Ross

Rovce

Scalise

Ruiz

Nugent Nunes Nunnelee Olson Palazzo Paulsen Pearce Perlmutter Perry Peters (CA) Peters (MI) Peterson Petri Pittenger Pitts Poe (TX) Pompeo Posey Price (GA) Radel Rahall Reed Reichert Renacci Ribble Rice (SC) Richmond Rigell Roby Roe (TN) Rogers (AL) Rogers (KY) Rogers (MI) Stutzman Rohrabacher Terrv Rokita Thompson (PA) Roonev Thornberry Ros-Lehtinen Tiberi Roskam Tipton Turner Rothfus Upton Valadao Veasey Runvan Vela. Ryan (WI) Wagner Salmon Walberg Sanford Walden Walorski Schock Weber (TX) Schweikert Webster (FL) Scott, Austin Wenstrup Sensenbrenner Westmoreland Sessions Whitfield Shimkus Shuster Williams Wilson (SC) Simpson Wittman Sinema Smith (MO) Wolf Smith (NE) Womack Smith (NJ) Woodall Smith (TX) Yoder Southerland Yoho Stewart Young (AK) Stivers Young (IN) Stockman

Negrete McLeod

# NOES-171

Grijalva

Hahn

Himes

Honda

Hoyer

Israel

Jones

Kaptur

Kildee

Kilmer

Kuster

Levin

Lewis

Lynch

Maffei

Meeks

Meng

Moore

Moran

Nadler

Neal

Kind

Holt

Andrews Bass Beatty Becerra Bishop (GA) Bishop (NY) Blumenauer Bonamici Brady (PA) Braley (IA) Brown (FL) Brownley (CA) Butterfield Capps Capuano Cárdenas Carney Carson (IN) Cartwright Castor (FL) Castro (TX) Chu Cicilline Clarke Clay Cleaver Clvburn Cohen Connolly Convers Cooper Courtney Crowlev Cummings Davis (CA) Davis, Danny DeFazio DeGette DeLauro DelBene Deutch Dingell Doggett Dovle Duckworth Edwards Ellison Engel Enyart Eshoo Estv Farr Fattah Foster Frankel (FL) Fudge Gabbard Garamendi Gravson

Campbell Fincher Gutiérrez

Nolan Hanabusa O'Rourke Hastings (FL) Owens Heck (WA) Pallone Higgins Pascrell Pastor (AZ) Pavne Pelosi Horsford Pingree (ME) Pocan Huffman Polis Price (NC) Jeffries Quigley Johnson (GA) Rangel Johnson, E. B. Roybal-Allard Ruppersberger Rush Keating Rvan (OH) Kelly (IL) Sánchez, Linda Kennedv Т. Sanchez, Loretta Sarbanes Schakowsky Kirkpatrick Schiff Schneider Langevin Schrader Larsen (WA) Schwartz Larson (CT) Scott (VA) Lee (CA) Scott, David Serrano Sewell (AL) Lofgren Shea-Porter Lowenthal Sherman Lowey Lujan Grisham Sires Slaughter (NM) Luján, Ben Ray Speier Swalwell (CA) (NM) Takano Thompson (CA) Maloney, Thompson (MS) Carolyn Tierney Maloney, Sean Titus Tonko Markev Matsui Tsongas Van Hollen McCollum Vargas McDermott McGovern Velázquez Visclosky McNernev Walz Wasserman Schultz Michaud Waters Miller, George Watt Waxman Welch Napolitano Wilson (FL) Yarmuth

#### NOT VOTING-7

McCarthy (NY)	Smith (WA)
McMorris	Young (FL)
Rodgers	

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—HOUSE

## □ 1504

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

(By unanimous consent, Mr. NEAL was allowed to speak out of order.)

CONGRATULATING THE HONORABLE ED MARKEY ON ELECTION TO SENATE

Mr. NEAL. Mr. Speaker, on Tuesday, June 25, our colleague, ED MARKEY, was elected to the United States Senate

Mr. Speaker, from the Adams family to the Kennedy family, Massachusetts has sent great talent to the United States Senate, and always a reminder that John Kennedy served in this House and thought it was a privilege before he went to the United States Senate.

I also will just say a couple of personal things about our colleague. Nobody ever walked away from ED MAR-KEY and said he didn't know what he was talking about or that he was uninformed. He engages the debate fully. And I must tell you, having known him for more than three decades, he is fulfilling a personal ambition—in addition to which he has promised me that he will take the humility of this institution and bring it to the United States Senate.

The last point that I think is very important and a reminder to all of us, in the polling data that led up to Ed's victory, by 15 points the people said they thought it was his experience that would serve him well. That was the deciding factor in why they sent him to the United States Senate.

A round of applause for our friend, ED MARKEY.

INSPECTOR GENERAL INVESTIGA-TION OF ALLEGATIONS OF RE-TALIATORY PERSONNEL AC-TIONS TAKEN IN RESPONSE TO MAKING PROTECTED COMMU-NICATIONS REGARDING SEXUAL ASSAULT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, 5-minute voting will continue.

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1864) to amend title 10, United States Code, to require an Inspector General investigation of allegations of retaliatory personnel actions taken in response to making protected communications regarding sexual assault, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill. The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentlewoman from Indiana (Mrs. WALORSKI) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill.

This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 423, nays 0, not voting 11, as follows:

# [Roll No. 294]

June 27, 2013

YEAS = 423Diaz-Balart

Dingell

Doggett

Duckworth

Duncan (SC)

Duncan (TN)

Edwards

Ellison

Ellmers

Engel

Envart

Esĥoo

Farenthold

Fitzpatrick

Fleischmann

Fortenberry

Foxx Frankel (FL)

Franks (AZ)

Frelinghuysen

Estv

Farr

Fattah

Fleming

Flores

Forbes

Foster

Fudge

Gabbard

Gallego

Garcia

Gardner

Garrett

Gerlach

Gibbs

Gibson

Gosar

Gowdy

Granger

Grayson

Grijalva

Grimm

Guthrie

Hahn

Hall

Hanna

Harper

Harris

Hartzler

Heck (NV)

Heck (WA)

Hensarling

Higgins

Hinojosa

Holding

Holt

Honda

Hoyer

Hudson

Huelskamp

Huizenga (MI)

Jackson Lee

Johnson (GA)

Johnson (OH)

Johnson, E. B.

Johnson, Sam

Pastor (AZ)

Huffman

Hultgren

Hunter

Hurt

Israel

Jeffries

Jenkins

Jones

Jovce

Jordan

Issa

Horsford

Himes

Hastings (FL)

Hastings (WA)

Herrera Beutler

Gutiérrez

Hanabusa

Green, Al

Green, Gene

Griffin (AR)

Griffith (VA)

Graves (GA)

Graves (MO)

Gohmert

Goodlatte

Gingrey (GA)

Garamendi

Dovle.

Duffv

Aderholt

Amash

Amodei

Bachus

Barber

Barr

Barton

Beatty

Becerra.

Benishek

Bentivolio

Bera (CA)

Bilirakis

Bishop (GA)

Bishop (NY)

Bishop (UT)

Blackburn

Bonamici

Bonner

Boustany

Brady (PA)

Brady (TX)

Braley (IA)

Bridenstine

Brooks (AL)

Brooks (IN)

Brown (FL)

Buchanan

Butterfield

Bucshon

Burgess

Bustos

Calvert

Camp

Cantor

Capito

Capps

Capuano

Cárdenas

Carson (IN)

Cartwright

Castor (FL)

Castro (TX)

Carney

Carter

Cassidy

Chabot

Chaffetz

Chu Cicilline

Clarke

Cleaver

Clyburn

Coffman

Collins (GA)

Collins (NY)

Conaway

Cohen

Cole

Cook

Cooper

Costa

Cotton

Courtney

Crawford

Crenshaw

Crowley

Cuellar

Daines

DeFazio

DeGette

Delaney

DeLauro

DelBene

Denham

DeSantis

Deutch

Des Jarlais

Dent

Culberson

Cummings

Davis (CA)

Davis, Danny

Davis, Rodney

Cramer

Coble

Clay

Brownley (CA)

Blumenauer

Black

Bass

Barletta

Barrow (GA)

Andrews

Bachmann

Alexander

Kaptur Keating Kelly (IL) Kellv (PA) Kennedy Kildee Kilmer Kind King (IA) King (NY) Kingston Kinzinger (IL) Kirkpatrick Kline Kuster Labrador LaMalfa Lance Langevin Lankford Larsen (WA) Larson (CT) Latham Latta Lee (CA) Levin Lewis Lipinski LoBiondo Loebsack Lofgren Long Lowenthal Lowey Lucas Luetkemever Lujan Grisham (NM) Luján, Ben Ray (NM) Lummis Lynch Maffei Maloney. Carolyn Maloney, Sean Marchant Marino Markey Massie Matheson Matsui McCarthy (CA) McClintock McCollum McDermott McGovern McHenry McIntyre McKeon McKinlev McNerney Meadows Meehan Meeks Meng Messer Mica Michaud Miller (FL) Miller (MI) Miller, Garv Miller, George Moore Moran Mullin Mulvaney Murphy (FL) Murphy (PA) Nadler Napolitano Neal Negrete McLeod Neugebauer Noem Nolan Nugent Nunes Nunnelee O'Rourke Olson Owens Palazzo Pallone Pascrell

Paulsen

Payne

Pearce

Pelosi

Perry

Petri

Pitts

Pocan

Polis

Posey

Perlmutter

Peters (CA)

Peters (MI)

Pingree (ME)

Peterson

Pittenger

Poe (TX)

Pompeo

Price (GA)

Price (NC)

Quiglev

Radel

Rahall

Rangel

Reichert

Renacci

Rice (SC)

Richmond

Roby Roe (TN)

Rogers (AL)

Rogers (KY)

Rogers (MI)

Rokita

Roonev

Roskam

Rothfus

Royce

Runvan

Ruiz

Ross

Rohrabacher

Ros-Lehtinen

Rovbal-Allard

Ribble

Rigell

Reed

Ruppersberger Thompson (MS) Rush Thompson (PA) Ryan (OH) Thornberry Rvan (WI) Tiberi Salmon Tierney Sánchez, Linda Tipton Т. Titus Sanchez, Loretta Tonko Sanford Tsongas Sarbanes Turner Scalise Upton Schakowsky Valadao Schiff Van Hollen Schneider Vargas Schock Veasey Schrader Vela Schwartz Velázquez Schweikert Visclosky Scott (VA) Wagner Scott, Austin Walberg Scott David Walden Sensenbrenner Walorski Serrano Walz Sessions Wasserman Sewell (AL) Schultz Shea-Porter Waters Sherman Watt Shimkus Waxman Shuster Weber (TX) Simpson Webster (FL) Sinema Welch Sires Wenstrup Slaughter Westmoreland Smith (MO) Whitfield Smith (NE) Williams Smith (NJ) Wilson (FL) Smith (TX) Wilson (SC) Southerland Wittman Speier Stewart Wolf Womack Stivers Stockman Woodall Yarmuth Stutzman Swalwell (CA) Yoder Takano Yoho Young (AK) Terry Thompson (CA) Young (IN) NOT VOTING-11

# $\Box$ 1515

Mr. CUMMINGS changed his vote from "nay" to "yea."

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

#### MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

A message in writing from the President of the United States was communicated to the House by Mr. Brian Pate, one of his secretaries.

# OFFSHORE ENERGY AND JOBS ACT

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. HASTINGS of Washington. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on the bill, H.R. 2231.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Washington?

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 274 and rule XVIII, the Chair declares the House in the Committee of the Whole House on

the state of the Union for the consideration of the bill, H.R. 2231.

The Chair appoints the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. GARDNER) to preside over the Committee of the Whole.

#### □ 1518

## IN THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Accordingly, the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 2231) to amend the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act to increase energy exploration and production on the Outer Continental Shelf, provide for equitable revenue sharing for all coastal States, implement the reorganization of the functions of the former Minerals Management Service into distinct and separate agencies, and for other purposes, with Mr. GARDNER in the chair. The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The CHAIR. Pursuant to the rule, the bill is considered read the first time.

The gentleman from Washington (Mr. HASTINGS) and the gentleman from Oregon (Mr. DEFAZIO) each will control 30 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Washington.

Mr. HASTINGS of Washington. Mr. Chairman, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

I rise today in strong support of H.R. 2231, the Offshore Energy and Jobs Act.

Unlike the President's plan that we heard from this week, which is to impose new energy taxes and Federal red tape that will increase energy prices and cost American jobs, this Republican plan will expand access to our own U.S. energy resources in order to lower energy prices and increase American jobs.

# □ 1520

Gas prices have nearly doubled since President Obama took office. The national average today remains above \$3.50 per gallon compared to the \$1.89 it was when he took office. We shouldn't have to accept potentially \$4-a-gallon gas prices, especially when we have the resources right here at home. Higher gas prices mean we are making tough budget choices. For small businesses, it may mean the difference between hiring more workers or having to let some go. For families, it may be the difference between replacing the worn-out household appliance or making due with makeshift repairs. This is why access to affordable energy is so vital.

For decades, most of our Nation's offshore areas were under a moratorium, preventing any offshore development. All of that, Mr. Chairman, changed in the summer of 2008 when outrageously high gas prices made our Nation's energy struggles a regular topic of conversation around the dinner table for American families. Later that year, Congress and then-President Bush lifted those moratoria with the hopes of fostering an era of increased energy production.

President Obama then came into office with a tremendous opportunity. For the first time in more than a generation, he had the ability to open new offshore areas to oil and natural gas production. Sadly, instead, he went out of his way to shut down this opportunity by putting forth a new 5-year offshore leasing plan that locks up 85 percent of our offshore areas. The plan includes no new drilling, which results in no new American jobs. In fact, it includes the lowest number of lease sales ever offered in an offshore lease plan. Mr. Chairman, that's the worst record since President Jimmy Carter's.

We must do better. That's why we are here today to consider the Offshore Energy and Jobs Act. This legislation puts us back on the right path: one that will open new areas to drilling, one that will create 1.2 million American jobs, one that will lower energy prices, and one that will generate \$1.5 billion in new revenue to the Federal Government. But it's not only energy jobs that will be created; it's associated industries like manufacturing, boating, transportation, and service industries like hotels and restaurants. They, too, will also benefit.

This legislation requires the administration to implement a new 5-year leasing plan that includes areas with the most oil and natural gas, such as the mid-Atlantic and Alaska and off southern California. It's not a "drill everywhere" plan but, rather, a "drill smart'' plan that focuses on those areas where the greatest potential lies. It would also require specific lease sales to be held off the coasts of South Carolina and Virginia, the latter of which was originally scheduled to take place in 2011 but was cancelled by the Obama administration. There is bipartisan support in favor of the Virginia lease sale, but, again, this administration canceled it and punted any future sales until after 2017.

The bill also establishes a fair and equitable revenue sharing program with all coastal States that have drilling off their coasts, much like what the Gulf States currently enjoy. Revenue sharing will create new incentives for opening offshore areas to drilling. Again, more American energy production equates to more jobs and a stronger economy.

Finally, Mr. Chairman, the bill includes reforms to further enhance the accountability, efficiency, safety, and ethical standards of offshore energy operations. These reforms will allow for the robust production of our Nation's offshore energy resources while ensuring that all activity is conducted with proper oversight.

Offshore energy production has steadily declined under this administration, and, frankly, Mr. Chairman, it's time to reverse that trend. H.R. 2231 will remove government barriers that are currently blocking access to our American energy resources. It will safely and responsibly unlock our energy and allow us to create over a million new American jobs. I urge my colleagues to support the Offshore Energy and Jobs Act.