

to enforce the Federal Government's invasion into the health care lives of American citizens; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. HARPER:

H.R. 1994. A bill to terminate the Election Assistance Commission; to the Committee on House Administration.

By Mr. KIND (for himself, Mr. PETRI, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Ms. DeLAURO, Mr. WAXMAN, Mr. SENSENBRENNER, Mr. MCGOVERN, and Mr. COOPER):

H.R. 1995. A bill to reform the Federal Crop Insurance Act and reduce Federal spending on crop insurance; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. KING of New York (for himself, Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York, Mr. RUNYAN, Mr. PETRI, Mr. YOUNG of Florida, and Mr. DeFAZIO):

H.R. 1996. A bill to provide for free mailing privileges for personal correspondence and parcels sent to members of the Armed Forces serving on active duty in Iraq or Afghanistan; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. McKEON (for himself and Mr. PETERS of California):

H.R. 1997. A bill to allow investor participation in the loan rehabilitation program authorized under section 203(k) of the National Housing Act; to the Committee on Financial Services.

By Mr. McKEON (for himself and Ms. LORETTA SANCHEZ of California):

H.R. 1998. A bill to amend the Lacey Act Amendments of 1981 to clarify provisions enacted by the Captive Wildlife Safety Act, to further the conservation of certain wildlife species, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. MURPHY of Florida (for himself, Mr. JOYCE, Mr. PETERS of California, Mr. RICE of South Carolina, and Ms. SINEMA):

H.R. 1999. A bill to reduce waste and implement cost savings and revenue enhancement for the Federal Government; to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform, and in addition to the Committees on Appropriations, Agriculture, Energy and Commerce, and Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. PIERLUISI (for himself, Mr. HOYER, Mr. YOUNG of Alaska, Mr. SERRANO, Mr. KING of New York, Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California, Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN, Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. WAXMAN, Ms. KAPTUR, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. FALCOMA, Ms. NORTON, Ms. BROWN of Florida, Mr. MICA, Mr. HASTINGS of Florida, Mr. FATTAH, Mr. KIND, Mr. CROWLEY, Mr. DIAZ-BALART, Mr. GRIJALVA, Ms. BORDALLO, Mr. ELLISON, Ms. CASTOR of Florida, Ms. FUDGE, Mr. SCHOCK, Mr. SABLAN, Mr. DEUTCH, Mr. POLIS, Mr. GRAYSON, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Mr. GARCIA, and Ms. SHEA-PORTER):

H.R. 2000. A bill to set forth the process for Puerto Rico to be admitted as a State of the Union; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. RANGEL (for himself, Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania, Mr. MCGOVERN, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. RAHALL, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Mr. MCCAUL, Mr. WESTMORELAND, Mr. PERRY, Mr. JONES, Mrs. CAPPS, Ms. CHU, Ms. NORTON, Mr. MEEKS, Mr. WALZ, Mr. COOPER, Mr. NUNNELEE, Mr. BROWN of Georgia, Mr. CLEAVER, Mr. GARY G. MILLER of California, Mr. KELLY of Pennsylvania, Mr. POCAN, and Mr. ROE of Tennessee):

H.R. 2001. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to improve the ability of health care professionals to treat veterans via telemedicine; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. RYAN of Ohio (for himself, Ms. GRANGER, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Ms. KUSTER, Mrs. LOWEY, Ms. KAPTUR, Mr. COLE, and Mr. CRENSHAW):

H.R. 2002. A bill to amend title 10, United States Code, to enhance assistance for victims of sexual assault committed by members of the Armed Forces, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. RYAN of Ohio (for himself and Mrs. LOWEY):

H.R. 2003. A bill to amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to require the label of drugs intended for human use to contain a parenthetical statement identifying the source of any ingredient constituting or derived from a grain or starch-containing ingredient; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. SIMPSON (for himself and Mr. DeFAZIO):

H.R. 2004. A bill to expand geothermal production, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. TIERNEY (for himself, Mr. CAPUANO, Mr. CUMMINGS, Mr. FARR, Ms. HAHN, Mr. KEATING, Ms. LOFGREN, Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York, Mr. MARKEY, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. MORAN, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Ms. SPEIER, and Ms. TSONGAS):

H.R. 2005. A bill to provide for the development and use of technology for personalized handguns, to require that, within 3 years, all handguns manufactured or sold in, or imported into, the United States incorporate such technology, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. WALBERG (for himself and Mr. KILDEE):

H.R. 2006. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to expand access to Coverdell education savings accounts; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. WELCH:

H.R. 2007. A bill to eliminate the limitation on the period for which borrowers are eligible for guaranteed assistance under the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. WELCH:

H.R. 2008. A bill to prohibit United States assistance for Afghanistan unless the United States and Afghanistan enter into a bilateral agreement which provides that work performed in Afghanistan by United States contractors is exempt from taxation by the Government of Afghanistan; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. WEBER of Texas (for himself, Mr. SMITH of Texas, Mr. HALL, Mr. NEUGEBAUER, Mr. SENSENBRENNER, Mr. STOCKMAN, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. SCHWEIKERT, and Mr. STEWART):

H. Res. 214. A resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that extensive scientific and technical studies and analyses by the Department of State and other Federal agencies have affirmed that the proposed Keystone XL pipeline is an environmentally sound project; to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology.

By Mr. BENTIVOLIO:

H. Res. 217. A resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that the Federal, State, and local police officers who have fallen while fulfilling their duty both in Michigan and the United States

should be honored for their sacrifice and commitment to preserving law and order; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

MEMORIALS

Under clause 3 of rule XII,

25. The SPEAKER presented a memorial of the Senate of the State of Georgia, relative to Senate Resolution No. 423 urging the Congress and the President to resolve the national debt crisis; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following statements are submitted regarding the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution.

By Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California:

H.R. 1981.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1, 3 and 18 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. REICHERT:

H.R. 1982.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

"The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article I, section 8 of the United States Constitution, specifically clause 1 (relating to providing for the general welfare of the United States) and clause 18 (relating to the power to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying out the powers vested in Congress), and Article IV, section 3, clause 2 (relating to the power of Congress to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States)."

By Mr. ROYCE:

H.R. 1983.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, section 8 of the Constitution of the United States

By Mr. LANCE:

H.R. 1984.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I of the Constitution of the United States.

By Mr. LANCE:

H.R. 1985.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Congress has the power "to regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states."

By Mr. LIPINSKI:

H.R. 1986.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Ms. SINEMA:

H.R. 1987.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority on which this bill rests is the power of Congress to lay and collect duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the general welfare of the United States; as enumerated in Article I, Section 8.

By Mr. ALEXANDER:

H.R. 1988.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 1 of section 8 of article I of the Constitution granting that "[t]he Congress shall have power to . . . provide for the common defence and general welfare of the United States;" as well as clause 18 of section 8 of article I of the Constitution provides that "[t]he Congress shall have power . . . To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. ALEXANDER:

H.R. 1989.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 18, which states Congress may ". . . make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers . . ."

By Mr. PRICE of Georgia:

H.R. 1990.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Consistent with the original understanding of the commerce clause, the authority to enact this legislation is found in Clause 3 of Section 8, Article I of the Constitution. The bill stops the IRS implementation of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, which exceeds the authority vested in Congress by the Constitution. Finally, the bill removes government intrusion into the doctor-patient relationship, which is protected by the Ninth and Tenth Amendments to the Constitution.

By Mr. ANDREWS:

H.R. 1991.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Congress' Spending Power as contained in Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. COLLINS of Georgia:

H.R. 1992.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Congress has authority under Article I, Section 8, cl. 3, the Interstate Commerce Clause, to regulate interstate and foreign commerce.

Congress has authority under Article I, Section 8, cl. 18, the Necessary and Proper Clause, to effectuate its powers enumerated elsewhere.

By Mr. FORBES:

H.R. 1993.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clauses 1 and 18

By Mr. HARPER:

H.R. 1994.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 4 of the U.S. Constitution granting Congress the authority to make laws governing the time, place, and manner of holding Federal elections.

By Mr. KIND:

H.R. 1995.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3: To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.

By Mr. KING of New York:

H.R. 1996.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 6

The Congress shall have Power . . . To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by

this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. McKEON:

H.R. 1997.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the Constitution—the Commerce Clause—and Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the Constitution—the Necessary and Proper Clause.

By Mr. McKEON:

H.R. 1998.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

(Article I, Section 8, Clause 3). The commerce clause states that the United States Congress shall have power "To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes." Courts and commentators

By Mr. MURPHY of Florida:

H.R. 1999.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 Section 8 Clause 18 of the United States Constitution:

The Congress shall have Power—To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. PIERLUISI:

H.R. 2000.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority on which this bill rests is the power of the Congress to admit new States into the Union and to make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territories of the United States, as enumerated in Section 3 of Article IV of the Constitution.

By Mr. RANGEL:

H.R. 2001.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Congress is given the power under the Constitution "To raise and support Armies," "To provide and maintain a Navy," and "To make Rules for the Government and Regulation of the land and naval Forces." Art. I, §8, cls. 12-14. See also: ROSTKER V. GOLDBERG, 453 U.S. 57 (1981)

By Mr. RYAN of Ohio:

H.R. 2002.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Section 8, Clauses 14 and 18:

To make Rules for the Government and Regulation of the land and naval Forces; and To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States or in any Department or Officer thereof

By Mr. RYAN of Ohio:

H.R. 2003.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. SIMPSON:

H.R. 2004.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 2 of section 3 of article IV of the Constitution ("The Congress shall have the Power of Congress to dispose of and make all needful Rules and Regulations respecting the Territory or other Property belonging to the United States . . .").

By Mr. TIERNEY:

H.R. 2005.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8.

By Mr. WALBERG: 1

H.R. 2006.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8.

Clause 1: The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;

Clause 18: To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in Any Department of Officer thereof.

By Mr. WELCH:

H.R. 2007.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 18: The Congress shall have Power To . . . make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. WELCH:

H.R. 2008.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 18: The Congress shall have Power To . . . make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions as follows:

H.R. 3: Mr. ROTHFUS, Mr. DENHAM, and Mr. KINGSTON.

H.R. 7: Mr. WEBSTER of Florida, Mr. MCCAUL, Mr. MULLIN, Mr. NUNNELEE, Mr. TIBERI, Mr. BISHOP of Utah, Mr. GRIFFIN of Arkansas, Mr. WEBER of Texas, Mr. PALAZZO, Mr. LATTA, and Mr. KING of New York.

H.R. 22: Mr. OLSON.

H.R. 23: Mr. KINGSTON.

H.R. 45: Mr. STUZMAN, Mr. LUCAS, and Mr. AUSTIN SCOTT of Georgia.

H.R. 104: Mr. NUGENT.

H.R. 164: Mr. WAXMAN, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. HOLDING, Ms. PINGREE of Maine, Mr. JORDAN, and Mr. PETERS of California.

H.R. 184: Mr. GRAVES of Missouri, Mr. LOBIONDO, Mr. TURNER, and Mr. BROUN of Georgia.

H.R. 207: Mrs. NOEM.

H.R. 241: Mr. COLE.

H.R. 262: Mr. McDERMOTT.

H.R. 303: Mr. MCCAUL.

H.R. 335: Mr. LARSON of Connecticut.

H.R. 346: Mr. HARRIS, Mr. BISHOP of Utah, Mrs. BLACKBURN, Mr. GRIFFIN of Arkansas, Mr. ROKITA, and Mr. MESSER.

H.R. 357: Mr. MESSER.

H.R. 367: Mr. DAINES.

H.R. 384: Mr. CARSON of Indiana and Mr. GRIJALVA.

H.R. 386: Mr. CARSON of Indiana.

H.R. 398: Mr. MAFFEI.

H.R. 451: Mr. WEBSTER of Florida, Mr. NUGENT, Mr. GRAYSON, Mr. MICA, and Mr. HASTINGS of Florida.