

Mr. KING of Iowa. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 569, I was unavoidably detained. Had I been present, I would have voted "yea."

DISAPPROVAL RESOLUTION RELATING TO DEBT LIMIT INCREASE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on passage of the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 99) relating to the disapproval of the President's exercise of authority to suspend the debt limit, as submitted under section 1002(b) of the Continuing Appropriations Act, 2014 on October 17, 2013, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the joint resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the joint resolution.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 222, nays 191, answered "present" 2, not voting 15, as follows:

[Roll No. 570]

YEAS—222

Amash	Foxx	McCaull	Schweikert	Stutzman	Wenstrup
Amodei	Franks (AZ)	McClintock	Scott, Austin	Terry	Westmoreland
Bachmann	Frelinghuysen	McHenry	Sensenbrenner	Thompson (PA)	Whitfield
Bachus	Gardner	McIntyre	Sessions	Thornberry	Williams
Barletta	Garrett	McKeon	Shimkus	Tiberi	Wilson (SC)
Barr	Gerlach	McKinley	Shuster	Tipton	Wittman
Barrow (GA)	Gibbs	McMorris	Simpson	Turner	Wolf
Barton	Gibson	Rodgers	Smith (MO)	Upton	Womack
Benishek	Gingrey (GA)	Meadows	Smith (NE)	Valadao	Woodall
Bentivolio	Gohmert	Meehan	Smith (NJ)	Wagner	Yoder
Bilirakis	Goodlatte	Messer	Smith (TX)	Walberg	Yoho
Bishop (UT)	Gosar	Mica	Southerland	Walder	Young (AK)
Blackburn	Gowdy	Miller (FL)	Stewart	Weber (TX)	Young (IN)
Boustany	Granger	Miller (MI)	Stivers	Webster (FL)	
Brady (TX)	Graves (GA)	Miller, Gary	Stockman		
Bridenstine	Graves (MO)	Mullin			
Brooks (AL)	Griffin (AR)	Mulvaney			
Brooks (IN)	Griffith (VA)	Murphy (PA)			
Broun (GA)	Grimm	Neugebauer			
Buchanan	Guthrie	Noem			
Bucshon	Hall	Nugent			
Burgess	Harper	Nunes			
Calvert	Harris	Nunnelee			
Camp	Hartzler	Olson			
Cantor	Hastings (WA)	Palazzo			
Capito	Hensarling	Paulsen			
Carter	Holding	Pearce			
Cassidy	Hudson	Perry			
Chabot	Huelskamp	Petri			
Chaffetz	Huizenga (MI)	Pittenger			
Coble	Hultgren	Pitts			
Coffman	Hunter	Poe (TX)			
Cole	Hurt	Pompeo			
Collins (GA)	Jenkins	Posy			
Collins (NY)	Johnson (OH)	Price (GA)			
Conaway	Johnson, Sam	Radel			
Cook	Jones	Reed			
Cotton	Jordan	Reichert			
Cramer	Joyce	Renacci			
Crawford	Kelly (PA)	Rice (SC)			
Crenshaw	King (IA)	Rigell			
Culberson	Kingston	Roby			
Daines	Kinzinger (IL)	Roe (TN)			
Davis, Rodney	Kline	Rogers (AL)			
Denham	Labrador	Rogers (KY)			
DeSantis	LaMalfa	Rogers (MI)			
DesJarlais	Lamborn	Rohrabacher			
Diaz-Balart	Lance	Rokita			
Duffy	Lankford	Rooney			
Duncan (SC)	Latham	Ros-Lehtinen			
Duncan (TN)	Latta	Roskam			
Ellmers	LoBiondo	Ross			
Farenthold	Long	Rothfus			
Fincher	Lucas	Royce			
Fitzpatrick	Luetkemeyer	Runyan			
Fleischmann	Lummis	Ryan (WI)			
Fleming	Marchant	Salmon			
Flores	Marino	Sanford			
Forbes	Matheson	Scalise			
Fortenberry	McCarthy (CA)	Schock			

NAYS—191

Andrews	Grijalva	O'Rourke			
Barber	Gutiérrez	Owens			
Beatty	Hahn	Pallone			
Becerra	Hanabusa	Pascrall			
Bera (CA)	Hastings (FL)	Pastor (AZ)			
Bishop (GA)	Heck (NV)	Payne			
Bishop (NY)	Heck (WA)	Perlmutter			
Blumenauer	Higgins	Peters (GA)			
Bonamici	Himes	Peters (MI)			
Brady (PA)	Hinojosa	Peterson			
Braley (IA)	Holt	Pingree (ME)			
Brown (FL)	Honda	Pocan			
Brownley (CA)	Horsford	Polis			
Bustos	Hoyer	Price (NC)			
Butterfield	Huffman	Quigley			
Capps	Issa	Rahall			
Capuano	Jackson Lee	Rangel			
Cardenas	Jeffries	Richmond			
Carney	Johnson (GA)	Royer-Allard			
Carson (IN)	Johnson, E. B.	Ruiz			
Castor (FL)	Kaptur	Ruppersberger			
Castro (TX)	Kelly (IL)	Ryan (OH)			
Chu	Kennedy	Sánchez, Linda			
Clarke	Kildee	T.			
Clay	Kilmers	Sanchez, Loretta			
Cleaver	King (NY)	Sarbanes			
Clyburn	Kirkpatrick	Schakowsky			
Cohen	Kuster	Schiff			
Connolly	Langevin	Schneider			
Conyers	Larsen (WA)	Schrader			
Costa	Larson (CT)	Schwartz			
Courtney	Lee (CA)	Scott (VA)			
Crowley	Levin	Scott, David			
Cuellar	Lewis	Serrano			
Cummings	Lipinski	Sewell (AL)			
Davis (CA)	Loebbsack	Shea-Porter			
Davis, Danny	Lofgren	Sherman			
DeFazio	Lowenthal	Sinema			
DeGette	Lowey	Sires			
Delaney	Lujan Grisham	Slaughter			
DeLauro	(NM)	Smith (WA)			
DelBene	Luján, Ben Ray	Speier			
Dent	(NM)	Swalwell (CA)			
Deutch	Lynch	Takano			
Dingell	Maffei	Thompson (CA)			
Doggett	Maloney,	Thompson (MS)			
Doyle	Carolyn	Titus			
Duckworth	Malone, Sean	Tonko			
Edwards	Matsui	Tsangas			
Ellison	McCollum	Van Hollen			
Engel	McDermott	Vargas			
Enyart	McGovern	Veasey			
Eshoo	McNerney	Vela			
Esty	Meeks	Meng			
Farr	Michaud	Visclosky			
Fattah	Foster	Miller, George			
Frankel (FL)	Frankel (FL)	Moore			
Frances	Frances	Moran			
Gabbard	Gabbard	Murphy (FL)			
Gallego	Gallego	Nadal			
Garamendi	Garamendi	Napolitano			
Garcia	Garcia	Neal			
Grayson	Grayson	Negrete McLeod			
Green, Al	Green, Al	Nolan			

ANSWERED "PRESENT"—2

NOT VOTING—15

Aderholt	Cooper	Keating
Bass	Green, Gene	McCarthy (NY)
Black	Hanna	Pelosi
Campbell	Herrera Beutler	Rush
Cicilline	Israel	Tierney

□ 1436

Mr. SMITH of Texas changed his vote from "nay" to "yea."

So the joint resolution was passed.

Stated against:

Mr. GENE GREEN of Texas. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 570, had I been present, I would have voted "no."

PROVIDING FOR AN ADJOURNMENT OF THE HOUSE

Mr. WOODALL. Mr. Speaker, I send to the desk a privileged concurrent resolution and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the concurrent resolution, as follows:

H. CON. RES. 62

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring),

That when the House adjourns on the legislative day of Wednesday, October 30, 2013, Thursday, October 31, 2013, or Friday, November 1, 2013, on a motion offered pursuant to this concurrent resolution by its Majority Leader or his designee, it stand adjourned until 2 p.m. on Tuesday, November 12, 2013, or until the time of any reassembly pursuant to section 2 of this concurrent resolution, whichever occurs first.

Sec. 2. (a) The Speaker or his designee, after consultation with the Minority Leader of the House, shall notify the Members of the House to reassemble at such place and time as he may designate if, in his opinion, the public interest shall warrant it.

(b) After reassembling pursuant to subsection (a), when the House adjourns on a motion offered pursuant to this subsection by its Majority Leader or his designee, the House shall again stand adjourned pursuant to the first section of this concurrent resolution.

The concurrent resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

MOMENT OF SILENCE IN HONOR OF THE LATE ISAAC NEWTON SKELTON

(Mr. CLEAVER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. CLEAVER. Mr. Speaker, 2 days ago, what one newspaper called perhaps one of the gentlemen of Congress, Ike Skelton, died here in Washington. For those of us here in the Missouri delegation, as well as those who were involved with Congressman Skelton on the Armed Services Committee, we are here to convey to the body that our colleague, our friend, has, indeed, died, and we who had the opportunity to know and serve with him are, of course, very saddened by his unexpected death.

Ike Skelton was 81 years old. He served here for 34 years and served all of that time on the Armed Services Committee and, of course, becoming the chair of Armed Services. He was a man of great humility, a man of great distinction, and was to be honored in 2 weeks at the Truman Library in Kansas City.

We think that he has been such a significant player in Washington that we, indeed, had to stand up and express our pain over his passing.

Senator CLAIRE McCASKILL is here from the other side, and we are asking, at this time, for the Members to stand in silence in memory of Isaac Newton Skelton.

A MOMENT OF TRIBUTE TO THE LIFE AND SERVICE OF THE HONORABLE ISAAC SKELTON

(Mr. HOYER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. HOYER. Mr. Speaker, we have just observed a moment of silence for Isaac Skelton. My good friend, EMANUEL CLEAVER, Ike's good friend, Senator McCASKILL, LACY CLAY, and others who are here from the Missouri delegation, I want to rise with them, not in a moment of silence, but in a moment of tribute. We will perhaps have an opportunity to speak a longer time.

Yesterday, many of us had the opportunity to participate in a memorial service for Tom Foley. Tom Foley was the Speaker of this House.

A gentleman spoke who is, I think, one of the most revered members that has served in this body, Robert Michel. Bob Michel was Tom Foley's friend. Bob Michel was the leader of the Republican side of the aisle. They were friends, colleagues, and cooperated with one another to the benefit of this institution and its Members, and the Dean of the House adds, correctly, to the benefit of our country and all its citizens.

Bob Michel observed the civility that each one of them displayed and the willingness to reach out across the aisle and to make things happen positively for our country and for our citizens.

We lost another individual within the last weeks, Bill Young, who was a similar personality, and added luster to this Congress by his service and his civility.

Major Owens was another whom we lost. Four people who made this institution a better place.

Ike Skelton was my brother. He and I were Sigma Chi's. His son was a Sigma Chi. His father was a Sigma Chi. So we had a very special bond to start out with.

In addition, his first wife, Susan, who died too early, as mine did, came out and knocked on doors for me, Mr. Speaker, in Bowie, Maryland, just down the road here a piece. So I had a special bond with Ike, but also an extraordinary great respect for the way he conducted himself as a representative of the people of his district in Missouri, and the respect that he gave to each of us and the respect that he received in return.

How sad it is that these giants, Tom Foley, Bill Young, Ike Skelton, and, yes, Major Owens, passed from this body, passed from this life, but how joyful it is the extraordinary contributions each of them made to this House, which we should revere and love, the people's House.

Ike Skelton was of the people, for the people, and certainly by the people.

Mr. WOLF. Will the gentleman yield?

Mr. HOYER. I would be glad to yield to my friend.

Mr. WOLF. I want to just thank the gentleman for speaking. Ike lived in northern Virginia when he was here, and I would see him many times on the weekend. The second when it crossed the screen that he had died, I felt very, very badly.

To second what the gentleman said, many nights as I was driving home, I would see a car, Ike Skelton and Bill Emerson. They carpooled together. Bill Emerson, a Republican Member from our side, Ike from your side. They carpooled together. They were the best of friends. Ike was one of the finest people that I have served with since I have been in this House.

I thank the gentleman for yielding.

Mr. HOYER. I thank the gentleman for his comments.

□ 1445

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE MONTH

(Mr. POE of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. POE of Texas. Mr. Speaker, the most important person in my life, my grandmother, always told me that you never hurt somebody you claim you love. This simple, but powerful, statement is one to reflect on this month, October, Domestic Violence Awareness Month.

When I came to Congress, I met a remarkable woman named Yvette Cade from Maryland who was the victim of horrible domestic abuse. After being denied a protective order by a judge, Yvette's estranged husband came into her place of employment, poured gasoline on her, and set her on fire. This incident changed her life forever but does not hold her back, and now she advocates for other domestic abuse victims.

Domestic violence affects all races, religions, and economic groups. I am working along with my friend from California, JIM COSTA of the Victims' Rights Caucus, to make sure that Congress deals with this issue not just in October but every month of the year. Domestic violence is never the fault of the victim. It is the fault of the perpetrator.

Mr. Speaker, you never hurt somebody you claim you love.

And that's just the way it is.

HONORING THE LIFE OF TADEUSZ MAZOWIECKI, PREMIER OF POLAND

(Ms. KAPTUR asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Speaker, it is with gratitude but heavy heart that I, on behalf of the people of the United States,

the Polish Caucus of this House, and our region of Ohio, in particular, extend deepest sympathy to the people of Poland on the passing of ex-Premier of Poland Tadeusz Mazowiecki.

During his exceptional and transformative life, Premier Mazowiecki played a leading role in ushering in the first era of liberty that Poland had been afforded in modern history. Poland has assumed a pivotal and leading role in the European Union. History is still recording its rich, elegiac, and poignant history in the struggle to defeat tyranny and give rebirth to freedom.

As The New York Times reported this week, Premier Mazowiecki became the first non-Communist to head an Eastern Bloc nation since the late 1940s. Solidarity in Poland grew with his engagement as Poland led the anti-Communist movement in occupied Europe. Premier Mazowiecki's leadership of Poland at a time of critical change toward a democratic state has secured for him a permanent place in the history of a free Poland in Europe. He lived to see Poland's admission to NATO and Poland's growing cooperation within the world of nations.

An accomplished literary figure, intellectual, and Roman Catholic thinker and writer, Premier Mazowiecki embodied the meaning of a renaissance man. His imprisonment by the Communist Party for his progressive beliefs never dampened his spirit. He was a freedom fighter in word and deed.

Mr. Speaker, may his legacy inspire future generations to live with the courage and intellectual rigor he demonstrated in each decade of his life; and may white eagles fly over his memory and Poland's historic accomplishments as she walks with free nations in liberty's march.

[From the New York Times, Oct. 28, 2013]

TADEUSZ MAZOWIECKI, EX-PREMIER OF POLAND, DIES AT 86
(By Douglas Martin)

Tadeusz Mazowiecki, who went from editing small Roman Catholic intellectual publications to becoming prime minister of Poland—and the first non-Communist to head an Eastern bloc nation since the late 1940s—died on Monday in Warsaw. He was 86.

The Polish government announced the death. President Bronislaw Komorowski, ordered flags on government buildings to be flown at half-staff.

Mr. Mazowiecki, a journalist by profession, worked quietly for years to ease restrictions on individual rights and helped form the Solidarity trade union movement, which gained the leadership of Poland's national legislature in August 1989. By the end of that year, the Berlin Wall had fallen, Communist governments in Moscow's other satellite states had collapsed and the Cold War division of Europe was over.

In a message of condolences, Chancellor Angela Merkel of Germany, who grew up in Communist East Germany, said that Mr. Mazowiecki made "an unforgotten contribution to overcoming authoritarian injustice and to the unity of Europe."

In the summer of 1980, a chain of labor disturbances rocked Poland. The focus was the Gdansk shipyard, where Lech Walesa led a strike to demand higher pay and the restitution of a fired worker. Mr. Mazowiecki (his