

Both the Bush and Obama administrations support ratification of these agreements, which have already received Senate advice and consent. Advancing this legislation strengthens international cooperation and information-sharing, and will ensure that the United States stays at the forefront of global counterterrorism and counterproliferation efforts. These measures are consistent with our domestic efforts to improve homeland security and to promote better international cooperation.

It is my hope the Senate will act swiftly to pass this legislation so that these important multilateral agreements can finally be ratified. I encourage my colleagues to vote in favor of this legislation.

Mr. SCOTT of Virginia. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

I rise in support of H.R. 1073, the Nuclear Terrorism Conventions Implementation and Safety of Maritime Navigation Act. This bipartisan legislation, which was reported favorably by the Judiciary Committee in March, is nearly identical to legislation that the House passed by voice vote in the last Congress.

H.R. 1073 amends the Federal Criminal Code to conform our laws to our Nation's obligations under four international treaties that are part of an important effort to update international law for the post-September 11th era. Two of the treaties, the International Convention for the Suppression of Acts of Nuclear Terrorism and the Convention for the Physical Protection of Nuclear Material, require party nations to better protect nuclear materials and to punish acts of nuclear terrorism.

Two other treaties, amendments to the Convention for the Suppression of Unlawful Acts Against the Safety of Maritime Navigation and the Protocol for Suppression of Unlawful Acts Against the Safety of Fixed Platforms, address the use of ships and fixed platforms in terrorist attacks, as well as the transport of weapons, weapons delivery systems, and the transport of terrorist fugitives by sea.

The United States signed these treaties in 2005, and the Senate passed resolutions of advice and consent on all four in 2008. We cannot ratify these agreements, however, until Congress amends the Federal Criminal Code to bring it in line with our new obligations. H.R. 1073 does just that—and nothing more. It amends title 18 of the United States Code to explicitly prohibit acts of terrorism involving radioactive material, provide new security requirements for the use and storage of nuclear materials, and address the use of ships and offshore platforms in terrorist attacks.

With the cooperation of the Justice Department, this bill does not include previously proposed language that was outside the scope of the underlying treaties. For example, the original

version proposed by the administration included an expansion of the scope of conduct subject to the death penalty, new wiretap predicates, and authorization for the President to conduct similar agreements in the future without congressional approval. There is no need to argue about these controversial provisions in order to implement the underlying treaties, and those unrelated initiatives have been removed in this version of the bill. So I'm grateful for the spirit of cooperation in which the bill before us has been drafted.

The resulting bipartisan proposal has the full support of the Obama administration. I'm pleased to join my colleagues, the gentleman from Wisconsin, the chair of the Subcommittee on Crime, Mr. SENSENBRENNER, along with Ranking Member CONYERS and Chairman GOODLATTE.

I urge my colleagues to support H.R. 1073. I have one additional speaker, so I will reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. COLLINS of Georgia. I continue to reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. SCOTT of Virginia. Mr. Speaker, I yield such time as he may consume to the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. FATTAH).

Mr. FATTAH. Let me thank the ranking member and let me thank the gentleman, Mr. SENSENBRENNER, who brought this bill before us. I rise in support of the bill, and I wanted to use this occasion to make some additional comments.

We recognize that the proliferation of nuclear weapons is the greatest threat that our country faces. I took a trip with Chairman YOUNG to visit the International Atomic Energy Agency in Vienna, Austria, looking at the weapons development program in Iran. This is a big issue that the Congress has got to pay a lot of attention to.

But I also wanted to take a minute as a member of the Energy Appropriations Subcommittee to talk about the administration's request on both nonproliferation and modernization. The nonproliferation request is flatlined. The weapons modernization, which is important as relates to our obligations and agreements relative to the START treaty, is well funded. But we think there are some gaps in terms of the planning. And we need to understand more fully, in terms of both the B-61 and the W-76, where we're headed in terms of the long-term package.

So this bill is important because it deals with terrorism threats in terms of nuclear weapons. Part of dealing with that is to make sure that we continue the work of Senators Nunn and Lugar in nonproliferation. It's also important for our country to modernize our weapons, and to do that with a full understanding that we cannot do that on a year-to-year basis. We have to have a long-term plan and understand the entire package.

Mr. SCOTT of Virginia. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. COLLINS of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

H.R. 1073, the Nuclear Terrorism Conventions Implementation and Safety of Maritime Navigation Act of 2013, is bipartisan legislation to ratify certain counterterrorism treaty obligations. This legislation was reported by voice vote from the Judiciary Committee last month. Similar legislation was unanimously reported by the committee and passed the House by voice vote also last Congress.

Terrorism and the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction do not recognize international boundaries. These treaties are important tools in the fight against terrorism. Each one builds on an existing treaty to which the United States is a party. The treaties and this legislation complement important U.S. priorities to prevent nuclear terrorism, counterproliferation of weapons of mass destruction, and counterterrorism initiatives. Enacting this legislation will reinforce the United States' leadership role in promoting these and other counterterrorism treaties and will likely prompt other countries to join.

□ 1730

In addition to bolstering broad security and proliferation-prevention goals, these protocols help to promote implementation of certain sanctions against rogue regimes that are hostile to U.S. interests.

I commend Chairman GOODLATTE and Ranking Member CONYERS, along with the sponsor of H.R. 1073, Crime Subcommittee Chairman SENSENBRENNER, and Ranking Member SCOTT for their commitment to this important legislation.

I urge my colleagues to join me in passing H.R. 1073 today, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. COLLINS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 1073.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. COLLINS of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until approximately 6:30 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 5 o'clock and 31 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 1830

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro

tempore (Mr. WENSTRUP) at 6 o'clock and 30 minutes p.m.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, proceedings will resume on questions previously postponed.

Votes will be taken in the following order:

H.R. 258, by the yeas and nays;

H.R. 1073, by the yeas and nays;

Approval of the Journal, de novo.

The first electronic vote will be conducted as a 15-minute vote. Remaining electronic votes will be conducted as 5-minute votes.

STOLEN VALOR ACT OF 2013

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 258) to amend title 18, United States Code, with respect to fraudulent representations about having received military declarations or medals, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. COLLINS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 390, nays 3, not voting 40, as follows:

[Roll No. 161]

YEAS—390

Aderholt	Castor (FL)	Duffy
Andrews	Castro (TX)	Duncan (SC)
Bachmann	Chabot	Duncan (TN)
Bachus	Chaffetz	Edwards
Barber	Chu	Ellison
Barletta	Cicilline	Ellmers
Barr	Clarke	Engel
Barrow (GA)	Clay	Enyart
Barton	Cleaver	Eshoo
Bass	Coble	Esty
Beatty	Coffman	Farenthold
Becerra	Cohen	Farr
Bentivolio	Collins (GA)	Fattah
Bera (CA)	Collins (NY)	Fincher
Bilirakis	Conaway	Fitzpatrick
Bishop (GA)	Connolly	Fleischmann
Bishop (NY)	Conyers	Fleming
Bishop (UT)	Cook	Flores
Black	Cooper	Forbes
Blumenauer	Costa	Fortenberry
Bonamici	Cotton	Foster
Bonner	Courtney	Fox
Boustany	Crawford	Frankel (FL)
Brady (PA)	Crenshaw	Franks (AZ)
Brady (TX)	Crowley	Frelinghuysen
Braley (IA)	Cuellar	Fudge
Bridenstine	Culberson	Gabbard
Brooks (AL)	Cummings	Garamendi
Brooks (IN)	Daines	Garcia
Brownley (CA)	Davis (CA)	Gardner
Buchanan	Davis, Danny	Garrett
Bucshon	Davis, Rodney	Gerlach
Burgess	DeFazio	Gibbs
Bustos	DeGette	Gibson
Butterfield	Delaney	Goodlatte
Calvert	DeLauro	Gosar
Camp	DelBene	Gowdy
Campbell	Denham	Granger
Cantor	Dent	Graves (GA)
Capito	DeSantis	Graves (MO)
Capps	DesJarlais	Grayson
Carney	Deutch	Green, Al
Carson (IN)	Dingell	Green, Gene
Carter	Doyle	Griffin (AR)
Cartwright	Duckworth	Griffith (VA)

Grimm	McCollum	Ryan (OH)	Huelskamp	McCaul	Sanchez, Loretta
Guthrie	McGovern	Ryan (WI)	Johnson, Sam	McDermott	Schiff
Gutierrez	McHenry	Salmon	Kingston	McKeon	Schiff
Hahn	McIntyre	Sánchez, Linda	Lynch	Palazzo	Thompson (MS)
Hall	McKinley	T.	Marchant	Pastor (AZ)	Waters
Hanabusa	McMorris	Sanford	Markey	Pingree (ME)	Young (AK)
Hanna	Rodgers	Sarbanes	McCarthy (NY)	Rohrabacher	
Harper	McNerney	Scalise			
Harris	Meadows	Schakowsky			
Hastings (FL)	Meehan	Schneider			
Hastings (WA)	Meeks	Schock			
Heck (NV)	Meng	Schrader			
Higgins	Messer	Schwartz			
Himes	Mica	Schweikert			
Hinojosa	Michaud	Scott (VA)			
Holding	Miller (FL)	Scott, Austin			
Holt	Miller (MI)	Scott, David			
Honda	Miller, Gary	Sensenbrenner			
Horsford	Miller, George	Serrano			
Hoyer	Moore	Sessions			
Hudson	Moran	Sewell (AL)			
Huffman	Mullin	Shea-Porter			
Huizenga (MI)	Mulvaney	Sherman			
Hultgren	Murphy (FL)	Shimkus			
Hunter	Murphy (PA)	Shuster			
Hurt	Nadler	Simpson			
Israel	Napolitano	Sinema			
Issa	Neal	Sires			
Jackson Lee	Negrete McLeod	Slaughter			
Jeffries	Neugebauer	Smith (NE)			
Jenkins	Noem	Smith (NJ)			
Johnson (GA)	Nolan	Smith (TX)			
Johnson (OH)	Nugent	Smith (WA)			
Johnson, E. B.	Nunes	Southerland			
Jones	Nunnelee	Speier			
Jordan	O'Rourke	Stewart			
Joyce	Olson	Stivers			
Kaptur	Owens	Stockman			
Keating	Pallone	Stutzman			
Kelly (IL)	Pascarell	Swalwell (CA)			
Kelly (PA)	Paulsen	Takano			
Kennedy	Payne	Terry			
Kildee	Pearce	Thompson (CA)			
Kilmer	Pelosi	Thompson (PA)			
Kind	Perlmutter	Thornberry			
King (IA)	Perry	Tiberi			
King (NY)	Peters (CA)	Tierney			
Kinzinger (IL)	Peters (MI)	Tipton			
Kirkpatrick	Peterson	Titus			
Kline	Petri	Tonko			
Kuster	Pittenger	Tsongas			
Labrador	Pitts	Turner			
LaMalfa	Pocan	Upton			
Lamborn	Poe (TX)	Valadao			
Lance	Polis	Van Hollen			
Langevin	Pompeo	Vargas			
Lankford	Posey	Veasey			
Larsen (WA)	Price (GA)	Vela			
Larson (CT)	Price (NC)	Velázquez			
Latham	Quigley	Visclosky			
Latta	Radel	Wagner			
Lee (CA)	Rahall	Walberg			
Levin	Rangel	Walden			
Lewis	Reed	Walorski			
Lipinski	Reichert	Walz			
LoBiondo	Renacci	Wasserman			
Loeb	Ribble	Schultz			
Lofgren	Rice (SC)	Watt			
Long	Richmond	Waxman			
Lowenthal	Rigell	Weber (TX)			
Lowe	Roby	Webster (FL)			
Lucas	Roe (TN)	Welch			
Luetkemeyer	Rogers (AL)	Wenstrup			
Lujan Grisham	Rogers (KY)	Westmoreland			
(NM)	Rogers (MI)	Whitfield			
Luján, Ben Ray	Rokita	Williams			
(NM)	Rooney	Wilson (FL)			
Lummis	Ros-Lehtinen	Wilson (SC)			
Maffei	Roskam	Wittman			
Maloney,	Ross	Wolf			
Carolyn	Rothfus	Womack			
Maloney, Sean	Roybal-Allard	Woodall			
Marino	Royce	Yarmuth			
Matheson	Ruiz	Yoder			
Matsui	Runyan	Yoho			
McCarthy (CA)	Ruppersberger	Young (FL)			
McClintock	Rush	Young (IN)			

NAYS—3

Broun (GA) Massie
NOT VOTING—40

Amash	Cassidy	Gingrey (GA)
Alexander	Clyburn	Gohmert
Amodei	Cole	Grijalva
Benishek	Cramer	Hartzer
Blackburn	Diaz-Balart	Heck (WA)
Brown (FL)	Doggett	Hensarling
Capuano	Gallego	Herrera Beutler
Cárdenas		

□ 1857

Ms. BASS and Mr. COTTON changed their vote from “nay” to “yea.”

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The title was amended so as to read: “An Act to amend title 18, United States Code, with respect to fraudulent representations about having received military decorations or medals.”

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

NUCLEAR TERRORISM CONVENTIONS IMPLEMENTATION AND SAFETY OF MARITIME NAVIGATION ACT OF 2013

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1073) to amend title 18, United States Code, to provide for protection of maritime navigation and prevention of nuclear terrorism, and for other purposes, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. COLLINS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 390, nays 3, not voting 40, as follows:

[Roll No. 162]

YEAS—390

Aderholt	Calvert	Culberson
Andrews	Camp	Cummings
Bachmann	Campbell	Daines
Bachus	Cantor	Davis (CA)
Barber	Capito	Davis, Danny
Barletta	Capps	Davis, Rodney
Barr	Carney	DeFazio
Barrow (GA)	Carson (IN)	DeGette
Barton	Carter	Delaney
Bass	Cartwright	DeLauro
Beatty	Castor (FL)	DelBene
Becerra	Castro (TX)	Denham
Bentivolio	Chabot	Dent
Bera (CA)	Chaffetz	DeSantis
Bilirakis	Chu	DesJarlais
Bishop (GA)	Cicilline	Deutch
Bishop (NY)	Clarke	Dingell
Bishop (UT)	Clay	Doyle
Black	Cleaver	Duckworth
Blumenauer	Coble	Duffy
Bonamici	Coffman	Duncan (SC)
Bonner	Cohen	Duncan (TN)
Boustany	Collins (GA)	Edwards
Brady (PA)	Collins (NY)	Ellison
Brady (TX)	Conaway	Ellmers
Braley (IA)	Connolly	Engel
Bridenstine	Conyers	Enyart
Brooks (AL)	Cook	Eshoo
Brooks (IN)	Cooper	Esty
Broun (GA)	Costa	Farenthold
Brownley (CA)	Cotton	Farr
Buchanan	Courtney	Fattah
Bucshon	Crawford	Fincher
Burgess	Crenshaw	Fitzpatrick
Bustos	Crowley	Fleischmann
Butterfield	Cuellar	Fleming