

the pain of government health care, and here is what some of them have sent me from my congressional district in Texas.

Billie from Spring, Texas, writes:

I can't afford what ObamaCare will cost. How can they say it is better? My company pays part of my insurance, and the insurance is good. Why do I have to change to something I cannot afford? It doesn't make any sense. My doctor told me a lot of them will retire rather than deal with this horrible health care law. The quality of doctors will diminish. I thought the government was for the people.

Well, Billie, apparently the government is for the government and not for the people.

James from Humble, Texas, says:

Please defund ObamaCare. My employer has already informed us our health care will be changing, and this comes at a very bad time for my family. We will be forced into exchanges and employer informs us the company has the right to end subsidized retiree health care in the future. Higher costs, higher deductibles, and total confusion. This will have a negative impact on our economic future as we enter our retirement years.

Small business owner Terrence Wolfe from Humble says:

Defund ObamaCare before we collapse our entire economy. We cannot afford it as a Nation, and I cannot afford it as a small business owner. I cover 80 percent of the premium for all 10 of my employees. All of us are bracing for at least a 20 percent to 40 percent increase.

Shannon Rudd from Humble, Texas, says:

I cannot believe ObamaCare is still a reality. The government has no business managing health care insurance. Furthermore, they have no right to tell Americans if they can or cannot have a procedure performed once the insurance is forced on individuals. Forcing people to pay a fine if they choose not to have health care is asinine and the furthest thing from democracy.

Unfortunately, Mr. Speaker, Shannon is wrong about it being a fine. It is not a criminal penalty; it is a tax. If it were a fine, you could have due process, your day in court, your jury trial, but under a tax, you have to pay the tax first and then fight the IRS to try to get it back. Good luck with that.

Sharon Coyle from Spring, Texas, says:

Now what? We may get the delay in ObamaCare mandate after all because of the cluster it has turned out to be, but what about those of us who have insurance through our employers?

My gold level of my insurance no longer allows me to participate in the flex spending account. I ultimately ended up having to go to a lower plan because it was cost-prohibited. My deductible is higher and now my copays are higher.

I will be paying at least \$2,000 to \$3,000 more per year on top of the \$7,200 I already pay. We were told it is because of ObamaCare.

This is a big dupe to America. Obama wanted everything to be more fair. Sure, we all have insurance now, but no one can afford to go to the doctor.

Well said, Sharon.

Robert Arnold from Humble, Texas, says this:

It is incomprehensible that we put men on the Moon in 1969, but we can't get into a \$400 million Web site to purchase insurance.

Yes, Mr. Speaker, those glitches seem to be a real problem.

Kenneth Earl Beeney from Kingwood, Texas, says:

Now when I look at what is available with OBCare, the plan that is closest to ours is going to cost \$745 a month. This is absurd. It does not look like we will be able to keep our current policy, so we are being forced to pay \$400 per month for coverage and the deductible will be \$12,000.

I really like my current policy and the premium fits our budget. What can be done?

Mr. Speaker, this is bad news for the middle class.

Merin Porter from Houston, Texas, says:

I am the sole breadwinner for a family of five. I am eligible for affordable insurance through my employer; however, my family coverage is prohibitively expensive—\$18,000 per year, or more than 30 percent of my take-home pay. As you can imagine, it is only affordable to us if food, shelter, and clothing were a luxury and not a necessity.

Mr. Speaker, Merin should not have to choose between feeding the family and being forced into ObamaCare. Why has the government done this to the people? As Billie says and said it best, "I thought the government was for the people." Well, apparently not.

And that's just the way it is.

HONORING TOM GARDNER III

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Alabama (Ms. SEWELL) for 5 minutes.

Ms. SEWELL of Alabama. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the outstanding career and acknowledge the retirement of Tom Gardner III.

A community leader, pastor, and family man, Tom served as chief executive officer of the Montgomery Community Action Committee for the past 39 years. For his dedicated service to the city of Montgomery and the State of Alabama, I pay tribute today to the life work of Tom Gardner III.

Tom was born to Reverend Tom Gardner, Jr., and Mrs. Effie Nell Gardner on January 22, 1946, in Hope Hull, Alabama.

Tom served his country in the United States Army in Vietnam from 1966 to 1968. As a result of his exemplary service and sacrifice, he received the Purple Heart in 1967 and the Bronze Star in 1968.

Tom received a bachelor's of science degree from Alabama State University and a master's of public administration from Troy University.

Tom is married to Mrs. Estella Gardner and is the loving father of two children, Debriena and Jonathan, and three grandchildren, Jaeda, Londyn, and Gavin.

In addition to his strong commitment to family, Tom has also demonstrated an enduring dedication to his faith in God. Carrying on the pastoral legacy of his father, Tom currently serves as pastor of Beulah Primitive

Baptist Church in his hometown of Hope Hull, Alabama.

Tom has over 30 years of managerial experience and oversight of Federal, State, and local grants. He administered the Emergency Shelter Grant Homeless Assistance Program, the Community Housing Development Organization, the Housing Counseling Agency, and the Affordable Housing Development Program.

Tom has demonstrated an exemplary commitment to community service throughout his life by his participation in community organizations. Tom has dedicated the past 39 years of his career to the Montgomery Community Action Committee. He began his career at the Montgomery Community Action Committee in 1974 as director of personnel and served as the equal opportunity officer until 1975. He was promoted to chief executive officer of the Montgomery Community Action Committee in 1975, where he served until his retirement in October of 2013.

On a personal note, I know Tom Gardner as my beloved "Uncle Sonny" and my mother's youngest brother. I am blessed to have grown up with his wise counsel and guidance. Since the death of my grandfather, Uncle Sonny has served as the patriarch of the Gardner family. There is not a problem, nor a challenge, nor a concern that my cousins and I have not sought his wisdom and comfort. I am so proud of his 39-year career heading the Montgomery Community Action Committee, and I am equally prideful of my Uncle Sonny's continued dedication to the well-being and spiritual health of our family. Thank you, Uncle Sonny.

On behalf of the Seventh Congressional District, the State of Alabama, and this Nation, I ask my colleagues to join me in celebrating the career and retirement of Tom Gardner III. His life is a testament to his strong work ethic and passion for faith, family, and community.

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OBAMACARE VIOLATES THE ORIGINATION CLAUSE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Alabama (Mr. BROOKS) for 5 minutes.

Mr. BROOKS of Alabama. Mr. Speaker, in a bold and agile display of legal sophistry, United States Supreme Court Justice John Roberts upheld the Affordable Care Act by declaring it a tax, while failing to address whether the tax complied with the Origination Clause of our Constitution.

The case of *Sissel v. The United States Department of Health and Human Services* is pending before the D.C. Court of Appeals and headed to the Supreme Court. *Sissel* challenges the constitutionality of roughly 20 tax increases that fund government-run health care.

Constitution article I, section 7 is the Origination Clause. It states, in part, that "all Bills for raising Revenue shall originate in the House."

I have joined 40 Members of Congress in a friend of the court brief filed this week that urges the court of appeals to obey the Constitution and declare the Affordable Care Act taxes unconstitutional because they violate the Origination Clause.

On October 8, 2009, the House of Representatives passed H.R. 3590, the Service Members Home Ownership Tax Act, a six-page bill. H.R. 3590 raised no taxes or revenue of any kind. To the contrary, H.R. 3590 cut taxes for veterans buying homes.

The Senate took H.R. 3590, deleted its substantive provisions and substituted a six-page bill with a 2,074-page bill, commonly referred to as ObamaCare, that raised roughly \$50 billion a year in new taxes, making it one of the largest tax increases in the history of America.

None of these ObamaCare tax increases were in the original House bill. Hence, all of these new tax increases originated in the Senate, not the House, thereby violating the Origination Clause requirement that tax increases originate in the House.

The Origination Clause was subject to significant debate during America's 1787 Constitutional Convention. Massachusetts convention delegate and America's fifth Vice President, Elbridge Gerry, stated that the Origination Clause was "the cornerstone of the accommodation" of the Great Compromise of 1787 that persuaded a majority of the States to ratify the Constitution.

Stated differently, but for the Origination Clause, there would have been no Constitution and no United States as we know it. The Origination Clause was that important.

Virginia Delegate and coauthor of our Bill of Rights, George Mason, explained opposition to Senate tax originations when he declared:

The Senate did not represent the people, but the States in their political character. It was improper, therefore, that it should tax the people. Again, the Senate is not like the House of Representatives chosen frequently and obliged to return frequently among the people. They are chosen by the States for 6 years, will probably settle themselves at the seat of Government, will pursue schemes for their aggrandizement, will be able by wearing out the House of Representatives, and taking advantage of their impatience at the close of a long Session, to extort measures for that purpose.

Mr. Speaker, America's Founding Fathers did not trust the Senate to originate and raise taxes because Senators sat unchallenged for 6 years, the greater part of a decade, and were too insulated and unaccountable for the taxes they forced on American citizens.

Mr. Speaker, no American court in history has ever upheld the constitutionality of taxes under the circumstances presented by ObamaCare. Doing so now would undermine and nullify the letter and spirit of the Origination Clause in a Constitution that has served America so well for so long.

Mr. Speaker, every Federal judge and justice took an oath to defend, protect, and uphold our Constitution. If these judges will put their partisanship and egos aside, if these judges will apply the Constitution as it is written and intended, if these judges will simply honor their oath of office, then ObamaCare will be declared unconstitutional because it violates the Origination Clause, and America's dangerous and failing experiment with socialized medicine will have ended. ObamaCare will be dead, and quality health care for Americans will survive.

HUNGER IN AMERICA

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. McGOVERN) for 5 minutes.

Mr. McGOVERN. Mr. Speaker, last Wednesday, I had the privilege of joining Monte Belmonte, who is a radio host at WRSI in Northampton, Massachusetts, on a 26-mile walk to raise awareness about the issue of hunger and to raise money for the Western Massachusetts Food Bank. It was an incredible experience. My legs are sore, but it was inspiring to be part of that march.

For the entire 26 miles we were joined by a diverse group of people, people like Bill Stapleton, who is the president of the Northampton Cooperative Bank; Andrew Morehouse, who is the director of the Western Massachusetts Food Bank. We were joined by Dan Finn of Pioneer Valley Local First and a fellow named Sean Berry, who runs Four Season Liquor Store in Hadley.

Along the way, various people joined us for part of the march. We met with school groups along the way. We even marched along with a group called Mutton and Mead, who put on a medieval festival every year in western Massachusetts.

And as we marched, people would stop their cars to offer their support and offer some money; but they would also tell us stories about people they knew who are hungry in our community. Young kids in schools, some of them who marched with us, told us stories about how they had seen firsthand hunger. Some of them raised money to support the march.

We also stopped at a place called the Amherst Survival Center. It is a food pantry, a place for low-income people to get clothes, sometimes medical advice, sometimes counseling. And when we stopped there, the director handed me a bunch of plates, paper plates, where people who go to the Amherst Survival Center, and some people who work there, wanted to send a message to me and to Congress.

I want to read some of these plates. This one says:

Try going hungry. Hunger hurts. The pantry provides.

This one is:

I read the news about SNAP and I am afraid my family will go to bed hungry. How is this possible?

Another person wrote:

I think everyone has a right to healthy food, which is why the pantry is so important.

Linda wrote:

Dear Congress, please help us who need the help. I didn't think I would ever be like this.

This person wrote:

No SNAP, no food.

This person wrote:

I work and I am seeking more work. My husband works. It is not enough.

"Dear Congress, access to affordable food is a basic human right," signed by Shelley.

"What's for dinner? Nothing without the pantry," wrote Emily.

Working in the pantry has opened my eyes to see all the wonderful people struggling in the community.

Dear Congress, we need your help. Blessings.

Food stamps help American agriculture.

Hunger and homelessness in America?

I could go on and on and read some of these plates, and the reason why I am doing this is because we are so inundated with facts and figures and statistics that somehow I think we have lost our ability to feel them.

These are real people. These are real people who are struggling, real people who are working with struggling families. They deserve a voice. And one of the things that people are concerned about is Congress making their lives worse.

We are considering a farm bill; and in the House version of the farm bill, there is a \$40 billion cut in SNAP—3.8 million people would lose their benefits. Hundreds of thousands of kids would no longer have access to free breakfast and lunch at school; 170,000 veterans would lose their benefits.

Mr. Speaker, we can do so much better. One of the things we are here for is to help the people like those who go to the Amherst Survival Center. One of the things that we are here for is to respond to the concerns that we heard along the way as I marched with Monte Belmonte and his crew.

You know, it is nice that this march was a success and they raised a lot of money for the Western Massachusetts Food Bank, but it is not enough. These food banks and these food pantries are at capacity. We can't make things worse.

Surely in the richest country in the history of the world we can do better. We can end hunger.

So, Mr. Speaker, I would urge all my colleagues, as we start to consider the farm bill, please do not support a farm bill that makes more people hungry. Let's do the right thing. This is a problem that we can solve.

Again, I want to thank Monte Belmonte and all the people at WRSI and Northampton for their compassion, for their activism, for helping people in need; but we need to be inspired by people like those who marched with me