oversight of; that is to say, we have 2 million mineral acres, and there are over 700 permits or applications for permits to drill on that small plot of land.

In North Dakota, the average number of days for getting a permit processed by the State regulatory body is about 20 days. For the Federal lands, it's anywhere from 225 to 300 or more days. That's too much. I certainly don't advocate, nor do I think anybody else could advocate, streamlining this to the point of where it only takes 10 or 20 days to issue a permit on Federal lands. Clearly, there are 325 million owners of those Federal lands. It requires a more robust environmental protection regime. But we can do better than that, and I think we ought to do better than that.

I think the North Dakota experiment is one that people will look back on and say, that's the way to do it, that's the right way to do it. We in North Dakota care a great deal about our land, about our water, and about our air, and we look forward to working closely with the Federal officials who have an equal care in making this work.

I might also just add that this similar bill was passed last year in the Senate. It did not get a hearing in the House. The same, a companion bill, has been introduced again in the Senate this year by Senator HOEVEN and cosponsored by Senator HEITKAMP. It has bipartisan support in the Senate. It has passed the committee over there. It has not gotten to the floor yet.

So, again, I appreciate the leadership that the chair and ranking members have provided on this and urge my colleagues to pass this important bill.

Mr. SABLAN. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

(Mr. SABLAN asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. SABLAN. Mr. Speaker, H.R. 767 will broaden the geographic reach of a pilot program created in 2005 to provide additional resources to some BLM field offices to permit oil and gas development and conduct environmental reviews.

The Bureau of Land Management has testified that this pilot program has led to increased oil and gas inspection and enforcement capability as a result of hiring more skilled specialists. The Bureau of Land Management has also stated that the increase in inspections has led to better compliance by the industry and a reduction in major violations due to the increased number of inspectors in the field.

We do not oppose this bill, and I ask support for H.R. 767.

Mr. Speaker, at this time, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. BISHOP of Utah. It's an excellent bill. I urge adoption of it, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Utah (Mr. BISHOP) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 767, as amended.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. BISHOP of Utah. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered. The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

AMENDMENT TO PUBLIC LAW 93-435 WITH RESPECT TO NORTH-ERN MARIANA ISLANDS

Mr. BISHOP of Utah. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 573) to amend Public Law 93–435 with respect to the Northern Mariana Islands, providing parity with Guam, the Virgin Islands, and American Samoa.

The Clerk read the title of the bill. The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 573

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled.

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The first section and section 2 of Public Law 93-435 (48 U.S.C. 1705, 1706) are amended by inserting "the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands," after "Guam," each place it appears.

(b) REFERENCES TO DATE OF ENACTMENT.— For the purposes of the amendment made by subsection (a), each reference in Public Law 93-435 to the "date of enactment" shall be considered to be a reference to the date of the enactment of this section.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Utah (Mr. BISHOP) and the gentleman from the Northern Mariana Islands (Mr. SABLAN) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Utah.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. BISHOP of Utah. Again, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on this bill under consideration.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Utah?

There was no objection.

Mr. BISHOP of Utah. I yield myself such time as I may consume.

This bill is a great bill that treats the Northern Marianas the same way as other colonies by expanding their submerged territorial miles. That would be the same as with American Samoa, Guam, and the Virgin Islands. It is compatible with all other acts. It's a great bill that we passed last year by a very close vote of 397–0.

I urge adoption of this bill again. I hope this time the Senate will be wise enough to pick it up. With that, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. SABLAN. I yield myself such time as I may consume.

(Mr. SABLAN asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks)

Mr. SABLAN. Mr. Speaker, I also rise in support of H.R. 573. The bill conveys to the Commonwealth of the Northern Marianas the 3 miles of submerged lands surrounding each of our 14 islands. I want to thank leaders from both sides of the aisle, Chairman Doc HASTINGS and Ranking Member ED MARKEY of the Natural Resources Committee, and my good friend, Dr. John FLEMING, chairman of the Fisheries, Wildlife, Oceans and Insular Affairs Subcommittee, and my good friend, Mr. BISHOP from Utah, for managing today's bill, all for their support of H.R. 573.

The Northern Marianas is the only coastal jurisdiction that does not have ownership of the submerged lands off its coasts. H.R. 573 corrects that irregularity. It provides the same ownership rights over the submerged lands as are provided by Federal law to Guam, the United States Virgin Islands, and American Samoa.

Today will be the third time that the House will vote to convey these lands. In both the 111th and the 112th Congress, we approved this transfer unanimously. I hope that the House will make the same decision again today.

And I hope that the other body will this time, finally, also agree that the Northern Mariana Islands should have the rights of ownership of our offshore submerged lands and natural resources as other coastal areas of America enjoy.

For thousands of years, the people of the Northern Marianas certainly believed these resources were ours. It was not until a 2005 ruling by the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals that we were informed that these were not our lands but instead belonged to the Federal Government. We were grateful that there were Members of Congress who quickly responded to our plight, for at the time we had no representation here. Then-Congressman, now-Senator JEFF FLAKE, introduced a bill conveying these lands shortly after the Ninth Circuit ruling.

New Mexico Senator Pete Domenici introduced a companion to the Flake measure. As the first representative from the Northern Mariana Islands, I have continued their work on this issue, as I have said, in the 111th, the 112th, and now in the 113th Congress.

In summary, H.R. 573 costs nothing. Congress has the constitutional authority to enact it. The bill will simply provide parity—the ownership and responsibility for submerged surrounding lands and waters that every other coastal area of our Nation enjoys.

I want to thank all 36 Members who are cosponsors of this bill, and I ask that my colleagues here today support H.R. 573.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. BISHOP of Utah. Mr. Speaker, it's a great bill. Let's hope the third time is the charm in the process. I urge support of this bill and yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Utah (Mr. BISHOP) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 573.

The question was taken; and (twothirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess subject to the call of the Chair

Accordingly (at 1 o'clock and 29 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 1704

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. TERRY) at 5 o'clock and 4 minutes p.m.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Clerk of the House of Representatives:

> OFFICE OF THE CLERK, House of Representatives. Washington, DC, May 15, 2013.

Hon. JOHN A. BOEHNER.

The Speaker, House of Representatives, Washington. DC

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: Pursuant to the permission granted in Clause 2(h) of Rule II of the Rules of the U.S. House of Representatives, the Clerk received the following message from the Secretary of the Senate on May 15, 2013 at 4:23 p.m.:

That the Senate passed S. 601. With best wishes, I am

Sincerely.

KAREN L. HAAS,

Clerk.

Crowley

Cuellar

Cummings

Harper

Harris

Hartzler

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, proceedings will resume on motions to suspend the rules previously postponed.

Votes will be taken in the following order:

H.R. 767, by the yeas and nays;

H.R. 701, by the yeas and nays;

H.R. 384, by the yeas and nays.

The first electronic vote will be conducted as a 15-minute vote. Remaining electronic votes will be conducted as 5minute votes.

PILOT PROJECT OFFICES OF FED-ERAL PERMIT STREAMLINING PILOT PROJECT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 767) to amend the Energy Policy Act of 2005 to modify the Pilot Project offices of the Federal Permit Streamlining Pilot Project, as amended, on which the yeas and nays were or-

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Utah (Mr. BISHOP) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, as amended.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 415, nays 1, not voting 16, as follows:

[Roll No. 147]

YEAS-415

Daines Davis (CA) Aderholt Hastings (FL) Alexander Hastings (WA) Heck (NV) Amodei Davis, Danny Heck (WA) Andrews Davis, Rodney Bachmann DeGette Hensarling Bachus Delanev Herrera Beutler Barber DeLauro Higgins Barletta DelBene Himes Denham Hinoiosa Barrow (GA) Dent Holding DeSantis Barton Holt DesJarlais Beatty Honda Becerra Deutch Horsford Diaz-Balart Benishek Hoyer Bentivolio Dingell Hudson Bera (CA) Doggett Huelskamp Bilirakis Doyle Huffman Bishop (GA) Duckworth Huizenga (MI) Duffy Duncan (SC) Bishop (NY) Hultgren Bishop (UT) Hunter Black Duncan (TN) Hurt Blackburn Edwards Israel Blumenauer Ellison Issa Bonamici Ellmers Jackson Lee Bonner Engel Jeffries Boustany Enyart Jenkins Brady (PA) Eshoo Johnson (OH) Brady (TX) Estv Johnson, E. B. Farenthold Braley (IA) Johnson, Sam Bridenstine Farr Jones Brooks (AL) Fattah Jordan Fincher Brooks (IN) Joyce Fitzpatrick Broun (GA) Kaptur Fleischmann Brown (FL) Keating Brownley (CA) Fleming Kelly (IL) Buchanan Flores Kelly (PA) Bucshon Forbes Kennedy Bustos Fortenberry Kildee Butterfield Foster Kilmer Calvert Foxx Kind Frankel (FL) Camp King (IA) Cantor Franks (AZ) King (NY) Capito Frelinghuysen Kingston Capps Fudge Kinzinger (IL) Gabbard Capuano Kirkpatrick Cárdenas Gallego Kline Carson (IN) Garamendi Kuster Cartwright Garcia Labrador Cassidy Castor (FL) Gardner LaMalfa Garrett Lamborn Gerlach Castro (TX) Lance Chabot Gibbs Langevin Chu Gibson Cicilline Gingrey (GA) Lankford Larsen (WA) Clarke Gohmert Larson (CT) Clay Goodlatte Cleaver Gosar Latham Coble Gowdy Latta Lee (CA) Coffman Granger Graves (GA) Levin Cohen Graves (MO) Lewis Cole Lipinski Collins (GA) Grayson Green, Al LoBiondo Collins (NY) Conaway Green, Gene Loebsack Lofgren Connolly Griffin (AR) Conyers Griffith (VA) Long Lowenthal Cook Grijalva Lowev Cooper Grimm Costa Guthrie Lucas Cotton Gutierrez Luetkemever Lujan Grisham Courtney Hahn Cramer Hall (NM) Luján, Ben Ray (NM) Crawford Hanabusa Crenshaw Hanna

Lummis

Lynch

Maffei

Maloney, Sean Marchant Marino Pitts Massie Pocan Matheson Matsui Polis McCarthy (CA) McCarthy (NY) Posev McCaul McClintock McCollum Radel McDermott McGovern McHenry Reed McIntyre McKeon McKinley McMorris Rodgers Rigell McNerney Roby Meadows Meehan Meeks Meng Messer Mica Michaud Miller (FL) Miller (MI) Miller, Gary Ross Miller, George Moore Royce Moran Mullin Ruiz Mulvaney Murphy (FL) Murphy (PA) Rush Nadler Napolitano Neal Negrete McLeod Neugebauer T. Noem Nolan Nugent Nunes Nunnelee O'Rourke Olson Owens Palazzo Pallone Pascrell Pastor (AZ) Paulsen Payne Pearce Pelosi Perlmutter Perry Peters (CA)

Maloney.

Carolyn

Peterson

Petri

Sinema Pingree (ME) Sires Pittenger Slaughter Smith (NE) Smith (NJ) Poe (TX) Smith (TX) Smith (WA) Pompeo Southerland Speier Price (GA) Stewart Price (NC) Stivers Stockman Rahall Stutzman Rangel Swalwell (CA) Takano Reichert Terry Renacci Thompson (CA) Ribble Thompson (MS) Rice (SC) Thompson (PA) Thornberry Roe (TN) Tiberi Rogers (AL) Tiernev Rogers (KY) Tipton Rogers (MI) Titus Rohrabacher Tonko Rokita Tsongas Rooney Turner Ros-Lehtinen Upton Roskam Valadao Van Hollen Rothfus Vargas Roybal-Allard Veasey Vela Velázquez Runyan Visclosky Ruppersberger Wagner Walberg Ryan (OH) Walden Ryan (WI) Walorski Salmon Walz Sánchez, Linda Waters Watt. Sanchez, Loretta Weber (TX) Sarbanes Webster (FL) Scalise Welch Schakowsky Wenstrup Schiff Westmoreland Schneider Whitfield Schock Williams Schrader Wilson (FL) Schwartz Wilson (SC) Schweikert Wittman Scott (VA) Wolf Scott, Austin Womack Sensenbrenner Woodall Serrano Yarmuth Sessions Sewell (AL) Yoder Shea-Porter Yoho Young (AK) Sherman Shimkus Young (FL)

NAYS-1

Young (IN)

Amash

Shuster

Peters (MI)

NOT VOTING-16

Bass Clyburn Richmond Burgess Culberson Scott, David Campbell DeFazio Wasserman Carney Johnson (GA) Schultz Markey Carter Waxman Chaffetz Quigley

□ 1729

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE

The SPEAKER laid before the House the following communication from the Clerk of the House of Representatives: