

the EPA to withdraw its proposed Greenhouse Gas New Source Performance Standard for Electric Generating Units; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

8. Also, a memorial of the Senate of the State of Kansas, relative to Senate Resolution No. 1737 recognizing the many contributions made by the citizens of the Republic of Azerbaijan; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

9. Also, a memorial of the Senate of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, relative to Senate Resolution reaffirming the friendship between the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and Taiwan; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

10. Also, a memorial of the House of Representatives of the State of Kansas, relative to House Resolution No. 6022 recognizing the many contributions made by the citizens of the Republic of Azerbaijan; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

11. Also, a memorial of the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, relative to Senate Resolution No. 53 supporting those peaceful political actions that will result in the final reunification of Ireland; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

12. Also, a memorial of the House of Representatives of the State of New Mexico, relative to House Joint Memorial No. 22 requesting the Congress to provide full funding to cover the costs associated with the benefits received by Indian tribes and the United States; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

13. Also, a memorial of the Senate of the State of Tennessee, relative to Senate Resolution No. 4 memorializing the Congress to amend the Constitution relative to authorizing states to rescind certain federal laws; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

14. Also, a memorial of the House of Representatives of the State of New Mexico, relative to House Memorial 7 calling for the New Mexico delegation to vote in favor of legislation that would remove the deadline for ratification of the equal rights amendment; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

15. Also, a memorial of the House of Representatives of the State of New Mexico, relative to House Joint Memorial No. 34 urging the New Mexico delegation to vote in favor of the reauthorization of the Violence Against Women Act; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

16. Also, a memorial of the Senate of the State of Hawaii, relative to Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 32 requesting Congress to recognize the legacy of the Late Senator Daniel K. Inouye by designation of the Kilauea Point Lighthouse on the Island Kauai, Hawaii, as the Daniel K. Inouye Kilauea Point Lighthouse; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

17. Also, a memorial of the House of Representatives of the State of New Mexico, relative to House Joint Memorial 7 requesting that the Congress reauthorize Section 5056 of the Water Resource Development Act of 2007; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

18. Also, a memorial of the Senate of the State of Tennessee, relative to Senate Resolution No. 3 asking that the Department of Health and Human Services resolve the longstanding Medicare Liability owed to Tennessee related to Special Disability Workload cases; jointly to the Committees on Energy and Commerce and Ways and Means.

19. Also, a memorial of the Legislature of the Territory of Guam, relative to Resolution No. 10-32 requesting that the President send the World Health Organization Framework Convention on Tobacco Control to the Senate for ratification; jointly to the Committees on Foreign Affairs and Energy and Commerce.

CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following statements are submitted regarding the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution.

By Mr. LOBIONDO:

H.R. 1721.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 18 of the Constitution of the United States of America

By Mr. MCKINLEY:

H.R. 1722.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

According to Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the Constitution: The Congress shall have Power to make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Ms. SCHAKOWSKY:

H.R. 1723.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section VIII.

By Mr. HARPER:

H.R. 1724.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

clause 3 of section 8 of article I of the Constitution.

By Mr. CARTWRIGHT:

H.R. 1725.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the Constitution states "The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;"

The power to spend for the general welfare is one of the broadest grants of authority to Congress in the United States Constitution. The scope of the national spending power was brought before the United States Supreme Court in a landmark case in 1937 dealing with the newly enacted Social Security Act. In *Steward Machine Co. v. Davis* the Court sustained a tax imposed on employers to provide unemployment benefits to individual workers.

Subsequent Supreme Court decisions have not questioned Congress's policy decisions as to what kinds of spending programs are in pursuit of the "general welfare," and so numerous programs have been funded in such diverse areas as education, housing, veterans' benefits, the environment, welfare, health care, scientific research, the arts, community development, and public financing of election campaigns.

By Mr. POSEY:

H.R. 1726.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 5 of the Constitution of the United States: To coin Money, regulate the Value thereof, and of foreign Coin, and fix the Standard of Weights and Measures;

Article I, Section 8, Clause 12 of the Constitution of the United States: To raise and support Armies, but no Appropriation of Money to that Use shall be for a longer Term than two Years;

Article I, Section 8, Clause 16 of the Constitution of the United States: To provide for

calling forth the Militia to execute the Laws of the Union, suppress Insurrections and repel Invasions;

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the Constitution of the United States: The Congress shall have Power to make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United St Department or Officer thereof

By Mr. WALZ:

H.R. 1727.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. RANGEL:

H.R. 1728.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

By Mrs. KIRKPATRICK:

H.R. 1729.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. ENGEL:

H.R. 1730.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 1 of the Constitution. Congress has the power to enact this legislation, as well, under Article 1, Section 8, Clauses 1, 3 and 18.

By Mr. SCHRADER:

H.R. 1731.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Congress has the authority to act under Article I, §8, clause 3—the Commerce Clause.

By Ms. BASS:

H.R. 1732.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article 1, Section 1.

Article. I.

Section 1.

All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

By Mrs. BLACKBURN:

H.R. 1733.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1

By Mr. CAPUANO:

H.R. 1734.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I Sec. 8, Clause 3: "The Congress shall have Power . . . To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes."

By Mr. CASSIDY:

H.R. 1735.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 1 of the United States Constitution

By Mrs. DAVIS of California:

H.R. 1736.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1

By Ms. DELAURO:

H.R. 1737.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8., Clause 1.

By Mr. DOGGETT:

H.R. 1738.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article One, Section 8 and the 16th Amendment of the Constitution.

By Mr. ENYART:

H.R. 1739.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. FORBES:

H.R. 1740.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clauses 1 and 18

By Mr. GOODLATTE:

H.R. 1741.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The ability to regulate interstate commerce pursuant to Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3."

By Mr. HECK of Nevada:

H.R. 1742.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the United States Constitution, to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing Powers, and all other powers vested by the Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or officer thereof.

By Mr. HOLT:

H.R. 1743.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I of the U.S. Constitution

By Mr. HORSFORD:

H.R. 1744.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article. I. Section. 8. Clause. 18. and Article. IV. Section. 3. Clause. 2.

By Mr. ISRAEL:

H.R. 1745.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8.

By Mr. KING of Iowa:

H.R. 1746.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This legislation contains a clarification that is intended to limit the scope of an existing statute. As such, this bill makes specific changes to existing law in a manner that returns power to the States and to the People, in accordance with Amendment X of the United States Constitution.

By Ms. KUSTER:

H.R. 1747.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article, I, Section 8, Clause 1 (relating to the power to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defence and general welfare of the United States) of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. LARSEN of Washington:

H.R. 1748.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

As described in Article 1, Section 1 "all legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress."

By Ms. LEE of California:

H.R. 1749.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I of the United States Constitution and its subsequent amendments, and further clarified and interpreted by the Supreme Court of the United States.

By Mr. LUETKEMEYER:

H.R. 1750.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority on which this bill rests is the explicit power of Congress to regulate commerce in and among the states, as enumerate in Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3, the Commerce Clause, of the United States Constitution.

Additionally, Article 1, Section 7, Clause 2 of the Constitution allows for every bill passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate and signed by the President to be codified into law; and therefore implicitly allows Congress to repeal any bill that has been passed by both chambers and signed into law by the President.

By Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York:

H.R. 1751.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3

The Congress shall have Power * * * To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.

By Mr. MARINO:

H.R. 1752.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 9, Clause 7: "No Money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in Consequence of Appropriations made by Law; and a regular Statement and Account of the Receipts and Expenditures of all public Money shall be published from time to time."

By Mr. PALLONE:

H.R. 1753.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, section 9, clause 7

Article I, section 8, clause 1

By Mr. PETERS of Michigan:

H.R. 1754.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3

By Mr. POLIS:

H.R. 1755.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 3 of section 8 of article I of the Constitution; clause 18 of section 8 of article I of the Constitution; section 5 of Amendment XIV to the Constitution.

By Mr. POSEY:

H.R. 1756.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 12 of the Constitution of the United States:

To raise and support Armies, but no Appropriation of Money to that Use shall be for a longer Term than two Years;

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the Constitution of the United States

The Congress shall have Power to make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the forgoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. POSEY:

H.R. 1757.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the Constitution of the United States:

The Congress shall have Power to regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the Constitution of the United States

The Congress shall have Power to make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for

carrying into Execution the forgoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States or in any Department or Officer thereof

By Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN:

H.R. 1758.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I—The Legislative Branch.

Section 1: The Legislature:

All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Section 8:

Clause 1. The Congress shall have Power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defense and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.

Clause 18. The Congress shall have Power To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by the Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. RUIZ:

H.R. 1759.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

clause 18 of section 8 of article I of the Constitution

By Mr. SCHIFF:

H.R. 1760.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 4 of the Constitution. Article I, Section 8, Clause 4 of the Constitution.

By Mr. TERRY:

H.R. 1761.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Sec. 8, Cl. 1

By Mr. THORNBERRY:

H.R. 1762.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1: The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imports and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;

Article I, Section 9, Clause 7: No Money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in Consequence of Appropriations made by Law; and a regular Statement and Account of the Receipts and Expenditures of all public Money shall be published from time to time.

Article I, Section 5, Clause 2: Each House may determine the Rules of its Proceedings, punish its Members for disorderly Behavior, and, with the Concurrence of two thirds, expel a Member.

By Ms. TITUS:

H.R. 1763.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution.

ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions as follows:

H.R. 35: Mr. BRIDENSTINE.

H.R. 38: Mr. KIND.

H.R. 96: Mr. CICILLINE.

H.R. 164: Mr. ROONEY and Mr. LOBIONDO.