

Second, the legislation makes improvements to the nation's blueprint for public health preparedness and response activities that will enhance the ability of our diverse health care system to respond to mass casualty emergencies. Among such improvements are provisions to clarify the role of the Assistant Secretary of Preparedness and Response as the lead office within the Department of Health and Human Services for emergency preparedness and response.

H.R. 307 also establishes a new authority to permit the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services to approve a request of a state, territory, or an Indian tribe to reassign certain federally-supported public health personnel during the time of a national emergency to geographic areas where these public health workers are needed most.

Finally, H.R. 307 continues support for investments in state and local public health departments. Such investments are necessary to make certain that we have the requisite public health infrastructure in place to respond immediately and appropriately to any public health threat that may arise.

This legislation reflects the effort of a number of Members and Senators—Democrats and Republicans alike. I'd like to commend my House colleagues and their staff who have been deeply involved in this process—Chairman UPTON, Chairman PITTS, Congressman ROGERS, Congressman GREEN, Congresswoman ESHOO, Congressman MARKEY, and our Health Subcommittee Ranking Member, Congressman PALLONE. I particularly want to thank Mr. PALLONE's staff member Tiffany Guarascio, as well as Chairman UPTON and Chairman PITTS' staff, Clay Alspach and Carly McWilliams. I would also like to express my appreciation to House Legislative Counsel Warren Burke and Jessica Shapiro for their efforts. I'd also like to recognize my Senate colleagues, Chairman HARKIN and Ranking Member ALEXANDER, and their staff for their contributions to this legislation. And finally, I'd like to thank my own staff for the incredibly hard work they have put into this legislation—Karen Nelson, Ruth Katz, Anne Morris Reid, Rachel Sher, and Eric Flamm.

I urge my colleagues to vote in favor of the Senate Amendment to H.R. 307.

Mr. GENE GREEN of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in strong support of the Pandemic and All-Hazards Preparedness Reauthorization Act which will reauthorize certain provisions of the Project Bioshield Act of 2004 and Pandemic and All-Hazards Preparedness Act of 2006.

This legislation was initially passed by Congress to help the U.S. develop medical countermeasures against chemical, biological, radiological, and nuclear terrorism agents and to provide a mechanism for federal acquisition of those newly developed countermeasures.

Since the first part of the last session of Congress, we have been working with Senators to perfect the language. We have passed it several times in the House and after many months, the Senate has sent it back for our approval. I am pleased that we finally have a bill that can be sent to the President and I am proud to support it.

This bill is important because our nation remains vulnerable to these threats because many of the vaccines and medicines that are needed to protect our citizens do not exist.

Developing and stockpiling these medical countermeasures requires time, resources,

and research. All of which will be provided under the legislation before us today. I am pleased that language I supported during the committee process aimed at increasing emphasis on regionalized trauma care systems was included in this final version.

This bill is also very important to me because the University of Texas Medical Branch's Galveston National Laboratory is in my backyard.

The Galveston National Lab is the only BSL-4 lab located on a university campus. At the lab, scientists conduct research to develop therapies, vaccines, and diagnostic tests for naturally occurring emerging diseases such as SARS and avian influenza—as well as for microbes that might be employed by terrorists.

This is exactly the type of research we hope to encourage under the Pandemic and All-Hazards Preparedness Reauthorization Act.

As an original cosponsor of this bill with Mr. ROGERS, I am very pleased at how quickly we have moved this rare bipartisan piece of legislation.

I want to thank Mr. ROGERS, Chairman UPTON, Ranking Member WAXMAN, Ranking Member PALLONE, Ms. Myrick, Ms. ESHOO, and Mr. MARKEY for their work on this important legislation.

I strongly urge my colleagues to vote "yes" on this legislation.

Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of the Pandemic and All-Hazards Preparedness Reauthorization Act of 2013, as amended by the Senate. This legislation will reauthorize programs first established in the 2002 Public Health Security and Bioterrorism Preparedness and Response Act, the 2004 Project Bioshield Act, and the 2006 Pandemic and All-Hazards Preparedness Act. These programs are crucial to ensuring that our Nation is prepared to respond to public health emergencies, including those caused by natural disasters, disease outbreaks, and bioterrorism.

The Pandemic and All-Hazards Preparedness Reauthorization Act of 2013 will reauthorize programs such as the Public Health Emergency Preparedness Cooperative Agreement, which provides grants to state and local health departments, the National Disaster Medical System, which helps manage the government's medical response in emergencies, and bio-surveillance programs, which help states coordinate with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention to track and detect disease outbreaks. The legislation also allows the Food and Drug Administration to collect and analyze data about the safety and efficacy of products used in emergencies.

Mr. Speaker, in our changing world, public health emergencies can be created by sources as various as disasters due to climate change, global epidemics from an increasingly interconnected planet, and terrorists who target us. As we face these threats, it is our responsibility to remain vigilant and prepared for the sake of our children and our communities. The programs covered under the Pandemic and All-Hazards Preparedness Reauthorization Act of 2013 serve as essential tools in our endeavor to protect the health of all Americans.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. PITTS) that the House suspend the rules and concur in the Senate amendment to the bill, H.R. 307.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. PITTS. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

#### COMMUNICATION FROM THE DEMOCRATIC LEADER

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Honorable NANCY PELOSI, Democratic Leader:

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES,  
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,  
Washington, DC, March 4, 2013.

Hon. JOHN BOEHNER,  
Speaker of the House, U.S. Capitol,  
Washington, DC.

DEAR SPEAKER BOEHNER: Pursuant to 44 U.S.C. 2702, I am pleased to appoint Mr. John A. Lawrence of Washington, D.C. to the Advisory Committee on the Records of Congress.

Thank you for your attention to this appointment.

Sincerely,

NANCY PELOSI,  
Democratic Leader.

#### RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until 6:30 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 5 o'clock and 31 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 1830

#### AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. HULTGREN) at 6 o'clock and 30 minutes p.m.

#### PANDEMIC AND ALL-HAZARDS PREPAREDNESS REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 2013

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and concur in the Senate amendment to the bill (H.R. 307) to reauthorize certain programs under the Public Health Service Act and the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act with respect to public health security and all-hazards preparedness and response, and for other purposes, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr.

PITTS) that the House suspend the rules and concur in the Senate amendment.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 370, nays 28, not voting 33, as follows:

[Roll No. 56]

YEAS—370

Aderholt	Coffman	Frankel (FL)
Alexander	Cohen	Franks (AZ)
Amodei	Cole	Frelinghuysen
Andrews	Collins (NY)	Fudge
Bachmann	Conaway	Gabbard
Bachus	Connolly	Galleo
Barber	Conyers	Garamendi
Barletta	Cook	Garcia
Barr	Cooper	Gardner
Barrow (GA)	Costa	Garrett
Barton	Cotton	Gerlach
Bass	Courtney	Gibbs
Beatty	Cramer	Gibson
Becerra	Crawford	Gingrey (GA)
Benishek	Crenshaw	Gowdy
Bentivolio	Crowley	Granger
Bera (CA)	Cuellar	Grayson
Bilirakis	Cummings	Green, Al
Bishop (GA)	Daines	Green, Gene
Bishop (NY)	Davis (CA)	Griffin (AR)
Black	Davis, Danny	Griffith (VA)
Blackburn	Davis, Rodney	Grimm
Bonamici	DeFazio	Guthrie
Bonner	DeGette	Hahn
Boustany	Delaney	Hall
Braley (IA)	DeLauro	Hanabusa
Brooks (IN)	DelBene	Hanna
Brown (FL)	Denham	Harper
Brownley (CA)	Dent	Harris
Buchanan	DeSantis	Hartzler
Bucshon	DesJarlais	Hastings (FL)
Burgess	Deutch	Hastings (WA)
Bustos	Diaz-Balart	Heck (NV)
Butterfield	Dingell	Heck (WA)
Calvert	Doggett	Hensarling
Camp	Doyle	Herrera Beutler
Campbell	Duckworth	Higgins
Cantor	Duffy	Himes
Capito	Edwards	Hinojosa
Capps	Ellison	Holding
Capuano	Ellmers	Holt
Cárdenas	Enyart	Horsford
Carney	Eshoo	Hoyer
Carson (IN)	Esty	Huelskamp
Cartwright	Farenthold	Huffman
Cassidy	Farr	Huizenga (MI)
Castor (FL)	Fattah	Hultgren
Castro (TX)	Fincher	Hunter
Chabot	Fitzpatrick	Hurt
Chu	Fleischmann	Israel
Cicilline	Fleming	Issa
Clarke	Flores	Jackson Lee
Clay	Forbes	Jeffries
Cleaver	Fortenberry	Jenkins
Clyburn	Foster	Johnson (GA)

Johnson (OH)	Meng	Ruppersberger
Johnson, E. B.	Messer	Ryan (OH)
Johnson, Sam	Mica	Ryan (WI)
Jordan	Michaud	Salmon
Joyce	Miller (MI)	Sánchez, Linda
Kaptur	Miller, Gary	T.
Keating	Miller, George	Sarbanes
Kelly	Moore	Scalise
Kennedy	Mulvaney	Schakowsky
Kildee	Murphy (FL)	Schiff
Kilmer	Murphy (PA)	Schneider
Kind	Napolitano	Schock
King (IA)	Neal	Schrader
King (NY)	Negrete McLeod	Schwartz
Kingston	Neugebauer	Schweikert
Kinzinger (IL)	Nolan	Scott (VA)
Kirkpatrick	Nugent	Scott, Austin
Kline	Nunes	Scott, David
Kuster	Nunnelee	Serrano
LaMalfa	O'Rourke	Sessions
Lamborn	Olson	Sewell (AL)
Langevin	Owens	Shea-Porter
Lankford	Pallone	Sherman
Larsen (WA)	Pascrell	Shimkus
Larson (CT)	Pastor (AZ)	Shuster
Latham	Paulsen	Simpson
Latta	Payne	Sinema
Lee (CA)	Pearce	Slaughter
Levin	Pelosi	Smith (NE)
Lewis	Perry	Smith (NJ)
Lipinski	Peters (CA)	Smith (TX)
LoBiondo	Peters (MI)	Speier
Lofgren	Peterson	Stewart
Long	Pingree (ME)	Stivers
Lowenthal	Pittenger	Swalwell (CA)
Lowe	Pitts	Takano
Lucas	Pocan	Terry
Luetkemeyer	Pompeo	Thompson (CA)
Lujan Grisham	Posey	Thompson (MS)
(NM)	Price (GA)	Thompson (PA)
Luján, Ben Ray	Price (NC)	Thornberry
(NM)	Quigley	Tiberi
Lummis	Rahall	Tierney
Maffei	Rangel	Tipton
Maloney,	Reed	Titus
Carolyn	Reichert	Tonko
Maloney, Sean	Renacci	Tsongas
Marino	Ribble	Turner
Matheson	Rice (SC)	Upton
Matsui	Richmond	Valadao
McCarthy (CA)	Rigell	Van Hollen
McCarthy (NY)	Roby	Vargas
McCaul	Roe (TN)	Velázquez
McClintock	Rogers (AL)	Visclosky
McCollum	Rogers (KY)	Wagner
McGovern	Rogers (MI)	Walberg
McHenry	Rokita	Walden
McKeon	Rooney	Walorski
McKinley	Ros-Lehtinen	Walz
McMorris	Roskam	Wasserman
Rodgers	Ross	Schultz
McNerney	Rothfus	Waters
Meadows	Roybal-Allard	Watt
Meehan	Royce	Waxman
Meeks	Ruiz	Weber (TX)
	Runyan	Webster (FL)

Wilson (FL)	Yoder
Wilson (SC)	Yoho
Wittman	Young (IN)
Wolf	
Womack	

NAYS—28

Amash	Foxx	Mullin
Bishop (UT)	Gohmert	Petri
Brady (TX)	Goodlatte	Poe (TX)
Bridenstine	Graves (GA)	Radel
Brooks (AL)	Hudson	Sensenbrenner
Broun (GA)	Jones	Southerland
Carter	Labrador	Stockman
Chaffetz	Marchant	Woodall
Duncan (SC)	Massie	
Duncan (TN)	Miller (FL)	

NOT VOTING—33

Blumenauer	Loebach	Rohrabacher
Brady (PA)	Lynch	Rush
Coble	Markey	Sanchez, Loretta
Collins (GA)	McDermott	Sires
Culberson	McIntyre	Smith (WA)
Engel	Moran	Stutzman
Gosar	Nadler	Veasey
Graves (MO)	Noem	Vela
Grijalva	Palazzo	Yarmuth
Gutierrez	Perlmutter	Young (AK)
Honda	Polis	Young (FL)

□ 1853

Messrs. RICHMOND, WESTMORELAND, LEVIN, WEBER, DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois, RAHALL, and SALMON changed their vote from “nay” to “yea.”

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the Senate amendment was concurred in.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

#### COMMUNICATION FROM CHAIR OF COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Chair of the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure; which was read and, without objection, referred to the Committee on Appropriations: