

The Affordable Care Act has already begun to improve Americans' access to health care. Insurance companies are now required to cover children with pre-existing conditions, and in 2014 insurers will be prohibited from discriminating against adults with pre-existing conditions as well. An estimated 3.1 million young adults now have health insurance through their parents' plans because of the Affordable Care Act, and 6.3 million seniors have saved \$6.1 billion on their prescription drugs.

The patient protections and health system reforms that will go into effect in 2014 rely on the individual responsibility provision of the Affordable Care Act. This provision does not apply to those who cannot access affordable coverage, and it protects all Americans from sharp increases in health insurance premiums in the health insurance marketplaces.

H.R. 2667, which would delay the employer health insurance mandate, is unnecessary and detracts from the important work of ensuring that more Americans gain access to affordable, quality health insurance.

I urge my colleagues to oppose H.R. 2667 and H.R. 2668 to defend the advances already made under the Affordable Care Act and the benefits yet to come. These bills are not intended to help Americans access affordable health care. They are merely the most recent Republican efforts to undermine the Affordable Care Act.

The Affordable Care Act is the law of the land, and it is already helping Americans improve their health. We must come together to implement the law effectively and ensure that more Americans have the opportunity to access affordable health insurance and improve their health.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. All time for debate on H.R. 2668 has expired.

Pursuant to House Resolution 300, the previous question is ordered.

The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 1(c) of rule XIX, further consideration of H.R. 2668 is postponed.

#### AUTHORITY FOR MANDATE DELAY ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 1(c) of rule XIX, further consideration of H.R. 2667 will now resume.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

#### MOTION TO RECOMMIT

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I have a motion to recommit at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is the gentleman opposed to the bill?

Mr. ANDREWS. I most certainly am.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the motion to recommit.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. ANDREWS moves to recommit the bill H.R. 2667 to the Committee on Ways and Means with instructions to report the same back to the House forthwith with the following amendment:

Add at the end the following new section:

#### SEC. 3. PROTECTING EMPLOYEES AND FAMILIES FROM LOSING THEIR EXISTING HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE.

Nothing in this Act shall be construed to allow employers to reduce insurance coverage for individuals and families who currently receive job-based health benefits.

Mr. CAMP. Mr. Speaker, I reserve a point of order against the motion to recommit.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. A point of order is reserved.

The gentleman from New Jersey is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, the purpose of this final amendment, which would not delay consideration of the bill, if passed, is to be sure that no one who's covered by their employer today suffers as a result of this bill. But make no mistake about it, the purpose of the underlying bill is to unravel the Affordable Care Act thread by thread and make sure that it collapses under its own weight. Make no mistake about it further, our purpose is forgotten around here if that's what this Congress does.

We are not a debating society. We are not a perpetual political campaign. We are a legislative body that makes decisions that affect the real lives of real people in very significant ways. It is very important that all Members understand the consequences of what is being done here today.

There are a lot of Americans whose lives are not being impacted here today:

Among the 11 million unemployed in this country, they are hoping that next week might be the first week they get a paycheck in a long time. This House, consistent with its practice, is doing nothing.

For the members of families with student loans, there are over 5 million of them who have seen their student loan rates double on the 1st of July. This House, consistent with its practice, is doing nothing for them today.

For the millions of Americans who are waiting for our economy to be lifted and their lives to be lifted out of the doldrums and the shadows of an antiquated immigration law, where the other body, with 68 percent voting in favor of a change in that law, consistent with its practice, this House is doing nothing, once again, for those Americans today.

But if this bill and its unraveling attempt passes, this House is doing a lot to affect a lot of other Americans:

If everyone doesn't participate in paying for the health care system, the woman who has breast cancer or the little boy who has asthma, they can be denied a health insurance policy because of their preexisting condition, or it will become so expensive they can't afford it. This bill affects them.

The person who overpaid for their health insurance policy, if they're one of the millions of Americans who've gotten a rebate since the Affordable Care Act went into effect to stop insurance companies from overcharging Americans, if these folks have their

way and that's repealed, this bill will certainly affect them because they'll lose that rebate.

If they are among the millions of senior citizens who have been able to go for an annual checkup for a cancer screening, an annual checkup for their general health and not pay anything for it and find dreaded diseases before they take control of their lives and recover from those diseases, this bill most certainly will affect those Americans because it will repeal those benefits.

□ 1800

For those seniors who have been caught in the so-called doughnut hole created by—the Medicare program created by the then-majority a few years ago—who've seen their drug coverage costs drop because of rebates that help them offset that coverage, they will most certainly be affected by this bill because those rebates will disappear, and their coverage will go back up and cost them more again.

If they're one of the thousands or even millions of young people who are able to stay on their parents' health insurance policies until they're 26 years of age, their lives will be affected by this bill because they'll lose that benefit and it will evaporate.

This Congress has a real responsibility to Americans who want to see us move beyond this endless debate, this 38th attempted repeal of this law, who want to see us move beyond this and get to work on the real problems that confront the country. Let's put Americans back to work. Let's drop the cost of a college education. Let's fix our broken immigration system. Let's get to work on repairing the Voting Rights Act that was vandalized by the United States Supreme Court just a few weeks ago.

These are problems to which we should turn our attention, but here we are again, the 38th consecutive attempt to repeal the Affordable Care Act. The first 37 failed, and so will the 38th. The right vote for our constituents and the American people is to vote "yes" on this motion to recommit and "no" on this underlying bill.

I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. CAMP. Mr. Speaker, I withdraw my point of order, and seek time in opposition to the motion to recommit.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The point of order is withdrawn.

The gentleman from Michigan is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. CAMP. Mr. Speaker, ObamaCare is already forcing workers to lose coverage. CBO has said that employers will drop health care coverage. CBO has said that employers will lay off workers and reduce coverage. That is already happening, and workers in this country are suffering.

Even the Teamsters union has said so in a letter to Leader REID and Leader PELOSI, and let me just read from one paragraph of this letter from the Teamsters union and other unions:

When you and the President sought our support for the Affordable Care Act, you pledged that if we liked the health plans we have now, we could keep them. Sadly, that promise is under threat. Right now, unless you and the Obama administration enact an equitable fix, the ACA will shatter not only our hard-earned health benefits, but destroy the foundation of the 40-hour work week that is backbone of the American middle class.

The only way to fix this is to reject this motion, delay the employer mandate, and vote for this bill.

I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the previous question is ordered on the motion to recommit.

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to recommit.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the noes appeared to have it.

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XX, the Chair will reduce to 5 minutes the minimum time for any electronic vote on the question of adoption.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 188, nays 230, not voting 15, as follows:

[Roll No. 360]

YEAS—188

Andrews	Engel	Luján, Ben Ray
Barber	Enyart	(NM)
Bass	Eshoo	Lynch
Beatty	Esty	Maffei
Becerra	Farr	Maloney,
Bera (CA)	Fattah	Carolyn
Bishop (GA)	Foster	Maloney, Sean
Bishop (NY)	Frankel (FL)	Matsui
Blumenauer	Fudge	McCollum
Bonamici	Gabbard	McDermott
Brady (PA)	Galleo	McGovern
Braley (IA)	Garamendi	McNerney
Brown (FL)	Garcia	Meeks
Brownley (CA)	Grayson	Meng
Bustos	Michaud	Miller, George
Butterfield	Green, Al	Moore
Capps	Green, Gene	Moran
Capano	Gutiérrez	Murphy (FL)
Cárdenas	Hahn	Nadler
Carney	Hanabusa	Napolitano
Carson (IN)	Hastings (FL)	Neal
Cartwright	Heck (WA)	Nolan
Castor (FL)	Higgins	O'Rourke
Castro (TX)	Himes	Owens
Chu	Honda	Pallone
Cicilline	Hoyer	Pascarell
Clarke	Huffman	Pastor (AZ)
Clay	Israel	Payne
Cleaver	Jackson Lee	Pelosi
Clyburn	Jeffries	Perlmutter
Cohen	Johnson (GA)	Peters (CA)
Connolly	Johnson, E. B.	Peters (MI)
Conyers	Kaptur	Peterson
Cooper	Keating	Pingree (ME)
Costa	Kelly (IL)	Pocan
Courtney	Kennedy	Polis
Crowley	Kildee	Price (NC)
Cuellar	Kilmer	Quigley
Cummings	Kind	Rahall
Davis (CA)	Kirkpatrick	Rangel
Davis, Danny	Kuster	Richmond
DeFazio	Langevin	Roybal-Allard
DeGette	Larsen (WA)	Ruiz
Delaney	Larson (CT)	Ruppersberger
DeLauro	Lee (CA)	Rush
DelBene	Levin	Ryan (OH)
Deutch	Lipinski	Sánchez, Linda
Dingell	Loeb sack	T.
Doggett	Lofgren	Sanchez, Loretta
Doyle	Lowenthal	Sarbanes
Duckworth	Lowey	Schakowsky
Edwards	Lujan Grisham	Schiff
Ellison	(NM)	

Schneider	Smith (WA)	Veasey
Schrader	Speier	Vela
Schwartz	Swalwell (CA)	Velázquez
Scott (VA)	Takano	Visclosky
Scott, David	Thompson (CA)	Walz
Serrano	Thompson (MS)	Wasserman
Sewell (AL)	Tierney	Schultz
Shea-Porter	Titus	Waters
Sherman	Tonko	Watt
Sinema	Tsongas	Waxman
Sires	Van Hollen	Welch
Slaughter	Vargas	

NAYS—230

Aderholt	Graves (MO)	Petri
Alexander	Griffin (AR)	Pittenger
Amash	Griffith (VA)	Pitts
Amodei	Guthrie	Poe (TX)
Bachus	Hall	Pompeo
Barletta	Hanna	Posey
Barr	Harper	Price (GA)
Barrow (GA)	Harris	Radel
Barton	Hartzler	Reed
Benishek	Hastings (WA)	Reichert
Bentivolio	Heck (NV)	Renacci
Bilirakis	Hensarling	Ribble
Bishop (UT)	Holding	Rice (SC)
Black	Hudson	Rigell
Blackburn	Huelskamp	Roby
Bonner	Huizenga (MI)	Roe (TN)
Boustany	Hultgren	Rogers (AL)
Brady (TX)	Hunter	Rogers (KY)
Bridenstine	Hurt	Rogers (MI)
Brooks (AL)	Issa	Rohrabacher
Brooks (IN)	Jenkins	Rokita
Broun (GA)	Johnson (OH)	Rooney
Buchanan	Johnson, Sam	Ros-Lehtinen
Bucshon	Jones	Roskam
Burgess	Jordan	Ross
Calvert	Joyce	Rothfus
Camp	Kelly (PA)	Royce
Cantor	King (IA)	Runyan
Capito	King (NY)	Ryan (WI)
Carter	Kingston	Salmon
Cassidy	Kinzinger (IL)	Sanford
Chabot	Kline	Scalise
Chaffetz	Labrador	Schock
Coble	LaMalfa	Schweikert
Coffman	Lamborn	Scott, Austin
Cole	Lance	Sensenbrenner
Collins (GA)	Lankford	Sessions
Collins (NY)	Latham	Shimkus
Conaway	Latta	Shuster
Cook	LoBiondo	Simpson
Cotton	Long	Smith (MO)
Crawford	Lucas	Smith (NE)
Crenshaw	Luetkemeyer	Smith (NJ)
Culberson	Lummis	Smith (TX)
Daines	Marchant	Southerland
Davis, Rodney	Marino	Stewart
Denham	Massie	Stivers
Dent	Matheson	Stockman
DeSantis	McCarthy (CA)	Stutzman
DesJarlais	McCaul	Terry
Diaz-Balart	McClintock	Thompson (PA)
Duffy	McHenry	Thornberry
Duncan (SC)	McIntyre	Tiberi
Duncan (TN)	McKeon	Tipton
Ellmers	McKinley	Turner
Farenthold	McMorris	Upton
Finch	Rodgers	Valadao
Fitzpatrick	Meadows	Wagner
Fleischmann	Meehan	Walberg
Fleming	Messer	Walden
Forbes	Mica	Walorski
Fortenberry	Miller (FL)	Weber (TX)
Fox	Miller (MI)	Webster (FL)
Franks (AZ)	Miller, Gary	Westrup
Frelinghuysen	Mullin	Westmoreland
Gardner	Mulvaney	Whitfield
Garrett	Murphy (PA)	Williams
Gerlach	Neugebauer	Wilson (SC)
Gibbs	Noem	Wittman
Gibson	Nugent	Wolf
Gingrey (GA)	Nunes	Womack
Gohmert	Nunnelee	Woodall
Goodlatte	Olson	Yoder
Gosar	Palazzo	Yoho
Gowdy	Paulsen	Young (AK)
Granger	Pearce	Young (FL)
Graves (GA)	Perry	Young (IN)

NOT VOTING—15

Bachmann	Grimm	Lewis
Campbell	Herrera Beutler	McCarthy (NY)
Cramer	Hinojosa	Negrete McLeod
Flores	Holt	Wilson (FL)
Grijalva	Horsford	Yarmuth

□ 1826

Messrs. STIVERS, JOYCE, and DENHAM changed their vote from “yea” to “nay.”

Messrs. GARAMENDI and NOLAN changed their vote from “nay” to “yea.”

So the motion to recommit was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Stated for:

Mr. HINOJOSA. Mr. Speaker, on rollcall No. 360, had I been present, I would have voted “yea.”

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. McDERMOTT. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 264, nays 161, not voting 8, as follows:

[Roll No. 361]

YEAS—264

Aderholt	DesJarlais	Joyce
Alexander	Diaz-Balart	Kelly (PA)
Amash	Duckworth	Kilmer
Amodei	Duffy	Kind
Bachmann	Duncan (SC)	King (IA)
Bachus	Duncan (TN)	King (NY)
Barber	Ellmers	Kingston
Barletta	Enyart	Kinzinger (IL)
Barr	Esty	Kirkpatrick
Barrow (GA)	Farenthold	Kline
Barton	Fincher	Labrador
Benishek	Fitzpatrick	LaMalfa
Bentivolio	Fleischmann	Lamborn
Bera (CA)	Fleming	Lance
Bilirakis	Flores	Lankford
Bishop (UT)	Forbes	Latham
Black	Fortenberry	Latta
Blackburn	Foster	Lipinski
Bonner	Fox	LoBiondo
Boustany	Franks (AZ)	Long
Brady (TX)	Frelinghuysen	Lucas
Braley (IA)	Galleo	Luetkemeyer
Bridenstine	Garcia	Lummis
Brooks (AL)	Gardner	Maffei
Brooks (IN)	Garrett	Maloney, Sean
Broun (GA)	Gerlach	Marchant
Brownley (CA)	Gibbs	Marino
Buchanan	Gibson	Massie
Bucshon	Gingrey (GA)	Matheson
Burgess	Gohmert	McCarthy (CA)
Bustos	Goodlatte	McCaul
Calvert	Gosar	McClintock
Camp	Gowdy	McHenry
Cantor	Granger	McIntyre
Capito	Graves (GA)	McKeon
Carney	Graves (MO)	McKinley
Carter	Griffin (AR)	McMorris
Cassidy	Guthrie	Rodgers
Chabot	Hall	Meadows
Chaffetz	Hanna	Meehan
Coble	Harper	Messer
Coffman	Harris	Mica
Cole	Hartzler	Miller (FL)
Collins (GA)	Hastings (WA)	Miller (MI)
Collins (NY)	Heck (NV)	Miller, Gary
Conaway	Hensarling	Mullin
Connolly	Himes	Mulvaney
Cook	Holding	Murphy (FL)
Cotton	Hudson	Murphy (PA)
Cramer	Huelskamp	Neugebauer
Crawford	Huizenga (MI)	Noem
Crenshaw	Hultgren	Nugent
Culberson	Hunter	Nunnelee
Daines	Hurt	Olson
Davis, Rodney	Issa	Owens
Delaney	Jenkins	Palazzo
DelBene	Johnson (OH)	Paulsen
Denham	Johnson, Sam	Pearce
Dent	Jones	Perry
DeSantis	Jordan	

Peters (CA)  
 Peters (MI)  
 Peterson  
 Petri  
 Pittenger  
 Pitts  
 Poe (TX)  
 Pompeo  
 Posey  
 Price (GA)  
 Radel  
 Rahall  
 Reed  
 Reichert  
 Renacci  
 Ribble  
 Rice (SC)  
 Rigell  
 Roby  
 Roe (TN)  
 Rogers (AL)  
 Rogers (KY)  
 Rogers (MI)  
 Rohrabacher  
 Rokita  
 Rooney  
 Ros-Lehtinen  
 Roskam  
 Ross

Rothfus  
 Royce  
 Ruiz  
 Runyan  
 Ryan (WI)  
 Salmon  
 Sanford  
 Scalise  
 Schneider  
 Schock  
 Schrader  
 Schweikert  
 Scott, Austin  
 Sensenbrenner  
 Sessions  
 Shimkus  
 Shuster  
 Simpson  
 Sinema  
 Smith (MO)  
 Smith (NE)  
 Smith (NJ)  
 Smith (TX)  
 Southerland  
 Stewart  
 Stivers  
 Stockman  
 Stutzman  
 Terry

Thompson (PA)  
 Thornberry  
 Tiberi  
 Tipton  
 Turner  
 Upton  
 Valadao  
 Wagner  
 Walberg  
 Walden  
 Walorski  
 Weber (TX)  
 Webster (FL)  
 Wenstrup  
 Westmoreland  
 Whitfield  
 Williams  
 Wilson (SC)  
 Wittman  
 Wolf  
 Womack  
 Woodall  
 Yoder  
 Yoho  
 Young (AK)  
 Young (FL)  
 Young (IN)

□ 1834

So the bill was passed.  
 The result of the vote was announced  
 as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on  
 the table.

### FAIRNESS FOR AMERICAN FAMILIES ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 1(c) of rule XIX, further consideration of H.R. 2668 will now resume.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

#### MOTION TO RECOMMIT

Mr. ANDREWS. Mr. Speaker, I have a motion to recommit at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is the gentleman opposed to the bill?

Mr. ANDREWS. Yes, I am.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the motion to recommit.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. ANDREWS moves to recommit the bill H.R. 2668 to the Committee on Ways and Means with instructions to report the same back to the House forthwith with the following amendment:

Add at the end the following new section:

#### SEC. 3. PROTECTING CONSUMERS FROM PRE- MIUM INCREASES AND DISCRIMINATION ON THE BASIS OF PRE- EXISTING CONDITIONS.

Nothing in this Act shall be construed to alter, impact, delay, or weaken—

(1) section 1402 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act that reduces out-of-pocket costs and cost-sharing for individuals and families,

(2) sections 1001 and 1401 of such Act that provide tax credits and rebates for health insurance, or

(3) section 1201 of such Act that prohibits discrimination on the basis of pre-existing conditions and gender.

Mr. CAMP (during the reading). Mr. Speaker, I reserve a point of order against the motion to recommit.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. A point of order is reserved.

The gentleman from New Jersey is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. ANDREWS. The purpose of this amendment, which if passed would let us still proceed to final passage, is to provide protection for important consumer protections that I believe this bill puts in jeopardy.

There's probably not a Member of this Chamber who doesn't agree with the proposition that if a woman with breast cancer or a child with asthma goes to buy an insurance policy, I don't think many people here think they should be denied that policy because of their preexisting condition, or charged two or three times as much money because they've had breast cancer or asthma or they're a woman or they've been pregnant.

Almost everyone I hear talk about health care says Well, sure, I'm for getting rid of discrimination based on pre-existing conditions. But I think we all know this: you can't accomplish that if you don't have a mechanism to keep costs from exploding for everybody else

in the insurance marketplace. And, ladies and gentlemen, there's only two ways to do that.

The first way is to have a public fund that buys down those premium costs for people. With all due respect, the majority tried to do that and couldn't pass their bill on the floor. The second way to do it is to give everyone who can afford it the responsibility to buy health insurance for themselves.

The way that we create a situation in which we can say to that woman with breast cancer, Yes, you can have a health insurance policy, and it doesn't have to be three times as much in price, or the way that we can say to that young boy with asthma, Yes, you can have a health insurance policy, and it doesn't have to be three times as much in price, is to get everyone covered. If you don't get everyone covered, then the whole thing unravels. And when it unravels, so do the other protections in the Affordable Care Act. The preexisting condition discrimination we all say we want to prevent happens anyway.

The family whose child has a \$1 million or \$2 million chemotherapy bill runs up against a lifetime policy limit and they're on their own again. That expires, too. The protection for young men and young women who seek coverage on their parents' policy, that unravels, too. We go back to a day when the health care of the American people is in the clutches of the insurance industry and not decided between patients and their families and their physicians.

We have had this argument 38 times before on this floor. But this argument has taken place outside this floor as well. Last June, the litigants went to the United States Supreme Court and said this law was no good because it was unconstitutional. But the United States Supreme Court said, Yes, it is, and we're not going backwards.

Last year, two Presidential candidates traveled all over this country. One called for this law's repeal. The other stood by this law's enforcement. Last November, the American people spoke and they said, We're not going backward. Well, here we are again, and the choice is backward or forward.

Make no mistake about it, if the underlying bill passes, the law unravels and all the protections people say they want unravel with it. And we go back to the day when American health care was run by insurance companies and not by consumers and providers.

The choice, ladies and gentlemen, is backward or forward. I say we do not go backward to a day when insurance companies ran everything. We go forward. And when that woman with breast cancer goes to apply for that health insurance policy, the answer is no longer, Ma'am, I'm sorry, you're not eligible. You had cancer one day. The answer is, Ma'am, here is your policy. Here is your health security. Here is your independence from losing everything you had because you got sick.

#### NAYS—161

Andrews  
 Bass  
 Beatty  
 Becerra  
 Bishop (GA)  
 Bishop (NY)  
 Blumenauer  
 Bonamici  
 Brady (PA)  
 Brown (FL)  
 Butterfield  
 Capps  
 Capuano  
 Cárdenas  
 Carson (IN)  
 Cartwright  
 Castor (FL)  
 Castro (TX)  
 Chu  
 Cicilline  
 Clarke  
 Clay  
 Cleaver  
 Clyburn  
 Cohen  
 Conyers  
 Cooper  
 Costa  
 Courtney  
 Crowley  
 Cuellar  
 Cummings  
 Davis (CA)  
 Davis, Danny  
 DeFazio  
 DeGette  
 DeLauro  
 Deutch  
 Dingell  
 Doggett  
 Doyle  
 Edwards  
 Ellison  
 Engel  
 Eshoo  
 Farr  
 Fattah  
 Frankel (FL)  
 Fudge  
 Gabbard  
 Garamendi  
 Grayson  
 Green, Al  
 Green, Gene  
 Griffith (VA)  
 Grijalva

Gutiérrez  
 Hahn  
 Hanabusa  
 Hastings (FL)  
 Heck (WA)  
 Higgins  
 Hinojosa  
 Honda  
 Hoyer  
 Huffman  
 Israel  
 Jackson Lee  
 Jeffries  
 Johnson (GA)  
 Johnson, E. B.  
 Kaptur  
 Keating  
 Kelly (IL)  
 Kennedy  
 Kildee  
 Kuster  
 Langevin  
 Larsen (WA)  
 Larson (CT)  
 Lee (CA)  
 Levin  
 Loebsock  
 Lofgren  
 Lowenthal  
 Lowey  
 Lujan Grisham  
 (NM)  
 Luján, Ben Ray  
 (NM)  
 Lynch  
 Maloney,  
 Carolyn  
 Matsui  
 McCollum  
 McDermott  
 McGovern  
 McNeerney  
 Meeke  
 Meng  
 Michaud  
 Miller, George  
 Moore  
 Moran  
 Nadler  
 Napolitano  
 Neal  
 Nolan  
 O'Rourke  
 Pallone  
 Pascrell  
 Pastor (AZ)

Payne  
 Pelosi  
 Perlmutter  
 Pingree (ME)  
 Pocan  
 Polis  
 Price (NC)  
 Quigley  
 Rangel  
 Richmond  
 Roybal-Allard  
 Ruppersberger  
 Rush  
 Ryan (OH)  
 Sánchez, Linda  
 T.  
 Sanchez, Loretta  
 Sarbanes  
 Schakowsky  
 Schiff  
 Schwartz  
 Scott (VA)  
 Scott, David  
 Serrano  
 Sewell (AL)  
 Shea-Porter  
 Sherman  
 Sires  
 Slaughter  
 Smith (WA)  
 Speier  
 Swalwell (CA)  
 Takano  
 Thompson (CA)  
 Thompson (MS)  
 Tierney  
 Titus  
 Tonko  
 Tsongas  
 Van Hollen  
 Vargas  
 Veasey  
 Vela  
 Velázquez  
 Visclosky  
 Walz  
 Wasserman  
 Schultz  
 Waters  
 Watt  
 Waxman  
 Welch  
 Wilson (FL)  
 Yarmuth

#### NOT VOTING—8

Campbell  
 Grimm  
 Herrera Beutler  
 Holt  
 Horsford  
 Lewis  
 McCarthy (NY)  
 Negrete McLeod

#### ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). There are 2 minutes remaining.