA 425. Mr. MERKLEY (for himself, Mr. FRANKEN, Mr. KAINE, Mr. CASEY, and Mr. UDALL of New Mexico) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3 . . . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY, ENGINEERING, MATHEMATICS, OR CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the alloca-

tions of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to expanding, enhancing, or otherwise improving science, technology, engineering, mathematics, or career and technical education, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 426. Mr. CARDIN (for himself and Mr. RUBIO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3 . . . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROVIDE FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF ROBUST AND UNIFORM ACCOUNTABILITY GUIDELINES FOR UNITED STATES FOREIGN ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would provide for the establishment of robust and uniform accountability guidelines for all United States foreign assistance programs, and to ensure full transparency of all United States foreign assistance programs, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 427. Mr. CARDIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 42, line 19, increase the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 42, line 20, increase the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 46, line 11, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 46, line 12, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

SA 428. Mr. CARDIN (for himself and Mrs. BOXER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . . . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO PROTECTING DRINKING WATER AND PROVIDING CLEAN WATER FOR COMMUNITIES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to efforts to address water quality, protect drinking water supplies and wildlife habitat, reduce the risk of flooding, and provide clarity and transparency concerning those efforts, including to landowners, businesses, and others, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 429. Mr. UDALL of New Mexico (for himself, Mr. BAUCUS, Mr. FRANKEN, Mr. HEINRICH, Ms. HIRONO, Ms. CANTWELL, and Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3 . . . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO SUPPORTING SCHOOL PROGRAMS FOR CHILDREN LIVING ON FEDERAL PROPERTY AND INDIAN LAND.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to general education, which may include fully funding the impact aid program under title VIII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7701 et seq.) and supporting school programs for children living on Federal property and Indian land, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 430. Mr. LEVIN (for himself, Mr. MCCAIN, and Mr. WHITEHOUSE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. . . . DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND TO END OFFSHORE TAX ABUSES BY LARGE CORPORATIONS.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a

committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports related to corporate income taxes, which may include measures to end offshore tax abuses used by large corporations, provided that such legislation would reduce the deficit over the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 and the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 431. Ms. MIKULSKI submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR EQUAL PAY FOR EQUAL WORK.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports related to efforts to ensure equal pay policies and practices, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 432. Ms. STABENOW submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND PROHIBITING MEDICARE VOUCHERS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to access for Medicare beneficiaries, which may include legislation that provides beneficiary protections from voucher payments, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 433. Mrs. MURRAY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for

fiscal years 2015 through 2023; as follows:

On page 2, beginning on line 1, strike “1” and all that follows through page 93, line 9, and insert the following:

1. CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET FOR FISCAL YEAR 2014.

(a) DECLARATION.—The Congress determines and declares that this concurrent resolution establishes the budget for fiscal year 2014 and sets forth appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023.

(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for this concurrent resolution is as follows:

Sec. 1. Concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2014.

TITLE I—RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

Sec. 101. Recommended levels and amounts.

Sec. 102. Major functional categories.

TITLE II—RECONCILIATION

Sec. 201. Reconciliation in the House of Representatives.

TITLE III—RECOMMENDED LEVELS FOR FISCAL YEARS 2030, 2040, AND 2050

Sec. 301. Long-term budgeting.

TITLE IV—RESERVE FUNDS

Sec. 401. Reserve fund for the repeal of the 2010 health care laws.

Sec. 402. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for the reform of the 2010 health care laws.

Sec. 403. Deficit-neutral reserve fund related to the Medicare provisions of the 2010 health care laws.

Sec. 404. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for the sustainable growth rate of the Medicare program.

Sec. 405. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for reforming the tax code.

Sec. 406. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for trade agreements.

Sec. 407. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for revenue measures.

Sec. 408. Deficit-neutral reserve fund for rural counties and schools.

Sec. 409. Implementation of a deficit and long-term debt reduction agreement.

TITLE V—ESTIMATES OF DIRECT SPENDING

Sec. 501. Direct spending.

TITLE VI—BUDGET ENFORCEMENT

Sec. 601. Limitation on advance appropriations.

Sec. 602. Concepts and definitions.

Sec. 603. Adjustments of aggregates, allocations, and appropriate budgetary levels.

Sec. 604. Limitation on long-term spending.

Sec. 605. Budgetary treatment of certain transactions.

Sec. 606. Application and effect of changes in allocations and aggregates.

Sec. 607. Congressional Budget Office estimates.

Sec. 608. Transfers from the general fund of the treasury to the highway trust fund that increase public indebtedness.

Sec. 609. Separate allocation for overseas contingency operations/global war on terrorism.

Sec. 610. Exercise of rulemaking powers.

TITLE VII—POLICY STATEMENTS

Sec. 701. Policy statement on economic growth and job creation.

Sec. 702. Policy statement on tax reform.

Sec. 703. Policy statement on Medicare.

Sec. 704. Policy statement on Social Security.

Sec. 705. Policy statement on higher education affordability.

Sec. 706. Policy statement on deficit reduction through the cancellation of unobligated balances.

Sec. 707. Policy statement on responsible stewardship of taxpayer dollars.

Sec. 708. Policy statement on deficit reduction through the reduction of unnecessary and wasteful spending.

Sec. 709. Policy statement on unauthorized spending.

TITLE VIII—SENSE OF THE HOUSE PROVISIONS

Sec. 801. Sense of the House on the importance of child support enforcement.

TITLE I—RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

SEC. 101. RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS.

The following budgetary levels are appropriate for each of fiscal years 2014 through 2023:

(1) FEDERAL REVENUES.—For purposes of the enforcement of this concurrent resolution:

(A) The recommended levels of Federal revenues are as follows:

Fiscal year 2014: \$2,270,932,000,000.

Fiscal year 2015: \$2,606,592,000,000.

Fiscal year 2016: \$2,778,891,000,000.

Fiscal year 2017: \$2,903,673,000,000.

Fiscal year 2018: \$3,028,951,000,000.

Fiscal year 2019: \$3,149,236,000,000.

Fiscal year 2020: \$3,284,610,000,000.

Fiscal year 2021: \$3,457,009,000,000.

Fiscal year 2022: \$3,650,699,000,000.

Fiscal year 2023: \$3,832,145,000,000.

(B) The amounts by which the aggregate levels of Federal revenues should be changed are as follows:

Fiscal year 2014: \$0.

Fiscal year 2015: \$0.

Fiscal year 2016: \$0.

Fiscal year 2017: \$0.

Fiscal year 2018: \$0.

Fiscal year 2019: \$0.

Fiscal year 2020: \$0.

Fiscal year 2021: \$0.

Fiscal year 2022: \$0.

Fiscal year 2023: \$0.

(2) NEW BUDGET AUTHORITY.—For purposes of the enforcement of this concurrent resolution, the appropriate levels of total new budget authority are as follows:

Fiscal year 2014: \$2,769,406,000,000.

Fiscal year 2015: \$2,681,581,000,000.

Fiscal year 2016: \$2,857,258,000,000.

Fiscal year 2017: \$2,988,083,000,000.

Fiscal year 2018: \$3,104,777,000,000.

Fiscal year 2019: \$3,281,142,000,000.

Fiscal year 2020: \$3,414,838,000,000.

Fiscal year 2021: \$3,540,165,000,000.

Fiscal year 2022: \$3,681,407,000,000.

Fiscal year 2023: \$3,768,151,000,000.

(3) BUDGET OUTLAYS.—For purposes of the enforcement of this concurrent resolution, the appropriate levels of total budget outlays are as follows:

Fiscal year 2014: \$2,815,079,000,000.

Fiscal year 2015: \$2,736,849,000,000.

Fiscal year 2016: \$2,850,434,000,000.

Fiscal year 2017: \$2,958,619,000,000.

Fiscal year 2018: \$3,079,296,000,000.

Fiscal year 2019: \$3,231,642,000,000.

Fiscal year 2020: \$3,374,336,000,000.

Fiscal year 2021: \$3,495,489,000,000.

Fiscal year 2022: \$3,667,532,000,000.

Fiscal year 2023: \$3,722,071,000,000.

(4) DEFICITS (ON-BUDGET).—For purposes of the enforcement of this concurrent resolution, the amounts of the deficits (on-budget) are as follows:

Fiscal year 2014: -\$544,147,000,000.

Fiscal year 2015: -\$130,257,000,000.

Fiscal year 2016: -\$71,544,000,000.

Fiscal year 2017: -\$54,947,000,000.

Fiscal year 2018: -\$50,345,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2019: -\$82,405,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2020: -\$89,726,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021: -\$38,480,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022: -\$16,833,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023: \$110,073,000,000.

(5) DEBT SUBJECT TO LIMIT.—The appropriate levels of the public debt are as follows:

Fiscal year 2014: \$17,776,278,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015: \$18,086,450,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2016: \$18,343,824,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2017: \$18,635,129,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2018: \$18,938,669,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2019: \$19,267,212,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2020: \$19,608,732,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021: \$19,900,718,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022: \$20,162,755,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023: \$20,319,503,000,000.

(6) DEBT HELD BY THE PUBLIC.—The appropriate levels of debt held by the public are as follows:

Fiscal year 2014: \$12,849,621,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015: \$13,069,788,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2016: \$13,225,569,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2017: \$13,362,146,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2018: \$13,485,102,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2019: \$13,648,470,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2020: \$13,836,545,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021: \$13,992,649,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022: \$14,154,363,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023: \$14,210,984,000,000.

SEC. 102. MAJOR FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES.

The Congress determines and declares that the appropriate levels of new budget authority and outlays for fiscal years 2014 through 2023 for each major functional category are:

(1) National Defense (050):

Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$560,225,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$579,235,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$574,359,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$563,976,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$585,556,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$570,288,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$598,822,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$575,457,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$612,125,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$582,678,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$625,445,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$600,508,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$639,780,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$614,250,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$654,096,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$628,265,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$671,181,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$649,221,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$688,640,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$660,461,000,000.

(2) International Affairs (150):

Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$41,010,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$42,005,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$39,357,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$40,876,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$40,355,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$40,019,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$41,343,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$39,821,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$42,342,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$39,922,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$43,349,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$40,248,000,000.

Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$44,366,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$41,070,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$44,898,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$41,970,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$46,240,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$43,208,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$47,304,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$44,030,000,000.
 (3) General Science, Space, and Technology (250):

Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$27,733,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$27,811,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$28,318,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$28,193,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$28,994,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$28,641,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$29,677,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$29,251,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$30,386,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$29,932,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$31,088,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$30,574,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$31,798,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$31,275,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$32,506,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$31,886,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$33,244,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$32,609,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$33,991,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$33,344,000,000.
 (4) Energy (270):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$1,218,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$1,366,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$1,527,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$2,024,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$1,433,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$984,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$1,570,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$1,091,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$1,764,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$1,331,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$1,932,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$1,612,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$2,121,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$1,864,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$2,200,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$2,039,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$2,105,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$1,989,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$12,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$147,000,000.
 (5) Natural Resources and Environment (300):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$38,146,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$41,002,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$37,457,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$40,169,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$36,445,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$39,860,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$37,295,000,000.

(B) Outlays, \$39,612,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$38,120,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$39,378,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$38,552,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$39,655,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$39,530,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$40,167,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$39,730,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$40,332,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$40,124,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$40,330,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$39,792,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$39,382,000,000.
 (6) Agriculture (350):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$21,731,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$20,377,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$16,737,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$16,452,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$21,254,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$20,827,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$19,344,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$18,856,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$18,776,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$18,238,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$19,087,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$18,461,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$19,380,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$18,864,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$19,856,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$19,365,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$19,736,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$19,244,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$20,335,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$19,859,000,000.
 (7) Commerce and Housing Credit (370):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$2,548,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$9,000,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$7,818,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$19,413,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$7,398,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$21,697,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$6,328,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$22,908,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$2,946,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$20,314,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$866,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$23,410,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$579,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$22,954,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$295,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$17,517,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$1,076,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$19,406,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$1,200,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$20,654,000,000.
 (8) Transportation (400):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$87,056,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$93,142,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$40,030,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$82,089,000,000.

Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$81,453,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$74,235,000,000.

Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$91,498,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$85,791,000,000.

Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$68,776,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$84,548,000,000.

Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$92,602,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$82,681,000,000.

Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$72,693,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$84,625,000,000.

Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$92,988,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$85,244,000,000.

Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$74,694,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$85,945,000,000.

Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$99,499,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$86,906,000,000.

(9) Community and Regional Development (450):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$8,533,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$27,669,000,000.

Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$8,401,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$22,978,000,000.

Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$8,341,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$16,911,000,000.

Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$8,442,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$13,910,000,000.

Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$8,556,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$10,925,000,000.

Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$8,766,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$9,787,000,000.

Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$8,962,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$9,418,000,000.

Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$9,172,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$9,283,000,000.

Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$9,424,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$9,209,000,000.

Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$9,641,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$9,271,000,000.

(10) Education, Training, Employment, and Social Services (500):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$56,440,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$77,310,000,000.

Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$73,848,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$77,042,000,000.

Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$85,577,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$84,250,000,000.

Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$95,462,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$93,615,000,000.

Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$100,910,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$99,755,000,000.

Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$95,734,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$95,741,000,000.

Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$97,329,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$97,270,000,000.

Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$98,900,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$98,917,000,000.

Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$99,965,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$100,219,000,000.

Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$101,606,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$101,780,000,000.

(11) Health (550):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$363,762,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$378,695,000,000.

Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$358,156,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$353,470,000,000.

Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$359,280,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$362,833,000,000.

Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$375,308,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$375,956,000,000.

Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$387,073,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$386,264,000,000.

Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$393,079,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$392,141,000,000.

Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$422,229,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$410,876,000,000.

Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$420,834,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$419,365,000,000.

Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$441,207,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$439,353,000,000.

Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$456,935,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$455,134,000,000.

(12) Medicare (570):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$515,944,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$515,713,000,000.

Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$534,494,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$534,400,000,000.

Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$581,788,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$581,834,000,000.

Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$597,570,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$597,637,000,000.

Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$621,384,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$621,480,000,000.

Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$679,457,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$679,661,000,000.

Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$723,313,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$723,481,000,000.

Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$770,764,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$771,261,000,000.

Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$845,828,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$843,504,000,000.

Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$875,417,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$874,988,000,000.

(13) Income Security (600):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$509,418,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$508,082,000,000.

Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$480,285,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$476,897,000,000.

Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$487,623,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$487,046,000,000.

Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$484,222,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$479,516,000,000.

Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$484,653,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$475,612,000,000.

Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$495,065,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$490,660,000,000.

Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$501,101,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$496,983,000,000.

Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$505,927,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$501,832,000,000.

Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$515,637,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$516,362,000,000.

Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$510,654,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$506,354,000,000.

(14) Social Security (650):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$27,506,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$27,616,000,000.

Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$30,233,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$30,308,000,000.

Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$33,369,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$33,407,000,000.

Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$36,691,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$36,691,000,000.

Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$40,005,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$40,005,000,000.

Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$43,421,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$43,421,000,000.

Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$46,954,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$46,954,000,000.

Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$50,474,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$50,474,000,000.

Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$54,235,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$54,235,000,000.

Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$58,441,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$58,441,000,000.

(15) Veterans Benefits and Services (700):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$145,730,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$145,440,000,000.

Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$149,792,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$149,313,000,000.

Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$162,051,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$161,441,000,000.

Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$160,947,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$160,117,000,000.

Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$159,423,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$158,565,000,000.

Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$171,032,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$170,144,000,000.

Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$175,674,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$174,791,000,000.

Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$179,585,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$178,655,000,000.

Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$191,294,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$190,344,000,000.

Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$187,945,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$186,882,000,000.

(16) Administration of Justice (750):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$51,933,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$53,376,000,000.

Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$53,116,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$52,918,000,000.

Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$56,644,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$55,745,000,000.

Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$56,712,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$57,949,000,000.

Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$58,586,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$59,859,000,000.

Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$60,495,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$60,666,000,000.

Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$62,400,000,000.

(B) Outlays, \$61,878,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$64,507,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$63,950,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$70,150,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$69,561,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$72,809,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$72,195,000,000.
 (17) General Government (800):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$23,225,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$24,172,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$21,922,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$20,749,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$23,263,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$22,559,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$23,814,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$23,435,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$24,573,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$24,158,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$25,454,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$24,803,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$26,293,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$25,645,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$27,178,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$26,566,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$27,821,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$27,219,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$28,717,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$28,116,000,000.
 (18) Net Interest (900):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$341,099,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$341,099,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$367,647,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$367,647,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$405,960,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$405,960,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$476,448,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$476,448,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$555,772,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$555,772,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$613,411,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$613,411,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$661,810,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$661,810,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$694,647,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$694,647,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$723,923,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$723,923,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$745,963,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$745,963,000,000.
 (19) Allowances (920):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$59,061,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$44,044,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$58,840,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$53,255,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$65,587,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$59,258,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$71,859,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$65,151,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$77,299,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$71,278,000,000.

Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$82,155,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$76,769,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$85,543,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$81,785,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$89,377,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$85,845,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$88,897,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$85,661,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$92,469,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$89,323,000,000.
 (20) Government-wide savings (930):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$9,407,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$6,660,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$21,577,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$9,971,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$17,617,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$8,873,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$13,371,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$6,739,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$11,556,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$3,340,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$9,584,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$703,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$8,457,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$1,740,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$7,094,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$3,666,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$21,151,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$2,703,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$35,807,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$13,555,000,000.
 (21) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$75,946,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$75,946,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$80,864,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$80,864,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$86,525,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$86,525,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$90,525,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$90,525,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$91,645,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$91,645,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$99,220,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$99,220,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$101,316,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$101,316,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$106,332,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$106,332,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$109,276,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$109,276,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, -\$115,049,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, -\$115,049,000,000.
 (22) Overseas Contingency Operations/Glob-
 al War on Terrorism (970):
 Fiscal year 2014:
 (A) New budget authority, \$93,000,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$46,621,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2015:
 (A) New budget authority, \$35,000,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$40,851,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2016:
 (A) New budget authority, \$35,000,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$39,948,000,000.

Fiscal year 2017:
 (A) New budget authority, \$35,000,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$38,789,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2018:
 (A) New budget authority, \$35,000,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$37,451,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2019:
 (A) New budget authority, \$35,000,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$37,570,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2020:
 (A) New budget authority, \$35,000,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$37,431,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2021:
 (A) New budget authority, \$35,000,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$37,466,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2022:
 (A) New budget authority, \$35,000,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$38,102,000,000.
 Fiscal year 2023:
 (A) New budget authority, \$35,000,000,000.
 (B) Outlays, \$37,694,000,000.

TITLE II—RECONCILIATION

SEC. 201. RECONCILIATION IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

(a) SUBMISSIONS OF SPENDING REDUCTION.—The House committees named in subsection (b) shall submit, not later than _____, 2013, recommendations to the Committee on the Budget of the House of Representatives. After receiving those recommendations, such committee shall report to the House a reconciliation bill carrying out all such recommendations without substantive revision.

(b) INSTRUCTIONS.—

(1) COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE.—The Committee on Agriculture shall submit changes in laws within its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce the deficit by at least \$1,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

(2) COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION AND THE WORKFORCE.—The Committee on Education and the Workforce shall submit changes in laws within its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce the deficit by at least \$1,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

(3) COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND COMMERCE.—The Committee on Energy and Commerce shall submit changes in laws within its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce the deficit by at least \$1,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

(4) COMMITTEE ON FINANCIAL SERVICES.—The Committee on Financial Services shall submit changes in laws within its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce the deficit by at least \$1,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

(5) COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY.—The Committee on the Judiciary shall submit changes in laws within its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce the deficit by at least \$1,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

(6) COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES.—The Committee on Natural Resources shall submit changes in laws within its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce the deficit by at least \$1,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

(7) COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT AND GOVERNMENT REFORM.—The Committee on Oversight and Government Reform shall submit changes in laws within its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce the deficit by at least \$1,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

(8) COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS.—The Committee on Ways and Means shall submit changes in laws within its jurisdiction sufficient to reduce the deficit by at least \$1,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

TITLE III—RECOMMENDED LEVELS FOR FISCAL YEARS 2030, 2040, AND 2050

SEC. 301. LONG-TERM BUDGETING.

The following are the recommended revenue, spending, and deficit levels for each of

fiscal years 2030, 2040, and 2050 as a percent of the gross domestic product of the United States:

(1) **FEDERAL REVENUES.**—The appropriate levels of Federal revenues are as follows:

Fiscal year 2030: 19.1 percent.

Fiscal year 2040: 19.1 percent.

Fiscal year 2050: 19.1 percent.

(2) **BUDGET OUTLAYS.**—The appropriate levels of total budget outlays are not to exceed:

Fiscal year 2030: 19.1 percent.

Fiscal year 2040: 19.1 percent.

Fiscal year 2050: 19.1 percent.

(3) **DEFICITS.**—The appropriate levels of deficits are not to exceed:

Fiscal year 2030: 0 percent.

Fiscal year 2040: 0 percent.

Fiscal year 2050: 0 percent.

TITLE IV—RESERVE FUNDS

SEC. 401. RESERVE FUND FOR THE REPEAL OF THE 2010 HEALTH CARE LAWS.

In the House, the chair of the Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this concurrent resolution for the budgetary effects of any bill or joint resolution, or amendment thereto or conference report thereon, that only consists of a full repeal the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and the health care-related provisions of the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010.

SEC. 402. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR THE REFORM OF THE 2010 HEALTH CARE LAWS.

In the House, the chair of the Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this concurrent resolution for the budgetary effects of any bill or joint resolution, or amendment thereto or conference report thereon, that reforms or replaces the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act or the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, if such measure would not increase the deficit for the period of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.

SEC. 403. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATED TO THE MEDICARE PROVISIONS OF THE 2010 HEALTH CARE LAWS.

In the House, the chair of the Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this concurrent resolution for the budgetary effects of any bill or joint resolution, or amendment thereto or conference report thereon, that repeals all or part of the decreases in Medicare spending included in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act or the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, if such measure would not increase the deficit for the period of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.

SEC. 404. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR THE SUSTAINABLE GROWTH RATE OF THE MEDICARE PROGRAM.

In the House, the chair of the Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this concurrent resolution for the budgetary effects of any bill or joint resolution, or amendment thereto or conference report thereon, that includes provisions amending or superseding the system for updating payments under section 1848 of the Social Security Act, if such measure would not increase the deficit for the period of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.

SEC. 405. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR REFORMING THE TAX CODE.

In the House, if the Committee on Ways and Means reports a bill or joint resolution that reforms the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, the chair of the Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this

concurrent resolution for the budgetary effects of any such bill or joint resolution, or amendment thereto or conference report thereon, if such measure would not increase the deficit for the period of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.

SEC. 406. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR TRADE AGREEMENTS.

In the House, the chair of the Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this concurrent resolution for the budgetary effects of any bill or joint resolution reported by the Committee on Ways and Means, or amendment thereto or conference report thereon, that implements a trade agreement, but only if such measure would not increase the deficit for the period of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.

SEC. 407. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR REVENUE MEASURES.

In the House, the chair of the Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this concurrent resolution for the budgetary effects of any bill or joint resolution reported by the Committee on Ways and Means, or amendment thereto or conference report thereon, that decreases revenue, but only if such measure would not increase the deficit for the period of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.

SEC. 408. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR RURAL COUNTIES AND SCHOOLS.

In the House, the chair of the Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other appropriate levels and limits in this resolution for the budgetary effects of any bill or joint resolution, or amendment thereto or conference report thereon, that makes changes to or provides for the reauthorization of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self Determination Act of 2000 (Public Law 106-393) by the amounts provided by that legislation for those purposes, if such legislation requires sustained yield timber harvests obviating the need for funding under P.L. 106-393 in the future and would not increase the deficit or direct spending for fiscal year 2014, the period of fiscal years 2014 through 2018, or the period of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.

SEC. 409. IMPLEMENTATION OF A DEFICIT AND LONG-TERM DEBT REDUCTION AGREEMENT.

In the House, the chair of the Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this concurrent resolution to accommodate the enactment of a deficit and long-term debt reduction agreement if it includes permanent spending reductions and reforms to direct spending programs.

TITLE V—ESTIMATES OF DIRECT SPENDING

SEC. 501. DIRECT SPENDING.

(a) **MEANS-TESTED DIRECT SPENDING.**—

(1) For means-tested direct spending, the average rate of growth in the total level of outlays during the 10-year period preceding fiscal year 2014 is 6.7 percent.

(2) For means-tested direct spending, the estimated average rate of growth in the total level of outlays during the 10-year period beginning with fiscal year 2014 is 6.2 percent under current law.

(3) The following reforms are proposed in this concurrent resolution for means-tested direct spending:

(A) In 1996, a Republican Congress and a Democratic president reformed welfare by limiting the duration of benefits, giving States more control over the program, and helping recipients find work. In the five years following passage, child-poverty rates fell, welfare caseloads fell, and workers' wages increased. This budget applies the les-

sons of welfare reform to both the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program and Medicaid.

(B) For Medicaid, this budget converts the Federal share of Medicaid spending into a flexible State allotment tailored to meet each State's needs, indexed for inflation and population growth. Such a reform would end the misguided one-size-fits-all approach that has tied the hands of State governments. Instead, each State would have the freedom and flexibility to tailor a Medicaid program that fits the needs of its unique population. Moreover, this budget repeals the Medicaid expansions in the President's health care law, relieving State governments of its crippling one-size-fits-all enrollment mandates.

(C) For the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, this budget converts the program into a flexible State allotment tailored to meet each State's needs, increases in the Department of Agriculture Thrifty Food Plan index and beneficiary growth. Such a reform would provide incentives for States to ensure dollars will go towards those who need them most. Additionally, it requires that more stringent work requirements and time limits apply under the program.

(b) **NONMEANS-TESTED DIRECT SPENDING.**—

(1) For nonmeans-tested direct spending, the average rate of growth in the total level of outlays during the 10-year period preceding fiscal year 2014 is 5.9 percent.

(2) For nonmeans-tested direct spending, the estimated average rate of growth in the total level of outlays during the 10-year period beginning with fiscal year 2014 is 5.3 percent under current law.

(3) The following reforms are proposed in this concurrent resolution for nonmeans-tested direct spending:

(A) For Medicare, this budget advances policies to put seniors, not the Federal Government, in control of their health care decisions. Those in or near retirement will see no changes, while future retirees would be given a choice of private plans competing alongside the traditional fee-for-service Medicare program. Medicare would provide a premium-support payment either to pay for or offset the premium of the plan chosen by the senior, depending on the plan's cost. The Medicare premium-support payment would be adjusted so that the sick would receive higher payments if their conditions worsened; lower-income seniors would receive additional assistance to help cover out-of-pocket costs; and wealthier seniors would assume responsibility for a greater share of their premiums. Putting seniors in charge of how their health care dollars are spent will force providers to compete against each other on price and quality. This market competition will act as a real check on widespread waste and skyrocketing health care costs.

(B) In keeping with a recommendation from the National Commission on Fiscal Responsibility and Reform, this budget calls for Federal employees—including Members of Congress and congressional staff—to make greater contributions toward their own retirement.

TITLE VI—BUDGET ENFORCEMENT

SEC. 601. LIMITATION ON ADVANCE APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) **FINDINGS.**—The House finds the following:

(1) The Veterans Health Care Budget and Reform Transparency Act of 2009 provides advance appropriations for the following veteran medical care accounts: Medical Services, Medical Support and Compliance, and Medical Facilities.

(2) The President has yet to submit a budget request as required under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, including the request for the Department of Veterans Affairs, for fiscal year 2014, hence the request

for veteran medical care advance appropriations for fiscal year 2015 is unavailable as of the writing of this concurrent resolution.

(3) This concurrent resolution reflects the most up-to-date estimate on veterans' health care needs included in the President's fiscal year 2013 request for fiscal year 2015.

(b) IN GENERAL.—In the House, except as provided for in subsection (c), any bill or joint resolution, or amendment thereto or conference report thereon, making a general appropriation or continuing appropriation may not provide for advance appropriations.

(c) EXCEPTIONS.—An advance appropriation may be provided for programs, projects, activities, or accounts referred to in subsection (d)(1) or identified in the report to accompany this concurrent resolution or the joint explanatory statement of managers to accompany this concurrent resolution under the heading "Accounts Identified for Advance Appropriations".

(d) LIMITATIONS.—For fiscal year 2015, the aggregate level of advance appropriations shall not exceed—

(1) \$55,483,000,000 for the following programs in the Department of Veterans Affairs—

(A) Medical Services;

(B) Medical Support and Compliance; and

(C) Medical Facilities accounts of the Veterans Health Administration; and

(2) \$28,852,000,000 in new budget authority for all programs identified pursuant to subsection (c).

(e) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "advance appropriation" means any new discretionary budget authority provided in a bill or joint resolution, or amendment thereto or conference report thereon, making general appropriations or any new discretionary budget authority provided in a bill or joint resolution making continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2015.

SEC. 602. CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS.

Upon the enactment of any bill or joint resolution providing for a change in budgetary concepts or definitions, the chair of the Committee on the Budget may adjust any allocations, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this concurrent resolution accordingly.

SEC. 603. ADJUSTMENTS OF AGGREGATES, ALLOCATIONS, AND APPROPRIATE BUDGETARY LEVELS.

(a) ADJUSTMENTS OF DISCRETIONARY AND DIRECT SPENDING LEVELS.—If a committee (other than the Committee on Appropriations) reports a bill or joint resolution, or amendment thereto or conference report thereon, providing for a decrease in direct spending (budget authority and outlays flowing therefrom) for any fiscal year and also provides for an authorization of appropriations for the same purpose, upon the enactment of such measure, the chair of the Committee on the Budget may decrease the allocation to such committee and increase the allocation of discretionary spending (budget authority and outlays flowing therefrom) to the Committee on Appropriations for fiscal year 2014 by an amount equal to the new budget authority (and outlays flowing therefrom) provided for in a bill or joint resolution making appropriations for the same purpose.

(b) ADJUSTMENTS TO IMPLEMENT DISCRETIONARY SPENDING CAPS AND TO FUND VETERANS' PROGRAMS AND OVERSEAS CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS/GLOBAL WAR ON TERRORISM.—

(1) FINDINGS.—(A) The President has not submitted a budget for fiscal year 2014 as required pursuant to section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, by the date set forth in that section.

(B) In missing the statutory date by which the budget must be submitted, this will be

the fourth time in five years the President has not complied with that deadline.

(C) This concurrent resolution reflects the levels of funding for veterans' medical programs as set forth in the President's fiscal year 2013 budget request.

(2) PRESIDENT'S BUDGET SUBMISSION.—In order to take into account any new information included in the budget submission by the President for fiscal year 2014, the chair of the Committee on the Budget may adjust the allocations, aggregates, and other appropriate budgetary levels for veterans' programs, Overseas Contingency Operations/Global War on Terrorism, or the 302(a) allocation to the Committee on Appropriations set forth in the report of this concurrent resolution to conform with section 251(c) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (as adjusted by section 251A of such Act).

(3) REVISED CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE BASELINE.—The chair of the Committee on the Budget may adjust the allocations, aggregates, and other appropriate budgetary levels to reflect changes resulting from technical and economic assumptions in the most recent baseline published by the Congressional Budget Office.

(c) DETERMINATIONS.—For the purpose of enforcing this concurrent resolution on the budget in the House, the allocations and aggregate levels of new budget authority, outlays, direct spending, new entitlement authority, revenues, deficits, and surpluses for fiscal year 2014 and the period of fiscal years 2014 through fiscal year 2023 shall be determined on the basis of estimates made by the chair of the Committee on the Budget and such chair may adjust such applicable levels of this concurrent resolution.

SEC. 604. LIMITATION ON LONG-TERM SPENDING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In the House, it shall not be in order to consider a bill or joint resolution reported by a committee (other than the Committee on Appropriations), or an amendment thereto or a conference report thereon, if the provisions of such measure have the net effect of increasing direct spending in excess of \$5,000,000,000 for any period described in subsection (b).

(b) TIME PERIODS.—The applicable periods for purposes of this section are any of the four consecutive ten fiscal-year periods beginning with fiscal year 2024.

SEC. 605. BUDGETARY TREATMENT OF CERTAIN TRANSACTIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 302(a)(1) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, section 13301 of the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990, and section 4001 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1989, the report accompanying this concurrent resolution on the budget or the joint explanatory statement accompanying the conference report on any concurrent resolution on the budget shall include in its allocation under section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to the Committee on Appropriations amounts for the discretionary administrative expenses of the Social Security Administration and the United States Postal Service.

(b) SPECIAL RULE.—For purposes of applying sections 302(f) and 311 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, estimates of the level of total new budget authority and total outlays provided by a measure shall include any off-budget discretionary amounts.

(c) ADJUSTMENTS.—The chair of the Committee on the Budget may adjust the allocations, aggregates, and other appropriate levels for legislation reported by the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform that reforms the Federal retirement system, if such adjustments do not cause a net increase in the deficit for fiscal year 2014 and the period of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.

SEC. 606. APPLICATION AND EFFECT OF CHANGES IN ALLOCATIONS AND AGGREGATES.

(a) APPLICATION.—Any adjustments of the allocations, aggregates, and other appropriate levels made pursuant to this concurrent resolution shall—

(1) apply while that measure is under consideration;

(2) take effect upon the enactment of that measure; and

(3) be published in the Congressional Record as soon as practicable.

(b) EFFECT OF CHANGED ALLOCATIONS AND AGGREGATES.—Revised allocations and aggregates resulting from these adjustments shall be considered for the purposes of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 as allocations and aggregates included in this concurrent resolution.

(c) BUDGET COMPLIANCE.—(1) The consideration of any bill or joint resolution, or amendment thereto or conference report thereon, for which the chair of the Committee on the Budget makes adjustments or revisions in the allocations, aggregates, and other appropriate levels of this concurrent resolution shall not be subject to the points of order set forth in clause 10 of rule XXI of the Rules of the House of Representatives or section 604.

(2) Section 314(f) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 shall not apply in the House of Representatives to any bill, joint resolution, or amendment that provides new budget authority for a fiscal year or to any conference report on any such bill or resolution, if—

(A) the enactment of that bill or resolution;

(B) the adoption and enactment of that amendment; or

(C) the enactment of that bill or resolution in the form recommended in that conference report;

would not cause the appropriate allocation of new budget authority made pursuant to section 302(a) of such Act for that fiscal year to be exceeded or the sum of the limits on the security and non-security category in section 251A of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act as reduced pursuant to such section.

SEC. 607. CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE ESTIMATES.

(a) FINDINGS.—The House finds the following:

(1) Costs of Federal housing loans and loan guarantees are treated unequally in the budget. The Congressional Budget Office uses fair-value accounting to measure the costs of Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac, but determines the cost of other Federal housing programs on the basis of the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 ("FCRA").

(2) The fair-value accounting method uses discount rates which incorporate the risk inherent to the type of liability being estimated in addition to Treasury discount rates of the proper maturity length. In contrast, cash-basis accounting solely uses the discount rates of the Treasury, failing to incorporate risks such as prepayment and default risk.

(3) The Congressional Budget Office estimates that the \$635 billion of loans and loan guarantees issued in 2013 alone would generate budgetary savings of \$45 billion over their lifetime using FCRA accounting. However, these same loans and loan guarantees would have a lifetime cost of \$11 billion under fair-value methodology.

(4) The majority of loans and guarantees issued in 2013 would show deficit reduction of \$9.1 billion under FCRA methodology, but would increase the deficit by \$4.7 billion using fair-value accounting.

(b) FAIR VALUE ESTIMATES.—Upon the request of the chair or ranking member of the

Committee on the Budget, any estimate prepared by the Director of the Congressional Budget Office for a measure under the terms of title V of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, “credit reform”, as a supplement to such estimate shall, to the extent practicable, also provide an estimate of the current actual or estimated market values representing the “fair value” of assets and liabilities affected by such measure.

(c) **FAIR VALUE ESTIMATES FOR HOUSING PROGRAMS.**—Whenever the Director of the Congressional Budget Office prepares an estimate pursuant to section 402 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 of the costs which would be incurred in carrying out any bill or joint resolution and if the Director determines that such bill or joint resolution has a cost related to a housing or residential mortgage program under the FCRA, then the Director shall also provide an estimate of the current actual or estimated market values representing the “fair value” of assets and liabilities affected by the provisions of such bill or joint resolution that result in such cost.

(d) **ENFORCEMENT.**—If the Director of the Congressional Budget Office provides an estimate pursuant to subsection (b) or (c), the chair of the Committee on the Budget may use such estimate to determine compliance with the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and other budgetary enforcement controls.

SEC. 608. TRANSFERS FROM THE GENERAL FUND OF THE TREASURY TO THE HIGHWAY TRUST FUND THAT INCREASE PUBLIC INDEBTEDNESS.

For purposes of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, or the rules or orders of the House of Representatives, a bill or joint resolution, or an amendment thereto or conference report thereon, that transfers funds from the general fund of the Treasury to the Highway Trust Fund shall be counted as new budget authority and outlays equal to the amount of the transfer in the fiscal year the transfer occurs.

SEC. 609. SEPARATE ALLOCATION FOR OVERSEAS CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS/GLOBAL WAR ON TERRORISM.

(a) **ALLOCATION.**—In the House, there shall be a separate allocation to the Committee on Appropriations for overseas contingency operations/global war on terrorism. For purposes of enforcing such separate allocation under section 302(f) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the “first fiscal year” and the “total of fiscal years” shall be deemed to refer to fiscal year 2014. Such separate allocation shall be the exclusive allocation for overseas contingency operations/global war on terrorism under section 302(a) of such Act. Section 302(c) of such Act shall not apply to such separate allocation. The Committee on Appropriations may provide suballocations of such separate allocation under section 302(b) of such Act. Spending that counts toward the allocation established by this section shall be designated pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(ii) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

(b) **ADJUSTMENT.**—In the House, for purposes of subsection (a) for fiscal year 2014, no adjustment shall be made under section 314(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 if any adjustment would be made under section 251(b)(2)(A)(ii) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

SEC. 610. EXERCISE OF RULEMAKING POWERS.

The House adopts the provisions of this title—

(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the House of Representatives and as such they shall be considered as part of the rules of the House of Representatives, and these

rules shall supersede other rules only to the extent that they are inconsistent with other such rules; and

(2) with full recognition of the constitutional right of the House of Representatives to change those rules at any time, in the same manner, and to the same extent as in the case of any other rule of the House of Representatives.

TITLE VII—POLICY STATEMENTS

SEC. 701. POLICY STATEMENT ON ECONOMIC GROWTH AND JOB CREATION.

(a) **FINDINGS.**—The House finds the following:

(1) Although the U.S. economy technically emerged from recession roughly four years ago, the recovery has felt more like a malaise than a rebound with the unemployment rate still elevated and real economic growth essentially flat in the final quarter of 2012.

(2) The enormous build-up of Government debt in the past four years has worsened the already unsustainable course of Federal finances and is an increasing drag on the U.S. economy.

(3) During the recession and early stages of recovery, the Government took a variety of measures to try to boost economic activity. Despite the fact that these stimulus measures added over \$1 trillion to the debt, the economy continues to perform at a sub-par trend.

(4) Investors and businesses make decisions on a forward-looking basis. They know that today’s large debt levels are simply tomorrow’s tax hikes, interest rate increases, or inflation – and they act accordingly. It is this debt overhang, and the uncertainty it generates, that is weighing on U.S. growth, investment, and job creation.

(5) Economists have found that the key to jump-starting U.S. economic growth and job creation is tangible action to rein in the growth of Government spending with the aim of getting debt under control.

(6) Stanford economist John Taylor has concluded that reducing Government spending now would “reduce the threats of higher taxes, higher interest rates and a fiscal crisis”, and would therefore provide an immediate stimulus to the economy.

(7) Federal Reserve Chairman Ben Bernanke has stated that putting in place a credible plan to reduce future deficits “would not only enhance economic performance in the long run, but could also yield near-term benefits by leading to lower long-term interest rates and increased consumer and business confidence.”

(8) Lowering spending would boost market confidence and lessen uncertainty, leading to a spark in economic expansion, job creation, and higher wages and income.

(b) **POLICY ON ECONOMIC GROWTH AND JOB CREATION.**—It is the policy of this resolution to promote faster economic growth and job creation. By putting the budget on a sustainable path, this resolution ends the debt-fueled uncertainty holding back job creators. Reforms to the tax code put American businesses and workers in a better position to compete and thrive in the 21st century global economy. This resolution targets the regulatory red tape and cronyism that stack the deck in favor of special interests. All of the reforms in this resolution serve as means to the larger end of growing the economy and expanding opportunity for all Americans.

SEC. 702. POLICY STATEMENT ON TAX REFORM.

(a) **FINDINGS.**—The House finds the following:

(1) A world-class tax system should be simple, fair, and promote (rather than impede) economic growth. The U.S. tax code fails on all three counts – it is notoriously complex, patently unfair, and highly inefficient. The tax code’s complexity distorts decisions to

work, save, and invest, which leads to slower economic growth, lower wages, and less job creation.

(2) Since 2001 alone, there have been more than 3,250 changes to the code. Many of the major changes over the years have involved carving out special preferences, exclusions, or deductions for various activities or groups. These loopholes add up to more than \$1 trillion per year and make the code unfair, inefficient, and very complex.

(3) These tax preferences are disproportionately used by upper-income individuals. For instance, the top 1 percent of taxpayers reap about 3 times as much benefit from special tax credits and deductions (excluding refundable credits) than the middle class and 13 times as much benefit than the lowest income quintile.

(4) The large amount of tax preferences that pervade the code end up narrowing the tax base by as much as 50 percent. A narrow tax base, in turn, requires much higher tax rates to raise a given amount of revenue.

(5) The National Taxpayer Advocate reports that taxpayers spent 6.1 billion hours in 2012 complying with tax requirements.

(6) Standard economic theory shows that high marginal tax rates dampen the incentives to work, save, and invest, which reduces economic output and job creation. Lower economic output, in turn, mutes the intended revenue gain from higher marginal tax rates.

(7) Roughly half of U.S. active business income and half of private sector employment are derived from business entities (such as partnerships, S corporations, and sole proprietorships) that are taxed on a “pass-through” basis, meaning the income flows through to the tax returns of the individual owners and is taxed at the individual rate structure rather than at the corporate rate. Small businesses in particular tend to choose this form for Federal tax purposes, and the top Federal rate on such small business income reaches 44.6 percent. For these reasons, sound economic policy requires lowering marginal rates on these pass-through entities.

(8) The U.S. corporate income tax rate (including Federal, State, and local taxes) sums to just over 39 percent, the highest rate in the industrialized world. The total Federal marginal tax rate on corporate income now reaches 55 percent, when including the shareholder-level tax on dividends and capital gains. Tax rates this high suppress wages and discourage investment and job creation, distort business activity, and put American businesses at a competitive disadvantage with foreign competitors.

(9) By deterring potential investment, the U.S. corporate tax restrains economic growth and job creation. The U.S. tax rate differential with other countries also fosters a variety of complicated multinational corporate behaviors intended to avoid the tax, which have the effect of moving the tax base offshore, destroying American jobs, and decreasing corporate revenue.

(10) The “worldwide” structure of U.S. international taxation essentially taxes earnings of U.S. firms twice, putting them at a significant competitive disadvantage with competitors with more competitive international tax systems.

(11) Reforming the U.S. tax code to a more competitive international system would boost the competitiveness of U.S. companies operating abroad and it would also greatly reduce tax avoidance.

(12) The tax code imposes costs on American workers through lower wages, on consumers in higher prices, and on investors in diminished returns.

(13) Revenues have averaged 18 percent of the economy throughout modern American

history. Revenues rise above this level under current law to 19.1 percent of the economy, and – if the spending restraints in this budget are enacted – this level is sufficient to fund Government operations over time.

(14) Attempting to raise revenue through tax increases to meet out-of-control spending would sink the economy.

(15) Closing tax loopholes to fund spending does not constitute fundamental tax reform.

(16) The goal of tax reform should be to curb or eliminate loopholes and use those savings to lower tax rates across the board – not to fund more wasteful Government spending. Tax reform should be revenue-neutral and should not be an excuse to raise taxes on the American people.

(b) **POLICY ON TAX REFORM.**—It is the policy of this resolution that Congress should enact legislation during fiscal year 2014 that provides for a comprehensive reform of the U.S. tax code to promote economic growth, create American jobs, increase wages, and benefit American consumers, investors, and workers through revenue-neutral fundamental tax reform, which should be reported by the Committee on Ways and Means to the House not later than December 31, 2013, that—

(1) simplifies the tax code to make it fairer to American families and businesses and reduces the amount of time and resources necessary to comply with tax laws;

(2) substantially lowers tax rates for individuals, with a goal of achieving a top individual rate of 25 percent and consolidating the current seven individual income tax brackets into two brackets with a first bracket of 10 percent;

(3) repeals the Alternative Minimum Tax;

(4) reduces the corporate tax rate to 25 percent; and

(5) transitions the tax code to a more competitive system of international taxation.

SEC. 703. POLICY STATEMENT ON MEDICARE.

(a) **FINDINGS.**—The House finds the following:

(1) More than 50 million Americans depend on Medicare for their health security.

(2) The Medicare Trustees Report has repeatedly recommended that Medicare's long-term financial challenges be addressed soon. Each year without reform, the financial condition of Medicare becomes more precarious and the threat to those in or near retirement becomes more pronounced. According to the Congressional Budget Office—

(A) the Hospital Insurance Trust Fund will be exhausted in 2023 and unable to pay scheduled benefits; and

(B) Medicare spending is growing faster than the economy and Medicare outlays are currently rising at a rate of 6.2 percent per year, and under the Congressional Budget Office's alternative fiscal scenario, direct spending on Medicare is projected to exceed 7 percent of GDP by 2040 and reach 13 percent of GDP by 2085.

(3) The President's health care law created a new Federal agency called the Independent Payment Advisory Board ("IPAB") empowered with unilateral authority to cut Medicare spending. As a result of that law—

(A) IPAB will be tasked with keeping the Medicare per capita growth below a Medicare per capita target growth rate. Prior to 2018, the target growth rate is based on the five-year average of overall inflation and medical inflation. Beginning in 2018, the target growth rate will be the five-year average increase in the nominal Gross Domestic Product (GDP) plus one percentage point;

(B) the fifteen unelected, unaccountable bureaucrats of IPAB will make decisions that will reduce seniors access to care;

(C) the nonpartisan Office of the Medicare Chief Actuary estimates that the provider

cuts already contained in the Affordable Care Act will force 15 percent of hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, and home health agencies to close in 2019; and

(D) additional cuts from the IPAB board will force even more health care providers to close their doors, and the Board should be repealed.

(4) Failing to address this problem will leave millions of American seniors without adequate health security and younger generations burdened with enormous debt to pay for spending levels that cannot be sustained.

(b) **POLICY ON MEDICARE REFORM.**—It is the policy of this resolution to protect those in or near retirement from any disruptions to their Medicare benefits and offer future beneficiaries the same health care options available to Members of Congress.

(c) **ASSUMPTIONS.**—This resolution assumes reform of the Medicare program such that:

(1) Current Medicare benefits are preserved for those in or near retirement.

(2) For future generations, when they reach eligibility, Medicare is reformed to provide a premium support payment and a selection of guaranteed health coverage options from which recipients can choose a plan that best suits their needs.

(3) Medicare will maintain traditional fee-for-service as an option.

(4) Medicare will provide additional assistance for lower-income beneficiaries and those with greater health risks.

(5) Medicare spending is put on a sustainable path and the Medicare program becomes solvent over the long-term.

SEC. 704. POLICY STATEMENT ON SOCIAL SECURITY.

(a) **FINDINGS.**—The House finds the following:

(1) More than 55 million retirees, individuals with disabilities, and survivors depend on Social Security. Since enactment, Social Security has served as a vital leg on the "three-legged stool" of retirement security, which includes employer provided pensions as well as personal savings.

(2) The Social Security Trustees Report has repeatedly recommended that Social Security's long-term financial challenges be addressed soon. Each year without reform, the financial condition of Social Security becomes more precarious and the threat to seniors and those receiving Social Security disability benefits becomes more pronounced:

(A) In 2016, the Disability Insurance Trust Fund will be exhausted and program revenues will be unable to pay scheduled benefits.

(B) In 2033, the combined Old-Age and Survivors and Disability Trust Funds will be exhausted, and program revenues will be unable to pay scheduled benefits.

(C) With the exhaustion of the Trust Funds in 2033, benefits will be cut 25 percent across the board, devastating those currently in or near retirement and those who rely on Social Security the most.

(3) The recession and continued low economic growth have exacerbated the looming fiscal crisis facing Social Security. The most recent CBO projections find that Social Security will run cash deficits of \$1.319 trillion over the next 10 years.

(4) Lower-income Americans rely on Social Security for a larger proportion of their retirement income. Therefore, reforms should take into consideration the need to protect lower-income Americans' retirement security.

(5) The Disability Insurance program provides an essential income safety net for those with disabilities and their families. According to the Congressional Budget Office (CBO), between 1970 and 2012, the number of people receiving disability benefits (both disabled workers and their dependent family

members) has increased by over 300 percent from 2.7 million to over 10.9 million. This increase is not due strictly to population growth or decreases in health. David Autor and Mark Duggan have found that the increase in individuals on disability does not reflect a decrease in self-reported health. CBO attributes program growth to changes in demographics, changes in the composition of the labor force and compensation, as well as Federal policies.

(6) If this program is not reformed, families who rely on the lifeline that disability benefits provide will face benefit cuts of up to 25 percent in 2016, devastating individuals who need assistance the most.

(7) Americans deserve action by the President, the House, and the Senate to preserve and strengthen Social Security. It is critical that bipartisan action be taken to address the looming insolvency of Social Security. In this spirit, this resolution creates a bipartisan opportunity to find solutions by requiring policymakers to ensure that Social Security remains a critical part of the safety net.

(b) **POLICY STATEMENT ON SOCIAL SECURITY.**—It is the policy of this resolution that Congress should work on a bipartisan basis to make Social Security sustainably solvent. This resolution assumes reform of a current law trigger, such that:

(1) If in any year the Board of Trustees of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund annual Trustees Report determines that the 75-year actuarial balance of the Social Security Trust Funds is in deficit, and the annual balance of the Social Security Trust Funds in the 75th year is in deficit, the Board of Trustees shall, no later than September 30 of the same calendar year, submit to the President recommendations for statutory reforms necessary to achieve a positive 75-year actuarial balance and a positive annual balance in the 75th year. Recommendations provided to the President must be agreed upon by both Public Trustees of the Board of Trustees.

(2) Not later than December 1 of the same calendar year in which the Board of Trustees submit their recommendations, the President shall promptly submit implementing legislation to both Houses of Congress including his recommendations necessary to achieve a positive 75-year actuarial balance and a positive annual balance in the 75th year. The Majority Leader of the Senate and the Majority Leader of the House shall introduce the President's legislation upon receipt.

(3) Within 60 days of the President submitting legislation, the committees of jurisdiction to which the legislation has been referred shall report the bill which shall be considered by the full House or Senate under expedited procedures.

(4) Legislation submitted by the President shall—

(A) protect those in or near retirement;

(B) preserve the safety net for those who count on Social Security the most, including those with disabilities and survivors;

(C) improve fairness for participants;

(D) reduce the burden on, and provide certainty for, future generations; and

(E) secure the future of the Disability Insurance program while addressing the needs of those with disabilities today and improving the determination process.

SEC. 705. POLICY STATEMENT ON HIGHER EDUCATION AFFORDABILITY.

(a) **FINDINGS.**—The House finds the following:

(1) A well-educated workforce is critical to economic, job, and wage growth.

(2) More than 21 million students are enrolled in American colleges and universities.

(3) Over the last decade, tuition and fees have been growing at an unsustainable rate.

Between the 2001-2002 Academic Year and the 2011-2012 Academic Year:

(A) Published tuition and fees for in-State students at public four-year colleges and universities increased at an average rate of 5.6 percent per year beyond the rate of general inflation.

(B) Published tuition and fees for in-State students at public two-year colleges and universities increased at an average rate of 3.8 percent per year beyond the rate of general inflation.

(C) Published tuition and fees for in-State students at private four-year colleges and universities increased at an average rate of 2.6 percent per year beyond the rate of general inflation.

(4) Over that same period, Federal financial aid has increased 140 percent beyond the rate of general inflation.

(5) This spending has failed to make college more affordable.

(6) In his 2012 State of the Union Address, President Obama noted that, "We can't just keep subsidizing skyrocketing tuition; we'll run out of money."

(7) American students are chasing ever-increasing tuition with ever-increasing debt. According to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, student debt nearly tripled between 2004 and 2012, and now stands at nearly \$1 trillion. Student debt now has the second largest balance after mortgage debt.

(8) Students are carrying large debt loads and too many fail to complete college or end up defaulting on these loans due to their debt burden and a weak economy and job market.

(9) Based on estimates from the Congressional Budget Office, the Pell Grant Program will face a fiscal shortfall beginning in fiscal year 2015 and continuing in each subsequent year in the current budget window.

(10) Failing to address these problems will jeopardize access and affordability to higher education for America's young people.

(b) **POLICY ON HIGHER EDUCATION AFFORDABILITY.**—It is the policy of this resolution to address the root drivers of tuition inflation, by—

(1) targeting Federal financial aid to those most in need;

(2) streamlining programs that provide aid to make them more effective;

(3) maintaining the maximum Pell grant award level at \$5,645 in each year of the budget window; and

(4) removing regulatory barriers in higher education that act to restrict flexibility and innovative teaching, particularly as it relates to non-traditional models such as online coursework and competency-based learning.

SEC. 706. POLICY STATEMENT ON DEFICIT REDUCTION THROUGH THE CANCELLATION OF UNOBLIGATED BALANCES.

(a) **FINDINGS.**—The House finds the following:

(1) According to the last available estimate from the Office of Management and Budget, Federal agencies were expected to hold \$698 billion in unobligated balances at the close of fiscal year 2013.

(2) These funds represent direct and discretionary spending made available by Congress that remains available for expenditure beyond the fiscal year for which they are provided.

(3) In some cases, agencies are granted funding and it remains available for obligation indefinitely.

(4) The Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 requires the Office of Management and Budget to make funds available to agencies for obligation and prohibits the Administration from withholding or cancelling unobligated funds unless approved by an act of Congress.

(5) Greater congressional oversight is required to review and identify potential savings from unneeded balances of funds.

(b) **POLICY STATEMENT ON DEFICIT REDUCTION THROUGH THE CANCELLATION OF UNOBLIGATED BALANCES.**—Congressional committees shall through their oversight activities identify and achieve savings through the cancellation or rescission of unobligated balances that neither abrogate contractual obligations of the Government nor reduce or disrupt Federal commitments under programs such as Social Security, veterans' affairs, national security, and Treasury authority to finance the national debt.

(c) **DEFICIT REDUCTION.**—Congress, with the assistance of the Government Accountability Office, the Inspectors General, and other appropriate agencies should make it a high priority to review unobligated balances and identify savings for deficit reduction.

SEC. 707. POLICY STATEMENT ON RESPONSIBLE STEWARDSHIP OF TAXPAYER DOLLARS.

(a) **FINDINGS.**—The House finds the following:

(1) The House of Representatives cut budgets for Members of Congress, House committees, and leadership offices by 5 percent in 2011 and an additional 6.4 percent in 2012.

(2) The House of Representatives achieved savings of \$36.5 million over three years by consolidating House operations and renegotiating contracts.

(b) **POLICY.**—It is the policy of this resolution that:

(1) The House of Representatives must be a model for the responsible stewardship of taxpayer resources and therefore must identify any savings that can be achieved through greater productivity and efficiency gains in the operation and maintenance of House services and resources like printing, conferences, utilities, telecommunications, furniture, grounds maintenance, postage, and rent. This should include a review of policies and procedures for acquisition of goods and services to eliminate any unnecessary spending. The Committee on House Administration should review the policies pertaining to the services provided to Members and committees of the House, and should identify ways to reduce any subsidies paid for the operation of the House gym, barber shop, salon, and the House dining room.

(2) No taxpayer funds may be used to purchase first class airfare or to lease corporate jets for Members of Congress.

SEC. 708. POLICY STATEMENT ON DEFICIT REDUCTION THROUGH THE REDUCTION OF UNNECESSARY AND WASTEFUL SPENDING.

(a) **FINDINGS.**—The House finds the following:

(1) The Government Accountability Office ("GAO") is required by law to identify examples of waste, duplication, and overlap in Federal programs, and has so identified dozens of such examples.

(2) In testimony before the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform, the Comptroller General has stated that addressing the identified waste, duplication, and overlap in Federal programs "could potentially save tens of billions of dollars."

(3) In 2011 and 2012, the Government Accountability Office issued reports showing excessive duplication and redundancy in Federal programs including—

(A) 209 "Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics" ("STEM") education programs in 13 different Federal agencies at a cost of \$3 billion annually;

(B) 200 separate Department of Justice crime prevention and victim services grant programs with an annual cost of \$3.9 billion in 2010;

(C) 20 different Federal entities administer 160 housing programs and other forms of

Federal assistance for housing with a total cost of \$170 billion in 2010;

(D) 17 separate Homeland Security preparedness grant programs that spent \$37 billion between fiscal year 2011 and 2012;

(E) 13 programs, 3 tax benefits, and one loan program to reduce diesel emissions; and

(F) 94 different initiatives run by 11 different agencies to encourage "green building" in the private sector.

(4) The Federal Government spends about \$80 billion each year for information technology. GAO has identified broad acquisition failures, waste, and unnecessary duplication in the Government's information technology infrastructure. Experts have estimated that eliminating these problems could save 25 percent – or \$20 billion – of the Government's annual information technology budget.

(5) Federal agencies reported an estimated \$108 billion in improper payments in fiscal year 2012.

(6) Under clause 2 of Rule XI of the Rules of the House of Representatives, each standing committee must hold at least one hearing during each 120 day period following its establishment on waste, fraud, abuse, or mismanagement in Government programs.

(7) According to the Congressional Budget Office, by fiscal year 2014, 42 laws will expire, possibly resulting in \$685 billion in unauthorized appropriations. Timely reauthorizations of these laws would ensure assessments of program justification and effectiveness.

(8) The findings resulting from congressional oversight of Federal Government programs should result in programmatic changes in both authorizing statutes and program funding levels.

(b) **POLICY STATEMENT ON DEFICIT REDUCTION THROUGH THE REDUCTION OF UNNECESSARY AND WASTEFUL SPENDING.**—Each authorizing committee annually shall include in its Views and Estimates letter required under section 301(d) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 recommendations to the Committee on the Budget of programs within the jurisdiction of such committee whose funding should be reduced or eliminated.

SEC. 709. POLICY STATEMENT ON UNAUTHORIZED SPENDING.

It is the policy of this resolution that the committees of jurisdiction should review all unauthorized programs funded through annual appropriations to determine if the programs are operating efficiently and effectively. Committees should reauthorize those programs that in the committees' judgment should continue to receive funding.

TITLE VIII—SENSE OF THE HOUSE PROVISIONS

SEC. 801. SENSE OF THE HOUSE ON THE IMPORTANCE OF CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT.

It is the sense of the House that—

(1) additional legislative action is needed to ensure that States have the necessary resources to collect all child support that is owed to families and to allow them to pass 100 percent of support on to families without financial penalty; and

(2) when 100 percent of child support payments are passed to the child, rather than administrative expenses, program integrity is improved and child support participation increases.

SA 434. Mr. TOOMEY (for himself and Mr. CASEY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate

budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO INCREASING FUNDING FOR THE INLAND WATERWAYS SYSTEM.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to funding the inland waterways system, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 435. Mr. HOEVEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 22, line 15, increase the amount by \$2,279,000,000.

On page 22, line 16, increase the amount by \$2,279,000,000.

On page 46, line 11, decrease the amount by \$2,279,000,000.

On page 46, line 12, decrease the amount by \$2,279,000,000.

SA 436. Mr. HOEVEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 29, line 24, increase the amount by \$8,131,000.

On page 29, line 25, increase the amount by \$8,131,000.

On page 46, line 11, decrease the amount by \$8,131,000.

On page 46, line 12, decrease the amount by \$8,131,000.

SA 437. Mr. BURR (for himself, Mr. ENZI, and Mr. BARRASSO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROVIDE RELIEF TO SMALL BUSINESSES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the budget

authority and outlay allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that may define a large employer for purposes of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148) as an employer with 50 or more full-time employees rather than considering full-time equivalent employees for such purposes without raising new revenue, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 438. Mrs. SHAHEEN (for herself, Ms. STABENOW, Mrs. BOXER, and Mr. LAUTENBERG) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO WOMEN'S HEALTH CARE.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to women's access to health care, which may include the protection of basic primary and preventative health care, family planning and birth control, or employer-provided contraceptive coverage for women's health care, by the amounts provided in such legislation for these purposes, provided that such legislation does not increase the deficit or revenues over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 439. Mrs. MURRAY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; as follows:

On page 56, line 12, insert "relief for low and middle income families" after "enterprises."

SA 440. Mr. SANDERS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO GLOBAL WARMING.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the alloca-

tions of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to the need to address global warming, which may include transforming energy systems from fossil fuels to energy efficiency and sustainable energy, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 441. Mrs. McCASKILL (for herself and Mr. PORTMAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 332. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO REFORM THE PROCESS OF ENACTING TEMPORARY DUTY SUSPENSIONS AND REDUCTIONS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, which may include extending the ban on earmarks and creating a transparent, streamlined, merit-based, non-political process for considering amendments to that Schedule to temporarily suspend or reduce duties, under which the United States International Trade Commission may process initial requests for duty suspensions and reductions and propose legislation to Congress for consideration, and other recommended reforms, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 442. Mr. CASEY (for himself, Mr. COONS, and Ms. CANTWELL) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations, aggregates, and other levels in this resolution by the amounts provided by a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, or conference report to support State and local law enforcement, which may include investing in

State formula grants, to aid State and local law enforcement and criminal justice systems in implementing innovative, evidence-based approaches to crime prevention and control, including strategies such as specialty courts, multi-jurisdictional task forces, technology improvement, and information sharing systems, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 443. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO ESTABLISH REASONABLE DEADLINES FOR PROCESSES UNDER THE NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT OF 1969.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would establish reasonable deadlines for the rejection of environmental impact statements and environmental assessments under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in the legislation for those purposes, provided that the legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 444. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 20, line 19, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 20, line 20, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 20, line 23, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 20, line 24, decrease the amount by \$1,200,000.

On page 21, line 2, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 21, line 3, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 21, line 6, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 21, line 7, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 21, line 10, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 21, line 11, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 21, line 14, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 21, line 15, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 21, line 18, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 21, line 19, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 21, line 22, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 21, line 23, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 22, line 2, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 22, line 3, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 22, line 6, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 22, line 7, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

SA 445. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 20, line 19, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 20, line 20, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 20, line 23, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 20, line 24, decrease the amount by \$1,200,000.

On page 21, line 2, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 21, line 3, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 21, line 6, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 21, line 7, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 21, line 10, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 21, line 11, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 21, line 14, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 21, line 15, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 21, line 18, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 21, line 19, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 21, line 22, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 21, line 23, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 22, line 2, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 22, line 3, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 22, line 6, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

On page 22, line 7, decrease the amount by \$1,300,000.

SA 446. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO END ALL ENERGY SUBSIDIES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the alloca-

tions of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would prevent Federal agencies from providing direct funding or loan guarantees for energy projects to private entities without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in the legislation for those purposes, provided that the legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 447. Mr. KIRK (for himself and Ms. MIKULSKI) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO THE EXPANSION OF THE VISA WAIVER PROGRAM.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to the Visa Waiver Program, which may include efforts to expand the Program to include strong democratic allies, such as Poland, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 448. Mr. HATCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Beginning on page 49, strike line 20 and all that follows through page 50, line 3 and insert the following:

TITLE II—RESERVE FUNDS

SEC. 201. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR REVENUE-NEUTRAL PRO-GROWTH TAX REFORM.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or conference reports that reform the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure a revenue structure that is more efficient for businesses, leads to a more competitive international business environment for United States enterprises, and may result in additional rate reductions without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of

fiscal years 2014 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.

On page 4, line 6, reduce the amount by \$20,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 7, reduce the amount by \$40,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 8, reduce the amount by \$55,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 9, reduce the amount by \$70,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 10, reduce the amount by \$82,110,000,000.

On page 4, line 11, reduce the amount by \$95,881,000,000.

On page 4, line 12, reduce the amount by \$115,534,000,000.

On page 4, line 13, reduce the amount by \$135,203,000,000.

On page 4, line 14, reduce the amount by \$149,801,000,000.

On page 4, line 15, reduce the amount by \$159,630,000,000.

On page 4, line 20, reduce the amount by \$20,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 21, reduce the amount by \$40,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 22, reduce the amount by \$55,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 23, reduce the amount by \$70,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 24, reduce the amount by \$82,110,000,000.

On page 4, line 25, reduce the amount by \$95,881,000,000.

On page 5, line 1, reduce the amount by \$115,534,000,000.

On page 5, line 2, reduce the amount by \$135,203,000,000.

On page 5, line 3, reduce the amount by \$149,801,000,000.

On page 5, line 4, reduce the amount by \$159,630,000,000.

SA 449. Mr. HATCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Beginning on page 49, strike line 20 and all that follows through page 50, line 3 and insert the following:

TITLE II—RESERVE FUNDS

SEC. 201. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR REVENUE-NEUTRAL PRO-GROWTH TAX REFORM.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or conference reports that reform the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure a revenue structure that is more efficient for individuals, and may result in additional rate reductions without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2014 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.

On page 4, line 6, reduce the amount by \$20,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 7, reduce the amount by \$40,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 8, reduce the amount by \$55,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 9, reduce the amount by \$70,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 10, reduce the amount by \$82,110,000,000.

On page 4, line 11, reduce the amount by \$95,881,000,000.

On page 4, line 12, reduce the amount by \$115,534,000,000.

On page 4, line 13, reduce the amount by \$135,203,000,000.

On page 4, line 14, reduce the amount by \$149,801,000,000.

On page 4, line 15, reduce the amount by \$159,630,000,000.

On page 4, line 20, reduce the amount by \$20,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 21, reduce the amount by \$40,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 22, reduce the amount by \$55,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 23, reduce the amount by \$70,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 24, reduce the amount by \$82,110,000,000.

On page 4, line 25, reduce the amount by \$95,881,000,000.

On page 5, line 1, reduce the amount by \$115,534,000,000.

On page 5, line 2, reduce the amount by \$135,203,000,000.

On page 5, line 3, reduce the amount by \$149,801,000,000.

On page 5, line 4, reduce the amount by \$159,630,000,000.

SA 450. Mr. HATCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Beginning on page 49, strike line 20 and all that follows through page 50, line 2.

On page 4, line 5, increase the amount by \$2,700,000,000

On page 4, line 6, reduce the amount by \$11,600,000,000.

On page 4, line 7, reduce the amount by \$36,900,000,000.

On page 4, line 8, reduce the amount by \$36,100,000,000.

On page 4, line 9, reduce the amount by \$39,500,000,000.

On page 4, line 10, reduce the amount by \$43,000,000,000.

On page 4, line 11, reduce the amount by \$46,100,000,000.

On page 4, line 12, reduce the amount by \$48,900,000,000.

On page 4, line 13, reduce the amount by \$51,800,000,000.

On page 4, line 14, reduce the amount by \$54,800,000,000.

On page 4, line 15, reduce the amount by \$57,600,000,000.

SA 451. Mr. HATCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Beginning on page 49, strike line 20 and all that follows through page 50, line 2.

On page 4, line 6, reduce the amount by \$6,255,000,000.

On page 4, line 7, reduce the amount by \$7,238,000,000.

On page 4, line 8, reduce the amount by \$8,229,000,000.

On page 4, line 9, reduce the amount by \$9,182,000,000.

On page 4, line 10, reduce the amount by \$10,100,000,000.

On page 4, line 11, reduce the amount by \$11,021,000,000.

On page 4, line 12, reduce the amount by \$11,965,000,000.

On page 4, line 13, reduce the amount by \$12,931,000,000.

On page 4, line 14, reduce the amount by \$13,906,000,000.

On page 4, line 15, reduce the amount by \$15,018,000,000.

SA 452. Mr. PAUL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title IV, add the following:

SEC. 4. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST LEGISLATION RELATING TO A GUN BAN TREATY.

(a) POINT OF ORDER.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, motion, amendment, amendment between the Houses, resolution, or conference report relating to ratification or implementation of, or funding for, a treaty that would require the registration of firearms or implement any firearm ban.

(b) WAIVER AND APPEAL.—Subsection (a) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under subsection (a).

SA 453. Mr. CARDIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 62, line 13, insert “improve overall population health, promote health equity or reduce health disparities,” after “nation,”.

SA 454. Mr. MURPHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 58, between lines 8 and 9, insert the following and renumber the succeeding paragraphs accordingly:

(8) international programs to export clean energy technologies and aid climate adaptation efforts, including those designed to reduce short-lived climate pollutants in the near term;

SA 455. Mr. BROWN (for himself and Mr. BLUNT) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO ESTABLISH A NATIONAL NETWORK FOR MANUFACTURING INNOVATION.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that relate to accelerating the development and deployment of advanced manufacturing technologies, advancing competitiveness, improving the speed and infrastructure with which small- and medium-sized enterprises and supply chains commercialize new processes and technologies, and informing industry-driven education and training, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 456. Mrs. BOXER (for herself, Mr. GRASSLEY, Mr. MANCHIN, Mrs. MCCASKILL, and Mr. TESTER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROVIDE FOR COMMONSENSE GOVERNMENT CONTRACTOR COMPENSATION LIMITS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to the government contractor compensation benchmark, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 457. Mr. VITTER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congress-

sional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title IV, add the following:

SEC. 4. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST LEGISLATION RELATING TO THE REGULATION OF GREENHOUSE GASES UNTIL CHINA, INDIA, AND RUSSIA IMPLEMENT AND ENFORCE SIMILAR MEASURES.

(a) POINT OF ORDER.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, motion, amendment, amendment between the Houses, or conference report relating to the provision of appropriations for any of fiscal years 2014 through 2023 for the regulation of greenhouse gas emissions, including carbon dioxide emissions, until the date on which the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Administrator of the Energy Information Administration, and the Secretary of Commerce certify in writing that each of the People's Republic of China, the Republic of India, and Russia have proposed, implemented, and enforced measures that require carbon dioxide emissions reductions that are substantially similar to carbon dioxide emission reductions proposed for the United States.

(b) WAIVER AND APPEAL.—Subsection (a) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under subsection (a).

SA 458. Mr. MANCHIN (for himself, Mr. VITTER, Mr. BARRASSO, Mr. ENZI, Mr. INHOFE, and Ms. HEITKAMP) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title IV, add the following:

SEC. 4. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST FUNDING FOR UNATTAINABLE EMISSIONS REGULATIONS.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) COMMERCIAL SCALE.—The term “commercial scale” means an electricity-generating unit that produces more than 100 megawatts of electricity.

(2) ECONOMICALLY VIABLE.—The term “economically viable”, with respect to a technology, means a technology that does not result in more than a 40-percent increase in electricity production costs from the electricity-generating unit at which the technology is used.

(3) UNREALISTIC OR UNATTAINABLE.—The term “unrealistic or unattainable” means a standard that—

(A) relies on a technology that has not been demonstrated on a commercial scale;

(B) is not presently economically viable; or

(C) requires less than 1,700 pounds of carbon dioxide per megawatt hour.

(b) POINT OF ORDER.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, motion, amendment, amendment between the Houses, or conference report that would provide funding to implement or enforce any Federal regulation that establishes an unrealistic or unattainable standard for carbon dioxide emissions from new coal-fired electricity-generating units.

(c) WAIVER AND APPEAL.—Subsection (b) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of ⅔ of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under subsection (b).

SA 459. Ms. COLLINS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROVIDE FOR SENSIBLE REGULATORY REFORM.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that provide for sensible regulatory reform, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 460. Mr. JOHANNIS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page __, between lines __ and __, insert the following:

SEC. ____ DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO REQUIRE REPORT TO CONGRESS ON EPA COMPLIANCE.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would require the Inspector General of the Environmental Protection Agency to submit to Congress, not less frequently than twice each year, a report on whether the Environmental Protection Agency has met regulatory reporting and regulatory agenda-setting requirements by the amounts provided in the legislation for those purposes, provided that the legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013

through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 461. Mr. JOHANNNS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page __, between lines __ and __, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR ASSISTANCE TO STATES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would require the Environmental Protection Agency to provide technical assistance and data, modeling, or technical support to any State that requests it pursuant to the development of a State implementation plan under section 110 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7410) by the amounts provided in the legislation for those purposes, provided that the legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 462. Mr. JOHANNNS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page __, between lines __ and __, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR AGENCY GUIDANCE DOCUMENTS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that would amend the Congressional Review Act (5 U.S.C. 801 et seq.) so that agency guidance documents are subject to resolutions of disapproval in the same manner as agency rules by the amounts provided in the legislation for those purposes, provided that the legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 463. Mr. JOHANNNS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which

was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 73, line 18, after “partnerships,” insert “proposals for reforming the use of guidance documents in agency rulemaking to consider their effect on manufacturing.”.

SA 464. Mr. JOHANNNS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 73, line 18, after “partnerships,” insert “proposals related to cooperative federalism with State agencies that issue permits to manufacturing facilities.”.

SA 465. Mr. JOHANNNS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 69, line 15, after “agencies,” insert “rulemaking (including regulatory agenda publishing).”.

SA 466. Mr. JOHANNNS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 73, line 18, after “partnerships” insert “, proposals relating to improving transparency and reform at the Environmental Protection Agency.”.

SA 467. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR PROHIBITING DRONE KILLINGS OF CITIZENS OF THE UNITED STATES ON UNITED STATES SOIL, ABSENT AN IMMINENT THREAT.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the budget authority and outlay allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one

or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports related to the use of drones, which may include a prohibition against using drones to kill citizens of the United States in the United States unless they present an imminent threat of death or serious bodily injury to another individual, by the amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 468. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO ELIMINATE CORPORATE WELFARE.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or conference reports related to the elimination of corporate welfare, by the amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit or revenues over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 469. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR CHOICE-BASED SCHOLARSHIPS FOR LOW-INCOME CHILDREN.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports related to school choice, which may include providing a portion of Department of Education funding to the States to allow for scholarships for low-income students in kindergarten through grade 12 to use at either a public or private school, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 470. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by

him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO LIMITING FEDERAL LAND HOLDINGS.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to programs that discourage the Federal Government from owning or controlling more than a majority of the total land mass in any of the States, by the amounts provided in the legislation for that purpose, provided that the legislation would not increase the deficit or revenues over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 471. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO REDUCE FOREIGN ASSISTANCE TO EGYPT AND INCREASE FUNDING FOR AN EAST COAST MISSILE DEFENSE SHIELD.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to reducing foreign assistance to Egypt and increasing funding for the Missile Defense Agency to establish a land-based missile defense capability on the east coast of the United States, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 472. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO CHALLENGE COSTLY FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or conference reports related to the establishment of a private right of action challenging Federal regulations where the costs of such regulation significantly exceed the benefits, by the amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit or revenues over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 473. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. 3 ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROHIBIT MILLIONAIRES FROM BEING ELIGIBLE FOR OR RECEIVING ANY MEANS-TESTED WELFARE PAYMENTS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or conference reports related to welfare reform, which may include prohibiting millionaires from being eligible for or receiving any means-tested welfare payments without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 474. Mr. HELLER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO INCREASED USE OF AUDITING.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to increasing the use of audits by Federal agencies (including independent regulatory agencies) to recover erroneous Government payments and using the money for

deficit reduction, without raising revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 475. Mr. HELLER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROTECT AND UPHOLD SECOND AMENDMENT RIGHTS AND ENSURE THAT THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE MAY NOT CREATE OR COMPILE A NATIONAL REGISTRY OF FIREARMS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports that protect and uphold the right to bear arms under the Second Amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which shall include ensuring that the Department of Justice may not create or compile a national registry of firearms, without raising revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 476. Mr. HELLER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Beginning on page 59, strike line 25 and all that follows through page 60, line 7, and insert the following:

space and maintenance of Department facilities;

(5) supporting the transition of servicemembers to the civilian workforce, including by expanding or improving education, job training, and workforce development benefits, or other programs for servicemembers or veterans, which may include streamlining the process associated with credentialing requirements; or

(6) providing resources to address privacy and safety for services to women veterans and members of the Armed Forces;

SA 477. Mr. HELLER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels

for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO AUTHORIZE PROVISION OF PER DIEM PAYMENTS FOR PROVISION OF SERVICES TO DEPENDENTS OF HOMELESS VETERANS UNDER LAWS ADMINISTERED BY SECRETARY OF VETERANS AFFAIRS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between both Houses, motions, or conference reports related to care, services, or benefits for homeless veterans, which may include providing per diem payments for the furnishing of care for dependents of homeless veterans, without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 478. Mr. FRANKEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO INCREASING ACCESS TO DUAL ENROLLMENT, CONCURRENT ENROLLMENT, OR EARLY COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOLS FOR LOW-INCOME STUDENTS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to increasing access to dual enrollment, concurrent enrollment, or early college high schools for low-income students, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 479. Mr. FRANKEN (for himself and Mr. GRASSLEY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 60, line 22, insert "standardize financial aid award letters," after "students,".

SA 480. Mr. SCHUMER (for himself and Ms. MURKOWSKI) submitted an

amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROHIBIT THE TRANSPORTATION SECURITY ADMINISTRATION FROM CHANGING ITS POLICY REGARDING THE PROHIBITION AGAINST PASSENGERS CARRYING SMALL, NON-LOCKING KNIVES ONTO COMMERCIAL AIRPLANES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the budget authority and outlay allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this concurrent resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or conference reports that would prohibit the Transportation Security Administration from changing its policy regarding the prohibition against passengers carrying small, non-locking knives onto commercial airplanes, by the amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose if such legislation would not increase the deficit during—

- (1) the 5-year period ending on September 30, 2018; or
- (2) the 10-year period ending on September 30, 2023.

SA 481. Mr. CARPER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 28, line 3, increase the amount by \$60,000,000.

On page 28, line 4, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 28, line 8, increase the amount by \$20,000,000.

On page 28, line 12, increase the amount by \$20,000,000.

On page 28, line 16, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 46, line 11, decrease the amount by \$60,000,000.

On page 46, line 12, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 46, line 16, decrease the amount by \$20,000,000.

On page 46, line 20, decrease the amount by \$20,000,000.

On page 46, line 24, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000.

SA 482. Mr. REED (for himself, Ms. COLLINS, and Mr. MERKLEY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for

fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 18, line 23, increase the amount by \$50,000,000.

On page 18, line 24, increase the amount by \$3,000,000.

On page 19, line 3, increase the amount by \$5,000,000.

On page 19, line 7, increase the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 19, line 11, increase the amount by \$18,000,000.

On page 19, line 15, increase the amount by \$13,000,000.

On page 19, line 19, increase the amount by \$2,000,000.

On page 19, line 23, increase the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 46, line 11, reduce the amount by \$50,000,000.

On page 46, line 12, decrease the amount by \$3,000,000.

On page 46, line 16, decrease the amount by \$5,000,000.

On page 46, line 20, decrease the amount by \$10,000,000.

On page 46, line 24, decrease the amount by \$18,000,000.

On page 47, line 3, decrease the amount by \$13,000,000.

On page 47, line 7, decrease the amount by \$2,000,000.

On page 47, line 11, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 57, after line 25, insert the following:

(4) low-income weatherization and energy efficiency retrofit programs;

On page 58, line 1, strike "(4)" and insert "(5)".

On page 58, line 3, strike "(5)" and insert "(6)".

On page 58, line 4, strike "(6)" and insert "(7)".

On page 58, line 7, strike "(7)" and insert "(8)".

On page 58, line 9, strike "(8)" and insert "(9)".

On page 58, line 10, strike "(9)" and insert "(10)".

SA 483. Mr. UDALL of New Mexico submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING HARDROCK MINING REFORM.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to Federal land management, which may include provisions relating to budget deficit reduction, establishment of a reclamation fund, imposition of a locatable mineral royalty, revenue sharing with States, and improvements to the permitting process, by the amounts provided in the legislation for those purposes, provided that the legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal

years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 484. Mrs. MCCASKILL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO IMPROVING OR ELIMINATING THE LIFELINE PROGRAM.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to the reform, increased efficiency, or elimination of the Lifeline program, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 485. Mr. MANCHIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title IV, add the following:

SEC. 4 . POINT OF ORDER AGAINST USING SAVINGS FOR PURPOSES OTHER THAN DEFICIT REDUCTION OR INVESTMENT IN THE NATION'S INFRASTRUCTURE.

(a) POINT OF ORDER.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, motion, amendment, or conference report that would allocate any savings achieved through spending cuts or new revenue that are not included in this resolution for any purpose other than deficit reduction or investment in the Nation's infrastructure.

(b) WAIVER AND APPEAL.—Subsection (a) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under subsection (a).

SA 486. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which

was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, add the following:

SEC. . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR POSTAL REFORM.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to the United States Postal Service, which may include measures addressing the nonprofit postal discount for State and national political committees, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that the provisions in such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 487. Ms. MURKOWSKI (for herself, Ms. CANTWELL, and Mr. BEGICH) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 76, after line 25, add the following:

SEC. 332. DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO AUTHORIZING ADVANCED APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to authorizing advanced appropriations for the Indian Health Service and Indian Health Facilities accounts of the Indian Health Service, without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2014 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.

SA 488. Ms. MURKOWSKI (for herself, Mr. COCHRAN, Mr. WICKER, Ms. COLLINS, Ms. AYOTTE, Mr. KING, Mrs. SHAHEEN, and Mr. BEGICH) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROVIDE ASSISTANCE FOR FISHERY DISASTERS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolu-

tions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that provide assistance for fishery disasters as declared by the Secretary of Commerce during calendar year 2012, without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 489. Mr. ENZI (for himself and Mr. WYDEN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PHASE-IN ANY CHANGES TO INDIVIDUAL OR CORPORATE TAX SYSTEMS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to the phase-in of any changes to the individual or corporate tax systems, including any changes to individual or corporate income tax exclusions, exemptions, deductions, or credits, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 490. Mr. ENZI submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROVIDE FOR LEGISLATION THAT REQUIRES EACH FEDERAL AGENCY TO IDENTIFY AND PRIORITIZE EACH OF ITS PROGRAMS, PROJECTS, AND ACTIVITIES.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to requiring each Federal agency to identify and prioritize each of its programs, projects, and activities by the amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 491. Mr. ENZI submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by

him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3 ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROTECT AND RESTORE MONEY IN ESTABLISHED, DEDICATED FUNDS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports relating to protecting and restoring money in dedicated funds established as of the date of enactment of this resolution, such as trust funds, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 492. Mr. COATS (for himself, Mr. MANCHIN, Mr. BLUNT, and Ms. HEITKAMP) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page __, between lines __ and __, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . SENSE OF THE SENATE ON THE PRESIDENTIAL EXEMPTION.

It is the sense of the Senate that the levels and reserve funds in this concurrent resolution assume in making appropriations and revenue decisions, the Senate supports the provision, to the Environmental Protection Agency, of adequate resources to enable the President to remain adequately informed and take prompt action to issue, on a case-by-case basis, Presidential exemptions for affected entities such as electric utility steam generating units under environmental laws such as section 112(i)(4) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7412(i)(4)).

SA 493. Mr. McCONNELL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 26, line 6, increase the amount by \$1,220,000,000.

On page 26, line 7, increase the amount by \$937,000,000.

On page 26, line 10, increase the amount by \$865,000,000.

On page 26, line 11, increase the amount by \$1,241,000,000.

On page 26, line 14, increase the amount by \$871,000,000.

On page 26, line 15, increase the amount by \$1,392,000,000.

On page 26, line 18, increase the amount by \$886,000,000.

On page 26, line 19, increase the amount by \$1,492,000,000.

On page 26, line 22, increase the amount by \$904,000,000.

On page 26, line 23, increase the amount by \$1,553,000,000.

On page 27, line 2, increase the amount by \$923,000,000.

On page 27, line 3, increase the amount by \$1,593,000,000.

On page 27, line 6, increase the amount by \$943,000,000.

On page 27, line 7, increase the amount by \$1,623,000,000.

On page 27, line 10, increase the amount by \$963,000,000.

On page 27, line 11, increase the amount by \$1,658,000,000.

On page 27, line 14, increase the amount by \$988,000,000.

On page 27, line 15, increase the amount by \$1,693,000,000.

On page 27, line 18, increase the amount by \$1,014,000,000.

On page 27, line 19, increase the amount by \$1,729,000,000.

On page 46, line 11, decrease the amount by \$1,220,000,000.

On page 46, line 12, decrease the amount by \$937,000,000.

On page 46, line 15, decrease the amount by \$865,000,000.

On page 46, line 16, decrease the amount by \$1,241,000,000.

On page 46, line 19, decrease the amount by \$871,000,000.

On page 46, line 20, decrease the amount by \$1,392,000,000.

On page 46, line 23, decrease the amount by \$886,000,000.

On page 46, line 24, decrease the amount by \$1,492,000,000.

On page 47, line 2, decrease the amount by \$904,000,000.

On page 47, line 3, decrease the amount by \$1,553,000,000.

On page 47, line 6, decrease the amount by \$923,000,000.

On page 47, line 7, decrease the amount by \$1,593,000,000.

On page 47, line 10, decrease the amount by \$943,000,000.

On page 47, line 11, decrease the amount by \$1,623,000,000.

On page 47, line 14, decrease the amount by \$963,000,000.

On page 47, line 15, decrease the amount by \$1,658,000,000.

On page 47, line 18, decrease the amount by \$988,000,000.

On page 47, line 19, decrease the amount by \$1,693,000,000.

On page 47, line 22, decrease the amount by \$1,014,000,000.

On page 47, line 23, decrease the amount by \$1,729,000,000.

SA 494. Mr. HOEVEN (for himself, Mr. BAUCUS, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. MANCHIN, Mr. ROBERTS, Ms. HEITKAMP, Mr. BAR-RASSO, Ms. LANDRIEU, Ms. MURKOWSKI, and Mr. BEGICH) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR THE PROMOTION OF INVESTMENT AND JOB GROWTH IN UNITED STATES MANUFACTURING, OIL AND GAS PRODUCTION, AND REFINING SECTORS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that may result in strong growth in manufacturing, oil and gas production, and refining sectors of the economy through the approval and construction of the Keystone XL Pipeline without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in the legislation for those purposes, provided that the legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 495. Mr. THUNE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR GENERATIONAL ACCOUNTING.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports that may provide for generational accounting to promote understanding of the fiscal and economic impacts that proposed policy changes would have on current and future generations without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 496. Mr. SCHUMER (for himself, Mr. MENENDEZ, Mrs. GILLIBRAND, and Mr. LAUTENBERG) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 56, line 12, insert "tax relief for victims of recent federally-declared major disasters," after "United States enterprises,"

SA 497. Ms. CANTWELL (for herself, Mr. RUBIO, and Mr. BEGICH) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States

Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO PRIORITIZING FUNDS FOR FISHERY STOCK SURVEYS AND STOCK ASSESSMENTS TO SUPPORT, PROTECT, AND DEVELOP THE UNITED STATES FISHING ECONOMY.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to prioritizing funds for fishery stock surveys and stock assessments, without raising new revenue, to support, protect, and develop the United States fishing economy, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 498. Ms. WARREN (for herself, Mr. REED, Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Mrs. GILLIBRAND, Mrs. SHAHEEN, Mr. KING, and Mr. COWAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PROVIDE DISASTER ASSISTANCE FOR FISHERIES FAILURES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that provide for disaster assistance for commercial fisheries failures declared by the Secretary of Commerce during calendar year 2012, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 499. Mr. MANCHIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO ENSURE THAT DOMESTIC ENERGY SOURCES CAN MEET EMISSIONS RULES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that are related to the research, development, and demonstration necessary for domestically abundant energy sources and current energy technologies to comply with present and future greenhouse gas emissions rules while still remaining economically competitive, by the amounts provided in the legislation for those purposes, provided that the legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 500. Mr. REID (for Mr. LAUTENBERG) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by Mr. REID of NV to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 80, between lines 14 and 15, insert the following:

(E) INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE TAX ENFORCEMENT.—If a bill or joint resolution is reported making appropriations for fiscal year 2014 that appropriates \$3,175,000,000 for the Internal Revenue Service for enhanced tax enforcement to address the Federal tax gap (taxes owed but not paid) and provides an additional appropriation of up to \$850,000,000 for the Internal Revenue Service for enhanced tax enforcement to address the Federal tax gap, then the discretionary spending limits, allocation to the Senate Committee on Appropriations, and aggregates may be adjusted by the amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose, but not to exceed \$850,000,000 in budget authority and outlays flowing therefrom for fiscal year 2014.

SA 501. Mr. MANCHIN (for himself and Mr. ROCKEFELLER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO THE COMMERCIALIZATION OF CARBON TECHNOLOGIES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of 1 or more committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for 1 or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports related to the research, development, and demonstration projects necessary for the commercialization of fossil energy related technologies required for electric generating units (EGUs) and other energy conversion fa-

cilities to meet proposed and future emissions standards, by the amounts provided in the legislation for those purposes, provided that the legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 502. Mrs. MCCASKILL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 13, line 13, decrease the amount by \$15,000,000.

On page 13, line 14, decrease the amount by \$3,000,000.

On page 13, line 18, decrease the amount by \$7,000,000.

On page 13, line 22, decrease the amount by \$3,000,000.

On page 13, line 26, decrease the amount by \$1,000,000.

On page 46, line 11, increase the amount by \$15,000,000.

On page 46, line 12, increase the amount by \$3,000,000.

On page 46, line 16, increase the amount by \$7,000,000.

On page 46, line 20, increase the amount by \$3,000,000.

On page 46, line 24, increase the amount by \$1,000,000.

SA 503. Mrs. MCCASKILL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title IV, add the following:

SEC. 4 . POINT OF ORDER AGAINST REDUCING FUNDING FOR MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES TO INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE ELIGIBLE TO PURCHASE A WEAPON.

(a) POINT OF ORDER.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any bill, joint resolution, motion, amendment, or conference report that reduces funding for mental health services to individuals who are eligible to purchase a weapon.

(b) WAIVER AND APPEAL.—Subsection (a) may be waived or suspended in the Senate only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn. An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under subsection (a).

SA 504. Mrs. MCCASKILL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth

the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 69, strike beginning with line 5 through line 24 and insert the following:

SEC. 321. DEFICIT-REDUCTION RESERVE FUND FOR GOVERNMENT REFORM AND EFFICIENCY.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that—

- (1) achieve savings through—
 - (A) the use of performance data or scientifically rigorous evaluation methodologies for the elimination, consolidation, or reform of Federal programs, agencies, offices, and initiatives;
 - (B) the reform of acquisition policy;
 - (C) the sale of Federal property;
 - (D) the purchase of products or services;
 - (E) a reduction of improper payments;
 - (F) an increase in the use of strategic sourcing;
 - (G) a reduction in the use of sole-source contracting;
 - (H) an increase in the use of fixed-price contracting;
 - (I) improved training and utilization of the acquisition workforce; or
 - (J) the removal of contracting preferences for Alaska Natives beyond those available to other participants in the program under section 8(a) of the Small Business Act, such as the ability to receive sole-source contracts above threshold amounts; and
 - (2) reduce the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.
- The Chairman may also make adjustments to the Senate's pay-as-you-go ledger over 6 and 11 years to ensure that the deficit reduction achieved is used for deficit reduction only. The adjustments authorized under this section shall be of the amount of deficit reduction achieved.

SA 505. Mrs. FEINSTEIN (for herself and Mr. LEAHY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO STRENGTHENING PRIVACY PROTECTIONS FOR AMERICANS FROM DRONES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports that provide privacy protections for individuals in the United States by addressing serious privacy concerns posed by the integration of unmanned aircraft in the national airspace, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 506. Mr. WICKER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

- On page 13, line 13, increase the amount by \$85,000,000.
- On page 13, line 14, increase the amount by \$60,520,000.
- On page 13, line 17, increase the amount by \$85,000,000.
- On page 13, line 18, increase the amount by \$78,285,000.
- On page 13, line 21, increase the amount by \$85,000,000.
- On page 13, line 22, increase the amount by \$82,620,000.
- On page 13, line 25, increase the amount by \$85,000,000.
- On page 13, line 26, increase the amount by \$83,640,000.
- On page 14, line 3, increase the amount by \$85,000,000.
- On page 14, line 4, increase the amount by \$83,980,000.
- On page 14, line 7, increase the amount by \$85,000,000.
- On page 14, line 8, increase the amount by \$84,065,000.
- On page 14, line 11, increase the amount by \$85,000,000.
- On page 14, line 12, increase the amount by \$84,065,000.
- On page 14, line 15, increase the amount by \$85,000,000.
- On page 14, line 16, increase the amount by \$84,065,000.
- On page 14, line 19, increase the amount by \$85,000,000.
- On page 14, line 20, increase the amount by \$84,065,000.
- On page 14, line 23, increase the amount by \$85,000,000.
- On page 14, line 24, increase the amount by \$84,065,000.
- On page 46, line 11, decrease the amount by \$85,000,000.
- On page 46, line 12, decrease the amount by \$60,520,000.
- On page 46, line 15, decrease the amount by \$85,000,000.
- On page 46, line 16, decrease the amount by \$78,285,000.
- On page 46, line 19, decrease the amount by \$85,000,000.
- On page 46, line 20, decrease the amount by \$82,620,000.
- On page 46, line 23, decrease the amount by \$85,000,000.
- On page 46, line 24, decrease the amount by \$83,640,000.
- On page 47, line 2, decrease the amount by \$85,000,000.
- On page 47, line 3, decrease the amount by \$83,980,000.
- On page 47, line 6, decrease the amount by \$85,000,000.
- On page 47, line 7, decrease the amount by \$84,065,000.
- On page 47, line 10, decrease the amount by \$85,000,000.
- On page 47, line 11, decrease the amount by \$84,065,000.
- On page 47, line 14, decrease the amount by \$85,000,000.
- On page 47, line 15, decrease the amount by \$84,065,000.
- On page 47, line 18, decrease the amount by \$85,000,000.

On page 47, line 19, decrease the amount by \$84,065,000.

On page 47, line 22, decrease the amount by \$85,000,000.

On page 47, line 23, decrease the amount by \$84,065,000.

SA 507. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO PREVENT THE REGULATION OF FOOD AND BEVERAGES.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports related to the regulation of food or beverages, which may include preventing the regulation of the size and quantity thereof, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 508. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO RESTORE FEDERALISM IN LABOR REGULATION.

The Chairman of the Senate Committee on the Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between houses, motions, or conference reports related to restoring federalism with regard to regulation of labor relations, which may include establishing that it is the sole right of States to regulate labor relations, by the amounts provided in such legislation for that purpose, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit or revenues over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2014 through 2023.

SA 509. Mr. PAUL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for

fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 5, line 9, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 5, line 10, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 5, line 11, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 5, line 12, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 5, line 13, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 5, line 14, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 5, line 15, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 5, line 16, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 5, line 17, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 5, line 18, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 5, line 23, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 5, line 24, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 5, line 25, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 6, line 1, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 6, line 2, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 6, line 3, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 6, line 4, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 6, line 5, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 6, line 6, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 6, line 7, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 6, line 12, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 6, line 13, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 6, line 14, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 6, line 15, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 6, line 16, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 6, line 17, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 6, line 18, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 6, line 19, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 6, line 20, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 6, line 21, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 46, line 11, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 46, line 12, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 46, line 15, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 46, line 16, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 46, line 19, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 46, line 20, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 46, line 23, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 46, line 24, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 47, line 2, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 47, line 3, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 47, line 6, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.
 On page 47, line 7, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.

On page 47, line 10, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.

On page 47, line 11, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.

On page 47, line 14, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.

On page 47, line 15, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.

On page 47, line 18, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.

On page 47, line 19, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.

On page 47, line 22, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.

On page 47, line 23, decrease the amount by \$155,000,000.

SA 510. Mr. WICKER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 35, line 11, decrease the amount by \$2,000,000.

On page 35, line 12, decrease the amount by \$660,000.

On page 35, line 15, decrease the amount by \$2,000,000.

On page 35, line 16, decrease the amount by \$2,000,000.

On page 35, line 19, decrease the amount by \$2,000,000.

On page 35, line 20, decrease the amount by \$2,000,000.

On page 35, line 23, decrease the amount by \$2,000,000.

On page 35, line 24, decrease the amount by \$2,000,000.

On page 36, line 2, decrease the amount by \$2,000,000.

On page 36, line 3, decrease the amount by \$2,000,000.

On page 36, line 6, decrease the amount by \$2,000,000.

On page 36, line 7, decrease the amount by \$2,000,000.

On page 36, line 10, decrease the amount by \$2,000,000.

On page 36, line 11, decrease the amount by \$2,000,000.

On page 36, line 14, decrease the amount by \$2,000,000.

On page 36, line 15, decrease the amount by \$2,000,000.

On page 36, line 18, decrease the amount by \$2,000,000.

On page 36, line 19, decrease the amount by \$2,000,000.

On page 36, line 22, decrease the amount by \$2,000,000.

On page 36, line 23, decrease the amount by \$2,000,000.

On page 40, line 23, increase the amount by \$1,500,000.

On page 40, line 24, increase the amount by \$330,000.

On page 41, line 2, increase the amount by \$1,500,000.

On page 41, line 3, increase the amount by \$780,000.

On page 41, line 6, increase the amount by \$1,500,000.

On page 41, line 7, increase the amount by \$1,080,000.

On page 41, line 10, increase the amount by \$1,500,000.

On page 41, line 11, increase the amount by \$1,305,000.

On page 41, line 14, increase the amount by \$1,500,000.

On page 41, line 15, increase the amount by \$1,500,000.

On page 41, line 18, increase the amount by \$1,500,000.

On page 41, line 19, increase the amount by \$1,500,000.

On page 41, line 22, increase the amount by \$1,500,000.

On page 41, line 23, increase the amount by \$1,500,000.

On page 42, line 2, increase the amount by \$1,500,000.

On page 42, line 3, increase the amount by \$1,500,000.

On page 42, line 6, increase the amount by \$1,500,000.

On page 42, line 7, increase the amount by \$1,500,000.

On page 42, line 10, increase the amount by \$1,500,000.

On page 42, line 11, increase the amount by \$1,500,000.

SA 511. Mrs. FEINSTEIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:

SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO REDUCE FIREARM VIOLENCE.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, motions, or conference reports that reduces firearm violence, which may include prohibiting persons who have committed a felony or crime of domestic violence in a foreign jurisdiction from possessing a firearm in the United States, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 512. Mr. REID (for Mr. LAUTENBERG) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by Mr. REID of NV to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title V, add the following:

SEC. 5 . SENSE OF THE SENATE REGARDING THE UTILIZATION OF HIGH-CAPACITY AMMUNITION MAGAZINES.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate makes the following findings:

(1) On January 8, 2011, in Tuscon, Arizona, Jared Loughner went on a shooting rampage that claimed the lives of 6 people, severely injured former Congresswoman Gabrielle Giffords, and wounded 12 other individuals.

(2) Loughner was armed with a semi-automatic pistol utilizing a 33-round ammunition magazine.

(3) Testimony before the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate revealed that 9-year-

old Christina-Taylor Green was shot with the 13th, or subsequent, bullet.

(4) Loughner was tackled and subdued when he attempted to replace and reload his ammunition magazine.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that utilizing a high-capacity ammunition magazine increases the ability of an assailant to shoot many people in a fixed amount of time without pausing to reload.

SA 513. Ms. LANDRIEU submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND RELATING TO HIGH-PERFORMING PUBLIC SCHOOLS SERVING LOW-INCOME STUDENTS.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports relating to providing infrastructure funds to high-performing public elementary schools and secondary schools, including high-performing public charter schools, that serve low-income students, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 514. Mr. COATS (for himself, Mr. MANCHIN, Mr. BLUNT, and Ms. HEITKAMP) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO ENABLE PROMPT ACTION FOR PRESIDENTIAL EXCEPTION FOR MERCURY AND AIR TOXINS STANDARD.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports that may allow the Environmental Protection Agency to enable the President to be adequately informed and take prompt action to issue, on a case-by-case basis, Presidential exemptions, which may include exemptions under section 112(i)(4) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7412(i)(4)), without raising new revenue, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 515. Mr. ALEXANDER (for himself, Mr. PAUL, Mr. TOOMEY, Mr. RUBIO, and Mr. MCCONNELL) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND FOR SCHOOL CHOICE.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports related to the education of low-income children, which may include allowing funding under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 to follow children from low-income families to the school the children attend, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

SA 516. Mr. ALEXANDER (for himself and Mr. VITTER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the concurrent resolution S. Con. Res. 8, setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2014, revising the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal year 2013, and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2015 through 2023; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III, add the following:
SEC. 3 . DEFICIT-NEUTRAL RESERVE FUND TO REPEAL THE MEDICAL DEVICE TAX AND THE WIND PRODUCTION TAX CREDIT.

The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or conference reports that are related to tax reform, which may include repealing the excise tax on medical devices or tax credit for the production of electricity from wind, by the amounts provided in such legislation for those purposes, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit over either the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2018 or the period of the total of fiscal years 2013 through 2023.

AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Mrs. MURRAY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on March 21,

2013, at 10 a.m. in room SD-366 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON HOMELAND SECURITY AND GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS

Mrs. MURRAY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on March 21, 2013, at 10 a.m. to conduct a hearing entitled “The Department of Homeland Security at 10 Years: A Progress Report on Management.”

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

Mrs. MURRAY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on the Judiciary be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on March 21, 2013, at 10 a.m., in SD-226 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building, to conduct an executive business meeting.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SELECT COMMITTEE ON INTELLIGENCE

Mrs. MURRAY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Select Committee on Intelligence be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on March 21, 2013, at 2:30 p.m.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON EAST ASIA AND PACIFIC AFFAIRS

Mrs. MURRAY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Foreign Relations be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on March 21, 2013, at 10 a.m., to hold an East Asia and Pacific Affairs subcommittee hearing entitled, “Rebalance to Asia: What Does It Mean for Democracy, Good Governance and Human Rights?”

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

PRIVILEGES OF THE FLOOR

Mrs. MURRAY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the following staff on the Finance Committee have floor privileges for the 113th Congress: Freney Dessai and Ivy Dong.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mrs. MURRAY. Mr. President, I ask on behalf of Senator MENENDEZ unanimous consent that Margaret Taylor, a State Department detailee to the Foreign Relations Committee, be given floor privileges during the debate on S. Con. Res. 8, the budget resolution.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

PATRICIA CLARK BOSTON AIR ROUTE TRAFFIC CONTROL CENTER

Mr. MERKLEY. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that the Commerce Committee be discharged from further consideration of S. 540 and the