You know, getting to the bottom of this here, we have this impasse in the Congress here in Washington. Mr. Speaker, it is about time this is ended because we are hurting the American people by the actions of this White House, by the impasse, the Senate.

We have sent over various, either allinclusive CRs, or the bits and pieces we are doing to try and fund things as a priority, one at a time, that are very important to the American people. Funding our veterans, funding the basic ability when we have had fallen soldiers come home here in this recent news story, that their families can't even go pick them up because of an unyielding-ness by this administration, by those in the various bureaucracies to instead work to help American people in a time of fiscal straits that we are in, to help as much as possible, they are looking for ways to instead hurt them as much as possible.

What is with this?

We can even go back to previous impasses where, at least, President Clinton would sit down with the Republican House or Republican Senate or, after a while, it was a Republican House and Democrat-controlled Senate. There has been a mixture, over time, of putting aside the bitter partisanship and figuring out how we are going to hammer this out.

If we can do it with President Clinton, we can do it in previous Presidencies. This isn't the first time there has been this kind of impasse or this type of slowdown or shutdown. Yet this time seems to be unique in the meanness and the bitterness that's coming down from the intractability at the White House level and over on the Senate side as we have put forward solution after solution.

Mr. GOHMERT. Reclaiming my time just momentarily, it is also worth noting that here in the House we have actually had numerous Democrats vote with us. So the only really bipartisan thing that has been going on in this whole Capitol are our bills to fund certain parts of the government.

I yield to my friend.

Mr. Lamalfa Yes, thank you. Yes, we have had unanimous votes go off this floor with nearly 200 Democrats joining us on two of the pieces of legislation, and anywhere from 25 to 35 to 40 on many of the other pieces that have gone out. So it has been a bipartisan effort. I think both sides of the aisle see this is really a nonpartisan issue on these issues we are working on.

And so why do they have to rest on Senator Reid's desk over on the Senate side?

Why do we get threats of vetoes from the White House when we find agreement?

We would find agreement on almost the entire CR if we got that one provision there, where even some of the Senators themselves, and now we are seeing it in the press where, I think you mentioned Wolf Blitzer has now joined with Senator MANCHIN as well as Senator BAUCUS in thinking the Obama health care take over is a train wreck, that we are seeing a pretty diverse group of people saying, you know, a 1-year delay would not be an unreasonable thing.

As we have seen the exchanges rolling out, they are not working very well. And people, when they are looking finally to find out what the prices are, what it is going to cost them, maybe people thought they were going to get it for free. They were going to get a rebate; they were going to get a lower price. A lot of Americans, especially the youth, are going to see higher prices. They are not going to see the savings.

And if you look at the track record of the government operating things, government generally doesn't do things cheaper, and we are going to learn this in a very detrimental way to our economy, to the health care for the people of this country as this Obama health care takeover continues to roll out.

Mr. GOHMERT. And I am sure that Mr. LAMALFA has had people ask, as I have had, now, why in the world is ObamaCare costing so dramatically much more than the health insurance we had before?

And then we get notified we are actually getting less health care.

And my friend mentioned Wolf Blitzer, this article in National Review online quoted him as saying if they weren't fully ready, talking about the Web sites, ObamaCare Web sites, they should accept the advice that a lot of Republicans are giving them, delay it another year, get it ready, make sure it works.

They know how to do it; but if they didn't get it ready on time, then maybe fix the problem and make sure people don't have to worry about it.

But we come back, it is a disaster. It is more expensive than people's health care was before. They are getting less health care; they are not keeping their doctor. And most—it sounds like an awful lot of Americans are not keeping the policy they have. So why is it costing so much more?

And what people that don't know need to understand, when you hire thousands and thousands of people who don't provide health care to be navigators through the health care system, and you hire 18,000-or-so more IRS officers to go through every detail of people's personal financial and personal life, and they don't provide any health care, they may cause some health problems, but they don't provide any health care—you add all this bureaucracy—it is going to cost more and you are going to get less treatment, and it is not going to be as good a treatment.

I yield back to Mr. LAMALFA.

Mr. LAMALFA. Exactly. Now, who are the navigators?

Weren't they supposed to be vetted as to who they are, go through security?

And as well, look at the track record of the IRS. Do the American people really want 18,000 or so IRS individuals helping with their important personal health data?

I mean, there have been laws passed to make sure that that is a very secure thing. Sometimes even inconvenient to the patient, where you might be at the doctor and say, well, don't you already have this information from my other doctor?

There are very strict guidelines in how your information is traded around. Now it is going to be in the hands of navigators that are unvetted and with IRS agents that have some very huge security issues already with the way that is being used against certain organizations.

Mr. GOHMERT. And there is a story today from the Daily Caller about the White House IRS exchanged confidential taxpayer information by Patrick Howley. So if you think your personal information is secure with the IRS, or with the Federal Government, it is already showing you should not be comfortable with it happening.

I yield to my friend.

Mr. LaMALFA. The most outrageous thing for most folks, though, is that the waivers, many individuals in this country are asked for and got to be outside of this as it was coming together; and more and more are asking for it, some are being turned down.

But especially, I guess, buying off Members of Congress through the OPM, allowing Congress and Capitol Hill to be exempt from this. If it is such a great program, if it is going to work so well, why would we be subject to a waiver?

Why are they talking about there would be a brain drain on Capitol Hill because everybody would be leaving because they can't afford the health insurance?

How does that work?

Mr. GOHMERT. Well, apparently, our time is expiring. I appreciate so much my friend, Mr. LAMALFA, helping me. And we should not be treated any differently. The President and his family need to sign up.

But, Mr. Speaker, I think it is worth noting that when I went out to the U.S. Marine Corps War Memorial, the Iwo Jima Memorial, this administration had tried to prevent World War II veterans from getting to the symbol of Mount Suribachi, and there were three busloads of World War II vets up there at the memorial, and the barricade was in pieces.

God bless our World War II veterans. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

#### ADJOURNMENT

Mr. GOHMERT. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to; accordingly (at 4 o'clock and 11 minutes p.m.), under its previous order, the House adjourned until tomorrow, Thursday, October 10, 2013, at 10 a.m. for morning-hour debate.

#### EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS, ETC.

Under clause 2 of rule XIV, executive communications were taken from the Speaker's table and referred as follows:

3261. A letter from the Paralegal Specialist, Department of Tranportation, transmitting the Department's final rule - Airworthiness Directives; Bombardier, Inc. Airplanes [Docket No.: FAA-2013-0209; Directorate Identifier 2012-NM-127-AD; Amendment 39-17514; AD 2013-14-09] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received September 9, 213, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

3262. A letter from the Paralegal Specialist, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule - Airworthiness Directives; BRP-Powertrain GmbH & Co KG Rotax Reciprocating Engines [Docket No.: FAA-2013-0263; Directorate Identifier 2013-NE-12-AD; Amendment 39-17535; AD 2013-15-19] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received September 9, 2013, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

3263. A letter from the Paralegal Specialist. Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule — Airworthiness Directives; Pratt & Whitney Canada Corp. Turboprop Engines [Docket No.: FAA-2013-0197; Directorate Identifier 2013-NE-09-AD; Amendment 39-17524; AD 2013-15-08] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received September 9, 2013, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

3264. A letter from the Paralegal Specialist, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule - Airworthiness Directives; Eurocopter Deutschland GmbH Helicopters [Docket No.: FAA-2011-1285; Directorate Identifier 2010-SW-073-AD; Amendment 39-17544; AD 2013-16-06] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received September 9, 2013, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

3265. A letter from the Paralegal Specialist, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule worthiness Directives; Airbus Airplanes [Docket No.: FAA-2012-1033; Directorate Identifier 2010-NM-266-AD; Amendment 39-17504; AD 2013-13-16] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received September 9, 2013, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

3266. A letter from the Paralegal Specialist, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule - Airworthiness Directives; Dassault Aviation Airplanes [Docket No.: FAA-2013-0669; Directorate Identifier 2013-NM-117-AD: Amendment 39-17540; AD 2013-16-02] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received September 9, 2013, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

3267. A letter from the Paralegal Specialist, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule - Airworthiness Directives; General Electric Company Turbofan Engines [Docket No.: FAA-2013-0447; Directorate Identifier 2013-NE-17-AD; Amendment 39-17536; AD 2013-15-20] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received September 9, 2013, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

3268. A letter from the Paralegal Specialist, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule - Airworthiness Directives; Gulfstream Aerospace LP (Type Certificate Previously Held by Israel Aircraft Industries, Ltd.) Airplanes [Docket No.: FAA-2013-0093; Directorate Identifier 2011-NM-109-AD; Amendment 39-17515; AD 2013-14-10] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received September 9, 2013, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

3269. A letter from the Paralegal Specialist, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule — Airworthiness Directives; The Boeing Company Airplanes [Docket No.: FAA-2012-1156; Directorate Identifier 2011-NM-205-AD; Amendment 39-17500; AD 2013-13-12] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received September 9, 2013, pursuant to 5U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

3270. A letter from the Paralegal Specialist, Department of Transportation, transmitting the Department's final rule — Airworthiness Directives: Various Restricted Category Helicopters [Docket No.: FAA-2012-0564; Directorate Identifier 2010-SW-013-AD; Amendment 39-17494; AD 2013-13-06] (RIN: 2120-AA64) received September 9, 2013, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

### PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XII, public bills and resolutions of the following titles were introduced and severally referred, as follows:

> By Mr. SMITH of New Jersey (for himself, Mrs. Black, Mr. Lipinski, Mrs. HARTZLER, Mr. FRANKS of Arizona, Mrs. Blackburn, Mrs. Wagner, Ms. FOXX, Mrs. BACHMANN, Ms. Ros-LEHTINEN, Mr. ROE of Tennessee, Mr. Wolf, Mr. Salmon, Mr. Weber of Texas, Mr. Sessions, Mr. Jones, Mr. CONAWAY, Mr. DUNCAN of South Carolina, Mr. GRIFFIN of Arkansas, Mr. TERRY, Mr. HUELSKAMP, Mr. BOUSTANY, Mr. MASSIE, Mr. KELLY OF Pennsylvania, Mr. BENTIVOLIO, Mr. BURGESS, Mr. KINGSTON, Mr. CULBER-SON, Mr. ADERHOLT, Mr. OLSON, Mr. FLEMING, Mr. COLE, Mr. ROTHFUS, Mr. BRADY of Texas, Mr. WALBERG, Mr. KING of Iowa, Mr. LONG, Mr. LAM-BORN, Mr. BRIDENSTINE, Mr. HARPER, Mr. Cotton, Mr. Crawford, Mr. Ros-KAM, Mr. GOHMERT, Mr. ROKITA, Mr. NUNNELEE, Mr. CHABOT, Mr. POE of Texas, Mr. Rogers of Kentucky, Mr. FORTENBERRY, Mr. LATTA, Mr. PEARCE, Mr. HUIZENGA of Michigan, Mr. Harris, Mr. Miller of Florida, Mr. Radel, Mr. Goodlatte, Mr. BENISHEK, Mr. WOMACK, Mr. DUNCAN of Tennessee, Mr. Gowdy, Mr. LaMalfa, Mr. Hultgren, Mr. Hall, Mr. PITTENGER, Mr. FINCHER, Mr. Illinois, RODNEY DAVIS of Illinois, WENSTRUP, Mr. FLEISCHMANN, Mr. Mr. MARCHANT, and Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio):

H.R. 3279. A bill to amend section 1303(b)(3) of Public Law 111-148 concerning the notice requirements regarding the extent of health plan coverage of abortion and abortion premium surcharges: to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

By Mr. FLEMING (for himself and Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania):

H.R. 3280. A bill to amend the Lacey Act Amendments of 1981 to limit the application of such Act to certain imported plants and finished plant products, and for other purposes: to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. YOUNG of Alaska:

H.R. 3281. A bill to transfer criminal enforcement and investigative authority and functions of certain agencies to the Federal Bureau of Investigation; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. KINGSTON: H.J. Res. 92. A joint resolution making continuing appropriations for the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention for fiscal year 2014, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Appropriations.

## CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following statements are submitted regarding the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution.

By Mr. SMITH of New Jersey:

H.R. 3279.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority on which this bill is based is Congress's power under the Commerce Clause in Article I. Section 8 of the Constitution.

By Mr. FLEMING:

H.R. 3280.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3 of the U.S. Constitution, which states The Congress shall have Power "to regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes."

By Mr. YOUNG of Alaska:

H.R. 3281.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 18

By Mr. KINGSTON:

H.J. Res. 92.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The principal constitutional authority for this legislation is clause 7 of section 9 of article I of the Constitution of the United States (the appropriation power), which states: "No Money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in Consequence of Appropriations made by Law . . . . "In addition, clause 1 of section 8 of article I of the Constitution (the spending power) provides: "The Congress shall have the Power . . . to pay the  $\,$ Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States. Together, these specific constitutional provisions establish the congressional power of the purse, granting Congress the authority to appropriate funds, to determine their purpose, amount, and period of availability, and to set forth terms and conditions governing their use.

# ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions as follows:

H.R. 15: Mr. Braley of Iowa, Mr. BUTTERFIELD and Mr. YARMUTH.

H.R. 25: Mr. Smith of Missouri.

H.R. 262: Mr. LOWENTHAL.

H.R. 455: Mr. COHEN.

H.R. 460: Mr. GARAMENDI.

H.R 565: Mr. GRIJALVA.

H.R. 666: Ms. PINGREE of Maine.

H.R. 669: Mr. VAN HOLLEN and Mr. MORAN. H.R. 685: Mr. STIVERS, Mr. TAKANO, and Mr. Renacci.

H.R. 719: Ms. Castor of Florida.

H.R. 732: Mr. FITZPATRICK.

H.R. 794: Mrs. Beatty.

H.R. 831: Mr. ENGEL.

H.R. 855: Mr. GARAMENDI.

H.R. 961: Mr. Costa and Ms. Castor of Florida.