Mr. FARENTHOLD, Mr. SCHRADER, Mr. CARNEY, Mr. SOUTHERLAND, MS. PIN-GREE of Maine, Mr. BUCSHON, Mr. CASSIDY, Mr. HIMES, Mr. FLEMING, Mr. WALBERG, MS. SPEIER, Mr. KING of New York, Mr. GRIFFIN of Arkansas, Mr. RUPPERSBERGER, Mr. HIG-GINS, and Mr. DUNCAN of Tennessee):

H.R. 335. A bill to ensure that amounts credited to the Harbor Maintenance Trust Fund are used for harbor maintenance; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, and in addition to the Committee on Rules, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. CAPUANO (for himself, Mr. CLEAVER, Mr. MCNERNEY, and Ms. NORTON):

H.R. 336. A bill to amend title 18, United States Code, to provide penalties for counterfeiting or selling Presidential inauguration tickets, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. COOPER:

H.R. 337. A bill to require States to carry out Congressional redistricting in accordance with a process under which members of the public are informed of redistricting proposals and have the opportunity to participate in the development of such proposals prior to their adoption, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA (for himself, Mr. SABLAN, Ms. BORDALLO, and Mr. PIERLUISI):

H.R. 338. A bill to amend title 18, United States Code, to include certain territories and possessions of the United States in the definition of State for the purposes of chapter 114, relating to trafficking in contraband cigarettes and smokeless tobacco; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. GINGREY of Georgia (for himself, Mr. WESTMORELAND, Mr. STOCK-MAN, Mr. ROE of Tennessee, and Mrs. BLACKBURN):

H.R. 339. A bill to require the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives to make video recordings of the examination and testing of firearms and ammunition, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. GRIJALVA (for himself, Mr.

CONYERS, and Mr. CUMMINGS): H.R. 340. A bill to amend the Higher Education Opportunity Act to restrict institutions of higher education from using revenues derived from Federal educational assistance funds for advertising, marketing, or recruiting purposes; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. HONDA (for himself and Mr. DANNY K. DAVIS of Illinois):

H.R. 341. A bill to facilitate nationwide availability of volunteer income tax assistance for low-income and underserved populations, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. HUNTER (for himself, Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania, Mr. FRANKS of Arizona, Mr. TURNER, Mr. JONES, Mr. YODER, Mr. BRADY of Pennsylvania, Mr. CONAWAY, MrS. HARTZLER, Mr. COBLE, Mr. CULBER-SON, Mr. BENISHEK, Mr. GOWDY, Mr. KINZINGER of Illinois, Mr. ROONEY, Mr. NUGENT, Mr. WESTMORELAND, Mr. GRIMM, Mr. GRIFFIN of Arkansas, Mr. WILSON of South Carolina, Mr. PALAZZO, and Mr. COFFMAN): H.R. 342. A bill to prioritize certain Government obligations for continued payment in the event that the statutory debt limit is reached, to appropriate funds for the pay and allowances of all members of the Armed Forces, and for those civilian employees of the Department of Defense and the Coast Guard serving in a combat zone, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committee on Appropriations, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. JONES:

H.R. 343. A bill to amend title 10, United States Code, to ensure that every military chaplain has the prerogative to close a prayer outside of a religious service according to the dictates of the chaplain's own conscience; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. LYNCH:

H.R. 344. A bill to restore the application of the Federal antitrust laws to the business of health insurance to protect competition and consumers; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Ms. NORTON:

H.R. 345. A bill to amend the District of Columbia Home Rule Act to eliminate all Federally-imposed mandates over the local budget process and financial management of the District of Columbia and the borrowing of money by the District of Columbia; to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform.

By Mr. NUNNELEE:

H.R. 346. A bill to amend title I of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act to ensure that the coverage offered under multi-State qualified health plans offered in Exchanges is consistent with the Federal abortion funding ban; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. PETRI (for himself, Mr. LOEBSACK, Mr. MICHAUD, Mr. HANNA, Ms. NORTON, Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania, Ms. MOORE, Mr. GRIMM, and Ms. CASTOR of Florida):

H.R. 347. A bill to provide, develop, and support 21st century readiness initiatives that assist students in acquiring the skills necessary to think critically and solve problems, be an effective communicator, collaborate with others, and learn to create and innovate; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. RANGEL (for himself, Mr. VAN Hollen, Mr. Blumenauer, and Mr. McDermott):

H.R. 348. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and the Social Security Act to provide for employment tax treatment of professional service businesses; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mrs. ROBY (for herself, Mr. BON-NER, Mr. BACHUS, and Ms. SEWELL of Alabama):

H.R. 349. A bill to amend the Food Security Act of 1985 with respect to maximum enrollment and eligible land in the conservation reserve program; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. AUSTIN SCOTT of Georgia (for himself, Mr. WESTMORELAND, Mr. DUNCAN of South Carolina, and Mr. MULVANEY):

H.R. 350. A bill to repeal the Legal Services Corporation Act; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. MCGOVERN (for himself, Ms. PINGREE of Maine, Mr. CAPUANO, Mr. COHEN, Mr. CICILLINE, Mr. HOLT, Mr. MICHAUD, Mr. DEFAZIO, Mr. LAN-GEVIN, and Ms. SHEA-PORTER):

H.J. Res. 20. A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States relating to contributions and expenditures with respect to elections; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. MCGOVERN (for himself, Mr. JONES, MS. PINGREE of Maine, Mr. CAPUANO, Mr. COHEN, Mr. CICILLINE, Mr. FARR, Mr. DEFAZIO, and MS. LEE of California):

H.J. Res. 21. A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to clarify the authority of Congress and the States to regulate corporations, limited liability companies or other corporate entities established by the laws of any State, the United States, or any foreign state; to the Committee on the Judiciary. By Mr. HARRIS:

H.J. Res. 22. A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to limit the number of consecutive terms that a Member of Congress may serve; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. RIGELL:

H. Con. Res. 9. Concurrent resolution prohibiting the House or Senate from adjourning for a period of more than 5 days during a fiscal year unless the House involved has adopted a concurrent resolution on the budget for such fiscal year and has approved legislation to provide funding for the operations of the government for the entire fiscal year; to the Committee on Rules.

By Mr. GINGREY of Georgia:

H. Res. 40. A resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that active duty military personnel who are stationed or residing in the District of Columbia should be permitted to exercise fully their rights under the Second Amendment to the Constitution of the United States; to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform.

By Mr. HOLT:

H. Res. 41. A resolution expressing support for designation of February 12, 2013, as Darwin Day and recognizing the importance of science in the betterment of humanity; to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology.

CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following statements are submitted regarding the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution.

By Ms. MOORE:

H.R. 11.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8

By Mr. LAMBORN:

H.R. 326.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 2 By Mr. CHAFFETZ:

H.R. 327.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 1 of Section 8 of Article I of the Constitution: The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States:

By Mr. CHAFFETZ:

H.R. 328.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 1 of Section 8 of Article I of the Constitution: The Congress shall have Power

To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States; but all Duties, Imposts and Excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;

Clause 2 of Section 8 of Article I of the Constitution: To borrow Money on the credit of the United States;

Clause 18 of Section 8 of Article I of the Constitution: To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof.

By Mr. FITZPATRICK:

January 22, 2013

H.R. 329.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following: Article I, Section 8, Clause 1

The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;

By Mr. CALVERT:

H.R. 330.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article I, section 8 of the United States Constitution, specifically clause 18 (relating to the power to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying out the powers vested in Congress).

By Mr. CALVERT:

H.R. 331.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article I, section 8 of the United States Constitution, specifically clause 18 (relating to the power to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying out the powers vested in Congress).

By Mr. SCHIFF:

H.R. 332.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Equal Access to Justice for Victims of Gun Violence Act is constitutionally authorized under Article I, Section 8, Clause 3, the Commerce Clause and Article I, Section 8, Clause 18, the Necessary and Proper Clause. Additionally, the Preamble to the Constitution provides support of the authority to enact legislation to promote the General Welfare.

By Mr. BISHOP of Georgia:

H.R. 333.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Art. I, Sect. 8, Clause 1: to provide for the common defense and general welfare

Art. I, Sect. 8, Clause 12: to raise and support Armies

Art. I, Sect. 8, Clause 16: to provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining, the Militia, and for governing such Part of them as may be employed in the Service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively, the Appointment of the Officers, and the Authority of training the Militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress

Art. I, Sect. 8, Clause 14: The constitutional authority on which this bill rests is the power of Congress to make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces, as enumerated in Article I, Section 8, Clause 14 of the United States Constitution.

Art. I, Sect. 8, Clause 18: to make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by the Constitution in the Government of the United States or in any Department or Officer thereof. By Mr. POE of Texas:

H.R. 334.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 Section 8 Clause 3

By Mr. BOUSTANY:

H.R. 335.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section

8, Clause 3 of the United States Constitution. By Mr. CAPUANO:

H.R. 336.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 3, Clause 1: "The Congress shall have Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States;"

Article I, Section 3, Clause 6: "To provide for the Punishment of counterfeiting the Securities and current Coin of the United States;"

By Mr. COOPER:

H.R. 337.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

(1) The authority granted to Congress under Article I, Section 4 of the Constitution of the United States gives Congress the power to enact laws governing the time, place, and manner of elections for Members of the House of Representatives; and

(2) The authority granted to Congress under Section 5 of the 14th Amendment to the Constitution gives Congress the power to enact laws to enforce Section 2 of such Amendment, which requires Representatives to be apportioned among the several States according to their number.

By Mr. FALEOMAVAEGA:

H.R. 338.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article IV, Section 3, Clause 2

"The Congress shall have Power to dispose of and make all needful Rules and Regulations respecting the Territory or other Property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to Prejudice any Claims of the United States, or of any particular State."

By Mr. GINGREY of Georgia: H.R. 339. Congress has the power to enact

this legislation pursuant to the following: Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the Con-

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the Constitution that states that Congress shall have Power "To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States..."

By Mr. GRIJALVA:

H.R. 340.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

U.S. Const. art. I, §1 and 8. By Mr. HONDA:

By Mr. H H.R. 341.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. HUNTER:

H.R. 342.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 9, Clause 7 of the U.S. Constitution sets the power of appropriations and states that "No Money shall be drawn from the Treasury but in Consequence of Appropriations made by Law . . .". In addition, Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 states that "The Congress shall have the Power . . . to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States . . .". Also, Article I, section 8 of the United States Constitution (clauses 12, 13, 14, 16, and 18), grant Congress the power to raise and support an Army; to provide and maintain a Navy; to make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces; to provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia; and to make all laws necessary and proper for carrying out the foregoing powers.

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By Mr. JONES:

H.R. 343.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article 1, section 8 of the United States Constitution (clauses 12, 13, 14, and 16), which grants Congress the power to raise and support an Army; to provide and maintain a Navy; to make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces; and to provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia.

By Mr. LYNCH:

H.R. 344.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 section 8 Clause 3 of the United States Constitution.

By Ms. NORTON:

H.R. 345.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 17 of section 8 of article I of the Constitution.

By Mr. NUNNELEE:

H.R. 346.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the U.S. Constitution.

By Mr. PETRI:

H.R. 347. Congress has the power to enact this legis-

lation pursuant to the following: Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the Constitution.

By Mr. RANGEL:

H.R. 348.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article XVI of the Constitution—Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes. . .

By Mrs. ROBY:

H.R. 349. Congress has the power to enact this legis-

lation pursuant to the following: The Constitutional authority on which this bill rests in the power of Congress in in

this bill rests in the power of Congress in in the U.S. Constitution under Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3, Commerce Clause.

By Mr. AUSTIN SCOTT of Georgia:

H.R. 350.

States.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 18. To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department of Officer thereof.

By Mr. McGOVERN:

By Mr. McGOVERN:

lation pursuant to the following:

H.J. Res. 20.

H.J. Res. 21.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following: Article V of the Constitution of the United

Congress has the power to enact this legis-